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STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF LANCASTER)

ORDINANCE NO. 2015-1369
(PDD – 27)

AN ORDINANCE

TO ESTABLISH THE AVONDALE MIXED USE PLANNED DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT (PDD-27); TO APPROVE THE MASTER PLAN FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PDD-27 PROPERTY; TO PROVIDE THE REGULATIONS THAT WILL APPLY TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PDD-27 PROPERTY; AND TO PROVIDE FOR OTHER MATTERS RELATED THERETO.

Be it ordained by the Council of Lancaster County, South Carolina:

Avondale Mixed Use Planned Development District (PDD-27)

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Section 1. **Citation.** This ordinance may be cited as the Avondale Mixed Use Planned Development District (PDD-27) Ordinance or as the PDD-27 Ordinance.

Section 2. **Purpose; PDD-27.**

- (a) The purpose of this ordinance is to establish the Avondale Mixed Use Planned Development District (PDD-27), to approve the Master Plan for the development of the Property (as defined below) and to provide the regulations that will apply to the development of the Property.
- (b) The Avondale Mixed Use Planned Development District (PDD-27) Ordinance (the “Ordinance”) establishes specific land use controls over the development of the Property to ensure that it is developed in accordance with existing and future needs and to promote the health, safety and general welfare of future residents. At the same time, the intent of this Ordinance is to provide the flexibility needed to develop the Property in response to evolving innovative development

techniques for the protection of the natural environment and the quality of life of future residents.

- (c) The Avondale mixed use development is a mixed use, master planned development comprised of a combination of residential (single-family detached and multi-family townhome residences), senior residences and uses and accessory commercial, retail and service uses, civic and institutional uses and open space uses organized around an integrated development concept that utilizes a series of Villages or components that support the various land uses (the "Development").

Section 3. Authority. This Ordinance is enacted pursuant to the authority of Chapter 29, Title 6 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina 1976, as amended, entitled South Carolina Local Government Comprehensive Planning Enabling Act of 1994, and the Unified Development Ordinance of Lancaster County, as amended (the "UDO").

Section 4. Jurisdiction. This Ordinance applies to the property known as the Avondale mixed use development property which consists of approximately 179.35 acres (the "Property"). The Tax Map Numbers for the Property are 0005-00-093.05, 0005-00-078.00, 0005-00-083.00, 0005-00-089.01, 0005-00-089.00, 0005-00-076.00, 0005-00-077.00, 0005-00-093.04, 0005-00-092.00, 0005-00-091.03, 0005-00-091.00, 0005-00-075.01, 0005-00-075.00, 0005-00-079.01 and a portion of 0005-00-074.03.

Section 5. Official Zoning Map. The Official Zoning Map is amended to show the Property as a Planned Development District (PDD-27).

Section 6. Master Plan. The Master Plan for the Development, prepared by ESP Associates and dated October 10, 2016 (the "Master Plan"), is attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated into this Ordinance by reference.

Section 7. Master Plan Amendments.

- (a) Unless otherwise provided in this Ordinance, all amendments to the Master Plan shall be made in accordance with the UDO in effect at the time of the adoption of this Ordinance.
- (b) Development depicted on the Master Plan is intended to reflect a generalized arrangement of proposed land uses on the Property, but the exact configuration, placement or size of the individual site elements may be altered or modified within the limits prescribed by this Ordinance during the design and development and construction phases.
- (c) Subject to the terms of this Section 7 and pursuant to Section 13.12.2.5 of the UDO, a change in the proportion of housing types, lot widths or lot sizes by 15 percent or less of the approved dwelling unit count shall be considered to be a minor amendment of the Master Plan and shall be administratively approved once such change or changes are determined to be in accordance with the regulations specified herein.
- (d) A total maximum of 365 single-family detached residences may be developed within Villages D, E and F.

- (e) A maximum of 165 multi-family townhome residences may be developed in Village C.
- (f) A maximum of 200 Senior Residences (as described below) may be developed in Village B.
- (g) No more than 33% of the residential lots in the Development may have the same lot width. For purposes of this requirement, residential lots shall include lots for single-family detached residences and lots for multi-family townhome residences.
- (h) Alterations may be made to lot lines and dimensions, roadway alignments, and other configurations as necessary to implement the changes in land use authorized in this Section 7. These alterations shall be administratively reviewed and approved once they are determined to be in accordance with the regulations specified herein.
- (i) Land use changes authorized by this section are effective upon the property owner filing with the Planning Department a document showing the change. These land use changes shall be administratively reviewed and approved once they are determined to be in accordance with the regulations specified herein.

Section 8. Land Uses.

- (a) The land uses authorized for the Development are as follows:
 - (1) Village A: Civic, Institutional, Park and Recreation Uses. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that the County does not accept the dedication and conveyance of Village A as more particularly described in Section 26 below, Village A may be incorporated into Village B and Village A may be developed with a freestanding building containing a maximum of 6,500 square feet of gross floor area devoted to commercial, retail and service uses that are accessory to and in support of the senior uses described in Section 8 below. This 6,500 square feet of gross floor area in Village A shall be in addition to the 15,000 square feet of gross floor area that may be developed in Village B and devoted to commercial, retail and service uses in support of the senior uses.
 - (2) Village B may be developed with up to 200 Senior Housing/Residences/Senior Apartments. Village B will have a mixture of Senior Housing/Residences/Senior Apartments that may or may not include the following: independent living, assisted living, memory care, respite care, continuing care facilities and hospice or nursing type units and facilities. In addition to the foregoing, a Senior Day Care facility may be located within Village B. These senior uses are intended to be supported by accessory commercial, retail and service uses that will be located internal to and within the building(s) containing the Senior Housing/Residences/Senior Apartments. These accessory commercial, retail and service uses may include one or more of the following based on market conditions and operator/user programming preferences: Beauty Shop, Barber Shop, Ice Cream Shop, Coffee Shop, Ancillary food services, Newsstand, Pharmacy, Eye Care Shop, Doctor's Office, Dental

Office and Fitness, Workout and/or Exercise Club Room areas. These accessory commercial, retail and service uses shall be allowed administratively as a use by right within Village B of PDD- 27 and shall not require an amendment to the PDD zoning or a variance, change of use permit or special use permit to initiate occupancy from a zoning standpoint, only a building permit. These commercial, retail and service uses are intended to serve the individuals living in the senior community or the patrons enrolled in the Senior Day Care facility.

In no event may the Senior Housing/Residences/Senior Apartments be owner occupied dwelling units. As a result, the Senior Housing/Residences/Senior Apartments shall be deemed to be a commercial use for purposes of Section 13.12 of the UDO.

(3) Village C: Multi-Family Townhome Residences.

(4) Villages D, E and F: Single-Family Detached Residences.

(b) As noted above in subsections 8(a)(1) and 8(a)(2), commercial, retail and service uses that are accessory to the senior uses may be located in Village A and Village B. These accessory commercial, retail and service uses may be comprised of any land use allowed in the Table of Permissible Uses in the UDO for the commercial land use district designation unless otherwise provided in this Ordinance.

(c) Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the following land uses are prohibited in PDD-27:

(1) Adult entertainment;

(2) Auto related businesses as identified in the UDO Table of Permissible Uses, including use numbers 2.5.1 through 2.5.6.1, 2.9.1 through 2.9.4, and 2.15.1 through 2.15.5;

(3) Automobile wrecking and/or junk salvage yard;

(4) Commercial kennels;

(5) Industrial mining;

(6) Livestock auction house;

(7) Lumber and/or building materials dealer;

(8) Manufactured home type units;

(9) Modular housing;

(10) Motorized race and testing track;

(11) Pistol, rifle, skeet range or turkey shoot;

(12) Private or commercial horse stables;

(13) Rooming and boarding houses;

(14) Agricultural; and

(15) Solid waste disposal and recycling station.

Section 9. Definitions. In this Ordinance, each of the following terms shall have the meaning assigned to it:

Accessory Uses – A use that is incidental or insubstantial in and of itself or in relation to the principal use.

Assisted Living - A system of housing and limited care that is designed for senior citizens who need some assistance with daily activities but do not require care in a nursing home.

Assisted Living Apartments - A system of housing and limited care that is designed for senior citizens who need some assistance with daily activities but do not require care in a nursing home. Residents are housed in apartment style units.

Civic Use - Police stations, libraries, daycare facilities, fire stations, emergency medical service stations, meeting halls, recreational facilities, government buildings, museums, schools, performing arts centers, religious buildings, picnic areas, recreation centers, water towers, public parks or any other cultural, civic or social use.

Commercial Use - Business and retail establishments providing consumer services and products.

Continuing Care – A facility that contains independent living units, assisted living units and skilled nursing facilities. Residents can transfer among levels of care as needs change. These facilities are commonly referred to as CCRCs.

Cul-de-sac – A cul-de-sac is a street that terminates in a vehicular turn-around. Cul-de-sac length shall be measured from the first point of intersection with an existing street to the center radius of the cul-de-sac bulb.

Density – The amount of residential and non-residential development permitted on the Property. The manner in which the permitted maximum density of the Development is calculated or determined is more particularly set out on the Density Exhibit attached hereto as Exhibit B and incorporated herein by reference. The maximum permitted density is set out on the Master Plan and in Section 11 below.

Developer - Sinacori Builders, LLC or its assignee(s), as provided in the Development Agreement.

Development Agreement – means the Development Agreement by and between Sinacori Builders, LLC and the County of Lancaster, dated as of _____, 2016, and approved by the County Council by passage of Ordinance No. 2015-1370.

Hospice – A home providing care for the sick, especially the terminally ill.

Independent Living - Nursing homes, rest homes and homes for the aged which are designed for older or disabled persons who do not require health and support services located on the site, such as medical and nursing care, central dining and transportation services. Each living unit within the facility is a self-contained dwelling unit.

Detached Residence - A single dwelling unit not attached to any other dwelling unit, with an open yard on all sides of the structure.

Land Use - The use to which a particular area of the Property may be put as shown on the Master Plan.

Master Plan- The conceptual master plan for the development of the Property.

Memory Care - A distinct form of long-term skilled nursing that specifically caters to patients with Alzheimer's disease, dementia, and other types of memory problems.

Multi-Family Residence - A residential use consisting of a building containing three or more dwelling units. For purposes of this definition, a building includes all

dwelling units that are enclosed within that building or attached to it by a common floor or wall (even the wall of an attached garage or porch). For purposes of this Ordinance, a multi-family residence shall only include a senior multi-family residence.

Multi-family Townhome Residence - A multifamily residential use in which each dwelling unit shares a common wall (including without limitation the wall of an attached garage or porch) with at least one (1) other dwelling unit and in which each dwelling unit has living space on the ground floor and a separate, ground floor entrance.

Nursing Care – A facility that offers long-term care for individuals who need rehabilitation services or who suffer from serious or persistent health issues.

Open Space - Any area on the Property designated for use as a Park or Amenity Center, Floodway, Floodplain and/or Open Space on the Master Plan or as described in Section 23 hereof.

Property - All of the land comprising the Avondale mixed use development property and that is more particularly described above in Section 4.

Property Owner - The Developer of the Property or, as to a particular Village or component, any single sub-developer the Property Owner designates in an Assignment of Property Owner Rights, as provided in Section 11(c) of this Ordinance.

Residential - Any residential land use permitted in the UDO.

Respite Care - Short-term care accommodation in a facility outside the home in which a loved one may be placed, providing temporary relief to caregivers

Retail Use - Any use associated with the sale of consumer goods, products or merchandise.

Senior Apartments – Most common type of independent senior living. Services usually include recreational programs, transportation, and meals service.

Senior Housing/Residences – Senior communities that offer single-family detached homes, duplexes, townhomes, cottages, condominiums or apartment-style independent senior living units and which offer residents the option to rent or buy their dwelling units.

Senior Day Care - A facility for the supervised care of older adults, providing activities such as meals and socialization one or more days a week during specified daytime hours. The participants, primarily persons with physical and/or mental limitations who need socialization, physical assistance, and/or psychological assistance, return to their homes, or senior apartments each evening. The program is often used as respite by family members caring for an older person who cannot be left alone safely in the home.

Single-Family Detached Residence - A residential use consisting of a single detached building containing one (1) dwelling unit and located on a lot containing no other dwelling units.

Villages- any one of the Components depicted on the Master Plan.

Section 10. Development Regulations.

- (a) Unless otherwise provided in this Ordinance or the Development Agreement, the development of the Property must comply with the UDO. To the extent that the Development Agreement contains zoning and development standards that are in conflict with any provision of this Ordinance or the UDO, the zoning and development standards set out in the Development Agreement shall control the development of the Property and supersede the provisions of this Ordinance and the UDO. To the extent that this Ordinance contains zoning and development standards that are in conflict with any provision or provisions of the UDO, including, without limitation, Section 13.12 of the UDO, the zoning and development standards set out in this Ordinance shall control the development of the Property and supersede the UDO provisions. Zoning and development standards shall include, without limitation, minimum lot width, minimum lot size, setback and yard requirements, maximum building height, buffers and open space requirements.
- (b) Notwithstanding the applicable provisions of the UDO, the following development regulations shall apply to the development of the Property:
- (1) Block and Roadway Configuration - Block lengths, block widths, and cul-de-sacs may vary, provided that they do not exceed 1,000 feet and adequate fire protection criteria is maintained.
 - (2) Sidewalks and Public Crosswalks -- Connectivity shall be provided through the use of sidewalks to link various areas of the Property. Sidewalks will be provided on one side of the secondary streets and along both sides of all collector roads in the development and the entrance road. As provided in the Development Agreement, Developer will install sidewalks along the Property's frontages on Harrisburg Road and Calvin Hall Road and those sidewalks shall have a minimum width of 6 feet as more particularly depicted on the Master Plan. All other sidewalks shall have a minimum width of 4 feet as more particularly depicted on the Master Plan. As provided below in subsection 10(b)(4), sidewalks may be located within buffers.
 - (3) Driveways/Vehicular Access Points - No restriction applies to the location of driveways for non-residential uses, provided, that all access roads into the residential or commercial areas from Harrisburg Road, Calvin Hall Road and other external surrounding roads are subject to approval by the South Carolina Department of Transportation ("SCDOT"). The placement and configuration of the vehicular access points into the Development as depicted on the Master Plan are conceptual in nature and they may be modified during the permitting process subject to the approval of the SCDOT and/or the County.
 - (4) Buffers – Except as otherwise specifically provided herein or on the Master Plan, the Development shall comply with the buffer requirements set out in Section 13.12 of the UDO. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a 50 foot buffer shall be provided along those portions of the exterior boundaries of the Development that are more particularly depicted on the Master Plan. Except for the 50 foot buffer

established adjacent to a portion of Calvin Road, the outer 40 feet of the 50 foot buffer shall be undisturbed as more particularly depicted on the Master Plan. As provided in Section 13.12.1.11(i) of the UDO, within the undisturbed portion of the buffer, ingress/egress to the Property shall be allowed, as well as utility easements and sidewalks. Additionally, sidewalks may be located within the Development's buffers, including the 30 foot landscaped buffer to be established on the frontage of all roads.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, two variances from the buffer standards have been provided through the Development Agreement. First, a variance to allow a reduction in the width of the required buffer located in Village C adjacent to the southernmost access road into the Development from Harrisburg Road has been provided as more particularly depicted on the Entrance Buffer Reduction Detail on the Master Plan (the "Detail"). As provided on the Detail, Developer shall be required to install a minimum 6 foot tall wall on the north and south sides of the access road within the reduced buffer area. More specifically, the minimum width of this buffer shall be 10 feet as more particularly depicted on the Detail due to the width of that portion of the Property. Second, a variance has been provided to eliminate the requirement that a berm be installed within the 30 foot landscaped buffer to be established on the frontage of all roads.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, with respect to the buffer to be located along the northern boundary line of Village A along the common property line of Village A and Tax Parcel No. 0005-00-018 (the Harrisburg Elementary School site), in the event that the County accepts the conveyance of Village A from Developer, that portion of the buffer located along the common property line of Village A and Tax Parcel No. 0005-00-018 shall not be required and may be eliminated at the option of the County.

- (5) Parking - Parking shall be provided in accordance with Section 18 of this Ordinance. Parking may be shared for uses located within Villages A and B provided that fully executed and recorded cross access agreements and shared parking agreements are provided to the Lancaster County Planning Department.
- (6) Open Space Requirements - For purposes of applying the Open Space requirements of Section 13.12.1.11.b of the UDO to the Development, trails, utility easements and utility crossings and any associated improvements required to construct and maintain such crossings, encroachments or facilities may be included in the areas designated for incorporation into the Development's Open Space calculations provided that they meet the requirements of Section 13.12.1.11.b.ii.C of the UDO.
- (7) Floodway Restrictions - In addition to the uses allowed by Section 16.1.3.2 of the UDO for land within a floodway, the following uses are allowed: (i) Open Space and non-buildable portions of single family

residential lots; and (ii) roadway crossings, utility crossings and any associated improvements necessary to develop such crossings.

- (8) Floodplain Restrictions -- In lieu of the provisions of Section 16.1.4 of the UDO, the following requirement shall apply: No building or fill material shall be located within a distance of the stream bank equal to five (5) times the width of the stream at the top of the bank area unless certification with supporting technical data by a registered professional engineer is provided demonstrating that such encroachments shall not result in any increase in flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.
- (9) Submission Requirements -- Environmental Characteristics of the Site - When submitting flood frequency information as a part of the subdivision approval process, the entity seeking subdivision approval is required to submit only one hundred (100) year frequency flood information, provided, however, buildings or fill material shall not be placed within a FEMA one hundred (100) year floodplain without a LOMR-F.
- (10) Connectivity - The minimum connectivity index required for PDD-27 is 1.4.
- (11) Street Trees -- Street trees shall be installed back of sidewalk and outside of the public right of way.

Section 11. Density/Intensity.

(a) Development density or intensity for a particular use shall not exceed the following use densities:

<u>Land Use</u>	<u>Density/Intensity</u>	<u>Total Number of Acres/Units/Facilities</u>
Single-Family Detached - Villages D, E and F	Up to 2.99 Dwelling Units/Acre, On Average	Up to 365 Total Single-Family Detached Residences
Multi-Family Townhomes - Village C	Up to 5.99 Dwelling Units/Acre, On Average	Up to 165 Total Multi-Family Townhome Residences
Senior Mixed Use - Village B		
Senior Residences/Apartments/ Senior Housing	Up to 8.0 Dwelling Units/Acre	Up to 200 Total Dwelling Units
Senior Daycare	N/A	Up to 6000 sq. feet of gross floor area
Commercial/Retail/Service in support of Senior Uses		Up to 15,000 sq. feet of gross floor area
Village A -- Commercial/Retail/Service in Support of Senior Use**		Up to 6,500 sq. feet of gross floor area

** In the event that the County does not accept the dedication and conveyance of Village A as more particularly described in Section 26 below, Village A may be incorporated into Village B and Village A may be developed with a freestanding building containing a maximum of 6,500 square feet of gross floor area devoted to commercial, retail and service uses that are accessory to and in support of the senior uses described in Section 8 above. This 6,500 square feet of gross floor area in Village A shall be in addition to the 15,000

square feet of gross floor area that may be developed in Village B and devoted to commercial, retail and service uses in support of the senior uses.

As provided in Section 24 below, in the event that the dedication and conveyance of Village A to the County is accepted by the County, then the entire land area of Village A shall, at the election of Developer, be considered to be Open Space and counted towards the required amount of Open Space for the Development, or it may be utilized to calculate the allowed density for the Development or any portion thereof.

(b) The number of lots for single-family detached residences located within each of Villages D, E and F as depicted on the Master Plan may be altered by Developer in its discretion, provided that the total number of lots for single-family detached residences located in Villages D, E and F does not exceed 365, and the total density for Villages D, E and F does not exceed 2.99 dwelling units per acre.

(c)(1) Developer may transfer development uses or intensity (the number of residential units or the number of acres devoted to any particular use) within the Property by transferring density or units from any Village within the Property to any other Village within the Property, so long as the total intensity of development within the Property as a whole (measured in total number of residential units or acreage, as applicable) does not increase. If any density (total number of dwelling units or building area) allocated to a Village by an Assignment of Property Owner Rights is not utilized, as determined with reference to approved site plans for all areas within the Village, the unused density shall revert to the Developer for allocation to any other Village.

(c)(2) As used in this subsection (c) and in the definition of "Property Owner" in Section 9 of this Ordinance, "Assignment of Property Owner Rights" means a written instrument in recordable form by which the Developer assigns its rights as property owner under this Ordinance to another person or entity with respect to a particular Village designated in the Assignment of Property Owner Rights. The Assignment of Property Owner Rights may include such limitations on the assignee as the Developer desires including, without limitation, restrictions on the type of units that may be constructed within a Village, the location where those units may be constructed within the Village, the number of units of a particular type that may be constructed within the Village, the minimum lot requirements for the Village (including requirements for setback, lot area, building height, lot width, buffers, and number of units per lot). All restrictions contained within the Assignment of Property Owner Rights are binding on the assignee and each person who ultimately owns any real estate within the designated Village. Any such limitations shall be in addition to any private contractual restrictions placed upon all or any part of any Village by the Property Owner. The Assignment of Property Owner Rights shall not be used as a method to change the Master Plan which may be changed only in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and Section 13.12.2.5 of the UDO.

(c)(3) Developer shall issue a certificate stating the maximum development intensity allowable on any tract within the Property consistent with this Ordinance prior to the sale of any such parcels or before building permits are issued for that specific area of the Property. The certificate will state the number of dwelling units and/or the amount, in acres, of commercial, retail or service uses, as applicable, that may be developed on the applicable various tracts. Developer must file a copy of the certificate with the Planning Department. The County shall be responsible for creating and maintaining a record of the number of

dwelling units and/or acres allocated to each tract as well as the total number of dwelling units or floor area actually constructed on each tract.

Section 12. Setbacks and Yards. (a) All lots within PDD-27 shall meet or exceed the following setback and yard requirements from a public right of way:

Land Use	Min. Setback	Min. Side Yard	Min. Rear Yard
Single-Family Detached Villages D, E and F	20'	5'	25'
Multi-Family Townhome - Village C	20'	7'	25'
Senior Mixed Use Village B	25'	5'	15'
Village A	25'	5'	15'

- (b) Eaves, cornices, chimneys, gutters, vents and other minor architectural features may project up to 24" into the setback area.
- (c) HVAC equipment may encroach up to 2' into side or rear yards. HVAC units shall be located on opposite sides of the lots for adjacent homes to prevent HVAC units being located next to each other.
- (d) Setbacks along a private road within any residential/ multifamily use shall be measured from the lot line and shall satisfy fire access and emergency management vehicular requirements.
- (e) Single family homes, multi-family townhomes, senior housing/residences/apartments, non-residential buildings and any other types of buildings may not encroach into the required buffers.

Section 13. Building Height. (a) Except as provided below, maximum building heights must comply with the requirements of the UDO:

Land Use	Maximum Building Height
Single-Family Detached - Villages D, E and F	35'
Multi-Family Townhome - Village C	41'
Senior Mixed Use - Village B	50'
Village A if not accepted by the County	50'
Civic/Institutional/Park and Recreation Uses	N/A

- (b) A sprinkler system is required for non-residential structures greater than 35 feet in height. No structure may be over 50' in height unless approval is obtained from the emergency preparedness department and the building and zoning department.

Section 14. Lot Size. (a) All lots shall contain the minimum number of square feet (sf) indicated in the following table:

Land Use	Minimum Lot Size
Single-Family Detached - Villages D, E and F	6,500 sq. feet
Multi-Family Townhome - Village C	1,000 sq. feet
Senior Mixed Use – Village B	
Commercial/Retail/Service in support of Senior Uses	No minimum lot size
Senior Day Care	No minimum lot size
Village A if not accepted by the County	No minimum lot size
Civic/Institutional/Park and Recreation Uses	No minimum Lot Size

(b) Lot size excludes all required buffers, road right-of-way, common open space, easements, 100 year floodplain, and other areas within a subdivision that typically are not controlled or developed by the lot owner.

Section 15. Lot Width. All lots shall meet or exceed the minimum widths indicated in the following table:

Land Use	Minimum Lot Width
Single-Family Detached - Villages D, E and F	55' front loaded type lots
Senior Mixed Use - Village B	100'
Multi-Family Townhome - Village C	22'
Village A if not accepted by the County	100'
Civic/Institutional/Park and Recreation Uses	No Minimum

Section 16. Front Loaded Single Family Residences. All lots for single family detached residences shall be front loaded.

Section 17. Buffers.

- (a) Except as otherwise specifically provided herein or on the Master Plan, the Development shall comply with the buffer requirements set out in Section 13.12 of the UDO. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a 50 foot wide buffer shall be provided along those portions of the exterior boundaries of the Development that are more particularly depicted on the Master Plan. Except for the 50 foot buffer established adjacent to a portion of Calvin Road, the outer 40 feet of the 50 foot buffer shall be undisturbed as more particularly depicted on the Master Plan. As provided in Section 13.12.1.11(i) of the UDO, within the undisturbed portion of the buffer, ingress/egress to the Property shall be allowed, as well as utility easements and sidewalks. Additionally, sidewalks may be located within the

Development's buffers, including the 30 foot landscaped buffer to be established on the frontage of all roads.

Where steep topography is present or pedestrian/vehicular access, utility easements, or sidewalks are needed, grading will be allowed in these buffers. The buffers are to remain as open space, except to the extent necessary to accommodate berms, walls, fences, signs and graphics, lighting fixtures, access points, drainage easements, utility lines, sidewalks and other facilities, and other uses identified in the UDO. Where there is an insufficient natural buffer, plantings will be installed by the Developer.

- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, two variances from the buffer standards have been provided through the Development Agreement. First, a variance to allow a reduction in the width of the required buffer located in Village C adjacent to the southernmost access road into the Development from Harrisburg Road has been provided as more particularly depicted on the Entrance Buffer Reduction Detail on the Master Plan (the "Detail"). As provided on the Detail, Developer shall be required to install a minimum 6 foot tall wall on the north and south sides of the access road within the reduced buffer area. More specifically, the minimum width of this buffer shall be 10 feet as more particularly depicted on the Detail due to the width of that portion of the Property. Second, a variance has been provided to eliminate the requirement that a berm be installed within the 30 foot landscaped buffer to be established on the frontage of all roads.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, with respect to the buffer to be located along the northern boundary line of Village A along the common property line of Village A and Tax Parcel No. 0005-00-018 (the Harrisburg Elementary School site), in the event that the County accepts the conveyance of Village A from Developer, that portion of the buffer located along the common property line of Village A and Tax Parcel No. 0005-00-018 shall not be required and may be eliminated at the option of the County.

- (c) If the Developer can demonstrate to the Chief Zoning Officer that the topography or elevation of a development site, the size of the parcel to be developed, or the presence of a buffer or screening on adjacent property would make strict adherence to the buffer requirements of the UDO serve no meaningful purpose, then the Chief Zoning Officer shall refer the matter to the Planning Commission for consideration and the Planning Commission may waive the buffer requirements for that site.

Section 18. Parking.

- (a) All uses within the PDD may utilize on street parking to meet the requirements of Section 11.2 of the UDO. If parking is allowed on any road within this Development regardless of which Village it is allowed in, the road must be wide enough to allow the parking of vehicles on the street and the travel width of the road must be at least 24 feet excluding the parking areas. Multi-level parking garages are an allowed use in Village B of the PDD.

- (b) For commercial, retail or service uses located within the Senior Mixed Use Village B, no additional parking is required since these uses are only intended for use by the senior residents.

Section 19. Roadways and Traffic.

- (a) The number, location and alignment of the internal roadways shown on the Master Plan may be modified, provided that they are constructed in conformance with the roadway design and construction standards set forth in this section.
- (b) All internal roadways shall be built to the County's construction standards set forth in the UDO and Chapter 26 of the Lancaster County Code, except as otherwise specified in subsections (c) through (e) of this section.
- (c) Any portion of the Property may have private roads.
- (d) All internal roads will be constructed with curb and gutter.
- (e) The placement and configuration of the vehicular access points into the Development as depicted on the Master Plan are conceptual in nature and they may be modified during the permitting process subject to the approval of the SCDOT and/or the County.
- (f) All internal roadways will be constructed in accordance with the following minimum standards:

	Street Standards	R/W Width
1. Local Limited Res. Street	22' Asphalt 24' BC/BC	40' r/w
2. Local Residential	22' Asphalt 27' BC/BC	50' r/w
3. Residential Collector Street	32' Asphalt 36' BC/BC	66' r/w
4. Private Street/Drive Townhomes/Commercial	22' Asphalt 23' BC/BC (Standard 1' – 6" Curb)	30' Clear Zone

- (g) All connections to SCDOT roadways must meet SCDOT regulations and be approved by SCDOT.

Section 20. Street Lighting.

- (a) Community street lighting shall be provided within the Property, and shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements of this section and the UDO.
- (b) All community street lighting within each Village shall be of uniform design and all lighting throughout the Property shall be complementary.

- (c) The community street lighting shall be part of an overall street lighting program for the Property. The street lighting shall be maintained and operated by the appropriate electric utility, a property owners association, or some other non-profit entity.
- (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or otherwise impair the ability of any individual resident or lot owner to construct or install lighting anywhere on such resident's or owner's lot. Such lighting, however, shall be appropriately shielded so that it does not interfere with the reasonable enjoyment of neighboring properties.

Section 21. Model Homes and Other Buildings. Within the boundaries of tax parcels 0005-00-093.05, 0005-00-078.00, 0005-00-083.00, 0005-00-089.01, 0005-00-089.00, 0005-00-076.00, 0005-00-077.00, 0005-00-093.04, 0005-00-092.00, 0005-00-091.03, 0005-00-091.00, 0005-00-075.01, 0005-00-075.00, 0005-00-079.01, and a portion of 0005-00-074.03, prior to the installation of water and sewer for the Development or any of its components, the Developer at any given time may be issued not more than eleven (11) building permits of which ten (10) may be for model single family residences for sale ("Model Homes") and one (1) for a sales office, provided that all applicable requirements of the Lancaster County Water and Sewer District are satisfied by Developer, and all applicable requirements of the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control and other relevant governmental agencies are satisfied by Developer. The absence of a certificate of occupancy does not prevent developer from using the Model Home for Model Home purposes.

Section 22. Mass Grading and Timber Harvesting. The Developer may mass grade all or any portion of the Property, sell or relocate excess soils resulting from such mass grading, and harvest and process timber within the Property, provided that the Developer complies with Section 13.7.11.7 of the UDO. For purposes of Section 13.7.11.7 of the UDO, the requirement to retain a minimum of 20 percent of all trees on the Property shall apply to the entire Property (comprised of Villages A, B, C, D, E and F), rather than to each individual Village or parcel of land that comprises or will comprise the Property. Accordingly, provided that a minimum of 20 percent of all trees on the Property are retained, each individual Village or parcel of land that comprises or will comprise the Property will not be required to meet the tree retention requirements of Section 13.7.11.7 of the UDO. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the County accepts the conveyance of Village A pursuant to the Development Agreement and Section 26 hereof, or if Village A is removed from PDD-27 pursuant to Section 26 hereof, then the area or acreage of Village A shall not be considered when calculating and determining the tree retention requirements for the remainder of the Property (comprised of Villages B, C, D, E and F).

Additionally, retained trees located within any buffers shall count towards the minimum 20 percent tree retention requirement provided that any such buffer areas are designated as tree protection areas.

Section 23. Open Space. In addition to any other areas of the Development considered to be Open Space under the UDO, the facilities or areas set out in subparagraphs (a), (b) and (c) below shall be considered to be Open Space, and the entire land area of Village A may be considered to be Open Space as provided below in Section 24(a) hereof.

- (a) A storm water detention facility shall be considered to be Open Space provided that the storm water detention facility meets the requirements of Section

13.12.1.11(b)(ii)(A) of the UDO. The requirement set out in Section 13.12.1.11(b)(ii)(A)(4) of the UDO may be met by providing a walking trail to and around the storm water detention facility so that the storm water detention facility is accessible to the public.

- (b) Buffer areas shall be considered to be Open Space provided that the buffer areas meet the requirements of Section 13.12.1.11(b)(ii)(A) and 13.12.1.11(b)(ii)(B) of the UDO. The requirement set out in Section 13.12.1.11(b)(ii)(B)(2) of the UDO shall be met by the provision of a minimum 6 foot wide sidewalk located adjacent to or within the buffer areas as more particularly depicted on the Master Plan so that the buffer areas are conducive to actual use for passive recreational purposes by residents of the Development.
- (c) Tree protection areas under Section 13.7.11.7 of the UDO shall be considered to be Open Space provided that such tree protection areas meet the requirements of Section 13.12.1.11(b)(ii)(A) of the UDO.
- (d) If a storm water detention facility does not meet the applicable requirements of Section 13.12.1.11(b)(ii)(A) of the UDO such that it does not qualify as Open Space, then the area of the storm water detention facility may be utilized to calculate density as provided below in Section 24.

Section 24. Density.

- (a) In the event that the dedication and conveyance of Village A to the County is accepted by the County, then the entire land area of Village A shall, at the election of Developer, be considered to be Open Space and counted towards the required amount of Open Space for the Development, or it may be utilized to calculate the allowed density for the Development or any portion thereof.
- (b) If a storm water detention facility does not meet the applicable requirements of Section 13.12.1.11(b)(ii)(A) of the UDO such that it does not qualify as Open Space, then the area of the storm water detention facility may be utilized to calculate density.
- (c) The manner in which the permitted maximum density of the Development is calculated or determined is more particularly set out on the Density Exhibit attached hereto as Exhibit B and incorporated herein by reference. The maximum permitted density is set out on the Master Plan and in Section 11 hereof.
- (d) Any land area within the Property that is dedicated and/or utilized as right of way for public or private streets may be utilized to calculate the allowed density for the Development or any portion thereof.
- (e) For purposes of determining the maximum permitted density, pursuant to Section 13.12.1.11(b)(viii) of the UDO, any calculation which results in a fraction equal to or greater than .51 shall be rounded upward to the next number. For example, 6.6 dwelling units per acre shall be considered to be 7 dwelling units per acre.

Section 25. Architectural Standards. The permitted exterior building materials for all principal buildings and structures below the roofline that are located in the Development shall be face brick, stone, manufactured stone, pre-cast stone, synthetic stone, cementitious

siding, shake, EIFS, stucco and wood. Vinyl shall not be a permitted exterior building material provided, however, that vinyl may be utilized on the soffits, trim and railings, and vinyl windows may be installed on the buildings and structures located in the Development.

Section 26. Dedication of Village A to the County. As provided in the Development Agreement, Developer shall offer for dedication and conveyance to the County that approximately ten (10) acre portion of the Development designated as Village A on the Master Plan for civic, institutional, park and/or recreation uses. Village A is intended to be developed by the County or its designee for civic, institutional, park and/or recreation uses and is being provided by Developer as a means of satisfying the commercial development requirement set out in Section 13.12.1.11(d) of the UDO. (This is in addition to Village B, which on its own shall satisfy this commercial development requirement). County and Developer acknowledge that whether Village A is ultimately accepted and developed by the County or its designee is dependent on the availability of funding to pay for the development of Village A and that the decision to accept and develop Village A is a discretionary decision for County Council. If the County determines to accept the dedication and conveyance of Village A, then Developer shall convey Village A to the County free of any encumbrances and by way of a general warranty deed conveying marketable and insurable title to the County. No recycling centers, convenience site or trash or solid waste transfer stations or similar type of land uses can be included as an eligible land use on Village A. If the County should, in its discretion, decide not to accept Village A, then Developer shall be permitted, in its discretion, to retain Village A and either remove it from the PDD-27 or keep it in the PDD-27 and combine Village A with Village B, the Mixed Use Village. In the event that Developer determines to keep Village A in the PDD-27 and to combine it with Village B, then Village A may be developed with a freestanding building containing a maximum of 6,500 square feet of gross floor area devoted to commercial, retail and service uses that are accessory to and in support of the senior uses described in Section 8 above. This 6,500 square feet of gross floor area in Village A shall be in addition to the 15,000 square feet of gross floor area that may be developed in Village B and devoted to commercial, retail and service uses in support of the senior uses.

If the County should, in its discretion, decide not to accept Village A, then Developer shall nonetheless be deemed by the County to have satisfied the commercial development requirement of Section 13.12 of the UDO because of Developer's planned use of Village B.

Section 27. Severability. If any section, subsection or clause of this Ordinance is held to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, the validity of the remaining sections, subsections, and clauses shall not be affected thereby.

Section 28. UDO. Any reference to the UDO set out in this Ordinance shall be deemed to refer to the UDO as of the Agreement Date, as defined in the Development Agreement.

Section 29. Controlling Ordinance. Except as otherwise provided in Section 10(a) of this Ordinance, to the extent this Ordinance contains provisions that conflict with provisions contained in the Lancaster County Code or other County ordinances, resolutions, policies, procedures and actions, the provisions contained in this Ordinance shall supersede all other such provisions and this Ordinance is controlling.

Section 30. Effective Date. This Ordinance is effective upon third reading, provided, however, the rezoning of the Property to Planned Development District provided for in Section 5 of this ordinance is effective when Sinacori Builders, LLC, delivers to the County

Administrator clocked-in copies, with book and page numbers, of the recorded deeds conveying the Property identified in Section 4 of this Ordinance to Sinacori Builders, LLC, or a Sinacori Related Entity (the "Effective Date"). If Sinacori Builders, LLC, or a Sinacori Related Entity has not delivered to the County Administrator recorded deeds conveying the Property identified in Section 4 of this Ordinance to Sinacori Builders, LLC, or a Sinacori Related Entity by 5:00 p.m. on that date that is seventy (70) days after the date on which this Ordinance is approved by the Lancaster County Council then the rezoning of the Property to Planned Development District provided for in Section 5 of this Ordinance shall not become effective. As used in this section, 'Sinacori Related Entity' means (i) an entity that is owned or controlled by Sinacori Builders, LLC, a North Carolina limited liability company, or is owned or controlled by an entity that owns at least a fifty percent (50%) membership interest in Sinacori Builders, LLC; and/or (ii) any entity that is the successor in interest to Sinacori Builders, LLC via merger or operation of law.

And it is so ordained this 28th day of November, 2016.

LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA



Bob Bundy, Chair, County Council



Steve Harper, Secretary, County Council

ATTEST:



Deputy Clerk to Council Chelsea H. Gardner

1st reading: December 14, 2015
2nd reading: November 14, 2016
3rd reading: November 28, 2016

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EXHIBIT A to Ordinance No. 2015-1369 (PDD-27)

Avondale Site

Planned Development District (PDD-27)

Master Plan

See attached.

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EXHIBIT B to Ordinance No. 2015-1369 (PDD-27)

Avondale Site

Planned Development District (PDD-27)

Density Exhibit

See attached.

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Density Exhibit

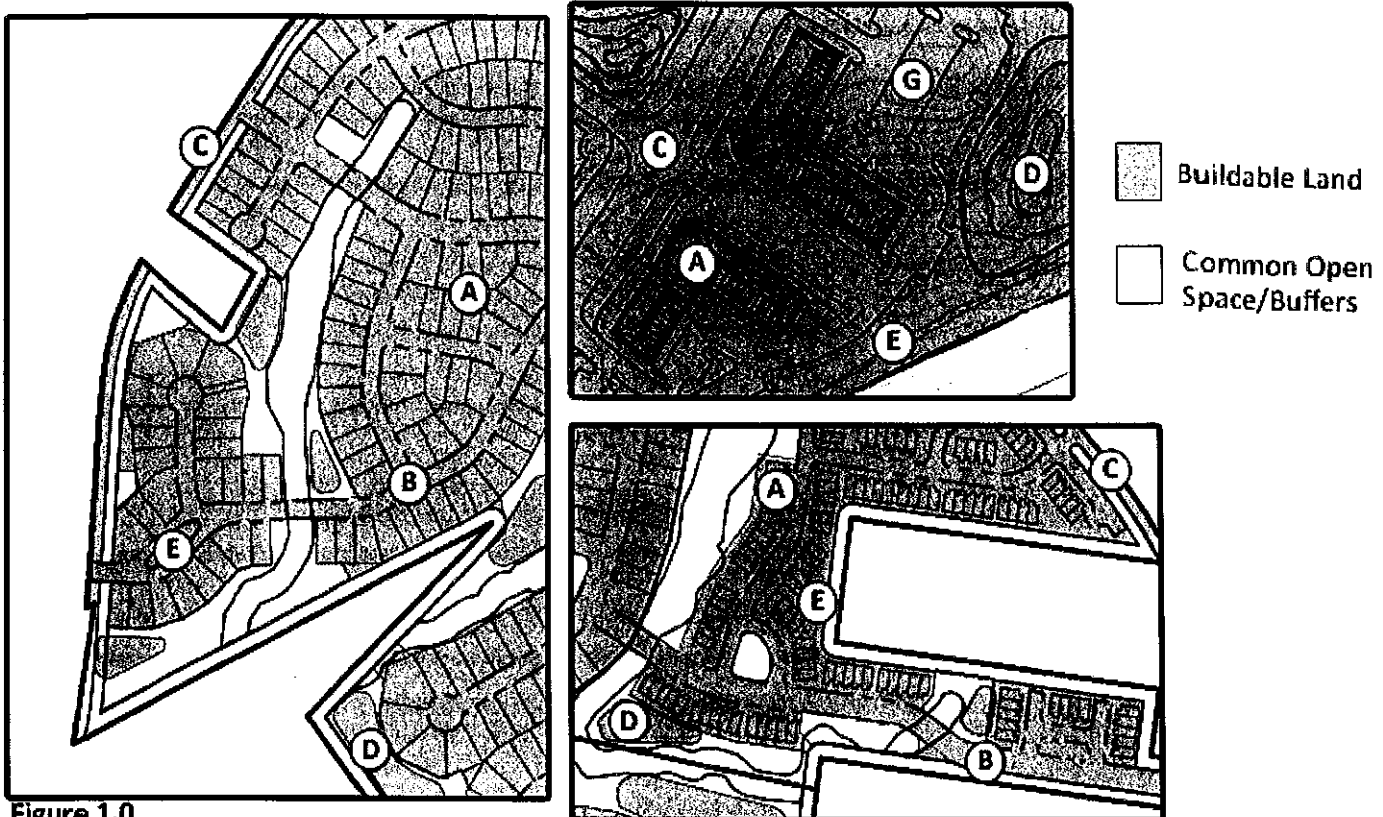


Figure 1.0

Conceptual layouts, for example only; not to scale

Per Lancaster County UDO, Section 13.12.1.11.b.viii - "Density": Density is based on buildable land. Common Open Space cannot be used to calculate density. Roads will be allowed to be included when determining density.

***Note:** Pursuant to Section 24(a) of this Ordinance, the land area of Village A may be utilized to calculate allowed density for the Development or any portion thereof.

Buildable Land Includes (See Figure 1.0 above):

- (A) Lots (single family/multi-family/townhomes) and Buildings
- (B) Proposed rights-of way
- (C) Existing rights-of-way
- (D) Stormwater/water quality ponds/BMPs that are NOT included as Common Open Space
- (E) Strips of improved open area that are less than 50' wide and therefore do not qualify as Common Open Space and are NOT part of a required perimeter or road buffer
- (G) Parking lots

Example Density Calculation:

Proposed Lots/Units: 100 Lots
 Buildable Area: 50 Acres
 Proposed Density: 100 Lots/50 Acres = 2.0 DU/Acre

07-01-2016