CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA

Board of Aldermen

Clarence Jernigan, Mayor Gary Betts, Mayor Pro-Tempore Nancy Henderson, Alderman Melissa Blalock, Alderman Keith Fogleman, Alderman Renee Bryant, Alderman

City Officials

Nick Holcomb, City Manager Zach Hewett, Finance Director Melody Hancock, City Clerk/Dep. Finance Director Bob Wilhoit, City Attorney Steve Leonard, Police Chief Marty Leonard, Fire Chief Don Peeler, Public Works Director Robin Hughes, Parks and Recreation Director Greg Patton, Planning Director Donna Toomes, Library Director Michael Glass, Wastewater Director

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA June 30, 2017

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FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Alderman City of Randleman, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Randleman, North Carolina (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Randleman ABC Board, which represents 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Randleman ABC Board, is based solely on the report of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the City of Randleman ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Randleman, North Carolina as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 12; the Other Postemployment Benefits -Schedules of Funding Progress, and Employer Contributions on page 54; the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and Contributions on page 55; and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on page 56, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Randleman, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards

generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 23, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Randleman, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Randleman, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bernard Robinson & Company, S.S.P.

Greensboro, North Carolina January 23, 2018

As management of the City of Randleman (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Randleman for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

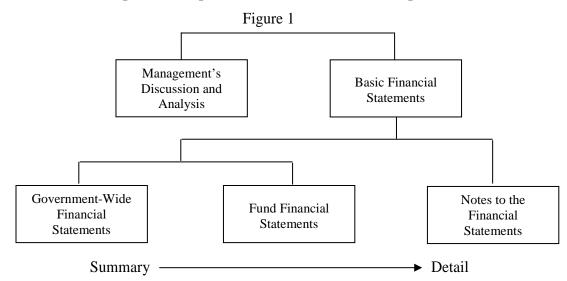
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Randleman exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$18,075,341 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$851,964 primarily due to property tax collections in the General Fund and utility charges in the Water and Sewer Fund.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Randleman's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,247,777, an increase of \$480,709 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 29% of this total amount, or \$1,224,540, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,023,237, or 60.7%, of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- City of Randleman maintained its BBB+ bond rating from Standard & Poor's Corporation.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Randleman's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Randleman.





Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-Wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 10) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflow of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component unit. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the City of Randleman. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the City, the ABC Board is important to the City because the City exercises control over the Board by appointing its members, in addition, the Board is required to distribute its profits to the City.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Randleman, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the City of Randleman can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Randleman adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Fund - The City of Randleman has one kind of proprietary fund or enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Randleman uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements immediately follow Exhibit 11 of the audit report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Randleman's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information is included within this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis City of Randleman's Net Position Figure 2

	Business-Type							
	Government	al Activities	Acti	vities	Totals			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Current and other assets	\$ 4,345,795	\$ 3,914,162	\$ 1,650,575	\$ 1,479,010	\$ 5,996,370	\$ 5,393,172		
Capital assets	10,038,086	10,218,219	6,311,824	6,349,584	16,349,910	16,567,803		
Deferred outflows of resources	667,483	162,130	183,255	40,533	850,738	202,663		
Total assets and deferred outflows	15,051,364	14,294,511	8,145,654	7,869,127	23,197,018	22,163,638		
Long-term liabilities	2,545,581	2,189,205	2,325,620	2,388,105	4,871,201	4,577,310		
Other liabilities	23,620	84,497	142,512	158,801	166,132	243,298		
Deferred inflows of resources	55,481	95,725	28,863	23,928	84,344	119,653		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	2,624,682	2,369,427	2,496,995	2,570,834	5,121,677	4,940,261		
Net investment in capital assets	8,842,515	9,541,495	4,335,957	4,732,441	13,178,472	14,273,936		
Restricted	1,050,719	1,166,944	-	-	1,050,719	1,166,944		
Unrestricted	2,533,448	1,216,645	1,312,702	565,852	3,846,150	1,782,497		
Total net position	\$12,426,682	\$11,925,084	\$ 5,648,659	\$ 5,298,293	\$18,075,341	\$17,223,377		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Randleman exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$18,075,341 as of June 30, 2017. One of the largest portions, \$13,178,472 or 73%, reflects the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The City of Randleman uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Randleman's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City of Randleman's net position, \$1,050,719, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$3,846,150 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- A collection rate of 99.42% for property taxes including Motor Vehicle taxes.
- Continual examination of departmental spending to conserve resources and boost fund balance.

City of Randleman's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

			riguit 5			
			Busine	ss-Type		
	Governmen	tal Activities	Acti	vities	То	tals
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues: Program revenues: Charges for						
services Operating grants	\$ 490,222	\$ 473,149	\$ 2,426,398	\$ 2,309,179	\$ 2,916,620	\$ 2,782,328
and contributions Capital grants and	135,708	137,928	-	-	135,708	137,928
contributions General revenues:	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property taxes	2,486,286	2,464,906	-	-	2,486,286	2,464,906
Other taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to	237	283	-	-	237	283
specific programs Unrestricted investment	2,141,827	1,699,509	-	-	2,141,827	1,699,509
earnings	23,594	10,341	-	-	23,594	10,341
Other	294,772	373,561			294,772	373,561
Total revenues	5,572,646	5,159,677	2,426,398	2,309,179	7,999,044	7,468,856
Expenses:						
General government	676,529	686,924	-	-	676,529	686,924
Public safety	2,731,220	2,668,268	-	-	2,731,220	2,668,268
Public works Cultural and	633,721	484,374	-	-	633,721	484,374
recreation Economic	766,862	825,347	-	-	766,862	825,347
development	262,716	214,952	-	-	262,716	214,952
Water and sewer			2,076,032	2,574,649	2,076,032	2,574,649
Total expenses	5,071,048	4,879,865	2,076,032	2,574,649	7,147,080	7,454,514
Increase (decrease) in net position	501,598	279,812	350,366	(265,470)	851,964	14,342
Net position, beginning, restated	11,925,084	11,645,272	5,298,293	5,563,763	17,223,377	17,209,035
Net position, June 30,	\$12,426,682	\$ 11,925,084	\$ 5,648,659	\$ 5,298,293	\$ 18,075,341	\$17,223,377

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$501,598.

Business-Type Activities - Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$350,366.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Randleman uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City of Randleman's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Randleman's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Randleman. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Randleman's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$3,023,237, while the total fund balance increased to \$4,043,956. The Governing Body of the City of Randleman has determined that the City should maintain an available fund balance of 10% of General Fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the City. The City currently has an available fund balance of 61% of General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 81% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2017, the governmental funds of the City of Randleman reported a combined fund balance of \$4,247,777 with a net increase in fund balance of \$480,709. Included in this change in fund balance are increases in fund balance of the General Fund and the Capital Projects Funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - The City amended the budget prior to the end of the fiscal year to reflect revenues that were not anticipated at the beginning of the year as well as expenditures for capital items. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Fund - The City of Randleman's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,312,702. The total increase in net position for the Water and Sewer Fund amounted to \$350,366.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - The City of Randleman's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, totaled \$16,349,910 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Completion of the Stout Street Park renovations of \$85,195
- Construction in progress on the main pump station of \$239,013
- Resurfacing of several streets for a total of \$230,627

	Business-Type								
	Government	al Activities	Activ	vities	То	tals			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016			
Land	\$ 355,292	\$ 355,292	\$ 7,275	\$ 7,275	\$ 362,567	\$ 362,567			
Construction in progress	116,137	823,591	309,235	571,932	425,372	1,395,523			
Land improvements	996,144	853,454	-	-	996,144	853,454			
System improvements	-	-	667,022	708,410	667,022	708,410			
Water rights	-	-	1,265,577	1,294,839	1,265,577	1,294,839			
Buildings and improvements	5,370,847	4,946,217	1,172,909	729,882	6,543,756	5,676,099			
Water distribution system	-	-	1,642,561	1,766,511	1,642,561	1,766,511			
Infrastructure	933,253	725,425	-	-	933,253	725,425			
Machinery and equipment	2,247,713	2,492,583	1,247,245	1,270,735	3,494,958	3,763,318			
Other	18,700	21,657			18,700	21,657			
Total	\$10,038,086	\$10,218,219	\$ 6,311,824	\$ 6,349,584	\$16,349,910	\$16,567,803			

City of Randleman's Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation) Figure 4

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in NOTE 2.A. of the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt - As of June 30, 2017, the City of Randleman had total debt outstanding of \$2,889,136. None of the current debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder of the City's debt is secured by specific assets financed by the debt.

General Obligation Bonds, Installment Purchases and Notes

	Business-Type											
		Government	tal Activ	vities	Activities				Totals			
		2017	2	2016		2017		2016	2	017		2016
General obligation bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Installment purchases		913,269	1,	195,571		165,777		298,397	1,0)79,046		1,493,968
Notes payable		-		-		756,332		767,722	7	56,332		767,722
PTRWA obligation		-		-	1	,053,758	1	,130,697	1,0)53,758		1,130,697
Total	\$	913,269	\$1,	195,571	\$ 1	,975,867	\$ 2	2,196,816	\$ 2,8	89,136	\$	3,392,387

Figure 5

City of Randleman's Outstanding Debt

The City of Randleman's total debt decreased by \$692,320 (20%) during the past fiscal year, primarily due to principal payments.

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Randleman as of June 30, 2017 was \$31,314,708. The City had no general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2017.

Economic Factors

The City of Randleman is situated in one of the best regions for business growth in the United States according to Site Selection magazine which named the Greensboro-High Point Metropolitan area as one of the nation's top ten regions for business growth and economic development. Randolph County is included in this area.

Unemployment - The City of Randleman's unemployment rate as of June 30, 2017 stands at 4.1%.

Transportation Upgrade – The North Carolina Department of Transportation completed construction of US Highway 311 Bypass which became part of Interstate 74, and intersects with US Highway 220 just south of Randleman. US Highway 220 is designated as part of the future Interstate 73 which is projected to run from Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan to Myrtle Beach, South Carolina when completed. This situates Randleman at the crossroads of two major interstates with the potential for significant development, both commercial and residential, at our doorstep.

Investment – During 2017, several commercial and residential developments were in the planning and building stages and are scheduled for completion in the near future. These developments will provide employment opportunities as well as housing options for the City's residents.

Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority - The water plant went online in October 2010. As a member of the water authority, the City is now receiving the majority of its water from the Randleman Regional Reservoir. With an allotment of 1 million gallons of water per day, the City is able to provide ample amounts of water to its residents and businesses.

Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the City.

- Tourism to the City has continued to increase. With the continuation of the City's Annual Food Truck State Championship and the Market and Music Summer Concert Series this upward trend is expected to continue.
- Recreation and Cultural opportunities will increase with the expansion of the Deep River Greenway trail, the renovation of Stout Street Park, and the implementation of Phase III of Commerce Square.
- The City approved a \$5,116,500 general fund budget for fiscal year 2017-2018. This budget represents a 6% decrease from the fiscal year 2016-2017 amended budget.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Office, City of Randleman, 204 S. Main St., Randleman, NC 27317.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

	р	City of			
	Governmental	Primary Governmen Business-Type		Randleman ABC Board	
	Activities	Activities	Total		
Assets				112020414	
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,146,915	\$ 1,001,142	\$ 4,148,057	\$ 389,208	
Receivables:	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	. ,	
Taxes receivable, net	30,564	-	30,564	-	
Accounts receivable	90,996	524,854	615,850	-	
Inventory and prepaid expenses	-	107,228	107,228	143,461	
Due from other governments	428,816	17,351	446,167	-	
Due from component unit	42,895	-	42,895	-	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	605,609	-	605,609	-	
Total current assets	4,345,795	1,650,575	5,996,370	532,669	
Non-current assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress	471,429	316,510	787,939	80,170	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	9,566,657	5,995,314	15,561,971	306,006	
Total non-current assets	10,038,086	6,311,824	16,349,910	386,176	
Total assets	14,383,881	7,962,399	22,346,280	918,845	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	667,483	183,255	850,738	19,953	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	23,620	55,002	78,622	73,405	
Customer deposits	-	65,779	65,779	-	
Other current payables	-	21,731	21,731	42,895	
Current portion of long-term liabilities	380,302	307,596	687,898		
Total current liabilities	403,922	450,108	854,030	116,300	
Long-term liabilities:					
Net pension liability	805,299	201,324	1,006,623	-	
Due in more than one year	1,359,980	1,816,700	3,176,680	43,399	
Total liabilities	2,569,201	2,468,132	5,037,333	159,699	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Prepaid taxes	13	-	13	-	
Pension deferrals	55,468	28,863	84,331	2,321	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	8,842,515	4,335,957	13,178,472	386,176	
Restricted for:					
Library trust fund	50,000	-	50,000	-	
Stabilization by State Statute	395,110	-	395,110	-	
Streets	605,609	-	605,609	-	
Working capital	-	-	-	47,644	
Unrestricted	2,533,448	1,312,702	3,846,150	342,958	
Total net position	\$ 12,426,682	\$ 5,648,659	\$ 18,075,341	\$ 776,778	

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CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenues						
					Operating		Capital		
			Cl	narges for	Gr	ants and	Grar	nts and	
	I	Expenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	Contr	ributions	
Functions/Programs									
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	676,529	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Public safety		2,731,220		-		-		-	
Public works		633,721		240,665		123,708		-	
Cultural and recreational		766,862		249,557		12,000		-	
Economic and physical									
development		262,716		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		5,071,048		490,222		135,708		_	
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer		2,076,032		2,426,398		-		-	
Total business-type activities		2,076,032		2,426,398		-		-	
Total primary government	\$	7,147,080	\$	2,916,620	\$	135,708	\$	_	
Component Unit:									
ABC Board	\$	1,264,772	\$	1,241,894	\$	-	\$	-	
Total component unit	\$	1,264,772	\$	1,241,894	\$	-	\$	-	

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Net (Ex	Position		
	F			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	City of Randleman ABC Board
Functions/Programs				
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ (676,529)	\$ -	\$ (676,529)	\$ -
Public safety	(2,731,220)	-	(2,731,220)	-
Public works	(269,348)	-	(269,348)	-
Cultural and recreational	(505,305)	-	(505,305)	-
Economic and physical				
development	(262,716)		(262,716)	
Total governmental activities	(4,445,118)		(4,445,118)	
Business-type activities:				
Water and sewer	-	350,366	350,366	-
Total business-type activities		350,366	350,366	-
Total primary government	(4,445,118)	350,366	(4,094,752)	
Component Unit:				
ABC Board	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (22,878)
Total component unit	_	-	-	(22,878)
General Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes, levied for general purpose	2,486,286	-	2,486,286	-
Other taxes and licenses	237	-	237	-
Grants and contributions not restricted to				
a specific purpose	2,141,827	-	2,141,827	-
Unrestricted investment earnings	23,594	-	23,594	306
Miscellaneous revenues	294,772		294,772	(650)
Total general revenues and transfers	4,946,716		4,946,716	(344)
Change in net position	501,598	350,366	851,964	(23,222)
Net position, beginning, previously reported	12,650,199	5,979,808	18,630,007	800,000
Restatement	(725,115)	(681,515)	(1,406,630)	
Net position, beginning, restated	11,925,084	5,298,293	17,223,377	800,000
Net position, ending	\$ 12,426,682	\$ 5,648,659	\$ 18,075,341	\$ 776,778

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017

	Major Fund General Fund		Total Non-Major Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Agaata	General	ruiu	ruilu	Fullus
Assets	¢ 204	3,163	t 202 75	2 + 2146015
Cash and cash equivalents		,	\$ 203,75	
Restricted cash	00	5,609	-	605,609
Receivables:		0.54		20 5 4
Taxes receivable, net		0,564	-	30,564
Accounts receivable		0,996	-	90,996
Due from other governments		8,747	6	,
Due from component unit		2,895	-	42,895
Total assets	\$ 4,14	1,974	\$ 203,82	1 \$ 4,345,795
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2	3,620	\$-	\$ 23,620
Deferred inflows of resources				
Property taxes receivable	7	4,385	-	74,385
Prepaid taxes		13	-	13
Total deferred inflows of resources	7	4,398	-	74,398
Fund Balances:				
Non spendable:				
Library trust fund		-	50,00	0 50,000
Restricted for:				
Stabilization by state statute	39	5,110	-	395,110
Streets	60	5,609	-	605,609
Assigned:		,		,
Capital projects		-	153,82	1 153,821
Subsequent year's expenditures	2	0,000	,-	20,000
Unassigned		3,237	-	3,023,237
Total fund balances		3,956	203,82	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	200,02	
resources, and fund balances	\$ 4,14	1,974	\$ 203,82	1

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position		
(Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds		\$ 4,247,777
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Gross capital assets at historical cost	\$ 17,209,618	
Accumulated depreciation	(7,171,532)	10,038,086
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of		
resources in fund statements		74,385
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not		
reported in the funds		667,483
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not		
financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Gross long-term debt beginning	(2,189,205)	
Long-term debt included as net position below (includes the		
addition of long-term debt and principal payments during the year)	448,923	
Net pension liability	(805,299)	(2,545,581)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not		
reported in the funds		(55,468)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 12,426,682

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

D	Major Fund General Fund	Total Non-Major Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,474,485	\$ -	¢ 2171195
Other taxes and licenses	\$ 2,474,485 237	φ -	\$ 2,474,485 237
Intergovernmental revenues:	237	-	237
Unrestricted	2,141,827		2,141,827
Restricted	135,708	-	135,708
Sales and services	490,222	-	490,222
Investment earnings	23,594	-	23,594
Miscellaneous revenue	294,772	-	294,772
Total revenues	5,560,845		5,560,845
Expenditures Current:			
General government	603,659	-	603,659
Public safety	2,271,240	-	2,271,240
Public works	481,562	-	481,562
Cultural and recreational	622,146	-	622,146
Economic and physical development	123,877	-	123,877
Capital outlay	561,286	103,236	664,522
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	282,302	-	282,302
Interest	30,828	-	30,828
Total expenditures	4,976,900	103,236	5,080,136
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	583,945	(103,236)	480,709
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers to other funds	(101,000)	(1,280)	(102,280)
Transfers from other funds	1,280	101,000	102,280
Total other financing sources (uses)	(99,720)	99,720	
Net change in fund balances	484,225	(3,516)	480,709
Fund balances, beginning	3,559,731	207,337	3,767,068
Fund balances, ending	\$ 4,043,956	\$ 203,821	\$ 4,247,777

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds			Exhibit 6	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017				
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	480,709
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$	664,522 (844,655)		(180,133)
Proceeds from the sale of governmental assets Gain on disposal of governmental assets				(19,000) 19,000
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities				145,426
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues				11,801
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. New long-term debt issued	\$	_		
Principal payments on long-term debt		282,302		282,302
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:				
Compensated absences Pension expense Net pension obligation	\$	48,836 (220,978) (15,517)		
Other postemployment benefits		(50,848)		(238,507)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities			\$	501,598

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Annual Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

P	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	• • • • • •
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,370,000	\$ 2,434,000	\$ 2,474,485	\$ 40,485
Other taxes and licenses	1,200	1,200	237	(963)
Intergovernmental revenues:			• • • • • • • •	
Unrestricted	1,721,300	1,961,300	2,141,827	180,527
Restricted	140,000	136,000	135,708	(292)
Sales and services	445,000	504,000	490,222	(13,778)
Investment earnings	6,000	20,000	23,594	3,594
Miscellaneous revenue	41,500	340,100	294,772	(45,328)
Total revenues	4,725,000	5,396,600	5,560,845	164,245
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	717,100	733,200	603,659	129,541
Public safety	2,372,900	2,580,100	2,423,576	156,524
Public works	734,900	841,500	772,863	68,637
Cultural and recreational	658,400	816,800	724,797	92,003
Economic and physical development	141,200	151,800	138,875	12,925
Debt payments	317,500	317,500	313,130	4,370
Total expenditures	4,942,000	5,440,900	4,976,900	464,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(217,000)	(44,300)	583,945	628,245
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfer to other funds	-	(101,000)	(101,000)	-
Transfer from other funds	-	1,300	1,280	(20)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(99,700)	(99,720)	(20)
Fund balance appropriated	217,000	144,000	-	(144,000)
Net changes in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	484,225	\$ 484,225
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending			<u>3,559,731</u> <u>\$4,043,956</u>	

	Water and Sewer Fund
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,001,142
Account receivables, net	524,854
Due from other governments	17,351
Inventories	107,228
Total current assets	1,650,575
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land and other non-depreciable assets	316,510
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	5,995,314
Total non-current assets	6,311,824
Total assets	7,962,399
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Contributions to pension plan	183,255
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	55,002
Customer deposits	65,779
Accrued interest payable	21,731
Compensated absences - current	29,000
General obligation bonds payable - current	66,907
Installment purchase agreements payable - current	211,689
Total current liabilities	450,108
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Net pension liability	201,324
Other postemployment benefits	114,554
Compensated absences - noncurrent	4,875
General obligation bonds payable - noncurrent	689,425
Installment purchase agreements payable - noncurrent	1,007,846
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,018,024
Total Liabilities	2,468,132
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension deferrals	28,863
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	4,335,957
Unrestricted	1,312,702
Total net position	\$ 5,648,659
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement	

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Water and
Operating revenues:	Sewer Fund
Water sales	\$ 1,187,069
Sewer charges	1,196,941
Water and sewer taps	5,100
Other operating revenues	37,288
Total operating revenues	2,426,398
Operating expenses:	
Water and treatment and distribution	822,447
Water and sewer maintenance	223,281
Wastewater treatment	530,114
Depreciation	408,970
Total operating expenses	1,984,812
Operating income	441,586
Non-operating expenses:	
PTRWA administration operating costs	(35,181)
Interest and other charges	(56,039)
Total non-operating expenses	(91,220)
Change in net position	350,366
Total net position, previously reported	5,979,808
Restatement	(681,515)
Total net position, restated	5,298,293
Total net position, ending	\$ 5,648,659

	Water and
	Sewer Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,361,639
Cash paid for goods and services	(957,138)
Cash paid to employees for services	(632,182)
Other operating revenues	37,288
Net cash provided by operating activities	809,607
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(371,210)
Payments for PTRWA administration operating costs	(35,181)
Issuance of bonds and installment purchase agreements	59,888
Principal paid on bonds and installment purchase agreements	(268,125)
Interest paid on bonds and installment purchase agreements	(56,039)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(670,667)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	138,940
Balances, beginning	862,202
Balances, ending	\$ 1,001,142
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating income	\$ 441,586
	φ ++1,500
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	408,970
Pension expense	17,500
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in:	
Accounts receivable	(27,471)
Due from other governments	(5,154)
Inventory	-
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions	(142,722)
Net pension asset	-
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(15,712)
Customer deposits	(577)
Accrued compensated absences	(9,535)
Deferred inflows of resources for pensions	(12,565)
Net pension liability	155,287
Total adjustments	368,021
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 809,607

	Fireman's Relief Fund
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 152,290
Total assets	\$ 152,290
Liabilities:	
Intergovernmental payable	\$ 152,290
Total liabilities	\$ 152,290

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Randleman, North Carolina (the "City") and its discretely presented component unit conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member board of aldermen. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, the City of Randleman ABC Board, a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the City's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

City of Randleman ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the City. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the City. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the City of Randleman ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at 100 Hilliary Street, Randleman, NC 27317.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds including fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, sanitation services, parks and recreation, and general government services.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Randleman Library Endowment Fund – This fund is used to account for assets held by the City for the maintenance of the Randleman Library.

Public Works Building Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction of a new public works building.

City Center Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction of a new City center.

Library Renovation Fund – This fund is used to account for the renovations to the City's library.

Phase II Fund – This fund is used to account for the second phase of construction of the new City center.

Stout Street Park Fund – This fund is used to account for the renovation of the Stout Street Park.

Animal Shelter Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction of an animal rescue facility.

Deep River Greenway Fund – This fund is used to account for development of a greenway around the Deep River.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations.

The City reports the following fund type:

Agency Fund – Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. An agency fund is used to account for assets the City holds on behalf of others. The City maintains a Fireman's Relief Fund for the assistance to firemen and their families.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under installment purchase agreements are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the City because the tax is levied by Randolph County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as deferred revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply costreimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal yearend. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Projects Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. The City Manager is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations between departmental areas within a fund up to \$1,000; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or that change departmental appropriations by more than \$1,000 must be approved by the governing board. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City and the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The City and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposit.

State law (G.S. 159-30(c)) authorizes the City and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust ("NCCMT"). The City's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value. Non-

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT - Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

In accordance with State law, the City has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law (G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)), the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2016. As allowed by State law, the City has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the City's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the City and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market.

The inventories of the City's enterprise fund consist of materials and supplies held for consumption. The inventories of the City of Randleman ABC Board consist of items held for resale. The cost of these inventories is recorded as an expense as the inventories are consumed.

Inventory and Prepaid Items (Continued)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: software, equipment and supplies unit cost, \$5,000; vehicles (except for vehicles having a useful 1ife of three years or less), \$10,000; all inexhaustible assets, \$1,000; buildings and improvements, \$20,000; and infrastructure, \$100,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Land improvements	5-10 years
Infrastructure, buildings and improvements	15-50 years
Equipment, heavy equipment and plant facilities	
and distribution system	40 years
System improvements	15 years
Equipment and heavy vehicles	5-10 years
Software	5-7 years

Depreciation of ABC Board fixed assets is calculated on the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Building	40 years
Store and administrative equipment	7 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has one item that meet this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2017 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has two items that meet the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes and deferrals of pension expense that result from the implementation of GASB Statement 68.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the City provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide statements. Both the City's and the ABC Board's sick leave policies provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither the City nor the ABC Board has any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position - Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is comprised of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Fund Balances (Continued)

Inventories – This portion of fund balance is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Library Trust Fund - Library resources that are required to be retained under the terms of an endowment agreement for activities at the City of Randleman Public Library.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the City of Randleman intends to use for specific purposes.

Capital projects – portion of fund balance that is assigned for various capital projects throughout the City that were approved by the governing body.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Finance Officer has been given the authority to spend resources in the order deemed in the best interest of the City. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are spent from restricted fund balance first, followed by assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the City.

The City of Randleman has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the City in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 10% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of General Fund balance in excess of 10% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the City in a future budget.

Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

Other Resources

The ABC Board makes quarterly transfers to the City's General Fund. These transfers represent the City's portion of the Board's surpluses that the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute to the City.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Randleman, North Carolina's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City of Randleman, North Carolina has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

Deposits

All deposits of the City and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits.

Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City, the ABC Board, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City and the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

Deposits (Continued)

At June 30, 2017, the City's deposits, which include the Firemen's Relief Fund, had a carrying amount of \$1,141,226 and a bank balance of \$1,234,493. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$734,493 in interest-bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. Also included in the City's cash balance is \$350 in petty cash on hand.

At June 30, 2017, the ABC Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$387,058 and a bank balance of \$384,104. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and collateral securities. Also included in the ABC Board's cash balance is \$2,150 in petty cash on hand.

Investments

At June 30, 2017, the City's investment balances were as follows:

Investment Type	Valuation Measurement Method	Book Value at 6/30/2017	Maturity	Rating
investment Type	Method	0/30/2017	Waturny	Katilig
NC Capital Management Trust - Government Portfolio	Amortized Cost	\$ 1,731,737	N/A	AAAm
NC Capital Management Trust - Term Portfolio	Fair Value, Level 1	2,032,603	0.14 years	Unrated
Total		\$ 3,764,340		

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

The City has no policy regarding interest rate, credit, custodial credit or concentration of credit risks.

The City of Randleman ABC Board has no investments. All funds are in deposit type accounts.

Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts: Enterprise Fund – Customer accounts receivable in the amount of \$11,743.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental Activities:	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 355,292	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 355,292
Construction in progress	823,591	54,795	762,249	116,137
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	1,178,883	54,795	762,249	471,429
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,172,534	261,614	-	1,434,148
Buildings and improvements	6,980,480	666,937	-	7,647,417
Infrastructure	928,641	234,724	-	1,163,365
Equipment and heavy equipment	6,248,717	208,701	76,335	6,381,083
Other	112,176		-	112,176
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	15,442,548	1,371,976	76,335	16,738,189
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	319,080	118,924	-	438,004
Buildings and improvements	2,034,263	242,307	-	2,276,570
Infrastructure	203,216	26,896	-	230,112
Equipment and heavy equipment	3,756,134	453,571	76,335	4,133,370
Other	90,519	2,957	-	93,476
Total accumulated				
depreciation	6,403,212	844,655	76,335	7,171,532
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	9,039,336	_		9,566,657
Government activity capital				
assets, net	\$ 10,218,219	=		\$ 10,038,086

Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 74,362
Public Safety	284,792
Public Works	45,929
Economic Development	114,012
Cultural and Recreational	 83,604
Total depreciation expense	\$ 602,699

Business-Type Activities -	Beginning	Turner	D	Ending
Water and Sewer Fund:	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 7,275	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,275
Construction in progress	571,932	309,235	571,932	309,235
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	579,207	309,235	571,932	316,510
Capital assets being depreciated:				
System improvements	1,463,700	-	-	1,463,700
Water rights	1,463,095	-	-	1,463,095
Buildings and improvements	2,366,783	550,932	-	2,917,715
Water distribution system	6,675,284	7,000	-	6,682,284
Equipment and heavy vehicle	2,010,350	75,975	10,700	2,075,625
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	13,979,212	633,907	10,700	14,602,419
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
System improvements	755,290	41,388	-	796,678
Water rights	168,256	29,262	-	197,518
Buildings and improvements	1,636,901	107,905	-	1,744,806
Water distribution system	4,908,773	130,950	-	5,039,723
Equipment and heavy vehicle	739,615	99,465	10,700	828,380
Total accumulated				
depreciation	8,208,835	408,970	10,700	8,607,105
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	5,770,377			5,995,314
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 6,349,584			\$ 6,311,824

Capital Assets (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Activity for the ABC Board for the year end June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	В	alances	Inc	reases	Dec	creases	В	alances
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	80,170	\$	-	\$	-	\$	80,170
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated		80,170		-		-		80,170
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		519,332		-		-		519,332
Store and administrative equipment		72,957		-		18,214		54,743
Total capital assets								
being depreciated		592,289	,	-		18,214		574,075
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		214,224		12,983		-		227,207
Store and administrative equipment		55,076		3,349		17,563		40,862
Total accumulated								
depreciation		269,300		16,332		17,563		268,069
ABC capital assets, net	\$	403,159					\$	386,176

Liabilities

Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description: The City of Randleman and the ABC Board are participating employers in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("LGERS"), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of thirteen members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required the State of North Carolina. supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The City of Randleman, North Carolina employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City of Randleman, North Carolina's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 8.0% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.34% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Randleman, North Carolina were \$181,784 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Refunds of Contributions - City employees, who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$1,006,623 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participants, LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016 the City's proportion was 0.047%, which was a decrease of 0.004% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$269,288. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	18,913	\$	35,273
Changes of assumptions		68,945		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		556,536		_
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		24,561		43,510
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		181,783		-
	\$	850,738	\$	78,783

\$181,783 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources, net, or deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2018	\$ 89,925
2019	90,001
2020	260,044
2021	 150,202
	\$ 590,172

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increase	3.50 to 7.75%, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	6.0%	4.0%
	100.0%	

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2013 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
City's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,389,187	\$ 1,006,623	\$ (148,196)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description

The City of Randleman administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2016, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan member entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	14
	14

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting: The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2015 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increases	3.50 to 7.35% including inflation and
	productivity factor
Discount rate	3.86%

The discount rate is based on the yield of the weekly average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20year Municipal Bond Index determined at the end of each month.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2015.

Contributions

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City did not pay any benefits for the reporting period.

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a total pension liability of \$192,338. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016 based on a December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$15,517.

Det	ferred	De	eferred
Outflows of		Inflows of	
Res	ources	Re	sources
\$	-	\$	-
	-		5,548
	-		-
\$	_	\$	5,548
	Outf	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ - - \$ -	Outflows of Inf Resources Re

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2018	\$ (907)
2019	(907)
2020	(907)
2021	(907)
2022	(907)
Thereafter	 (1,013)
	\$ (5,548)

Sensitivity of the City's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.86 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.86%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.86%) than the current rate:

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increases	3.50 to 7.35% including inflation and
	productivity factor
Discount rate	3.86%

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Schedule of Change in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Beginning balance	\$ 176,821
Service cost	15,659
Interest on the total pension liability	6,313
Change in benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	
in the measurement of the total pension liability	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(6,455)
Benefit payments	-
Other changes	 -
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 192,338

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description: The City of Randleman contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan ("Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Funding Policy: Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the Plan.

The City made contributions of \$31,071 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description: In addition to providing pension benefits, the City of Randleman has elected to provide post-employment health care benefits to retirees of the City who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System and have at least five years of creditable service with the City. The City pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits for employees that have thirty years of creditable service with the City; for employees that have twenty-five years of creditable service, the City pays 85% of the cost of coverage for these benefits; and for employees that have twenty years of creditable service, the City pays 75% of the cost of coverage for these benefits. Also, retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the City's group rates.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2016, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	Law			
	General	Enforcement		
	Employees	Officers	Firefighters	
Retirees receiving benefits	2	-	-	
Terminated plan members entitled				
to but not yet receiving benefits	-	-	-	
Active plan members	24	14	19	
Total	26	14	19	

Funding Policy: The City has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

The current annual required contribution (ARC) rate is 5.37% of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the City contributed \$29,700, or 31.85% of annual covered payroll. The City participates in the self-funded risk-financing pool administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: Post employment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45.

Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the current year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 92,350
Interest on net OPEB obligation	20,368
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (19,458)
Annual OPEB cost	93,260
Contributions made	 (29,700)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	63,560
Net OPEB pension, beginning of year	 509,211
Net OPEB pension, end of year	\$ 572,771

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Ann	ual OPEB	Percentage of Annual	Ne	et OPEB
June 30	Cos	st (AOC)	AOC Cost Contributed	0	bligation
2017	\$	93,260	31.9%	\$	572,771
2016		90,424	9.5%		509,211
2015		87,666	6.2%		427,379

Funded Status and Funding Progress: As of June 30, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") was \$1,075,008. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,229,089, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 48.2%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the

Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return, which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 7.75% to 5.00% annually. The assumed investment rate of return reflects the fact that no assets are set aside within the City of Randleman that are legally held exclusively for retiree health benefits. The investment rate included a 3% inflation assumption. The asset valuation method is the market value of assets. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016, was 30 years.

Other Employment Benefits

The City has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multipleemployer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000.

All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The City considers these contributions to be immaterial.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

	Ur	Unavailable		earned
	F	levenue	Re	venue
Taxes receivable, net	\$	30,564	\$	-
Tipping fees, net		32,147		-
Storm water fees, net		6,856		-
Privilege license fees, net		4,818		-
Property taxes received but not yet earned		_		13
Total	\$	74,385	\$	13

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City has property, general liability, and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by the certified public accountants, and the audited statements are available to the City upon request.

The City is also covered through the League of Municipalities for flood insurance damages. The limit for any one maximum loss is \$2.5 million with a \$50,000 deductible. This coverage only applies to buildings and structures mapped and designated as "B, C, or X" areas.

The City carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2017, there was no material pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments involving the City of Randleman.

Long-Term Obligations

Installment Purchases

The City has entered into the following installment purchase contracts:

In September 2003, the City entered into an installment financing agreement of \$2,772,026 to refinance a prior note and to finance costs of construction, renovation and improvements to the Randleman Community Center. The financing agreement requires monthly principal payments of \$15,400 plus interest at a rate of 3.67%.

In September 2003, the City entered into an installment financing agreement of \$1,989,306 to finance water treatment plant improvements. The financing agreement requires monthly principal payments of \$11,052 plus interest at a rate of 4.09%.

Installment Purchases (Continued)

In December 2010, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement of \$250,000 to finance the purchase of a vehicle. The financing agreement requires quarterly payments with an interest rate of 2.34%.

Annual debt service requirements of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2017, including \$76,991 of interest, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities
Year Ending June 30,	Principal Interest		Principal	Interest
2018	\$ 282,302	\$ 21,569	\$ 132,620	\$ 9,718
2019	143,699	14,007	33,157	226
2020	97,500	11,247	-	-
2021	97,500	8,771	-	-
2022	97,500	6,294	-	-
2023-2024	195,000	5,159		
Totals	\$ 913,501	\$ 67,047	\$ 165,777	\$ 9,944

Notes Payable

Notes payable - Water and Sewer Fund consists of the following at June 30, 2017:

North Carolina Clean Water Revolving Loan:

On May 23, 2017, the City executed a noninterest bearing note with the State of North Carolina to borrow \$467,580 in accordance with the North Carolina Education, Clean Water and Parks Revolving Bond Act of 1993. Annual principal payments of \$23,379 are required through May 1, 2037.

On June 1, 2013, the City executed a note with the State of North Carolina to borrow up to \$870,555 in accordance with the North Carolina Education, Clean Water and Parks Revolving Bond Act of 1993. Annual principal payments are required through May 1, 2033. Interest at 2.00% is payable on November 1 and May 1 of each year until the loan is repaid.

\$ 467,580

696,444 \$ 1,164,024

Notes Payable (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the note payable - Water and Sewer Fund at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Business-type Activities			
Year Ending June 30,	P	Principal Intere		Interest
2018	\$	66,907	\$	13,929
2019		66,907		13,058
2020	66,907			12,188
2021	66,907			11,317
2022	66,907			10,447
2023-2027		334,535		39,175
2028-2032		334,535		17,411
2033-2037	160,419			870
Totals	\$ 1,164,024		\$	118,395

PTRWA Obligation

The City has guaranteed \$1,429,389 of debt of the Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority (the "Authority"), and the City is required to make semiannual payments to the Authority of \$53,754. These payments include interest at 2.75%.

Annual debt service requirements of the PTRWA Obligation as of June 30, 2017, including \$182,565 of interest, are as follows:

	Business-type Activities				ivities
Year Ending June 30,	P	Principal		Inter	
2018	\$ 79,069		\$,	28,439
2019		81,259			26,250
2020		83,509			24,000
2021	85,821				21,687
2022		88,197			19,311
2023-2027		478,998			58,543
2028-2029		156,905			4,335
Totals	\$	1,053,758	\$)	182,565

At June 30, 2017, the City of Randleman had a legal debt margin of \$31,314,708.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the General Fund.

	Balance July 1, 2016 Increases		creases Decreases		Current Portion of Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 1,195,571	\$ -	\$ 282,302	\$ 913,269	\$ 282,302
Compensated absences	225,294	49,422	98,258	176,458	98,000
Other post employment benefits	407,369	50,848	-	458,217	-
Net pension liability (LGERS) Total pension liability (LEO)	184,150 176,821	621,149 15,517	-	805,299 192,338	-
Governmental Activity Long-term Liabilities	\$ 2,189,205	\$ 736,936	\$ 380,560	\$ 2,545,581	\$ 380,302
Business-Type Activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 298,397	\$ -	\$ 132,620	\$ 165,777	\$ 132,620
Notes payable	767,722	59,888	71,278	756,332	66,907
PTRWA Obligation	1,130,697	-	76,939	1,053,758	79,069
Other post employment					
benefits	101,842	12,712	-	114,554	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	46,037	155,287	-	201,324	-
Compensated absences	43,410	19,003	28,538	33,875	29,000
Business-Type Activity Long-term Liabilities	\$ 2,388,105	\$ 246,890	\$ 309,375	\$ 2,325,620	\$ 307,596

NOTE 3 - INTER-FUND ACTIVITY

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2017, consist of the following:

From the General Fund to Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 101,000
From Nonmajor Governmental Funds to the General Fund	1,280
From the Water and Sewer Fund to Water and Sewer	
Capital Project Funds	 249,323
Total	\$ 351,603

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS

The City of Randleman is obligated to pay the City's pro rata share (2.08%) of the Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority's annual operating budget.

NOTE 5 - FUND BALANCE

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 4,043,956
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	395,110
Street - Powell Bill	605,609
Appropriated Fund balance in 2014 budget	20,000
Working Capital / Fund Balance Policy	 511,650
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 2,511,587

The City of Randleman has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct business of the City in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 10% of budgeted expenditures.

NOTE 6 - JOINT VENTURES

Firemen's Relief Fund

The City and the members of the City's fire department each appoint two members to the five-member local board of trustees for the Firemen's Relief Fund. The State Insurance Commissioner appoints one additional member to the local board of trustees. The Firemen's Relief Fund is funded by a portion of the fire and lightning insurance premiums which insurers remit to the State. The State passes these monies to the local board of the Firemen's Relief Fund. The funds are used to assist fire fighters in various ways. The City obtains an ongoing financial benefit from the Fund on-behalf of payments for salaries and fringe benefits made to members of the City's fire department by the board of trustees. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City reported no payments through the Firemen's Relief Fund. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2017. The Firemen's Relief Fund does not issue separate audited financial statements. Instead, the local board of trustees files an annual financial report with the State Firemen's Association. This report can be obtained from the Association at 323 West Jones Street, Suite 401, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.

NOTE 6 - JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority

The City, in conjunction with five other governments, participated in the Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority. The Authority was established to construct a dam facility, water treatment plant and related distribution lines. The Authority began construction of the dam in 2001, and the participating governments are legally obligated under the intergovernmental agreement that created the Authority to contribute a pre-determined share of the construction costs. According to the joint governmental agreement, the participating governments do not have an equity interest in the joint venture, but rather rights to water in the reservoir. After a water treatment plant is constructed, the participating governments have the right to purchase future treated water based upon their pre-determined share, according to a uniform rate structure to be set by the Authority. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the Authority's administrative offices at 2216 West Meadowview Road, Greensboro, North Carolina.

NOTE 7 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The City, in conjunction with 7 counties and 42 other municipalities established the Piedmont Triad Regional Council of Governments ("Council"). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The City paid membership fees of \$4,362 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 8 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

The five-member board of the City of Randleman Housing Authority is appointed by the mayor of the City of Randleman. The City is accountable for the Housing Authority because it appoints the governing board; however, the City is not financially accountable for the Housing Authority. The City of Randleman is also disclosed as a related organization in the notes to the financial statements for the City of Randleman Housing Authority.

NOTE 9 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated all subsequent events through January 23, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 11 - RESTATEMENT

The City discovered that it had inaccurately reported certain amounts for construction and process and depreciation expense. As a result, net position for the governmental and business-type activities decreased by \$800,917 and \$579,673, respectively. Additionally, the City discovered that it had been reporting all of its OPEB liability as governmental activities. It was determined that this liability should be allocated between the governmental and business-type activities. As a result, net position for the governmental activities increased \$101,842, and the net position of business-type activities decreased by the same amount to allocate the balance of this liability as of June 30, 2016.

NOTE 12 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES/RESTATEMENT

The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68,* in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The implementation of the statement required the City to record beginning total pension liability and the effects on net position of benefit payments and administrative expenses paid by the City to the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance during the measurement period (fiscal year ending December 31, 2016). As a result, net position for the governmental activities decreased \$26,040.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA Other Post Employment Benefits Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial Accrued Liability				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	(AAL)	Unfunded		~ .	Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Projected	AAL		Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Unit Credit	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	[(b-a)/c]
12/31/2013	-	\$ 764,005	\$ 764,005	0.00%	\$2,089,610	36.56%
6/30/2016	-	\$ 1,075,008	\$ 1,075,008	0.00%	\$2,229,089	48.23%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended	Annual Required		Percentage		
June 30	Contributions		Contributions		Contributed
2015	\$	87,666	6.20%		
2016		90,424	9.50%		
2017		93,260	31.80%		

Notes to required schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation	12/31/2013
date	
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation	Market value
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	4.00%
Medical cost trend rate	7.75% - 5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rate	2019
*Includes inflation at	3.00%

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Required Supplementary Information

City of Randleman's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Randleman's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.04743%	0.05129%	0.04090%	0.04178%
Randleman's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 1,006,623	\$ 230,187	\$ (246,397)	\$ 493,002
Randleman's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,493,647	\$ 2,445,608	\$ 2,234,536	\$ 1,847,292
Randleman's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	40.37%	9.41%	-11.03%	26.69%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%	94.35%

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

City of Randleman's Contributions					
		2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	181,784	\$ 167,007	\$ 166,973	\$ 154,577
Contributions related to the contractual required contribution		181,784	 167,007	 166,973	 154,577
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -
Randleman's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2	2,419,632	\$ 2,493,647	\$ 2,445,608	\$ 2,234,536
Contributions as a percentage of cover-employee payroll		7.51%	6.70%	6.83%	6.92%

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability

	 2017	
Beginning balance	\$ 176,821	
Service cost	15,659	
Interest on the total pension liability	6,313	
Change in benefit terms	-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		
in the measurement of the total pension liability	-	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(6,455)	
Benefit payments	-	
Other changes	 -	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 192,338	

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll

	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 192,338
Covered payroll	634,477
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	30.31%

SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENTS

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes:				
Current year	\$ 2,424,000	\$ 2,465,027	\$ 41,027	
Prior years	5,000	4,345	(655)	
Penalties and interest	5,000	5,113	113	
Total	2,434,000	2,474,485	40,485	
Other taxes and licenses:				
Vehicle tag fee	200	12	(188)	
Privilege licenses	1,000	225	(775)	
Total	1,200	237	(963)	
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Unrestricted:				
Local option sales tax	925,000	1,013,351	88,351	
Utilities franchise tax	435,000	487,003	52,003	
Randolph County fire district	450,000	461,612	11,612	
ABC distribution	131,000	160,895	29,895	
Beer and wine tax	20,000	18,906	(1,094)	
Fire inspection revenue	300	60	(240)	
Total	1,961,300	2,141,827	180,527	
Restricted:				
Randolph County - Library	12,000	12,000	-	
Solid waste disposal tax	3,000	2,806	(194)	
Powell bill street allocation	121,000	120,902	(98)	
Total	136,000	135,708	(292)	
Sales and services:				
Rents and concessions	10,000	10,575	575	
Recreation service revenues	248,000	228,410	(19,590)	
Library fees	11,000	10,572	(428)	
Storm water fees	40,000	44,340	4,340	
Tipping fees	195,000	196,325	1,325	
Total	504,000	490,222	(13,778)	
Investment earnings	20,000	23,594	3,594	
Miscellaneous:				
Fundraising	9,600	9,251	(349)	
Other	330,500	285,521	(44,979)	
Total	340,100	294,772	(45,328)	
Total Revenues	5,396,600	5,560,845	164,245	

Schedule 1 (Page 1 of 5)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures:	6				6,	
General government:						
Governing body:						
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 30,000	\$	29,389	\$	611	
Administration:						
Salaries and employee benefits			138,896			
Professional services			40,911			
Telephone and postage			17,376			
Travel and school			9,930			
Insurance			129,006			
Other services and charges			78,942			
Dues and subscriptions			21,782			
Supplies			8,293			
Contracted services			41,923			
Utilities			7,435			
Total	612,900		494,494		118,406	
Central Garage:						
Salaries and employee benefits			59,765			
Automotive supplies			2,973			
Other services and charges			17,038			
Total	90,300		79,776		10,524	
Total general government	733,200		603,659		129,541	
Public safety:						
Police:						
Salaries and employee benefits			850,012			
Departmental supplies			52,606			
Telephone			20,747			
Uniforms			4,184			
Fundraising			9,548			
Other services and charges			62,394			
Capital outlay			80,840			
Total	1,124,000		1,080,331		43,669	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures (Continued):			
Public safety (Continued):			
Fire:			
Salaries and employee benefits		\$ 1,000,568	
Fire calls		69,389	
Departmental supplies		62,260	
Medical supplies		19,519	
Utilities		15,902	
Telephone and postage		11,848	
Uniforms		6,962	
Fundraising		108	
Capital outlay		71,496	
Other services and charges		30,120	
Total	1,361,600	1,288,172	73,428
SAFER:			
Salaries and employee benefits		55,073	
Total	94,500	55,073	39,427
Total public safety	2,580,100	2,423,576	156,524
Public works:			
Streets:			
Salaries and employee benefits		102,580	
Utilities		99,630	
Maintenance and repairs		2,342	
Supplies and materials		13,730	
Fundraising		252	
Capital outlay		280,393	
Other services and charges		1,431	
Total	548,000	500,358	47,642
Sanitation:			
Salaries and employee benefits		139,103	
Supplies		1,985	
Gas and automotive supplies		25,336	
Recycling and landfill		101,795	
Capital outlay		3,756	
Other services and charges	_	530	
Total	293,500	272,505	20,995
Total public works	841,500	772,863	68,637

Schedule 1 (Page 3 of 5)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures (Continued):	6			
Cultural and recreational:				
Recreation:				
Salaries and employee benefits		\$ 187,550		
Utilities		34,118		
Gas and supplies		19,252		
Uniforms		25,001		
Special events		13,500		
Fundraising		2,532		
Capital outlay		102,651		
Other services and charges		98,284		
Total	\$ 540,400	\$ 482,888	\$ 57,512	
Library:				
Salaries and employee benefits		181,366		
Utilities		9,976		
Books		11,960		
Maintenance and repairs		20,016		
Fundraising		591		
Other services and charges		18,000		
Total	276,400	241,909	34,491	
Total cultural and recreational	816,800	724,797	92,003	
Economic and physical development:				
Industrial development		6,000		
Senior citizens		21,000		
Other expenditures		13,967		
Capital outlay		14,998		
Total	63,000	55,965	7,035	
Planning and zoning:				
Salaries and employee benefits		68,767		
Other services and charges		14,143		
Total	88,800	82,910	5,890	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures (Continued):				
Supplemental Budget Appropriations:				
Debt principal and interest payments	\$ 317,500	\$ 313,130	\$ 4,370	
Total supplemental budget appropriations	317,500	313,130	4,370	
Total expenditures	5,440,900	4,976,900	464,000	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(44,300)	583,945	628,245	
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers from other funds:				
Nonmajor capital project funds	1,300	1,280	(20)	
Transfers to other funds:				
Nonmajor capital project funds	(101,000)	(101,000)		
Total	(99,700)	(99,720)	(20)	
Fund balance appropriated	144,000	-	(144,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	484,225	\$ 484,225	
Fund balance, beginning		3,559,731		
Fund balance, ending		\$ 4,043,956		

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017

	Randleman Library Endowment Fund		Deep River Greenway Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	64,304	\$	139,448	\$	203,752
Due from other governments				69		69
Total assets	\$	64,304	\$	139,517	\$	203,821
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities		-		-		-
Fund Balances:						
Non spendable:						
Library trust fund		50,000		-		50,000
Restricted for:						
Cultural and recreational		14,304		139,517		153,821
Total fund balances		64,304		139,517		203,821
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	64,304	\$	139,517	\$	203,821

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Randleman Library Endowment Fund		Stout Street Park Improvements Fund		Deep River Greenway Fund		Total Nonmajo Governmental Funds	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Capital outlay	\$	-	\$	85,195	\$	18,041	\$	103,236
Total expenditures		-		85,195		18,041		103,236
Revenues over (under) expenditures				(85,195)		(18,041)		(103,236)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers (to) from other funds		-		(1,280)		101,000		99,720
Total other financing sources		-		(1,280)		101,000		99,720
Net change in fund balances				(86,475)		82,959		(3,516)
Fund balances, beginning		64,304		86,475		56,558		207,337
Fund balances, ending	\$	64,304	\$	-	\$	139,517	\$	203,821

Schedule 4

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund - Stout Street Park Improvements From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Variance			
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive	
	Authorization	Year	Year	to Date	(Negative)	
Expenditures						
Stout Street Park Improvements:						
Engineering	\$ 57,000	\$ 56,248	\$ -	56,248	\$ 752	
Capital outlay	268,000	182,277	85,195	267,472	528	
Total expenditures	325,000	238,525	85,195	323,720	1,280	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Stout Street Park Improvements:						
Transfers from other funds:						
General Fund	325,000	325,000	-	325,000	-	
Transfers from other funds:						
General Fund	(1,300)	-	(1,280)	(1,280)	20	
Appropriated fund balance	1,300				(1,300)	
Total other financing						
sources	325,000	325,000	(1,280)	323,720	(1,280)	
Net Change in Fund						
Balance	\$ -	\$ 86,475	(86,475)	\$ -	\$ -	
Fund balance (deficit), beg	inning		86,475			
Fund balance, ending	, .		\$ -			

Schedule 5

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund - Deep River Greenway Project From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Variance		
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Year	Year	to Date	(Negative)
Expenditures					
Deep River Greenway Project:					
Construction	\$ 750,000	\$ 93,442	\$ 18,041	\$ 111,483	\$ 638,517
Total expenditures	750,000	93,442	18,041	111,483	638,517
Other Financing Sources Deep River Greenway Project:					
Transfers from other funds:					
General fund	101,000	-	101,000	101,000	-
Grant proceeds	599,000	100,000	-	100,000	(499,000)
Loan proceeds	50,000	50,000		50,000	
Total other financing					
sources	750,000	150,000	101,000	251,000	(499,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 56,558	82,959	\$ 139,517	\$ 139,517
Dulunce	Ψ	φ 50,550	02,939	φ 157,517	ψ 139,517
Fund balance (deficit), b	eginning		56,558		
Fund balance, ending			\$ 139,517		

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (NON-GAAP) Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule 6 (Page 1 of 2)

				_	• •	
For the	Fiscal	Year	Ended	June	30,	2017

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Water sales		\$ 1,187,069	\$ 1,187,069
Sewer charges		1,196,941	1,196,941
Water and sewer taps		5,100	5,100
Other operating revenues		37,288	37,288
Total	\$ 2,419,400	2,426,398	6,998
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest earned on investments	1,000		(1,000)
Total revenues	2,420,400	2,426,398	5,998
Expenditures:			
Operating expenditures:			
Water treatment and distribution:			
Salaries and employee benefits		247,333	
Repairs and maintenance		1,280	
Utilities		1,835	
Utility services		46,957	
Purchase of water		492,621	
Other operating expenditures		47,964	
Total	838,900	837,990	910
Water and sewer maintenance:			
Salaries and employee benefits		159,695	
Repairs and maintenance		15,101	
Capital outlay		3,178	
Other operating expenditures		58,519	
Total	287,600	236,493	51,107
Wastewater treatment:			
Salaries and employee benefits		233,119	
Supplies and chemicals		21,036	
Repairs and maintenance		24,470	
Utilities		146,037	
Pretreatment/lab		25,959	
Sludge removal		46,716	
Capital outlay		58,798	
Other operating expenditures		47,424	
Total	668,500	603,559	64,941
Total operating expenditures	1,795,000	1,678,042	116,958

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (NON-GAAP) Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule 6 (Page 2 of 2)

For the	Fiscal	Vear	Ended	June	30, 2017	
ror me	riscai	Itai	Linucu	June	50, 4017	

	Pudgot	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (Continued):	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Nonoperating expenditures:			
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt		\$ 56,039	
PTRWA principal payments		176,148	
Bond principal payments		104,689	
PTRWA admin operating costs		35,181	
Total nonoperating expenditures	\$ 375,000	372,057	\$ 2,943
Total expenditures	2,170,000	2,050,099	119,901
Revenues over (under) expenditures	250,400	376,299	125,899
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfer to other funds:			
Water and sewer capital project funds		(249,323)	(249,323)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(250,400)	(249,323)	1,077
Revenues and appropriated fund balance over			
(under) expenditures and other uses	\$ -	126,976	\$ 126,976
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:			
Reconciling items:			
Depreciation		(408,970)	
Capital outlay		61,974	
Transfers to close water and sewer capital project funds		249,323	
Increase in deferred outflow of resources - pensions		142,722	
Increase in net pension liability		(155,287)	
Decrease in deferred inflow of resources - pensions		52,791	
Principal retirement		280,837	
Total		223,390	
Change in net position		\$ 350,366	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund - Main Pump Station From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Variance		
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Year	Year	to Date	(Negative)
Expenditures					
Main Pump Station					
Project:					
Pump station improvements	\$ 240,000	\$ -	\$ 239,013	\$ 239,013	\$ 987
Total expenditures	240,000		239,013	239,013	987
Other Financing Sources					
Main Pump Station					
Project:					
Transfers from other fund:					
Water and sewer fund	240,000		239,013	239,013	(987)
Total other financing					
sources	240,000		239,013	239,013	(987)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending			<u>-</u> \$ -		

Schedule 7

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund - Air Diffusers Project From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Actual Current Year		Total to Date		I	Variance Positive Vegative)
Expenditures										
Air Diffusers										
Project:										
Construction	\$	425,000	\$	-	\$	44,888	\$	44,888	\$	380,112
Repairs and maintenance		30,000		-		15,000		15,000		15,000
Other expenditure		70,810		-		10,335	_	10,335		60,475
Total expenditures		525,810		-		70,223		70,223		455,587
Other Financing Sources Air Diffusers Project:										
Transfers from other funds: Water and sewer fund		10,310		-		10,310		10,310		-
Revolving loan proceeds		515,500		-		59,888		59,888		(455,612)
Total other financing sources		525,810		-		70,198		70,198		(455,612)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	-		(25)	\$	(25)	\$	(25)
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending					\$	- (25)				

Schedule 8

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	150,363	\$	5,954	\$	4,027	\$	152,290
Liabilities Intergovernmental payable	\$	150,363	\$	5,954	\$	4,027	\$	152,290

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year	В	collected alance 30, 2016		Additions	Collections and Credit			ncollected Balance ne 30, 2017	
2016 - 2017	\$	-	\$	2,469,787	\$	2,455,372	\$	14,415	
2015 - 2016		6,969		-		4,757		2,212	
2014 - 2015		3,067		-		2,330		737	
2013 - 2014		4,048		-		1,532		2,516	
2012 - 2013		3,368		-		468		2,900	
2011 - 2012		1,503 -				105		1,398	
2010 - 2011		2,212		-		18		2,194	
2009 - 2010		1,644		-		32		1,612	
2008 - 2009		1,183		-		10		1,173	
2007 - 2008		1,450 -		-		43		1,407	
2006 - 2007		936		-		936		-	
	\$	26,380	\$	2,469,787	\$	2,465,603		30,564	
	Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts Ad valorem taxes receivable, net								
Reconciliation with revenu	es:								
Ad valorem taxes collected Reconciling items:	\$	2,474,485							
Interest collected								(5,113)	
Miscellaneous adjustm							<u> </u>	(3,769)	
Total collections and credit	ts						\$	2,465,603	

CITY OF RANDLEMAN, NORTH CAROLINA Analysis of Current Tax Levy City-Wide Levy Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Total Levy			
	ſ	City-Wide		Property Excluding Registered	Registered		
	Property Total		Total Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles		
Original Levy:							
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 395,316,862	0.63%	\$ 2,490,497	\$ 2,294,518	\$ 195,979		
Penalties			3,753	3,753			
Total	395,316,862		2,494,250	2,298,271	195,979		
Abatements	(3,883,016)		(24,463)	(24,463)			
Total property valuation	\$ 391,433,846						
Net levy			2,469,787	2,273,808	195,979		
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2015			(14,415)	(14,415)			
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 2,455,372	\$ 2,259,393	\$ 195,979		
Current levy collection percentage			99.42%	99.37%	100.00%		

COMPLIANCE SECTION



Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Board of Aldermen City of Randleman, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund, and the aggregated remaining fund information of the City of Randleman, North Carolina (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 23, 2018. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, the City of Randleman ABC Board, as described in our report on the City of Randleman's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the City of Randleman ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bernard Robinson & Company, J.F.P.

Greensboro, North Carolina January 23, 2018