

## CITY OF STANTON STANTON CITY HALL, 7800 KATELLA AVENUE, STANTON, CA PLANNING COMMISSION REGULAR MEETING WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 2021 - 6:30 P.M.

# AGENDA

## **SAFETY ALERT – NOTICE REGARDING COVID-19**

The President, Governor, and the City of Stanton have declared a State of Emergency as a result of the threat of COVID-19 (aka the "Coronavirus"). The Governor also issued Executive Order N-25-20 that directs Californians to follow public health directives including cancelling all large gatherings. Governor Newsom also issued Executive Order N-29-20 which lifts the strict adherence to the Brown Act regarding teleconferencing requirements and allows local legislative bodies to hold their meetings without complying with the normal requirements of in-person public participation. Pursuant to the provisions of the Governor's Executive Orders N-25-20 and N-29-20 the March 3, 2021, Regular Planning Commission Meeting will be held telephonically.

The health and well-being of our residents is the top priority for the City of Stanton and you are urged to take all appropriate health safety precautions. To that end, out of an abundance of caution the City of Stanton is temporarily cancelling in-person public participation. Members of the public wishing to access the meeting will be able to do so telephonically.

## In order to join the meeting via telephone please follow the steps below:

- 1. Dial the following phone number **+1 (669) 900-9128** US (San Jose).
- 2. Dial in the following Meeting ID: 816 8214 3432# to be connected to the meeting.

### ANY MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC WISHING TO PROVIDE PUBLIC COMMENT ON PUBLIC HEARING ITEM <u>9A</u> ON THE AGENDA MAY DO SO AS FOLLOWS:

- E-mail a request to speak to <u>CommunityDevelopment@ci.stanton.ca.us</u> with thee subject line "REQUEST TO SPEAK - ITEM #" (insert the item number relevant to your comment) no later than 5:00 p.m. before the meeting (Wednesday, March 3, 2021) and, at the time of the requested public hearing item, the host will unmute the mic to allow the commenter to address the Commission during the live meeting. Please indicate the Agenda Item you wish to address and provide your name and phone number in your e-mail.
- E-Mail Comments: Your e-mailed comments will be compiled, provided to the Commission and made available to the public before the start of the meeting. Staff will not read e-mail comments out loud during the meeting but the official record will include all e-mail comments received by 5:00 p.m. before the meeting (Wednesday, March 3, 2021).

# ANY MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC WISHING TO PROVIDE PUBLIC COMMENT FOR ALL OTHER ITEMS ON THE AGENDA MAY DO SO AS FOLLOWS:

E-Mail your comments to <u>CommunityDevelopment@ci.stanton.ca.us</u> with the subject line "PUBLIC COMMENT ITEM # (*insert the item number relevant to your comment*) no later than 5:00 p.m. before the meeting (*Wednesday, March 3, 2021*). Please identify the Agenda Item you wish to address in your comments. Staff will not read e-mailed comments at the meeting. However, the official record will include all e-mailed comments received until the close of the meeting.

The Stanton Planning Commission and staff thank you for your continued patience and cooperation during these unprecedented times. Should you have any questions related to participation in the Planning Commission Meeting, please contact the Community Development Department at (714) 890-4243.

In compliance with the American Disabilities Act, if you need special assistance to participate in this meeting, you should contact the Community Development Department at (714) 379-9222. Notification by noon on the Monday prior to the Commission meeting will enable the City to make the reasonable arrangements to assure accessibility to this meeting.

## 1. CALL TO ORDER

## 2. <u>PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE</u>

## 3. ROLL CALL

Chair Frazier Commissioner Marques Commissioner Ash Vacant Vacant

## 4. SWEARING IN/SEATING OF NEW PLANNING COMMISSIONERS

The City Clerk will administer the Oath of Office to Mr. Thomas Adams and Ms. Lee Norgaard.

## 5. PLANNING COMMISSION REORGANIZATION

- 1. The Community & Economic Development Director will accept nominations for Chair.
- 2. The Chair will accept nomination for Vice Chair.

## 6. SPECIAL PRESENTATION

None.

## 7. <u>APPROVAL OF MINUTES</u>

None.

## 8. PUBLIC COMMENTS

At this time members of the public may address the Planning Commission regarding any items within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Planning Commission, for a maximum of three (3) minutes, provided that **NO** action may be taken on non-agenda items.

PC Agenda – Regular Meeting – March 3, 2021 – Page 2 Pg. 2 Any writings or documents provided to a majority of the Planning Commission regarding any item on this agenda will be made available for public inspection on the City's website at <u>www.ci.stanton.ca.us</u> Members of the public wishing to address the Planning Commission during Public Comments or on a particular item may do so by submitting their comments via e-mail to <u>CommunityDevelopment@ci.stanton.ca.us</u> with the subject line "PUBLIC COMMENT ITEM #" (insert the item number relevant to your comment) or "PUBLIC COMMENT NON-AGENDA ITEM". Comments received by 5:00 p.m. before the meeting (Wednesday, March 3, 2021) will be compiled, provided to the Planning Commission, and made available to the public before the start of the meeting. Staff will not read e-mailed comments at the meeting. However, the official record will include all e-mailed comments received until the close of the meeting.

## 9. PUBLIC HEARINGS

# ANY MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC WISHING TO PROVIDE PUBLIC COMMENT ON PUBLIC HEARING ITEM <u>9A</u> ON THE AGENDA MAY DO SO AS FOLLOWS:

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- E-Mail Comments: Your e-mailed comments will be compiled, provided to the Commission and made available to the public before the start of the meeting. Staff will not read e-mail comments out loud during the meeting but the official record will include all e-mail comments received by 5:00 p.m. before the meeting (Wednesday, March 3, 2021).
- 9A. A RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF STANTON CALIFORNIA, RECOMMENDING THE CITY COUNCIL ADOPT ORDINANCE NO. 1108 AMENDING STANTON MUNICIPAL CODE TITLE 20, ZONING, SECTION 20.400.330 ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS, UPDATING THE CITY'S ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT (ADU) AND JUNIOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT (JADU) REGULATIONS IN COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAW.

## **RECOMMENDED ACTION**

That the Planning Commission:

- Conduct a public hearing;
- Find the proposed project has been determined to be exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) under California Public Resources Code Section 21080.17, which exempts the adoption of an accessory dwelling unit ordinance to implement the provisions of Section 65852.2 of the California Government Code, and
- Adopt Resolution No. 2531 recommending the City Council adopt Ordinance No. 1108 amending Stanton Municipal Code Title 20, Zoning, Section 20.400.330 Accessory Dwelling Units, updating the City's Accessory Dwelling Unit and Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit regulations in compliance with State law.

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Pg. 3 Any writings or documents provided to a majority of the Planning Commission regarding any item on this agenda will be made available for public inspection on the City's website at <u>www.ci.stanton.ca.us</u>

## 10. <u>NEW BUSINESS</u>

None.

## 11. OLD BUSINESS

None.

## 12. PLANNING COMMISSION COMMENTS

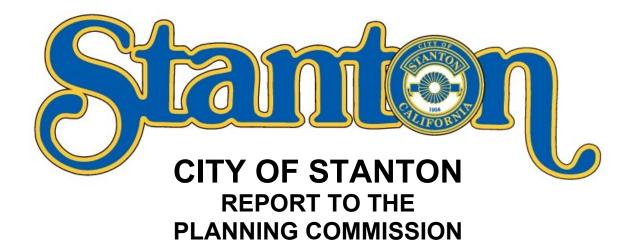
At this time Commissioners may report on items not specifically described in the agenda which are of interest to the Commission <u>provided no discussion or action may be taken</u> except to provide staff direction to report back or to place the item on a future agenda.

## 13. DIRECTOR'S REPORT

## 14. ADJOURNMENT

I hereby certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, the foregoing agenda was posted at the Post Office, Stanton Community Services Center and City Hall, not less than 72 hours prior to the meeting. Dated this 25<sup>th</sup> day of February 2021.

Jennifer A. Liffey, AICP Community & Economic Development Director



- TO: Chair and Members of the Planning Commission
- DATE: March 3, 2021
- SUBJECT: A RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE City of STANTON CALIFORNIA, RECOMMENDING THE CITY COUNCIL ADOPT ORDINANCE NO. 1108 AMENDING STANTON MUNICIPAL CODE TITLE 20, ZONING, SECTION 20.400.330 ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS, UPDATING THE CITY'S ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT (ADU) AND JUNIOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT (JADU) REGULATIONS IN COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAW.

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- Adopt Resolution No. 2531 recommending the City Council adopt Ordinance No. 1108 amending Stanton Municipal Code Title 20, Zoning, Section 20.400.330 Accessory Dwelling Units, updating the City's Accessory Dwelling Unit and Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit regulations in compliance with State law.

## BACKGROUND

Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU), also known as second units, granny flats and in-law suites are secondary homes on a property already containing a primary dwelling. Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADU) are second units created within the walls of a proposed or existing single-family residence and contain no more than 500 square feet.

Over the years the State Legislature has passed and revised ADU law to address the State's housing crisis. On January 14, 2020 the City Council of the City of Stanton reviewed and adopted an urgency and nonurgency ordinance amending Title 20 of the Stanton Municipal Code relating to Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU) and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADU) based on revisions and related changes to State Law.

In 2020, the California Legislature passed another round of housing-related bills. The new housing legislation included changes to ADU laws, which further streamline the approval process and expand the potential for ADU and JADU development. Changes to the ADU law took effect January 1, 2021 and as a result the City of Stanton must update its existing ADU and JADU ordinance to be in compliance with new State regulations.

## ANALYSIS/JUSTIFICATION

The new round of amendments to ADU law limits the ability of local jurisdictions to regulate certain development standards such as size, quantity, setbacks etc. The City does maintain authority to adopt objective standards so long as they do not conflict with these updates. The most notable changes include:

- A complete application for an ADU or JADU shall be deemed approved if the local agency has not acted within 60 days.
- One ADU and one JADU per lot, within the proposed or existing single-family dwelling is processed ministerially.

After careful review of the changes to State Law, staff and the City Attorney's office have provided clarification related to height of structures. Also included are additions or revisions regarding architectural requirements including consistency in materials and colors as well as roof pitch, window and door treatment and addressing line of sight to an adjoining residential property.

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

The project is exempt from environmental review under California Public Resources Code Section 21080.17, which exempts the adoption of an accessory dwelling unit ordinance to implement the provisions of Section 65852.2 of the California Government Code.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATION

Notice of Public Hearing was provided through the agenda-posting process.

Prepared by,

Estefany Franco Associate Planner

Reviewed and Concurred by,

Jenniter A. Tilley, AICP Community and Economic Development Director

## **ATTACHMENTS**

- A. PC Resolution No. 2531 Amending Stanton Municipal Code Title 20, Section 20.400.330 Accessory Dwelling Units
- B. Draft Ordinance No. 1108

## **RESOLUTION NO. 2531**

A RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE City of STANTON CALIFORNIA, RECOMMENDING THE CITY COUNCIL ADOPT ORDINANCE 1108 AMENDING STANTON MUNICIPAL CODE TITLE 20, ZONING, SECTION 20.400.330 ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS, UPDATING THE CITY'S ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT (ADU) AND JUNIOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT (JADU) REGULATIONS IN COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAW.

### THE PLANNING COMMISSION DOES HEREBY RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

**WHEREAS**, the purpose amendment is to update the Stanton Municipal Code related to the City's regulations of Accessory Dwelling Unit and Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit to comply with State law; and

**WHEREAS,** AB 3182 amended the California Gov. Code, § 65852.2 and Civil Code Sections 4740 and 4741 pertaining to Accessory Dwelling Units and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units; and

**WHEREAS**, the new ADU law took effect January 1, 2021 and created inconsistencies and a need to clarification on specific regulations for ADUs and JADUs, thereby limiting the City to the application of the few default standards provided in Government Code sections 65852.2 for the approval of ADUs and JADUs; and

**WHEREAS**, the amendment will update Section 20.400.330 Accessory Dwelling Units to comply with new State Law and include objective standards pertaining to height regulations and architectural requirements; and

**WHEREAS**, staff and the City Attorney prepared the proposed ordinance, including the proposed language and terminology, and any additional information and documents deemed necessary for the Planning Commission to take action; and

**WHEREAS,** on March 3, 2021 the Planning Commission conducted and concluded a duly noticed public hearing concerning the Zoning Code amendments contained in Attachment 1 as required by law and received testimony from City staff and all interested parties regarding the proposed amendments and recommended that the City Council adopt the amendments; and

**WHEREAS**, all legal prerequisites prior to the adoption of this Resolution have occurred.

NOW THEREFORE, THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF STANTON DOES HEREBY FIND:

**<u>SECTION 1</u>**: The Planning Commission hereby finds that the facts, findings and conclusions set forth above are true and correct.

## ATTACHMENT A

**SECTION 2**: The proposed Amendment to the Stanton Municipal Code Title 20, Zoning, Section 20.400.330, Accessory Dwelling Units to update the City's Accessory Dwelling Unit and Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit regulations to comply with State law is consistent with the goals, policies and general land uses and programs specified in the Housing Element, specifically: Goal H-1.1 to "Provide for a housing stock of sufficient quantity composed of a variety and range of types and costs". Accessory Dwelling Units and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units increase the housing supply and create an opportunity for more affordable housing options.

**SECTION 3**: The proposed Amendment to Municipal Code Title 20, Section 20.400.330, Accessory Dwelling Units of the Zoning Code will not be detrimental to the public interest, health, safety, convenience, or welfare of the City. Rather, the proposed Amendment is recommended to comply with State legislation.

**SECTION 4**: The proposed Amendment to Municipal Code Title 20, Section 20.400.330 of the Zoning Code, is internally consistent with other applicable provisions of the Zoning Code. This Amendment adds regulations to relevant portions of the Zoning Code, as detailed in proposed Ordinance No. 1108. Further, this Amendment is being processed in accordance with SMC Chapter 20.610.

**SECTION 5**: Based upon the environmental review of the project referenced in this Amendment, the Planning Commission finds this Amendment is not subject to the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") pursuant California Public Resources Code Section 21080.17, which exempts the adoption of an accessory dwelling unit ordinance to implement the provisions of Section 65852.2 of the California Government Code.

**SECTION 6**: The documents and materials associated with this Resolution that constitute the record of proceedings on which these findings are based are located at Stanton City Hall, 7800 Katella Ave., Stanton, California 90680. The Community and Economic Development Director is the custodian of the record of proceedings.

**SECTION 7**: Based on the foregoing, the Planning Commission hereby recommends that the City Council adopt Ordinance No. 1108 (set forth in Attachment "B", accompanying this Resolution).

**<u>SECTION 8</u>**: The Planning Commission Secretary shall certify to the adoption of this Resolution and cause a copy to be transmitted to the City Clerk.

**ADOPTED, SIGNED AND APPROVED** by the Planning Commission of the City of Stanton at a regular meeting held on March 3, 2021 by the following vote, to wit:

## [SIGNATURES FOR RESOLUTION NO. 2531 ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

## [SIGNATURE PAGE FOR RESOLUTION NO. 2531]

- AYES: COMMISSIONERS:
- NOES: COMMISSIONERS:
- ABSENT: COMMISSIONERS:
- ABSTAIN: COMMISSIONERS:

Thomas Frazier, Chair Stanton Planning Commission

Jennifer A. Lilley, AICP Planning Commission Secretary

## ATTACHMENT 1 TO PC RESO NO. 2531

#### Section 20.400.330 Accessory Dwelling Units

- A. **Purpose.** The purpose of this section is to allow and regulate accessory dwelling units (ADUs) and junior accessory dwelling units (JADUs) in compliance with California Government Code sections 65852.2 and 65852.22.
- B. **Effect of Conforming.** An ADU or JADU that conforms to the standards in this section will not be:
  - (1) Deemed to be inconsistent with the City's General Plan and zoning designation for the lot on which the ADU or JADU is located.
  - (2) Deemed to exceed the allowable density for the lot on which the ADU or JADU is located.
  - (3) Considered in the application of any local ordinance, policy, or program to limit residential growth.
  - (4) Required to correct a nonconforming zoning condition, as defined in subsection C(7) below. This does not prevent the City from enforcing compliance with applicable building standards in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 17980.12.
- C. **Definitions.** As used in this section, terms are defined as follows:
  - (1) "Accessory dwelling unit" or "ADU" means an attached or a detached residential dwelling unit that provides complete independent living facilities for one or more persons and is located on a lot with a proposed or existing primary residence. An accessory dwelling unit also includes the following:
    - (A) An efficiency unit, as defined by Section 17958.1 of the California Health and Safety Code; and
    - (B) A manufactured home, as defined by Section 18007 of the California Health and Safety Code.
  - (2) "Accessory structure" means a structure that is accessory and incidental to a dwelling located on the same lot. Refer to Section 20.700.070.
  - (3) "Complete independent living facilities" means permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation on the same parcel as the single-family or multifamily dwelling is or will be situated.
  - (4) "Efficiency kitchen" means a kitchen that includes each of the following:
    - (A) A cooking facility with appliances.

- (B) A food preparation counter or counters that total at least 15 square feet in area.
- (C) Food storage cabinets that total at least 30 square feet of shelf space.
- (5) "Junior accessory dwelling unit" or "JADU" means a residential unit that
  - (A) is no more than 500 square feet in size,
  - (B) is contained entirely within an existing or proposed single-family structure,
  - (C) includes its own separate sanitation facilities or shares sanitation facilities with the existing or proposed single-family structure, and
  - (D) includes an efficiency kitchen, as defined in subsection C(4) above
- (6) "Living area" means the interior habitable area of a dwelling unit, including basements and attics, but does not include a garage or any accessory structure.
- (7) "Nonconforming zoning condition" means a physical improvement on a property that does not conform with current zoning standards.
- (8) "Passageway" means a pathway that is unobstructed clear to the sky and extends from a street to one entrance of the ADU or JADU.
- (9) "Proposed dwelling" means a dwelling that is the subject of a permit application and that meets the requirements for permitting.
- (10) "Public transit" means a location, including, but not limited to, a bus stop or train station, where the public may access buses, trains, subways, and other forms of transportation that charge set fares, run on fixed routes, and are available to the public.
- (11) "Tandem parking" means that two or more automobiles are parked on a driveway or in any other location on a lot, lined up behind one another.
- D. Approvals. The following approvals apply to ADUs and JADUs under this section:
  - (1) **Building-permit Only.** If an ADU or JADU complies with each of the general requirements in subsection E below, it is allowed with only a building permit in the following scenarios:
    - (A) Converted on Single-family Lot: Only one One ADU or as described in this subsection D(1)(A) and one JADU on a lot with a proposed or existing single-family dwelling on it, where the ADU or JADU:
      - (i) Is either: within the space of a proposed single-family dwelling; within the existing space of an existing single-family dwelling; or

within the existing space of an accessory structure, plus up to 150 additional square feet if the expansion is limited to accommodating ingress and egress-<u>; and</u>

- (ii) Has exterior access that is independent of that for the single-family dwelling<del>.; and</del>
- (iii) Has side and rear setbacks sufficient for fire and safety, as dictated by applicable building and fire codes<del>.; and</del>
- (iv) The JADU complies with all the requirements of Gov. Code section 65852.22
- (B) Limited Detached on Single-family Lot: One detached, newconstruction ADU on a lot with a proposed or existing single-family dwelling (in addition to any JADU that might otherwise be established on the lot under subsection D(1)(A) above), if the detached ADU satisfies the following limitations:
  - (i) The side- and rear-yard setbacks are at least four-feet.
  - (ii) The total floor area is 800 square feet or smaller.
  - (iii) The peak height above grade is 16 feet or less.
- (C) **Converted on Multifamily Lot:** <u>MultipleOne or more</u> ADUs within portions of existing multifamily dwelling structures that are not used as livable space, including but not limited to storage rooms, boiler rooms, passageways, attics, basements, or garages, if each converted ADU complies with state building standards for dwellings. <u>AtUnder this</u> <u>subsection D(1)(C), at</u> least one converted ADU is allowed within an existing multifamily dwelling, and up to <u>a quantity equal to</u> 25 percent of the existing multifamily dwelling units may each have a converted ADU under this paragraph.
- (D) **Limited Detached on Multifamily Lot:** No more than two detached ADUs on a lot that has an existing multifamily dwelling if each detached ADU satisfies the following limitations:
  - (i) The side- and rear-yard setbacks are at least four-feet.
  - (ii) The total floor area is 800 square peak height above grade is 16 feet or smallerless.

## (2) **ADU Permit.**

- (A) Except as allowed under subsection  $\underline{D}$  (1) above, no ADU may be created without a building permit and an ADU permit in compliance with the standards set forth in subsections E and F below.
- (B) The City may charge a fee to reimburse it for costs incurred in processing ADU permits, including the costs of adopting or amending the City's ADU ordinance. The ADU-permit processing fee is determined by the Director and approved by the City Council by resolution.

## (3) **Process and Timing.**

- (A) An ADU permit is considered and approved ministerially, without discretionary review or a hearing.
- (B) The City must act on an application to create an ADU or JADU within 60 days from the date that the City receives a completed application, <u>If the City does not act upon the completed application within 60 days, the application is deemed approved</u> unless either:
  - (i) The applicant requests a delay, in which case the 60-day time period is tolled for the period of the requested delay, or
  - (ii) In the case of a JADU and the When an application to create a junior accessory dwelling unitan ADU or JADU is submitted with a permit application to create a new single-family dwelling on the lot, the City may delay acting on the permit application for the ADU or JADU until the City acts on the permit application to create the new single-family dwelling, but the application to create the <u>ADU or</u> JADU will still be considered ministerially without discretionary review or a hearing.
- E. **General ADU and JADU Requirements.** The following requirements apply to all ADUs and JADUs that are approved under subsections D(1) or D(2) above:
  - (1) **Zoning.** 
    - (A) An ADU or JADU subject only to a building permit under subsection D(1) above may be created on a lot in a residential or mixed-use zone-that allows residential uses.
    - (B) An ADU or JADU subject to an ADU permit under subsection D(2) above may be created on a lot that is zoned to allow single-family dwelling residential use or multifamily dwelling residential use.
  - (2) **Fire Sprinklers.** Fire sprinklers are required in an ADU if sprinklers are required in the primary residence.

- (3) **Rental Term.** No ADU or JADU may be rented for a term that is shorter than 30 days.
- (4) **No Separate Conveyance.** An ADU or JADU may be rented long-term, but no ADU or JADU may be sold or otherwise conveyed separately from the lot and the primary dwelling (in the case of a single-family lot) or from the lot and all of the dwellings (in the case of a multifamily lot).
- (5) **Septic System.** If the ADU or JADU will connect to an onsite water-treatment system, the owner must include with the application a percolation test completed within the last five years or, if the percolation test has been recertified, within the last 10 years.

## (6) **Owner Occupancy.**

- (A) All ADUs created before January 1, 2020, are subject to the owneroccupancy requirement that was in place when the ADU was created.
- (B) An ADU that is created after that date but before January 1, 2025, is not subject to any owner-occupancy requirement.
- (C) All ADUs that are created on or after January 1, 2025, are subject to an owner-occupancy requirement. A natural person with legal or equitable title to the property must reside on the property as the person's legal domicile and permanent residence.
- (D) All JADUs are subject to an owner-occupancy requirement. A natural person with legal or equitable title to the property must reside on the property, in either the primary dwelling or JADU, as the person's legal domicile and permanent residence. However, the owner-occupancy requirement of this paragraph does not apply if the property is entirely owned by another governmental agency, land trust, or housing organization.
- (7) Deed Restriction. Prior to issuance of a building permit for an ADU or JADU, a deed restriction must be recorded against the title of the property in the County Recorder's office and a copy filed with the Director. The deed restriction must run with the land and bind all future owners. The form of the deed restriction will be provided by the City and must provide that:
  - (A) The ADU or JADU may not be sold separately from the primary dwelling.
  - (B) The ADU or JADU is restricted to the approved size and to other attributes allowed by this section.
  - (C) The deed restriction runs with the land and may be enforced against future property owners.

- (D) The deed restriction may be removed if the owner eliminates the ADU or JADU, as evidenced by, for example, removal of the kitchen facilities. To remove the deed restriction, an owner may make a written request of the Director, providing evidence that the ADU or JADU has in fact been eliminated. The Director may then determine whether the evidence supports the claim that the ADU or JADU has been eliminated. Appeal may be taken from the Director's determination consistent with other provisions of this Code. If the ADU or JADU is not entirely physically removed, but is only eliminated by virtue of having a necessary component of an ADU or JADU removed, the remaining structure and improvements must otherwise comply with applicable provisions of this Code.
- (E) The deed restriction is enforceable by the Director or his or her designee for the benefit of the City. Failure of the property owner to comply with the deed restriction may result in legal action against the property owner, and the City is authorized to obtain any remedy available to it at law or equity, including, but not limited to, obtaining an injunction enjoining the use of the ADU or JADU in violation of the recorded restrictions or abatement of the illegal unit.
- F. **Specific ADU Requirements.** The following requirements apply only to ADUs that require an ADU permit under subsection D(2) above.

## (1) Maximum Size.

- (A) The maximum size of a detached or attached ADU subject to this subsection F is 850 square feet for a studio or one-bedroom unit and 1,000 square feet for a unit with two bedrooms. No more than two bedrooms are allowed.
- (B) An attached ADU that is created on a lot with an existing primary dwelling is further limited to 50 percent of the floor area of the existing primary dwelling.
- (C) Application of other development standards in this subsection F, such as FAR or lot coverage, might further limit the size of the ADU, but no application of FAR, lot coverage, or open-space requirements may require the ADU to be less than 800 square feet.
- (2) **Floor Area Ratio (FAR).** No ADU subject to this subsection F may cause the total FAR of the lot to exceed, subject to subsection F(1)(C) above.

FAR/Target Range	General	North Gateway	South Gateway		
	GLMX	NGMX	SGMX		
Target Density Range	Density range for residential uses expressed as dwelling units per <b>NET</b> acre.				
Residential Uses	25 - 45 du/ac	25 - 45 du/ac	30 - 60 du/ac		

Target Intensity Range	Floor area ratio (FAR) for nonresidential uses			
Nonresidential Uses (1)	1.0 - 2.0	1.0 - 2.0	1.5 - 3.0	

(3) Lot Coverage. No ADU subject to this subsection F may cause the total lot coverage of the lot to exceed the following coverage, subject to subsection F(1)(C) above.

Lot Coverage	RE	RL	RM	RH
Interior Lot	30%	40%	50%	65%
Corner Lot	35%	45%	50%	65%

(4) **Impervious surface coverage.** Maximum percentage of the total gross lot area that may be covered by structures and impervious surfaces shall not exceed 70 percent, subject to subsection F(1)(C) above.

## (5) Height.

(A) A single story attached or detached ADU may not <u>Height. No ADU subject to this</u> <u>subsection F may</u> exceed 16 feet in height above grade, measured to the peak of the structure.

## (6) <u>Setbacks.</u>

- (A) <u>An ADU that is subject to this subsection F must conform to a 25-foot</u> <u>front-yard setback.</u>
- (B) A second story or two-story attached ADU may not exceed the height of the primary dwellingAn ADU that is subject to this subsection F must conform to 4-foot side-and rear-yard setbacks.
- (C) <u>A detached ADU may not exceed one story. No setback is required for an ADU that is subject to this subsection F if the ADU is constructed in the same location and to the same dimensions as an existing structure</u>
- (7) (6) Passageway. No passageway, as defined by subsection C(8) above, is required for an ADU.
- (8) (7) Parking.
  - (A) Generally. One off-street parking space is required for each ADU. The parking space may be provided in setback areas or as tandem parking, as defined by subsection C(11) above.
  - (B) Exceptions. No parking under subsection  $\frac{F(7)(A)}{F(8)(A)}$  is required in the following situations:

- (i) The ADU is located within one-half mile walking distance of public transit, as defined in subsection C(10) above.
- (ii) The ADU is located within an architecturally and historically significant historic district.
- (iii) The ADU is part of the proposed or existing primary residence (single-family converted ADUs, not multifamily converted) or an accessory structure under subsection D(1)(A) above.
- (iv) When on-street parking permits are required but not offered to the occupant of the ADU.
- (v) When there is an established car share vehicle stop located within one block of the ADU.
- (C) No Replacement. When a garage, carport, or covered parking structure is demolished in conjunction with the construction of an ADU or converted to an ADU, those offstreet parking spaces are not required to be replaced.

## (9) (8) Architectural Requirements.

- (A) An accessory dwelling unit may be attached or detached from the primary dwelling unit, or located within the living area of the existing dwelling.
- (B) An accessory dwelling unit shall be compatible with the design of the primary dwelling unit in terms of height, bulk, architectural character, materials, color, and landscaping treatment.
- (C) An entrance to an accessory dwelling unit shall not be visible from the public right-of-way.
- (A) (D) For garage conversions, garage The materials and colors of the exterior walls, roof, and windows and doors must be removed and architecturally integrated withmatch the appearance and architectural design of those of the primary dwelling-or structure to which it is located.
- (B) The roof slope must match that of the dominant roof slope of the primary dwelling. The dominant roof slope is the slope shared by the largest portion of the roof.
- (C) The exterior lighting must be limited to down-lights or as otherwise required by the building or fire code.
- (D) The ADU must have an independent exterior entrance, apart from that of the primary dwelling. The ADU entrance must be located on the side or rear building façade, not facing a public-right-of-way.

- (E) The interior horizontal dimensions of an ADU must be at least 10 feet wide in every direction, with a minimum interior wall height of seven feet.
- (F) Windows and doors of the ADU may not have a direct line of sight to an adjoining residential property. Fencing, landscaping, or privacy glass may be used to provide screening and prevent a direct line of sight.
- (G) All windows and doors in an ADU are less than 30 feet from a property line that is not a public right-of-way line must either be (for windows) clerestory with the bottom of the glass at least six feet above the finished floor, or (for windows and for doors) utilize frosted or obscure glass.

## G. Fees.

## (1) **Impact Fees.**

- (A) No impact fee is required for an ADU that is less than 750 square feet in size. For purposes of this subsection G (1), "impact fee" means a "fee" under the Mitigation Fee Act (Gov. Code § 66000(b)) and a fee under the Quimby Act (Gov. Code § 66477). "Impact fee" here does not include any connection fee or capacity charge for water or sewer service.
- (B) Any impact fee that is required for an ADU that is 750 square feet or larger in size must be charged proportionately in relation to the square footage of the primary dwelling unit. (E.g., the floor area of the primary dwelling, divided by the floor area of the ADU, times the typical fee amount charged for a new dwelling.) "Impact fee" here does not include any connection fee or capacity charge for water or sewer service.
- (2) Utility Fees.
  - (A) If an ADU or JADU is constructed with a new single-family home, a separate utility connection directly between the ADU or JADU and the utility and payment of the normal connection fee and capacity charge for a new dwelling are required.
  - (B) (A) Converted Except as described in subsection G(2)(A), converted ADUs and JADUs on a single-family lot, created under subsection D(1)(A) above, are not required to have a new or separate utility connection directly between the ADU or JADU and the utility. Nor is a connection fee or capacity charge required unless the ADO or JADU is constructed with a new single-family home.
  - (C) (B) AllExcept as described in subsection G(2)(A), all ADUs and JADUs not covered by subsection G(2)(A) above require a new, separate utility connection directly between the ADU or JADU and the utility.

- (i) The connection is subject to a connection fee or capacity charge that is proportionate to the burden created by the ADU or JADU, based on either the floor area or the number of drainage-fixture units (DFU) values, as defined by the Uniform Plumbing Code, upon the water or sewer system.
- (ii) The fee or charge may not exceed the reasonable cost of providing this service.
- H. Nonconforming ADUs and Discretionary Approval. Any proposed ADU or JADU that does not conform to the objective standards set forth in subsections A though G(2) of this section may be allowed by the City with a use permit, in accordance with Chapter 20.550.

# A. Stanton Municipal Code Title 20 Section 20.410.020 Applicability is amended as follows:

B. The standards in this Chapter shall not apply to the following:

1. Accessory structures used for animal-keeping purposes that comply with Section 20.400.040 (Animal Keeping);

2. Detached accessory units used for living purposes that comply with Section 20.400.340 <u>20.400.330</u> (Accessory Dwelling Units);

## **B. Stanton Municipal Code Title 20 Section 20.410.050 Accessory Structures in Residential Zones is amended as follows:**

## 20.410.050 Accessory Structures in Residential Zones

## B. Detached accessory structures.

1. The use of an accessory structure as a dwelling unit, sleeping quarters, or a housekeeping unit is prohibited, except for an accessory dwelling unit approved in compliance with Section 20.400.340 <u>20.400.330</u> (Accessory Dwelling Units)

A. C. Stanton Municipal Code Title 20 Section 20.210.020 Residential Zone Land Uses and Permit Requirements is amended as follows:

Accessory Dwelling Units (1)PPP (1)P (1)20.400.330
----------------------------------------------------

Accessory Residential Structures/Uses

1) Accessory dwelling units are <del>only</del> allowed in the RM and RH <u>any</u> zones on a lot where a single-family dwelling unit exists as of the date of adoption of this Zoning Code <u>a</u> residential use is permitted.

# **D. Stanton Municipal Code Title 20 Section 20.700.070 Other Uses is amended as** follows:

Also includes the indoor storage of automobiles (including their incidental noncommercial restoration and repair), personal recreational vehicles and other personal property, accessory to a residential use. Does not include: <u>accessory</u> second dwelling units ("Second <u>Accessory</u> Dwelling Units)"); guest houses ("Guest Houses"); or home satellite dish and other receiving antennas for earth-based TV and radio broadcasts ("Satellite/Dish and Amateur Radio Antenna").

# E. Stanton Municipal Code Title 20 Section 20.700.090 Residential Uses is amended as follows:

4. Accessory Dwelling Unit. A detached or attached permanent residential dwelling unit that is accessory to a principal dwelling on the same site. An accessory dwelling unit provides complete, independent living facilities for one or more persons, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, sanitation, and parking. <u>Refer to section 20.400.330</u>

# F. Stanton Municipal Code Title 20 Section 20.710.050 "E" Definitions is amended as follows:

Efficiency Unit. See "Studio Apartment." <u>as defined by Section 17958.1 of the California Health</u> and Safety Code.

### ORDINANCE NO. 1108

### AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF STANTON, CALIFORNIA AMENDING STANTON MUNICIPAL CODE TITLE 20, ZONING, SECTION 20.400.330 ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS, TO UPDATE THE CITY'S ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT (ADU) AND JUNIOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT (JADU) REGULATIONS

**WHEREAS,** the purpose of this Ordinance is to amend the Stanton Municipal Code to update the City's regulations of Accessory Dwelling Unit and Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit to comply with State law; and

WHEREAS, AB 3182 amended the California Gov. Code, § 65852.2 and Civil Code Sections 4740 and 4741 pertaining to Accessory Dwelling Units and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units; and

**WHEREAS**, the new ADU law took effect January 1, 2021 and created inconsistencies and a need to clarification on specific regulations for ADUs and JADUs, thereby limiting the City to the application of the few default standards provided in Government Code sections 65852.2 for the approval of ADUs and JADUs; and

**WHEREAS**, the City Council intends to amend Section 20.400.330 Accessory Dwelling Units to comply with new state law and include objective standards pertaining to height regulations and architectural requirements; and

**WHEREAS**, staff and the City Attorney prepared the proposed ordinance, including the proposed language and terminology, and any additional information and documents deemed necessary for the Planning Commission to take action; and

WHEREAS, on March 3, 2021 the Planning Commission conducted and concluded a duly noticed public hearing concerning the Zoning Code amendments contained herein as required by law and received testimony from City staff and all interested parties regarding the proposed amendments and recommended that the City Council adopt the amendments; and

WHEREAS, on (MONTH, DAY, 2021), the City Council conducted and concluded a duly noticed public hearing concerning the Municipal Code amendments contained herein as required by law and received testimony from City staff and all interested parties regarding the proposed amendments; and

**WHEREAS**, all legal prerequisites to the adoption of the Ordinance have occurred.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF STANTON DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

**SECTION 1. Incorporation of Recitals.** The recitals above are each incorporated by reference and adopted as findings by the City Council.

**SECTION 2. Amendment to SMC Section 20.400.330.** The City Council of the City of hereby amends Stanton Code Title 20, Zoning, Section 20.400.330, Accessory Dwelling Units, and restates it to read as follows:

## Section 20.400.330 Accessory Dwelling Units

- A. **Purpose.** The purpose of this section is to allow and regulate accessory dwelling units (ADUs) and junior accessory dwelling units (JADUs) in compliance with California Government Code sections 65852.2 and 65852.22.
- B. **Effect of Conforming.** An ADU or JADU that conforms to the standards in this section will not be:
  - (1) Deemed to be inconsistent with the City's General Plan and zoning designation for the lot on which the ADU or JADU is located.
  - (2) Deemed to exceed the allowable density for the lot on which the ADU or JADU is located.
  - (3) Considered in the application of any local ordinance, policy, or program to limit residential growth.
  - (4) Required to correct a nonconforming zoning condition, as defined in subsection C(7) below. This does not prevent the City from enforcing compliance with applicable building standards in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 17980.12.
- C. **Definitions.** As used in this section, terms are defined as follows:
  - (1) "Accessory dwelling unit" or "ADU" means an attached or a detached residential dwelling unit that provides complete independent living facilities for one or more persons and is located on a lot with a proposed or existing primary residence. An accessory dwelling unit also includes the following:
    - (A) An efficiency unit, as defined by Section 17958.1 of the California Health and Safety Code; and
    - (B) A manufactured home, as defined by Section 18007 of the California Health and Safety Code.
  - (2) "Accessory structure" means a structure that is accessory and incidental to a dwelling located on the same lot. Refer to Section 20.700.070.

- (3) "Complete independent living facilities" means permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation on the same parcel as the single-family or multifamily dwelling is or will be situated.
- (4) "Efficiency kitchen" means a kitchen that includes each of the following:
  - (A) A cooking facility with appliances.
  - (B) A food preparation counter or counters that total at least 15 square feet in area.
  - (C) Food storage cabinets that total at least 30 square feet of shelf space.
- (5) "Junior accessory dwelling unit" or "JADU" means a residential unit that
  - (A) is no more than 500 square feet in size,
  - (B) is contained entirely within an existing or proposed single-family structure,
  - (C) includes its own separate sanitation facilities or shares sanitation facilities with the existing or proposed single-family structure, and
  - (D) includes an efficiency kitchen, as defined in subsection C(4) above
- (6) "Living area" means the interior habitable area of a dwelling unit, including basements and attics, but does not include a garage or any accessory structure.
- (7) "Nonconforming zoning condition" means a physical improvement on a property that does not conform with current zoning standards.
- (8) "Passageway" means a pathway that is unobstructed clear to the sky and extends from a street to one entrance of the ADU or JADU.
- (9) "Proposed dwelling" means a dwelling that is the subject of a permit application and that meets the requirements for permitting.
- (10) "Public transit" means a location, including, but not limited to, a bus stop or train station, where the public may access buses, trains, subways, and other forms of transportation that charge set fares, run on fixed routes, and are available to the public.
- (11) "Tandem parking" means that two or more automobiles are parked on a driveway or in any other location on a lot, lined up behind one another.
- D. **Approvals.** The following approvals apply to ADUs and JADUs under this section:

- (1) **Building-permit Only.** If an ADU or JADU complies with each of the general requirements in subsection E below, it is allowed with only a building permit in the following scenarios:
  - (A) Converted on Single-family Lot: One ADU as described in this subsection D(1)(A) and one JADU on a lot with a proposed or existing single-family dwelling on it, where the ADU or JADU:
    - Is either: within the space of a proposed single-family dwelling; within the existing space of an existing singlefamily dwelling; or within the existing space of an accessory structure, plus up to 150 additional square feet if the expansion is limited to accommodating ingress and egress; and
    - (ii) Has exterior access that is independent of that for the singlefamily dwelling; and
    - (iii) Has side and rear setbacks sufficient for fire and safety, as dictated by applicable building and fire codes; and
    - (iv) The JADU complies with all the requirements of Gov. Code section 65852.22
  - (B) Limited Detached on Single-family Lot: One detached, newconstruction ADU on a lot with a proposed or existing single-family dwelling (in addition to any JADU that might otherwise be established on the lot under subsection D(1)(A) above), if the detached ADU satisfies the following limitations:
    - (i) The side- and rear-yard setbacks are at least four-feet.
    - (ii) The total floor area is 800 square feet or smaller.
    - (iii) The peak height above grade is 16 feet or less.
  - (C) Converted on Multifamily Lot: One or more ADUs within portions of existing multifamily dwelling structures that are not used as livable space, including but not limited to storage rooms, boiler rooms, passageways, attics, basements, or garages, if each converted ADU complies with state building standards for dwellings. Under this subsection D(1)(C), at least one converted ADU is allowed within an existing multifamily dwelling, and up to a quantity equal to 25 percent of the existing multifamily dwelling units.

- (D) **Limited Detached on Multifamily Lot:** No more than two detached ADUs on a lot that has an existing multifamily dwelling if each detached ADU satisfies the following limitations:
  - (i) The side- and rear-yard setbacks are at least four-feet.
  - (ii) The peak height above grade is 16 feet or less.

## (2) **ADU Permit**.

- (A) Except as allowed under subsection D (1) above, no ADU may be created without a building permit and an ADU permit in compliance with the standards set forth in subsections E and F below.
- (B) The City may charge a fee to reimburse it for costs incurred in processing ADU permits, including the costs of adopting or amending the City's ADU ordinance. The ADU-permit processing fee is determined by the Director and approved by the City Council by resolution.

## (3) **Process and Timing.**

- (A) An ADU permit is considered and approved ministerially, without discretionary review or a hearing.
- (B) The City must act on an application to create an ADU or JADU within 60 days from the date that the City receives a completed application. If the City does not act upon the completed application within 60 days, the application is deemed approved unless either:
  - (i) The applicant requests a delay, in which case the 60-day time period is tolled for the period of the requested delay, or
  - (ii) When an application to create an ADU or JADU is submitted with a permit application to create a new single-family dwelling on the lot, the City may delay acting on the permit application for the ADU or JADU until the City acts on the permit application to create the new single-family dwelling, but the application to create the ADU or JADU will still be considered ministerially without discretionary review or a hearing.
- E. **General ADU and JADU Requirements.** The following requirements apply to all ADUs and JADUs that are approved under subsections D(1) or D(2) above:
  - (1) **Zoning**.

- (A) An ADU or JADU subject only to a building permit under subsection D(1) above may be created on a lot in a residential or mixed-use zone.
- (B) An ADU or JADU subject to an ADU permit under subsection D(2) above may be created on a lot that is zoned to allow single-family dwelling residential use or multifamily dwelling residential use.
- (2) **Fire Sprinklers.** Fire sprinklers are required in an ADU if sprinklers are required in the primary residence.
- (3) **Rental Term.** No ADU or JADU may be rented for a term that is shorter than 30 days.
- (4) **No Separate Conveyance.** An ADU or JADU may be rented long-term, but no ADU or JADU may be sold or otherwise conveyed separately from the lot and the primary dwelling (in the case of a single-family lot) or from the lot and all of the dwellings (in the case of a multifamily lot).
- (5) **Septic System.** If the ADU or JADU will connect to an onsite watertreatment system, the owner must include with the application a percolation test completed within the last five years or, if the percolation test has been recertified, within the last 10 years.
- (6) **Owner Occupancy**.
  - (A) All ADUs created before January 1, 2020, are subject to the owneroccupancy requirement that was in place when the ADU was created.
  - (B) An ADU that is created after that date but before January 1, 2025, is not subject to any owner-occupancy requirement.
  - (C) All ADUs that are created on or after January 1, 2025, are subject to an owner-occupancy requirement. A natural person with legal or equitable title to the property must reside on the property as the person's legal domicile and permanent residence.
  - (D) All JADUs are subject to an owner-occupancy requirement. A natural person with legal or equitable title to the property must reside on the property, in either the primary dwelling or JADU, as the person's legal domicile and permanent residence. However, the owner-occupancy requirement of this paragraph does not apply if the property is entirely owned by another governmental agency, land trust, or housing organization.
- (7) **Deed Restriction.** Prior to issuance of a building permit for an ADU or JADU, a deed restriction must be recorded against the title of the property

in the County Recorder's office and a copy filed with the Director. The deed restriction must run with the land and bind all future owners. The form of the deed restriction will be provided by the City and must provide that:

- (A) The ADU or JADU may not be sold separately from the primary dwelling.
- (B) The ADU or JADU is restricted to the approved size and to other attributes allowed by this section.
- (C) The deed restriction runs with the land and may be enforced against future property owners.
- (D) The deed restriction may be removed if the owner eliminates the ADU or JADU, as evidenced by, for example, removal of the kitchen facilities. To remove the deed restriction, an owner may make a written request of the Director, providing evidence that the ADU or JADU has in fact been eliminated. The Director may then determine whether the evidence supports the claim that the ADU or JADU has been eliminated. Appeal may be taken from the Director's determination consistent with other provisions of this Code. If the ADU or JADU is not entirely physically removed, but is only eliminated by virtue of having a necessary component of an ADU or JADU removed, the remaining structure and improvements must otherwise comply with applicable provisions of this Code.
- (E) The deed restriction is enforceable by the Director or his or her designee for the benefit of the City. Failure of the property owner to comply with the deed restriction may result in legal action against the property owner, and the City is authorized to obtain any remedy available to it at law or equity, including, but not limited to, obtaining an injunction enjoining the use of the ADU or JADU in violation of the recorded restrictions or abatement of the illegal unit.
- F. **Specific ADU Requirements.** The following requirements apply only to ADUs that require an ADU permit under subsection D(2) above.
  - (1) Maximum Size.
    - (A) The maximum size of a detached or attached ADU subject to this subsection F is 850 square feet for a studio or one-bedroom unit and 1,000 square feet for a unit with two bedrooms. No more than two bedrooms are allowed.
    - (B) An attached ADU that is created on a lot with an existing primary dwelling is further limited to 50 percent of the floor area of the existing primary dwelling.

- (C) Application of other development standards in this subsection F, such as FAR or lot coverage, might further limit the size of the ADU, but no application of FAR, lot coverage, or open-space requirements may require the ADU to be less than 800 square feet.
- (2) **Floor Area Ratio (FAR).** No ADU subject to this subsection F may cause the total FAR of the lot to exceed, subject to subsection F(1)(C) above.

FAR/Target Range	General GLMX	North Gateway NGMX	South Gateway SGMX		
Target Density Range	Density range for residential uses expressed as dwelling units per <b>NET</b> acre.				
Residential Uses	25 - 45 du/ac	25 - 45 du/ac	30 - 60 du/ac		
Target Intensity Range	Floor area ratio (FAR) for nonresidential uses				
Nonresidential Uses (1)	1.0 - 2.0	1.0 - 2.0	1.5 - 3.0		

(3) Lot Coverage. No ADU subject to this subsection F may cause the total lot coverage of the lot to exceed the following coverage, subject to subsection F(1)(C) above.

Lot Coverage	RE	RL	RM	RH
Interior Lot	30%	40%	50%	65%
Corner Lot	35%	45%	50%	65%

- (4) **Impervious surface coverage.** Maximum percentage of the total gross lot area that may be covered by structures and impervious surfaces shall not exceed 70 percent, subject to subsection F(1)(C) above.
- (5) **Height.** No ADU subject to this subsection F may exceed 16 feet in height above grade, measured to the peak of the structure.
- (6) Setbacks.
  - (A) An ADU that is subject to this subsection F must conform to a 25foot front-yard setback.

- (B) An ADU that is subject to this subsection F must conform to 4-foot side-and rear-yard setbacks.
- (C) No setback is required for an ADU that is subject to this subsection F if the ADU is constructed in the same location and to the same dimensions as an existing structure
- (7) **Passageway.** No passageway, as defined by subsection C(8) above, is required for an ADU.
- (8) **Parking**.
  - (A) Generally. One off-street parking space is required for each ADU. The parking space may be provided in setback areas or as tandem parking, as defined by subsection C(11) above.
  - (B) Exceptions. No parking under subsection F(8)(A) is required in the following situations:
    - (i) The ADU is located within one-half mile walking distance of public transit, as defined in subsection C(10) above.
    - (ii) The ADU is located within an architecturally and historically significant historic district.
    - (iii) The ADU is part of the proposed or existing primary residence (single-family converted ADUs, not multifamily converted) or an accessory structure under subsection D(1)(A) above.
    - (iv) When on-street parking permits are required but not offered to the occupant of the ADU.
    - (v) When there is an established car share vehicle stop located within one block of the ADU.
  - (C) No Replacement. When a garage, carport, or covered parking structure is demolished in conjunction with the construction of an ADU or converted to an ADU, those off-street parking spaces are not required to be replaced.

## (9) Architectural Requirements.

(A) The materials and colors of the exterior walls, roof, and windows and doors must match the appearance and architectural design of those of the primary dwelling.

- (B) The roof slope must match that of the dominant roof slope of the primary dwelling. The dominant roof slope is the slope shared by the largest portion of the roof.
- (C) The exterior lighting must be limited to down-lights or as otherwise required by the building or fire code.
- (D) The ADU must have an independent exterior entrance, apart from that of the primary dwelling. The ADU entrance must be located on the side or rear building façade, not facing a public-right-of-way.
- (E) The interior horizontal dimensions of an ADU must be at least 10 feet wide in every direction, with a minimum interior wall height of seven feet.
- (F) Windows and doors of the ADU may not have a direct line of sight to an adjoining residential property. Fencing, landscaping, or privacy glass may be used to provide screening and prevent a direct line of sight.
- (G) All windows and doors in an ADU are less than 30 feet from a property line that is not a public right-of-way line must either be (for windows) clerestory with the bottom of the glass at least six feet above the finished floor, or (for windows and for doors) utilize frosted or obscure glass.

## G. Fees.

- (1) Impact Fees.
  - (A) No impact fee is required for an ADU that is less than 750 square feet in size. For purposes of this subsection Error! Reference source not found., "impact fee" means a "fee" under the Mitigation Fee Act (Gov. Code § 66000(b)) and a fee under the Quimby Act (Gov. Code § 66477). "Impact fee" here does not include any connection fee or capacity charge for water or sewer service.
  - (B) Any impact fee that is required for an ADU that is 750 square feet or larger in size must be charged proportionately in relation to the square footage of the primary dwelling unit. (E.g., the floor area of the primary dwelling, divided by the floor area of the ADU, times the typical fee amount charged for a new dwelling.)

## (2) Utility Fees.

(A) If an ADU or JADU is constructed with a new single-family home, a separate utility connection directly between the ADU or JADU and

the utility and payment of the normal connection fee and capacity charge for a new dwelling are required.

- (B) Except as described in subsection G(2)(A), converted ADUs and JADUs on a single-family lot, created under subsection D(1)(A) above, are not required to have a new or separate utility connection directly between the ADU or JADU and the utility. Nor is a connection fee or capacity charge required unless the ADO or JADU is constructed with a new single-family home.
- (C) Except as described in subsection G(2)(A), all ADUs and JADUs not covered by subsection G(2)(A) above require a new, separate utility connection directly between the ADU or JADU and the utility.
  - (i) The connection is subject to a connection fee or capacity charge that is proportionate to the burden created by the ADU or JADU, based on either the floor area or the number of drainage-fixture units (DFU) values, as defined by the Uniform Plumbing Code, upon the water or sewer system.
  - (ii) The fee or charge may not exceed the reasonable cost of providing this service.
- H. Nonconforming ADUs and Discretionary Approval. Any proposed ADU or JADU that does not conform to the objective standards set forth in subsections A though G(2) of this section may be allowed by the City with a use permit, in accordance with Chapter 20.550.

# A. Stanton Municipal Code Title 20 Section 20.210.020 Residential Zone Land Uses and Permit Requirements is amended as follows:

Accessory Dwelling Units (1)	P	Р	P <del>(1)</del>	P <del>(1)</del>	20.400.330
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Accessory Residential Structures/Uses

1) Accessory dwelling units are only allowed in the RM and RH any zones on a lot where a single-family dwelling unit exists as of the date of adoption of this Zoning Code a residential use is permitted.

**SECTION 3. Effect of Restatement.** All restated, unamended provisions of the Stanton Municipal Code that are repeated herein are repeated only to aid decision makers and the public in understanding the effect of the proposed changes. Restatement of existing provisions does not constitute a new enactment.

**SECTION 4.** Severability. Should any provision of this Ordinance, or its application to any person or circumstance, be determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unlawful, unenforceable or otherwise void, that determination shall have no effect on any other provision of this Ordinance or the application of this Ordinance to any other person or circumstance, and, to that end, the provisions hereof are severable. The City Council of the City of Stanton declares that it would have adopted all the provisions of this Ordinance that remain valid if any provisions of this ordinance are declared invalid.

**SECTION 5. CEQA.** The City Council determines that the adoption of this Ordinance is exempt from additional environmental review under California Public Resources Code Section 21080.17, which exempts the adoption of an accessory dwelling unit ordinance to implement the provisions of Section 65852.2 of the California Government Code.

**SECTION 6.** Adoption, Certification, and Publication. The City Clerk of the City of Stanton shall certify the passage and adoption of this Ordinance and shall cause the same, or a summary thereof, to be published and/or posted in the manner required by law. This Ordinance shall take effect 30 days after its adoption.

PASSED, APPROVED, AND ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Stanton, California, at a regular meeting of the City Council held on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2021.

CITY OF STANTON:

Mayor David J. Shawver

ATTEST:

Patricia A. Vazquez City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

HongDao Nguyen City Attorney

## STATE OF CALIFORNIA )

COUNTY OF ORANGE ) ss.

CITY OF STANTON )

I, Patricia Vazquez, City Clerk of the City of Stanton, California, hereby certify that Ordinance No. \_\_\_\_\_\_ having been regularly introduced at the meeting of \_\_\_\_\_\_, was again introduced, the reading in full thereof unanimously waived, and duly passed and adopted at a regular meeting of the City Council held on the \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_, and said ordinance was adopted by the following vote:

AYES:

NOES:

ABSENT:

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the official seal of the City of San Stanton, California, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of

CITY CLERK of the City of Stanton, California