Report on Examination of Financial Statements

For the Year ended June 30, 2007

And
Independent Auditor's Report

Jorge & Yribarren

Certified Public Accountants



## Selma Redevelopment Agency Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

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# Jorge & Yribarren

Certified Public Accountants

Larry M. Jorge CPA, CFP Steven B. Yribarren, CPA

December 13, 2007

## Independent Auditor's Report on Financial Statements

Board of Directors Selma Redevelopment Agency Selma, California

Members of the Board of Directors:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Selma Redevelopment Agency as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Selma Redevelopment Agency's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Selma Redevelopment Agency as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2007, on our consideration of Selma Redevelopment Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the budgetary information identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Board of Directors Selma Redevelopment Agency Page 2

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements which collectively comprise the Selma Redevelopment Agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining financial statements and supporting schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Respectfully submitted,

Jorge and Yribarren

Certified Public Accountants

Managements' Discussion and Analysis JUNE 30, 2007

This section of the Selma Redevelopment Agency's annual audit report presents a discussion by the Finance department of the Agency's financial performance during the fiscal year which ended on June 30, 2007. Please read in conjunction with the Agency's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The Agency's total assets are \$17,404,641. The Agency's liabilities are \$15,994,847.
- During the year the Agency's total revenues are \$3,863,603. Total expenses are \$5,718,167.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section) the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Agency's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the Agency's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

Management's Basic Required Supplementary Discussion Financial Information Statements and Analysis Notes to the Financia Statements Statements Zinaurial. Statements

Detail

Summary

Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

#### Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Managements' Discussion and Analysis JUNE 30, 2007

The two government-wide statements report the Agency's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets—the difference between the Agency's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the Agency's financial health or position:

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Agency's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the Agency's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the Governmental activities. Most of the Agency's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Agency's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

#### Selma Redevelopment Agency has the following kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds—Most of the Agency's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Agency's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

## **FURTHER INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions or need additional information, contact Judy Bier, Finance Director, at the City of Selma.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	Govern Activ		Business-type Activities	_	Total
Assets:					0.050.000
Cash and investments		77,295	\$ 275,631	\$	2,852,926
Cash with fiscal agent	`7	773,975	400,000		1,173,975
Accounts receivables	=		229,919		229,919
Fixed assets ( net, where applicable,			0.010.777		0 100 171
of accumulated depreciation)		167,394	2,312,777		2,480,171
Notes receivable		867,650		_	10,667,650
Total Assets	14,1	186,314	3,218,327	_	17,404,641
Liabilities:					
Cash deficit	1.0	967,072			1,967,072
	4.40	500,000	18,550		518,550
Accounts payable  Due to other agencies		179,403	9,822		189,225
Noncurrent liabilities:		-	0,022		
Due in more than one year	13.3	320,000			13,320,000
Total Liabilities		966,475	28,372	_	15,994,847
Total Liabilities		500,170	20,012	-	10,001,017
NET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,4	118,296	2,312,777		4,731,073
Restricted For:					
Debt Service	(7	737,217)	==		(737, 217)
Capital Projects	1,0	085,677			1,085,677
Low-income housing	(	31,525			631,525
Unrestricted	(5,	178,442)	877,178		(4,301,264)
Total Net Assets	\$ (1,7	780,161)	\$ 3,189,955	\$	1,409,794

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

			_	Program Revenues	-	Net (Expense) I	Reve	enue and Chang	jes ir	Net Assets
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		Charges for Services	-	Governmental Activities	E	Business-type Activities	_	Total
Expenditures: Community Development Capital outlay Debt service: Total expenditures	\$	1,086,081 532,809 2,420,320 4,039,210	\$	-	\$	(1,086,081) (532,809) (2,420,320) (4,039,210)			\$	(1,086,081) (532,809) (2,420,320) (4,039,210)
Business-type Activities: RDA Selma Manufacturing Complex Total Primary Government	\$	1,678,957 5,718,167	\$	1,081,305 1,081,305	9 <u>—</u>	 (4,039,210)	\$	(597,652) (597,652)	_	(597,652) (4,636,862)
	Tax Ass Rev	essments	of m	oney & property	y	1,199,247 212,606 1,139,328 263,739		  6,573 2,000		1,199,247 212,606 1,145,901 265,739
	Ch Net A	sfers otal General Re nange in Net As assets - Beginn assets - Ending	sset ing	2 1 / De 2 / De	\$	(41,195) 2,773,725 (1,265,485) (514,676) (1,780,161)	\$	8,573 (589,079) 3,779,034 3,189,955	\$_	(41,195) 2,782,298 (1,854,564) 3,264,358 1,409,794

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	RDA General Debt Service	RDA Upright Debt Service	RDA Industrial Park Debt Service
Assets:	\$	\$	\$
Cash and investments	Ψ	773,975	
Cash with fiscal agent Total Assets	\$	\$ 773,975	\$
Liabilities:			
Cash deficit	\$ 1,306,210	\$ 212,659	\$ 237,459
Accounts payable			<del>2.5</del> %
Due to other agencies	165,411		
Total Liabilities	1,471,621	212,659	237,459
Fund balances:			
Reserved fund balances:		504.040	(00.004)
Reserved for debt service	(1,353,066)	561,316	(80,824)
Reserved for low-income housing	<del>7.</del>		
Reserved for capital projects	<u></u> /		 (450 005)
Unreserved	(118,555)		(156,635)
Total fund balances	(1,471,621)	561,316	(237,459)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	\$773,975	\$

	RDA using Projecct apital Project		RDA Housing Bond Capital Project		Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$	1,145,380	\$	946,771	\$	485,144	\$	2,577,295
\$	1,145,380	\$	946,771	\$	485,144	\$	773,975 3,351,270
\$		\$		\$	210,744	\$	1,967,072
	500,000				-		500,000
	13,855		-		137 210,881	) <del></del>	179,403 2,646,475
-	513,855	<del></del>	: <del></del>		210,001		2,040,473
	<u> </u>				135,357		(737,217)
	631,525				. <del>Tel</del>		631,525
			The state of the s		138,906		138,906
			946,771				671,581
-	631,525	-	946,771	-	274,263	3	704,795
\$	1,145,380	\$	946,771	\$	485,144	\$	3,351,270

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 704,795
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.  Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	 10,835,044 (13,320,000)
Net assets of governmental activities - statement of net assets	\$ (1,780,161)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	RDA General Debt Service	RDA Upright Debt Service	RDA Industrial Park Debt Service		
Revenue:		7921			
	\$ 959,450	\$	\$		
Revenue for use of money & property	(36,063)	13,401	841,187		
Assessment payment	18,000	<del></del> 3			
Miscellaneous	11,109	250,000			
Total revenues	952,496	263,401	841,187		
Expenditures:					
Community Development	451,764	79,462	4,008		
Capital outlay	525,000	-			
Debt service:					
Principal	389,152	677	35,000		
Interest and fiscal charges	137,729		169,071		
Total expenditures	1,503,645	80,139	208,079		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditure	s (551,149)	183,262	633,108		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in		(96,358)	1.75		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(96,358)			
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over					
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	(551,149)	86,904	633,108		
Fund balances/equity, July 1	(920,472)	474,412	(870,567)		
Fund balances/equity, June 30	\$ (1,471,621)	\$ 561,316	\$ (237,459)		

	RDA	73701	RDA	Other					Total
	using Projecct				Housing Bond Governmental		Governmenta		
Ca	pital Project	Ca	pital Project		Funds	·	Funds		
\$	239,797	\$	) <del></del>	\$	11	\$	1,199,247		
	43,952				(4,820)		857,657		
	29,789				62,700		110,489		
	2,630		4.70		N===		263,739		
_	316,168	_		-	57,880		2,431,132		
	508,055		<u></u>		42,792		1,086,081		
					7,809		532,809		
	40,971				40,347		506,147		
					75,630		382,430		
	549,026				166,578	£ <del>-1</del> -	2,507,467		
	(232,858)		<del>55</del> 1		(108,698)		(76,335)		
	:				55,163		(41,195)		
=				-	55,163	8 <u></u>	(41,195)		
	(232,858)				(53,535)		(117,530)		
	864,383		946,771		327,798		822,325		
\$	631,525	\$	946,771	\$	274,263	\$	704,795		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(117,530)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Revenues in the SOA not providing current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds. Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	5	281,671 (2,250,902) 422,117 399,159
Change in net assets of governmental activities - statement of activities	\$	(1,265,485)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUND JUNE 30, 2007

	- 1	Enterprise Fund Selma Mfg. Complex RDA
Assets: Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent Accounts receivable Fixed assets ( net, where applicable, of accumulated depreciation) Total Assets	\$ \$	275,631 400,000 229,919 2,846,416 3,751,966
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other agencies Total Liabilities	\$	18,550 9,822 28,372
Net Assets: Unrestricted Total Net Assets	\$_	3,723,594 3,723,594

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	-	Enterprise Fund Selma Mfg. Complex RDA
Operating Revenues: Revenue for use of money & property Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues	\$	609,451 480,427 1,089,878
Operating Expenses: Purchased professional and technical services Other internal services Depreciation Capital outlay Total Operating Expenses  Operating Income (Loss)	ie 4=	49,119 558,790 533,639 3,770 1,145,318 (55,440)
Transfers: Interfund operating transfers in Interfund operating transfers out	-	
Net income		(55,440)
Retained earnings/fund balances, July 1 Retained earnings/fund balances, June 30	\$	3,779,034 3,723,594

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Enterprise Fund		
	Manufacturir		
	·	Complex	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,220,122	
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services		(604,012)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		616,110	
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:			
Transfers From (To) Other Funds	_	(257,210)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities		(257,210)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	358,900 316,731 675,631	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(55,440)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided by Operating Activities		F22 C20	
Depreciation On the Association (Control of the Control of the Con		533,639	
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		130,244	
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		7,667	
Total Adjustments	-	671,550	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	616,110	
Test Oddit Formod (Odda) by Operating Administra	-	0.0,0	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The combined financial statements of Selma Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles applicable to governmental units which are generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### Reporting Entity

The Agency's basic financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The Agency evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Agency's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its name)
- the Agency holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the Agency appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the Agency is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Agency
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the Agency
- the exclusion of the organization would result in misleading or incomplete financial statements

The Agency also evaluated each legally separate, tax-exempt organization whose resources are used principally to provide support to the <District> to determine if its omission from the reporting entity would result in financial statements which are misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14 requires inclusion of such an organization as a component unit when: 1) The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the Agency, its component units or its constituents; and 2) The Agency or its component units is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization; and 3) Such economic resources are significant to the Agency.

Based on these criteria, the Agency has no component units. Additionally, the Agency is a component unit of the City of Selma as defined by the GASB Statement.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

#### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Agency. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Agency and for each function of the Agency's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Agency does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Agency's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Agency reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the Agency's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Agency except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Agency reports the following major enterprise funds:
Selma Manufacturing Complex: This fund accounts for all of the transactions related to the development and leasing activity related to the Upright property the Agency took posession of.

#### b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Agency gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Agency considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the Agency incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the Agency's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting," all proprietary funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, proprietary funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements unless they conflict with GASB guidance. The Agency has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### 3. Financial Statement Amounts

#### a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

#### b. Property Taxes

Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and March 1. They become delinquent on December 10 and April 10 respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Fresno bills and collects the taxes or the Agency.

On October 12, 1993, the Fresno County Board of Supervisors voted to adopt an alternate method of property tax apportionment known as the Teeter Plan. The method applies to current secured and supplemental, but not to unsecured. The basic concept of the Teeter Plan is that the County will apportion taxing agencies 100% of their levy (adjusted for roll changes) with the County owning the delinquent receivables. The County will apportion the current secured and unitary into a revenue account in three installments. The first 50% was apportioned December 15, the balance will be apportioned by April 15, and June 15 at 45% and 5% respectively.

## c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories on the balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

#### d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	2-15
Office Equipment	3-15
Computer Equipment	3-15

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net assets.

#### h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

#### B. Compliance and Accountability

#### 1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation
None reported

Action Taken
Not applicable

#### 2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Assets of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net assets at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Fund Name None reported Deficit Amount Not applicable

Remarks Not applicable

#### Deposits and Investments

The Agency's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the Agency's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect Agency funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

#### Cash Deposits:

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the Agency's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$2,852,926 and the bank balance was \$4,026,901. The Agency's cash deposits at June 30, 2007 and during the year ended June 30, 2007, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the Agency's agent bank in the Agency's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks:

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the Agency was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

#### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the Agency was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

#### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Agency's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Agency's name.

At year end, the Agency was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the Agency was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the Agency was not exposed to interest rate risk.

#### e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the Agency was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### Investment Accounting Policy

The Agency's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### D. Notes receivable

The Agency had the following receivables outstanding at June 30, 2007:

Up	-Right, Inc., a California corporation, \$7,550,000 installment promissory note dated 10/27/94, secured by Deed of Trust and equipment liens, due in monthly installments with interest from 7% to 11%, due September 15, 2014, this note is in default, due to Up-Right filing for bankruptcy protection. The bankruptcy proceedings have been completed. On December 12, 2003 the California State Superior Court granted title of the Up-Right property to the Selma Redevelopment Agency. The Agency is in the process of marketing the site to rental tenants to provide rental income. This income will provide the necessary cash	
	flow to continue the required debt service payments.	\$ 8,884,553
Up	lease-sublease development loan dated 10/27/94, due in semi-annual installments with interest at 7.25%, due September 15, 2014, this note is in default, due to Up-Right filing for bankruptcy protection. See above note. The same rental income will also be used to make these service payments.	364,325
Gı	ustavo Oscar Chavez, \$15,270 installment promissory note dated 12/20/95, secured by Deed of Trust, due in monthly installments with interest at 7%, due March 19, 2001, this note is in default.	13,305
Ne	elson's Hardware, \$85,000 renovation loan dated December 15, 1997, secured by Deed of Trust, due in annual installments with interest at 7%, due October 2007.	10,915
Ce	enterstage Partners, \$407,000 installment promissory note dated August 21, 1997, secured by Deed of Trust, due in monthly installments with interest at 8.5%, due on June 1, 2018.	316,774
Se	cure Storage, \$444,000 installment promissory note dated with varying dates, secured by Deed of Trust, due in quarterly installments with interest at 5.5%	372,428
Si	gnal Technologies, \$191,850 installment promissory note dated December 28, 2006, secured by Deed of Trust, due in quarterly installments with interest at 6.25%	117,810
Fa	rmer in the Dill, LP, \$117,810 installment promissory note dated April 30, 2007, secured by Deed of Trust, due in quarterly installments with interest at 5.5%	192,935
GI	acier Air, \$103,850 installment promissory note dated May 4, 2005 secured by Deed of Trust, due in	03 900

quarterly installments with interest at 5% due in January 2020.

93,890

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Chavez Construction, \$99,000 installment promissory note dated June 20, 2006, secured by Deed of Trust, due in quarterly installments with interest at 5.5% due in September 2023.

94,615

Selma Pallet, \$220,000 installment promissory note dated November 8, 2006, secured by Deed of Trust, due in quarterly installments with interest at 5.5% due in September 2023.

206,100

10,667,650

#### E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land \$	1,560,000 \$		\$	\$ 1,560,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,560,000	H=0		 1,560,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	16,009,182			16,009,182
Equipment				
Vehicles			-	 THE A
Total capital assets being depreciated	16,009,182		-	16,009,182
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(14,189,127)	(533,639)	)	(14,722,766)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,189,127)	(533,639)	) <del></del>	(14,722,766)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,820,055	(533,639)	)	1,286,416
Business-type activities capital assets, net \$	3,380,055 \$	(533,639)	) \$	\$ 2,846,416

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 1777
Selma Manufacturing Complex	533,639
Friends to the Annual State of the Control of the	\$ 533,639

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### F. Long-Term Obligations

#### 1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2007, are as follows:

	Beginning		75	5	Ending	Amounts Due Within
	Balance		Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 13,640,000	\$		\$ 320,000 \$	13,320,000	940,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 13,640,000	\$_	(	\$ 320,000 \$	13,320,000 \$	940,000

#### 2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2007, are as follows:

Governmental Activities											
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total					
2008	\$	940,000	\$	798,474	\$	1,738,474					
2009		735,000		741,490		1,476,490					
2010		785,000		679,466		1,464,466					
2011		850,000		612,264		1,462,264					
2012		895,000		539,366		1,434,366					
2013-2017		4,080,000		1,526,105		5,606,105					
2018-2022		2,340,000		2,367,300		4,707,300					
2023-2027		575,000		602,775		1,177,775					
2028-2032		575,000		460,625		1,035,625					
2033-2037		1,545,000		388,625		1,933,625					
Totals	\$	13,320,000	\$	8,716,490	\$	22,036,490					

## F. Bonds payable

A summary of changes in bonds payable for the year ended June 30, 2007 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amount Original Issue	Outstanding June 30, 2006	Issued		Retired	Outstanding June 30, 2007
1992A	variable \$	570,000 \$	400,000 \$		\$	45,000 \$	355,000
1994	11%	670,000	565,000			10,000	555,000
1994	variable	7,550,000	5,935,000				5,935,000
1994	7.25%	320,000	265,000				265,000
1997	variable	370,000	315,000			30,000	285,000
1997	variable	60,000	10,000			10,000	
2001A	variable	2,750,000	2,725,000			190,000	2,535,000
Industrial Park	5%	3,561,890	3,425,000	-		35,000	3,390,000
		\$ <sub>=</sub>	13,640,000 \$		\$_	320,000 \$	13,320,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### G. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Contingencies

The Agency participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Agency has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the Agency, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

#### Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the Agency at June 30,2007.

	Required Supp	olementary Info	ormation		
Required supplementary infor Accounting Standards Board bu	mation includes financ t not considered a part c	cial information and  If the basic financial sta	disclosures required	I by the	Governmental

Combining Statements and Budget Comparisons as Supplementary Information
This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Debt Capital Service Projects Funds Funds					Total Nonmajor overnmental unds (See exhibit A-3)
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	220,919	\$	264,225	\$	485,144
	Ψ	220,919	\$	264,225	\$	485,144
Total Assets	φ	220,919	Φ	204,225	Ψ	403,144
Liabilities:						
Cash deficit	\$	85,562	\$	125,182	\$	210,744
Due to other agencies	35			137		137
Total Liabilities	-	85,562		125,319	7	210,881
Total Elabilities	2		-			
Fund balances:						
Reserved fund balances:						
Reserved for debt service		135,357				135,357
Reserved for capital projects				138,906		138,906
Total fund balances		135,357		138,906	-	274,263
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	220,919	\$	264,225	\$	485,144

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007		Debt Service Funds	_	Capital Projects Funds	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-5)
Revenue:		(4.000)			•	(4.000)
Revenue for use of money & property	\$	(4,820)	\$	VER	\$	(4,820)
Assessment payment		62,700	-		-	62,700
Total revenues		57,880	_	(111	_	57,880
Expenditures:						40.700
Community Development		320		42,472		42,792
Capital outlay				7,809		7,809
Debt service:				Christian		
Principal		40,000		347		40,347
Interest and fiscal charges		75,630				75,630
Total expenditures		115,950		50,628		166,578
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expendi	itur	(58,070)		(50,628)		(108,698)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in		55,163				55,163
Total other financing sources (uses)		55,163				55,163
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		(2,907)		(50,628)		(53,535)
Fund balances/equity, July 1		138,264		189,534		327,798
Fund balances/equity, June 30	\$	135,357	\$	138,906	\$	274,263
i and balances/equity, bane of	Ψ==	100,007	Ψ_	100,000	Ψ.	211,200

## **SELMA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY**

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	•	RDA right-Coalinga ebt Service		RDA Theatre ebt Service	In	RDA-Low come Hsng. ebt Service	F	Nonmajor Debt Service unds (See xhibit B-1)
Assets: Cash and investments	\$		S		\$	220,919	\$	220,919
	φ		Φ		1		φ	
Total Assets	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	220,919	\$	220,919
Liabilities:								
Cash deficit	\$	23,284	\$	62,278	\$	7 <u>200</u>	\$	85,562
Total Liabilities		23,284		62,278				85,562
Fund balances: Reserved fund balances:								
Reserved for debt service		(23,284)		(62,278)		220,919		135,357
Total fund balances	-	(23,284)		(62,278)		220,919		135,357
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$		\$		\$	220,919	\$	220,919

## SELMA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

PORTIL TEAR ENDED SONE SO, 2007	RDA Upright-Coalinga Debt Service	RDA Theatre Debt Service	RDA-Low Income Hsng. Debt Service	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds (See Exhibit B-2)
Revenue:	¢ (4.074)	e (0.740)	r.	e (4.000)
	\$ (1,074)	\$ (3,746)	\$	\$ (4,820)
Assessment payment		62,700		62,700
Total revenues	(1,074)	58,954		57,880
Expenditures:				
Community Development		320		320
Debt service:				
Principal		30,000	10,000	40,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	14,030	61,600	75,630
Total expenditures		44,350	71,600	115,950
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditu	ır (1,074)	14,604	(71,600)	(58,070)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in		- <del></del>	55,163	55,163
Total other financing sources (uses)			55,163	55,163
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(1,074)	14,604	(16,437)	(2,907)
Fund balances/equity, July 1	(22,210)	(76,882)	237,356	138,264
Fund balances/equity, June 30	\$ (23,284)	\$ (62,278)	\$ 220,919	\$ 135,357

## **SELMA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY**

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	RDA courthouse pital Project	RDA dustrial Park apital Project	F	Nonmajor Capital Projects Junds (See Exhibit B-1)
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 264,225	\$ 	\$	264,225
Total Assets	\$ 264,225	\$ <u> </u>	\$	264,225
Liabilities:				
Cash deficit	\$ 	\$ 125,182	\$	125,182
Due to other agencies		137		137
Total Liabilities	1999	125,319		125,319
Fund balances:				
Reserved fund balances:				
Reserved for capital projects	264,225	(125, 319)		138,906
Total fund balances	264,225	(125,319)	-	138,906
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 264,225	\$ 	\$	264,225

## **SELMA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY**

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Revenue:		RDA Courthouse Capital Project		RDA Industrial Park Capital Project		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit B-2)	
Total revenues	\$	(47)	\$		\$_		
Expenditures:							
Community Development				42,472		42,472	
Capital outlay		-		7,809		7,809	
Debt service:							
Principal				347		347	
Total expenditures	Control Control			50,628	_	50,628	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expendit	tur	-		(50,628)		(50,628)	
Other financing sources (uses): Total other financing sources (uses)			-		<u></u>		
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses				(50,628)		(50,628)	
Fund balances/equity, July 1		264,225		(74,691)		189,534	
Fund balances/equity, June 30	\$	264,225	\$	(125,319)	\$	138,906	

Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

# Jorge & Yribarren

Certified Public Accountants

Larry M. Jorge CPA, CFP Steven B. Yribarren, CPA

December 13, 2007

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors Selma Redevelopment Agency Selma, California

Members of the Board of Directors:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Selma Redevelopment Agency as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Selma Redevelopment Agency's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Selma Redevelopment Agency's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Selma Redevelopment Agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Selma Redevelopment Agency's internal control over financial reporting. A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversly affects the Selma Redevelopment Agency's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Selma Redevelopment Agency's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented by the Selma Redevelopment Agency's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Selma Redevelopment Agency's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we considered to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Board of Directors Selma Redevelopment Agency Page 2

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Selma Redevelopment Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the organization and the Board of Directors and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Jorge and Yribarren

Certified Public Accountants