Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



For the Year Ending December 31, 2015

Prepared by La Plata County Finance Department



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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Introductory Section (Unaudited)

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June 21, 2016

To the Citizens of La Plata County and the Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of La Plata County, Colorado for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, is hereby submitted. State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within seven months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the County has implemented internal controls that are designed to protect the County's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects and reported in a manner which fairly represents the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. Further, we believe all disclosures that are necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

The Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) encourages local governments to demonstrate fiscal and operational accountability by providing additional information to the reader, which enables them to ascertain the overall financial position of the government. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) recommends that a government be able to prepare accurate financial statements in conformity with GAAP without the services of the audit firm. The implementation of the Statement on Auditing Standards No. 112 states that preparation of the financial statements by auditors is detrimental to the independence of the audit. La Plata County has established a system of financial accounting which provides reasonable assurance that such statements can be produced without assistance from the external auditors.

The County's financial statements have been audited by the certified public accounting firm of Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of

America (U.S. GAAP). The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of the CAFR.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies (Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and related Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133). The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are included in the "Single Audit Section" of the CAFR.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of La Plata County

La Plata County incorporated in 1874 and is located in the southwestern part of Colorado. The County has land area of 1,692 square miles and a population of 54,688. La Plata County has seen a 1.4% annualized population growth rate from 2000-2013 (Colorado State Demographer, US Census). There are three municipalities in the County: the City of Durango, the Town of Bayfield and the Town of Ignacio. The Southern Ute Indian Reservation is located within La Plata County and its neighboring counties, with the Southern Ute Tribal Council headquarters, the Southern Ute Growth Fund administrative offices, the Sky Ute Casino Resort and the Southern Ute Cultural Center and Museum located near the Town of Ignacio. Durango, the county seat, is the home of Southwest Colorado Community College and Fort Lewis College, a four-year liberal arts state institution of approximately 4,065 students.

The local economy is heavily tourism-based, and the Purgatory Ski Area and the Durango & Silverton Narrow Gauge Railroad both draw a significant number of visitors to the County each year. Mesa Verde National Park, in neighboring Montezuma County, brings many visitors to La Plata County and its municipalities. La Plata County is also home to annual events including the Iron Horse Bicycle Classic (one of the largest and longest continuously run cycling events in the United States) over Memorial Day weekend with more than 3,500 participants in five events, according to the Iron Horse Bicycle Classic's website; and over the Labor Day weekend, an estimated 35,000 motorcyclists participate in events at multiple locations in Southwest Colorado.

The top 10 employers in La Plata County are in the governmental, education, health, recreation, finance, and oil & gas service sectors.

			Percentage
		Employees	of total County
Employer	Type of Business	<u>FT & PT</u>	Employment
Durango School District 9-R	Education	632	1.93%
Fort Lewis College	Education	570	1.74%
Mercury Payment Systems	Finance	630	1.92%
Southern Ute Indian Tribe - Administration	Government	845	2.58%
La Plata County	Government	401	1.22%
Mercy Regional Medical Center	Health	1,200	3.66%
Crossfire	Oil & Gas	322	0.98%
BP America	Oil & Gas	221	0.67%
Durango Mountain Resort	Recreation	479	1.46%
Sky Ute Lodge and Casino, Museum	Recreation	400	1.22%
Total Principal Employers		5,700	17.38%
Total County Employment		32,793	100.00%

La Plata County is the 14th most populous of Colorado's 64 counties. The preliminary average weekly wage for La Plata County in 3rd quarter, 2015 was \$839 or \$43,628 per year. The total labor force for La Plata County in December 2015 was 30,604, of which 29,690 were employed and 914 were unemployed. The unemployment rate was 3.0%.²

The construction industry has continued to show signs of recovery since 2014. Previously this industry had been the hardest hit sector since 2006, with county building permits declining more than 45% from 2006 to 2013. However, permits issued in 2015 increased 24 % from the previous year: 815 in 2015 as compared to 655 in 2014.

La Plata County operates as a statutory County, with a three-member Board of County Commissioners (BOCC). Board members are elected by district but represent the entire County and serve up to two, four-year terms, which are staggered. There are six other elected officials: Sheriff, Clerk and Recorder, Assessor, Treasurer/Public Trustee, Coroner, and Surveyor, who derive their responsibilities and authorities from state statute. There are no term limits on these elected positions.

The County provides the full range of services required by state statutes as well as many ancillary services, including:

- General government function
- Public safety function: sheriff, jail, coroner, building inspection, and district attorney;
- Road and bridge operations
- Public health and welfare, including human services
- Recreation and culture

The County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The Board of County Commissioners' responsibilities for financial matters include adopting financial policies, adopting the budget and amendments, hiring the County Manager and the County Attorney, and

selecting the external auditor. The County Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and resolutions of the Board and for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the non-elected departments. Appointed officials manage the remainder of the County's functions including Public Works, Human Services, Planning, Building Inspection, Emergency Management, Administration, Technology, General Services, Human Resources and Finance.

The Board is charged with providing adequate budget appropriations to fund statutory functions. Other elected and appointed officials are charged with managing their authorized budgets in order to meet their statutory obligations and service demands.

In defining La Plata County for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all aspects of where financial responsibility rests. The financial reporting entity consists of La Plata County, as the primary government, Durango Hills Local Improvement District and the Palo Verde Public Improvement District #3 as blended component units and the District Attorney of the Sixth Judicial District is included in the County's financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. The decision to include these component units was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB in its Statement 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus and amendment of GASB Statements 14 and 34". The component units discussed are included in the County's reporting entity because of significant operational or financial relationships.

The National and Colorado economies have continued to see growth throughout 2015, although growth lost some momentum in the second half of the year. According to economist Richard Wobbekind of the University of Colorado Boulder's Leeds School of Business, "Colorado will remain one of the top growth states nationally in 2016." The 2016 Colorado Business Economic Outlook report forecasts the addition of 65,100 jobs in the State or a growth of 2.6%."

Budgetary Controls

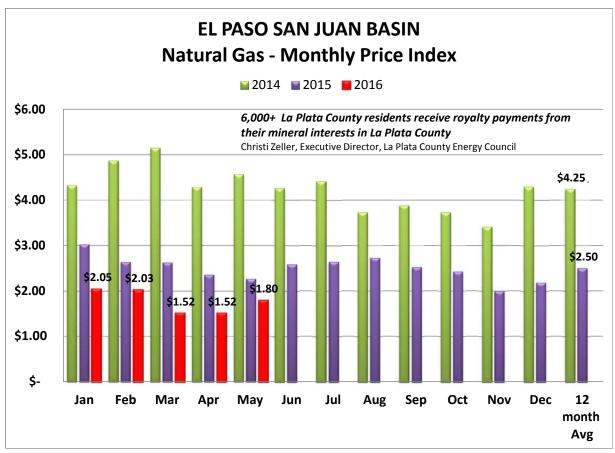
Colorado state law requires the adoption of budgets for all local governments, adopted by fund, so each summer La Plata County begins the annual budget preparation process. Every elected official and department head submits a requested budget to the County Manager who serves as the County's Budget Officer. The Finance Department prepares an estimate of the subsequent year's projected revenues, and the requests for expenditures are balanced against the projected revenues. The annual budget is adopted in December of the prior year, and the property tax mill levy is set. Once the budget is adopted, La Plata County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with the annual budget.

The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures and transfers cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the fund level. However, the County further monitors expenditures at the spending authority level, elected official or department head, within individual funds. The Finance Department monitors revenues and expenditures and informs the department heads, the County Manager and the Board of budgetary concerns. The statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report demonstrate that the County remains successful in meeting its responsibility for sound financial management.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The last few years have demonstrated the effects of volatility and uncertainty on the local economy. Much of the County's property tax base is related to coal bed methane gas production, and natural gas

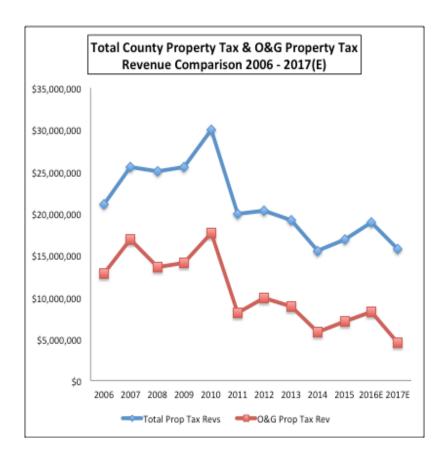
prices have fluctuated wildly over the last few years, leading to trailing swings in property tax revenue. Long-term supply and demand imbalances have driven natural gas prices to history lows. Natural gas prices have fallen about 61% over the past 10 years, from \$6.73 per mcf to \$2.63 per mcf in 2015. Future prospects look even worse: prices through March 2016 have fallen another 24% from 2015 to \$1.99 mcf (natural gas futures prices signal further price drops through 2017).



Source: Mike Finney - Finney Land Company Prepared by: Bob Allen - Allen Associates

Durango, Colorado 2016

The County has been dependent on natural gas production for many years. Ten years ago natural gas tax revenues accounted for approximately 61% of County total property taxes. The Long Term Finance Committee, a volunteer citizen committee convened in 2013, and estimates this percentage will drop to less than 30% by 2017.



The chart above shows the impact on La Plata County property taxes of the declining natural gas prices and gas production. We estimate oil and gas property tax revenues have fallen 60% from 2010-2015. The LTFC estimates oil and gas property tax revenues will decline another 40% by 2017 as natural gas prices have continued to drop. The impact on total county property tax revenues is clear: revenues fell \$13.1 million (44%) from 2010 to 2015.

In addition to property taxes, the County receives severance taxes from gas operators based on the price and volume of gas removed from the ground. The production and price drops outlined above are expected to cut severance tax by 50% (a drop in excess of \$0.5 million per year). Finally, the County receives grants for financing Road and Bridge capital projects from a state fund financed with severance tax receipts. We expect this funding source to cut grant awards by more than 50% in future years.

With an 8.5 mill levy, La Plata County has the fourth-lowest property tax rate in the state. A Department of Local Affairs' 2014 Report found that the median mill levy was 20.021 mills among Colorado's 52 small and medium sized-counties; La Plata County is 57.5% lower than the median. As a result, the per capita revenue of \$293.61 for La Plata County is 41st of the 52 like-sized counties.

La Plata County is beginning 2016 with many changes, most notably in office locations. Over the past two years, the Board of County Commissioners has been working with staff to develop a comprehensive facilities strategy based on needs identified in a 2012 Facility Master Plan. The County administration offices moved from the La Plata County Courthouse in June 2015 into a newly acquired and remodeled facility at 1101 E. 2nd Avenue, in June of 2015. This move was driven by the opportunity to house Federal U.S. District Court and Probation offices in Durango, coupled with the need to expand space for Sixth Judicial District Court functions. The administration building provides a more accommodating and accessible public meeting room for the Board of Commissioners, a much-needed training room used by

many agencies and organization. It houses the Commissioners' and administration offices, as well as the County Assessor and Finance Department and can serve as a centralized location for essential county functions, ensuring continuity of services during an emergency.

As part of the facility planning process, many options to address the County's space needs were considered, and the Board determined that acquiring existing facilities was more cost effective than new construction. Consequently, the Board authorized the purchase of the buildings located at 211 Rock Point Drive and 10 Burnett Court in the Durango Tech Center. In December 2015, the Building, Planning, Code Enforcement, Emergency Management and Weed Departments moved into 211 Rock Point Drive. This move consolidates Community Development Services in one highly functional location that provides for improved access and adequate parking for customers.

The Department of Human Services relocated to 10 Burnett Court at the Tech Center in January 2016. This relocation addresses the department's long-standing facility and programmatic needs and the building is ideally suited to accommodate these purposes into the future. DHS clients benefit from consolidation of services in one location, convenient access and ample parking. Additionally, these departments' relocation to their respective new facilities has helped alleviate parking congestion in downtown Durango and for residents on Third and Fourth avenues near the Courthouse.

The County is now remodeling the Courthouse, to accommodate it's statutorily mandated responsibilities to the Sixth Judicial District, as well as to provide courtroom and office space for the U.S. District Court, U.S. Probation and U.S. Marshal's Office. This consolidated justice facility will promote economic vitality and increase access to justice for victims, witnesses and all those involved in federal proceedings. It will also assist the Southern Ute and Ute Mountain Ute Tribes which use Federal Court proceedings to adjudicate a variety of tribal matters. The County negotiated a 10-year lease agreement with the federal courts to pay for the tenant improvements and rent for \$236,700 per year.

The County's ability to address these facility needs was made possible by its wise stewardship of financial resources over time. The practice of utilizing property taxes related to gas production over the year 2000 baseline allowed the County to set aside funds exclusively for such capital projects. At the end of 2015, the County's reserve for capital projects is approximately \$20.5 million.

Safe roads and bridges for residents, school buses, visitors and emergency vehicles is a critical obligation of La Plata County and is critical to our local economy. The County currently has a backlog of capital Public Works projects, in part the result of rapid growth in the past that exceeded our ability to fund needed improvements, but also from the dramatic decrease in property tax revenues (nearly 50%) since 2010. As a result, the County's has reduced road and bridge maintenance levels and is not keeping pace with current or anticipated needs, particularly in light of the County's population growth. Revenue shortfalls must be addressed to ensure sufficient funding to meet the growing demands placed on our local transportation system.

Road and Bridge capital projects are costly. During the 13-year period from 2002 to 2014, the County invested approximately \$40,700,000 in capital road and bridge projects an average of \$3,100,000 per year. Of that, approximately 40% was funded by grants. However, based on the Long Term Finance Committee's forecast, an average of \$5.2 million is needed each year to maintain existing infrastructure and to make even modest improvements to our road and bridge system.

The Board of County Commissioners convened the La Plata County Fiscal Sustainability Steering Committee in June 2015 to advise the County how best to address capital improvement and operational needs while maintaining a structurally balanced budget and preserving the County's long-range fiscal sustainability. The Committee met seven times to review and discuss the Long Term Finance Committee's Fiscal Sustainability and Capital Improvements Analysis; various revenue and expenditure

forecasting models; the County's 10-year Capital Improvement Plan; road surface condition reports; projected road and bridge capital and maintenance needs; County growth trends and projections; and polling and past ballot election results. The Committee presented the Board with three recommendations: 1) Ask voters for a mill levy increase; 2) Implement impact fees; and 3) Consider implementing a "Use Tax." Additionally, the Committee recommended that any revenue raised through these three recommendations should be dedicated exclusively to the Road and Bridge fund.

The Board of Commissioners placed a question on the November 2015 ballot asking for a 2.4 mill increase to fund road and bridge improvements; the measure was defeated by 492 votes. While this was disappointing, La Plata County will continue to explore options for increasing revenue, including grants, a use tax and other fees but these are not expected to generate funds adequate to meet the needs for county roads. We must find a way to bridge the gap.

Finally, we would be remiss if we did not mention the impact of the Gold King Mine spill on our community. This devastating spill contaminated the Animas, San Juan and Colorado rivers as it traveled through Colorado, New Mexico, Utah and the Southern Ute, Ute Mountain Ute and Navajo reservations. More than 80 County employees worked on the initial response and the BoCC continues to work with neighboring counties, tribes and state and federal government agencies to ensure a long-term solution to contamination of the Animas River.

Budget

Looking forward to the 2016 budget year we projected a slight increase in sales tax collection and a modest increase in property tax revenue. It is anticipated that property tax revenues will increase in 2016, since 2015 was a property tax reassessment year, before falling again in 2017. Again, gas and oil tax revenue is expected to decrease significantly in 2017, resulting from the decline in natural gas prices.

The 2016 budget attempts to balance many competing needs and requests as we begin to see slight and fragile improvements in our revenue picture. Due to prudent financial management in the past, the County has successfully weathered its recent financial challenges. Over the last several years we have instituted a number of measures to keep our budget sustainable, including operating budget reductions and staffing adjustments.

The 2016 budget includes a number of significant projects. Relative to our facility planning process, the County will invest in purchasing 10 Burnett Court in the Durango Tech Center. This building will house the consolidated Department of Human Services in a single facility with ample parking for employees and clients. Additionally, one of our most notable facility initiatives is our work with the United States District Court, United States Probation Department, United States Marshals, United States Attorney's Office and the General Services Administration to remodel a portion of the County Courthouse that will be leased by the GSA to provide federal court functions. We have included nearly \$5.3 million in the 2016 Capital Improvement Fund budget for this project. A portion of the renovation and improvement costs will be recovered over the term of a 10-year lease agreement with the federal government for tenant improvements and annual rent.

The County will provide with the funding assistance of the Colorado Department of Local affairs, the Southern Ute Indian and the Colorado Department of Transportation, \$2,125,000 for urban and access improvements to County Road 517, on the north-east side of Ignacio, bisecting the Southern Ute Tribal Campus.

The road is situated in the heart of the County's energy development area and has a high level of pedestrian activity. This project will address public safety and access concerns. Additionally, the County will provide \$700,000 for a mill and overlay project on County Road 318 to address the age and condition

of this road. County Road 318 connects the Town of Ignacio and State Highway 172 to U.S. Highway 550, providing a vital transportation link for the industrial energy traffic and commuting workers from New Mexico to La Plata County. The total project cost of \$1,400,000 will be funded from infill MOU fees the County has collected previously. The County has also committed \$350,000 to construct a turn lane on County Road 210 into the boat ramp area at Lake Nighthorse. This project was originally expected to occur in 2013; however, due to delays in opening the lake for recreation, we have postponed the turn lane construction. It is in the County's best interest to wait until an agreement is in place allowing recreation to occur before constructing the turn lane.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The Board of County Commissioners created a Long Term Finance Committee in 2009. The committee's purpose was to act in an advisory capacity to the BOCC with respect to long-term financial planning. During 2014 the LTFC, along with County staff, prepared a forecasting model with a forward look on operations and fiscal sustainability. Based on the downturns in the oil and gas property tax revenues and the County's Operational and Capital Improvements Plan, the LTFC identified a financial imbalance that does not allow for the long term fiscal sustainability without exploring alternatives. Those alternatives include new revenue sources or a reduction in operating expenses including cuts in services. The committee members recommended the BOCC prioritize County needs and the timeline for completing them to reduce the level of revenue sources and/or reduction in operating expenses or cuts in services.

Despite the fact that we have managed a "soft landing" from the great recession, it has become apparent that our revenue challenges are both structural and, in some cases, systemic. The work of our Long Term Finance Committee is more important than ever in identifying solutions to our revenue challenges and to advise the BOCC with input and feedback on the county's fiscal situation, and to promote public awareness of the county's fiscal sustainability projections and support for an appropriate funding solution.

Financial Policies

The County's Fund Balance Reserve policy requires the General Fund to maintain the following:

- Committed fund balance for emergencies and disasters at 75 days of operating expenditures to ensure the maintenance of services to the public during non-routine and unforeseen disasters.
- Assigned fund balance for capital to reserve for future financial resource use of the tentative plans for capital outlay.
- Unassigned fund balance are funds not otherwise non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned as required by GASB Statement #54 and represent balances available for appropriation at the discretion of the Board. The Fund Balance Reserve policy requires the General Fund to maintain a minimum reserved fund balance equal to two months with a target of three months of operations to provide fiscal cash liquidity.

At December 31, 2015 the General Fund unassigned fund balance is \$14,091,995.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to La Plata County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious international award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR), whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. La Plata County has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-five (25) consecutive fiscal years (1989-2014) ended December 31. We believe the 2015 report conforms to the Certificate of Achievement requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA for review.

The preparation of this financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for their individual and team efforts in the preparation of the report. Also, we would like to extend our appreciation to the partners and staff of the firm of Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C. for their assistance. Our Elected Officials, Department Heads, and staff all promote an organizational culture of fiscal responsibility. Finally, the leadership, support and commitment of the County's management in the financial planning and execution of the County's operations are greatly appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

reasen Dorensen

Diane Sorensen Director of Finance

¹The 50TH Annual Colorado Business Economic Outlook Forum presented Dec. 8, 2014 by the Leeds school's business research division. ²Colorado Department of Labor and Employment, Colorado LMI Gateway website.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

La Plata County Colorado

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

LIST OF COUNTY OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

<u>Title</u> <u>Name</u>

Commissioner Julie Westendorff

Commissioner Gwen A. Lachelt

Commissioner Brad Blake

Assessor Craig Larson

Clerk & Recorder Tiffany Lee Parker

Coroner Jann Smith

Sheriff Sean M. Smith

Surveyor Steven McCormack

Treasurer & Public Trustee Allison Morrissey

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Title Name

County Attorney Sheryl Rogers

County Manager Joe Kerby

Assistant County Manager Joanne Spina

Director of Building & Emergency Services Butch Knowlton

Director of Finance Diane Sorensen

Director of General Services Mark McKibben

Director of Human Resources Kelli Ganevsky

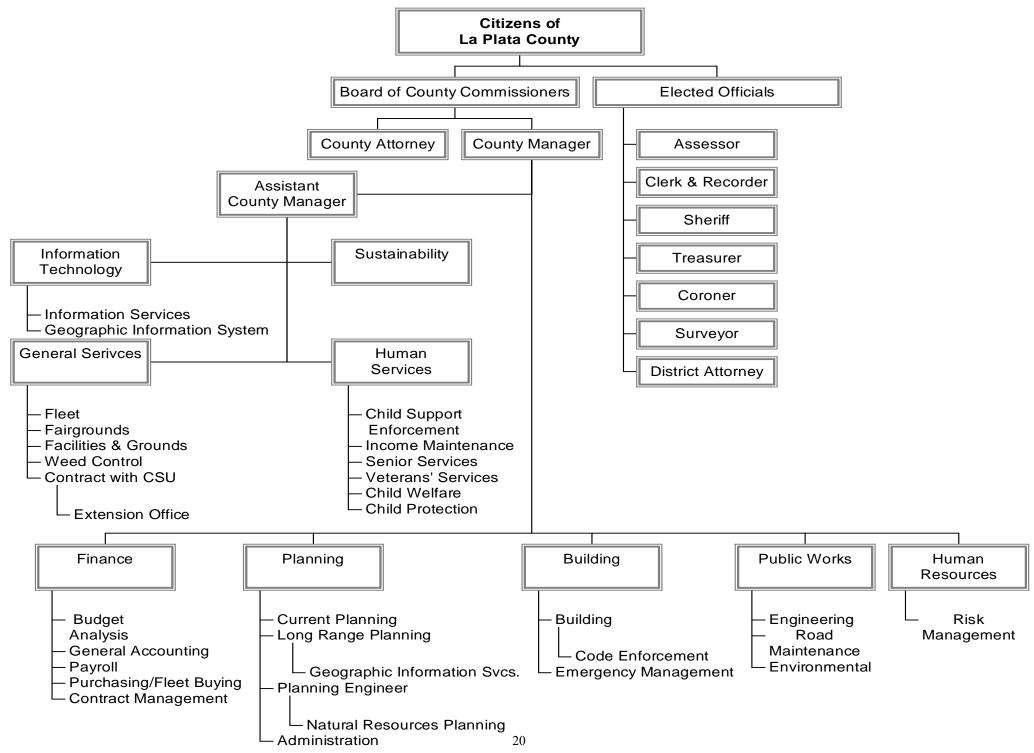
Director of Human Services Lezlie Mayer

Director of Information Services Alan Andrews

Director of Planning Services Damian Peduto

Director of Public Works Jim Davis

La Plata County Organizational Chart



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

June 21, 2016

To the Board of County Commissioners La Plata County, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of La Plata County, Colorado as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise La Plata County, Colorado's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of La Plata County, Colorado, as of December 31, 2015, and changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budget to actual statements for the general fund and each major special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension schedules on pages 24–36 and 87–88 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise La Plata County, Colorado's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budget to actual schedules, Local Highway Finance Report, Schedule of EBT Authorizations and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budget to actual schedules, Local Highway Finance Report, Schedule of EBT Authorizations and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2016, on our consideration of La Plata County, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the La Plata County, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Grand Junction, Colorado

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of La Plata County's (the County) annual financial report, the County's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the calendar year ended December 31, 2015. The County's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The County's government-wide revenue totaled \$56,074,987 compared to \$56,058,540 in 2014, an increase of \$16,447. The County's assets exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$198,550,776 (net position) for the calendar year reported. The increase in total net position over 2014 is \$1,300,614 or 0.7%.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - 1) Investment in capital assets of \$98,551,468 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.
 - 2) Net position of \$23,979,522 are restricted by constraints imposed from outside the County such as grantors, laws, or regulations.
 - 3) Net position of \$18,320,815 are unrestricted, but are invested in a joint venture.
 - 4) The balance of unrestricted net position of \$57,698,971 represent the portion available to maintain the County's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County had \$54,774,374 in expenses related to governmental activities; program specific charges for services, grants or contributions offset \$19,776,995 of these expenses. General revenues (primarily taxes) provided the remaining funding for these programs.
- The County's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$77,207,689 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$78,018,332, showing a decrease of \$810,643 or 1% during the current year. Approximately 18.3% or \$14,091,995 of this total amount is assigned, committed and unassigned and are available for spending at the government's discretion.
- During the 2015 fiscal year, the County's governmental fund type revenues were \$55,394,706 compared to \$55,661,670 in the prior year.

• At the end of the current calendar year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$14,091,995 or 39% of 2016 budgeted General Fund operating expenditures.

Overall, the County continues to maintain a strong financial position.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management Discussion and Analysis document is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

The County also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements. Comparative data is presented when available.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The County's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the County's assets and liabilities plus deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the County would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of County infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the County's net position changed during the current calendar year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of

activities is to show the financial reliance of the County's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the County's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the County that are principally supported by taxes and other governmental revenues and from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, auxiliary services and community programs.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 38 & 39 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the County's most significant funds rather than the County as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report. Budgetary comparisons demonstrate compliance with the County's adopted original and final budgets.

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the County's governmental funds. These statements report short-term calendar accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives. The County also presents its budget to actual statements for the general fund, road and bridge fund and the social services fund as basic financial statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 40 through 46 of this report. The County has chosen to include budgetary comparisons for the general funds and each individual major special revenue fund as part of the basic financial statements.

Individual fund information for non-major governmental funds and combining statements are found in a later section of this report.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which fees are charged. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its Capital Equipment Replacement Fund and Employee Medical Self-Insurance Fund. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than external activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 47 through 49 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs or activities. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 50 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 51 of this report.

Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplemental information. Combined and individual statements and budgetary comparison schedules for non-major funds are presented in the supplementary section of this report beginning on page 85. The County has chosen to present comparative balance sheets and comparative schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for each of the governmental and proprietary funds.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

Changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the County as a whole. Overall, the County's financial position continues to remain strong, and has improved over the prior year. This improvement can be demonstrated in a number of different areas, as detailed below.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The County's net position at calendar year-end is \$198,395,645. The following table provides a summary of the County's net position:

	Governmental Activities 2015	Percentage of Total 2015	Governmental Activities 2014	Percentage Inc/(Dec) over 2014
Assets:				
Current assets	\$114,666,266	49.5%	\$114,460,809	0.2%
Investment in joint venture	18,320,815	7.9%	18,075,415	1.4%
Capital assets	98,551,468	42.6%	96,745,229	1.9%
Total assets	231,538,549	100.0%	229,281,453	1.0%
Liabilities & deferred inflows:				
Current liabilities	9,707,851	29.4%	10,850,944	-10.5%
Long-term liabilities	4,281,772	13.0%	4,044,467	5.9%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,998,150	57.6%	17,135,880	10.9%
Total liabilities & deferred inflows	32,987,773	100.0%	32,031,291	3.0%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	98,551,468	49.6%	96,745,229	1.9%
Restricted	23,979,522	12.1%	8,115,469	195.5%
Unrestricted	76,019,786	38.3%	92,389,464	-17.7%
Total net position	\$198,550,776	100.0%	\$197,250,162	0.7%

The largest portion of the County's net position (49.6%) reflects its net investment in capital assets, including infrastructure, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the funds needed to pay the annual debt service must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to pay the debt.

The County continues to maintain a high current ratio. The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio for governmental activities is 3.99 to 1. This ratio is a bit misleading since the accounting rules require that the County recognize as a current asset the amount of property taxes for budget year 2015 with an offsetting amount reported in deferred inflows. If you remove those amounts from the current ratio calculation, the adjusted ratio is 9.82 to 1, which demonstrates the real liquid position of the County.

The County reported positive balances in net position. Net position increased by \$1.3 million for governmental activities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis Component Unit

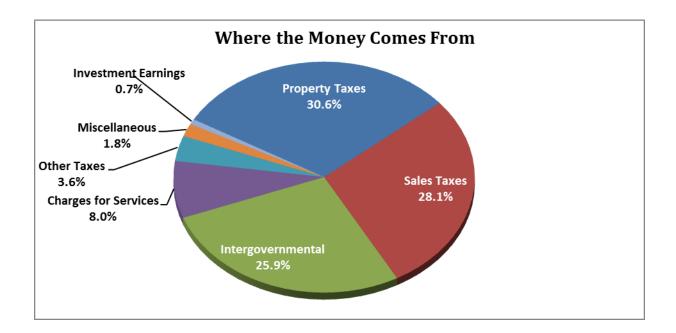
The Sixth Judicial District Attorney, a discretely presented component unit, net position is a negative \$255,826 at the fiscal year end 2015. This was attributable to the implementation of GASB Statements No. 68, which is explained in Note 1-D-14 in the notes to the financial statements. This statement reduced the net position of the component unit by \$454,162.

The following table provides a summary of the County's changes in net assets:

	Governmental Activities 2015	Percentage of Total 2015	Governmental Activities 2014	(Decrease) Increase
Revenues:				
Program:				
Charges for services	\$ 4,469,493	8.0%	\$ 4,961,215	\$ (491,722)
Operating grants	13,977,048	24.9%	13,230,028	747,020
Capital grants	1,330,453	2.4%	4,019,552	(2,689,099)
Total Program Revenues	19,776,994	35.3%	22,210,795	(2,433,801)
General:				
Taxes	34,867,933	62.2%	32,478,708	2,389,225
Other	1,430,060	2.6%	1,369,037	61,023
Total General Revenues	36,297,993	64.7%	33,847,745	2,450,248
TOTAL REVENUES	56,074,987	100%	56,058,540	16,447
Program Expenses:				
General government	12,919,783	23.6%	10,328,052	2,591,731
Public safety	17,381,499	31.7%	15,939,033	1,442,466
Recreation and culture	2,960,931	5.4%	3,097,514	(136,583)
Public works	11,875,658	21.7%	12,936,627	(1,060,969)
Health and welfare	7,701,357	14.1%	5,757,071	1,944,286
Community programs	1,931,976	3.5%	4,276,928	(2,344,952)
Interest and fiscal charges	3,170	0.0%	3,170	-
TOTAL EXPENSES	54,774,374	100%	52,338,395	2,435,979
Change in net position	1,300,614		3,720,145	(2,419,532)
Beginning net position	197,250,162		193,530,017	
Ending net position	\$ 198,550,776		\$ 197,250,162	

Governmental Revenues

Governmental revenues for 2015 were \$56,074,987 compared to \$56,058,540 in 2014, a decrease of \$16.447. The following chart presents the various sources of general revenues for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.



Program revenues provided 36% to support of governmental operations. This means that the County's taxpayers and other general governmental revenues funded 64% of the governmental activities. Property and sales tax provide general support for the County's operations with property tax providing 30.6% and sales tax providing 28.1%.

Governmental Functional Expenses

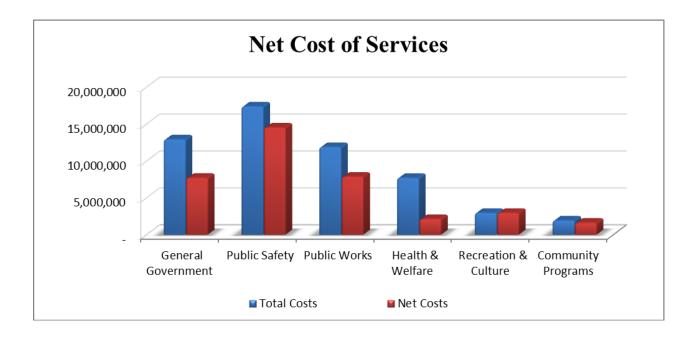
The public safety, general government, and public works functions make up approximately 77% of the total government activities expenses. Public safety totals 31.7% of total governmental expenses of which 30% was spent by the County Sheriff's services. The general government functions including Administration, Attorney, Assessor, Clerk & Recorder, Commissioners, Elections, Facilities & Grounds, Finance, GIS, Human Resources, IT, Planning, Procurement, Risk Management, Surveyor, and Treasurer totaled 23.6% of the total governmental expenses. Public works accounted for approximately 21.7% of the total costs.

The following schedule presents a summary of the governmental expenses for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 and the changes from the prior year.

Overall expenses for 2015 increased \$2,435,979 or 4.7% from 2014. Public safety function is the County's largest cost at \$17.4 million or 31.7% of the total expenses. General government function costs were \$12.9 million or 23.6% of the total expenses. Public works function cost was \$11.9 million or 21.7% of total expenses.

	Governmental	% of	Governmental	(Decrease)
Function	Activities 2015	Total 2015	Activities 2014	Increase
General government	12,919,783	23.6%	10,328,052	2,591,731
Public safety	17,381,499	31.7%	15,939,033	1,442,466
Public works	11,875,658	21.7%	12,936,627	(1,060,969)
Health and welfare	7,701,357	14.1%	5,757,071	1,944,286
Recreation and culture	2,960,931	5.4%	3,097,514	(136,583)
Community programs	1,931,976	3.5%	4,276,928	(2,344,952)
Interest and fiscal charges	3,170	0.0%	3,170	
Total Expenses	54,774,374	100.0%	52,338,395	2,435,979

This chart displays the net cost of the County's function, (i.e., total costs less revenues generated by the function). Net cost of services illustrates the financial burden placed on the County's taxpayers by each of these functions.



Public safety function requires the largest taxpayer support at 83.6%. The public safety function includes law enforcement, jail, investigations, coroner, building inspection, and emergency management services. Public works is the second largest function with 66.2% of the costs being supported by taxpayers. The function includes roads and bridges, weed control, and post closure costs of the landfills. General government is the third largest function that requires taxpayer support of 59.7%.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

Governmental Funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$77,207,689. Of this year-end total, \$254,708 represents inventories held for future consumption and \$198,351 are prepaid and long term receivable, neither category represents available, spendable resources. A total of \$23,979,522 is legally restricted for specific purposes, including economic stabilization, law enforcement, capital improvements impact fees, and Tribal mitigation impact. Committed fund balance totals \$6,764,859 and reserved by the Board of County Commissioners to use in case of an emergency or a disaster. A total of \$31,918,254 is assigned and includes \$10,356,538 for 2016 budget deficit expenditures in the general fund, and \$21,347,603 is reserved for capital projects. Finally, more than \$14 million is unassigned, representing availability for continuing County service requirements.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show a decrease of \$810,643 or 1% less than the prior year.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$5.87 million. The decrease is related to the transfer out of \$5.58 million into the Capital Improvement Fund for capital expenditures and a transfer out of \$2.65 million into the Conservation Trust Fund to properly record the fund balance restricted to the Conservation Trust Fund in the newly created Conservation Trust Fund.

General Fund revenues increased \$1.98 million from 2014. Property taxes increased \$1.19 million due mostly to the increase in natural gas prices. Sales tax revenues increased \$861,248 in 2015 over 2014 and is due to the increase in retail sales. The increase of \$1.2 million in Severance tax is related to the increased oil production in the state from July 2014 through June 2015.

Expenditures in the General Fund increased \$1,564,414 or 5% from 2014. The majority of the increase is due to the Gold King/Animas River Spill. This devastating spill contaminated the Animas River and over 80 County employees worked on the initial response. Additionally, the County purchased a facility to house the Building, Planning, Code Enforcement, Emergency Management and Weed Control departments in 2015 and leased property to house the Department of Human Services. These new

facilities increased leasing and building maintenance costs for 2015. The General Fund unassigned ending fund balance of \$14,091,995 increased \$6,331 from 2014, and is available for future use.

The Road and Bridge Fund accounts for the construction, maintenance, and snow removal on roads and bridges in the County. In 2015, the Road and Bridge Fund fund balance decreased 4.8% or \$375,444 to \$7,405,255 and is available for future road and bridge spending. Expenditures were \$9.6 million in 2015, a decrease of \$114,932 or 1.19% from 2014.

The Social Services Fund accounts for a variety of State mandated social services. In 2015, the Social Services Fund fund balance dropped by 10.5% from \$2,526,130 to \$2,259,847. The fund spent more than \$6.1 million in providing services to clients, an increase of \$384,735, or 6.7% over 2014. Intergovernmental revenues increased \$260,577 over 2014.

The Capital Improvement Fund fund balance increased from \$7.39 million in 2014 to \$10 million in 2015, an increase of 36%. The increase in fund balance is mostly due to the transfer in from the General Fund fund balance reserved for capital. The County has reserved property taxes related to gas production over the year 2000 baseline to be set aside exclusively for capital projects. At the end of 2014, the County had reserved approximately \$26 million to address facility and other capital needs. In 2015, \$5.5 million of these funds were transferred to the Capital Improvement Fund for the remodel of the County Administration Building and the acquisition of 211 Rock Point Drive. In 2016, it will be used for the acquisition of 10 Burnett Court and the Courthouse remodel.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budget for the General Fund is prepared in compliance with all applicable Colorado State Statutes. On December 9, 2014, the Board of County Commissioners adopted and appropriated \$41,413,928 for the General Fund expenditures for the 2015 year. During the year, budget amendments were required because of unanticipated revenues. The majority of the unanticipated revenues were the result of the County and the State of Colorado declaring a disaster emergency due to the Gold King Mine Incident and resulting impact to downstream waters. The costs associated with responding to and recovering from the incident exceeded the financial capabilities of the County and the State of Colorado.

		Adopted Budget		Amendments		Final Budget
Sources	\$	33,644,480	\$	780,064	\$	34,424,544
Uses		41,413,928		642,764		42,056,692
Change in Fund Balance	\$	(7,769,448)	\$	137,300	\$	(7,632,148)

Actual revenues collected exceeded budgetary estimates by \$573,311 or 1.7%. The General Fund expenditures were \$3.8 million or 10.6% less than budgetary estimates. Personnel expenditures were underspent by \$1.3 million or 6%. This is due to employee turnover increasing to 14% in 2015 with retirements increasing from three in 2014 to nine in 2015. Other expenditures underspent include Capital projects and contingency.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation for governmental activities as of December 31, 2015, was \$98,551,468. Net capital assets have increased by about 1.9% in 2015. See Note 3-D for additional information about changes in capital assets during the year and outstanding at the end of the year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

Governmental Activities		
	2015	2014
Non-depreciable assets:		
Land	\$ 9,452,945	\$ 9,452,945
Construction in Progress	1,885,993	2,677,314
Total non-depreciable	11,338,938	12,130,259
Depreciable Assets:		
Buildings	56,419,552	50,002,579
Improvements	9,329,548	9,102,342
Machinery and equipment	17,907,544	16,913,699
Infrastructure	84,356,865	84,356,865
Total depreciable assets	168,013,509	160,375,485
Less accumulated depreciation	80,800,979	75,760,515
Book value-depreciable assets	87,212,530	84,614,970
Percentage depreciated	48.1%	47.2%
Book value - all assets	\$98,551,468	\$96,745,229

Long-term obligations

The County has long-term obligations including compensated absences, pollution remediation costs, and landfill post-closure costs. See Note 3-F for additional information about the County's long-term debt. We discuss the pollution remediation costs in Note 3-I and the landfill closure and post closure care liability in Note 3-J. A summary of outstanding debt at year-end is as follows:

	12/31/2015	12/31/2014	\$ Change	% Change
Colorado Water debt	\$ 265,843	\$ 272,500	\$ (6,657)	-2.4%
Compensated Absences	1,698,479	1,636,875	61,604	3.8%
Pollution remediation costs	2,643,071	2,713,694	(70,623)	-2.6%
Landfill postclosure costs	403,407	484,948	(81,541)	-16.8%
Total Governmental Activities	\$5,010,800	\$ 5,108,017	\$ (97,217)	-1.9%

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

La Plata County continues to maneuver through challenging financial times including managing a "soft landing" from the great recession. Property tax revenue is projected to increase by \$1.8 million in 2016, but this is expected to be short lived as much of the County's property tax base is related to natural gas production. County Assessor, Craig Larson reports that natural gas property tax revenue is expected to decrease significantly again in 2017. This is a result of current declining production and low prices. He estimates tax revenues from natural gas could drop from 41% of the County's total property tax revenue in 2015 to 30% of the revenue in 2017.

For 2016, County revenues are projected at \$79.9 million, which is a 16.4% increase over the 68.7 million anticipated in the 2015 budget. In total the 2016 budget has \$60 million in proposed operating expenditures and over \$44 million in proposed one-time expenditures which includes road and bridge improvements, the purchase of the new Human Services building, and contingencies. The County is using its fund balance for one-time expenditures and contingencies, the purpose for which such reserves are intended.

Another large source of revenue is the County's 2% sales tax. The revenue produced from this source is shared with other governmental entities within La Plata County as follows:

- City of Durango, 18%
- Joint Sales Tax Fund, 11%
- Town of Bayfield, 4%
- Town of Ignacio, 3.5%, and
- La Plata County, 63.5%.

Sales Tax revenue retained by the County was \$15.7 million in 2015, an increase of 5.8% over 2014. Approximately 40% of the increase is due to the State of Colorado Department of Revenue (DOR) conducting an audit that was for the 2008 fiscal year and determined that an adjustment in sales tax proceeds was due La Plata County. As a result, in May 2015 the County received \$382,430 as an adjustment. Without the 2008 adjustment, sales tax revenues would have increased 3%. The County projected a 2% increase in Sales Tax in the 2016 budget.

Grants and intergovernmental revenues are another cornerstone of the County's revenue base. In 2015, we received \$922,457 in energy impact grants to assist with the remodel of the County Administration Building located at 1101 E Second Avenue as well as the construction of two equipment buildings for our Marvel and Ignacio Road and Bridge facilities and the new Finance and Human Resource management system. In addition, we secured gaming grants in the amounts of \$361,970 for the District Attorney and Sheriff's Office jail and patrol operations.

The 2016 County budget is \$104.7 million, consisting of \$69.4 million in proposed operating expenses and \$35.3 million in proposed one-time expenditures, which includes capital, one-time expenditures, transfers out and contingencies. Total revenues are anticipated to be \$79.9 million that includes \$22.6 million in program revenues, \$42.1 million in general revenues, and \$15.2 million in capital grants and transfers.

The County's 2016 budget was prepared with consideration to these and other economic factors. The County is actively developing and implementing strategies to ensure long-term financial stability.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the County's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the County's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the County's Finance Director at 1101 E. 2nd Avenue, Durango, CO 81301, or via email at diane.sorensen@co.laplata.co.us.

¹2014 Southwest Business Forum: The Regional Economy, Dr. Robert J. Sonora ²NACO County Tracker 2014 (www.naco.org/CountyTracker)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

La Plata County, Colorado Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015

	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Component Unit
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 284,256	106,502
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	85,400,540	13,544
Restricted cash and investments	93,136	-
Receivables:	2,000,026	12 (50
Accounts	3,998,936	12,658
Taxes	19,153,281	-
Deposits Intergovernmental	3,976 5,139,001	168,868
Prepaid	196,375	100,000
Inventory	396,765	-
Investment in joint venture	18,320,815	
Capital Assets	10,320,013	
Nondepreciable capital assets	11,338,938	_
Depreciable capital assets, net	87,212,530	39,038
Total Assets	231,538,549	340,610
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension (Note 3-M)	-	31,789
Liabilities		2 - 1, 0 2
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	3,544,644	12,437
Accrued expenses	411,300	36,851
Intergovernmental payable	4,066,395	50,051
Accrued interest payable	3,170	_
Deposits payable	458,783	_
Unearned revenue	150,000	_
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	93,137	_
Claims payable	251,394	_
Current portion-debt service	11,628	_
Current portion-compensated absences payable	358,324	24,004
Current portion-pollution remediation obligations	300,000	
Current portion-landfill closure and post-closure care costs payable	59,076	_
Long-Term Liabilities:	,	
Debt service (net of current portion)	254,215	-
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	1,340,155	87,898
Pollution remediation obligations (net of current portion)	2,343,071	-
Landfill closure/post-closure costs (net of current portion)	344,331	-
Pension Liability		454,162
Total Liabilities	13,989,623	615,352
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property Taxes	18,998,150	_
Pension (Note 3-M)	-	12,873
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,998,150	12,873
Net Position		
Investment in capital assets	98,551,468	39,038
Restricted for:	70,551,700	37,030
Required legal fund segregations	22,379,012	_
Economic stabilization (TABOR)	1,600,510	69,643
Unrestricted	76,019,786	(364,507)
Total Net Position		\$ (255,826)
	\$ 198,550,776	φ (233,820)
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements		

La Plata County, Colorado Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Function/Program		Expenses		Charges for Services	(gram Revenues Operating Grants and ontributions	(Capital Grants and	Reve Prim	Net (Expense) nue and Changes in Net Position tary Government Governmental Activities	C	Component Unit
Primary Government		Expenses		Bervices		ontributions		onti ibutions		Activities		
Governmental Activities												
General government	\$	12,919,783	\$	2,493,802	\$	3,504,471	\$	790,057	\$	(6,131,453)	\$	-
Public safety		17,381,499		1,595,067		1,262,999		-		(14,523,433)		-
Recreation and culture		2,960,931		-		-		-		(2,960,931)		-
Public works		11,875,658		328,787		3,145,517		540,396		(7,860,957)		-
Increase in joint venture		-		-		245,400		-		245,400		-
Health and welfare		7,701,357		51,837		5,520,227		-		(2,129,293)		-
Community programs		1,931,976		-		298,434		-		(1,633,542)		-
Interest and fiscal charges		3,170		-		-				(3,170)		-
Total - Primary Government	\$	54,774,374	\$	4,469,493	\$	13,977,048	\$	1,330,453		(34,997,379)		
Component Unit					_							
Office of the District Attorney	\$	2,298,811	\$	-	\$	780,551	\$					(1,518,260)
				neral Revenu		C 1				17 141 607		
					evied	for general gov	ernme	ent purposes		17,141,607		-
				ales taxes						15,734,279		-
			_	ther taxes						1,992,047		-
			_	able franchise						106,991		-
					_	rom primary g	overnr	nentunrestric	ted	-		1,511,905
				vestment earn	ings					411,103		-
			M	iscellaneous						911,966		17,004
			To	tal General R	evenı	ies				36,297,993		1,528,909
			Ch	ange in Net P	ositio	n				1,300,614		10,649
			Beg	ginning Net P	ositio	n				197,250,162		148,964
			Ch	ange in accou	nting	g principle				-		(428,439)
			Pri	or Period Ad	justm	ent - See Note	3 - N					13,000
			Net	t Position Beg	innin	ng of Year (Re	stated)				(266,475)
			Net	t Position End	d of Y	'ear			\$	198,550,776	\$	(255,826)
See accompanying notes to the basic fit	nancial	statements										

La Plata County, Colorado Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2015

	General	Road and Bridge	Social Services	Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds
Assets						
Cash	\$ 283,706	\$ 150	\$ 400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 284,25
Equity in cash and investments	53,325,912	6,551,760	2,222,075	10,293,106	3,497,237	75,890,09
Restricted cash and investments	31,479	-	61,657	-	-	93,13
Receivables:						
Accounts	134,418	86,287	3,761,681	-	-	3,982,38
Taxes	16,475,337	1,578,608	844,890	-	99,315	18,998,15
Interfund	2,519	-	-	-	-	2,51
Deposits	2,000	-	-	1,976	-	3,97
Intergovernmental	3,031,544	1,070,561	308,934	344,085	383,877	5,139,00
Prepaids	196,375	-	-	-	-	196,37
Inventory		254,708				254,70
Total Assets	73,483,290	9,542,074	7,199,637	10,639,167	3,980,429	104,844,59
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	2,227,099	499,513	115,584	443,994	181,156	3,467,34
Accrued salaries and wages	341,880	58,698	-	-	-	400,57
Interfund payable	151 255	-	2,519	-	-	2,51
Intergovernmental payable Deposits payable	151,255 458,783	-	3,915,140	-	-	4,066,39 458,78
Deposits payable Unearned revenues	430,703	-	-	150,000	-	150,00
Liabilities restricted assets	31,480	_	61,657	150,000	_	93,13
Fotal Liabilities		550 211	4,094,900	593,994	181,156	
Total Liabilities	3,210,497	558,211	4,094,900	393,994	161,130	8,638,75
Deferred Inflows of Resources	16 475 227	1 570 600	944 900		00.215	10 000 15
Property Taxes	16,475,337	1,578,608	844,890		99,315	18,998,15
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,475,337	1,578,608	844,890		99,315	18,998,15
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	-	254,708	-	-	-	254,70
Prepaids	196,375	-	-	-	-	196,37
Long term receivable	-	-	-	1,976	-	1,97
Restricted:	1 (00 510					1 (00 51
Economic stabilization (TABOR) Law enforcement	1,600,510 275,506	-	-	-	-	1,600,51 275,50
Construction/maintenance of roads	273,300	5,500,242	-	-	-	5,500,24
Capital improvements impact fees	-	1,650,305	-	-		1,650,30
Public assistance and welfare	_	1,030,303	767,605	_	_	767,60
Child welfare	_	_	1,492,242	_	_	1,492,24
Recreation & parks	_	_	-	_	2,956,256	2,956,25
Joint County/City projects	- -	_	_	_	528,658	528,65
Tribal mitigation impact	_	_	_	-	931	93
General capital improvements	-	_	_	9,207,267	-	9,207,26
Committed:				- , , ,		. ,= ,= .
Emergency and disasters Assigned:	6,764,859	-	-	-	-	6,764,85
Construction/maintenance of roads	-	_	_	-	190,725	190,72
Debt service	-	_	-	-	23,388	23,38
Next year's budget deficit	10,356,538	_	_	-	-2,200	10,356,53
Capital projects	20,511,673	-	_	835,930	_	21,347,60
Unassigned	14,091,995					14,091,99

La Plata County, Colorado

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 77,207,689
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. However, in the government-wide statement of net position, the cost of these assets are capitalized and expensed over their estimated lives through annual depreciation expense. Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	179,352,447 (80,800,979)	98,551,468
Revenues are recognized when they are both measureable and available in the fund financial statements, revenues are recognized when they are earned in the governmental wide statements.		155,131
The investment in the joint venture is not included at the fund level, but is reported on the government-wide statement of net position.		18,320,815
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of employee medical self-insurance and fleet management costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. Non-capital assets Current liabilities	9,669,057 (339,414)	9,329,643
Liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds but are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. Debt service Compensated absences Pollution remediation obligations Landfill closure and post closure care costs Net Pension	(269,013) (1,698,479) (2,643,071) (403,407)	(5,013,970)
Net Position Of Governmental Activities		\$ 198,550,776

La Plata County, Colorado Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	General	Road and Bridge	Social Services	Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 24,531,677	\$ 4,995,902	\$ 830,058	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,729,004	\$ 35,086,641
Intergovernmental	5,057,993	3,685,913	5,062,470	866,517	-	14,672,893
Licenses and permits	819,473	231,330	-	-	-	1,050,803
Charges for services	3,288,273	-	-	-	-	3,288,273
Investment earnings	405,091	-	-	-	9,545	414,636
Miscellaneous	491,495	263,478		126,487		881,460
Total Revenues	34,594,002	9,176,623	5,892,528	2,993,004	2,738,549	55,394,706
Expenditures						
Current:	11 220 205			101 216		11 410 621
General government	11,238,305	-	-	181,316	-	11,419,621
Public safety	16,831,509	-	-	-	1 001 770	16,831,509
Recreation & culture	797,207	0.617.202	-	-	1,891,568	2,688,775
Public works	239,177	8,617,393	6,158,811	-	68,526	8,925,096
Health and welfare	1,433,150	-	6,158,811	-	-	7,591,961
Community programs	1,931,976	- 024 674	-	- 5 720 070	-	1,931,976
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	140,931	934,674	-	5,730,979	-	6,806,584
Principal retirement	_				6.657	6.657
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	3,170	3,170
interest and fiscal charges					3,170	3,170
Total Expenditures	32,612,255	9,552,067	6,158,811	5,912,295	1,969,921	56,205,349
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	1,981,747	(375,444)	(266,283)	(2,919,291)	768,628	(810,643)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	200 722			5 500 600	2 (52 (55	0.611.025
Transfers in Transfers out	380,723 (8,230,314)	-	-	5,577,637	2,652,677 (380,723)	8,611,037 (8,611,037)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,849,591)			5,577,637	2,271,954	(0,011,037)
Tom One I maneing bourees (Oses)	(1,077,371)			3,311,031	2,211,754	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,867,844)	(375,444)	(266,283)	2,658,346	3,040,582	(810,643)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	59,665,300	7,780,699	2,526,130	7,386,827	659,376	78,018,332
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 53,797,456	\$ 7,405,255	\$ 2,259,847	\$ 10,045,173	\$ 3,699,958	\$ 77,207,689

La Plata County, Colorado Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Net Changes In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	(810,643)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management and self insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities (excluding depreciation) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. Net program revenues (expenses) internal service funds Investment earnings	979,190 866		980,056
Internal service funds capital asset activity: Depreciation expense Cash received from sales of assets Assets disposed-net of accum depreciation	(996,007) 247,430 (91,072)		(839,649)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			155,131
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Depreciation expense (excl internal svc funds) Capital outlay (excl internal service funds)	(4,780,232) 6,253,334		1,473,102
Governmental funds do not report the net cost of capital assets disposed of, but the cost is reported on the statement of activities			-
Governmental funds do not report the investment in the joint venture, however, the change is reported on the government-wide statement of activities			245,400
Transfers between governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund operating statement but eliminated on the government-wide statement of activities. Transfers in Transfers out	8,611,037 (8,611,037)		-
Interest expense reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current final resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Liability @ 12/31/15 Liability @ 12/31/14	(3,170) 3,170		-
The (increase) decrease in pollution remediation obligations do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Liability @ 12/31/15 Liability @ 12/31/14	(2,643,071) 2,713,694		70,623
The (increase) decrease in landfill closure and post closure care costs do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Liability @ 12/31/15 Liability @ 12/31/14	(403,407) 484,948		81,541
Long term debt relating to governmental activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Liability @ 12/31/15 Liability @ 12/31/14	(265,843) 272,500		6,657
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Liability @ 12/31/15	(1,698,479)		
Liability @ 12/31/14 Change In Net Position of Governmental Activities	1,636,875	<u> </u>	(61,604) 1,300,614
Change in Net I ostubii di Governmentai Activities		Ψ	1,300,014

La Plata County, Colorado General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	 Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		riance with
Revenues			_		_	
Taxes	\$ 24,284,450	\$, - ,	\$	24,531,677	\$	247,227
Intergovernmental	4,878,926	5,578,926		5,057,993		(520,933)
Licenses and permits	588,000	588,000		819,473		231,473
Charges for services	2,849,549	2,925,473		3,288,273		362,800
Investment earnings	300,000	300,000		405,091		105,091
Miscellaneous	 339,702	 343,842		491,495		147,653
Total Revenues	 33,240,627	 34,020,691		34,594,002		573,311
Expenditures						
General government	12,662,205	13,015,400		11,238,305		1,777,095
Public safety	18,321,448	18,429,596		16,831,509		1,598,087
Recreation & culture	864,598	881,798		797,207		84,591
Health & welfare	1,443,837	1,450,558		1,433,150		17,408
Public works	454,213	454,513		239,177		215,336
Community programs & pass thru grants	1,882,490	1,887,690		1,931,976		(44,286)
Total Current	35,628,791	36,119,555		32,471,324		3,648,231
Capital Outlay	 207,500	 359,500		140,931		218,569
Total Expenditures	35,836,291	36,479,055		32,612,255		3,866,800
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,595,664)	(2,458,364)		1,981,747		4,440,111
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	403,853	403,853		380,723		(23,130)
Transfers out	 (5,577,637)	 (5,577,637)		(8,230,314)		(2,652,677)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (5,173,784)	 (5,173,784)		(7,849,591)		(2,675,807)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (7,769,448)	\$ (7,632,148)		(5,867,844)	\$	1,764,304
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				59,665,300		
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	53,797,456		

La Plata County, Colorado

Road and Bridge Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,995,256	\$ 4,995,256	\$ 4,995,902	\$ 646
Intergovernmental	3,961,151	3,961,151	3,685,913	(275,238)
Licenses and permits	230,000	230,000	231,330	1,330
Miscellaneous	159,500	159,500	263,478	103,978
Total Revenues	9,345,907	9,345,907	9,176,623	(169,284)
Expenditures				
Public works	10,393,314	10,247,314	8,617,393	1,629,921
Capital outlay	2,130,300	2,280,300	934,674	1,345,626
Total Expenditures	12,523,614	12,527,614	9,552,067	2,975,547
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(3,177,707)	(3,181,707)	(375,444)	2,806,263
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (3,177,707)	\$ (3,181,707)	(375,444)	\$ 2,806,263
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			7,780,699	
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 7,405,255	

La Plata County, Colorado Social Services Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	822,743	\$	822,743	\$	830,058	\$	7,315
Intergovernmental		5,031,374		5,057,854		5,062,470		4,616
Total Revenues		5,854,117		5,880,597		5,892,528		11,931
Expenditures								
Current:								
Health and welfare		6,269,330		6,298,010		6,158,811		139,199
Total Expenditures		6,269,330		6,298,010		6,158,811		139,199
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(415,213)		(417,413)		(266,283)		151,130
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(415,213)	\$	(417,413)		(266,283)	\$	151,130
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						2,526,130		
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	2,259,847		

La Plata County, Colorado Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2015

Assets Current Assets:	Governmental Activities Internal Services Funds
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	\$ 9,510,450
Accounts receivable	16,550
Inventory	142,057
Total Current Assets	9,669,057
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets:	
Depreciable capital assets, net	6,903,053
Total Assets	16,572,110
Liabilities	
Accrued payroll	10,722
Accounts payable	77,298
Accrued claims payable	251,394
Total Current Liabilities	339,414
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	6,903,053
Unrestricted	9,329,643
Total Net Position	\$ 16,232,696

La Plata County, Colorado Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Governmental Activities Internal Services Funds		
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$	2,082,331	
Insurance deposits		3,520,341	
Miscellaneous revenue		20,927	
Total Operating Revenues		5,623,599	
Operating Expenses			
Equipment maintenance		1,212,840	
Depreciation		996,007	
Medical claims		3,431,571	
Total Operating Expenses		5,640,418	
Operating Income (Loss)		(16,819)	
Non-Operating Revenues			
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		156,358	
Investment earnings		866	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		157,224	
Change in Net Position		140,405	
Net Position Beginning of Year		16,092,291	
Net Position End of Year	\$	16,232,696	

La Plata County, Colorado Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		vernmental Activities Internal vices Funds
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash payments for goods and services Cash payments for claims	\$	5,608,400 (1,168,303) (3,339,297)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		1,100,800
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Cash sales of capital assets Payments for capital acquisitions		247,430 (1,420,214)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		(1,172,784)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment earnings		866
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(71,118)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		9,581,568
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	9,510,450
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Ac		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(16,819)
Adjustments: Depreciation		996,007
(Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts receivable Inventory		(15,199) 25,738
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued incurred/unreported claims Accrued wages		31,781 92,274 (12,982)
	Φ.	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,100,800

La Plata County, Colorado Comparative Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	\$ 2,615,604	\$ 2,772,976
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 437,128	\$ 219,283
Due to component unit	13,544	41,903
Deposits held for others	 2,164,932	 2,511,790
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,615,604	\$ 2,772,976

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Joint Venture	
Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations	Note 7

La Plata County, Colorado (the County) was formed in 1874 and operates under Colorado State Statutes as a statutory county. The County has a governing board of three elected Commissioners. The offices of Assessor, Clerk, Coroner, Sheriff, Surveyor and Treasurer also are elected positions. The County provides the following services as authorized by State Statutes: public safety (police and jail), transportation, health and social services, planning and protective inspections, property tax assessment, property tax collection and distribution, recording and election services, and other general and administrative services.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. The County's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. A summary of significant policies is as follows:

1-A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, a component unit and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the County consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable or which are closely related to or financially integrated with the County. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the County in that the County approves the budget, levies their taxes or issues their debt.

The County's component units are presented either as "blended" or "discretely presented." If blended, it is reported as if it were a fund of the County throughout the year. It is included at both the government-wide and fund financial reporting levels. Discretely presented component units are reported only at the government-wide financial reporting level.

The component unit columns included on the government-wide financial statements identifies the financial data of the County's discretely presented component unit. It is reported separately to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

A brief description of the blended component units follows:

The *Durango Hills Local Improvement District (the District)*, a legally separate entity from the County, is governed by a three-member board composed of the sitting County Commissioners. For financial statement reporting purposes, the Durango Hills Local Improvement District is blended because of significant operational or financial relationships. The La Plata County Board of Commissioners is the governing body for District. The activities of the Durango Hills Local Improvement District are reported in the County's financial report as the special revenue fund, "Durango Hills Road Improvement District."

The *Palo Verde Public Improvement District #3*, a legally separate entity from the County, is governed by a three-member board composed of the sitting County Commissioners. For financial statement reporting purposes, the Palo Verde Public Improvement District #3 is blended because of the significant operational or financial relationships. The La Plata County Board of Commissioners is the governing body. The activities of the Palo Verde Public Improvement District #3 are reported in the County's financial report as the special revenue fund, "Palo Verde Public Improvement District #3".

A brief description of the discretely presented component unit follows:

The Office of the District Attorney of the Sixth Judicial District (the DA), is governed by a separately elected District Attorney; with the Boards of County Commissioners of La Plata, Archuleta and San Juan Counties providing the majority of the Office's funding. The County provides over two-thirds of the operational funding for the DA's activities and provides administrative services (human resources, finance/budgeting, grant administration, cash receipting/cash management and facilities) to the DA. The employees of the DA's office are included in all of the County's benefit programs and the DA's office is covered through the County's risk management arrangements. Accordingly, the DA is considered to be closely related to or financially integrated with the County and is therefore reported as a discretely presented component unit of the County. The DA does not issue separate financial statements, so the fund level statements for the District Attorney are presented in the County's report.

1-B. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the County as a whole. The primary government and the component units are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and grants and County's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. Activities reported in fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the governmental activities of the County and its' discretely presented component unit at year-end.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the County's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the County. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements - The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, fund balance, revenues and expenditures. During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds.

The following are the County's four major governmental funds:

The General Fund – The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Primary sources of revenue for this fund are property taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental assistance and charges for services. The General Fund's fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Colorado.

Road and Bridge Fund – State law requires Colorado counties to maintain this individual fund. This fund records costs related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance. Primary sources of revenue for this fund are property taxes, shared intergovernmental revenues such as highway use taxes, and capital grants. By state law, a portion of the road and bridge property tax is allocated to cities and towns for use in their road and street activities.

Social Services Fund – State law requires Colorado counties to maintain this individual fund. This fund accounts for numerous state and federal public welfare programs that the County administers. Primary sources of revenue for this fund are property taxes and revenues from the state and federal government for public welfare and child care and protection programs.

Capital Improvement Fund – Pursuant to a 1984 ballot measure that dedicates a portion of sales tax to capital improvement projects, the County established this fund in 1985. The expenditures are limited to continuing capital and major capital improvements determined by the Board of County Commissioners.

In addition, the County reports the following fund types:

Non-major Governmental Funds — In addition to the major funds listed above, the County also has five non-major special revenue funds, the Joint Sales Tax Fund, Durango Hills Road Improvement District, Palo Verde Public Improvement District #3, Tribal Impact Mitigation Fund, and the Conservation Trust Fund.

Internal Service Funds – the County's internal service funds are used to accumulate and account for the County's self-insurance program and vehicle/equipment maintenance and replacement. The two internal service funds are the Employee Medical Self-Insurance Fund and the Capital Equipment Replacement Fund.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position. The County's fiduciary fund is an agency fund and is used by the La Plata County Treasurer to account for taxes collected for and remitted to other taxing entities.

Discretely Presented Component Unit – the Office of the District Attorney maintains a general fund that accounts for all financial resources of the District Attorney's office.

1-C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, with an economic resources measurement focus concentrating on an entity or fund's net position. All transactions and events that affect the total economic resources (net position) during the period are reported. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time an obligation (liability) is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all of the eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor have been met.

At the fund reporting level, the governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting with a current financial resources measurement focus. The measurement focus concentrates on the availability of funds for spending in the near future. Only transactions and events affecting current financial resources during the period are reported. Revenues are recognized when they become both measureable and available. The County considers revenues other than grants to be measureable and available if collected within 90 days after year-end. Grants are considered measureable and available if they are collected within six months after year-end and all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, with the exception of principal and interest on long-

term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized when matured.

Revenues susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis include property and sales taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and grants. All other revenues are considered measureable and available only when cash is received. For governmental funds, property tax is reported as both receivable and deferred inflow of resource in the year it is levied, since an enforceable legal lien on the property exists at this time.

The agency fund reports its assets and liabilities on the accrual basis. Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statements of net position. The statements of changes in fund net position present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures. Reconciliation between modified accrual basis and full accrual basis is provided in the fund financial statements.

1-D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

1-D-1 Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on statements of net position or balance sheets as "Equity in treasurer's cash and investments."

Equity in Treasurer's Cash and Investments - The County maintains centralized bank accounts to maximize investment yields. With the exception of certain restricted funds, the County pools all cash on an entity-wide basis for management and investment purposes. Investment earnings are attributed, with few exceptions, to the general fund regardless of the source of the funds. Exceptions are determined by law, intergovernmental agreements, official board action or management recommendation.

For the purposes of cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County. Equity in the pool has been treated the same as any other demand deposit or investment with a maturity of three months or less.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last quoted sales price. Investments in governmental external investment pools are governed by Part 7 of Article 75 of the Colorado Revised Statutes and are exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The pools operate like a mutual fund with each share valued at \$1. The State Securities Commission administers and enforces all State statutes governing the investment pools.

1-D-2 Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible, where applicable.

1-D-3 Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/interfund payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances.

1-D-4 Consumable Inventories

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented on an average cost basis and are expensed when used (i.e., the consumption method). On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at an average cost basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when consumed.

1-D-5 Restricted Assets

These assets primarily consist of cash being held in trust by the Social Services Fund for individuals totaling \$61,657 and La Plata County jail inmate commissary funds of \$31,480.

1-D-6 Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to business-type activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The County reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the government fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements to capital assets are capitalized, while the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

In 2007, the County hired an independent third party to complete a valuation of the County's infrastructure assets. They have provided the County with the estimated historical cost and accumulated depreciation of infrastructure assets, including such items as bridges, cattle guards, culverts, drainage and irrigation ditches, guardrails, retaining walls, roads and road signs, using County supplied inventories and by back trending from current replacement cost. All reported capital assets are depreciated except for

land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Estimated Lives by Asset Class	Governmental Activities	Discretely Presented Component Unit
Buildings	60 Years	
Improvements	30 Years	
Machinery and equipment	5 - 30 Years	5-15 Years
Infrastructure	20 - 60 Years	

At the inception of capital leases at the governmental fund reporting level, expenditures and an "other financing source" of an equal amount are reported at the net present value of future minimum lease payments.

The County is currently undertaking a project to identify and report certain intangible assets such as water rights, mineral rights and certain easements not associated with infrastructure and roads. As these intangibles are identified, they will be reported as capital assets. Because the historical cost of these assets is generally minimal, these assets would not materially change the amount of capital assets currently reported.

1-D-7 Compensated Absences

The County accrues a liability for compensated absences when the County's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employees' services already rendered, when the obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate, when payment of the compensation is probable and when the amount can be reasonably estimated. In accordance with these criteria, the County has accrued a liability for annual leave that has been earned but not taken by County employees.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only if they have matured.

Proprietary Funds – Accumulated vested sick pay and vacation pay at December 31, 2015, for employees of the proprietary funds have not been accrued since they would not have a material effect on the financial statements.

1-D-8 Other Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of these funds. Landfill closure and post-closure care costs and pollution remediation costs are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

1-D-9 Fund Equity and Fund Balances

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position." Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. In the fund financial statements, the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints.

- Non-spendable fund balance the portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as inventory) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance the portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance the portion of fund balance constrained through adopted resolution by the Board of County Commissioners, the highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of action.
- Assigned fund balance the portion of fund balance that reflects a government's intended use of
 resources. Assignments are set aside by the Board of County Commissioners through the
 adoption and subsequent amendment of the annual budget. Assigned fund balances in special
 revenues funds will also include any remaining fund balance that is not restricted or committed.
 This classification is necessary to indicate that those funds are intended to be used for the purpose
 of that particular fund.
- Unassigned fund balance the portion of fund balance that is not classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The County will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

If only restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is County policy to use restricted amounts first. Unrestricted fund balance will be used in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned.

Net Positions - Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the

County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted. It should be noted that while the "Investment in Joint Venture" is a component of unrestricted net position, it does not represent available, spendable resources, since the dissolution of the airport joint venture is highly unlikely.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

1-D-10 Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are insurance deposits and internal charges for fleet maintenance and repair. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of each fund. Non-operating revenues and expenses are those items which are not related to the primary activity of each fund, such as investment income, grants and gains or losses on sales of capital assets.

1-D-11 Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements (i.e., they are netted). Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated.

1-D-12 Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

1-D-13 Comparative Data

Certain comparative data for the prior year have been presented to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations. This data is not included at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, from which the data was derived. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

1-D-14 Changes in Accounting Principle

During the year 2015, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 ("Statement No. 68") and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 ("Statement No. 71"), effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014, require government employers, for the first time, to recognize the long-term obligation for state pension benefits. The provisions of Statement No. 68 and Statement No. 71 (the "standards") relevant to the County relate to changes in the accounting and financial reporting of pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. GASB No. 68 requires cost-sharing employers participating in the PERA program, such as the 6th Judicial District Attorney, to record their proportionate share, as defined in GASB No. 68, of PERA's unfunded pension liability. The County has no legal obligation to fund this shortfall nor does it have any ability to affect funding, benefits, or annual required contributions decision made by PERA or the General Assembly. Information regarding PERA's current funding status can be found in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The employer liability is to be measured as the difference between the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan for past periods of service less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position, with obligations for employers with cost sharing plans based on their proportionate share of contributions to the pension plan. The standards also require more immediate recognition of annual service cost, interest and changes in benefits for pension expense, require deferred outflows be presented for employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability, specify requirements for discount rates and actuarial methods, and provide changes to disclosure requirements. The cumulative effect of adoption of the standard is presented as an adjustment to beginning fiscal year 2015 net position since information is not available to determine the impact on expense and net position in fiscal year 2014.

The requirement of GASB No. 68 to record a portion of PERA's unfunded liability negatively impacted the Sixth Judicial District Attorney's, a component unit, beginning net position by \$428,439. The net pension liability recorded as of December 31, 2015 was \$454,162. Information regarding PERA's current funding status can be found in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

2-A. Budgetary Information

The governmental fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. All budgets are presented on a GAAP basis unless otherwise noted. Adopted budgets for internal service funds are presented on a non-GAAP basis. The nature and amount of the adjustments necessary to convert the actual GAAP data to the budgetary basis is included.

Colorado State Statues require the adoption of annual budgets for all funds, including proprietary funds. The annual budget adoption and appropriation resolutions provide that expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated by fund are considered to be a violation of State law, and thus the highest level of budgetary control (the level at which the Board of County Commissioners must approve any over expenditures of appropriations or transfers between funds) is considered to be at the fund level. In further accordance with the annual budget adoption and appropriation resolutions, line item budgets are grouped into departments and departments are assigned to a spending authority, which is typically an elected official or department head. More than one department may be assigned to a spending authority. Management is able to amend the budget by transferring monies within the individual line items within a spending authority without seeking approval of the Board of County Commissioners. Thus, there is a secondary legal level of control at the spending authority. The annual budget and appropriation resolutions also limit amounts reserved for personnel, operating and capital expenditures to those categories of expenditures unless otherwise approved by the Director of Finance and County Manager in accordance with County policy. All unexpended annual appropriations lapse at year end.

In accordance with state statute, the Board of County Commissioners may, by resolution, authorize budget amendments during the year, but not in excess of the amount that actual revenues exceed budgeted revenues and unappropriated surplus for that fund. They may also transfer any unencumbered appropriation balance or portion thereof from one fund to another. Most funds budget a contingency that may be appropriated to other line items in the same fund, with Board approval, for unanticipated expenditures. Several supplemental appropriations and budget contingency transfers were adopted during 2015.

2- B. Stewardship

Expenditures in the General Fund, the County's primary operating fund, exceeded appropriations during 2015. This is the result of creating the Conservation Trust Fund during 2015 and transferring the restricted fund balance for those activities into the newly created fund. The transfer of the fund balance was not appropriated in the 2015 budget. This may be a violation of Colorado State Statutes.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

3-A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits – The County's investment policy is to purchase securities and hold them to maturity. In making investment decisions, the County Treasurer considers the legality, security and yield of the investment. Investment income includes appreciation or depreciation in the fair value of all investments. Changes in the fair value during the current year, however, do not necessarily represent trends that will continue; nor is it always possible to realize such amounts, especially in the case of temporary changes in the fair value of investments that the County intends to hold to maturity.

As part of the Dodd-Frank Act, Congress permanently increased FDIC insurance from \$100,000 to \$250,000 per depositor. Additionally, the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (CPDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Colorado statutes require that any public depository which accepts and holds public funds maintain, as security for public deposits

accepted and held by it that are not insured by federal depository insurance, eligible collateral having a market value, at all times, equal to at least one hundred two percent of the amount of public deposits. Banking institutions are monitored by the State of Colorado Banking Commission and must report monthly on all public deposits held. Pledged collateral must be held in joint custody of the bank and the State of Colorado Banking Commission in accordance with the Public Deposit Protection Act in a safekeeping account held by a third party, usually the Federal Reserve Bank. The pledged collateral cannot be released unless approval is obtained by the banking commission. Savings and Loan institutions are monitored by the State of Colorado Commissioner of Savings and Loan Associations and must report quarterly on all public deposits held. The Colorado State Auditor has determined that there is no custodial credit risk for public deposits collateralized under the PDPA. The County's formal investment policy provides that all banks and savings banks eligible to provide depository and other banking services must be a member of the FDIC and shall qualify as a depository of public funds as defined by Colorado State Statute.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$16,881,827 and the bank balance was \$18,335,776. Of the bank balance, \$919,275 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$17,416,501 was uninsured but collateralized with securities held by a third party in the name of the CPDPA.

The carrying amount of deposits for the Office of the District Attorney of the Sixth Judicial District, a discretely presented component unit was \$106,502 and the bank balance was \$106,521. Of the bank balance, \$106,521 was covered by federal depository insurance.

Credit Risk – The County's investment policy is to apply the prudent person rule where investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act. The County's investment policy limits investments in fixed income securities to U.S. Treasury obligations; Federal instrumentality securities, limited to the following: Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB), Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB), and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC); Corporate bonds (rated at least AA-/Aa3), Commercial Paper (rated at least A-1+/P1); eligible bankers acceptances; repurchase agreements; local government investment pools authorized under C.R.S. 24-75-701 and C.R.S. 30-10-708(4), money market mutual load funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940; and non-negotiable certificates of deposit.

As of December 31, 2015, the County's investments in local government investment pools (COLOTRUST) were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. To obtain financial statements for COLOTRUST, you may visit their website at www.colotrust.com.

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value losses will arise resulting from increasing interest rates. The County's formal investment policy provides that investments shall be limited to maturities not exceeding five years from the date of purchase. Further, it provides that the County shall maintain at least 25 percent of its total investment portfolio in instruments maturing in 120 days or less.

Concentration of credit risk. The County's formal investment policy places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer.

Foreign currency risk. The County does not invest in any foreign investments.

As of December 31, 2015, the County's investments were as follows:

	Weighted				
	Avg Mkt	S&P/	% of]	Fair Value/
	Dur (Yrs)	Moody Rating	Portfolio	Car	rying Amount
Local government investment pool-ColoTrust Plus	-	AAAm	37.85%	\$	27,027,534
Local government investment pool-ColoTrust Prime	-	AAAm	3.98%		2,839,481
Local government investment pool-ColoTrust Prime	-	AAAm	0.06%		39,686
Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB)	1.42	AA+/Aaa	10.56%		7,541,179
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)	1.81	AA+/Aaa	2.80%		2,000,607
United States Treasury Note/Bond	1.37	AA+/Aaa	16.79%		11,989,452
Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB)	1.70	AA+/Aaa	11.16%		7,972,430
Corporate - Wal-Mart Stores inc	0.28	AA/Aa2	1.40%		999,962
Corporate - Toyota Motor Credit Corp	1.99	AA-/Aa3	2.80%		2,000,130
Corporate - International Business Machines Corp	0.01	AA-/Aa3	2.80%		2,000,000
Corporate - Microsoft Corp	2.79	AAA/Aaa	1.40%		998,215
Corporate - ING US Funding LLC	0.35	A-1/P-1	1.40%		997,508
Corporate - Federal National Mortgage Association	1.95	AA+/Aaa	1.39%		995,202
Corporate - US Bank NA/Cincinnati OH	1.06	AA-/A1	1.40%		998,556
Corporate - Berkshire Hathaway Inc	1.07	AA/Aa2	1.41%		1,008,677
Corporate - Apple Inc	1.33	AA+/Aa1	1.40%		1,000,587
Corporate - Chevron	1.85	AA/Aa1	1.40%		996,853
		Total	100%	\$	71,406,058

Cash & Investment Reconciliation:

Description	Carrying Amounts		Ca	Cash and sh Equivalents
		From Statement of Net Position:		
Cash on hand	\$ 105,651	Cash & Cash Deposits	\$	284,256
Deposits	16,881,827	Equity in treasurer's cash and investments		85,400,540
Investments	71,406,058	Restricted cash and investments		93,136
		Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liablilities		2,615,604
Total	\$ 88,393,536	Total	\$	88,393,536

3-B. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2015 include earned revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities for the current period.

Receivables and payables are recorded on the County's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectability.

3-C. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 31 and are levied on January 1 of the following year. Taxes are payable either in two installments due on the last day of February and June 15, or in full on April 30. The County, through the La Plata County Treasurer, bills and collects its own property taxes as well as property taxes of all other taxing authorities within the County.

3-D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities (including internal service funds) for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/2015	Reclass	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2015
Governmental activities:					12/01/2010
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 9,452,945	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,452,945
Construction in progress	2,677,314	(4,344,884)	3,553,563		1,885,993
Total capital assets not being depreciated	12,130,259	(4,344,884)	3,553,563		11,338,938
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	50,002,579	4,344,884	2,072,089	-	56,419,552
Improvements	9,102,342	-	227,206	-	9,329,548
Machinery and equipment	16,913,699	-	1,820,690	826,845	17,907,544
Infrastructure	84,356,865				84,356,865
Total depreciable capital assets	160,375,485	4,344,884	4,119,985	826,845	168,013,509
Total capital assets	172,505,744		7,673,548	826,845	179,352,447
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	12,379,954	_	1,115,524	_	13,495,478
Improvements	3,092,130	_	337,343	_	3,429,473
Machinery and equipment	9,630,482	_	1,200,980	735,773	10,095,689
Infrastructure	50,657,949		3,122,390	<u> </u>	53,780,339
Total accumulated depreciation	75,760,515		5,776,237	735,773	80,800,979
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$96,745,229	\$ -	\$ 1,897,311	\$ 91,072	\$ 98,551,468

Governmental activities depreciation expense:	Total
General government	\$ 847,501
Public safety	798,115
Recreation & Culture	370,339
Public works	3,655,926
Health and welfare	104,356
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 5,776,237

The following are the changes in capital asset activity in discretely presented component units for the year ended December 31, 2015:

		Restated Balance					Balance
		1/1/2015	A	dditions	Deletions		12/31/2015
Depreciable capital assets:							
Improvements		23,334		-	-		23,334
Machinery and equipment		129,040	1	5,000	(20,040)		124,000
Less accumulated depreciation	((118,849)	((7,483)	 18,036	((108,296)
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	33,525	\$	7,517	\$ (2,004)	\$	39,038

3-E. Interfund Transfers

Interfund Transfers are used to report revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed. All County transfers either occur on a regular basis or are consistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2015, consisted of the following:

		Transfers from:					
	Gen	eral	Cap	oital	N	on-major	
	fu	nd	impro	v. fund	g	ovt'l fund	 Total
Transfers to:							
General fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	380,723	\$ 380,723
Captal improvement fund	5,57	7,637		-		-	5,577,637
Non-major governmental funds	2,65	2,677					 2,652,677
Total	\$ 8,23	0,314	\$	-	\$	380,723	\$ 8,611,037

3-F. Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-term Debt - Changes in the County's long-term obligations consisted of the following for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Outstanding			Outstanding	Amounts Due
Governmental Activities:	1/1/2015	Additions	Reductions	12/31/2015	In One Year
Colorado Water debt	\$ 272,500	\$ -	\$ 6,657	\$ 265,843	\$ 11,628
Compensated absences	1,636,875	2,331,762	2,270,158	1,698,479	358,324
Pollution remediation obligation	2,713,694		70,623	2,643,071	300,000
Landfill closure and postclosure					
care costs	484,948		81,541	403,407	59,076
Total Governmental Activities	\$5,108,017	\$ 2,331,762	\$ 2,428,979	\$ 5,010,800	\$729,028
Component Unit:					
Compensated absences	\$ 93,550	\$ 88,960	\$ 70,608	\$ 111,902	\$ 24,004
Total Component Unit	\$ 93,550	\$ 88,960	\$ 70,608	\$ 111,902	\$ 24,004

The compensated absences liability will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, typically the General Fund, Road & Bridge Fund and the Social Services Fund. The County has received a federal court order which will assist in recovering some of the costs associated with the pollution remediation from a third party (see Note 3-H below); any costs not paid for by a third party will be paid for by general revenues. The landfill closure and postclosure care liability will be paid for by general revenues.

3-G. Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority - The La Plata County Palo Verde Public Improvement District #3 entered into a loan agreement with the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority to finance the water line extension project and service connections to the City of Durango's water. The loan was in the amount of \$272,500 with a 2% interest and a term of 20 years. The principal and interest shall be payable out direct annual taxes on all taxable property in the District. A schedule of future debt services requirements is as follows:

Year	Principal_	Interest	Total Debt Service
2016	11,628	5,259	16,887
2017	11,862	5,025	16,887
2018	12,100	4,787	16,887
2019	12,343	4,544	16,887
2020	12,592	4,295	16,887
2021-2025	66,858	17,578	84,436
2026-2030	73,852	10,583	84,435
2031-2034	64,608	2,941	67,549
Total	\$ 265,843	\$ 55,012	\$ 320,855

3-H. Compensated Absences

County employees accumulate four hours of sick leave per pay period and eight to eleven hours of annual leave (which includes holiday pay) per pay period, depending on length of service. In the event of retirement or termination, an employee is paid 100% of accumulated annual leave. Upon retirement only, an employee is paid 25% of accumulated sick leave. Annual leave may be carried over from one year to the next, although it may not exceed the annual leave cap amount, which varies from 200 hours to 320 hours, depending upon the number of years of service. For purposes of reporting compensated absences payable, only accrued annual leave and accrued comp time and associated payroll costs have been accrued.

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General, Road and Bridge, and Social Services fund.

3-I. Pollution Investigation and Remediation

The County owns property (the County jail site) that has been environmentally contaminated with chlorinated solvents by prior owners who are responsible, pursuant to a federal court order, for 75% of the costs for remediating any environmental issues in accordance with State and Federal laws. A consultant hired by the County has conducted a remedial investigation/feasibility study (RI/FS) at the site and has identified several alternate remedial/corrective action plans to address environmental contamination of the jail site, ranging from in-situ chemical oxidation of soils exceeding acceptable levels to complete removal of all contaminated soils. The consultant estimates that the cost for implementation of remedial/corrective actions is likely to have a present value

of \$3,240,000, but could be as low as \$2,014,000 or as high as \$6,180,000, depending upon the option selected and the long-term monitoring costs associated with the selected option. In 2014, the County's consultant completed an in-situ chemical oxidation pilot study (Study) at the site in support of the remedy selected in the final Record of Decision (ROD). The objectives of the Study were to estimate the expected radius of influence of oxidant injection and to conduct an initial assessment of the effectiveness of the selected remedy. Based on the results, of the Study, the County and Brown Group have agreed upon a phased-approach to the selected remedy that could potentially result in cost savings. The phased-approach is currently underway. It is estimated that the County will incur approximately \$15,000 in legal services in 2016 associated with the remediation effort, and approximately \$285,000 in cleanup activities in 2016, 75% of which should be reimbursed to the County at some point in the future pursuant to the federal court order.

In 2008, the County filed a lawsuit (US District Court, District of Colorado, civil action #08-cv-00855-LTB-KMT) against Brown Retail Group, Inc. et al., the former owner of the property, seeking reimbursement of the cost of precleanup investigation, cleanup at the jail site, long-term environmental monitoring and associated legal fees. The County's lawsuit was tried in October of 2010 and the court issued a decision in March of 2011. The court ordered that Brown Retail Group, Inc. is responsible for 75% of certain investigative and clean-up/remediation costs incurred to date and expected to be incurred by the County in the future. The County will be responsible for the remaining costs. The judge's ruling requires Brown Retail Group to reimburse La Plata County for past recoverable response costs in the amount of \$521,090, plus interest in the amount of \$32,747 and \$75,805 in trial costs, for a recovery of prior costs of \$629,642.

The Court's March 2011 order established a "starting point" for remediation, which is estimated by the County's consultant to have a net present value of \$830,000. A plan for remediation that meets the Court's starting point has been developed and approved by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE). Because the County, the County's consultant and the CDPHE do not believe the Court's ordered initial plan will successfully remediate the contamination to meet applicable environmental standards, the County has recorded a liability for pollution remediation obligation in the government wide statements for legal services in the amount of \$15,000, and remedial/corrective actions in the amount of \$3,073,346, for a total of \$3,088,346. Based upon the judge's determination that Brown Retail Group is required to reimburse a minimum of \$445,523 in future response costs, the County has recorded a corresponding reduction of \$445,523 in the total liability, reducing the net future liability for pollution cleanup to \$2,643,071. By Court order, Brown Group advanced La Plata County \$445,523 in future cleanup costs in April 2012, and this deposit is being held to cover future recovery costs.

The estimated total current cost of cleanup/remediation activities of \$2,643,071 is based on the amount that would be paid if all of the equipment, facilities, and services required to complete the known pollution investigation and remedial/corrective actions were acquired as of December 31, 2015. However, the actual cost may be higher or lower due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in laws and regulations, and if further studies establish that the scope of the required cleanup is greater than is known at this time. Any future inflation costs and additional costs of investigation and remediation, if any, that might arise from changes in pollution investigation, compliance, and remediation requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous regulations, or the need for active remediation for example) may need to be covered by charges to future taxpayers. The Court's order provides that the County may return to the Court for additional recovery of future costs from Brown Group if the initial "starting point" plan does not bring the site into compliance with environmental standards.

The information and estimates in this note (3-H) do not apply to the County's ongoing liability related to closed landfills. Note 3-J (below) includes information related to the County's responsibility for landfill closure and postclosure care costs.

3-J. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require that the County place a final cover on its landfills when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenditures related to current activities of the landfills, an expense provision and related liability (reported at the government-wide financial reporting level) are being recognized based on the estimated future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred after the date the landfills no longer accept waste. The estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs has a balance of \$403,407 as of December 31, 2015, which is based on the following assumptions:

Landfill Sites	Estimated Closure and Postclosure Care Costs	Percent Filled	Calculated Liability
Tiffany	\$ 3,722	100%	\$ 3,722
Marvel	5,722	100%	5,722
Durango	48,000	100%	48,000
Bayfield	345,963	100%	345,963
Totals	\$ 403,407		\$ 403,407

The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post closure care of \$403,407 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of December 31, 2015. However, the actual cost of closure and post closure care may be higher or lower due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. Any future inflation costs and additional costs that might arise from changes in postclosure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future taxpayers.

The Tiffany, Marvel, and Durango landfills were all closed prior to January 11, 1992, and the Bayfield landfill was closed in April 1994. The County is not currently operating, nor does it intend to operate in the future, landfills.

3-K. Lease Obligations

On November 21, 2005, the County entered into a lease agreement as lessee with Southwest Colorado Mental Health Center, Inc. (SWCMHC) for a one-acre parcel of land in the Three Springs development area. The lease agreement was done to facilitate the construction of a mental health facility by the County on property owned by SWCMHC. The County was recipient of an energy impact grant from the State of Colorado to provide construction funding in the amount of \$1,500,000 for the Crossroads Mental Health Center. Total construction cost was approximately \$2,800,000 and the balance of the funding came from fundraising efforts of SWCMHC. Terms of the grant agreement require that the County hold title to the property for 10 years. The term of the ground lease is for 10 years and requires an annual lease payment of \$10. Upon completion of the facility, the County and SWCMHC entered into a facility lease agreement with the County as lessor and SWCMHC as lessee for the term of 10 years and an annual lease

payment of \$10. At the conclusion of the facility lease, if SWCMHC remains a tenant in good standing, title to the Crossroads facility will revert to SWCMHC without further compensation. As such, the construction of the Crossroads facility did not meet the County's criteria for capitalization and is not being depreciated.

Lease with Related Party - On February 20, 2009, the County entered into an operating lease with Broken Bands, LLC for rental of 1,395 square feet of office space for the County Attorney's office. Broken Bands, LLC is a privately held limited liability corporation, for which the La Plata County Attorney, an executive-level County employee, is a principal. In September 2010 the lease terms were renegotiated and extended through December 31, 2012. The lease ended December 31, 2012 and has operated as a month to month tenancy through December 31, 2013. The annual rent was reduced to \$33,480 during 2013. In September 2014, the original lease agreement was amended to extend the lease term through July 31, 2016. The County is responsible for taxes, maintenance, utilities, and common area maintenance charges. The amount paid for the lease during 2015 totaled \$47,120.

On February 1, 2008, the County entered into an operating lease with Durango Threadworks, Inc. for rental of 3,192 square feet for the County Clerk's office space. Durango Threadworks, Inc. is a Colorado Corporation, for which a former La Plata Commissioner's father is the President. The initial lease extended through January 31, 2014 and provided for optional renewals after the initial term. In December 2009 the lease terms were renegotiated to include additional lease space and extended through December 31, 2016. The amount paid for the lease during 2015 totaled \$119,736.

3-L. Pensions

The County provides pension benefits for its regular full-time, three-quarter-time and part-time employees through an agent multi-employer public retirement system, the Colorado County Officials and Employee Retirement Association (CCOERA) a defined contribution plan. The Retirement Plan was adopted according to section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and is also referred to as a Defined Contribution Money Purchase Pension Plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. La Plata County's contributions to the plan are defined by an agreement between CCOERA and La Plata County. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, employees are required to participate from date of hire and the employee and employer contribution percentages are equal and vary based upon length of service from 5% to 8%. The County's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested after five years of continuous plan participation. The participants in this plan are offered various investment options through the plan and are allowed to invest all monies in their account, at their own discretion, among the options. Contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before five years of service are used to reduce current contribution requirements. Ten year historical trend information about the plan is available in a separately issued financial report available through CCOERA at www.ccoera.org.

The total payroll for the County and the District Attorney's employees that are enrolled in CCOERA in calendar year 2015 was \$22,550,920. Contributions to CCOERA were calculated using the CCOERA eligible payroll amount of \$21,548,182. Both the employer and the covered employees made the required contributions, amounting to \$1,385,814 from the employer and \$1,385,814 from employees, or \$2,771,628 total.

District Attorney Pensions. The Sixth Judicial District Attorney participates in the State Division Trust Fund (SDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The Sixth Judicial District Attorney is provided with pensions through the State Division Trust Fund (SDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of 2 percent, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 2 percent or the average of the Consumer Price

Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of the lesser of 2 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve for the SDTF.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions. Eligible employees and the Sixth Judicial District Attorney are required to contribute to the SDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* Eligible employees with the exception of State Troopers are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary. The employer contribution requirements for all employees except State Troopers are summarized in the table below:

_	For the Year Ended December 31, 2014	For the Year Ended December 31, 2015	For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
Employer Contribution Rate ¹	10.15%	10.15%	10.15%
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f) ¹	(1.02)%	(1.02)%	(1.02)%
Amount Apportioned to the SDTF ¹	9.13%	9.13%	9.13%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	3.80%	4.20%	4.60%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	3.50%	4.00%	4.50%
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the SDTF ¹	16.43%	17.33%	18.23%

¹Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Sixth Judicial District Attorney's Office is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SDTF from Sixth Judicial District Attorney's Office were \$22,685 for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2015, the Sixth Judicial District Attorney reported a liability of \$454,162 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2014. The Sixth Judicial District Attorney proportion of the net pension liability was based on Sixth Judicial District Attorney contributions to the SDTF for the calendar year 2014 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SDTF.

At December 31, 2014, the Sixth Judicial District Attorney proportion was 0.0048281650%, which was a decrease of 0.0002212184% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2013.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Sixth Judicial District Attorney recognized a pension expense of \$15,722. At December 31, 2015, the Sixth Judicial District Attorney reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	\$34
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	9,260	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	-	12,840
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	22,529	N/A
Total	\$31,789	\$12,874

\$22,529 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31, 2015:

December 31	
2016	\$ (4,569)
2017	(3,674)
2018	2,315
2019	2,315
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Price inflation	2.80 %
Real wage growth	1.10 %
Wage inflation	3.90 %
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.90 – 9.57 %
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.50 %
Future post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07;	
and DPS Benefit Structure (automatic)	2.00 %
PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06	
(ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the
	Annual Increase Reserve

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with Males set back 1 year, and Females set back 2 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2011, adopted by PERA's Board on November 13, 2012, and an economic assumption study, adopted by PERA's Board on November 15, 2013 and January 17, 2014.

The SDTF's long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent analysis of the long-term expected rate of return, presented to the PERA Board on November 15, 2013, the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	26.76%	5.00%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	4.40%	5.19%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	22.06%	5.29%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	6.24%	6.76%
Core Fixed Income	24.05%	0.98%
High Yield	1.53%	2.64%
Long Duration Gov't/Credit	0.53%	1.57%
Emerging Market Bonds	0.43%	3.04%
Real Estate	7.00%	5.09%
Private Equity	7.00%	7.15%
Total	100.00%	

^{*} In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law, including current and future AED and SAED, until the Actuarial Value Funding Ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Based on those assumptions, the SDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the Sixth Judicial District Attorney proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	Rate (7.50%)	(8.50%)
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$582.346	\$454,162	\$346,343

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Health Care Trust Fund

Plan Description - The Sixth Judicial District Attorney contributes to the Health Care Trust Fund ("HCTF"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer healthcare trust administered by PERA. The HCTF benefit provides a health care premium subsidy and health care programs (known as PERACare) to PERA participating benefit recipients and their eligible beneficiaries, Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, establishes the HCTF and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of health care subsidies. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for HCTF. That be the report can obtained www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The Sixth Judicial District Attorney is required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary for all PERA members as set by statute. No member contributions are required. The contribution requirements for the Sixth Judicial District Attorney are established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 4 of the C.R.S., as amended. The apportionment of the contributions to the HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended. For the years ending December 31, 2015, 2014, 2013, the Sixth Judicial District Attorney contributions to the HCTF were \$1,326, \$1,326 and \$1,326, respectively, equal to their required contributions for each year.

3- M. Fund Balances

The specific purposes for each fund balance classification on the governmental funds balance sheet are:

Nonspendable fund balance:

Inventory – represents the amount of supplies and materials inventories held for future use.

Prepaids – represents the amount of prepaid expenditures.

Long term receivables – represents the amount of receivables not likely to be converted to a spendable form in the subsequent accounting period.

Restricted fund balance:

Economic stabilization – as noted in Note 7, below, the County is required by State law to maintain a reserve level equal to approximately 3% of non-federal revenues. The reserves are available only for named emergency situations and per the requirement of the constitutional provision, must be immediately replenished.

Law enforcement – the La Plata County Sheriff's Office and the Office of the District Attorney receive funds pursuant to criminal forfeiture laws. These funds may only be used for specific law enforcement purposes.

Construction/maintenance of roads – Colorado counties are required by State law, C.R.S. 43-2-202(1) to maintain a Road and Bridge Fund. All funds held in the Road and Bridge Fund are restricted to fund construction and maintenance of roads and streets within the County boundaries.

Capital improvements impact fees – Developer contributions received for improvements to county roads are restricted to uses outlined in Colorado statutes and the specific language of the agreements.

Public assistance and welfare – Colorado counties are required by State law, C.R.S. 26-1-123, to maintain a Social Services fund. All funds held in the Social Services Fund, not otherwise restricted, are determined to be assigned for only public assistance and welfare and related programs.

Child welfare – Certain revenues received by the Department of Human Services are restricted to expenditures related to child welfare programs and activities.

Recreation & parks – Funds received from the Colorado lottery program are reported in the Conservation Trust Fund and are restricted for outdoor recreation construction and expenditures.

Joint County/City projects – Pursuant to the terms of the voter approval for the County's sales tax, 11% of gross sales tax collections must be accounted for separately and are restricted to fund projects of mutual benefit and agreement of the County and the City of Durango.

Tribal mitigation impact – Pursuant to C.R.S. §24-61-202 La Plata county shall establish a fund to be known as the tribal property impact mitigation fund to which all moneys contributed, transferred, appropriated, or otherwise made available for mitigating the impacts of acquisitions of property by the Southern Ute Indian tribe on local governments shall be deposited. Moneys will be distributed to taxing authorities within La Plata County upon affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the three-member board

General capital improvements – Pursuant to the terms of the voter approval for the County's sales tax and Resolution 1984-142, the first \$1.5 million of sales taxes are transferred annually to the capital improvement fund and are restricted to capital improvements.

Assigned Fund Balance:

Construction/maintenance of roads - The Durango Hills local improvement district funds are assigned for the construction and maintenance of public streets within the boundaries of the district.

Next year's budget deficit – As part of the 2016 budget adoption process, the 2016 general fund revenues and transfers in were estimated at \$37,390,714 and expenditures and transfers out were estimated at \$47,747,252, demonstrating a projected deficit of \$10,356,538. Therefore, it is necessary to set aside this amount to cover the subsequent year budget deficit.

Capital projects – Funds set aside by La Plata County Board of County Commissioners to be used for capital outlay.

Prior Period Adjustments:

The Sixth Judicial District Attorney, a discretely presented component unit, Statement of Activities increased \$13,000 in 2015. This increase includes a prior period adjustment totaling \$13,000 to report the disposal of accumulated depreciation of an asset disposed in 2014. The Statement of Activities decreased \$428,439. This decrease is due to the requirement of GASB No. 68 to record a portion of PERA's unfunded liability. Information regarding this change in accounting principle can be found in Note 1-D-

Fund Balance Reserve Policy:

The Board of County Commissioners adopted the Fund Balance Reserve Policy in May 2014 which replaced the 2004 General Reserve Policy. The new policy requires reserves at a minimum a level of two months and with the target level of three months, of operating expenditures to provide for fiscal cash liquidity purposes (i.e. fiscal reserve) to be used for short-term cash flow purposes due to the timing of revenues becoming available and expenditures being paid. This reserve is required in both the General Fund and the Road & Bridge Fund.

The Assigned and Committed components of fund balance will provide the taxpayer with an explanation of why financial resources have been set aside and the conditions under which such resources will be expended. The General Fund shall maintain the following fund balance components:

Committed Fund Balance for Emergencies and Disasters – Differing from disaster response or relief (i.e. paying for resources to combat a fire), the County shall maintain 75 days of operating expenditures to be used to ensure the maintenance of services to the public during non-routine and unforeseen disaster situation such as fires and other weather-related events, as well as other environmental or other natural disasters that cause disruptions in public services as declared appropriate by the Board.

Assigned Fund Balance for Capital -The County shall maintain an amount to be reserved for future financial resource use of the tentative plans for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. These reserves may also be used for financing, debt issuance costs, grant matching for capital outlays, or transfer to the Capital Improvement Plan Fund (CIP) for capital purposes.

The Road & Bridge Fund shall maintain the following fund balance components:

Assigned Fund Balance for Capital -The County shall maintain an amount to be reserved for future financial resource use of the tentative plans for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital assets and road projects. The target level should equal the expected net cost for the road plan.

The calculated amount of the General Fund fund balance components at December 31, 2015 are:

Fund Balance	
Nonspendable:	
Prepaids	\$ 196,375
Restricted:	
Economic stabilization (TABOR)	1,600,510
Law enforcement	275,506
Committed:	
Emergency and disasters	6,764,859
Assigned:	
Next year's budget deficit	10,356,538
Capital projects	20,511,673
Unassigned	14,091,995
Total General Fund Balance	\$ 53,797,456

Note 4 - Risk Management

Medical Claims - In 1984, the County began a self-insurance program for medical claims. The purpose of the program is to pay medical claims of County employees and their covered dependents and minimize annual medical insurance costs to the County. The claims are funded through payroll withholdings from employees and County matching funds. The County contracts with Anthem/Blue Cross and Delta Dental for third-party administration services for medical and dental plans, respectively. Medical claims

exceeding \$65,000 per covered individual or 120% of the annual contributions for the group are covered by stop loss coverage provided through Anthem. The County does not report excess insurance risks as liabilities unless it is probable that those risks will not be covered by the excess insurance. There were no material changes in insurance coverage, and there were no settlements in excess of insurance coverage for the last four fiscal years.

The claims liability of \$251,394 reported in the employee medical self insurance fund represents the amount due to the County's third party administrators at December 31, 2015 for the 2015 claims year and an estimate for incurred but not reported claims.

Changes in the funds claims liability amount in calendar 2015 and 2014 were:

Liability at January 1	 2015	 2014
Add: Current year claims & changes in estimates	\$ 159,120	\$ 337,635
Less: Claim Payments	3,523,845	3,065,112
Balance at December 31	(3,431,571)	(3,243,627)
	\$ 251,394	\$ 159,120

County Workers' Compensation Pool - The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries of employees while on the job. In 1985, the County joined together with other Counties in the State of Colorado to form the County Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CWCP for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CWCP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention, which is determined each policy year.

Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool - The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to liability, property and casualty losses. In 1986 the County joined together with other counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CAPP for its liability, property and casualty insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CAPP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention, which is determined each policy year.

For both the CWCP and CAPP pools, losses incurred in excess of loss funds and amounts recoverable from excess insurance are direct liabilities of the participating members. Both pools have indicated the amount of any excess losses would be billed to members in proportion to their contributions in the year such excess occurs. There also exists the potential for return of contributions should the results of pool operations result in surpluses in excess of those required by State law and the bylaws of the pools. Any refunds of excess contributions are used to reduce the current year contribution. As such, the contributions to both pools have been reported as expenditures or expenses. Separately issued financial reports for both pools are available by contacting the administrative agent, County Technical Services, Inc. at their headquarters in Denver, Colorado or at www.ctsi.org. The County's discretely presented and blended component units are included within the County's coverage through CWCP and CAPP. There were no material reductions in insurance coverages provided to La Plata County, nor were there any settlements on behalf of La Plata County in excess of insurance coverage for the last four fiscal years.

Note 5 - Contingent Liabilities

Grant Programs - The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. The primary programs include Community Development Block Grants, Colorado Department of Human Services programs, and Colorado Department of Local Affairs grants. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for costs disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

An audit in accordance with the Federal Single Audit Act of 1996 was conducted for the calendar year 2015, but state agencies may still examine individual state programs. Pending the resolution of the findings and questioned costs of such audits, the amount, if any, of disallowed expenditures cannot be determined.

Energy Impact Assistance Funds/Gaming Funds - The County has entered into contracts with the Colorado Department of Local Affairs for the expenditure of Energy and Mineral Impact Assistance grant funds (EIAF) and for the expenditure of Local Government Limited Gaming Impact Fund (GAME). A summary of these commitments is presented below:

Grant	Period	Grant Funds	Matching Funds	Description
EIAF #7693	04/15/15 - 09/30/16	100,000	225,000	La Plata County Financial & HR Management System
EIAF #7506	10/22/14 - 07/31/16	807,170	538,120	Ignacio & Marvel Equipment Storage Imp.
EIAF #7614	03/02/15 - 07/31/16	1,000,000	1,325,000	La Plata County Road 517 Urban Improvements
EIAF #7850	12/09/15 - 05/31/17	1,900,000	3,199,274	La Plata County Courthouse Remodel
	Totals	\$ 3,807,170	\$ 5,287,394	

Contractual Commitments - The County has entered into certain long-term contracts with various parties in order to provide services to residents of the County. A summary of those significant contracts follows:

Humane Society Operations – In 1993 the County and the La Plata County Humane Society entered into an agreement in which the Humane Society provides animal control in the County and the County contributes toward the costs of services provided. The agreement provides for ongoing renewals and requires a year advance notice to cancel. For 2015, the amount of funding provided pursuant to the agreement was \$173,581.

Insurance Pools – As indicated above, the County is a member of the Colorado Counties Worker's Compensation Pool and Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool for purposes of insurance coverage. These pools have a legal obligation for claims against their members to the extent that funds are available in its annually established loss fund and amounts are available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds and amounts recoverable from excess insurance contracts are direct liabilities of their participating members. Ultimate liability to the County resulting from claims not covered by these insurance pools is not presently determinable.

Commitment to Lease Space – As of March 2015, La Plata County completed its negotiations with the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) for the remodel and lease of a portion of the County Courthouse to the GSA for use by the U.S. District Court, U.S. Marshal's Office and the U.S. Probation Dept. The County believes that locating the U.S. District Court offices in the County Courthouse will increase access for local citizens, help to address social justice concerns, and contribute to the economic vitality of the community. La Plata County and the GSA have entered into the lease agreement, which was signed by the County on March 10, 2015 and by the GSA on April 3, 2015. Based on the current design, the total project cost is estimated to be between \$4.5 million and \$5 million, which cost will span two County budget cycles (2015 and 2016). Under the terms of the lease agreement, the GSA will pay total annual rent of \$236,699.59 (which includes costs associated with tenant improvements) for a term of ten years.

In June 2015, the offices of the County Commissioners, County Assessor, Administration and Finance Departments were relocated from the County Courthouse into the newly remodeled County Administration Building located at 1101 E. Second Ave., Durango, which has allowed the Courthouse remodel to proceed. The remaining Courthouse remodel design work was completed and construction began in late February 2016. The Courthouse remodel project is expected to be completed by late 2016.

Note 6 - Joint Venture

The County is a participant with the City of Durango (the City) in a joint venture to operate the Durango-La Plata County Airport. Pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement, the Airport Commission was created. The commission consists of six members, three of which are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The Airport Manager is employed by the concurrent action of the City Council and the Board of County Commissioners. The County and the City each have a 50 percent interest in all airport property. Per a 2002 agreement, fiscal administration of the airport was delegated to the City.

The County's equity interest in the Durango-La Plata County Airport was \$18,320,815 at December 31, 2015. Complete financial statements for the airport operations can be found in the joint venture's separately issued financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, and may be obtained by contacting the management of the Durango-La Plata County Airport at 1000 Airport Road, Durango, Colorado, 81303 or via telephone at 970-247-8143.

Note 7 - Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

In 1992 Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue increases, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The Amendment, also known as TABOR (Taxpayers Bill of Rights), is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The County believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment. However, the County has made certain interpretations of the amendment's language in order to determine its compliance. The Colorado Revised Statutes, 29-1-301, also include an annual property tax growth limitation of 5.5%.

At the November 5, 2002 general election, the voters authorized the County to collect and retain all revenues received during the period beginning January 1, 2003 and extending forward through perpetuity which exceed both the TABOR amendment and C.R.S. 29-1-301.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NET PENSION LIABILITY

La Plata County, Colorado Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERA SCHDTF Pension Plan For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Measurement Date		
	2014	2013	
County's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0048281650%	0.0050493834%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	454,162	449,798	
County's covered-employee payroll	130,000	130,000	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	349.36%	346.00%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability covered-employee payroll	59.8%		

This schedule presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled the County presents information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to Required Supplement Information

There have not been any changes to benefit terms.

There have not been any changes in assumptions.

La Plata County, Colorado Schedule of County's Contributions PERA SCHDTF Pension Plan For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 23,855	\$ 22,685
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (23,855)	(22,685)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	18.35%	17.45%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled the County presents information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to Required Supplement Information

There have not been any changes to benefit terms.

There have not been any changes in assumptions.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County which accounts for all financial transactions that are not properly accounted for in other funds. Ordinary operations of the County such as public safety, county administration and other activities supported by taxes and general revenues are reflected in this fund.

La Plata County, Colorado General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2015 and 2014

		2015	2014
Assets		2013	2014
Cash and cash deposits	\$	283,706	\$ 319,235
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	,	53,325,912	58,326,695
Restricted cash and investments		31,479	19,154
Receivables:		,	,
Accounts		134,418	303,877
Property taxes		16,475,337	14,853,981
Deposits		2,000	2,000
Intergovernmental		3,031,544	3,758,468
Component unit		-	1,832
Interfund		2,519	25,246
Prepaids		196,375	128,583
Inventory		_	445
·	-		
Total Assets		73,483,290	77,739,516
Liabilities			
Accounts payable		2,227,099	1,472,136
Accrued salaries and benefits		341,880	833,353
Interfund payable		-	50,568
Intergovernmental payable		151,255	386,241
Deposits payable		458,783	458,783
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		31,480	19,154
Total Liabilities		3,210,497	3,220,235
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes		16,475,337	14,853,981
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Total Deferred filliows of Resources		16,475,337	14,853,981
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable:			
Inventory		-	445
Prepaids		196,375	128,583
Restricted:		1 600 510	1 5 6 2 1 2 0
Economic stabilization (TABOR)		1,600,510	1,563,138
Law enforcement		275,506	311,585
Conservation trust fund		-	2,652,677
Committed:		6764950	7.064.450
Emergency and disasters		6,764,859	7,064,450
Assigned: Next year's budget deficit		10 256 529	7 760 449
•		10,356,538	7,769,448
Capital projects		20,511,673	26,089,310
Unassigned		14,091,995	14,085,664
Total Fund Balances	\$	53,797,456	\$ 59,665,300

La Plata County, Colorado General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended December 31, 2014)

	Original	Final	015	Variance with	2014
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Taxes:					
General property & delinquent taxes	\$ 14,888,982	\$14,888,982	\$ 14,837,193	\$ (51,789)	\$ 13,650,152
Specific ownership	1,391,000	1,391,000	1,348,937	(42,063)	1,311,225
Sales tax (net)	7,662,468	7,662,468	7,964,537	302,069	7,103,289
Cable franchise fees	112,000	112,000	106,991	(5,009)	108,759
Lodger's tax	230,000	230,000	274,019	44,019	281,315
Total Taxes	24,284,450	24,284,450	24,531,677	247,227	22,454,740
Intergovernmental Revenue:					
Federal Revenue:					
Senior Services-Older American Act	121,388	121,388	150,279	28,891	164,373
Senior Services-NSIP	40,980	40,980	45,642	4,662	42,869
CSB Grant-for Sr. Svcs	4,500	4,500	5,000	500	4,297
Payment In Lieu of Taxes	575,000	575,000	584,888	9,888	760,455
HIDTA grant	384,608	384,608	356,854	(27,754)	366,849
Bulletproof vest grant	6,500	6,500	2,347	(4,153)	4,544
State Criminal Alien Assistance	10,000	10,000	12,610	2,610	10,191
EPA Climate Showcase Grant	-	-	-	-	26,461
Other Miscellaneous Federal Grants	10,000	10,000	-	(10,000)	13,830
Office of Emergency Management	87,000	87,000	56,282	(30,718)	60,863
Community Development Block Grant	464,000	464,000	498,110	34,110	403,493
Southern Ute Payment in Lieu of Taxes		460,000	471,694	11,694	455,634
State Revenues:	,	,	, , , , ,	,	,
Lottery Funds	331,120	331,120	_	(331,120)	295,702
Senior Services-State Funding	234,233	234,233	241,789	7,556	210,935
Cigarette taxes	23,000	23,000	22,030	(970)	23,350
Search and rescue monies		,	5,533	5,533	5,075
Mineral severance tax	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,332,528	332,528	1,248,807
Mineral leasing	450,000	450,000	426,426		521,585
DOW Impact assistance (net)	900	900	941	41	941
Limited Gaming grants	279,797	279,797	279,797	-	330,528
Energy Impact Assistance grants	2,7,,7,	2/2,/2/	2,7,7,7	_	42,077
Gold King/Animas River Funding	_	700,000	203,962	(496,038)	42,077
Jail Behavior Health Contract	290,000	290,000	312,204	22,204	172,671
Veteran's Services	2,400	2,400	10,716	8,316	1,200
Predator Control Reimbursement	1,500	1,500	2,346	846	1,720
DNR Wildfire Risk Reduction	45,000	45,000	2,340	(45,000)	45,000
Local Government Revenue	7,000	7,000	11,015	4,015	12,782
Other local government revenue	50,000	50,000	25,000	(25,000)	50,000
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	4,878,926	5,578,926	5,057,993		5,276,232
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	4,070,920	3,370,920	3,037,993	(320,933)	3,210,232
Licenses and Permits:					
Liquor licenses	6,000	6,000	9,555	3,555	8,793
Medical Marijuana licenses	32,000	32,000	17,500	(14,500)	13,300
Recreational Marijuana licenses	-	-	28,100	28,100	12,753
Building permits	550,000	550,000	764,318	214,318	734,425
Total Licenses and Permits	588,000	588,000	819,473	231,473	769,271

Total Miscellaneous Revenue	339,702	343,842	491,495	147,653	521,43
		242042	404 405	1.45 (50	F01 40
Other miscellaneous revenues	22,500	26,640	127,196	100,556	63,81
Vending machine commissions	1,000	1,000	812	(188)	71
Insurance refunds	35,000	35,000	25,040	(9,960)	62,05
Parking/Traffic fines	11,500	11,500	8,621	(2,879)	9,42
Photocopies	-	-	479	479	71
Prisoner commissary collections	35,000	35,000	19,506	(15,494)	33,37
Senior services-United Way	12,071	12,071	19,625	7,554	14,03
Forfeitures	5,000	5,000	39,899	34,899	105,72
Fairgrounds rentals	63,500	63,500	70,481	6,981	74,57
Building rentals	154,131	154,131	179,836	25,705	156,99
Aiscellaneous Revenue:					
Investment earnings	300,000	300,000	405,091	105,091	487,7
Total Charges for Services	2,849,549	2,925,473	3,288,273	362,800	3,107,43
Maps/code book sales & sign fees	6,000	6,000	1,796	(4,204)	1,32
Animal control fines	1,500	1,500	766	(734)	1,78
Inmate medical/phone reimbursements	62,242	62,242	87,666	25,424	66,03
Election Reimbursements	25,000	25,000	56,371	31,371	29,31
GIS Services reimbursements	2,000	2,000	1,714	(286)	2,21
Indirect cost allocation reimbursement	178,363	178,363	174,217	(4,146)	163,30
Surveyor's fees	8,500	8,500	12,880	4,380	11,00
Senior services-other	1,965	1,965	2,077	112	
Senior center rentals	4,000	4,000	2,473	(1,527)	3,75
Senior center activities	14,000	14,000	18,503	4,503	15,33
Senior transportation income	16,000	16,000	15,048	(952)	12,70
Senior home chore	9,000	9,000	11,632	2,632	10,4
Senior meal donations-Bayfield	14,000	14,000	10,638	(3,362)	13,6
Senior meal donations-Durango	80,000	86,121	84,912	(1,209)	84,6
Alternatives to incarceration	100,329	100,329	51,665	(48,664)	70,6
Useful public service program	-	-	(9,757)	(9,757)	(14,3)
Vehicle inspection fees	40,000	40,000	45,400	5,400	43,80
Hazardous waste fees and cost share	-	-	-	-	14,13
Prisoner transportation	32,000	32,000	38,442	6,442	34,13
Booking fees	42,000	42,000	44,821	2,821	41,20
Drug Offender's Fees	-	-	8,196	8,196	17,5
Jail bond fees	8,500	8,500	9,763	1,263	7,22
Jail room & board	300,000	369,803	458,885	89,082	329,09
Other security services	25,000	25,000	33,393	8,393	8,2
Law enforcement assistance fund	5,500	5,500	9,202	3,702	4,5
Sheriff's fees	71,500	71,500	86,153	14,653	83,50
Assessor's fees	20,600	20,600	16,904	(3,696)	97,12
Oil and gas fees	55,000	55,000	52,200	(2,800)	73,13
Planning fees	40,000	40,000	38,200	(1,800)	35,00
Public trustee's fees	50,000	50,000	28,634	(21,366)	50,6
Clerk and recorder's fees	1,014,000	1,014,000	1,140,875	126,875	1,129,3
Treasurer's fees	622,550	622,550	754,604	132,054	666,8

Expenditures: General Government **Board of County Commissioners** 8.041 379,570 Personnel Expenditures 267,385 281,385 273,344 **Operating Expenditures** 109,316 99,316 93,166 6.150 97,687 376,701 380,701 366,510 14,191 477,257 County Clerk and Recorder-Operations Personnel Expenditures 905,735 902,890 869,567 33,323 823,933 **Operating Expenditures** 246,925 253,185 253,185 6,260 231,807 1,156,075 1,116,492 39,583 1,055,740 1,158,920 County Clerk and Recorder-Elections Personnel Expenditures 69,157 72,902 69,826 3,076 106,598 Operating Expenditures 135,326 135,326 122,005 13,321 133,356 204,483 208,228 191,831 16,397 239,954 County Treasurer Personnel Expenditures 333,858 345,858 342,183 3,675 334,629 **Operating Expenditures** 147,820 174,886 165,063 9,823 115,164 13,498 449,793 481,678 520,744 507.246 Public Trustee's Office Personnel Expenditures 14.087 15.687 15.377 310 16,301 Operating Expenditures 8,480 11.269 611 3.372 11,880 921 22,567 27,567 26,646 19,673 County Assessor Personnel Expenditures 1.001.979 152,441 1.079.755 1,154,420 1,154,420 **Operating Expenditures** 158,300 158,300 9,960 122,810 148,340 1,202,565 1,312,720 1,312,720 1,150,319 162,401 County Surveyor Personnel Expenditures 10,387 7,287 17,674 17,674 17,445 **Operating Expenditures** 1,500 1,500 1,110 390 1,050 19,174 19,174 11,497 7,677 18,495 Administrative Offices Personnel Expenditures 687,585 708,130 653,233 54,897 520,507 Operating Expenditures 204,088 218,471 149,173 69,298 125,883 891,673 926,601 802,406 124,195 646,390 County Attorney's Office Personnel Expenditures 725,950 776,150 637,296 138,854 668,547 Operating Expenditures 297,620 577,620 242,413 268,593 335,207 1,023,570 1,353,770 972,503 381,267 937,140 Finance Personnel Expenditures 474,207 480,193 429,102 51,091 378,623 **Operating Expenditures** 102,034 102,034 88,580 13,454 96,083 576,241 582,227 517,682 64,545 474,706 Information Services 1,229,154 Personnel Expenditures 1,334,905 1,343,825 114,671 1,138,933 91,390 **Operating Expenditures** 550,048 549,742 458,352 407,686 1,884,953 1,893,567 1,687,506 206,061 1,546,619 Procurement/Warehouse

183,196

17,710

200,906

184,496

17,710

202,206

Personnel Expenditures

Operating Expenditures

28,100

5.077

33,177

146,172

10.464

156,636

156,396

12.633

169,029

Building Maintenance					
Personnel Expenditures	693,892	695,692	641,799	53,893	594,573
Operating Expenditures	613,693	1,079,375	894,897	184,478	470,987
	1,307,585	1,775,067	1,536,696	238,371	1,065,560
Building Maintenance-OMPO					
Operating Expenditures	57,500	65,700	63,698	2,002	51,992
	57,500	65,700	63,698	2,002	51,992
Human Resources					
Personnel Expenditures	479,918	473,918	440,149	33,769	402,571
Operating Expenditures	170,025	176,025	156,643	19,382	148,974
	649,943	649,943	596,792	53,151	551,545
Planning Department					
Personnel Expenditures	974,650	977,050	896,950	80,100	869,422
Operating Expenditures	105,234	109,234	69,538	39,696	45,996
	1,079,884	1,086,284	966,488	119,796	915,418
Risk Management					
Personnel Expenditures	101,804	102,504	97,241	5,263	417,414
Operating Expenditures	461,903	461,903	457,723	4,180	449,432
	563,707	564,407	554,964	9,443	866,846
Budget Contingency/Reserves	850,000	290,418		290,418	-
Total General Government	12,662,205	13,015,400	11,238,305	1,777,095	10,676,327
Public Safety Sheriff-Patrol					
Personnel Expenditures	2,954,798	3,027,098	3,105,768	(78,670)	2,671,218
Operating Expenditures	1,141,652	1,151,152	1,088,204	62,948	1,020,604
Operating Expenditures	4,096,450	4,178,250	4,193,972	(15,722)	3,691,822
Sheriff-Detentions	4,070,430	4,170,230	4,173,772	(13,722)	3,071,022
Personnel Expenditures	4,522,215	4,530,515	4,431,953	98,562	4,058,094
Operating Expenditures	2,077,655	2,116,155	1,590,779	525,376	1,388,282
Speracing Expenditures	6,599,870	6,646,670	6,022,732	623,938	5,446,376
Sheriff-Admin	0,577,070	0,010,070	0,022,732	023,730	3,110,370
Personnel Expenditures	1,879,161	1,485,561	1,326,394	159,167	1,704,127
Operating Expenditures	313,682	369,322	348,157	21,165	194,619
operating Expenditures	2,192,843	1,854,883	1,674,551	180,332	1,898,746
Sheriff-Special Investigations	2,172,013	1,05-1,005	1,074,331	100,332	1,000,740
Personnel Expenditures	514,536	514,536	469,856	44,680	448,558
Operating Expenditures	447,833	447,833	368,117	79,716	379,679
Speracing Expenditures	962,369	962,369	837,973	124,396	828,237
Sheriff-Criminal Investigations	702,307	702,307	031,713	124,370	020,237
Personnel Expenditures	1,008,023	1,009,123	879,605	129,518	912,374
Operating Expenditures	155,814	166,814	145,959	20,855	133,387
Operating Expenditures	1,163,837	1,175,937	1,025,564	150,373	1,045,761
Alternatives to Incarceration	1,103,037	1,175,757	1,023,501	150,575	1,013,701
Personnel Expenditures	488,509	488,509	390,573	97,936	446,474
Operating Expenditures	99,060	99,163	64,899	34,264	83,853
operating Emperatures	587,569	587,672	455,472	132,200	530,327
County Coroner	301,307	301,012	133,712	132,200	550,521
Personnel Expenditures	89,100	89,100	85,908	3,192	86,638
Operating Expenditures	131,579	131,579	100,397	31,182	70,602
operating Emperatures	220,679	220,679	186,305	34,374	157,240
	220,017	220,017	100,303	51,517	157,270

Building Inspection Department					
Personnel Expenditures	542,434	589,899	556,465	33,434	498,509
Operating Expenditures	97,070	96,310	88,254	8,056	56,149
	639,504	686,209	644,719	41,490	554,658
Emergency Management Office	_				
Personnel Expenditures	120,047	139,147	122,740	16,407	125,628
Operating Expenditures	176,050	415,550	155,576	259,974	57,843
-	296,097	554,697	278,316	276,381	183,471
Pmt to Component Unit - District Attorney _	1,562,230	1,562,230	1,511,905	50,325	1,431,002
Total Public Safety	18,321,448	18,429,596	16,831,509	1,598,087	15,767,639
Recreation & Culture					
Fairgrounds					
Personnel Expenditures	548,066	549,766	476,065	73,701	459,819
Operating Expenditures	236,831	252,331	236,761	15,570	212,066
_	784,897	802,097	712,826	89,271	671,885
Extension Office					
Operating Expenditures	79,701	79,701	84,381	(4,680)	81,624
Total Recreation & Culture	864,598	881,798	797,207	84,591	753,508
Health & Welfare					
Senior Services					
Personnel Expenditures	517,134	521,505	561,026	(39,521)	549,021
Operating Expenditures	238,122	240,122	209,816	30,306	198,690
<u>-</u>	755,256	761,627	770,842	(9,215)	747,711
Senior Services - non Joint Sales Tax					
Personnel Expenditures	42,009	42,359	38,092	4,267	40,080
Operating Expenditures	109,393	109,393	100,754	8,639	92,834
_	151,402	151,752	138,846	12,906	132,914
Veterans Services	77.026	77.026	(0, (00	0.227	(7.259
Personnel Expenditures	77,936	77,936	69,699	8,237	67,358
Operating Expenditures	14,971 92,907	14,971 92,907	9,491 79,190	5,480 13,717	10,700 78,058
-	92,907	92,901	79,190	13,717	78,038
San Juan Basin Health	444,272	444,272	444,272		444,272
Total Health & Welfare	1,443,837	1,450,558	1,433,150	17,408	1,402,956
Public Works					
Landfill Closure and Waste Management					
Operating Expenditures	283,400	283,400	103,482	179,918	174,633
	283,400	283,400	103,482	179,918	174,633
Weed Control	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
Personnel Expenditures	123,818	124,118	99,058	25,060	92,318
Operating Expenditures	46,995	46,995	36,637	10,358	37,749
_	170,813	171,113	135,695	35,418	130,067
Total Public Works	454,213	454,513	239,177	215,336	304,700

Community Programs					
Public Service Agencies	1,188,490	1,193,690	1,177,131	16,559	1,219,765
Lodger's tax to DATO	230,000	230,000	274,019	(44,019)	281,315
Total Community Programs	1,418,490	1,423,690	1,451,150	(27,460)	1,501,080
Pass through of grants received	4.44.000	4.4.000	400.00	(4.4.0.	402.402
of CDBG funds of Climate Showcase grant funds	464,000	464,000	480,826	(16,826)	403,493 26,461
Total Pass through of grants	464,000	464,000	480,826	(16,826)	429,954
Capital Outlay	207,500	359,500	140,931	218,569	211,676
Total Expenditures	35,836,291	36,479,055	32,612,255	3,866,800	31,047,841
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,595,664)	(2,458,364)	1,981,747	4,440,111	1,569,039
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in-Joint Sales Tax fund	403,853	403,853	380,723	(23,130)	352,171
Transfers out-Conservation Trust Fund	-	-	(2,652,677)	(2,652,677)	-
Transfers out-Capital Improvement	(5,577,637)	(5,577,637)	(5,577,637)	-	-
Transfers in-Durango Hills Road Fund					25,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,173,784)	(5,173,784)	(7,849,591)	(2,675,807)	377,171
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (7,769,448)	\$ (7,632,148)	(5,867,844)	\$ 1,764,304	1,946,210
Fund Balance Beginning of Year			59,665,300		57,719,090
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 53,797,456		\$ 59,665,300

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for taxes or other earmarked revenue of the County which finance specified activities as required by law or administrative action.

La Plata County has two major and five non-major Special Revenue Funds.

Major Special Revenue Funds:

Road and Bridge Fund: Colorado counties are required by State law to maintain a Road and Bridge Fund. The Road and Bridge Fund records costs related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance.

Social Services Fund: Colorado counties are required by State law to maintain a Social Services Fund. The Social Services Fund accounts for the many federal and state public welfare programs administered by the County.

La Plata County, Colorado Road and Bridge Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Cash	\$ 150	\$ 450
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	6,551,760	6,398,817
Receivables:		
Accounts	86,287	43,443
Property taxes	1,578,608	1,423,256
Intergovernmental	1,070,561	1,981,542
Inventory	254,708	 311,200
Total Assets	9,542,074	10,158,708
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	499,513	828,075
Interfund payable	-	246
Accrued salaries and wages	 58,698	 126,432
Total Liabilities	558,211	 954,753
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property taxes	 1,578,608	 1,423,256
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,578,608	 1,423,256
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable:		
Inventory	254,708	311,200
Restricted:		
Capital improvements impact fees	1,650,305	1,650,305
Construction/maintenance of roads	5,500,242	 5,819,194
Total Fund Balances	\$ 7,405,255	\$ 7,780,699

La Plata County, Colorado Road and Bridge Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended December 31, 2014)

	Original	Final		Variance with	2014
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 4,995,256	\$ 4,995,256	\$ 4,995,902	\$ 646	\$ 5,013,593
Intergovernmental	3,961,151	3,961,151	3,685,913	(275,238)	6,153,427
Licenses and permits	230,000	230,000	231,330	1,330	244,332
Miscellaneous	159,500	159,500	263,478	103,978	800,344
Total Revenues	9,345,907	9,345,907	9,176,623	(169,284)	12,211,696
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public Works					
Maintenance	6,669,719	6,669,719	5,891,622	778,097	5,704,023
Engineering	1,329,595	1,333,595	913,503	420,092	901,051
Road Projects	1,894,000	1,744,000	1,812,268	(68,268)	2,444,387
Contingency	500,000	500,000	-	500,000	-
Capital Outlay	2,130,300	2,280,300	934,674	1,345,626	617,538
Total Expenditures	12,523,614	12,527,614	9,552,067	2,975,547	9,666,999
D. (1. 1.)					
Deficiency of Revenues (Under)	(2.155.505)	(2.101.505)	(255.444)	2 00 4 2 42	2.544.605
Expenditures	(3,177,707)	(3,181,707)	(375,444)	2,806,263	2,544,697
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (3,177,707)	\$ (3,181,707)	(375,444)	\$ 2,806,263	2,544,697
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			7,780,699		5,236,002
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 7,405,255		\$ 7,780,699

La Plata County, Colorado Social Services Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Cash	\$ 400	\$ 400
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	2,222,075	2,692,200
Restricted cash	61,657	107,078
Receivables:		
Accounts	3,761,681	3,784,383
Property taxes	844,890	761,743
Interfund	-	716
Intergovernmental	 308,934	 360,958
Total Assets	 7,199,637	7,707,478
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	115,584	545,983
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	61,657	107,078
Interfund payable	2,519	_
Intergovernmental payable	 3,915,140	 3,766,544
Total Liabilities	 4,094,900	 4,419,605
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property taxes	 844,890	 761,743
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	844,890	 761,743
Fund Balances		
Restricted:		
Child welfare	1,492,242	1,492,241
Public assistance and welfare	767,605	 1,033,889
Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,259,847	\$ 2,526,130

La Plata County. Colorado Social Services Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended December 31, 2014)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2014 Actual
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 822,743 5,031,374	\$ 822,743 5,057,854	\$ 830,058 5,062,470		\$ 795,988 4,801,893 2,885
Total Revenues	5,854,117	5,880,597	5,892,528	11,931	5,600,766
Expenditures Current: Health and welfare	6,269,330	6,298,010	6,158,811	139,199	5,774,076
Total Expenditures	6,269,330	6,298,010	6,158,811	139,199	5,774,076
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(415,213)	(417,413)	(266,283)	151,130	(173,310)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (415,213)	\$ (417,413)	(266,283)	\$ 151,130	(173,310)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			2,526,130	_	2,699,440
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 2,259,847	<u>:</u>	\$ 2,526,130

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for taxes or other earmarked revenue of the County which finance specified activities as required by law or administrative action.

La Plata County has two major and five non-major Special Revenue Funds.

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:

Joint Sales Tax Fund: Per the terms of an intergovernmental agreement between the City of Durango and the County, the Joint Sales Tax Fund receives eleven percent of the total taxes collected pursuant to the County's 2% Sales Tax. Resources of this fund are used to provide funding for projects considered to be of mutual benefit to both entities.

Durango Hills Road Improvement Districts Fund: Taxpayers living in certain subdivisions within the County have elected to assess themselves an extra property tax to fund certain maintenance/improvements. This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the activities in that local taxing district.

Palo Verde Public Improvement District Fund: Taxpayers living in certain subdivisions within the County have elected to assess themselves an extra property tax to fund certain maintenance/improvements. This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the activities in that local taxing district.

Tribal Impact Mitigation Fund: established per Colorado Revised Statutes 24-61-201 as a taxation compact between the Southern Ute Indian Tribe, La Plata County, and the State Colorado, as set forth in House Bill 96-1367. The impact fund shall be under the control of a three-member board comprised of the chairman of the La Plata County Board of County Commissioners, the Chairman of the Southern Ute Indian Tribal Council, and the governor, or their respective designees. Moneys may be distributed from the impact fund upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the board.

Conservation Trust Fund: accounts for revenue received from the State of Colorado to be used for the acquisition, development and maintenance of new and exiting parks and recreation sites within La Plata County. The funds are derived primarily from the Colorado State Lottery.

La Plata County, Colorado Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2015

	Joint Sales Tax	Durango Hills Road Improvement District	Palo Verde Public Improvement District	Conservation Trust Fund	Tribal Impact Mitigation	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Assets						
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 324,453	\$ 192,403	\$ 23,194	\$ 2,956,256	\$ 931	\$ 3,497,237
Property taxes receivable	_	76,752	22,563	_	_	99,315
Intergovernmental receivable	383,038	645	194	-	-	383,877
					-	
Total Assets	707,491	269,800	45,951	2,956,256	931	3,980,429
Liabilities Accounts payable	178,833	2,323				181,156
Accounts payable	170,033	2,323				161,130
Total Liabilities	178,833	2,323	-	_	-	181,156
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes		76,752	22,563			99,315
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		76,752	22,563			99,315
Fund Balances						
Restricted:						
Tribal mitigation impact	_	-	-	-	931	931
Joint County/City projects	528,658	-	-	-	-	528,658
Recreation & parks	-	-	-	2,956,256	-	2,956,256
Assigned:						
Construction/maintenance of roads	_	190,725	_	_	_	190,725
Debt service	-	-	23,388	_	-	23,388
Total Fund Balances	\$ 528,658	\$ 190,725	\$ 23,388	\$ 2,956,256	\$ 931	\$ 3,699,958

La Plata County, Colorado Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Joint Sales Tax	Durango Hills Road Improvement District	Palo Verde Public Improvement District	Conservation Trust Fund	Tribal Impact Mitigation	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Revenues Property taxes Sales taxes Other taxes Miscellaneous	\$ - 2,324,742 -	\$ 74,548 6,764 4,400	\$ 22,073 - 2,443	\$ 298,434 - - 5,145	\$ - - -	\$ 395,055 2,324,742 9,207 9,545	
Total Revenues	2,324,742	85,712	24,516	303,579		2,738,549	
Expenditures Public works Recreation & Culture	1,891,568	67,023	1,503	-	-	68,526 1,891,568	
Debt Service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		<u>-</u>	6,657 3,170	<u>-</u>	-	6,657 3,170	
Total Expenditures	1,891,568	67,023	11,330			1,969,921	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	433,174	18,689	13,186	303,579		768,628	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in/(out)	(380,723)			2,652,677		2,271,954	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(380,723)			2,652,677		2,271,954	
Net Change in Fund Balances	52,451	18,689	13,186	2,956,256	-	3,040,582	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	476,207	172,036	10,202		931	659,376	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 528,658	\$ 190,725	\$ 23,388	\$ 2,956,256	\$ 931	\$ 3,699,958	

La Plata County, Colorado Joint Sales Tax Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets	 	
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	\$ 324,453	\$ 250,283
Interfund receivable	-	49,852
Intergovernmental receivable	383,038	 378,964
Total Assets	 707,491	 679,099
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	178,833	 202,892
Total Liabilities	178,833	202,892
Total Elabinites	 170,033	 202,072
Fund Balances		
Restricted:		
Joint County/City projects	 528,658	 476,207
Total Fund Balances	\$ 528,658	\$ 476,207

La Plata County, Colorado Joint Sales Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2014)

	2015				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2014 Actual
Revenues					
Sales taxes	\$ 2,272,374	\$ 2,272,374	\$ 2,324,742	\$ 52,368	\$ 2,197,103
Investment income	300	300		(300)	1,390
Total Revenues	2,272,674	2,272,674	2,324,742	52,068	2,198,493
Expenditures					
Durango Public Library	1,868,438	1,868,438	1,891,568	(23,130)	1,901,622
Total Expenditures	1,868,438	1,868,438	1,891,568	(23,130)	1,901,622
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	404,236	404,236	433,174	28,938	296,871
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out	(403,853)	(403,853)	(380,723)	23,130	(352,171)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(403,853)	(403,853)	(380,723)	23,130	(352,171)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 383	\$ 383	52,451	\$ 52,068	(55,300)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			476,207		531,507
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 528,658		\$ 476,207

La Plata County, Colorado Durango Hills Road Improvement District Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	\$ 192,403	\$ 194,748
Receivable:		
Accounts receivable	-	1,650
Property taxes receivable	76,752	74,481
Intergovernment receivable	645	 638
Total Assets	 269,800	 271,517
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	2,323	-
Interfund payable	 	 25,000
Total Liabilities	 2,323	 25,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property taxes	76,752	74,481
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 76,752	74,481
Fund Balances		
Assigned:		
Construction/maintenance of roads	190,725	 172,036
Total Fund Balances	\$ 190,725	\$ 172,036

La Plata County, Colorado Durango Hills Road Improvement District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2014)

	2015								
)riginal		Final				ance with	2014
		Budget		Budget		Actual	Fina	l Budget	 Actual
Revenues									
Property Taxes	\$	74,581	\$	74,581	\$	74,548	\$	(33)	\$ 73,694
Other Taxes		5,700		5,700		6,764		1,064	7,430
Miscellaneous		2,475		2,475		4,400		1,925	 7,533
Total Revenues		82,756		82,756		85,712		2,956	 88,657
Expenditures									
Public works		107,350		107,350		67,023		40,327	 61,517
Total Expenditures		107,350		107,350		67,023		40,327	61,517
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(24,594)		(24,594)		18,689		43,283	27,140
		(= 1,0 > 1)		(= :,= > :)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out						-			 (25,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						-		-	(25,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(24,594)	\$	(24,594)		18,689	\$	43,283	2,140
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						172,036			 169,896
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	190,725			\$ 172,036

La Plata County, Colorado Palo Verde Public Improvement District #3 Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	\$ 23,194	\$ 75,052
Receivable:		
Property taxes receivable	22,563	22,419
Intergovernmental receivable	194	 2,865
Total Assets	 45,951	 100,336
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	 	67,715
Total Liabilities		 67,715
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property taxes	 22,563	22,419
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 22,563	 22,419
Fund Balances		
Assigned:		
Debt service	 23,388	10,202
Total Fund Balances	\$ 23,388	\$ 10,202

La Plata County, Colorado Palo Verde Improvement District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2014)

				20)15				
		Original		Final				ance with	2014
		Budget	I	Budget		Actual	Fina	al Budget	 Actual
Revenues	_		_		_				
Property Taxes	\$	22,419	\$	22,419	\$	22,073	\$	(346)	\$ 41,110
Other Taxes		-		-		2,443		2,443	5,332
Intergovernmental	-								 126,131
Total Revenues		22,419		22,419		24,516		2,097	172,573
Expenditures									
Public works		5,673		5,673		1,503		4,170	434,871
Debt Service:									
Principal retirement		11,205		11,205		6,657		4,548	-
Interest and fiscal charges		5,395		5,395		3,170		2,225	
Total Expenditures		22,273		22,273		11,330		10,943	 434,871
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		146		146		13,186		13,040	(262,298)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt issuance						<u>-</u>			272,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									272,500
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	146	\$	146		13,186	\$	13,040	10,202
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						10,202			
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	23,388			\$ 10,202

La Plata County, Colorado Tribal Impact Mitigation Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2015 and 2014

	 2015	2014
Assets Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	\$ 931	\$ 931
Fund Balances		
Restricted: Tribal mitigation impact	 931	 931
Total Fund Balances	\$ 931	\$ 931

La Plata County, Colorado

Tribal Impact Mitigation Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2014 Actual
Revenues					
Intergovernmental: Southern Ute Indian tribe payment Total Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 132 132
Total Revenues			·	· 	132
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			·		132
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			931		799
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 931	:	\$ 931

La Plata County, Colorado Conservation Trust Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2015 and 2014

	 2015	 2014
Assets Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	\$ 2,956,256	\$
Total Assets	 2,956,256	
Fund Balances Restricted: Recreation & parks	2,956,256	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,956,256	\$

The Conservation Trust Fund was created during the 2016 Budget cycle to properly report Lottery Funds and qualifying expenditures on parks and recreational sites. 2014 Fund Balance was moved in from General Fund.

La Plata County, Colorado

Conservation Trust Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2014)

			20	15			
	Origin Budg		nal dget		Actual	riance with nal Budget	2014 Actual
Revenues							
Lottery funds	\$	-	\$ -	\$	298,434	\$ 298,434	\$ -
Investment earnings			 		5,145	 5,145	
Total Revenues			 		303,579	303,579	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-			303,579	 303,579	 <u>-</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer In from General Fund			 		2,652,677	2,652,677	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			 		2,652,677	2,652,677	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$		\$ 		2,956,256	\$ 2,956,256	-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year					-		
Fund Balances End of Year				\$	2,956,256		\$ _

CAPITAL PROJECTS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital equipment and facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Capital Improvement Fund:

The Capital Improvement Fund was established in 1985 to provide for continuing capital improvements required by the County. This fund receives at least \$1,500,000 of sales taxes from the General Fund. Expenditures are limited to continuing capital improvements as determined by the Board of County Commissioners.

La Plata County, Colorado Capital Improvement Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets Equity in treasurer's cash and investments Intergovernmental Deposits receivable	\$ 10,293,106 344,085 1,976	\$ 7,577,298 545,579 5,447
Total Assets	10,639,167	8,128,324
Liabilities Accounts payable Unearned revenue	443,994 150,000	591,497 150,000
Total Liabilities	593,994	741,497
Fund Balances Nonspendable: Long term receivable Restricted: General capital improvements Assigned: Capital projects	1,976 9,207,267 835,930	5,447 7,381,380
Total Fund Balance	\$ 10,045,173	\$ 7,386,827

La Plata County, Colorado Capital Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2014)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2014 Actual
Revenues					
Sales Tax	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000
Intergovernmental	918,182	918,182	866,517	(51,665)	772,473
Miscellaneous		52,000	126,487	74,487	
Total Revenues	2,918,182	2,970,182	2,993,004	22,822	2,772,473
Expenditures					
General government	525,000	525,000	181,316	343,684	15,719
Recreation and culture	-	-	-	-	27,106
Capital Outlay	6,272,163	6,454,163	5,730,979	723,184	2,444,567
Total Expenditures	6,797,163	6,979,163	5,912,295	1,066,868	2,487,392
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,878,981)	(4,008,981)	(2,919,291)	1,089,690	285,081
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in from General Fund	5,577,637	5,577,637	5,577,637		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,577,637	5,577,637	5,577,637		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,698,656	\$ 1,568,656	\$ 2,658,346	\$ 1,089,690	285,081
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			7,386,827		7,101,746
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 10,045,173		\$ 7,386,827

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Capital Equipment Replacement Fund:

This fund consolidates the purchase, maintenance, repair and disposal of the County's vehicles and heavy equipment into one location. Vehicles and equipment are rented to the using County departments.

Employee Health Insurance Fund:

This fund is used to accumulate funds to pay medical and dental claims for employees and covered dependents through insurance premiums billed to other county departments and from contributions from the employees themselves.

La Plata County, Colorado Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015

	Capital Equipment Replacement Fund	Equipment Employee Replacement Medical Self		
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	\$ 6,680,287	\$ 2,830,163	\$ 9,510,450	
Accounts receivable	16,219	331	16,550	
Inventory	142,057		142,057	
Total Current Assets	6,838,563	2,830,494	9,669,057	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Depreciable capital assets, net	6,903,053		6,903,053	
Total Assets	13,741,616	2,830,494	16,572,110	
Liabilities				
Accrued payroll	10,722	-	10,722	
Accounts payable	77,298	-	77,298	
Accrued claims payable		251,394	251,394	
Total Current Liabilities	88,020	251,394	339,414	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	6,903,053	-	6,903,053	
Unrestricted	6,750,543	2,579,100	9,329,643	
Total Net Position	\$ 13,653,596	\$ 2,579,100	\$ 16,232,696	

La Plata County, Colorado

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Capital Equipment Replacement Fund	Employee Medical Self Insurance Fund	Total
Operating Revenues Charges for services	\$ 2,082,331	\$ -	\$ 2,082,331
Insurance deposits	\$ 2,082,331	3,520,341	3,520,341
Miscellaneous revenue	20,927		20,927
Total Operating Revenues	2,103,258	3,520,341	5,623,599
Operating Expenses			
Equipment maintenance	1,212,840	-	1,212,840
Depreciation	996,007	-	996,007
Medical claims	-	3,431,571	3,431,571
Total Operating Expenses	2,208,847	3,431,571	5,640,418
Operating Income (Loss)	(105,589)	88,770	(16,819)
Non-Operating Revenues			
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	156,358	-	156,358
Investment earnings		866	866
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	156,358	866	157,224
Change in Net Position	50,769	89,636	140,405
Net Position Beginning of Year	13,602,827	2,489,464	16,092,291
Net Position End of Year	\$ 13,653,596	\$ 2,579,100	\$ 16,232,696

La Plata County, Colorado Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Equ Repl	apital nipment acement Tund	M	Employee edical Self nsurance Fund	Total
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents				1 4114	10111
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash payments for goods and services Cash payments for claims		,087,960 ,168,303)	\$	3,520,440	\$ 5,608,400 (1,168,303) (3,339,297)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities		919,657		181,143	1,100,800
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Cash sales of capital assets Payments for capital acquisitions Not Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		247,430 ,420,214)		<u>-</u>	247,430 (1,420,214)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1	,172,784)		-	 (1,172,784)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment earnings				866	 866
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(253,127)		182,009	(71,118)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	6	,933,414		2,648,154	9,581,568
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 6	5,680,287	\$	2,830,163	\$ 9,510,450
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(105,589)	\$	88,770	\$ (16,819)
Adjustments: Depreciation		996,007		-	996,007
(Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts receivable Inventory		(15,298) 25,738		99 -	(15,199) 25,738
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued incurred/unreported claims/deferred revenues Accrued wages		31,781 - (12,982)		92,274 -	31,781 92,274 (12,982)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	919,657	\$	181,143	\$ 1,100,800

La Plata County, Colorado Capital Equipment Replacement Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		 -
Current Assets:		
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	\$ 6,680,287	\$ 6,933,414
Accounts receivable	16,219	921
Inventory	 142,057	 167,795
Total Current Assets	 6,838,563	7,102,130
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets:		
Depreciable capital assets, net	 6,903,053	 6,569,918
Total Assets	 13,741,616	13,672,048
Liabilities		
Accrued payroll	10,722	23,704
Accounts payable	 77,298	 45,517
Total Current Liabilities	 88,020	 69,221
Net Position		
Investment in capital assets	6,903,053	6,569,918
Unrestricted	 6,750,543	 7,032,909
Total Net Position	\$ 13,653,596	\$ 13,602,827

La Plata County, Colorado

Capital Equipment Replacement Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues,

Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

	 2015	2014
Operating Revenues Charges for services	\$ 2,082,331	\$ 1,897,391
Miscellaneous revenue	 20,927	365
Total Operating Revenues	2,103,258	\$ 1,897,756
Operating Expenses		
Equipment maintenance	1,212,840	1,011,787
Depreciation	 996,007	957,432
Total Operating Expenses	 2,208,847	 1,969,219
Operating Income (Loss)	 (105,589)	(71,463)
Non-Operating Revenues		
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	156,358	154,692
Capital Contributions	_	12,000
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	156,358	166,692
Change in Net Position	50,769	95,229
Net Position Beginning of Year	 13,602,827	 13,507,598
Net Position End of Year	\$ 13,653,596	\$ 13,602,827

La Plata County, Colorado

Capital Equipment Replacement Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures

Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 2,096,167	\$ 2,096,167	\$ 2,082,331	\$ (13,836)
Sales of capital assets	239,000	239,000	247,430	8,430
Miscellaneous		20,777	20,927	150
Total Revenues	2,335,167	2,355,944	2,350,688	(5,256)
Expenditures				
Personnel costs	688,594	689,394	619,244	70,150
Equipment maintenance	503,154	696,031	593,596	102,435
Capital outlay	1,624,792	1,452,692	1,420,214	32,478
Total Expenditures	2,816,540	2,838,117	2,633,054	205,063
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(481,373)	(482,173)	(282,366)	199,807
Net change in Fund Balances	\$ (481,373)	\$ (482,173)	(282,366)	\$ 199,807
Reconciliation to GAAP Net Income:				
Less: Capital assets, disposed net of accumula	ated depreciation		(91,072)	
Add capital expenditures capitalized			1,420,214	
Less depreciation expense			(996,007)	
Change in Net Position			\$ 50,769	

La Plata County, Colorado Employee Medical Self Insurance Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	\$ 2,830,163	\$ 2,648,154
Accounts receivable	 331	 430
Total Current Assets	2,830,494	 2,648,584
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accrued claims payable	 251,394	 159,120
Total Current Liabilities	 251,394	159,120
Net Position		
Unrestricted	\$ 2,579,100	\$ 2,489,464

La Plata County, Colorado

Employee Medical Self Insurance Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues,

Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Operating Revenues Insurance deposits	\$ 3,520,341	\$ 3,834,456
Operating Expenses Medical claims	3,431,571	3,292,452
Operating Income (Loss)	88,770	542,004
Non-Operating Revenues Investment earnings	866	132
Change in Net Position	89,636	542,136
Net Position Beginning of Year	 2,489,464	 1,947,328
Net Position End of Year	\$ 2,579,100	\$ 2,489,464

La Plata County, Colorado

Employee Medical Self Insurance Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Original Budget		O			Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Operating Revenues									
Insurance deposits	\$	4,254,664	\$	4,254,664	\$	3,520,341	\$	(734,323)	
Operating Expenses									
Medical claims		4,254,664		4,254,664		3,431,571		823,093	
Operating Income (Loss)						88,770		88,770	
Non-Operating Revenues									
Investment earnings		1,000		1,000		866		(134)	
Change in Net Position	\$	1,000	\$	1,000		89,636	\$	88,636	
Net Position Beginning of Year						2,489,464			
Net Position End of Year					\$	2,579,100			

TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS

Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity. Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

General Agency Fund:

This fund is used to account for the property taxes collected for and remitted to other taxing entities by the La Plata County Treasurer.

La Plata County, Colorado General Agency Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities For The Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Jan	Balance January 1, 2015 Addition			Deductions			Balance December 31, 2015		
Assets Equity in treasurer's cash and investments	\$	2,772,976	\$	40,994,077	\$	41,151,449	\$	2,615,604		
Liabilities										
Accounts payable		219,283		16,107,665		15,889,819		437,128		
Due to component unit		41,903		2,310,226		2,338,585		13,544		
Deposits held for others		2,511,790		22,576,186		22,923,045		2,164,932		
Total Liabilities	\$	2,772,976	\$	40,994,077	\$	41,151,449	\$	2,615,604		

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Discretely presented component units are those entities that are legally separate from the primary government (the County) but for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable, or where the nature and significance of their relationship with County would cause the County's statements to be misleading or incomplete if they were excluded.

Office of the District Attorney, Sixth Judicial District:

The office of the District Attorney of the Sixth Judicial District provides prosecutorial and other public safety services to the citizens of La Plata, Archuleta, and San Juan Counties. The office is governed by a separately elected District Attorney.

Sixth Judicial District Attorney

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Assets	2015	2014
Cash deposits	\$ 106,502	\$ 106,220
Equity in Treasurer's cash and investments	13,544	41,903
Receivables:	,	,
Accounts receivable	12,658	_
Intergovernmental receivable	168,868	166,752
Total Assets	 301,572	 314,875
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	12,437	11,086
Accrued salaries and benefits	36,851	79,968
Due to primary government	_	 1,832
Total Liabilities	49,288	92,886
Fund Balances		
Restricted for:		
Law enforcement	182,641	150,400
Economic stabilization (TABOR)	 69,643	 71,589
Total Fund Balances	\$ 252,284	\$ 221,989
Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 252,284	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not	20.020	
financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds	39,038	
Deferred results and contributions to pension plans made after the measurement date are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, but must be deferred in the statement of net position.	31,789	
Certain amounts related to the net pension liability are deferred and amortized over time. These are not reported in the funds.	(12,873)	
Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and not reported in the funds.	(454,162)	
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the governmental funds	 (111,902)	
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (255,826)	

Sixth Judicial District Attorney

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		2015
Revenues Intergovernmental Intergovernmental - County Miscellaneous		\$ 780,551 1,511,905 17,004
Total Revenues		 2,309,460
Expenditures Public safety		 2,279,165
Total Expenditures		 2,279,165
Net Change in Fund Balances		30,295
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		221,989
Fund Balances End of Year		\$ 252,284
Net change in fund balances		30,295
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures but they are capitalized at the government-wide financial reporting level: Depreciation expense Capital outlay	(7,483) 15,000	7,517
Capital assets disposed, net of accumulated depreciation		(2,004)
Governmental fund do not report compensated absences at the fund financial reporting level but they are reported at the government-wide financial reporting level: Liability @ 12/31/15 Liability @ 12/31/14	(111,902) 93,550	(18,352)
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the fund statements.	73,330	(10,332)
This items consists of the change in pension expenditures		 (6,807)
Change in net position at the government-wide financial reporting level		\$ 10,649

Sixth Judicial District Attorney

Governmental Funds (General) with Adopted Budget Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	822,726	\$	859,291	\$	780,551	\$	(78,740)
Intergovernmental - County		1,562,230		1,562,230		1,511,905		(50,325)
Miscellaneous		1,750		11,850		17,004		5,154
Total Revenues		2,386,706		2,433,371		2,309,460		(123,911)
Expenditures								
Public safety		2,371,706		2,418,671		2,264,165		154,506
Total Current		2,371,706		2,418,671		2,264,165		154,506
Capital Outlay		15,000		15,000		15,000		_
Total Expenditures		2,386,706		2,433,671		2,279,165		(154,506)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				(300)		30,295		30,595
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	(300)		30,295	\$	30,595
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						221,989		
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	252,284	ı	

SPECIAL REPORTS SECTION

La Plata County, Colorado Social Services Fund Schedule of EBT Authorizations, Warrant Expenditures and Total Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Program	County EBT Authorizations	County Share of Authorizations	Expenditures By County Warrant	Total Authorizations & Expenditures By County Warrant	Total Expenditures
Colorado Works	564,096	107,904	314,631	878,728	\$ 422,535
Child Care	370,892	48,951	115,825	486,717	164,777
Child Welfare	567,134	120,310	1,539,928	2,107,062	1,660,238
County Administrative	-	-	975,142	975,142	975,142
Core Services	562,010	55,445	591,086	1,153,096	646,531
Child Support Administrative	-	-	507,570	507,570	507,570
LEAP	322,981	-	22,217	345,198	22,217
AND	205,636	41,127	-	205,636	41,127
Old Age Pension	455,737	219	18,947	474,684	19,166
Food Assistance Fraud	-	-	47,343	47,343	47,343
Food Assistance	5,255,113	-	-	5,255,113	-
Food Assistance Job Search	-	-	61,934	61,934	61,934
Title XX	-	-	7,516	7,516	7,516
CHAFFEE	-	-	45,964	45,964	45,964
General Assistance	-	-	12,252	12,252	12,252
Adult ProtectiveServices	-	-	281,339	281,339	281,339
Child Welfare IV-Ewaiver	-	-	192,440	192,440	192,440
PSSF Caseworker Visitation	-	-	-	-	-
Title IV-B Sup Part 2 (PSSF)	-	-	287,133	287,133	287,133
Child Welfare Discretionary Grant	-	-	32,077	32,077	32,077
Foster Care/Adoption Recruitment			2,830	2,830	2,830
Totals	\$ 8,303,600	\$ 373,956	\$ 5,056,174	\$ 13,359,774	\$ 5,430,130

Form # 350-050-36

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

City or County: County YEAR ENDING:

December 2015

This Information From The Records Of: County of La Plata, Colora Prepared By: Diane K. Sorensen

Phone: (970)382-6306

I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE

	A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from
ITEM	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
	Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration
Total receipts available				
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes				
4. Minus amount used for mass transit				
5. Remainder used for highway purposes				
	, and the second			

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway disbursements:	
Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (from page 2)	1,483,967
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	6,073,173
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street services:	
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic control operations	485,299
2. General fund appropriations	0	b. Snow and ice removal	1,247,374
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	5,146,754	c. Other	0
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	166,022	d. Total (a. through c.)	1,732,673
5. Transfers from toll facilities	0	4. General administration & miscellaneous	262,254
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		Highway law enforcement and safety	0
a. Bonds - Original Issues	0	6. Total (1 through 5)	9,552,067
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues	0	B. Debt service on local obligations:	
c. Notes	0	1. Bonds:	
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	0	a. Interest	0
7. Total (1 through 6)	5,312,776	b. Redemption	0
B. Private Contributions (So Ute Indian Trib	45,196	c. Total (a. + b.)	0
C. Receipts from State government		2. Notes:	
(from page 2)	3,783,593	a. Interest	0
D. Receipts from Federal Government		b. Redemption	0
(from page 2)	35,058		0
E. Total receipts $(A.7 + B + C + D)$	9,176,623	,	0
		C. Payments to State for highways	0
		D. Payments to toll facilities	0
		E. Total disbursements $(A.6 + B.3 + C + D)$	9,552,067

IV. LOCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS

(Show all entries at par)

	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)				0
Bonds (Refunding Portion)				
B. Notes (Total)				0

V. LOCAL ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANCE

. Beginning Balance		C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
7,780,699	9,176,623	9,552,067	7,405,255	0

Notes and Comments:

Private Contributions on Page 1 represent payments in lieu of taxes from Southern Ute Indian Tribe.

Maintenance and snow removal costs are consolidated into a single cost center in our system--we estimate 20% for snow removal

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. 1-05)

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE

(Next Page)

	STATE:				
	Colorado				
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	YEAR ENDING (mm/yy):				
	December 2015				
II RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL					

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	1,421,652	a. Interest on investments	0
b. Other local imposts:		 b. Traffic Fines & Penalities 	0
Sales Taxes	3,445,000	 c. Parking Garage Fees 	0
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	97,457	d. Parking Meter Fees	0
3. Liens	0	e. Sale of Surplus Property	0
4. Licenses	53,395	f. Charges for Services	0
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	129,250	g. Other Misc. Receipts	166,022
6. Total (1. through 5.)	3,725,102	h. Other	0
c. Total (a. + b.)	5,146,754		

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	3,065,263	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service (dist to schools)	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	177,934	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other EIAF/LGGF	540,396	e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other Bridge Funds/Enhancement	0	f. Other Federal	35,058
f. Total (a. through e.)	718,330	g. Total (a. through f.)	35,058
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	3,783,593	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	35,058
			(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL	OFF NATIONAL	тоты
	HIGHWAY SYSTEM	HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:	7		,
a. Right-Of-Way Costs		23,215	23,215
b. Engineering Costs		20,010	20,010
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities		934,674	934,674
(2). Capacity Improvements		0	0
(3). System Preservation		506,068	506,068
(4). System Enhancement & Operation		0	0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	1,440,742	1,440,742
. + 1.c.5	0	1,483,967	1,483,967
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments:

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.1-05)

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the La Plata County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailes information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements and note disclosures says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents		Tables
Financial T	rends	
	These Schedules contain trend information to hellp the reader understand how the County's fonancial performance and well-being have changed over time	1-5
Revenue Ca	pacity	
	These Schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes	6-12
Debt Capac	ity	
•	These Schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future	13-15
Demograph	ic and Economic Information	
	These Schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within with the County's financial activities take place to help make comparisons over time and with other governments	13-15
Operating I	nformation	
- F 8 -	These Schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs	18-20
Sources:	Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual financial reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB 34 in	•

presenting government-wide information included information beginning in that year

La Plata County, Colorado Government-wide Net Position by Component December 31, 2006-2015 (accrual basis of accounting)

	December 31, 2006		December 31, 2007		December 31, 2008		December 31, 2009		December 31, 2010	
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	52,092,382	\$	85,872,184	\$	101,427,081	\$	104,785,611	\$	103,057,349
Restricted for:										
Capital projects		11,759,657		15,086,883		5,440,161		4,652,468		5,434,327
Emergencies		1,185,000		1,285,000		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,000,000
Debt Service		425,143		448,522		454,883		452,735		452,735
Specific projects and programs		10,192,051		9,674,145		5,573,959		3,667,978		3,801,100
Unrestricted		25,924,833		33,418,117		44,754,550		57,321,536		70,682,038
Subtotal Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	101,579,066	\$	145,784,851	\$	159,650,634	\$	172,880,328	\$	185,427,549
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	52,092,382	\$	85,872,184	\$	101,427,081	\$	104,785,611	\$	103,057,349
Restricted		23,561,851		26,494,550		13,469,003		10,773,181		11,688,162
Unrestricted		25,924,833		33,418,117		44,754,550		57,321,536		70,682,038
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	101,579,066	\$	145,784,851	\$	159,650,634	\$	172,880,328	\$	185,427,549

	December 31, 2011]	December 31, 2012		December 31, 2013		December 31, 2014		December 31, 2015
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	100,077,282	\$	101,877,845	\$	98,126,731	\$	96,745,229	\$	98,551,468
Restricted for:										
Capital projects		6,283,012		5,218,448		7,057,030		-		-
Economic stabilization (TABOR)		1,541,536		1,504,732		1,519,735		1,563,138		1,600,510
Debt Service		450,985		-		-		-		-
Required legal fund segregations		14,349,826		12,579,204		14,195,240		6,552,331		22,379,012
Unrestricted		66,206,346		70,758,262		72,631,281		92,389,464		76,019,786
Subtotal Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	188,908,987	\$	191,938,491	\$	193,530,017	\$	197,250,162	\$	198,550,776
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	100,077,282	\$	101,877,845	\$	98,126,731	\$	96,745,229	\$	98,551,468
Restricted		22,625,359		19,302,384		22,772,005		8,115,469		23,979,522
Unrestricted		66,206,346		70,758,262		72,631,281		92,389,464		76,019,786
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	188,908,987	\$	191,938,491	\$	193,530,017	\$	197,250,162	\$	198,550,776

La Plata County, Colorado Government-wide Changes in Net Position Fiscal Years 2006-2015 (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year 2006	Fiscal Year 2007	Fiscal Year 2008	Fiscal Year 2009	Fiscal Year 2010	Fiscal Year 2011	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2013	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2015
Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$ 8,776,033	\$ 9,310,267	\$ 10,081,860	\$ 11,324,542	\$ 12,590,925	\$ 10,570,951	\$ 10,374,610	\$ 10,514,636	\$ 10,328,052	\$ 12,919,783
Public safety	12,529,335	13,408,383	13,909,083	14,921,662	15,228,090	15,426,187	16,332,272	16,401,170	15,939,033	17,381,499
Recreation and culture	4,703,319	4,796,460	3,693,219	3,925,467	3,609,635	3,382,410	3,193,425	3,085,940	3,097,514	2,960,931
Public works	3,055,270	3,290,009	12,532,719	13,329,071	9,946,369	10,572,032	10,929,759	12,686,719	12,936,627	11,875,658
Decrease in jont venture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	360,978	-	-
Health and welfare	11,240,436	11,690,024	4,896,385	5,551,746	5,653,873	5,581,089	5,615,860	5,607,927	5,757,071	7,701,357
Community programs	6,106,905	4,044,371	4,341,763	5,191,522	4,693,722	4,296,657	4,527,441	4,221,545	4,276,928	1,931,976
Interest on long-term debt	136,007	104,989	91,633	81,935	70,139	57,270	20,458	-	3,170	3,170
Total Primary Government Expenses	46,547,305	46,644,503	49,546,662	54,325,945	51,792,753	49,886,596	50,993,825	52,878,915	52,338,395	54,774,374
Program Revenues Governmental Activities Charges for Services										
General government	2,895,256	3,122,679	2,742,547	2,820,023	2,753,843	2,689,737	2,867,637	3,016,390	3,287,481	2,493,802
Public safety	688,195	709,336	845,054	813,731	860,444	930,281	897,042	835,799	660,284	1,595,067
Recreation and culture	487,274	477,721	620,385	264,190	239,027	243,891	244,614	205,462	168,745	-
Public works	81,678	270,851	267,910	86,341	60,110	52,926	46,413	241,454	844,705	328,787
Health and welfare	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	51,837
Total Charges for Services	4,152,403	4,580,587	4,475,896	3,984,285	3,913,424	3,916,835	4,055,706	4,299,105	4,961,215	4,469,493
Operating Grants and Contributions	12,390,828	11,291,178	10,280,747	18,162,203	12,765,925	12,753,984	12,572,836	11,961,803	13,230,028	13,977,048
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,392,191	3,905,903	4,026,680	2,828,191	662,256	308,532	109,228	562,211	4,019,552	1,330,453
Total Primary Government										-
Program Revenues	20,935,422	19,777,668	18,783,323	24,974,679	17,341,605	16,979,351	16,737,770	16,823,119	22,210,795	19,776,994
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Total Primary Government	(25,611,884)	(26,866,835)	(30,763,339)	(29,351,266)	(34,451,148)	(32,907,245)	(34,256,055)	(36,055,796)	(30,127,600)	(34,997,380)
General revenues and other changes in net p Governmental Activities: Taxes Property taxes levied		27,240,054	27,272,472	27,022,047	21 (54 220	21 257 200	21.714.072	21.002.611	15 (20 5(2	17.141.607
for general purposes	23,038,002	27,340,954	27,363,462	27,822,967	31,654,239	21,357,288	21,714,072	21,022,611	15,639,563	17,141,607
Sales taxes	12,874,145	13,903,657	13,639,998	12,264,867	13,528,774	12,363,979	13,596,356	14,080,460	14,870,392	15,734,279
Other taxes	176,662	178,160	189,262	168,180	283,895	299,419	336,697	316,293	2,077,512	2,099,038
Investment earnings	2,106,064	3,175,953	1,927,368	514,724	435,688	420,128	347,657	43,207	489,296	411,103
Gain (loss) on disposition of capital assets	17,057	6,592	(261,944)	1.010.000	1 005 553	-	1 200 5==	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	3,390,749	2,146,353	2,137,836	1,810,220	1,095,772	1,947,870	1,290,777	888,647	770,982	911,966
Total Primary Government	41,602,679	46,751,669	44,995,982	42,580,958	46,998,368	36,388,684	37,285,559	36,351,218	33,847,745	36,297,993
Changes in Net Position	\$ 15,990,795	\$ 19,884,834	\$ 14,232,643	\$ 13,229,692	\$ 12,547,220	\$ 3,481,439	\$ 3,029,504	\$ 295,422	\$ 3,720,145	\$ 1,300,613

La Plata County, Colorado General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

\$ 35,086,641
14,672,893
1,050,803
3,288,273
-
1,296,096
\$ 55,394,706
-0.5%
2 7 3 1 8 1 8

La Plata County, Colorado General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Current:										
General government	\$ 8,494,853	\$ 8,918,391	\$ 9,574,832	\$ 10,629,669	\$ 11,636,438	\$ 9,766,049	\$ 9,551,895	\$ 9,829,705	\$ 9,776,629	\$ 11,419,621
Public safety	12,247,107	13,308,782	13,933,609	14,623,385	14,844,053	14,901,413	15,515,104	16,230,442	15,767,639	16,831,509
Public works	7,861,675	8,981,938	8,974,502	8,005,211	7,942,046	7,831,786	8,339,156	10,017,083	9,720,482	8,925,096
Health and welfare	4,731,187	6,981,938 4,759,169	4,829,459	5,532,693	5,558,455	5,508,421	5,509,934	5,602,540	, ,	7,591,961
		, ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · ·	, ,	, ,	, ,	5,774,076	
Recreation and culture	2,739,962	3,025,521	3,306,975	3,593,406	3,246,466	3,068,201	2,837,282	2,759,382	2,784,783	2,688,775
Community Programs	6,106,905	4,044,371	4,341,763	5,191,522	4,693,722	4,296,657	4,527,441	4,221,545	4,276,928	1,931,976
Total Current	42,181,689	43,038,172	44,961,140	47,575,886	47,921,180	45,372,527	46,280,812	48,660,697	48,100,537	49,388,938
% Change From Prior Year	16.8%	2.0%	4.5%	5.8%	0.7%	-5.3%	2.0%	5.1%	-1.2%	2.7%
Capital Outlay	9,755,183	12,798,486	19,557,767	7,615,183	3,162,105	2,198,728	5,239,527	1,041,869	3,273,781	6,806,584
% Change From Prior Year	8.0%	31.2%	52.8%	-61.1%	-58.5%	-30.5%	138.3%	-80.1%	214.2%	107.9%
Debt Service										
Principal	970,000	360,000	375,000	385,000	400,000	415,000	1,350,000	-	-	6,657
Interest	141,172	103,839	94,362	83,431	71,256	57,853	24,550			3,170
Total Debt Service	1,111,172	463,839	469,362	468,431	471,256	472,853	1,374,550	-	-	9,827
% Change From Prior Year	0.5%	-58.3%	1.2%	-0.2%	0.6%	0.3%	190.7%	-100.0%	0.0%	100%
Total Expenditures	\$ 53,048,044	\$ 56,300,497	\$ 64,988,269	\$ 55,659,500	\$ 51,554,541	\$ 48,044,108	\$ 52,894,889	\$ 49,702,566	\$ 51,374,318	\$ 56,205,349
% Change From Prior Year	14.7%	6.1%	15.4%	-14.4%	-7.4%	-6.8%	10.1%	-6.0%	3.4%	9.4%
Debt Service as a Percentage of Total Non-capital Expenditures	2.6%	1.1%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.02%

Notes:

¹⁾ First year of debt service on 2004 Certificates of Purchase, Old Main Professional Building

²⁾ Final year of debt service on 2000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

La Plata County, Colorado Governmental Fund - Fund Balances Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 1,503,670	\$ 1,355,569	\$ 1,386,509	\$ 1,536,887	\$ 1,747,996					
Unreserved	12,778,086	16,842,929	23,951,512	28,285,373	40,111,898					
Nonspendable						360,411	303,429	27,638	129,028	196,375
Restricted						3,483,597	3,752,426	4,637,690	4,972,923	1,876,016
Committeed						-	-	-	15,541,790	6,764,859
Assigned						1,331,567	597,676	2,750,002	33,858,785	30,868,211
Unassigned						43,188,909	48,220,847	50,303,760	5,162,801	14,091,995
Subtotal General Fund	14,281,756	18,198,498	25,338,021	29,822,260	41,859,894	48,364,484	52,874,378	57,719,090	59,665,327	53,797,456
General Fund Percentage Change	40.3%	27.4%	39.2%	17.7%	40.4%	15.5%	9.3%	9.2%	3.4%	-9.83%
All Other Governmental Funds Comb	ined									
Reserved	16,906,983	20,987,489	12,920,525	9,623,971	10,371,282	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved	7,263,442	6,482,847	6,021,669	12,108,796	11,464,223	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable						560,636	475,455	355,077	316,647	256,684
Restricted						19,141,762	15,549,958	15,384,313	15,041,735	22,103,506
Committed						-	-	-	1,957,328	-
Assigned						-	-	-	1,037,322	1,050,043
Unassigned						-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal All Other										
Governmental Funds Combined	24,170,425	27,470,336	18,942,194	21,732,767	21,835,505	19,702,398	16,025,413	15,739,390	18,353,032	23,410,233
Total Governmental Funds										
Reserved	17,985,510	22,343,058	13,852,151	11,160,858	12,119,278	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved	20,466,671	23,325,776	30,428,064	40,394,169	51,576,121	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable						921,047	778,884	382,715	445,675	453,059
Restricted						22,625,359	19,302,384	20,022,003	20,014,658	23,979,522
Committed						-	-	-	17,499,118	6,764,859
Assigned						1,331,567	597,676	2,750,002	34,896,080	31,918,254
Unassigned						43,188,909	48,220,847	50,303,760	5,162,801	14,091,995
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 38,452,181	\$ 45,668,834	\$ 44,280,215	\$ 51,555,027	\$ 63,695,399	\$ 68,066,882	\$ 68,899,791	\$ 73,458,480	\$ 78,018,332	\$ 77,207,689
All Governmental Funds										
Percentage Change	28.3%	18.8%	-3.0%	16.4%	23.5%	6.9%	1.2%	6.6%	6.2%	-1.0%

Notes: The County changed fund balance classifications when it implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in fiscal year 2011.

General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal		Specific				
Year	Property	Ownership	Sales	Franchise	Lodging	Total
2006	21,093,729	1.948.479	12,874,145	_	172.454	36,088,807
2007	25,008,568	2,248,409	13,536,799	59,011	203,125	41,055,912
2008	25,022,449	2,246,097	13,639,998	92,042	189,262	41,189,848
2009	25,928,320	1,799,726	12,264,867	97,888	168,087	40,258,888
2010	29,902,937	1,751,302	13,528,774	103,442	180,453	45,466,908
2011	19,872,965	1,484,323	12,363,979	101,201	198,218	34,020,686
2012	20,229,749	1,478,205	13,596,356	109,943	226,754	35,641,007
2013	19,630,764	1,586,837	14,080,460	111,441	204,852	35,614,354
2014	15,639,563	1,531,022	14,870,392	108,759	281,315	32,431,051
2015	17,141,607	1,556,164	15,734,279	106,991	274,019	34,813,060

La Plata County, Colorado Property Tax Levies and Collections Tax years 2005-2014 Fiscal years 2006-2015

Tax Year	Fiscal Year Collected	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collection	% of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	% of Total Tax Collection To Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes 2	% of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2005	2006	21,219,346	21,040,717	99.16%	6,506	21,047,223	99.16%	(71,242)	-0.34%
2006	2007	25,630,329	25,587,337	99.83%	511,838	26,099,174	99.83%	(80,813)	-0.32%
2007	2008	25,128,403	24,608,842	99.76%	176,854	24,785,696	97.93%	336,833	1.34%
2008	2009	25,855,265	25,324,930	97.95%	464,515	25,789,446	97.95%	(2,261)	-0.01%
2009	2010	30,098,236	30,019,139	99.74%	49,502	30,068,641	99.74%	23,633	0.08%
2010	2011	20,096,506	20,020,342	99.62%	14,770	20,035,112	99.62%	31,660	0.16%
2011	2012	20,425,024	20,387,120	99.81%	20,165	20,407,285	99.81%	21,661	0.11%
2012	2013	19,450,108	19,299,614	99.23%	12,309	19,311,923	99.23%	125,870	0.65%
2013	2014	15,776,463	15,630,474	99.07%	12,309	15,642,783	99.07%	130,846	0.83%
2014	2015	17,135,880	16,980,749	99.09%	11,017	16,991,766	99.09%	138,918	0.81%

⁽¹⁾ As certified by the Board of County Commissioners, includes General, Road and Bridge, and Social Services Funds, as well as Local Improvement District funds.

⁽²⁾ Outstanding delinquent taxes are reported negative due to abatements of prior year taxes.

La Plata County, Colorado Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (in Thousands) Tax Years 2005-2014 Fiscal Years 2006-2015

Assessment/ Fiscal Year	Vacant Property	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Agricultural Property	Natural Resources	Oil & Gas	Other
2005/2006	164,537	408,600	280,577	46,065	12,750	2,783	1,510,431	57,342
2006/2007	165,544	436,296	289,643	50,881	13,002	3,765	1,982,319	66,595
2007/2008	230,111	546,744	369,900	46,304	12,666	4,909	1,597,384	77,977
2008/2009	217,035	588,523	386,761	50,875	12,767	4,440	1,637,188	120,402
2009/2010	218,947	627,914	403,858	52,575	12,633	5,028	1,941,632	199,112
2010/2011	219,829	635,055	400,987	45,774	12,643	11,528	956,182	72,799
2011/2012	169,770	577,163	375,127	15,006	13,138	10,937	1,163,229	69,779
2012/2013	165,008	582,114	370,910	16,026	13,064	10,450	1,045,119	72,606
2013/2014	139,718	547,468	355,529	15,442	13,778	12,129	686,641	71,711
2014/2015	136,017	556,214	358,921	19,125	14,637	11,507	830,854	79,016

Assessment/ Fiscal Year	Total Assessed	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Assessed Value to Total Est. Actual Value	Oil and Gas As % of Total	La Plata County only Mill Levy
2005/2006	2,483,085	8,804,386	28.2%	60.8%	8.500
2006/2007	3,008,045	9,779,128	30.8%	65.9%	8.500
2007/2008	2,885,995	11,252,387	25.6%	55.3%	8.693 ¹
2008/2009	3,017,991	11,996,568	25.2%	54.2%	8.564 ¹
2009/2010	3,461,699	13,183,765	26.3%	56.1%	8.674 ¹
2010/2011	2,354,797	11,703,823	20.1%	40.6%	8.500
2011/2012	2,394,149	10,306,419	23.2%	48.6%	8.500
2012/2013	2,275,297	10,742,115	21.2%	45.9%	8.500
2013/2014	1,842,416	9,760,082	18.9%	37.3%	8.500
2014/2015	2,006,292	10,072,411	19.9%	41.4%	8.500

Sources: La Plata County Assessor's Abstract & La Plata County Certification of Levies and Revenue

Notes: La Plata County reassesses property every other year on average. State law adjusts the residential assessment percentage each year, while the assessment percentage for oil & gas (87.5%) and all other properties (29%) has remained consistent. Estimated actual taxable value is calculated by dividing taxable assessed value by these percentages.

¹One-time mill levy to recoup abated taxes, does not require voter approval.

La Plata County, Colorado Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Tax Years 2005-2014 Fiscal Years 2006-2015

Collection Year:		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
La Plata County	mill	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.693	8.564	8.674	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500
•	tax \$	18,140,996	21,106,223	25,568,291	25,087,956	25,846,078	30,026,777	20,015,775	19,340,023	15,660,540	17,038,980
Municipalities:											
City of Durango	mill	2.507	2.507	2.507	2.507	2.507	2.507	2.507	2.507	2.507	2.507
	tax \$	774,172	949,080	972,396	1,248,819	1,279,024	1,347,238	1,344,677	1,219,564	1,178,797	1,202,738
Town of Bayfield	mill	5.950	5.950	5.950	5.950	5.950	5.950	5.950	5.950	5.950	5.950
Town of Bayfield	tax \$	131,330	157,513	212,115	245,627	240,482	249,010	229,066	210,669	196,965	199,296
	шл ф	131,330	137,313	212,113	213,027	210,102	219,010	227,000	210,009	170,700	177,270
Town of Ignacio	mill	3.337	3.192	3.084	2.978	2.918	2.747	2.780	3.559	3.813	4.107
	tax \$	16,342	16,906	16,404	19,335	20,460	21,153	22,184	26,751	27,400	29,759
School Districts:	:11	16 617	16 247	14556	15 100	14765	14 494	16.269	17.017	10,000	10.000
Durango 9R	mill tax \$	16.617 26,337,033	16.347 29,954,630	14.556 30,424,187	15.189 30,269,840	14.765 29,957,375	14.484 31,850,209	16.368 26,847,994	17.017 25,417,181	19.090 24,508,106	19.090 25,914,491
-	ιαλ ψ	20,337,033	27,734,030	30,424,107	30,207,040	27,731,313	31,030,207	20,047,774	23,417,101	24,500,100	23,714,471
Bayfield 10R	mill	22.764	19.429	16.450	16.450	16.364	15.814	17.045	21.219	23.222	21.599
	tax \$	5,541,416	5,456,837	6,168,019	6,142,706	6,249,134	7,074,726	4,979,766	6,134,289	5,340,928	5,476,870
Ignacio 11JT	mill	4.183	6.217	4.246	4.463	4.032	3.574	7.761	10.671	13.173	11.470
Ignacio 1111	miii tax \$	4.183 1,279,416	2,299,053	2,305,286	2,319,418	2,448,082	2,914,008	2,010,902	5,256,193	4,328,688	4,513,733
Special Districts:	ιαλ ψ	1,277,410	2,277,033	2,303,200	2,317,410	2,440,002	2,714,000	2,010,702	3,230,173	4,320,000	4,515,755
Animas Fire Protection-	mill	0.692	0.631	0.526	0.486	0.480	0.454	0.373	0.524	0.000	0.000
Bonded Indebtedness	tax \$	439,630	506,154	491,804	451,821	452,671	482,698	300,908	387,106	-	
A CONTRACTOR	***	5.050	5.000	5.205	5.000	5 110	5.050	5.000	5.050	0.000	0.000
Animas Fire Protection	mill tax \$	5.069 2,941,314	5.069 3,449,902	5.207 4,196,518	5.232 3,978,531	5.119 3,913,896	5.069 4,471,782	5.069 3,128,438	5.069 2,872,952	0.000	0.000
	тах ф	2,941,314	3,449,902	4,190,318	3,970,331	3,913,690	4,471,762	3,120,436	2,872,932		
Animas La Plata Water	mill	0.286	0.249	0.254	0.219	0.226	0.229	0.243	0.295	0.325	0.333
Conservancy	tax \$	152,234	160,308	170,545	180,518	191,763	204,647	215,908	232,434	240,866	251,057
A ' M ' C . 1	*11	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Animas Mosquito Control	mill tax \$	0.990 419,328	0.990 508,366	0.990 521,894	0.990 646,004	0.990 655,768	0.990 686,670	0.990 678,815	0.990 611,458	0.990 582,696	0.990 592,932
	тах ф	419,326	308,300	321,694	040,004	055,708	080,070	070,013	011,436	382,090	392,932
Aspen Trails Metro	mill	18.650	14.224	13.989	11.777	10.659	10.391	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000
	tax \$	21,623	24,835	25,083	28,178	31,144	31,065	14,909	13,570	12,915	12,947
		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	- 1c-			
Aspen Trails Metro Bonds	mill	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.405	5.842	6.240	6.240
	tax \$	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,117	15,855	16,118	16,158
Durango Conference Center	mill	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000

La Plata County, Colorado
Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Tax Years 2005-2014
Fiscal Years 2006-2015

Collection Year:		2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Business Improvement Center	tax \$	141,636	150,619	150,021	199,861	203,037	203,037	277,177	249,498	240,353	241,815
Durango Fire Protection	mill	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.700	5.700
	tax \$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,034,251	3,192,756
Durango Hills Local	mill	18.573	15.731	16.538	16.369	17.241	16.515	15.951	20.204	20.379	20.379
Improvement	tax \$	50,405	51,288	54,304	65,655	68,991	72,443	72,168	76,525	73,694	74,481
Durango West Metropolitan I	mill	47.200	38.800	22.400	17.960	17.960	17.540	17.430	18.450	20.200	20.300
	tax \$	140,033	136,218	79,322	79,703	79,921	79,319	79,628	79,700	79,716	79,530
Durango West Metropolitan II	mill	25.410	21.822	20.977	17.403	17.469	16.726	17.361	0.000	0.000	0.000
	tax \$	208,378	210,544	200,708	205,902	207,581	207,126	214,760	-	-	
Durango West Metropolitan II	mill	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	18.254	0.000	0.000
Bonds	tax \$		-			-	-	-	202,454		
Edgemont Ranch Metropolitan	mill	5.874	14.402	12.963	10.892	10.469	10.605	7.874	7.874	7.874	7.876
	tax \$	33,666	128,260	148,516	210,138	234,836	226,086	170,386	135,211	133,819	137,657
Edgemont Ranch Bonds	mill	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.691	3.391	3.426	3.600
	tax \$					-	-	58,231	58,230	58,225	62,921
El Rancho Florida Metropolitan	mill	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	29.035	25.333	20.589
Bonds	tax \$	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-		=	93,701	97,038	63,863
Florida Mosquito Control	mill	0.700	0.700	0.700	0.700	0.700	0.700	0.700	0.700	0.700	0.700
	tax \$	282,197	360,275	447,073	391,103	389,324	470,256	281,547	273,289	212,380	243,388
Florida Water Conservancy	mill	0.119	0.099	0.086	0.086	0.086	0.074	0.074	0.073	0.073	0.066
-	tax \$	40,609	43,691	47,064	42,772	43,231	44,834	27,948	27,076	21,155	22,068
Forest Lakes Metropolitan	mill	35.524	35.524	35.524	35.524	35.524	35.524	35.524	35.524	35.524	35.524
	tax \$	378,762	583,157	606,152	827,775	835,635	842,619	845,208	668,649	549,179	549,343
Fort Lewis Fire Protection	mill	5.900	5.900	5.900	5.900	5.900	5.900	7.400	7.400	7.400	7.400
	tax \$	165,150	191,814	204,462	253,809	269,048	290,386	407,806	408,939	413,150	420,737
Hermosa Cliffs Fire Protection	mill	9.524	8.961	8.643	8.243	8.075	8.021	6.890	6.907	0.000	0.000
	tax \$	449,080	544,099	602,874	743,893	796,464	877,210	758,217	583,689	-	

La Plata County, Colorado Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Tax Years 2005-2014 Fiscal Years 2006-2015

Collection Year:		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Hermosa Cliffs Fire Bonds	mill	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.029	1.312	0.000	0.000
	tax \$	-	-	-	-	-	-	113,237	110,873	-	-
Ignacio-Allison-Oxford	mill	0.244	0.244	0.244	0.244	0.244	0.244	0.244	0.244	0.244	0.244
Cemetery	tax \$	50,474	60,738	91,782	88,517	104,681	143,426	72,928	89,647	58,435	70,611
		,		22,702				,,	,	,	,
Ignacio Community Library	mill	1.000	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500
	tax \$	305,861	554,702	814,397	779,549	910,745	1,223,003	633,554	738,852	492,905	590,287
La Plata County Palo Verde	mill	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.448	4.840
Public Improvement District #3	tax \$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000	5,000
La Plata County Palo Verde	mill	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	62.934	16.860
Public Imp District #3 Bond	tax \$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,246	17,419
La Plata Archuleta Water	mill	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000
La Piata Archuleta water	tax \$	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2,589,468	2,748,969	1,964,008	2,238,777
	ιαλ φ							2,369,406	2,740,909	1,904,008	2,236,777
La Plata Water Conservancy	mill	0.295	0.295	0.295	0.295	0.295	0.295	0.295	0.295	0.295	0.295
	tax \$	7,148	8,245	8,817	10,848	11,477	12,008	13,802	13,327	13,549	14,094
Los Pinos Fire Protection	mill	3.520	3.520	3.520	3.520	3.520	3.520	3.520	3.520	3.520	3.520
	tax \$	1,693,744	1,962,154	2,738,232	2,493,126	2,732,576	3,560,534	1,800,840	2,068,496	1,369,200	1,627,641
Los Pinos Fire/Mt. Allison	mill	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	0.000	0.000	0.000
Los I mos I ne/wtt. / mison	tax\$	31,512	35,061	56,885	65,239	68,657	107,897	71,325	-	-	-
		,	20,000	,	20,-02	,	,	,			
Montezuma Dolores County	mill	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.777
Metorpolitan Rec Dist.	tax\$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,129
D' D' C +	*11	0.122	0.112	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.070	0.070	0.075	0.150	0.150
Pine River Cemetery	mill tax \$	0.123 29,942	0.112 31,456	0.091 34,121	0.091 33,981	0.091 34,751	0.079 35,342	0.079 23,080	0.075 21,682	0.150 34,499	0.150 38,036
	tax ş	29,942	31,430	34,121	33,981	34,/31	33,342	23,080	21,082	34,499	38,030
Pine River Library	mill	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.504
The River Eletary	tax \$	608,572	702,151	937,389	933,542	954,708	1,118,428	730,385	722,735	574,986	634,940
		,	, , , , , , , ,	701,007	777,	22.,,	-,,	,	,	2.1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Purgatory Metropolitan	mill	27.313	27.313	27.313	27.313	27.313	27.313	27.313	27.313	27.313	27.313
	tax \$	330,853	399,506	403,027	625,166	688,863	879,343	888,728	661,908	510,574	514,718
Dungatami Matnanalitan		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	15 000	15 000	15 000	15 000	15 000	15 000
Purgatory Metropolitan Subdistrict	mill tax \$	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	15.000 184,944	15.000 253,484	15.000 255,821	15.000 160,804	15.000 123,884	15.000 125,356
Subdistilet	іал ф	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	104,744	233,404	233,021	100,004	123,004	123,330

La Plata County, Colorado
Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Tax Years 2005-2014
Fiscal Years 2006-2015

Collection Year:		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
SW Colorado TV Translator	mill tax \$	0.777 19,483	0.777 22,445	0.777 23,944	0.777 29,427	0.777 31,079	0.777 32,865	0.777 37,682	0.777 36,102	0.777 36,680	0.000
SW Water Conservancy	mill tax \$	0.254 542,096	0.225 558,694	0.205 616,647	0.207 597,401	0.216 651,886	0.200 692,339	0.272 640,505	0.309 698,516	0.368 678,009	0.362 725,660
Tamarron Metro	mill tax \$	40.000 205,006	40.000 339,136	50.000 694,766	50.000 717,886	50.000 892,058	50.079 960,989	37.000 710,535	13.239 166,878	13.239 140,748	13.000 139,094
Tamarron Metro Bonds	mill tax \$	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	13.006 249,763	37.000 466,384	37.000 393,359	37.000 395,884
Three Springs Metro #1	mill tax \$	0.000	0.000	35.000 136,969	35.000 358,953	35.000 499,689	35.000 576,021	44.000 684,619	10.000 131,152	4.275 51,544	4.275 57,029
Three Springs Metro #1 Bonds	mill tax \$	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	34.000 445,917	45.725 551,312	45.725 609,979
Three Springs Metro #2	mill tax \$	0.000	0.000	0.000	35.000 409	35.000 436	35.000 10,398	44.000 35,070	44.000 29,000	50.000 12,145	50.000 21,435
Upper Pine River Fire Bonds	mill tax \$	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.182 374,399	1.182 365,453	1.182 293,740	1.182 320,702
Upper Pine River Fire Protection	mill tax \$	6.739 1,835,561	6.507 2,035,186	6.132 2,524,470	6.132 2,511,689	6.132 2,543,406	6.132 2,958,796	4.950 1,567,915	4.950 1,530,452	10.900 2,708,767	10.900 2,957,403
Total tax to be collected	9	\$ 63,745,002 \$	73,699,246 \$	82,694,484 \$	82,885,097	84,723,901	95,238,172	\$ 74,492,191	\$ 75,802,153 \$	67,057,569 \$	71,479,714

Source: La Plata County Certification of Levies and Revenue

La Plata County, Colorado Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2015				2006	
Taxpayer	Type of Business	2	2014 Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	2005 Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
BP America Production Co	Energy	\$	492,445,260	1	24.55%	\$ 826,090,650	1	33.27%
Samson Resources Company	Energy		121,172,800	2	6.04%	74,356,330	6	2.99%
Williams Four Corners LLC	Energy		63,040,960	3	3.14%	23,293,700	9	0.94%
XTO Energy Inc.	Energy		45,217,140	4	2.25%	85,592,010	5	3.45%
Conoco Phillips Company	Energy		36,454,200	5	1.82%	123,112,280	2	4.96%
Burlington Resources Oil & Gas	Energy		33,906,680	6	1.69%	45,090,260	8	1.82%
Red Cedar	Energy		29,298,580	7	1.46%			
Red Willow Production Company	Energy		24,908,800	8	1.24%	90,696,430	3	3.65%
Four Star Oil & Gas Co	Energy		17,622,950	9	0.88%			
La Plata Electric Association	Utility		17,345,600	10	0.86%	18,525,500	10	0.75%
Chevron Texaco	Energy		-			89,660,080	4	3.61%
44 Canyon LLC	Energy		-			46,778,510	7	1.88%
Total Assessed Valuation for 10 large	est taxpayers	\$	881,412,970	•	43.93%	\$ 1,423,195,750		<u>57.32</u> %
Total Assessed Valuation for all taxpa	ayers	\$	2,006,291,720		<u>100.00</u> %	\$ 2,483,085,200		100.00%

Source: La Plata County Assessor's Office

La Plata County, Colorado Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	County Direct Rate	State of Colorado
2006	2.0%	2.9%
2007	2.0%	2.9%
2008	2.0%	2.9%
2009	2.0%	2.9%
2010	2.0%	2.9%
2011	2.0%	2.9%
2012	2.0%	2.9%
2013	2.0%	2.9%
2014	2.0%	2.9%
2015	2.0%	2.9%

La Plata County, Colorado Principal Sales Tax Remitters Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2015			2006			
Taxpayer - Type of Business	 15 Sales Tax Collected	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxes Collected		06 Sales Tax Collected	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxes Collected	
Food & Beverage	\$ 2,026,741	1	12.88%	\$	1,064,791	4	8.27%	
General Merchandise	1,685,115	2	10.71%		1,706,723	1	13.26%	
Food Services & Drinking Places	1,413,661	3	8.98%		1,177,321	3	9.14%	
Bldg. Material & Garden Supplies/Equ	1,174,726	4	7.47%		1,219,068	2	9.47%	
Manufactoring	1,060,019	8	6.74%		505,288	9	3.92%	
Accomodation	882,070	5	5.61%		623,235	6	4.84%	
Auto Dealers	724,665	7	4.61%		615,886	7	4.78%	
Utilities	695,841	6	4.42%		463,728	10	3.60%	
Wholesale Trade	639,981	9	4.07%		767,155	5	5.96%	
Real Estate	548,014	10	3.48%		380,414	12	2.95%	
Total Sales Taxes Collected by 10	\$ 10,850,833		<u>68.96</u> %	\$	8,523,609		66.21%	
Largest Businesses Total Sales Taxes Collected by All Businesses	\$ 15,734,279		100.00%	<u>\$</u>	12,874,018		100.00%	

Source: Colorado State Department of Revenue

La Plata County, Colorado Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Fiscal Years 2006-2015

Fiscal Year	General Obligation	Sales Tax Revenue	Certificates of Participation	Total	Per Capita Personal Income	Population	Debt Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property
2006	-	-	3,285,000	3,285,000	36,493	48,752	67.38	0.18%	0.04%
2007	-	-	2,925,000	2,925,000	38,263	49,758	58.78	0.15%	0.03%
2008	-	-	2,550,000	2,550,000	44,176	50,291	52.31	0.12%	0.02%
2009	-	-	2,165,000	2,165,000	40,971	51,105	42.36	0.10%	0.02%
2010	-	-	1,765,000	1,765,000	42,032	51,495	34.28	0.08%	0.01%
2011	-	-	1,350,000	1,350,000	43,834	51,924	26.00	0.06%	0.01%
2012	-	-	-	-	43,834 1	52,401	-	0.00%	0.00%
2013	-	-	-	-	45,476	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
2014	-	-	-	-	46,633	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
2015	-	-	-	-	46,633	-	-	0.00%	0.00%

Notes:

(1) 2012 percentage calculated using 2011 personal income data, which is the most recent available.

La Plata County, Colorado Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessment Year Fiscal/Budget Year		2005 2006		2006 2007		2007 2008		2008 2009		2009 2010
Assessed Value	\$	2,483,085,000	\$	3,008,045,050	\$	2,885,995,180	\$	3,017,991,395	\$	3,461,698,940
Actual Value	\$	8,804,386,479	\$	9,779,128,089	\$	11,252,386,999	\$	11,996,568,139	\$	13,183,765,037
Legal Debt Margin: Debt limitation - 1.5% of total assessed value Debt limitation - 3% of total actual value		264,131,594		293,373,843		337,571,610		359,897,284		395,512,951
Debt applicable to limitation: Total debt Less: Certificates of participation	\$	3,285,000 3,285,000	\$	2,925,000 2,925,000	\$	2,550,000 2,550,000	\$	2,165,000 2,165,000	\$	1,765,000 1,765,000
Total debt applicable to debt limitation							_			<u>-</u>
Legal debt margin	\$	264,131,594	\$	293,373,843	\$	337,571,610	\$	359,897,284	\$	395,512,951
Assessment Year Fiscal/Budget Year		2010 2011		2011 2012		2012 2013		2013 2014		2014 2015
Assessment Year	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Assessment Year Fiscal/Budget Year		<u>2011</u>		2012	_	2013	\$	2014	\$	2015
Assessment Year Fiscal/Budget Year Assessed Value Actual Value Legal Debt Margin: Debt limitation - 1.5% of total assessed value Debt limitation - 3% of total actual value		2011 2,354,797,050		2012 2,394,149,370	_	2,275,296,810	<u>-</u>	2014 1,842,416,460	<u>-</u>	2015 2,006,291,720
Assessment Year Fiscal/Budget Year Assessed Value Actual Value Legal Debt Margin: Debt limitation - 1.5% of total assessed value		2011 2,354,797,050 11,703,822,835	\$ 1	2012 2,394,149,370 10,306,419,000	_	2013 2,275,296,810 10,742,115,112	<u>-</u>	2014 1,842,416,460 9,760,081,610	<u>-</u>	2,006,291,720 10,072,410,619
Assessment Year Fiscal/Budget Year Assessed Value Actual Value Legal Debt Margin: Debt limitation - 1.5% of total assessed value Debt limitation - 3% of total actual value Debt applicable to limitation: Total debt	\$ 1	2011 2,354,797,050 11,703,822,835 351,114,685 1,350,000	\$ 1	2012 2,394,149,370 10,306,419,000 309,192,570	\$	2013 2,275,296,810 10,742,115,112	\$	2014 1,842,416,460 9,760,081,610	\$	2,006,291,720 10,072,410,619

Notes: Per Colorado Revised Statute 30-26-301(3), the aggregate amount of indebtedness for the County cannot exceed 1.5% of total assessed value for years 1998-2003, and cannot exceed 3% of total actual value for years 2004 forward

La Plata County, Colorado **Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Coverage Fiscal Years 2005-2014**

Fiscal Year	Gross Sales Tax Revenue	Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
1 cai	Tax Revenue	101 Debt Service	Timeipai	Interest	10141	Coverage
2006	12,874,145	9,471,990	615,000	29,213	644,213	14.7
2007^{-2}	13,536,798	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2008	13,639,998	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2009	12,264,867	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2010	13,528,774	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2011	12,363,979	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2012	13,596,356	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2013	14,080,460	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2014	14,870,392	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2015	15,734,279	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Gross revenue less required transfers per bond indenture and intergovernmental agreements. 1992 Sales Tax revenue bonds fully paid off in 2006 (1)

⁽²⁾

La Plata County, Colorado Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Fiscal Year	<u>Population</u>	Personal Income 1	Per Capita <u>Personal Income</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>	Median Age	K-12 School Enrollment ²	Higher Education Enrollment ³
2006	48574	1,831,720	37,710	3.4	37.7	6704	3907
2007	49343	1,993,825	40,407	2.8	38.0	6602	3935
2008	50291	2,221,658	44,176	3.6	38.2	6900	3746
2009	51105	2,093,812	40,971	6.0	38.8	7031	3685
2010	51495	2,164,463	42,032	7.1	39.1	6831	3864
2011	51924	2,276,033	43,834	7.0	38.5	6658	3853
2012	52401	2,382,999	45,476	6.5	38.7	6658	3836
2013	53446	2,465,663	45,476	5.5	38.7	6383	4065
2014	54629	2,484,802	46,633	4.2	38.8	6680	4021
2015	54688	2,534,109	46,633	5.5	38.4	6911	4065

Notes:

- (1) in thousands of dollars
- (2) K-12 School enrollment includes Bayfield 10JTR, Durango 9R, and the Ignacio 11JT school districts.
- (3) Higher Education Enrollment is for Fort Lewis College

Sources:

DOLA State Demography Office Population Data 1 year increments 2000-2040

Bureau of Economic Analysis

Bureau of Labor Statistics

CDE Enrollment - pupil membership by county district/grade

Fort Lewis College

La Plata County, Colorado Principal Employers Current and Nine Years Ago

		Estin	nate 2015	Estimate 2006		
Employer	Type of Business	Employees FT & PT	Percentage of total County Employment	Employees	Percentage of total County Employment	
Durango School District 9-R	Education	632	1.93%	660	2.61%	
Fort Lewis College	Education	570	1.74%	650	2.57%	
Mercury Payment Systems	Finance	630	1.92%	N/A	0.00%	
Southern Ute Indian Tribe - Administration	Government	845	2.58%	419	1.66%	
La Plata County	Government	401	1.22%	374	1.48%	
Mercy Regional Medical Center	Health	1,200	3.66%	750	2.97%	
Crossfire	Oil & Gas	322	0.98%	N/A	0.00%	
BP America	Oil & Gas	221	0.67%	N/A	0.00%	
Durango Mountain Resort	Recreation	479	1.46%	300	1.19%	
Sky Ute Lodge and Casino, Museum	Recreation	400	1.22%	516	2.04%	
Total Principal Employers		5,700	17.38%	2,193	8.67%	
Total County Employment		32,793	100.00%	25,280	100.00%	

La Plata County, Colorado Full-time Equivalent County Employees by Function/Program Fiscal Years 2006 - 2015

											% Change
Department	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2015 over 2014
Commissioners	4.10	4.10	5.10	5.12	5.13	5.00	5.10	5.00	5.00	3.00	-40.0%
Clerk/Elections	19.35	16.63	18.80	16.88	14.10	16.16	18.50	16.00	16.00	16.00	0.0%
Treasurer/Trustee	5.40	5.12	5.00	5.00	5.29	5.00	5.10	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.0%
Assessor	20.59	20.45	20.45	20.20	18.94	18.80	19.00	19.00	17.00	17.00	0.0%
Administration	5.30	4.19	5.18	5.16	5.01	5.03	6.20	5.00	5.00	7.00	40.0%
Attorney	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.00	6.00	5.75	5.10	6.00	6.00	6.00	0.0%
Facilities & Grounds	10.00	10.01	10.01	10.01	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	12.00	9.1%
Finance	5.03	4.02	4.00	5.00	5.00	3.75	3.80	4.50	5.00	5.00	0.0%
Information Services	8.50	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.02	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	0.0%
Procurement	4.10	3.79	3.79	4.02	4.02	4.00	4.00	2.75	2.50	2.50	0.0%
GIS	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	7.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.0%
Human Resources/Risk Mgt	4.08	4.11	4.08	4.11	4.11	4.11	4.10	4.00	4.00	4.00	0.0%
County Surveyor	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.0%
Construction Management	0.00	1.17	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0%
Sustainability Office	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0%
General Government Total	94.45	92.59	97.68	100.50	96.60	92.62	95.90	93.25	91.50	92.50	1.1%
Building Inspection / OEM	11.75	11.75	14.00	14.00	11.00	8.00	7.75	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.0%
Criminal Investigations	8.60	9.90	10.90	10.68	10.79	10.40	11.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	0.0%
Special Investigations	6.64	5.80	5.76	5.57	5.53	5.50	5.50	6.00	5.00	5.00	0.0%
Special Services	22.53	24.10	23.20	22.44	22.29	21.50	21.70	21.25	22.25	22.25	0.0%
Public Safety	34.92	34.90	34.92	34.13	34.15	33.25	33.50	32.00	32.00	34.00	6.3%
Alternative to Incarceration	4.85	5.30	5.48	5.34	5.34	5.30	5.40	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.0%
Detentions	46.61	49.60	60.60	62.16	62.14	62.50	62.60	59.00	59.00	59.00	0.0%
Coroner	1.30	2.10	1.55	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	0.0%
District Attorney	24.30	25.10	25.10	25.10	25.50	25.50	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	0.0%
Public Safety Total	161.50	168.55	181.51	180.92	178.24	173.45	173.95	167.75	168.75	170.75	1.2%
Road & Bridge, Eng.	53.37	51.89	52.64	53.70	49.89	46.33	48.40	41.00	41.00	41.00	0.0%
Public Works Total	53.37	51.89	52.64	53.70	49.89	46.33	46.33	46.33	46.33	41.00	-11.5%
CERF	9.50	10.07	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.04	9.10	9.00	9.00	9.00	0.0%
Internal Service Funds	9.50	10.07	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.04	9.10	9.00	9.00	9.00	0.0%
internal Service Funds	9.30	10.07	7.10	7.10	7.10	7.04	7.10	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.0 /0
Human Services	58.45	58.41	59.40	58.75	58.75	60.00	63.93	61.75	63.38	64.75	2.2%
Health & Welfare Total	58.45	58.41	59.40	58.75	58.75	60.00	63.93	61.75	63.38	64.75	2.2%
Entered on Office	2.65	1.00	2.42	2.42	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00/
Extension Office	3.65	1.80 1.50	2.42 1.70	2.42	0.77 1.49	0.00 1.30	0.80 1.50	0.00 1.00	0.00	0.00 1.50	0.0% 50.0%
Weed	1.81			1.67					1.00		
Fairgrounds	10.34	10.80	10.61	10.60	10.34	10.00	10.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	0.0%
Senior Center Ops & Act	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0%
Planning Series Services	15.33	17.21	18.30	18.30	18.28	11.99	11.70	11.75	10.75	11.00	2.3%
Senior Services	9.17	7.70	8.41	8.72	8.52	8.59	9.50	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.0%
Veterans' Services Office	1.00	1.00 40.01	1.00	1.09	1.08	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.0%
Auxiliary Services	41.30	40.01	42.44	42.80	40.48	32.88	34.60	30.75	29.75	30.50	2.5%
Grand Total	418.57	421.52	442.77	445.77	433.06	414.32	423.81	408.83	408.71	408.50	-0.1%

Source: La Plata County Annual Budget **Notes:** Numbers include regular and temporary employees.

La Plata County, Colorado Operating Indicators by Function/Program Fiscal Years 2006 - 2015

Function/Program										
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
General Government										
Clerk & Recorder	06.000	00.020	00.051	90 (72	01.502	100.460	02.650	02.965	05 504	05.962
# Vehicle Transactions Processed	96,000	98,829	98,951	89,672	91,592	100,468	92,650	93,865	95,504	95,863
# Titles Issued (69% printed by staff)	20,600	23,230	19,083	14,472	13,624	14,955	15,853	17,553	18,679	17,795
# documents recorded	25,000	20,874	18,969	19,550	16,500	15,889	17,762	17,096	15,069	15,622
# of registered voters	36,000	33,658	37,615	37,185	37,243	38,590	41,516	41,785	40,154	41,677
# of votes cast	24,000	1,485	28,117	4,644	20,892	11,694	29,416	15,473	29,123	12,924
# of marriage licenses issued	550	526	528	515	506	554	573	571	632	637
Treasurer										
Receipts processed	58,000	36,913	37,980	37,740	37,954	37,995	59,790	26,366	25,934	29,540
Assessor										
# of property accounts maintained/assessed	61,000	Unavailable	46,293	Unavailable	46,589	46,503	46,657	46,420	46,580	74,436
Assessed value (in thousands)	3,008,034	2,885,995	3,017,991	3,461,699	2,354,797	2,394,149	2,275,296	1,842,416	2,004,585	2,220,914
Geographic Information Services										
# of recorded documents processed	6,000	5,429	4,024	1,196	325	5,440	7,039	1,486	226	128
# of rural addresses assigned	850	481	314	191	182	565	281	527	338	147
Public Safety										
Building Inspection										
# of permits issued	1,050	951	781	601	577	535	544	580	655	815
# of inspections completed	5,000	4,662	4,651	3,553	2,632	2,414	2,435	2,536	3,369	3,604
" of inspections completed	3,000	4,002	4,031	3,333	2,032	2,414	2,433	2,330	3,307	3,004
Emergency Management										
Search & Rescue Missions	38	71	37	14	23	30	34	35	37	34
Sheriff - Public Safety										
# of incidents investigated	21,000	Unavailable	25,530	3,552	23,652	23,227	22,561	23,224	23,640	28,694
# of arrests	950	Unavailable	946	Unavailable	594	705	586	678	804	1,224
# of citations	200	Unavailable	223	Unavailable	134	131	110	146	97	199
A14										
Alternative to Incarceration # of inmates under Day Reporting Supervision	125	88	93	89	102	124	99	45	11	0
# of inmates under Day Reporting Supervision # of inmates in Community Custody program	140	178	185	145	298	55	99 104	108	95	39
	140								93 304	
Pretrial management		245	255	222	270	371	333	299	304	337

La Plata County, Colorado Operating Indicators by Function/Program Fiscal Years 2006 - 2015

Function/Program	•00.5		••••							-01-
Detentions	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Total # of inmates booked into facility	3,200	3,087	2.900	Unavailable	3.020	2,943	2.033	2,662	2.858	3,294
average daily inmate population	180	186	181	140	149	166	148	114	111	118
D. I. W. J.										
Public Works Maintenance Support										
gallons of dust palliative applied	1,100,000	1,000,000	1,200,000	1,098,307	920,642	1,100,000	865,672	920,642	988,547	1,461,306
tons of road base hauled and placed	125,000	120,000	120,000	101,608	105,297	106,676	79,197	110,568	64,708	33,335
# of gallons of highway paint used	12,500	12,500	12,750	12,500	12,000	9,500	12,500	12,000	12,500	12,500
Convenience Center										
Customers served - Bayfield	2,800	2,841	2,506	2.116	2,159	2,117	2,154	1.493	2,091	2,010
Customers served - Marvel	750	713	699	550	421	543	523	340	498	475
Health & Welfare										
<u>Human Services</u>										
Child Welfare - # of assessments opened	270	303	283	172	315	266	273	262	283	272
Adult Protective Services - # of investigations	100	90	89 \$2,570,000	101 \$3.147.432	88 \$2.249.125	99	\$8	87	96	141
Child Support - \$ of payments collected	\$3,160,000	\$3,044,044	\$3,570,909	\$3,147,432	\$3,248,125	\$3,302,905	\$3,429,662	\$3,828,881	\$3,671,529	\$3,775,730
Community Programs										
Conservation Trust Funds	\$238,000	\$204,000	\$234,250	\$150,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Public Service Agency Funds	\$4,650,264	\$2,379,166	\$3,113,539	\$3,155,684	\$2,894,774	\$2,973,186	\$3,200,905	\$2,461,494	\$1,931,976	\$1,852,663
Auxiliary Services										
Senior Services										
# of meals provided	38,800	39,899	41,549	43,010	41,247	37,745	40,812	43,769	45,011	49,519
# of transportation rides provided	5,000	6,474	5,571	6,114	6,226	5,584	5,955	5,788	6,549	6,951
Veterans Services										
Compensation Claims	n/a	168	57	144	196	201	91	192	140	202
Weed Management										
# of miles treated for noxious weeds	1,206	1,309	680	675	**			672	675	435
# of acres treated for noxious weeds	1,200	1,507	000	0,0	505	Unavailable	451	90	105	273
small group bookings (less than 500 participants)	1,800	Unavailable	2,548	3,347	2,562	1,633	1,053	131	125	76
large bookings (more than 500 participants)	65	Unavailable	74	31	12	365	357	0	0	0

La Plata County, Colorado Operating Indicators by Function/Program Fiscal Years 2006 - 2015

Function/Program										
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Planning										
Major projects reviewed	95	119	91	55	28	48	35	100	122	116
Oil & Gas (Major & Minor)	90	232	230	82	31	35	42	25	62	56
Minor/Administrative Projects reviewed	90	106	134	80	92	62	71	108	126	159
Internal Service Funds										
Capital Equipment Replacement Fund										
(prior to 2005, vehicles were in R & B Fleet division)										
Vehicles maintained (self propelled mobile units)	230	233	237	243	246	305	301	307	311	317

La Plata County, Colorado Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Fiscal Years 2006 - 2015

	_	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Government Clerk	Number of business locations	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Facilities & Grounds	Facilities maintained	7	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	20
Procurement	Warehouses operated	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety Detentions	Jail bed capacity	197	197	197	293	293	293	293	293	293	293
Public Works	Miles of Roadways maintained Bridges	654.68 53	654.68 53	658 53	658 53	658 53	658 53	656 48	672 48	656 49	656 49
Internal Service Funds CERF	Number of fleet vehicles maintained	230	233	237	243	246	305	301	307	311	317

Notes: No capital asset indicators are available for the health and welfare function.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 21, 2016

To the Board of County Commissioners La Plata County, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of La Plata County, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise La Plata County, Colorado's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered La Plata County, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of La Plata County, Colorado's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of La Plata County, Colorado's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether La Plata County, Colorado's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Chadiner Stirkich, Davis : Co. P.C.



La Plata County, Colorado June 21, 2016

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Grand Junction, Colorado



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

June 21, 2016

To the Board of County Commissioners La Plata County, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited La Plata County, Colorado's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of La Plata County, Colorado's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2015. La Plata County, Colorado's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of La Plata County, Colorado's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about La Plata County, Colorado's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of La Plata County, Colorado's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, La Plata County, Colorado, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of La Plata County, Colorado, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered La Plata County, Colorado's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of La Plata County, Colorado's internal control over compliance.



La Plata County, Colorado June 21, 2016

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Chadriner Stinkinche, Davis : Co. P.C.

Grand Junction, Colorado

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity ID Number	Expenditures :		Amounts Passed- Through to Subrecipients
Department of Agriculture					
Passed through the Colorado Department of Human So	ervices				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental	ental				
Nutrition Assistance Program Direct	10.561			338,362	
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665		_	190,577	
Total Department of Agriculture			-	528,939	
Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed through the Area Agency on Aging					
Special Programs for Aging-Title III, Part B - Grants fo	r				
Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044		27,163		
Special Programs for Aging-Title III, Part C - Nutrition					
Services	93.045		98,834		
Nutrition Service Incentive Program	93.053		32,297		
Area Agency on Aging Cluster				158,294	
Special Programs for Aging - Title III, Part E -					
National Family Caregiver Support	93.052			24,282	
Passed through the Colorado Department of Human So	ervices				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556			127,344	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558			723,626	58,699
Child Support Enforcement	93.563			348,702	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568			321,174	
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575		78,840		
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child	d				
Care and Development Fund	93.596		195,600		
Child Care and Development Block Grant Cluster				274,440	
Child Welfare Services - State Grants	93.645			12,674	
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658			566,307	
Adoption Assistance	93.659			102,051	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667			85,918	
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674			45,964	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778			309,884	
Colorado Department of Regulatory Agencies					
Passed through Division of Insurance					
Special Programs for Aging-Title IV and Title II -					
Discretionary Projects	93.048			4,000	
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)					
Research Demonstrations, and Evaluations	93.779		=	9,345	
Total Department of Health and Human Services			<u>-</u>	3,114,003	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Federal	Pass-Through	I	Amounts Passed-
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program	CFDA	Entity ID		Through to
or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures as of 12/31/15	Subrecipients
Department of Interior				
Direct				
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226		584,888	
Total Department of Interior			584,888	
Department of Homeland Security				
Passed through the Colorado Department of Local Affairs		14EM 15 24	56 292	
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	14EM-15-34	56,282	
Total Department of Homeland Security			56,282	
Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed through the Colorado Department of Local Affair	S			
Community Development Block Grants/State's program	14.228	F11CDB11-581	153,346	153,346
Community Development Block Grants/State's program	14.228	F15CDB15-600	327,480	327,480
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			480,826	
Department of Justice				
Direct				
Office of Justice Programs				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607		2,348	
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606		12,653	
Department of Justice / Criminal Division				
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922		79,961	
Total Department of Justice			94,962	
Environmental Protection Agency				
Cooperative Agreement				
Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response				
Superfund State, Political Subdivision, and Indian				
Tribe Site-Specific Cooperative Agreements	66.802		197,792	
Total Environmental Protection Agency			197,792	
Other Federal Assistance				
Direct				
Office of National Drug Control Policy, Dept of Treasury,				
Dept of Justice High Intensity Drug Trafficking				
Areas Program	95.001	G14RM0023A	356,854	
Total Office of National Drug Control Policy			356,854	
Total Federal Assistance			5,414,546	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Notes to Schedule:

Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the SEFA) includes the federal grant activity of La Plata County Colorado and the Sixth Judicial District. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Expenditures have been recognized using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Some amounts presented may differ from amounts reported in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements. Specifically, the SEFA includes health and welfare payments made through the mechanism of Electronic Benefit Transactions (EBT), whereas the financial statements exclude these EBT transactions. Additionally, the financial statements differentiate between the County (primary government) and its discretely reported component units (the reporting entity), while the SEFA consolidates all expenditures of federal awards within the reporting entity. Although in most cases, federal awards are received on a reimbursement basis, in a few specific cases funds may be received and held in reserve for future allowable program expenditures.

Clusters of Programs

The following programs are reported as clusters: CFDA #	Expenditures
Aging Cluster	
Special Programs for Aging-Title III, Part B - Grants for	
Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044	\$ 27,163
Special Programs for Aging-Title III, Part C - Nutrition	
Services 93.045	98,834
Nutrition Service Incentive Program 93.053	32,297
Total	\$ 158,294
CCDF Cluster	
Child Care and Development Block Grant 93.575	\$ 78,840
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child	
Care and Development Fund 93.596	195,600
Total	\$ 274,440

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended December 31, 2015

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued		<u>I</u>	<u>Unmodified Opinion</u>				
Internal control over financial Material weakness(es) ident			yes	✓	no		
Significant deficiency(ies) i	dentified		•				
not considered to be mate	erial weaknesses?		yes		none reported		
Noncompliance material to fin	ancial statements						
noted?			yes		no		
Federal Awards							
Internal Control over major pro	ograms:						
Material weakness(es) ident Significant deficiency(ies) i			yes		no		
not considered to be mate			yes	✓	none reported		
Type of auditor's report issued	on compliance						
Type of auditor's report issued for major programs:	on compitance	<u></u>	J <u>nmodi</u>	fied Opinio	<u>n</u>		
Any audit findings disclosed the	nat are required						
to be reported in accordance							
2 CFR 200.516(a)			yes		no		
Identification of major program	ns:						
CFDA							
Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster						
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families						
14.228	Community Development Block Grants/State's Program						
Dollar threshold used to disting		4. 77 0.0	0.0				
Type A and Type B program	ns:	\$ 750,0	JU				
Auditee qualified as low-ris	k auditee?		yes		no		

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED

Year ended December 31, 2015

SECTION II – FINDINGS UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

No findings under Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards in 2015.

SECTION III – FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS UNDER 2 CFR 200.516(a)

No findings under 2 CFR 200.516(a).

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended December 31, 2015

No prior year audit findings.