# Comprehensive Annual FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014



**Lancaster County, South Carolina** 

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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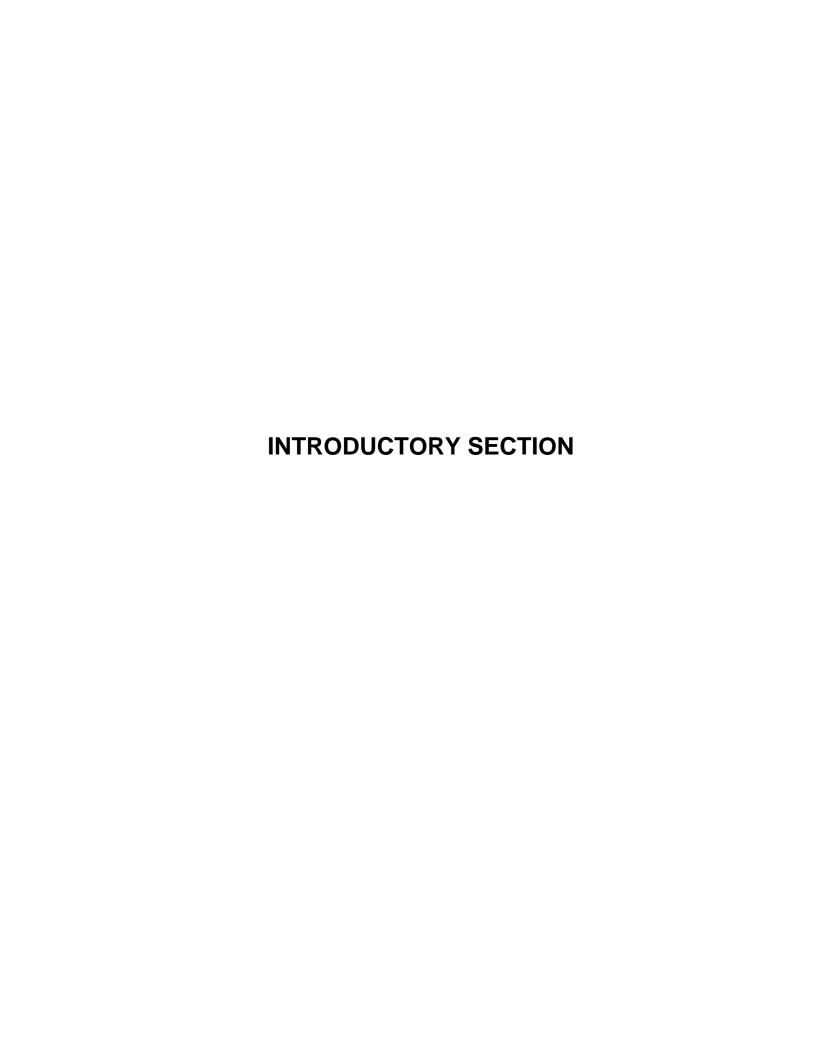
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## Lancaster County

P.O. Box 1809 101 N. Main St. Lancaster, SC 29721

> Telephone: 803-285-1565

November 26, 2014

To the Chairman, Members of County Council, and Citizens of Lancaster County:

The South Carolina Code of Laws requires an annual audit of the financial records and transactions of the County by independent certified public accountants. In compliance with that requirement, we herewith issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Lancaster County, South Carolina, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

The CAFR consists of management's representations concerning the County's finances. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented herein. To provide a reasonable basis for making these assertions, management, including County Council, has established an internal control structure designed to protect the County's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's internal control structure has been designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The accounting firm of Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC was selected by the County Council to conduct an audit of the accompanying financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Lancaster County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion on the County's financial statement for the year ended June 30, 2014. The independent auditor's report is included at the beginning of the financial section of this report.

In addition to meeting the South Carolina statutory requirements, the audit of the financial statements was designed to meet the federally mandated requirements of the Single Audit Act, as amended by the Single Audit Act of 1996, and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133. These standards require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the County's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements applicable to the administration of federal grants. The independent auditor's reports related specifically to the Single Audit are included in the Single Audit Section.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which is a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the accompanying basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A which immediately follows the report of the independent auditor in the financial sections.

#### Profile of the Government

Lancaster County, South Carolina is located in the north central section of the State, and is bounded on the west by the Catawba River and Sugar Creek, on the east by Lynches River, on the South by Kershaw County, and on the north by Mecklenburg and Union counties of North Carolina. Lancaster County's low taxes and close proximity to the Mecklenburg County, the Charlotte Douglas International Airport and Interstate 485 makes it an ideal place to work and live. With an estimated 2013 population of 80,458, the County was established in 1785 and includes three incorporated municipalities: Lancaster, Kershaw, and Heath Springs. The City of Lancaster, the county seat, is located 37 miles south of Charlotte, North Carolina and 60 miles north of Columbia, South Carolina, the state capital. The mission of Lancaster County government is to continuously strive to provide progressive quality public services in a timely fashion and in a cost effective manner.

Lancaster County operates under the Council-Administrator form of government. The County Council is comprised of seven single member districts. The Council bi-annually elects one member to serve as Chairman, one member to serve as Vice-Chairman, and one member to serve as Secretary. County Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, and appointing the Administrator. Council members, who are elected on a bi-partisan basis, serve four-year terms.

The County provides a number of services such as law enforcement, fire protection, solid waste management, and roads & bridges primarily to residents of its unincorporated areas. The County also provides a variety of administrative services for its residents which includes: voter registration, tax assessment & collection, and health & welfare. In addition, the County is financially accountable for a legally separate Lancaster Economic Development Corporation which is reported as a Component Unit in the financial statements.

Lancaster County government strives to maintain financial integrity and accountability in budgetary and internal controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions contained in the annual budget approved by County Council and ensure fiscal accountability to its citizens.

Budgeting is an essential element of the financial planning, control, and evaluation process of the County. The annual budget process begins with the County Administrator receiving requests for appropriations from all County Departments and Agencies. On the basis of the Administrator's recommendations, the Finance Director prepares a draft budget. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function. The recommended budget is presented to the County Council for review and approval. The Council holds three readings, a public hearing and adopts the budget no later than June 30.

County department heads may make certain transfers of appropriations within their own departmental budgets without approval of Council, and the County Administrator may make certain transfers between departments without approval of Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on pages 67 and 68 as part of the required supplementary information. Other budget-to-actual comparisons are presented as supplementary information on pages 80 through 90.

#### Local Economy

The County's unemployment rate was 6.6% in June 2014, an improvement from 10.8% in June 2013. According to the SC Department of Revenue, retail sales for the County totaled \$1,166,013,553 in fiscal year 2014. Sales in fiscal year 2013 reached \$1,154,461,849. The County continues to experience an increase in permitting activity for housing and commercial which began to revitalize the third quarter of fiscal year 2013. The value of single family home permits increased 32% from calendar year 2012 to 2013. Commercial permits values increased from \$30,187,523 to \$89,734,420 for the same period. Most permits were issued for the "panhandle" area of the County, which is one of the fastest growing areas in the Charlotte region.

Major employers include:

- Red Ventures, an internet marketing and sales company, which employs 1,396 employees. The company recently completed a 180,000 square foot expansion.
- Cardinal Health, a global healthcare products and services company, which employs about 800.

- Springs Memorial Hospital, a 231-bed hospital, employs 736.
- Continental Tire, one of the leading automotive tire suppliers worldwide, employs 485.
- Procter & Gamble-Duracell USA, a leading energy company and one of the world's leading manufacturers of high-performance alkaline batteries that employs 405. The company has been producing batteries in Lancaster County for over 35 years now and has recently announced a \$69 million expansion.

The County is also proud that Keer America, a Chinese textile manufacturer, chose to invest \$218 million that will create 500 jobs. A 230,000-square-foot manufacturing facility is currently under construction and is expected to be completed in 2015. The County received a \$4 million Rural Infrastructure Fund grant from the South Carolina Department of Commerce for this project.

The University of South Carolina at Lancaster is an accredited two year public university located in the County. The college is a regional campus of the University of South Carolina located in Columbia, South Carolina. USC-L's enrollment is estimated to be 1,800 students. Founders Hall, a \$7.5 million 40,000-square-foot classroom and faculty office building, was recently completed in 2014.

#### Long-term Financial Planning

County Council utilizes its Strategic Plan as a mechanism for budgetary and operational planning. The strategic plan includes six strategic priorities and can be found on the County's website at <a href="https://www.mylancastersc.org">www.mylancastersc.org</a> on the County Council's webpage.

One of the County's strategic initiatives is to maintain financial stability by keeping healthy reserves and positive cash flow. This is being achieved by conservative budgeting and closely monitoring revenues and expenditures. The County also has a policy to maintain a general fund unassigned fund balance of at least three months of the general operating budget. Also, a ten year CIP (Capital Improvement Plan) was adopted in fiscal year 2013 and is used as a valuable planning tool.

#### Relevant financial policies

The County's financial policies were created with the general purpose of enabling the County to achieve a long-term stable and positive financial condition. Below are some of the relevant financial policies:

- Maintain a diversified and stable revenue system to protect itself from short-run fluctuations.
- One-time or non-recurring revenues will not be used to fund current ongoing operations or for budget balancing purposes.
- Maintain a General Fund unassigned fund balance at a level of at least three months of the general fund operating budget.

- The County's cash flow shall be managed to maximize the cash available to invest.
- The County Treasurer or designee shall minimize market risk while maintaining the highest possible yield.
- Conserve and protect the County's resources from accidents and loss exposures.

#### Major Initiatives

Economic Development is an important component of growth in the County and its one of the County's top priorities. County Council approved an ordinance to establish a 7% revenue stream for economic development. The funds will be generated from any new fee-in-lieu of tax agreements and will be used to fund county economic development projects or structures.

The County budgeted \$100,000 to update its Comprehensive Plan. The Comprehensive Plan is a tool used to set goals and objectives for elements of natural resources, transportation, housing, land use, population, etc. The plan was completed in fall 2014. The next step is to begin updating the Unified Development Ordinance which will create the regulations to implement the goals set by the Comp Plan. The County budgeted \$50,000 to begin that process in January 2015.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Lancaster County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2013. This is the fifteenth consecutive year the County has received this award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, Lancaster County published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The County received its second Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the annual budget for fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013. This award signifies that the County prepares a budget document of the highest quality and is used as an operations guide, financial plan, and as a communication device. The award is valid for one year only and the County has submitted its fiscal year 2015 budget for award consideration.

The preparation of the CAFR would not have been possible without the assistance of the Finance Department staff, especially Sarah Jenkins, Senior Accountant. The hard work and dedication of these individuals significantly contributed to the completion of this document. Moreover, the support and leadership of the County Council has been instrumental in the development of this report. We would also like to thank the accounting firm of Mauldin & Jenkins for their assistance with this project.

Respectfully submitted,

Steve Willis

County Administrator

Veronica C. Thompson

Finance Director



#### Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

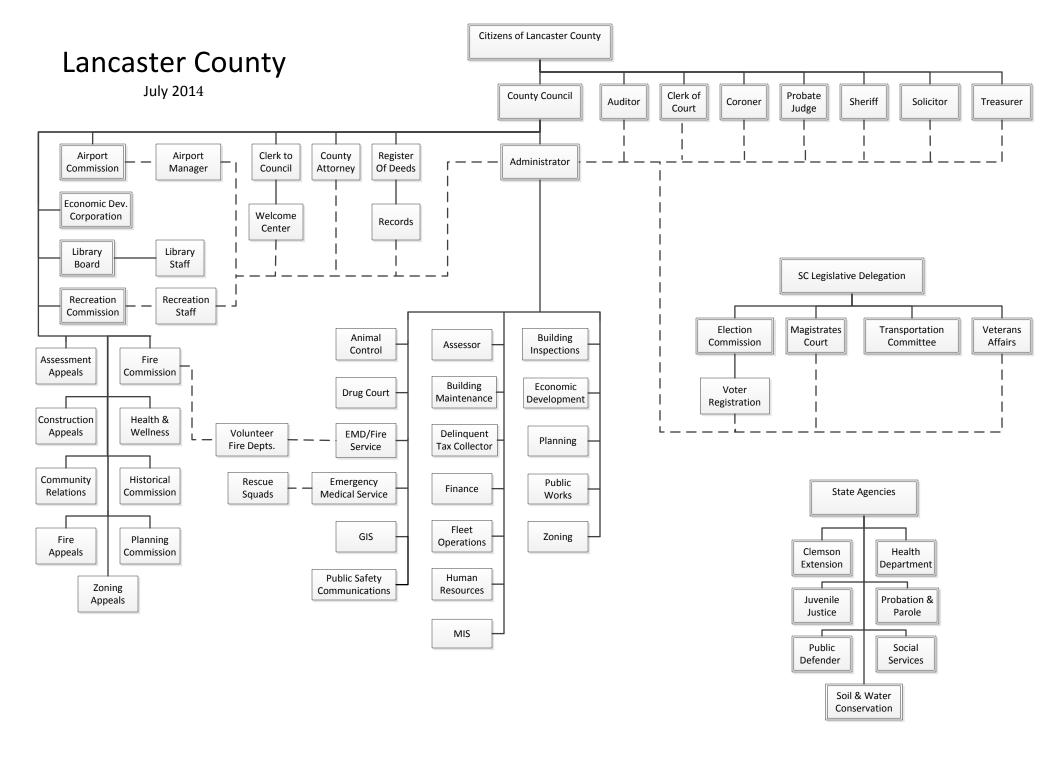
Presented to

## County of Lancaster South Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO



## PRINCIPAL COUNTY OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2014

#### **MEMBERS OF COUNTY COUNCIL**

Larry McCullough District I - Chairman

Bob Bundy District III - Vice Chairman

Jack Estridge District VI - Secretary

Charlene McGriff District II - Member

Larry Honeycutt District IV - Member

Steve Harper District V- Member

Brian Carnes District VII - Member

#### **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

Barry Faile Sheriff

Sandra Estridge Probate Judge

Jeff Hammond Clerk of Court

Cheryl Morgan Auditor

Michael Morris Coroner

Carrie Helms Treasurer

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS**

Steve Willis County Administrator

Veronica Thompson Finance Director

Debbie Hardin Clerk to Council





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Lancaster County Council of Lancaster County Lancaster, South Carolina

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Lancaster County, South Carolina** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lancaster County, South Carolina's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation, which represents 100% of the assets, net position and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lancaster County, South Carolina as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* as of July 1, 2013. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 4 through 16), and the Schedule of Funding Progress (on page 69) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lancaster County, South Carolina's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The summary schedule of court fines, assessments and surcharges is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of South Carolina, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary comparison schedules, summary schedule of court fines, assessments and surcharges, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary comparison schedules, summary schedule of court fines, assessments and surcharges, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2014, on our consideration of Lancaster County, South Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lancaster County, South Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia November 26, 2014

As management of Lancaster County, South Carolina, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal beginning on pages i vi and the County's financial statements.

#### Financial Highlights

- Lancaster County's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$87,418,026 for governmental and business-type activities as reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Of that amount, \$22,333,441 was available to meet ongoing obligations. The ending net position increased by \$10,559,127 from the prior fiscal year.
- ➤ The County's combined governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$39,748,917, an increase of \$4,003,044 from the prior year.
- Total unassigned fund balance for the governmental funds was \$16,217,543. Unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$16,940,776, which is 44 percent of total general fund expenditures.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

The following discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Lancaster County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide financial statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities, which report information about the overall financial position and activities of Lancaster County government as a whole.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The County's net position is a way to measure its financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are one indicator of whether financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information on how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid. The focus of the statement of activities is on the net cost of activities provided by the County.

The government-wide financial statements includes not only information about the County itself (known as the primary government), but also one blended component unit, the SCAGO Public

Facilities Corporation for Lancaster County. A discretely presented component unit which is the Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation and the County Airport (Enterprise Fund) is

## also reflected. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

#### **Fund financial statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Lancaster County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for the County's general government activities. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements are reported using current financial resources. Revenues are recognized to the degree that they are available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period being reported.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information provided for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances are accompanied by a reconciliation that facilitates this comparison.

The County maintains 21 individual governmental funds. The General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund, accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Other Major Funds include:

- The Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund, used to account for a voter approved 1 cent sales tax.
- The SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation Debt Service Fund, used to account for installment purchase debt.
- The Restricted Grants Fund, used to account for the County's grants.

The County's remaining 17 funds, (8) capital projects funds, (8) special revenue funds, and (1) debt service fund, are presented as non-major funds.

Lancaster County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, debt service and special revenue funds. Project length budgets are adopted for the capital projects fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund as required supplementary information. Budgetary comparisons for the special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds are included as other supplementary information. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 24 of this report.

#### Proprietary Funds

The County maintains one type proprietary fund that is used to account for the Airport operations. The enterprise fund financials can be found on pages 25 through 27 of this report. Enterprise funds are reflected as business-type activities in the government –wide financial statements.

#### Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. The resources of fiduciary funds are not available to support the County's programs and are therefore excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The statement of fiduciary fund financials can be found on page 28 of this report.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and government fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on pages 29 - 66.

#### Other information

To facilitate analysis, in addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents the previously mentioned budgetary comparisons for the debt service and capital projects funds, a combining schedule of changes in agency fund net position, information about the County's capital assets, and a schedule required by state law applicable to expenditures on behalf of victims of crime. This supplementary information begins on page 67.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the statement of net position presents the difference between the County's assets and liabilities and over time may serve as an indicator of its financial position. In the case of Lancaster County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$87,418,026 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following table presents a summary of the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014:

Lancaster County's Net position										
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		<u>ital</u>				
	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2013				
Current and other assets	\$52,622,454	\$48,244,762	(115,719)	-	\$52,506,735	\$48,244,762				
Capital assets	82,813,171	86,924,406	3,790,882	-	\$86,604,053	86,924,406				
Total assets	\$135,435,625	\$135,169,168	\$3,675,163	-	\$139,110,788	\$135,169,168				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	224,809	-	-	-	224,809	-				
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$45,179,650	\$52,188,414	-	-	\$45,179,650	\$52,188,414				
Other liabilities	6,728,921	5,508,915	9,000	-	6,737,921	5,508,915				
Total liabilities	\$51,908,571	\$57,697,329	\$9,000	-	\$51,917,571	\$57,697,329				
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$40,435,476	\$36,831,933	3,790,882	-	44,226,358	\$36,831,933				
Restricted	20,858,227	24,325,103	-	-	20,858,277	24,325,103				
Unrestricted	22,458,160	16,314,803	(124,719)	-	22,333,441	16,314,803				
Total net position	\$83,751,863	\$77,471,839	\$3,666,163	-	\$87,418,026	\$77,471,839				

The largest portion (51%) of Lancaster County's **net position** reflects net position **invested in capital assets**. The **restricted** portion of Lancaster County's net position (24%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use such as funds for property tax reduction and gasoline tax revenue. The major portion of the restricted net position is \$8,903,137 for the Capital Projects Sales Tax used to account for the County's 1 percent sales tax and \$1,897,009 for the Bailes Ridge Projects Fund. **Current and other assets** increased in cash and cash equivalents. The County pools cash to maximize earnings. **Long-term liabilities outstanding** decreased due to debt payments for the SCAGO Installment Purchase Bond which funded the construction of the County's Justice Center. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

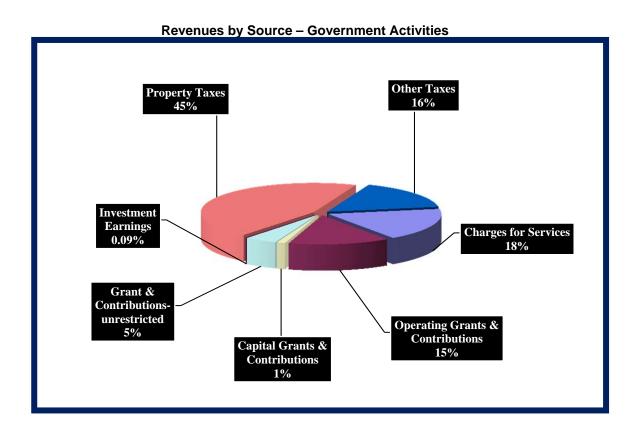
At the close of fiscal year, the government's net position increased by \$9,946,187 compared to FY13. Total revenues increased in fiscal year 2014 by \$6,893,901 and total expenses increased by \$6,340,498 for all governmental activities. **Charges for Services** increased in response to the rebounding housing market. During the fiscal year, the County received a \$4 million state grant for Economic Development incentives for a large manufacturing company which attributed to the increase in **operating grants and contributions**. The County also received partial reimbursement from the State for the installation of a new CAD system at the 911 center. **Capital grants & contributions** decreased significantly due to acceptance of land & buildings in Walnut Creek Park in the prior fiscal year. This fiscal year, the major component was \$665,681 of roads accepted by the County.

**Property taxes** collections increased \$2,333,077 due to a combination of the following: a small millage increase for the general fund & capital replacement fund, an increase in vehicle tax revenue due to growth, an increase in homestead exemptions due to an increasing aging population, an increase in delinquent collections, a 9% increase in local option rollback revenue and an 10% increase in local option revenue. Local option sales tax levied for capital projects and road fees are included in **Other Taxes & licenses**. This increase is attributed to an overall increase in 1 cent sales tax collections throughout the County and an increase in the road fees from \$25 to \$30 per vehicle.

The table on the next page summarizes the changes in net position for the County for the year ended June 30, 2014:

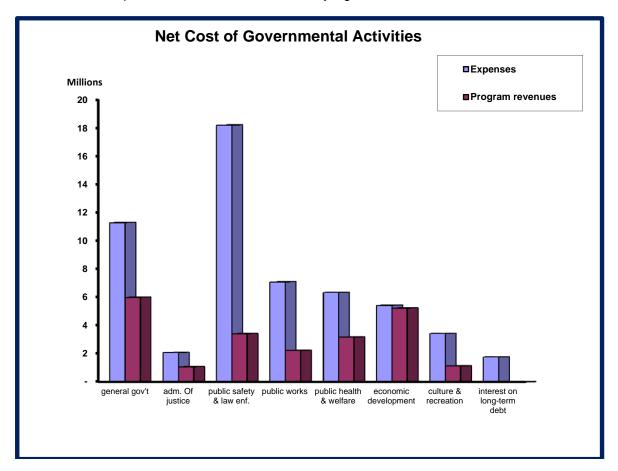
Lancaster County's Cha	Government		Business-typ	oe Activities	<u>Total</u>		
	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2013	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$12,023,431	\$10,126,412	\$173,727	-	\$12,197,158	\$10,126,41	
Operating grants & contributions	9,593,044	4,346,939	-	-	9,593,044	4,346,939	
Capital grants & contributions	807,784	3,273,685	50,393	-	858,177	3,273,685	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes	30,138,854	27,805,777	-	-	30,138,854	27,805,77	
Other taxes & licenses	10,759,834	9,220,550	-	-	10,759,834	9,220,550	
Unrestricted grants & contributions	3,060,980	4,029,881	-	-	3,060,980	4,029,88	
Unrestricted investment earnings	57,446	31,753	-	-	57,446	31,753	
Other	-	936,595	-	-	-	936,595	
Total revenues	66,441,373	59,771,592	224,120	-	66,665,493	59,771,59	
Expenses:	· ·	· · ·	•				
General government	11,299,133	14,274,314			11,299,133	14,274,31	
Administration of	2,079,575	2,034,619	_	_	2,079,575	2,034,619	
justice			_	_	, ,	, ,	
Public safety and law enforcement	18,204,203	13,079,241	_	_	18,204,203	13,079,24	
Public works	7,088,564	6,514,659	_	_	7,088,564	6,514,659	
Public health &	6,351,517	6,250,734	_	_	6,351,517	6,250,734	
welfare		, ,	_	_			
Economic development	5,434,387	2,215,207	_	_	5,434,387	2,215,207	
Culture & recreation	3,438,846	3,360,319	_	_	3,438,846	3,360,319	
Interest on long-term	1,772,534	2,036,775	_	_	1,772,534	2,036,775	
debt							
Airport			437,607		437,607		
Total expenses	55,668,759	49,765,868	437,607	-	56,106,366	49,765,86	
Increase (Decrease) in net position before Transfers	10,772,614	10,005,724	(213,487)	-	10,559,127	10,005,72	
Transfers	(40,000)	_	40,000	_	_	_	
Increase (Decrease) in net position	10,732,614	10,005,724	(173,487)	-	10,559,127	10,005,72	
Net position- beginning of year (restated)	73,019,249	67,466,115	3,839,650	-	76,858,899	67,466,11	
Net position- end of year	\$83,751,863	\$77,471,839	\$3,666,163	-	\$87,418,026	\$77,471,83	

The pie chart below depicts the percentages of revenues by source:



Property taxes are the government's main source of revenue at 45%. Charges for services are the next greatest source of revenue at 18%. Investment earnings is the least source of revenue.

The chart below represents the net cost of the County's governmental activities:



The total cost of all governmental expense activities for the County increased since FY13. While many expense groups remained relatively unchanged, there were a few groups that either increased or decreased. **General Government** activity is the second largest expense for the government at 20%. There was decline in this activity partially due to reclassifying the Airport fund as a business-type activity. There was a decline in expenses for the new Air Rail Park due to its completion in the current fiscal year.

Providing activities for **Public safety and law enforcement** expenses was the next largest expense (32%). During the fiscal year, the County expensed \$689,157 towards a Records Management System for the Sheriff's department to interface with the 911 CAD system and 12 radio consoles for 911 system. Council also approved four deputies at the cost of \$130,832 plus fringe benefits. Also, the County was awarded a FEMA Firefighter grant during the fourth quarter of the prior fiscal year. This year's Firefighter grant expenses were for a full year at the cost of \$509,000. Expenses for **Economic Development** increased due to a \$4 million state grant.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis** 

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Lancaster County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The total of all the County's governmental funds fund balances reached \$39,748,917 with \$16,217,543 classified as unassigned. The **General Fund** is the major governmental fund of the County. At the end of the fiscal year, the general fund reported an unassigned fund balance of \$16,940,776 compared to \$14,812,691 the prior year. The County is experiencing an increase building permitting activity and register of deeds collections (**Licenses & Permits**) which were major contributors to the increase in fund balance. Also, local option sales tax (**Taxes**) collected was \$437,830 more than budgeted. The County continues to maintain a healthy fund balance due to conservatively estimating revenues and controlled spending.

The **Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund**, also reported as a major fund, increased its fund balance by \$1,796,253. This special revenue fund accounts for 1 cent sales tax approved by voters in November 2008 and funds the debt for the Justice Center. Sales Tax revenue collections have increased since last fiscal year which led to the increase. With new retail and other businesses locating in the County, we expect this upward trend to continue. **Other Governmental Funds** include the debt service, capital projects, and other special revenue funds. The decline of fund balance (\$666,361) in this category is partially due to the reclassification of the Recreation and Library from special revenue funds to the General Fund.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

A budgetary comparison schedule is included for the general fund on pages 67 and 68. After accounting for other financing sources and uses, the net change in fund balance was an increase of \$2,841,658. Actual revenues were above budgetary estimates by \$668,324 with a significant positive variance (\$1,034,523) in the **Licenses and Permits** category. Actual expenditures were below budgetary appropriations by \$1,790,186 due to reasons explained further in the significant positive variances by department section below. The County also transferred \$40,000 from the General Fund to provide funding to support the Airport operations.

Significant variances between final budgets to actual amounts for revenues include:

- Licenses & permits- As stated before, permit collections were \$1,034,523 above estimates which is an indicator of an improving housing market and economy. Building permits collected were \$641,712 above estimates and Register of deeds fees, county portion, were also \$163,346 above estimates;
- ➤ Charges for Services collections were favorable (\$168,631). EMS charges exceeded estimates by \$171,957 due to conservative budgeting and an increase in calls;
- Fund Balance- The County amended the budget to appropriate \$270K fund balance to purchase computer upgrades and a generator. Encumbrances of \$178,829 were also brought forward from the prior year.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The County reported some significant negative and positive variances between final budgets and actual amounts for expenditures at the departmental level. At the fund level, the County's legal level of budgetary control, the overall variance ended positive.

#### Below were the significant negative variances:

- ➤ Sherriff (\$173,873)- Partially due to a contract with a consultant to help implement the new Records Management System and the recording of School Resource officer wages & fringe which was reimbursed by the School District.
- ➤ Economic Development (\$143,871) The County received tax funds in the amount of \$177,000 from a Utility Company which were used to partially fund infrastructure in the County's new Air Rail Industrial Park.

#### Below were the significant **positive** variances:

- County Council- \$235,130 variance mainly due to not expending entire budget for contractual services which included payments for hospital security. Also, Council did not expend about \$36,000 of grant match;
- Administrator- The County contracted with a doctor's office to provide a nurse practitioner on site a few days each week. The contract began during late fall even though an entire year was budgeted;
- Management Information Services- (\$73,574) The budget was amended to purchase computer equipment. Not all monies appropriated were expended in the fiscal year:
- Planning (\$91,652) Delay in hiring approved position due to reasons beyond the department's control and partially expended appropriation for rewrite of the County's Comprehensive Plan;
- ➤ Detention Center (\$215,756) Turnover and understaffing caused this department to have a positive variance;
- ➤ Roads & Bridges- (163,736)- Positive variance due to transferring an employee to Solid Waste and not expending funds for special road work;
- Solid Waste-(\$380,939) \$400,000 was budgeted to develop a convenience site in Indian Land area of the County. This project has been delayed to the subsequent budget year;
- Capital Outlay- The entire capital appropriation for Recreation was not spent due to lack of funding.

There were some significant differences between the original and final budgets for some departments due to the following:

#### Revenues:

- Licenses & Permits \$70,920- Supplemental revenue used to provide an employee for the Clerk of Court's office (\$10K partial year) due to Court mandate, \$5,689 to partially fund fire house replacement from insurance proceeds, \$39,212 to purchase land for the Kershaw transfer site, and \$16,019 to fund COLAs not included in original budget for the Library;
- Fund Balance The County amended the budget to appropriate \$270K fund balance to purchase computer upgrades and a generator. Encumbrances of \$178,829 were also brought forward from the prior year.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Expenditures:

- Administrator (\$95,742)- Transfers from other departments for Nurse practitioner contract and \$8,931 encumbrance brought forward from FY13 \$64,571;
- Management Information Services (\$202,575)- Budget amendment to purchase \$200K computer upgrades and \$2,575 encumbrance brought forward from prior year:
- Communications (\$220,381)- Encumbrance brought forward (\$135,181) for CAD project and \$70K to purchase and install generator at 911 building.

#### Capital Assets

Lancaster County's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2014, totaled \$86,604,053, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and building improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment. The roads, highways and bridges (i.e., infrastructure assets) added during the fiscal year are also included.

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	Business-type Activities		<u>otal</u>
	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 201
Land	\$6,283,499	\$ 6,977,194	\$ 598,607	-	\$ 6,882,106	\$ 6,977,1
Buildings & Improvements	51,475,278	54,720,000	3,046,956	-	54,522,234	54,720,0
Vehicles .	7,345,504	7,343,582	-	-	7,345,504	7,343,582
Furniture & Equipment	8,487,446	6,979,114	-	-	8,487,446	6,979,1
Infrastructure	8,784,015	8,823,929	-	-	8,784,015	8,823,92
Construction in Progress	437,429	2,080,587	145,319	-	582,748	2,080,58
Total	\$82,813,171	\$86,924,406	\$3,790,882	-	\$86,604,053	\$86,924,4

Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

- ➤ \$67,641- 150KW Generator for 911 Center
- > \$1,082,822- CAD system and console furniture for 911 Center;
- > \$1,305,818- Land improvements at the Air Rail Industrial Park;
- > \$391,032- Two EMS ambulances;
- \$373,592- Ten defibrillators paid with FEMA Grant;
- > \$81,580 Firehouse;
- \$1,795,690- Air Rail Industrial Park (construction in progress);
- \$316,022- 2014 Pierce Rescue Fire truck for Indian Land Fire department;
- \$84,506- 2015 Thomas Freightliner bus for Recreation;
- > \$78,081- Caterpillar Mini Excavator for Public Works;
- ➤ \$665,681- Subdivision roads accepted by the County from various subdivisions;

- \$84,303- 2015 Ford Flatbed truck for Public Works;
- \$347,187- Records Management system for the Sheriff (still in progress);
- The Sheriff department purchased vehicles in the amount of \$295,269:
- Building improvements for the 911 Center in the amount of \$321,366.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 beginning on page 46.

#### Debt Administration

The legal limit on the amount of general obligation bonded indebtedness that the County can incur is 8% of assessed value. The estimated legal debt margin is \$8,761,339 without a referendum. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$45,179,650. General obligation bonds make up 39% (\$17,506,450) of long-term debt and are backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

Lancaster County's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds									
	Governmer	ntal Activities	ies <u>Total</u>						
	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2013			
General Obligation Bonds	\$17,506,450	\$18,325,000	-	-	\$17,506,450	\$18,325,000			
Special Source Revenue	2,210,000	2,510,000	-	-	2,210,000	2,510,000			
Bonds	19,675,000	24,710,000	-	-	19,675,000	24,710,000			
SCAGO PFC IPRB									
Total	\$39,391,450	\$45,545,000	-	-	\$39,391,450	\$45,545,000			

The County's overall debt decreased due to principal payments made during the fiscal year. The County's long term obligations include five general obligation bonds and one refunding bond. The sharp decline in the SCAGO Revenue bond balance was due to a large debt service principal payment of \$5,035,000 made during the fiscal year. There was no significant debt issue during the year.

The County currently has ratings of A and Aa3 from Standard & Poor's Corporation and Moody's Investors Service, respectively, on general obligation bond issues. Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 beginning on page 49.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Tax Rates

- The unemployment rate for Lancaster County was at a level of 6.6% in June 2014. Statewide unemployment was 5.3%, while the national rate was 6.1% during the same period;
- ➤ Local option sales tax revenue was 9% percent higher than fiscal year 2013 for the unincorporated areas of the County;
- A Cost-of-Living Adjustment was appropriated in the FY15 budget which included a 1% raise and implementation of a salary study to bring employees to minimum pay range;
- There was a \$123,831 increase in health insurance premiums and a \$73,992 increase in worker's comp premiums;
- Bond Clerk for Magistrate's Court in the amount of \$20,862 plus fringe benefits;
- Commercial plans reviewer @ \$42,500 plus fringe benefits;
- ➤ County Attorney and paralegal at the cost \$135,000 plus fringe benefits to replace contracting former Law Firm now used for debt issuance, etc.;
- Three paramedics in EMS offset by a reduction (\$150K) in overtime;
- One building maintenance staff offset by a reduction in contractual cleaning;
- ➤ Direct Assistance to the Solicitor and Public Defender to hire one attorney each (\$62,500 each) to help with docket control;
- \$400,000 to relocate a recycling/convenience center in the northern part of the County (this was initially in FY14 but the project did not take place).

In order to maintain the County's net position and fund balances at current levels in the face of increased demand for services, County Council adopted a general fund budget for fiscal year 2015 which includes 78 mils. County Council also adopted 4.4 mils for capital replacement needs, 7 mils for debt service, and 3.4 mils for Court Security. The FY15 Budget incorporated a number of Council's strategic priorities and reflects Council's desire to maintain quality services without substantial tax and fee increases for the citizens. The Budget in its entirety can be found on the County's website at:

#### http://www.mylancastersc.org.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Lancaster County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Finance Director Lancaster County P O Box 1809 Lancaster, SC 29721

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

		Primary Governmen	nt	Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation
ASSETS	¢ 47.042.924	\$ 100	\$ 17.943.921	¢ 244.072
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,943,821	\$ 100	\$ 17,943,921 21,526,921	\$ 341,973
Investments Receivables:	21,526,921	-	21,520,921	-
Taxes	1,681,776	_	1,681,776	_
Accounts	5,552,452	_	5,552,452	15,629
Due from other governments	4,695,843	29.897	4,725,740	13,029
Internal balances	189,906	(189,906)	4,723,740	_
Inventories	90,706	44,190	134,896	_
Prepaid expenses	52,601		52,601	_
Assets held for resale	888,428	_	888,428	_
Capital assets:	000,420		000,420	
Nondepreciable	6,720,928	743,926	7,464,854	_
Depreciable, net	76,092,243	3,046,956	79,139,199	19,444
Other	70,002,240	3,040,330	70,100,100	7,456
Total assets	135,435,625	3,675,163	139,110,788	384,502
Total accord	100,100,020	0,010,100	100,110,700	001,002
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charge on refunding	224,809	-	224,809	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	224,809	-	224,809	-
LIABULTIEO				
LIABILITIES Accounts poychle	4 000 745		4 000 745	4.000
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	4,090,745 1,074,761	-	4,090,745 1,074,761	4,000
Bond anticipation note payable	818,000	-	818,000	-
Unearned revenues	399,810	9,000	408,810	-
Accrued interest payable	345,605	9,000	345,605	-
Noncurrent liabilities:	343,003	-	345,005	-
Due within one year	8,389,097	_	8,389,097	7,918
Due in more than one year	36,790,553	_	36,790,553	9,535
Total liabilities	51,908,571	9,000	51,917,571	21,453
Total habilities	31,300,371	3,000	31,317,371	21,400
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	40,435,476	3,790,882	44,226,358	-
Restricted for:				
Property tax reduction	1,285,649	-	1,285,649	-
Capital projects	11,966,028	-	11,966,028	-
Public safety	1,564,436	-	1,564,436	-
Public works	1,286,344	-	1,286,344	-
Public health and welfare	234,098	-	234,098	-
Cultural and recreation	16,681	-	16,681	-
Debt service	4,504,991	-	4,504,991	-
Economic development	-	-	-	385,269
Unrestricted	22,458,160	(124,719)	22,333,441	(22,220)
Total net position	\$ 83,751,863	\$ 3,666,163	\$ 87,418,026	\$ 363,049

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Program Revenue	s				
						Primary Government		Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities Total		Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation
Primary government: Governmental activities:								
General government Administration of justice Public safety Public works Public health and welfare Culture and recreation Economic development Interest on long-term debt	\$ 11,299,133 2,079,575 18,204,203 7,088,564 6,351,517 3,438,846 5,434,387 1,772,534 55,668,759	\$ 5,937,198 1,027,217 1,037,398 146,902 2,748,514 1,064,147 62,055 - 12,023,431	50,733 2,384,752	\$ - - 665,681 - 142,103 - - 807,784	\$ (5,296,636) (1,001,625) (14,782,053) (4,858,049) (3,174,868) (2,163,774) (194,961) (1,772,534)	\$ - !	\$ (5,296,636) (1,001,625) (14,782,053) (4,858,049) (3,174,868) (2,163,774) (194,961) (1,772,534) (33,244,500)	\$ - - - - - - -
Total governmental activities		12,023,431	9,593,044	007,704	(33,244,500)		(33,244,500)	
Business-type activities: Airport Total business-type activities Total primary government	437,607 437,607 \$ 56,106,366	173,727 173,727 \$ 12,197,158	- \$ 9,593,044	50,393 50,393 \$ 858,177	(33,244,500)	(213,487) (213,487) (213,487)	(213,487) (213,487) (33,457,987)	
Component unit: Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation	\$ 560,914	\$ 9,969	\$ 206,461	\$		<u> </u>	-	(344,484)
	Unrestricted inves Gain on sale of ca Transfers Total general	censes outions not restricted treent earnings	for a specific purpose ers		24,911,508 1,011,967 2,195,744 2,019,635 10,759,834 3,060,980 57,446 (40,000) 43,977,114 10,732,614	40,000 40,000 (173,487)	24,911,508 1,011,967 2,195,744 2,019,635 10,759,834 3,060,980 57,446 - - 44,017,114 10,559,127	514,873 772 19,776 - 535,421 190,937
	Net position, beginni Net position, end of y	ng of year, as restate	d		73,019,249 \$ 83,751,863	3,839,650 \$ 3,666,163	76,858,899 \$ 87,418,026	172,112 \$ 363,049

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

400570		General Fund		Restricted Grants Fund		Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund	C	AGO Public Facilities orporation ebt Service Fund
ASSETS	•	47.005.504	•	0.500	•	00.400	Φ.	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,335,581	\$	2,500	\$	22,138	\$	
Investments		15,143,018		-		-		3,923,075
Taxes receivable, net		1,371,733		2.540		-		-
Accounts receivable, net		5,501,148		3,510		4 000 004		-
Due from other governments		1,959,519		577,056		1,983,281		-
Due from other funds		523,684		-		6,897,718		-
Prepaid expenditures		52,601		-		-		-
Inventories		90,706		-		-		-
Land held for resale	Φ.	327,301	Φ.	-	•	-	Φ.	
Total assets	\$	42,305,291	\$	583,066	\$	8,903,137	\$	3,923,075
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	3,930,928	\$	158,280	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		1,074,761		-		-		-
Bond anticipation note payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		10,384,640		333,778		-		-
Unearned revenues		308,802		91,008				-
Total liabilities		15,699,131		583,066		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - emergency medical services Total deferred inflows of resources		1,292,799 4,906,338 6,199,137		- - -		- - -		- - -
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid expenditures		52,601		_		_		_
Inventories		90,706		_		_		_
Land held for resale		327,301		_		_		_
Restricted for:								
Property tax reduction		1,285,649		-		-		-
DSS IV-D Incentive		234,098		-		-		-
Inmate commissary		51,127		-		-		-
Victim services		-		-		-		-
Drug task force		186,591		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		8,903,137		-
Public safety		-		-		-		
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Roads and bridges		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		3,923,075
Assigned:								
General government		60,167		-		-		-
Subsequent year's budget		1,178,007		-		-		-
Unassigned		16,940,776				<u>-</u>		
Total fund balances		20,407,023		-		8,903,137		3,923,075
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	42,305,291	\$	583,066	\$	8,903,137	\$	3,923,075

Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>c</b>	E92 602	¢ 17.042.024
\$	583,602	\$ 17,943,821
	2,460,828	21,526,921
	310,043	1,681,776
	47,794	5,552,452
	175,987	4,695,843
	3,486,922	10,908,324
	-	52,601
	-	90,706
•	561,127	888,428
\$	7,626,303	\$ 63,340,872
\$	1,537	\$ 4,090,745
	-	1,074,761
	818,000	818,000
	-	10,718,418
	<u>-</u>	399,810
	819,537	17,101,734
	_	
	291,084	1,583,883
	-	4,906,338
	291,084	6,490,221
		50.004
	-	52,601
	-	90,706
	561,127	888,428
	-	1,285,649
	-	234,098
	-	51,127
	12,064	12,064
		186,591
	3,062,891	11,966,028
	1,552,372	1,552,372
	16,681	16,681
	1,286,344	1,286,344
	581,916	4,504,991
	-	60,167
	165,520	1,343,527
	(723,233)	16,217,543
	6,515,682	39,748,917
\$	7,626,303	\$ 63,340,872

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Total fund balances for governmental funds:	\$ 39,748,917
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	82,813,171
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	6,490,221
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position net of issuance premiums, and discounts.	
General obligation bonds Unamortized refunding deferral amount on general obligation bonds Unamortized bond premium/discount Capital lease obligations Special source revenue bonds Installment purchase revenue bonds Other post-employment benefits Post-closure care liabilities Compensated absences payable Total long-term liabilities  \$ (17,506,450) 224,809 (374,768) (2,611,477) (2,210,000) (19,675,000) (19,675,000) (496,833) (1,266,035) (1,266,035)	(44,954,841)
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.	 (345,605)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 83,751,863

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Property taxes		General Fund	Restricted Grants Fund	Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund	SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation Debt Service Fund
Sales and other local taxes         1,940,220         - 7,871,762	REVENUES			_	
Licenses and permits   4,226,086   6,547,625			\$ -		\$ -
Intergovernmental			-	7,871,762	-
Charges for services         3,999,763         -         -         -           Fines and forfeitures         937,975         -         -         -           Interest revenue         47,143         122,198         -         -         -           Other revenues         142,198         -         -         -         -           Total revenues         41,367,314         6,669,823         7,879,005         417           EXPENDITURES           Current:         Current:         -         -         -         -           General government         9,943,242         52,955         8,637         -         -         -           Administration of justice         1,823,021         -	•	, ,	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures			6,547,625	-	-
Interest revenue	•		-	-	-
Contributions and donations         229,468 142,198 1			-	-	-
Total revenues			-	7,243	417
Total revenues	Contributions and donations		122,198	-	-
Current:   Seneral government   Seneral governmen	Other revenues				
Current: General government 9,943,242 52,955 8,637 - Administration of justice 1,823,021	Total revenues	41,367,314	6,669,823	7,879,005	417
General government         9,943,242         52,955         8,637         -           Administration of justice         1,823,021         -         -         -           Public safety         12,229,972         1,128,762         -         -           Public works         4,328,763         21,687         -         -           Public health and welfare         6,168,796         418,383         -         -           Culture and recreation         3,160,403         47,665         -         -           Economic development         517,134         5,000,371         -         -           Capital outlay         57,417         -         -         -           Debt service:         -         -         -         -         -           Principal         411,939         -         -         5,035,000           Interest         80,884         -         -         1,008,038           Fees         -         -         -         -         -           Total expenditures         38,721,571         6,669,823         8,637         6,043,038           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         2,645,743         -         7,870,368         (6,042,621					
Administration of justice 1,823,021		9.943.242	52.955	8.637	_
Public safety         12,229,972         1,128,762         -         -           Public works         4,328,763         21,687         -         -           Public health and welfare         6,168,796         418,383         -         -           Culture and recreation         3,160,403         47,665         -         -           Economic development         517,134         5,000,371         -         -           Capital outlay         57,417         -         -         -           Debt service:         -         -         -         -         -         -           Principal         411,939         -         -         5,035,000         Interest         80,884         -         -         1,008,038         -			-	-	_
Public works         4,328,763         21,687         -         -           Public health and welfare         6,168,796         418,383         -         -           Culture and recreation         3,160,403         47,665         -         -           Economic development         517,134         5,000,371         -         -           Capital outlay         57,417         -         -         -           Debt service:         -<			1.128.762	_	_
Public health and welfare         6,168,796         418,383         -	•			_	_
Culture and recreation         3,160,403         47,665         -         -           Economic development         517,134         5,000,371         -         -           Capital outlay         57,417         -         -         -           Debt service:         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,008,038         - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td></td<>				_	_
Economic development   517,134   5,000,371		· ·		_	_
Capital outlay				_	_
Debt service:         Principal         411,939         -         -         5,035,000           Interest         80,884         -			-	_	_
Principal Interest         411,939         -         -         5,035,000           Interest         80,884         -         -         -         1,008,038           Fees         -		2.,			
Interest   80,884   -   -   -   1,008,038     Fees   -   -   -   -   -     Total expenditures   38,721,571   6,669,823   8,637   6,043,038     Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures   2,645,743   -   7,870,368   (6,042,621)     OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		411.939	_	_	5.035.000
Total expenditures   38,721,571   6,669,823   8,637   6,043,038     Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures   2,645,743   - 7,870,368   (6,042,621)     OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)     Transfers in   25,000   - 15,000   6,089,115     Transfers out   (40,000)   - (6,089,115)   (15,000)     Capital leases         Proceeds from the issuance of bonds       Proceeds from the sale of capital assets   210,915   -     Total other financing sources (uses)   195,915   - (6,074,115)   6,074,115     Net change in fund balances   2,841,658   - 1,796,253   31,494     Fund balances, beginning of year as restated   17,565,365   - 7,106,884   3,891,581	•		_	_	
Total expenditures         38,721,571         6,669,823         8,637         6,043,038           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         2,645,743         - 7,870,368         (6,042,621)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         25,000         - 15,000         6,089,115           Transfers out         (40,000)         - (6,089,115)         (15,000)           Capital leases             Proceeds from the issuance of bonds             Proceeds from the sale of capital assets         210,915             Total other financing sources (uses)         195,915         - (6,074,115)         6,074,115           Net change in fund balances         2,841,658         - 1,796,253         31,494           Fund balances, beginning of year as restated		-	_	_	,000,000
over (under) expenditures         2,645,743         -         7,870,368         (6,042,621)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         25,000         -         15,000         6,089,115           Transfers out         (40,000)         -         (6,089,115)         (15,000)           Capital leases         -         -         -         -         -           Proceeds from the issuance of bonds         -		38,721,571	6,669,823	8,637	6,043,038
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       Transfers in     25,000     - 15,000     6,089,115       Transfers out     (40,000)     - (6,089,115)     (15,000)       Capital leases         Proceeds from the issuance of bonds         Proceeds from the sale of capital assets     210,915         Total other financing sources (uses)     195,915     - (6,074,115)     6,074,115       Net change in fund balances     2,841,658     - 1,796,253     31,494       Fund balances, beginning of year as restated       17,565,365     - 7,106,884     3,891,581	Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
SOURCES (USES)         Transfers in       25,000       -       15,000       6,089,115         Transfers out       (40,000)       -       (6,089,115)       (15,000)         Capital leases       -       -       -       -       -         Proceeds from the issuance of bonds       -       -       -       -       -       -         Proceeds from the sale of capital assets       210,915       - <td>over (under) expenditures</td> <td>2,645,743</td> <td></td> <td>7,870,368</td> <td>(6,042,621)</td>	over (under) expenditures	2,645,743		7,870,368	(6,042,621)
Transfers in         25,000         -         15,000         6,089,115           Transfers out         (40,000)         -         (6,089,115)         (15,000)           Capital leases         -         -         -         -         -           Proceeds from the issuance of bonds         -         -         -         -         -         -           Proceeds from the sale of         -					
Capital leases       -	Transfers in	25,000	-	15,000	6,089,115
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds         -	Transfers out	(40,000)	-	(6,089,115)	(15,000)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets         210,915         -<	Capital leases	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)         195,915         - (6,074,115)         6,074,115           Net change in fund balances         2,841,658         - 1,796,253         31,494           Fund balances, beginning of year as restated         17,565,365         - 7,106,884         3,891,581		-	-	-	-
sources (uses)         195,915         -         (6,074,115)         6,074,115           Net change in fund balances         2,841,658         -         1,796,253         31,494           Fund balances, beginning of year as restated         17,565,365         -         7,106,884         3,891,581	capital assets	210,915	-	-	-
sources (uses)         195,915         -         (6,074,115)         6,074,115           Net change in fund balances         2,841,658         -         1,796,253         31,494           Fund balances, beginning of year as restated         17,565,365         -         7,106,884         3,891,581	Total other financing		<del></del>		
Fund balances, beginning of year as restated 17,565,365 - 7,106,884 3,891,581	sources (uses)	195,915		(6,074,115)	6,074,115
as restated 17,565,365 - 7,106,884 3,891,581	Net change in fund balances	2,841,658	-	1,796,253	31,494
Fund balances, end of year \$ 20,407,023 \$ - \$ 8,903,137 \$ 3,923,075		17,565,365	<u> </u>	7,106,884	3,891,581
	Fund balances, end of year	\$ 20,407,023	\$ -	\$ 8,903,137	\$ 3,923,075

Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	5,227,346 408,075	\$	29,880,610 10,220,057 5,191,197
	2,605,194		13,378,905
	882,930		4,882,693
	90,705 2,643		1,028,680 57,446
	-		351,666
	88,665 9,305,558		230,863 65,222,117
	-		10,004,834
	-		1,823,021
	3,141,680 1,928,822		16,500,414 6,279,272
	-		6,587,179
	18,822		3,226,890
	3,044,387		5,517,505 3,101,804
	2,068,550		7,515,489
	913,158		2,002,080
	7,500 11,122,919		7,500 62,565,988
	,,		5=,555,555
	(1,817,361)		2,656,129
	-		6,129,115
	(25,000)		(6,169,115)
	226,000 950,000		226,000 950,000
	930,000		
	-		210,915
	1,151,000		1,346,915
	(666,361)		4,003,044
	7,182,043		35,745,873
\$	6,515,682	\$	39,748,917

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 4,003,044
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	use:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the stateme cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as dep			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	5,639,410 (5,594,051)	45,359
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions (i.e., sales and donations) is to d	ecrea	ase net position	(217,796)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources as revenues in the funds.	are ı	not reported	518,575
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governments repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resource funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Governments effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas t deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Also, the refunding deferral amolifference in the amount that is sent to the paying agent to be escrowed for payment and the principal amount of debt refunded, is amortized as an adjustment of interestatement of activities. The effects of these items are as follows:  Repayment of the principal of long-term debt Issuance of general obligation bonds Issuance of capital leases Amortization of premium/discount on long-term debt	es of all funthese nount of r	governmental ds report the amounts are , which is the refunded debt	
Amortization of the refunding deferral amount on the refunding general obligation bonds		(30,447)	6,530,729
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use or resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting than as it accrues. The following amounts represent the net liability changes using the	n add g unt	dition, interest til due, rather	
Landfill postclosure liability Compensated absences Accrued interest on long-term debt	\$	30,075 (143,627) 15,359	
OPEB liability		(49,104)	(147,297)
			\$ 10,732,614

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund Airport Fund
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 100
Due from other governments	29,897
Inventory	44,190
Total current assets	74,187
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	743,926
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	3,046,956
Total noncurrent assets	3,790,882
Total assets	3,865,069
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Due to other funds	189,906
Unearned revenues	9,000
Total current liabilities	198,906
Total liabilities	198,906
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	3,790,882
Unrestricted (deficit)	(124,719)
Total net position	\$ 3,666,163

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

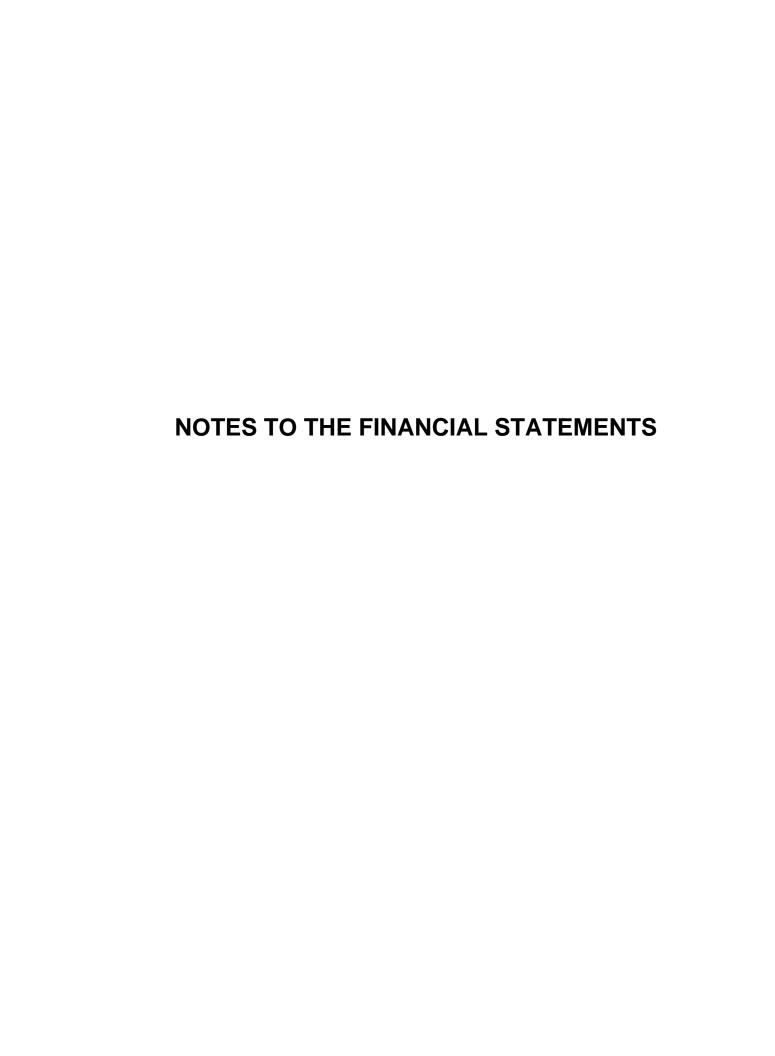
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services: Sale of fuel Rental income Total operating revenues		Nonmajor erprise Fund Airport Fund 132,346 41,381 173,727
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and fringe benefits Costs of services Depreciation Total operating expenses  Operating loss	=	48,966 190,332 198,309 437,607 (263,880)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		50,393
TRANSFERS Transfers in Total transfers Change in net position		40,000 40,000 (173,487)
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		3,839,650
Net position, end of year	\$	3,666,163

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Nonmajor
	Enterprise Fund
	Airport
	Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 182,765
Payments to suppliers	(183,367)
Payments to employees	(48,966)
Net cash used in operating activities	(49,568)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfers in	40,000
Net cash provided by noncapital	
financing activities	40,000
CACLLELOWS FROM CARITAL AND	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition of capital assets	(50,393)
Intergovernmental revenues	50,393
Net cash provided by capital and related	
financing activities	-
Net shows in each and each aminutes	(0.500)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(9,568)
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Beginning of year	9,668
End of year	<u>\$ 100</u>
Parameter of a continuous transfer of the last	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (263,880)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net	ψ (200,000)
cash used for operating activities:	
Depreciation	198,309
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in accounts receivable	3,900
Increase in due from other governments	(25,862)
Decrease in inventory	6,965
Increase in due to other funds	36,420
Decrease in unearned revenues	(5,420)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (49,568)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,859,194
Investments	9,467,017
Taxes receivable	4,204,615
Due from other governments	2,260
Total assets	24,533,086
LIABILITIES	
Due to other taxing districts and agencies	17,964,487
Due to others	6,568,599
Total liabilities	\$ 24,533,086



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Lancaster County, South Carolina (the "County") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

# Reporting Entity

Lancaster County operates under Home Rule legislation effective July 1, 1976. The County operates under a Council-Administrator form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and judicial), public works (roads and bridges), sanitation, health and welfare, culture-recreation, public improvements, and general administration services.

Lancaster County, South Carolina - the primary government - is a political subdivision of the State of South Carolina. These financial statements present all the fund types of the County. Component units may be presented by two different methods. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the County.

The Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation (the "Corporation") is a discretely presented component unit incorporated under the laws of the State of South Carolina on February 20, 1986 for the purpose of encouraging and promoting the economic growth and development of Lancaster County. A Board of Directors composed of 17 individuals, each serving a term of three years, governs the Corporation. The Corporation is fiscally dependent upon the County and a financial burden exists to the County as the County has assumed the obligation to finance deficits of and provide financial support to the Corporation. Separate financial statements for the Corporation can be obtained by contacting the administrative office at 1057 Red Ventures Drive, Suite 135, Indian Land, South Carolina 29707.

The County has one blended component unit, the South Carolina Association of Governmental Organizations Public Facilities Corporation for Lancaster County (SCAGO), which is a not-for-profit 501(c)(3) organization incorporated for the specific charitable purpose of serving as a "support" organization" for the capital projects of the County. Because SCAGO exclusively benefits the County, SCAGO's financial information is blended with that of the County in these basic financial statements. Separate financial information for SCAGO is included in the individual columns throughout the financial statements. SCAGO does not issue separate financial statements.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-wide financial statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the statements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities for the County at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function in self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

#### **Fund financial statements**

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

#### **Fund financial statements (Continued)**

The **Restricted Grants Fund** is used to account for the intergovernmental funds received from state and federal governments for various grants. This fund is also used to account for private contributions for various grants. The funds received are restricted for projects as outlined in each grant award.

The *Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund* is used to account for the local one cent sales and use tax revenues that are restricted to pay for the new County Judicial Center.

The **SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation Debt Service Fund** is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted for the payment of the SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds.

The County reports the following proprietary fund:

The **Airport Fund** accounts for the activities of the County's airport operations. It is also used to account for intergovernmental funds received from state and federal governments for grants that are restricted for airport improvements and capital projects.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The **Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than trusts for individuals, private organizations, or other governments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Resources restricted to expenditure for purposes normally financed from the general fund may be accounted for through the general fund provided that applicable legal requirements can be appropriately satisfied; and use of special revenue funds is not required unless they are legally mandated.

The **Capital Projects Funds** are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital facilities.

The **Debt Service Funds** are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for the payment of governmental activities long-term debt principal and interest.

The **Agency Funds** are used to account for monies held on behalf of school districts, special districts and other agencies that use the County as a depository or property taxes that are collected on behalf of the other governments.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the statement of net position.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's enterprise fund functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

#### **Fund financial statements**

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### **Fund financial statements (Continued)**

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared.

Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation or capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Agency funds have no measurement focus, but rather are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities).

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unearned revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### Revenue - exchange and non-exchange transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the County, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlement and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: delinquent taxes, sales tax, grants, interest, fee and charges for services.

#### Unearned revenue

The County reports unearned revenue on its statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. In both the government-wide and governmental fund statements, resources received that are "intended to finance" a future period are reported as unearned revenue. In subsequent periods, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

### Unavailable revenue

Unavailable revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### **Unavailable revenue (Continued)**

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of year end, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2014 operations, have been recorded as unavailable revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unavailable revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as unavailable revenue.

# Expenses / expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year. The assigned fund balance for subsequent year's budget includes \$304,527 for outstanding encumbrances and \$1,039,000 for appropriation of existing unassigned fund balance at year-end to eliminate a deficit in next year's budget.

# Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

#### Cash and investments

Cash includes demand deposits as well as cash equivalents and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Cash and investments (Continued)

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies, general obligations (not revenue obligations) of the State of South Carolina and its political subdivisions, savings and loan associations to the extent of federal insurance, certificates of deposits collaterally secured, repurchase agreements secured by the foregoing obligations, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool is a 2a7-like pool, which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), but has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon quoted market prices. The total fair value of the investment pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates cost.

#### Receivables

Property taxes receivable represents delinquent and unpaid real and personal property tax billings less an allowance for the amounts estimated to be uncollectible.

#### Intergovernmental receivable

Amounts due from federal grants represent reimbursable costs, which have been incurred by the County but have not been reimbursed by the grantor agency. Costs under grant programs are recognized as expenditures in the period in which they are incurred by the County.

## Inventories and prepaid assets

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased or produced.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Buildings and building improvements are capitalized when costs exceed \$50,000. Land improvements are capitalized when costs exceed \$25,000.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

All reported capital assets except land and site preparation are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	40
Vehicles	5 - 15
Furniture and equipment	5 - 15
Infrastructure	20

# Compensated absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits (up to a maximum of 240 hours) and sick pay benefits up to 75 days. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### **Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items, *unavailable revenue*, are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and emergency medical services and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available.

# **Interfund transactions**

Transactions among County's funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to County government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended are separately reported in the respective fund's operating statements.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Interfund transactions (Continued)

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

# Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

# **Fund equity**

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

**Nonspendable -** This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The County has classified assets held for resale, inventories, and prepaid items as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next current fiscal year.

**Restricted** - This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources through either a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### **Fund equity (Continued)**

**Committed -** This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority, the County Council, through passage of an ordinance. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned -** This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the County Council has authorized the County Administrator and/or the Finance Director to assign fund balances to a specific purpose. The County Administrator must inform the County Council of assigned resources during the fiscal year. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.

**Unassigned -** This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balances of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by the offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

The County would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and the assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds.

It is the policy of the County to maintain adequate levels of fund balance to mitigate current and future risks and to ensure stable tax rates. The County intends to maintain a General Fund unassigned fund balance of at least three months of the General Fund operating budget. If the year-end unassigned fund balances exceeds three months of the General Fund operating budget, the excess may be used to fund the following activities: a) one-time capital expenditures which do not increase ongoing operational costs; b) other one-time costs; and c) debt reduction. If the unassigned fund balance declines below three months of the General Fund operating budget, the County Council will pursue ways of increasing revenues or decreasing expenditures, or a combination of both until the three month threshold is attained.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### **Net position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

#### Restricted resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed, but Council reserves the right to selectively spend unrestricted resources first and to defer the use of the restricted funds.

#### Use of estimates

The financial statements include estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

# NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

# **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund, Special Revenue funds (except for the Restricted Grants Fund), Debt Service funds, Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund, and Capital Improvement Fund. The legally adopted budgets for the General Fund are presented as required supplementary information.

# NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

# **Budgetary Information (Continued)**

Each year, all County departments submit requests for appropriations to the County finance director. On the basis of the requests, the finance director prepares a draft budget. The proposed budget is presented to the County Council for review and approval. The Council holds public hearings and adopts the budget no later than June 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. County department heads may make certain transfers of appropriations within their own departmental budgets without approval of Council, and the County Administrator may make certain transfers between departments without approval of Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments at June 30, 2014, are summarized below:

As reported in the Statement of Net Position:	
Primary government	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,943,921
Investments	21,526,921
Agency Fund - cash and cash equivalents	10,859,194
Agency Fund - investments	9,467,017
Component Unit - cash and cash equivalents	341,973
	\$ 60,139,026
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$ 39,867,663
SC State Investment Pool	18,792,637
US Government Treasuries	212,726
US Government Agencies	1,245,627
Certificates of deposit	 20,373
	\$ 60,139,026

# Custodial credit risk

This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's policy regarding cash custodial credit risk is to require the banks with which the County maintains deposits to collateralize or insure the County's funds. As of June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$59,788,669 and the bank balance was \$60,233,483. All of the County's deposits at year-end were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held in the pledging financial institutions' trust departments in the County's name. Petty cash funds of \$8,385 are reflected as cash.

# NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation, a discretely presented component unit, does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The carrying amount of deposits for the Corporation was \$341,973 at June 30, 2014. All of the Corporation's deposits at year-end were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held in the pledging financial institutions' trust departments in the Corporation's name.

As of June 30, 2014, the County has the following investments:

	Fair	Inves	ment Maturities (in years)			
Investment Type	Value	Less than 1		1-5	_	6-10
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$ 18,792,637	\$ 18,792,637	\$	-	\$	-
Money market accounts	10,722,575	10,722,575		-		-
US Government Treasuries	212,726	-		102,945		109,781
US Government Agencies	1,245,627	-		1,098,163		147,464
Certificates of deposit	20,373			20,373		
	\$ 30,993,938	\$ 29,515,212	\$	1,221,481	\$	257,245

#### Credit risk

This is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's policy is to invest in only those securities allowed by state statutes and that are highly rated. The County's investments in the U.S. Government Agencies, including the Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB), Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), and Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investor Services. As of June 30, 2014, the County owned \$1,245,627 of government sponsored entity (GSE) debt securities. These bonds are the direct obligation of the FFCB, FHLB, FHLMC, and FNMA which are rated AA+ or equivalent by all rating agencies. The investments are either directly or indirectly guaranteed by the US Treasury. The money market accounts were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody Investor Services. The South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool is not rated, but generally, investments in this pool are collateralized by debt securities in corporate obligations, state or political subdivision obligations of investment grade or higher quality and in federal agency securities.

#### Interest rate risk

This is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the market interest rates. The County's policy is to minimize interest rate risk by investing operating funds in primarily shorter-term securities, money market funds or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the County's cash requirements.

# NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of credit risk

This is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of the County's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy is to minimize the concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized, although there is no formal limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk

This is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the County may not be able to recover the value of investments, or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The County's policy is to minimize custodial credit risk by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law.

#### NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES AND PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are assessed on the value of real and personal property, excluding automobiles, as of January 1 preceding the fiscal year. Taxes are levied the following September, due January 15 and become delinquent March 15. Liens attach to the property at the time taxes are levied. The levy date for automobiles is the first day of the month in which the vehicle license expires and the tax is due by the end of the same month.

Property tax revenues are recognized when due or past due and collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (defined as 60 days) to pay liabilities of the current period. The County bills and collects its own property taxes, and also collects taxes for the Lancaster County School District, the City of Lancaster, and the Town of Kershaw. Collections of the County taxes and remittance of them to these entities are accounted for in the agency funds. Unavailable property tax revenue represents that portion of property taxes which is deemed not available to pay current expenditures.

# NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES AND PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

Receivables as of June 30, 2014, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

					Capital
			Restricted		Projects
	General		Grants		Sales Tax
					_
Taxes receivable	\$ 1,443,929	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable	7,236,556		3,510		-
Due from other governments	1,959,519		577,056		1,983,281
Less: Allowance	(1,807,604)		-		
Net receivables	\$ 8,832,400	\$	580,566	\$	1,983,281
	Nonmajor				
	Sovernmental	Airport		Total	
Taxes receivable	\$ 326,360	\$	-	\$	1,770,289
Accounts receivable	47,794		29,897		7,317,757
Due from other governments	175,987		-		4,695,843
Less: Allowance	(16,317)		_		(1,823,921)
	 (10,017)			_	(1,0=0,0=1)

# NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

# **A. Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for the County's governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2014
		Additions	Deletions	Transiers	Julie 30, 2014
Capital assets not being depreciated			• (	•	
Land	\$ 6,378,587	\$ 74,212	\$ (169,300)		\$ 6,283,499
Construction in progress	1,985,661	1,786,120		(3,334,352)	437,429
Total capital assets					
not being depreciated	8,364,248	1,860,332	(169,300)	(3,334,352)	6,720,928
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	61,253,255	47,665	-	1,627,185	62,928,105
Vehicles	19,867,806	1,475,385	(255,932)	100,000	21,187,259
Furniture and equipment	15,294,669	1,590,347	(532,190)	1,607,167	17,959,993
Infrastructure	15,823,254	665,681	-	-	16,488,935
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	112,238,984	3,779,078	(788,122)	3,334,352	118,564,292
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(9,778,520)	(1,674,307)	-	_	(11,452,827)
Vehicles	(12,524,224)	(1,539,423)	221,892	-	(13,841,755)
Furniture and equipment	(8,315,555)	(1,674,726)	517,734	-	(9,472,547)
Infrastructure	(6,999,325)	(705,595)			(7,704,920)
Total accumulated depreciation	(37,617,624)	(5,594,051)	739,626		(42,472,049)
Total comital access hairs					
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	74,621,360	(1,814,973)	(48,496)	3,334,352	76,092,243
doproblated, flot	7 7,02 1,300	(1,014,973)	(40,490)	0,007,002	10,002,240
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 82,985,608	\$ 45,359	\$ (217,796)	\$ -	\$ 82,813,171

The beginning balances of capital assets and accumulated depreciation have been adjusted to properly remove the Airport Fund from governmental activities and reclassify it as an enterprise fund. See Note 13 for additional information.

# NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

# A. Primary Government (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 1,661,739
Administration of justice	342,160
Public safety	1,604,184
Public works, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	1,112,695
Public health and welfare	494,867
Culture and recreation	369,413
Economic development	8,993
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 5,594,051

Capital asset activity for the County's business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Balance								Balance
Business-Type Activities	Ju	ne 30, 2013		Additions		Deletions		Transfers	Ju	ne 30, 2014
Capital assets not being depreciated		_			-					·
Land	\$	598,607	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	598,607
Construction in progress		94,926		50,393						145,319
Total capital assets										
not being depreciated		693,533		50,393	_					743,926
Capital assets being depreciated										
Buildings and improvements		9,244,893		-		-		-		9,244,893
Furniture and equipment		43,950		-		-		-		43,950
Total capital assets										
being depreciated		9,288,843								9,288,843
Less accumulated depreciation										
Buildings and improvements		(5,999,628)		(198,309)		_		_		(6,197,937)
Furniture and equipment		(43,950)		(100,000)		_		_		(43,950)
т антисто ана оденритот		(10,000)			_					(10,000)
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,043,578)		(198,309)	_					(6,241,887)
Total capital assets being										
depreciated, net		3,245,265		(198,309)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		3,046,956
Business-type activities	•		•	(4.4= 0.15)			•		•	
capital assets, net	\$	3,938,798	\$	(147,916)	\$	-	\$		\$	3,790,882

The beginning balances of capital assets and accumulated depreciation have been adjusted to reflect the Airport Fund as a business-type activity (enterprise fund). The Airport Fund was previously reported as a governmental type fund. See Note 13 for additional information.

# NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

# A. Primary Government (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Airport \$ 198,309

Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense \$ 198,309

# **B.** Component Unit

Capital asset activity for the Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Balance e 30, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2014
Capital assets being depreciated	·					
Vehicles	\$ 68,589	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	68,589
Furniture and equipment	14,007	-	-	-		14,007
Office equipment	4,728	-	-	-		4,728
Total capital assets						
being depreciated	 87,324	 	 	 		87,324
Less accumulated depreciation						
Vehicles	(41,483)	(7,745)	-	-		(49,228)
Furniture and equipment	(13,583)	(384)	-	-		(13,967)
Office equipment	(4,489)	 (196)	-	 		(4,685)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (59,555)	 (8,325)	 	 		(67,880)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 27,769	\$ (8,325)	\$ 	\$ 	\$	19,444

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

# **A. Primary Government**

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the primary government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

		Balance				Balance	<b>Due Within</b>
<b>Governmental Activities</b>	J	une 30, 2013	<b>Additions</b>		Reductions	June 30, 2014	One Year
General oligation bonds	\$	18,325,000	\$ 950,000	\$	(1,768,550)	\$ 17,506,450	\$ 1,846,272
Capital lease obligations		2,797,416	226,000		(411,939)	2,611,477	180,833
SCAGO PFC installment							
purchase revenue bonds		24,710,000	-		(5,035,000)	19,675,000	5,230,000
Special source revenue bonds		2,510,000	-		(300,000)	2,210,000	320,000
Post-closure care costs		1,296,110	-		(30,075)	1,266,035	57,000
Compensated absences		895,460	898,619		(754,992)	1,039,087	754,992
Net post employment benefit							
obligation		447,729	49,104		-	496,833	-
Deferred amounts:							
Unamortized discount		(23,789)	-		5,625	(18,164)	-
Unamortized premium		620,244	-	_	(227,312)	392,932	-
	\$	51,578,170	\$ 2,123,723	\$	(8,522,243)	\$ 45,179,650	\$ 8,389,097

Compensated absences, net post-employment benefit obligation, and post-closure care costs are ordinarily liquidated by the General Fund.

**General Obligation Bonds**: The County issues general obligation debt to provide funds for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. During 2011, the County issued general obligation bonds through the Build America Bond program that provides for a 35% federal subsidy on the total interest requirements. The interest is paid to the County on a semi-annual basis corresponding with the interest payments to the bond holders. During 2013, the County issued general obligation bonds for the acquisition of a records management system for the Sheriff's office and for emergency communications equipment.

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

# A. Primary Government (Continued)

**General Obligation Bonds (Continued)** 

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description		Amount Issued	Interest Rate	Final Maturity	Annual Principal Payments	Amount Outstanding	
General obligation bonds,	•						
series 2008	\$	5,600,000	3.25% to 3.625%	2015	\$1,150,000 to \$1,190,000	\$	1,190,000
General obligation refunding							
bonds, Series 2009		4,630,000	3% to 4%	2024	\$240,000 to \$350,000		3,070,000
General obligation bonds,							
series 2010A		595,000	3.00%	2016	\$100,000 to \$105,000		210,000
General obligation bonds,							
taxable series 2010B (Build							
America Bonds)		1,905,000	4% to 5.8%	2030	\$110,000 to \$170,000		1,905,000
General obligation bonds,							
taxable series 2010C (Build							
America Bonds)		7,000,000	3.35% to 4.85%	2025	\$230,000 to \$1,505,000		7,000,000
General obligation refunding							
bonds, taxable series 2010D							
(Build America Bonds)		3,660,000	2% to 3.5%	2020	\$115,000 to \$690,000		3,370,000
General obligation bonds,							
taxable series 2013A		950,000	1.45%	2018	\$186,272 to \$194,493	_	761,450
						\$	17,506,450

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2014, including interest payments, are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds								
June 30,	Principal			Interest		Total			
2015	\$	1,846,272	\$	697,144	\$	2,543,416			
2016		1,423,973		636,605		2,060,578			
2017		1,466,713		595,285		2,061,998			
2018		1,509,492		550,468		2,059,960			
2019		1,355,000		503,430		1,858,430			
2020-2024		7,475,000		1,675,065		9,150,065			
2025-2029		2,260,000		254,673		2,514,673			
2030		170,000		9,860		179,860			
	\$	17,506,450	\$	4,922,530	\$	22,428,980			

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

# A. Primary Government (Continued)

#### **General Obligation Bonds (continued)**

Debt service funds of \$572,689 are available to service the general obligation bonds.

The general obligation bonds are secured by a pledge of the full faith, credit and taxing power of the County.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various debt instruments. The County is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions including the legal debt limit imposed by Article X, Section 15 of the Constitution of the State of South Carolina, 1895, as amended.

#### **Advanced Refunding**

On June 1, 2009, the County issued \$4,630,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009. The County issued the bonds to advance refund \$525,000 of outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 1996, \$3,790,000 of outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 1999, and to pay certain issuance costs. In connection with the issuance of the bonds, a premium of \$29,301 was recorded and is amortized over the life of the bonds. As of June 30, 2014, the unamortized premium was \$18,175. The proceeds of the Series 2009 were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments related to the Series 1996 and Series 1999 bonds being refunded. The advance refunding met the requirements of an insubstance defeasance and the refunded bonds were removed from the County's Statement of Net Position.

On December 14, 2010, the County issued \$3,660,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010D. These bonds were issued and the proceeds were used to refund \$3,535,000 of outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2001, and to pay certain issuance costs. In connection with the issuance of the bonds, a premium of \$46,977 was recorded and is being amortized over the life of the bonds. As of June 30, 2014, the unamortized premium was \$28,085.

In current and prior years, advance refunding resulted in book losses that are being amortized over the original remaining life of the old bonds that were defeased. The unamortized losses at June 30, 2014 are classified as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position. Amortization of \$30,447 has been included in interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2014. As of June 30, 2014, the County's outstanding in-substance defeased debt totaled \$5,475,000.

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

# A. Primary Government (Continued)

## **Capital Leases**

The County has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of sanitation vehicles, ambulances, and office equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

The following is an analysis of equipment leased under capital leases as of June 30, 2014:

Machinery and Equipment and Construction in Progress	\$ 2,446,489
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(333,540)
	\$ 2,112,949

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under these capital leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2014:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Go	Governmental Funds				
2015	\$	254,753				
2016		259,479				
2017		264,400				
2018		269,413				
2019		274,573				
2020 to 2024		1,219,273				
2025 to 2029		354,258				
2030 to 2033		170,000				
Total Minimum Lease Payments		3,066,149				
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(454,672)				
	\$	2,611,477				

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

# A. Primary Government (Continued)

#### Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds

The South Carolina Association of Governmental Organizations Public Facilities Corporation (SCAGO PFC) for Lancaster County Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds were issued pursuant to an Installment Purchase and Use Agreement and evidence proportionate interest of owners in certain rental payments to be made by the County under the terms of a Base Lease and Conveyance Agreement between the County and the SCAGO PFC dated January 28, 2009. The County leased certain real property and conveyed the improvements to the SCAGO PFC so that the SCAGO PFC may finance the cost of acquiring, constructing, and equipping a new County Courthouse and renovating, improving and equipping the County Detention Center/Sheriff's Office, which together with certain improvements (including the conveyed improvements), fixtures and personal property located on the real property to be sold to the County pursuant to a Purchase and Use Agreement dated January 28, 2009. The Purchase and Use Agreement, which will obligate the County to make semiannual installment payments of the purchase price to the SCAGO PFC in amounts calculated to be sufficient to enable the SCAGO PFC to pay the principal and interest on the outstanding bonds; amounts budgeted as reserves for the repair and replacement of the 2009 facilities and the program administrator fees. The financial obligations of the County under the Purchase and Use Agreement do not constitute general obligations of the County to which its full faith and credit or taxing power are pledged, but are subject to and dependent upon lawful appropriations of funds being made from available sources, including but not limited to general fund monies, net collections from the Capital Project Sales Tax Fund and proceeds from general obligation bonds by the County Council to pay the installment payments due in each fiscal year. The County's obligations under the Purchase and Use Agreement are from year to year only and do not constitute a mandatory payment obligation by the County in any fiscal year in which funds are not appropriated by the County to pay the installment payments due in such fiscal year. The County has no continuing obligation to appropriate funds to pay the installment payments under the Purchase and Use Agreement and may terminate its obligations under the Purchase and Use Agreement on an annual basis without penalty. However, the County would forfeit possession of the facilities for the remainder of the lease term.

On January 28, 2009, the SCAGO PFC issued \$38,410,000 Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds Series 2009 to finance the cost of acquiring, constructing, and equipping a new County Courthouse and renovating, improving and equipping the County Detention Center/Sheriff's Office; and the costs of constructing a parking facility. The bonds are due in annual installments ranging from \$4,185,000 to \$8,975,000 beginning December 1, 2010 through December 1, 2016 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. In connection with the SCAGO PFC's 2009 bond issue, a premium of \$1,273,606 was recorded and is being amortized over the life of the bonds. The unamortized premium at June 30, 2013 was \$342,559.

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

# A. Primary Government (Continued)

#### **Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

Arbitrage is the difference between the yield on the issuer's tax exempt bonds and the investment income earned on the proceeds. Arbitrage restrictions imposed by the federal government prohibit an issuer from retaining arbitrage profits when investing bond proceeds at a yield that exceeds the yield on the bonds. Any excess arbitrage must be relayed to the U.S. Treasury. The SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation for Lancaster County Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds are subject to an arbitrage calculation. As of June 30, 2014, no arbitrage liability exists.

The SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation for Lancaster County Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds are not a debt of the County; however, as the SCAGO PFC is blended with the operations of the County, the debt of the Corporation is included with the County's other obligations as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Annual debt service requirements for the SCAGO Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds							
June 30,		Principal Interest			Total			
2015	\$	5,230,000	\$	812,575	\$	6,042,575		
2016		5,470,000		571,825		6,041,825		
2017		8,975,000		224,375		9,199,375		
	\$	19,675,000	\$	1,608,775	\$	21,283,775		

#### **Special Source Revenue Bonds**

During 2006, the County issued special source revenue bonds in the amount of \$2,973,658 to finance the infrastructure improvements for the Bailes Ridge project. These bonds are limited obligations of the County and are payable solely from the fee in lieu of tax revenues. The bonds are payable in annual installments through 2020 and have an annual interest rate of 5.75 percent.

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

# A. Primary Government (Continued)

#### **Special Source Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the special source revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Special Source Revenue Bonds								
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total			
2015	\$	320,000	\$	127,075	\$	447,075			
2016		335,000		108,675		443,675			
2017		355,000		89,413		444,413			
2018		375,000		69,000		444,000			
2019		400,000		47,438		447,438			
2020		425,000		24,437		449,437			
	\$	2,210,000	\$	466,038	\$	2,676,038			

#### **Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care Costs**

The South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) requires landfill operators to provide for inspection and maintenance of the physical characteristics of the site, as well as monitoring and maintenance of the groundwater and gas monitoring systems and the leachate collection and treatment system, for a period of 30 years following the closing. DHEC also requires that operators cover the landfill with a minimum cover of a certain permeability. The County's liability for closure and post-closure care costs is based on landfill capacity used to date. Since the landfill was closed as of June 30, 1995, the County considers it to be at 100 percent of capacity.

During fiscal year 2014, the County expended \$30,075 in landfill closure costs. Remaining post-closure costs are estimated at \$1,266,035 and included with the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Postclosure care costs are reported in the General Fund and are based on engineering estimates that are subject to change due to inflation, deflation, technology and/or applicable laws and regulations.

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

# A. Primary Government (Continued)

#### **Conduit Debt Obligations**

From time to time, the County has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, nor the State of South Carolina, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2014, there is one series of Industrial Revenue bonds outstanding with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$16,000,000.

#### **Special Assessment Debt Obligations**

In July 2003, the County issued \$13,760,000 of special assessment debt. This debt is applicable to the Edgewater Improvement District, which is located in the southern part of the County, and will be used to improve the area's infrastructure. The County is acting only as an agent and is in no manner obligated to repay the special assessment debt. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance on this debt was \$6,151,000.

In June 2006, the County issued \$35,615,000 of special assessment debt. This debt is applicable to the Edenmoor Improvement District, which is located in the northern part of the County, and will be used to improve the area's infrastructure and to construct a sheriff and EMS substation. The County is acting only as an agent and is in no manner obligated to repay the special assessment debt. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance on this debt was \$25,056,572.

In March 2006, the County issued \$20,000,000 of special assessment debt. This debt is applicable to the Sun City Carolina Lakes Improvement District, which is located in the northern part of the County, and will be used to improve the area's infrastructure and to construct a library branch. The County is acting only as an agent and is in no manner obligated to repay the special assessment debt. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance on this debt was \$15,690,000.

In November 2007, the County issued \$28,880,000 of special assessment debt. This debt is applicable to the Edgewater II Improvement District, which is located in the southern part of the County, and will be used to improve the area's infrastructure. The County is acting only as an agent and is in no manner obligated to repay the special assessment debt. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance on this debt was \$28,602,500.

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

### **Component Unit**

Long-term liabilities for the Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation	Balance e 30, 2013	Additions	R	Reductions	Jui	Balance ne 30, 2014	Due Within One Year
Capital lease obligations	\$ 25,157	\$ -	\$	(7,704)	\$	17,453	\$ 7,918
	\$ 25,157	\$ -	\$	(7,704)	\$	17,453	\$ 7,918

### NOTE 7. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES

The County issued General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2013 with an interest rate of .93% for \$865,500 and it matured on December 28, 2013. On January 24, 2014, the County issued General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2014 for \$818,000. This note has an interest rate of .72% and matures January 23, 2015. The proceeds were used for infrastructure improvements in the Brookchase Special Tax District.

The following is a schedule of changes in short-term liabilities:

		Balance				Balance	
	Jur	ne 30, 2013	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2014		
Bond anticipation notes	\$	865,500	\$ 818,000	\$ (865,500)	\$	818,000	
	\$	865,500	\$ 818,000	\$ (865,500)	\$	818,000	

### NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

### A. Primary Government

#### Retirement Plan

Eligible employees of the County are members of the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) or the Police Officers Retirement System (PORS). These systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer plans administered by the Retirement Division of the State Budget and Control Board. The Plan offers retirement and disability benefits, cost of living adjustments on an ad hoc basis, and life and survivor benefits. The Plan's provisions are established under Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The state is authorized by statute to establish and amend all plan provisions. Covered payroll was \$17,232,907, \$ 15,731,635, and \$14,992,932 for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Generally, all employees are required to participate in the SCRS or PORS as a condition of employment. Under SCRS, employees are eligible for normal retirement with no reduction of benefits upon reaching age 65 with five years of vestment or completion of 28 years credited service regardless of age. The benefit formula effective July 1, 1989, for the System is 1.82 percent of an employee's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. An early retirement option with reduced benefits is available as early as age 60. Employees are vested for a deferred annuity after five years service and qualify for a survivor's benefit upon completion of 15 years credited service. A group-life insurance benefit equal to an active employee's annual rate of compensation is payable upon the death of an employee with a minimum of one year of credited service. Employees are required to contribute 7.0 percent of their salary for the year ended June 30, 2014. The County is required to contribute 10.45 percent of employees' salary for the years ended June 30, 2014. In addition, the County pays 0.15 percent of payroll for group life contributions.

PORS - Participating employees contribute 7.0 percent of their annual covered payroll. The County contributes on their behalf 11.9 percent of annual payroll plus an additional 0.2 percent of payroll for accidental death contributions and another 0.2 percent of payroll for group life contributions. There are no early retirement provisions under SCPORS. A member must have 25 years of service for full retirement or must be age 55 with five years of service. Both criteria provide for full formula benefit, payable for life with an annual rate equal to 2.14 percent of average final compensation, for each year of credited service.

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## A. Primary Government (Continued)

#### Retirement Plan (continued)

The Plans provide death and disability as well as retirement benefits. Both employees and employers are required to contribute to the Plans at rates established under authority of Title 9 of the SC Code of Laws. Contribution information for the year ended June 30, 2014 and the two years prior were equal to the required contribution for each year-end and are as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ended	SCRS	 PORS
_	June 30, 2014	\$ 1,087,036	\$ 880,562
	June 30, 2013	1,072,816	724,355
	June 30, 2012	955.391	617.041

South Carolina Retirement System employees eligible for service retirement may participate in the Teacher and Retiree Incentive Program (TERI). TERI participants may retire and begin accumulating retirement benefits on a deferred basis without terminating employment for up to five years. Upon termination of employment or at the end of the TERI period, whichever is earlier, participants will begin receiving monthly service retirement benefits which will include any cost of living adjustments granted during the TERI period. During the TERI period, participants are eligible for the contributing retiree group life insurance benefit equaled to one year's salary, but are not eligible for disability retirement. Effective July 1, 2007, TERI participants who entered the program after July 1, 2006 are required to pay the same pre-tax contribution to SCRS during the TERI period, but do not earn service credit.

Ten-year historical trend information presenting the retirement system's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented annually by the South Carolina Retirement System. A Comprehensive Annual Financial Report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement System is issued and publicly available by writing the South Carolina Retirement System, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### A. Primary Government (Continued)

#### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, which is administered and controlled by the State of South Carolina. The plan, available to all government employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

Great-West Retirement Services, P.O. Box 173764, Denver CO 80217-3764, (under state contract) is the program administrator of the 457 plan as well as the 401(k) plan and 401(k) Roth plan which are also available to County employees at their option.

### Other Post Employment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB)

### Plan description

In addition to providing pension benefits through the South Carolina Retirement System, the County provides certain healthcare benefits for employees who retire from service or who terminate with at least 20 years of service who meet one or more of the eligibility requirements, such as age, length of service, and hire date. Generally, those who retire must have at least 10 years of retirement service credit under the South Carolina Retirement System to qualify for benefits. Benefits are effective at date of retirement or when the employee is eligible for retirement benefits.

The County does not issue separate audited financial statements for this plan.

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## A. Primary Government (Continued)

Other Post Employment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

## Funding policy and annual OPEB costs

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB costs for the year, the amount actuarially contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation for the post-employment health insurance benefits:

		2014
Annual Required Contribution	\$	368,028
Interest on OPEB Obligation		20,148
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution		(18,667)
Annual OPEB Costs		369,509
Contributions Made		(320,405)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	<u>-</u>	49,104
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year		447,729
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$	496,833

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 were as follows:

				Employer		Percentage of		
For the Year		Annual		Amount		Annual OPEB Cost		Net OPEB
Ended June 30	_	OPEB Cost	_	Contributed	_	Contributed	_	Obligation
2014	\$	369,509	\$	320,405	\$	86.71%	\$	496,833
2013		358,584		296,112		82.58%		447,729
2012		346,668		262,910		81.77%		385,257

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## A. Primary Government (Continued)

Other Post Employment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

#### **Funding Status and Progress**

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$4,735,113. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$15,419,474; the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 30.7 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based upon the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the County and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the County and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 2012 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is consistent with the investment return earned on the County's general assets, an annual medical cost trend decrease of 7.25 percent to 4.5 percent per year over eight years, and an annual dental cost trend of 4.5 percent per year. General inflation is assumed to be 3.0 percent per year. The actuarial value of assets was set equal to the reported market value of assets. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percent of payroll required to fully amortize the UAAL over an open 30-year period.

### NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries insurance through the State Budget and Control Board Office of Insurance Reserve Fund. The County pays premiums to the Fund for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the Fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for each insured event. Additionally, the County participates in a self-funded program to provide workers' compensation insurance through the South Carolina Association of Counties, which works in a similar way as the Insurance Reserve Fund. The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries insurance through the South Carolina Counties Property and Liability Trust. In addition, the County carries employee health and accident insurance through the South Carolina Office of Insurance Services. This South Carolina state health plan represents various South Carolina governmental entities joined together in a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the Fund for its employee health and accident insurance. The agreement for formation of the Fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for each insured event.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

### NOTE 10. INTERFUND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Restricted Grants Fund	\$ 333,778
General Fund	Airport Fund	189,906
Capital Project Sales Tax Fund	General Fund	6,897,718
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	 3,486,922
		\$ 10,908,324

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. These balances normally clear within one to two months.

## NOTE 10. INTERFUND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Any transactions to transfer revenues from the fund budgeted to receive them to the fund budgeted to expend them are reported as transfers from and to other funds. Total transfers during the year ended June 30, 2014 consisted of the following individual amounts:

Transfer in Fund	Transfer Out Fund	_	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	25,000
Airport Fund	General Fund		40,000
SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation	Capital Projects Sales		
Debt Service Fund	Tax Fund		6,089,115
Capital Projects Sales	SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation		
Tax Fund	Debt Service Fund		15,000
		\$	6,169,115

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to audits by grantors or their representatives. The audits of these programs for or including the year ended June 30, 2014, have not yet been conducted. Therefore, the County's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Construction commitments at June 30, 2014 totaled approximately \$62,300.

### NOTE 12. LITIGATION

The County is party to a number of lawsuits arising in the course of operations. It is the opinion of management, in consultation with legal counsel, that it cannot be determined whether resolution of the other pending cases will have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

### NOTE 13. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS/RESTATEMENTS

The County has determined that a restatement to beginning net position of governmental activities is required to (1) reflect corrections of errors in the June 30, 2013 financial report and (2) reflect the change in accounting principle for implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65 *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, through which bond issuance costs are written off as of July 1, 2013. These restatements are as follows:

Governmental activities net position, as previously reported	\$ 77,471,839
Adjustment needed to write off bond issuance costs	
in accordance with GASB 65	(612,940)
Adjustment needed to reclassify Airport Fund as an	
Enterprise Fund in accordance with GASB 54	(3,839,650)
Governmental activities net position, as restated	\$ 73,019,249

The County has determined that a restatement to beginning net position of the business-type activities and the nonmajor enterprise fund (Airport Fund) is required to reflect the correction of an error in the June 30, 2013 financial report. This restatement is as follows:

	siness type Activities	Ent	nonmajor erprise Fund irport Fund
Net position, as previously reported	\$ -	\$	-
Adjustment needed to reclassify Airport Fund as an Enterprise Fund			
in accordance with GASB 54	 3,839,650		3,839,650
Net position, as restated	\$ 3,839,650	\$	3,839,650

The County has determined that a restatement of fund balance of the General Fund and other governmental funds is required to reflect the correction of errors in the June 30, 2013 financial report. These restatements are as follows:

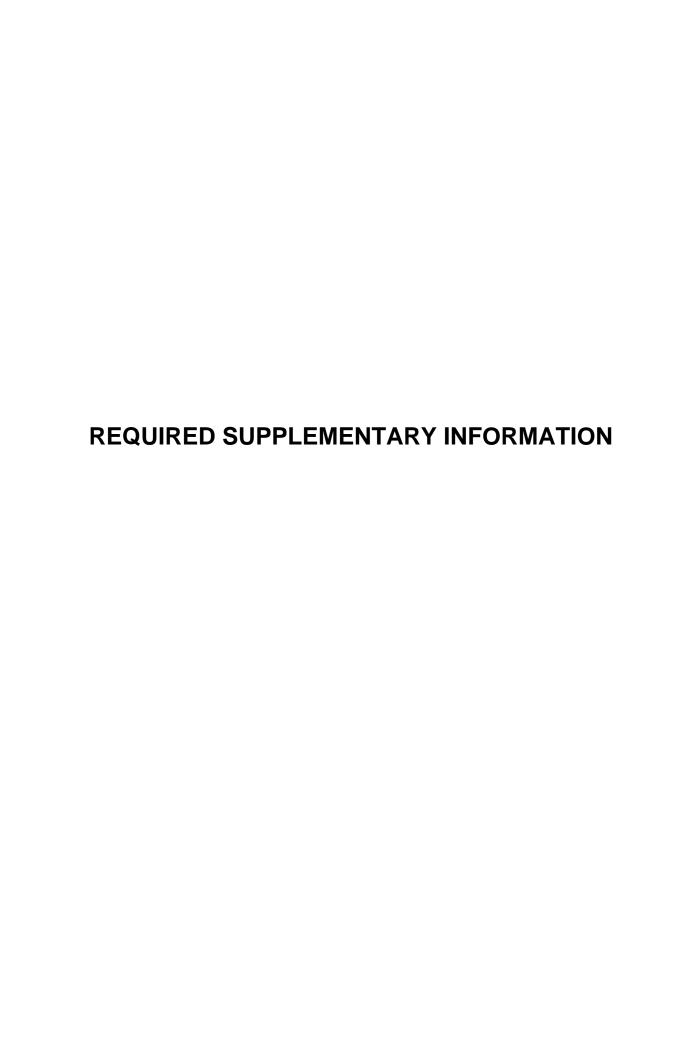
	G	eneral Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds
Fund Balance, as previously reported	\$	17,444,294	\$	7,203,966
Adjustment needed to reclassify Airport Fund as an Enterprise Fund	Ψ	17,444,294	Ψ	7,203,900
in accordance with GASB 54  Adjustment needed to include the Recreation Fund as a department		-		99,148
of the General Fund in accordance with GASB 54		17,170		(17,170)
Adjustment needed to include the Library Fund as a department		100.001		(400.004)
of the General Fund in accordance with GASB 54		103,901		(103,901)
Fund Balance, as restated	\$	17,565,365	\$	7,182,043

## NOTE 13. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS/RESTATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

To further explain the above restatements, the following thoughts are provided:

Reclassification of Special Revenue Funds. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines special revenue funds as funds that are used to account for the proceeds of resources that are restricted or committed for purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Additionally, the restricted or committed resources need to comprise a substantial portion of the inflows reported in the special revenue fund. The County noted that the Recreation Fund and the Library Fund did not meet the definition of special revenue funds as defined under GASB 54. The County determined that an adjustment was needed to reclassify the Recreation Fund and the Library Fund as departments of the General Fund due to the fact that historically, a significant portion of the inflows reported in these funds were transfers from the General Fund. This resulted in an increase in beginning fund balance of the General Fund and a decrease in beginning fund balance of the Other Governmental Funds in the amount of \$121,071. Additionally, the County determined that the Airport Fund did not meet the definition of a special revenue fund and should instead be recorded as an enterprise fund due to the fact that a significant portion of the fund's revenue is derived from fuel sales and rental income. This resulted in an increase in the beginning net position of the business-type activities and a decrease in the beginning net position of the governmental activities in the amount of \$3,839,650, an increase in the beginning fund balance of the Other Governmental Funds in the amount of \$99,148, and an increase in the beginning net position of the Airport Fund in the amount of \$3,839,650.

**Adjustment of Bond Issuance Costs.** The County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, through which bond issuance costs are written off as of July 1, 2013. This change in accounting principle resulted in a decrease in unamortized bond issuance costs and a decrease in governmental activities net position in the amount of \$612,940 within the government-wide financial statements.



	Budgeted Ar		d Ama	ounts			Variance with Final
		Original	4 / \	Final	Actual		Budget
REVENUES:					,		
Property taxes	\$	24,656,435	\$	24,656,435	\$ 24,653,264	\$	(3,171)
Other local taxes		1,928,500		1,928,500	1,940,220		11,720
Licenses and permits		4,085,754		4,156,674	5,191,197		1,034,523
Intergovernmental		4,148,329		4,148,329	4,226,086		77,757
Charges for services		3,831,132		3,831,132	3,999,763		168,631
Fines and forfeitures		900,250		900,250	937,975		37,725
Interest revenue		41,000		41,000	47,143		6,143
Contributions and donations		35,500		46,421	229,468		183,047
Other revenues		63,000		63,000	142,198		79,198
Budgeted fund balance		478,420		927,249	-		(927,249)
Total revenues		40,168,320		40,698,990	41,367,314		668,324
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: General government:							
Non-departmental expenditures		1,230,579		1,230,579	1,183,256		47,323
Direct assistance to other agencies		649,702		649,702	591,789		57,913
County council		1,038,883		1,038,883	803,753		235,130
Administrator		401,923		497,665	406,115		91,550
Finance		498,883		498,883	485,733		13,150
Human resources		214,913		197,643	200,742		(3,099)
Risk management		115,309		109,260	97,825		11,435
Management information services		533,859		736,434	662,860		73,574
GIS		184,095		184,095	160,973		23,122
Building		835,615		835,615	690,990		144,625
Zoning		306,984		306,984	291,435		15,549
Planning		481,118		481,118	389,466		91,652
Assessor		709,732		709,732	688,098		21,634
Auditor		367,726		367,726	354,095		13,631
Treasurer		397,143		397,143	356,167		40,976
Delinquent tax collector		303,517		303,517	288,629		14,888
Voter registration and elections							
		257,154		257,154	224,452		32,702
Register of deeds		328,588		328,588	312,020		16,568
Farmers' market		4,600		4,600	749		3,851
Vehicle maintenance		443,787		443,067	419,219		23,848
Building maintenance		1,462,028		1,462,028	 1,334,876	_	127,152
Total general government		10,766,138		11,040,416	 9,943,242	_	1,097,174
Administration of justice:							
Circuit court		79,202		79,202	64,505		14,697
Clerk of court		297,076		307,076	302,910		4,166
Family court		324,805		324,805	315,464		9,341
Probate court		434,113		434,113	379,084		55,029
Magistrate court		797,700		797,700	 761,058		36,642
Total administration of justice		1,932,896		1,942,896	 1,823,021		119,875
Public safety:							
Coroner		387,666		387,666	352,406		35,260
Sheriff		6,615,945		6,627,727	6,801,600		(173,873)
Detention center		1,948,675		1,948,675	1,732,919		215,756
Communications		1,282,022		1,502,403	1,462,699		39,704
Emergency management		343,509		343,509	329,969		13,540
Fire commission		1,555,086		1,529,150	1,538,083		(8,933
Rescue squad		18,604		18,604	5,365		13,239
Indian Land rescue squad		24,500		24,500	6,931		17,569
Total public safety	_	12,176,007		12,382,234	 12,229,972	_	152,262

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Dudanta	۱۸.۰۰۰	ounte			Variance with Final
	-	Budgeted Original	AIII	Final	Actual		Budget
Expenditures: (Continued) Current: (Continued)					 		
Public works:							
Roads and bridges	\$	2,370,184	\$	2,369,059	\$ 2,205,323	\$	163,736
Landfill		57,000		57,000	30,075		26,925
Solid waste		2,435,092		2,474,304	 2,093,365		380,939
Total public works		4,862,276		4,900,363	4,328,763		571,600
Public health and welfare:							
EMS		5,387,983		5,369,983	5,422,621		(52,638)
Animal control		312,972		313,531	294,731		18,800
Environmental health		2,525		2,525	, -		2,525
Health services		90,600		90,600	72,404		18,196
Juvenile drug court		108,091		108,091	102,004		6,087
Social services and food stamps		64,210		64,210	62,173		2,037
DSS Family Independence		58,330		58,330	64,818		(6,488)
Veteran affairs		154,633		154,633	150,045		4,588
Total public health and welfare		6,179,344		6,161,903	6,168,796		(6,893)
Culture and recreation:							
Recreation		1,967,282		1,967,282	1,951,151		16,131
Library		1,239,220		1,239,220	1,209,252		29,968
Total culture and recreation		3,206,502		3,206,502	3,160,403		46,099
Economic development:							
Economic development commission		368,263		373,263	517,134		(143,871)
Dalit comitors		_					
Debt service:		444.070		444.070	444.000		20
Principal		411,978		411,978	411,939		39
Interest and other charges Total debt service		80,884 492,862		80,884 492,862	 80,884 492,823		39
Total debt service		492,002		492,002	 492,023	_	39
Capital Outlay		188,551		188,551	 57,417		131,134
Total expenditures		40,172,839		40,688,990	 38,721,571		1,790,186
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(4,519)		10,000	 2,645,743		2,635,743
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		30,000		30,000	25,000		(5,000)
Transfers out		(40,000)		(40,000)	(40,000)		-
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		-		-	 210,915		210,915
Total other financing sources (uses)		(10,000)		(10,000)	195,915		205,915
Net change in fund balances	_	(14,519)	_		2,841,658	_	2,841,658
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated					17,565,365		
Fund balances, end of year					\$ 20,407,023		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Actuarial Actuarial Valuation Value of Date Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/2007 \$ - 6/30/2010 - 6/30/2012 -	\$ 3,843,902 3,886,078 4,735,113	\$ 3,843,902 3,886,078 4,735,113	- % -	\$ 14,239,968 15,313,936 15,419,474	27.0% 25.4% 30.7%

The assumptions used in the preparation of the above schedule are disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

# COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Rev	Special venue Funds	Se	Debt rvice Fund	Pro	Capital pjects Funds	Totals
ASSETS						_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,913	\$	572,689	\$	-	\$ 583,602
Investments		-				2,460,828	2,460,828
Taxes receivable		68,592		150,945		90,506	310,043
Accounts receivable, net		47,194		-		600	47,794
Due from other governments		175,983		4		-	175,987
Due from other funds		2,647,544		-		839,378	3,486,922
Land held for resale						561,127	561,127
Total assets	\$	2,950,226	\$	723,638	\$	3,952,439	\$ 7,626,303
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,537	\$ 1,537
Bond anticipation note payable		-		-		818,000	818,000
Total liabilities		-				819,537	819,537
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		64,388		141,722		84,974	291,084
Total deferred inflows of resources		64,388		141,722		84,974	291,084
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:							
Land held for resale		-		-		561,127	561,127
Restricted for:							
Victim services		12,064		-		-	12,064
Public safety		1,552,372		_		-	1,552,372
Debt service		-		581,916		-	581,916
Culture and recreation		16,681		-		-	16,681
Roads and bridges		1,286,344		_		-	1,286,344
Capital projects		-		_		3,062,891	3,062,891
Assigned:						, ,	
Subsequent year's budget		18,377		_		147,143	165,520
Unassigned		-		_		(723,233)	(723,233)
Total fund balances		2,885,838	-	581,916		3,047,928	6,515,682
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		_,		221,270		2,2 ,2 20	-,-:-,302
		2,950,226		723,638		3,952,439	\$ 7,626,303

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Rev	Special venue Funds	Se	Debt ervice Fund	Pro	Capital ojects Funds		Totals
Revenues:	\$	1 011 007	\$	2 405 744	\$	0.040.005	Φ	E 007 046
Property taxes	Ф	1,011,967	Ф	2,195,744	Ф	2,019,635	\$	5,227,346
Other taxes		408,075		104.045		-		408,075
Intergovernmental		2,500,279		104,915		-		2,605,194
Charges for services		820,875		-		62,055		882,930
Fines and forfeitures		90,705		700		-		90,705
Interest revenue		1,139		703		801		2,643
Other revenues		49,049		-		39,616		88,665
Total revenues		4,882,089		2,301,362		2,122,107		9,305,558
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety		3,141,680		-		-		3,141,680
Public works		1,928,822		-		-		1,928,822
Culture and recreation		18,822		-		-		18,822
Capital outlay		-		-		3,044,387		3,044,387
Debt service:								
Principal		100,000		1,668,550		300,000		2,068,550
Interest		106,798		644,906		161,454		913,158
Fees		-				7,500		7,500
Total expenditures		5,296,122		2,313,456		3,513,341		11,122,919
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(414,033)		(12,094)		(1,391,234)		(1,817,361)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out		(25,000)		-		-		(25,000)
Capital leases		226,000		-		-		226,000
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		-		-		950,000		950,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		201,000		-		950,000		1,151,000
Net change in fund balances		(213,033)		(12,094)		(441,234)		(666,361)
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,098,871		594,010		3,489,162		7,182,043
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,885,838	\$	581,916	\$	3,047,928	\$	6,515,682

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Accor	Local nmodations ax Fund	i P	Indian and Fire rotection strict Fund		E-911 Fund	٧	Pleasant alley Fire District Fund		Court Mandated Security Fund		Victim Services Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	6,213	\$	_	<b>¢</b>	_	¢	_	<b>¢</b>	4,700
Taxes receivable	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	68,592	Ψ	-,700
Accounts receivable, net		3,786		38		43,357		-		-		13
Due from other governments		-		-		59,666		-		-		-
Due from other funds		12,895		205,252		697,272		396,403		144,744		7,351
Total assets	\$	16,681	\$	211,503	\$	800,295	\$	396,403	\$	213,336	\$	12,064
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue -												
property taxes	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	64,388	\$	
Total deferred inflows of resources										64,388		
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted for: Victim services												40.004
Public safety		-		211,503		- 794,228		396,403		136,638		12,064
Culture and recreation		16,681		211,505		134,220		-		130,030		_
Roads and bridges		-		_		_		_		_		_
Assigned:												
Subsequent year's budget		-		-		6,067		-		12,310		-
Total fund balances		16,681		211,503		800,295		396,403		148,948		12,064
Total deferred inflows of resources												
and fund balances	\$	16,681	\$	211,503	\$	800,295	\$	396,403	\$	213,336	\$	12,064

Transportation Fund		Sunday Alcohol Sales Fund		Totals
\$ - - 116,317	\$	-	\$	10,913 68,592 47,194 175,983
1,170,027		13,600	_	2,647,544
\$ 1,286,344	\$	13,600	\$	2,950,226
\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	64,388
-		_		64,388
- - - 1,286,344		13,600		12,064 1,552,372 16,681 1,286,344
1,286,344		13,600	_	18,377 2,885,838
\$ 1,286,344	<b>•</b>	13,600	\$	2,950,226

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Local Accommodations Tax Fund	Indian Land Fire Protection District Fund	E-911 Fund	Pleasant Valley Fire District Fund	Court Mandated Security Fund	Victim Services Fund
Revenues: Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,011,967	\$ -
Other taxes	39,394	φ -	э 368,681	φ -	<b>Ф</b> 1,011,90 <i>1</i>	Φ -
Intergovernmental	39,394	_	1,064,123	31,411	_	_
Charges for services	_	460,875	1,004,125	360,000	_	_
Fines and forfeitures	_	3,330	_	2,559	_	84,816
Interest revenue	2	117	185	193	_	0,010
Other revenues	_	117	49,049	100	_	_
Total revenues	39,396	464,322	1,482,038	394,163	1,011,967	84,816
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety	-	627,319	1,330,750	119,963	980,840	82,808
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	18,822	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	100,000	-	-
Interest				106,798		
Total expenditures	18,822	627,319	1,330,750	326,761	980,840	82,808
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	20,574	(162,997)	151,288	67,402	31,127	2,008
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out Capital leases	(10,000)	- 226,000		(15,000)	<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(10,000)	226,000		(15,000)		
Net change in fund balances	10,574	63,003	151,288	52,402	31,127	2,008
Fund balances, beginning of year	ar 6,107	148,500	649,007	344,001	117,821	10,056
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 16,681	\$ 211,503	\$ 800,295	\$ 396,403	\$ 148,948	\$ 12,064

-	ortation ind		Sunday Alcohol Sales Fund	Totals
\$	-	\$	_	\$ 1,011,967
	-		-	408,075
1,3	96,245		8,500	2,500,279
	-		-	820,875
	-		-	90,705
	642		-	1,139
	-		-	49,049
1,3	96,887		8,500	4,882,089
	- 28,822 - - - - 28,822		- - - - -	3,141,680 1,928,822 18,822 100,000 106,798 5,296,122
(5	<u>31,935)</u> -		8,500	 (414,033) (25,000)
	-		_	226,000
				201,000
(5	31,935)		8,500	(213,033)
1,8	18,279	_	5,100	3,098,871
\$ 1,2	86,344	\$	13,600	\$ 2,885,838

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS	В	ailes Ridge Projects Fund		Bond Projects Fund	S	rookchase pecial Tax strict Fund	lm	Capital provement Fund	Imp	Igewater provement trict Fund	Impr	ewater II ovement rict Fund
Investments	\$	1,897,009	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	800
Taxes receivable	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	90,506	Ψ	_	Ψ	-
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		_		600		_		-
Due from other funds		-		602,447		94,767		140,627		1,156		-
Land held for resale		-		561,127		-		-		-		
Total assets	\$	1,897,009	\$	1,163,574	\$	94,767	\$	231,733	\$	1,156	\$	800
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,156	\$	-
Bond anticipation note payable		-		-		818,000		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		-		818,000		-		1,156		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes		_		-		_		84,974				-
Total deferred inflows						-						
of resources			_			<u> </u>		84,974				-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Nonspendable:												
Land held for resale Restricted for:		-		561,127		-		-		-		-
Capital projects Assigned:		1,897,009		511,540		-		104,459		-		800
Subsequent year's budget		-		90,907		-		42,300		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		(723,233)		-		-		-
Total fund balances (deficit) Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		1,897,009		1,163,574		(723,233)		146,759		-		800
and fund balances	\$	1,897,009	\$	1,163,574	\$	94,767	\$	231,733	\$	1,156	\$	800

F	AGO Public Facilities orporation Fund	Sun City Special sessments Fund		Totals
\$	283,174	\$ 279,845	\$	2,460,828
	-	-		90,506
	-	-		600
	-	381		839,378
_	-	 -	_	561,127
\$	283,174	\$ 280,226	\$	3,952,439
\$	-	\$ 381	\$	1,537
	-	-		818,000
	-	381		819,537
	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		84,974
				84,974
	-	-		561,127
	269,238	279,845		3,062,891
	13,936	-		147,143
	-	 		(723,233)
	283,174	 279,845		3,047,928
\$	283,174	\$ 280,226	\$	3,952,439

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	ailes Ridge Projects Fund		Bond Projects Fund	S	rookchase pecial Tax strict Fund	lm	Capital provement Fund	Impr	gewater ovement rict Fund	Impro	ewater II ovement ict Fund
Revenues:											
Property taxes	\$ 701,516	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,318,119	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services	-		-		62,055		-		-		-
Interest revenue	181		479		37		-		-		-
Other revenues	-		-		-		39,616		-		-
Total revenues	701,697		479		62,092		1,357,735				-
Expenditures:											
Capital outlay:											
General government	-		459,486		-		278,514		-		-
Administration of justice	-		-		-		23,703		-		-
Public safety	-		689,157		-		459,110		-		-
Public works	-		-		-		257,907		-		-
Public health and welfare	-		-		-		405,432		-		-
Culture and recreation	-		-		-		90,657		-		-
Economic development	-		74,548		-		-		-		-
Debt service:											
Principal	300,000		-		-		-		-		-
Interest	153,428		-		8,026		-		-		-
Fees	-		5,000		2,500		-		-		-
Total expenditures	453,428		1,228,191		10,526		1,515,323		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	 248,269	_	(1,227,712)		51,566		(157,588)				
Other financing sources:											
Issuance of bonds	-		950,000		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources	-		950,000		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances	248,269		(277,712)		51,566		(157,588)		-		-
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	1,648,740	_	1,441,286		(774,799)		304,347				800
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 1,897,009	\$	1,163,574	\$	(723,233)	\$	146,759	\$		\$	800

F	AGO Public Facilities orporation Fund	;	Sun City Special sessments Fund		Totals
\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,019,635
Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	62,055
	76		28		801
	-		-		39,616
	76		28		2,122,107
	_		_		738,000
	133,799		-		157,502
	172,074		-		1,320,341
	-		-		257,907
	-		-		405,432
	-		-		90,657
	-		-		74,548
	-		-		300,000
	-		-		161,454
	<u>-</u>		-		7,500
	305,873		-		3,513,341
	(305,797)		28	_	(1,391,234)
			-	_	950,000
					950,000
	(305,797)		28		(441,234)
	588,971		279,817		3,489,162
\$	283,174	\$	279,845	\$	3,047,928

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The **Local Accommodations Tax Fund** accounts for the local accommodations tax funds that are used to promote tourism in the County.

The Indian Land Fire Protection District Fund accounts for the revenues that are collected for use in the Indian Land Fire Special Tax Districts for fire protection. An annual fee is levied per each residential unit that is serviced by the fire department.

The **E-911 Fund** accounts for fees levied through telephone bills to support the emergency 911 system. Funds are restricted for improvements and expansion of the County's emergency 911 system.

The **Pleasant Valley Fire District Fund** accounts for the revenues that are collected for use in the Pleasant Valley Fire Special Tax Districts for fire protection.

The **Court Mandated Security Fund** accounts for the revenues that are collected to pay for court security expenditures for the Lancaster County court system.

The **Victim Services Fund** accounts for funds collected through the courts that are restricted to pay for victim services.

The **Transportation Fund** accounts for State "C" fund revenues that are used for road improvements in the County of Lancaster.

The **Sunday Alcohol Sales Fund** accounts for revenues that are used for specific purposed as outlined by state law.

## LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LOCAL ACCOMMODATIONS TAX

DEVENUES	В	Original udgeted amounts		Final udgeted mounts		Actual	v	ariance
REVENUES Other taxes	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	39,394	\$	(606)
Interest revenue	Ψ	40,000	Ψ	40,000	Ψ	29,394	Ψ	(000)
Total revenues		40,000		40,000		39,396		(604)
EXPENDITURES Current: Culture and recreation		25,000		25,000		18,822		6,178
Total expenditures		25,000		25,000		18,822		6,178
Excess of revenues over expenditures		15,000		15,000		20,574		5,574
Other financing uses								
Transfers out		(15,000)		(15,000)		(10,000)		5,000
Total other financing uses		(15,000)		(15,000)		(10,000)		5,000
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			10,574	\$	10,574
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year						6,107		
FUND BALANCES, end of year					\$	16,681		

## LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA INDIAN LAND FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT FUND

	Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		,	Variance
REVENUES	•		•		•		•	
Charges for services	\$	424,000	\$	424,000	\$	460,875	\$	36,875
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		3,330		3,330
Investment income		-		-		117		117
Budgeted fund balance		115,000		115,000				(115,000)
Total revenues		539,000		539,000		464,322		(74,678)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety		539,000		539,000		627,319		(88,319)
Total expenditures		539,000		539,000		627,319		(88,319)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		-		-		(162,997)		(162,997)
Other financing sources								
Capital leases				-		226,000		226,000
Total other financing sources						226,000		226,000
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			63,003	\$	63,003
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year						148,500		
FUND BALANCES, end of year					\$	211,503		

## LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA E-911 FUND

	Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		 Actual	Variance		
REVENUES								
Other taxes	\$	385,000	\$	385,000	\$ 368,681	\$	(16,319)	
Intergovernmental		125,000		125,000	1,064,123		939,123	
Interest revenue		500		500	185		(315)	
Other revenues		-		-	49,049		49,049	
Budgeted fund balance		-		896,819	-		(896,819)	
Total revenues		510,500		1,407,319	1,482,038		74,719	
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety		510,500		1,407,319	1,330,750		76,569	
Total expenditures		510,500		1,407,319	1,330,750		76,569	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		151,288	\$	151,288	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year					 649,007			
FUND BALANCES, end of year					\$ 800,295			

## LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PLEASANT VALLEY FIRE DISTRICT FUND

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,411	\$ 31,411	
Charges for services	347,334	347,334	360,000	12,666	
Fines and forfeitures	2,500	2,500	2,559	59	
Interest revenue	-	-	193	193	
Budgeted fund balance	20,964	20,964		(20,964)	
Total revenues	370,798	370,798	394,163	23,365	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Public safety	149,000	149,000	119,963	29,037	
Debt service:	•	•	,	•	
Principal	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	
Interest	106,798	106,798	106,798	-	
Total expenditures	355,798	355,798	326,761	29,037	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	15,000	15,000	67,402	52,402	
Other financing uses					
Transfers out	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)		
Total other financing uses	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	52,402	\$ 52,402	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year			344,001		
FUND BALANCES, end of year			\$ 396,403		

## LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COURT MANDATED SECURITY FUND

	Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	1,034,187	\$	1,034,187	\$	1,011,967	\$	(22,220)
Budgeted fund balance		90,113		101,438		-		(101,438)
Total revenues		1,124,300		1,135,625		1,011,967		(123,658)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety		1,124,300		1,135,625		980,840		154,785
Total expenditures		1,124,300		1,135,625		980,840		154,785
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			31,127	\$	31,127
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year						117,821		
FUND BALANCES, end of year					\$	148,948		

## LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA VICTIM SERVICES FUND

	Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES	•		•		•			(4.554)
Fines and forfeitures	\$	85,850	\$	85,850	\$	84,816	\$	(1,034)
Total revenues		85,850		85,850		84,816		(1,034)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety		85,850		85,850		82,808		3,042
•	-							
Total expenditures		85,850		85,850		82,808		3,042
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			2,008	\$	2,008
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year						10,056		
FUND BALANCES, end of year					\$	12,064		

## LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA TRANSPORTATION FUND

	Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES	Φ.	4 075 000	•	4.075.000	Φ.	4 000 045	•	101.015
Intergovernmental	\$	1,275,000	\$	1,275,000	\$	1,396,245	\$	121,245
Interest revenue		2,000		2,000		642		(1,358)
		324,000		424,000		-		(424,000)
Total revenues		1,601,000		1,701,000		1,396,887		(304,113)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public works		1,601,000		1,701,000		1,928,822		(227,822)
Total expenditures		1,601,000		1,701,000		1,928,822		(227,822)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			(531,935)	\$	(531,935)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year						1,818,279		
FUND BALANCES, end of year					\$	1,286,344		

## LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SUNDAY ALCOHOL SALES FUND

DEVENUES	Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	_	\$	8,500	\$	8,500
Total revenues		-		-		8,500		8,500
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Total expenditures		<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	_		8,500	\$	8,500
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year						5,100		
FUND BALANCES, end of year					\$	13,600		

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the resources used for the payment of the County's principal and interest on various debt obligations.

## **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities for the County's governmental funds.

The **Bailes Ridge Projects Fund** accounts for improvements to the area's infrastructure that is funded by the fee-in-lieu taxes levied specifically for this purpose.

The **Bond Projects Fund** accounts for the various capital projects that are funded with General Obligation Bonds.

The **Brookchase Special Tax District Fund** accounts for the fees levied in the district. These funds are restricted to fund improvements to the area's infrastructure.

The **Capital Improvement Fund** accounts for the capital projects and capital equipment replacement of the various County departments. Property taxes are levied specifically for this purpose.

The **Edgewater Improvement District Fund** accounts for the capital projects funded with special assessment debt that is restricted for improvements to the area's infrastructure.

The **Edgewater II Improvement District Fund** accounts for the capital projects funded with special assessment debt that is restricted for improvements to the area's infrastructure.

The **SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation Fund** accounts for the capital projects funded with the installment purchase revenue bonds issued by the corporation.

The **Sun City Special Assessments Fund** accounts for the capital projects funded with special assessment debt that is restricted for improvements to the area's infrastructure and a public library construction.

## LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance		
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	1,883,215	\$	2,080,528	\$	2,195,744	\$	115,216	
Intergovernmental		-		-		104,915		104,915	
Interest revenue		750		750		703		(47)	
Budgeted fund balance		237,790		237,790		-		(237,790)	
Total revenues		2,121,755		2,319,068		2,301,362		(17,706)	
EXPENDITURES									
Debt service:									
Principal		1,480,000		1,668,551		1,668,550		1	
Interest		641,755		650,517		644,906		5,611	
Total expenditures		2,121,755		2,319,068		2,313,456		5,612	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			(12,094)	\$	(12,094)	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year					_	594,010			
FUND BALANCES, end of year					\$	581,916			

# LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CAPITAL PROJECT SALES TAX FUND

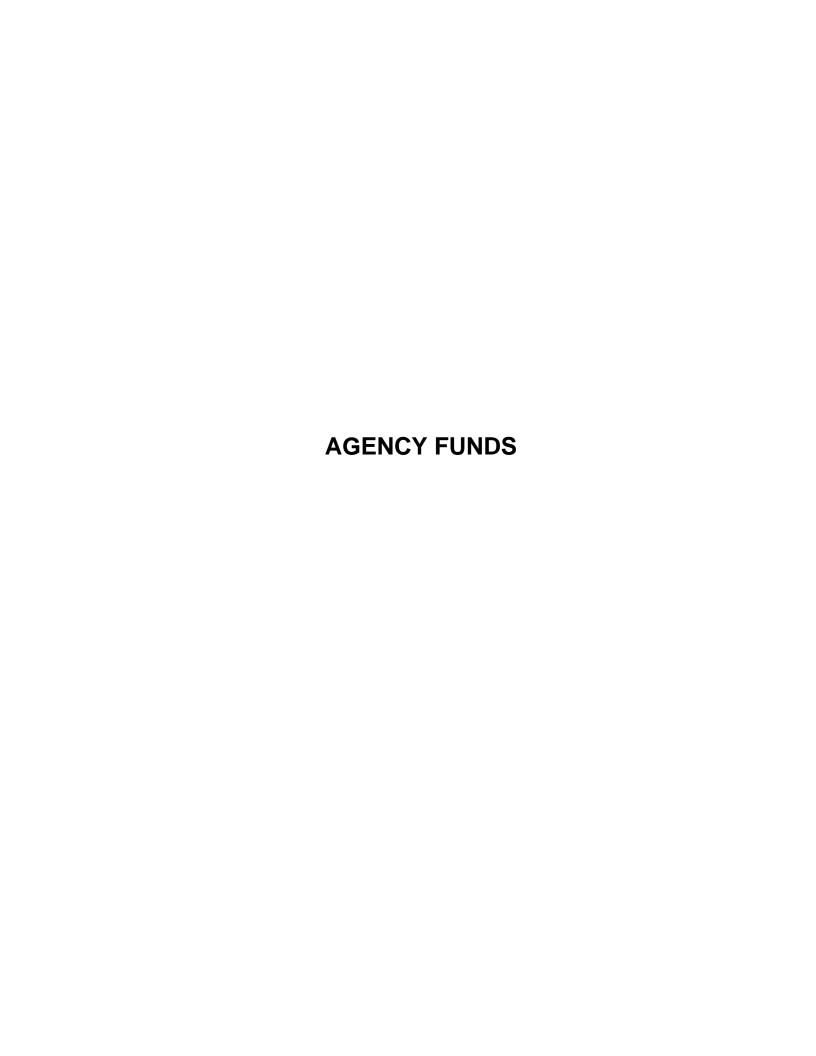
# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance
REVENUES	ф <b>7</b> ,000,000	ф <b>7</b> 000 000	Ф 7.074.700	Ф 074.700
Sales and other local taxes	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 7,871,762	\$ 871,762
Interest revenue	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,243	7,243
Total revenues	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,879,005	879,005
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	15,000	15,000	8,637	6,363
Budgeted fund balance	883,006	883,006	-	883,006
Total expenditures	898,006	898,006	8,637	889,369
Excess of revenues over expenditures	6,101,994	6,101,994	7,870,368	1,768,374
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	15,000	15,000
Transfers out	(6,101,994)	(6,101,994)	(6,089,115)	12,879
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,101,994)	(6,101,994)	(6,074,115)	27,879
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	1,796,253	\$ 1,796,253
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year			7,106,884	
FUND BALANCES, end of year			\$ 8,903,137	

# LANCASTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Bud	ginal geted ounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance
REVENUES	ф 4 г	202 500	Φ.	4 202 500	Ф	1 240 440	¢.	24.640
Property taxes	\$ 1,2	283,500	\$	1,283,500	\$	1,318,119	\$	34,619
Other revenues		-		-		39,616		39,616
Budgeted fund balance		219,000		219,000				(219,000)
Total revenues	1,	502,500		1,502,500		1,357,735		(144,765)
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay:								
General government	:	298,000		298,000		278,514		19,486
Administration of justice		24,000		24,000		23,703		297
Public safety		480,000		480,000		459,110		20,890
Public works	:	275,000		275,000		257,907		17,093
Public health and welfare	:	378,000		378,000		405,432		(27,432)
Culture and recreation		47,500		47,500		90,657		(43,157)
Total expenditures	1,	502,500		1,502,500		1,515,323		(12,823)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			(157,588)	\$	(157,588)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year						304,347		
FUND BALANCES, end of year					\$	146,759		



Education Fund	June 30, 2013	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2014
Education Fund ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,891,120	\$ 60,824,984	\$ (58,167,098)	\$ 8,549,006
Investments	17,132,845	20,494	(11,977,870)	5,175,469
Taxes receivable	510,703	3,950,340	(510,703)	3,950,340
Accounts receivable	611	6,780	(7,391)	-
Due from other governments	-	2,260	-	2,260
Total assets	\$ 23,535,279	\$ 64,804,858	\$ (70,663,062)	\$ 17,677,075
LIABILITIES				
Due to school district	\$ 23,523,027	\$ 63,464,892	\$ (69,400,954)	\$ 17,586,965
Due to USC-L	12,252	1,339,966	(1,262,108)	90,110
Total liabilities	\$ 23,535,279	\$ 64,804,858	\$ (70,663,062)	\$ 17,677,075
Clerk of Court				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 402,344	\$ 381,289	\$ (464,216)	\$ 319,417
Investments		20,373		20,373
Total assets	\$ 402,344	\$ 401,662	\$ (464,216)	\$ 339,790
LIABILITIES		404.000	<b>4.04.04.0</b>	<b>A</b> 000 700
Due to others	\$ 402,344 \$ 402,344	\$ 401,662	\$ (464,216)	\$ 339,790
Total liabilities	\$ 402,344	\$ 401,662	\$ (464,216)	\$ 339,790
Family Court				
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 227,521	\$ 5,724,873	\$ (5,753,201)	\$ 199,193
Total assets	\$ 227,521 \$ 227,521	\$ 5,724,873 \$ 5,724,873	\$ (5,753,201) \$ (5,753,201)	\$ 199,193 \$ 199,193
	Ψ ΣΣΤ,ΟΣΤ	Ψ 0,724,070	ψ (0,730,201)	ψ 100,100
LIABILITIES				
Due to others	\$ 227,521	\$ 5,724,873	\$ (5,753,201)	\$ 199,193
Total liabilities	\$ 227,521	\$ 5,724,873	\$ (5,753,201)	\$ 199,193
Probate Court				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,528	\$ 136,155	\$ (136,095)	\$ 1,588
Total assets	\$ 1,528	\$ 136,155	\$ (136,095)	\$ 1,588
LIABILITIES	_			
Due to others	\$ 1,528	\$ 136,155	\$ (136,095)	\$ 1,588
Total liabilities	\$ 1,528	\$ 136,155	\$ (136,095)	\$ 1,588

		June 30,				<b>D</b>		June 30,
		2013		Increases		Decreases		2014
Tax Collector Property Sold								
ASSETS	_		_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	744,549	\$	3,143,285	\$	(2,828,198)	\$	1,059,636
Total assets	\$	744,549	\$	3,143,285	\$	(2,828,198)	\$	1,059,636
LIABILITIES								
Due to others	\$	744,549	\$	3,143,285	\$	(2,828,198)	\$	1,059,636
Total liabilities	\$	744,549	\$	3,143,285	\$	(2,828,198)	\$	1,059,636
Tax Collector Trust Account								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	81,824	\$	89,899	\$	(32,586)	\$	139,137
Total assets	\$	81,824	\$	89,899	\$	(32,586)	\$	139,137
LIABILITIES								
Due to others	\$	81,824	\$	89,899	\$	(32,586)	\$	139,137
Total liabilities	\$	81,824	\$	89,899	\$	(32,586)	\$	139,137
Forfeit Land Commission								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	436,421	\$	27,574	\$	(11,201)	\$	452,794
Total assets	\$	436,421	\$	27,574	\$	(11,201)	\$	452,794
LIABILITIES								
Due to others	\$	436,421	\$	27,574	\$	(11,201)	\$	452,794
Total liabilities	\$	436,421	\$	27,574	\$	(11,201)	\$	452,794
Magistrates								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	94,329	\$	1,150,719	\$	(1,145,318)	\$	99,730
Total assets	\$ \$	94,329	\$	1,150,719	\$	(1,145,318)	\$ \$	99,730
LIABILITIES								
Due to others	\$	94,329	\$	1,150,719	\$	(1,145,318)	\$	99,730
Total liabilities	\$	94,329	\$	1,150,719	\$	(1,145,318)	\$	99,730

	•	June 30, 2013	Increases	_	Decreases	_ •	June 30, 2014
City of Lancaster							
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	24,935	\$ 4,451,163	\$	(4,445,173)	\$	30,925
Taxes receivable			 466,030		(229,850)		236,180
Total assets	\$	24,935	\$ 4,917,193	\$	(4,675,023)	\$	267,105
LIABILITIES							
Due to other taxing districts and agencies	\$	24,935	\$ 4,917,193	\$	(4,675,023)	\$	267,105
Total liabilities	\$	24,935	\$ 4,917,193	\$	(4,675,023)	\$	267,105
Town of Kershaw							
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,590	\$ 161,763	\$	(161,141)	\$	2,212
Taxes receivable		-	 32,742		(14,647)		18,095
Total assets	\$	1,590	\$ 194,505	\$	(175,788)	\$	20,307
LIABILITIES							
Due to other taxing districts and agencies	\$	1,590	\$ 194,505		(175,788)	\$	20,307
Total liabilities	\$	1,590	\$ 194,505	\$	(175,788)	\$	20,307
Edgewater Improvement District							
ASSETS							
Investments	\$	958,552	\$ 277,840	\$	(542,101)	\$	694,291
Total assets	\$	958,552	\$ 277,840	\$	(542,101)	\$	694,291
LIABILITIES							
Due to others	\$	958,552	\$ 277,840	\$	(542,101)	\$	694,291
Total liabilities	\$	958,552	\$ 277,840	\$	(542,101)	\$	694,291
Edgewater II Improvement District							
ASSETS							
Investments	\$	675,541	\$ 3,233	\$	(38,323)	\$	640,451
Total assets	\$	675,541	\$ 3,233	\$	(38,323)	\$	640,451
LIABILITIES							
Due to others	<u>\$</u> \$	675,541	\$ 3,233	\$	(38,323)	\$	640,451
Total liabilities	\$	675,541	\$ 3,233	\$	(38,323)	\$	640,451

		June 30,						June 30,
		2013		Increases		Decreases		2014
Sun City Improvement District								
ASSETS								
Investments	\$	2,136,600	\$	1,974,771	\$	(2,043,374)	\$	2,067,997
Total assets	\$	2,136,600	\$	1,974,771	\$	(2,043,374)	\$	2,067,997
LIABILITIES								
Due to others	\$	2,136,600	\$	1,974,771	\$	(2,043,374)	\$	2,067,997
Total liabilities	\$	2,136,600	\$	1,974,771	\$	(2,043,374)	\$	2,067,997
Edenmoor Improvement District								
ASSETS								
Investments	\$	1,050,935	\$	1,098,910	\$	(1,281,409)	\$	868,436
Total assets	\$	1,050,935	\$	1,098,910	\$	(1,281,409)	\$	868,436
10141 400010	<u> </u>	1,000,000	Ψ	1,000,010	Ψ	(1,201,100)	Ψ	000,100
LIABILITIES								
Due to others	\$	1,050,935	\$	1,098,910	\$	(1,281,409)	\$	868,436
Total liabilities	\$	1,050,935	\$	1,098,910	\$	(1,281,409)	\$	868,436
Detention Center Inmates								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,171	\$	119,571	\$	(121,637)	\$	5,105
Total assets	\$	7,171	\$	119,571	\$	(121,637)	\$	5,105
LIABILITIES								
Due to others	\$	7,171	\$	119,571	\$	(121,637)	\$	5,105
Total liabilities	\$	7,171	\$	119,571	\$	(121,637)	\$	5,105
Employee Funds								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	164	\$	6,974	\$	(6,687)	\$	451
Total assets	\$	164	\$ \$	6,974	\$ \$	(6,687)	\$ \$	451
LIABILITIES								
Due to others	\$	164	\$ \$	6,974	\$	(6,687)	\$	451
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u> \$	164	\$	6,974	\$	(6,687)	\$	451

Totals	 June 30, 2013	 Increases	_	Decreases	 June 30, 2014
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,913,496	\$ 76,218,249	\$	(73,272,551)	\$ 10,859,194
Investments	21,954,473	3,395,621		(15,883,077)	9,467,017
Taxes receivable	510,703	4,449,112		(755,200)	4,204,615
Accounts receivable	611	6,780		(7,391)	-
Due from other governments	 -	2,260		<u>-</u>	 2,260
Total assets	\$ 30,379,283	\$ 84,072,022	\$	(89,918,219)	\$ 24,533,086
LIABILITIES					
Due to other taxing districts and agencies	\$ 23,561,804	\$ 69,916,556	\$	(75,513,873)	\$ 17,964,487
Due to others	 6,817,479	 14,155,466		(14,404,346)	 6,568,599
Total liabilities	\$ 30,379,283	\$ 84,072,022	\$	(89,918,219)	\$ 24,533,086

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES CLERK OF COURT AND MAGISTRATE COURT JUNE 30, 2014

		Collections	t	unt Remitted o County reasurer		unt Remitted to State reasurer	All	Amount ocated to n's Services
Clerk of Court								
Fines and Fees	\$	197,985	\$	54,301	\$	143,684	\$	_
Assessments	Ψ	15,543	Ψ	4,567	Ψ	10,976	Ψ	4,567
Surcharges		29,400		16,758		12,642		16,758
Totals	\$	242,928	\$	75,626	\$	167,302	\$	21,325
Magistrate Court								
Fines and Fees	\$	500,312	\$	465,302	\$	35,010	\$	_
Assessments	•	376,383	*	37,063	*	339,320	•	37,063
Surcharges		212,952		23,350		189,602		23,350
Totals	\$	1,089,647	\$	525,715	\$	563,932	\$	60,413
Solicitor Traffic Education								
Assessments	\$	1,540	\$	141	\$	1,399	\$	141
Totals	\$	1,540	\$	141	\$	1,399	\$	141
Family Court								
Fines and fees	<u>\$</u> \$	372,319	<u>\$</u> \$	168,604	\$	203,715	<u>\$</u> \$	-
Totals	\$	372,319	\$	168,604	\$	203,715	\$	-
Probate Court								
Fines and Fees	<u>\$</u> \$	132,908	\$	125,313	\$	7,595	\$	-
Totals	\$	132,908	\$	125,313	\$	7,595	\$	-
Victims' Assistance Balance for victims' assistance - beginning	of voor						\$	10,056
Balance for victims assistance - beginning	oi yeai						Ψ	10,030
Amounts allocated for victims' assistance - 7/1	/13 - 6/	30/14						81,878
Amounts from Town of Kershaw for victims' as	ssistanc	e - 7/1/13 - 6/3	80/14					2,661
Other amounts for victims' assistance - 7/1/13								277
Amounts spent for victims' assistance in fiscal	year 20	014						
from assessments and surcharges								
Salaries and benefits								(53,167)
Operating expenditures								(4,641)
Direct assistance to other agencies								(25,000)
Balance for victims' assistance - end of yea	r						\$	12,064

### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, required supplementary information, and supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	97 - 105
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understain	nd how the County's financial
performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	106 - 110
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Cou	ınty's most significant local
revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	111 - 114
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the afformation	ordability of the County's
current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue addi	tional debt in the future.
Demographic and Economic Information	115 and 116
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help th	e reader understand the
environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	117 - 119
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the rea	nder understand how the
information in the County's financial report relates to the services the C	ounty provides and the
activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the County's financial reports for the relevant year.

Note: During fiscal year 2008, it was determined that the Airport, Library, & Recreation functions did not meet the definition of a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes, therefore these entities are included with the County's governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual) beginning in fiscal year 2008 as Special Revenue Funds. During fiscal year 2014, it was determined that these functions no longer met the criteria for Special Revenue Funds and were therefore reclassified. The Library and Recreation functions were reclassified as departments within the General Fund and the Airport function was reclassified as a Proprietary fund. Prior years have not been restated in the statistical section.

# NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

										Fisc	al Ye	ear								
		2005		2006 <sup>1</sup>		2007		2008 <sup>2</sup>		2009 <sup>3</sup>		2010 <sup>4</sup>		2011		2012		2013		2014 <sup>5</sup>
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities	\$	8,318,341 3,384,709 6,674,834 18,377,884	\$ 	9,648,288 3,531,482 42,178,027 55,357,797	\$	16,075,000 3,739,087 25,374,209 45,188,296	\$ 	18,128,925 3,557,298 39,197,629 60,883,852	\$	27,608,973 3,668,396 21,506,800 52,784,169	\$	30,319,260 10,234,674 17,985,707 58,539,641	\$	37,890,060 13,025,845 15,336,956 66,252,861	\$	33,996,194 19,584,980 13,884,941 67,466,115	\$	36,831,933 24,325,103 16,314,803 77,471,839	\$	40,435,476 20,858,227 22,458,160 83,751,863
net position	Ф	10,377,004	Þ	55,357,797	Ф	45,188,298	Þ	00,003,002	<u> </u>	52,764,169	<u> </u>	38,339,641	Þ	00,232,801	<u> </u>	67,400,113	Ф	77,471,639	Ф	83,751,863
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,790,882
Unrestricted				<u>-</u>	_	-		-		-		-		-						(124,719)
Total business-type activities net position	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$		\$	3,666,163
Primary government																				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	8,318,341 3,384,709 6,674,834	\$	9,648,288 3,531,482 42,178,027	\$	16,075,000 3,739,087 25,374,209	\$	18,128,925 3,557,298 39,197,629	\$	27,608,973 3,668,396 21,506,800	\$	30,319,260 10,234,674 17,985,707	\$	37,890,060 13,025,845 15,336,956	\$	33,996,194 19,584,980 13,884,941	\$	36,831,933 24,325,103 16,314,803	\$	44,226,358 20,858,227 22,333,441
Total primary government net position	\$	18,377,884	\$	55,357,797	\$	45,188,296	\$	60,883,852	\$	52,784,169	\$	58,539,641	\$	66,252,861	\$	67,466,115	\$	77,471,839	\$	87,418,026

<sup>1</sup> The Sun City & Edenmoor Special Assessment Districts and the Bailes Ridge special source revenue bonds are included in net position beginning in fiscal year 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Edgewater II Improvement District is included in net position beginning in fiscal year 2008

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation is included in net position beginning in fiscal year 2009

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Capital Project Sales Tax Fund is included in net position beginning in fiscal year 2010

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The Airport Fund is included as an enterprise fund beginning in fiscal year 2014

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

										Fisca	ıl Ye	ear								
		2005		2006 <sup>1</sup>		2007 <sup>2</sup>		2008 <sup>3</sup>		2009 <sup>4</sup>		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
Expenses																				
Primary government:																				
Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	6,306,575	\$	7,483,550	\$	8,047,777	\$	, ,	\$	11,004,706	\$	10,832,346	\$	10,983,933	\$	13,494,007	\$	14,274,314	\$	11,299,133
Public safety		7,501,336		7,561,537		8,187,570		10,108,792		10,747,904		11,374,643		11,351,803		13,113,668		13,079,241		18,204,203
Public works		4,073,435		3,952,300		4,710,191		7,463,470		6,050,232		6,065,063		5,880,894		6,741,646		6,514,659		7,088,564
Other activities		7,198,909		26,306,466		39,672,844	_	25,912,261	_	26,872,414		18,466,148		17,543,807		17,490,004		15,897,654		19,076,859
Total governmental activities expenses		25,080,255		45,303,853		60,618,382	_	53,126,003	_	54,675,256		46,738,200		45,760,437		50,839,325		49,765,868		55,668,759
Business-type activities:																				
Airport		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		437,607
Total business-type activities expenses	_	-		-	_	-		-		-	_	-	_	-		-	_	-	_	437,607
Total primary government expenses		25,080,255	_	45,303,853		60,618,382		53,126,003		54,675,256		46,738,200		45,760,437		50,839,325		49,765,868		56,106,366
Program revenues Primary government: Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services																				
General government		1,895,518		4,048,551		5,322,718		4,472,351		2,521,991		2,649,811		2,715,439		2,758,959		4,003,901		5,937,198
Administration of justice		851,113		902,749		932,736		1,230,302		1,198,420		1,161,469		1,100,988		1,069,362		1,067,263		1,027,217
Public health and welfare		1,268,397		2,136,481		2,115,531		2,274,497		2,191,295		2,523,597		2,513,973		3,066,640		2,883,399		2,748,514
Other activities		374,316		431,714		1,490,708		1,628,022		1,574,402		1,835,658		1,866,566		2,273,170		2.171.849		2,310,502
Operating grants and contributions		2,877,672		49,655,511		8,133,234		31,083,768		2,775,364		6,378,143		4.556.750		4,163,480		4,346,939		9,593,044
Capital grants and contributions		305,907		564,598		2,664,827		832,855		5,555,897		946,405	_	2,123,502	_	352,064		3,273,685		807,784
Total governmental activities program revenues		7,572,923		57,739,604		20,659,754	_	41,521,795	_	15,817,369		15,495,083		14,877,218		13,683,675		17,747,036		22,424,259
Business-type activities: Charges for services																				470 707
Airport		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		173,727
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		50,393
Total business-type activities program revenues		-		-	_	-				-	_									224,120
Total primary government																				
program revenues		7,572,923		57,739,604		20,659,754		41,521,795		15,817,369		15,495,083		14,877,218		13,683,675		17,747,036		22,648,379

(Continued)

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

									Fisca	l Ye	ar								
	2005		2006 <sup>1</sup>		2007 <sup>2</sup>	_	2008 <sup>3</sup>		2009 4		2010		2011		2012	_	2013		2014 <sup>5</sup>
Net (expense) revenue																			
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (17,507,332	) \$	12,435,751	\$ (	39,958,628)	\$	(11,604,208)	\$	(38,857,887)	\$	(31,243,117)	\$	(30,883,219)	\$	(37,155,650)	\$	(32,018,832)	\$	(33,244,500)
Total primary government	(17,507,332	)	12,435,751	(	39,958,628)	_	(11,604,208)	_	(38,857,887)	_	(31,243,117)	_	(30,883,219)	_	(37,155,650)	_	(32,018,832)		(33,457,987)
General revenues and other changes in net position Primary government: Governmental activities:																			
Property taxes	14,174,358		16,682,253		18,007,222		19,646,513		23,375,134		24,531,262		26,039,328		26,759,326		27,805,777		30,138,854
Other taxes	1,132,826		1,414,470		1,197,417		1,387,257		1,482,296		6,728,510		7,798,566		8,579,956		9,220,550		10,759,834
Unrestricted grants and contributions	2,848,762		2,976,711		4,954,683		4,510,153		4,492,562		3,985,341		3,720,738		3,511,437		4,029,881		3,060,980
Unrestricted investment earnings	121,134		322,854		1,657,970		1,254,997		374,332		101,224		106,003		54,753		31,753		57,446
Other	156,735		3,147,874		(396,875)		500,844		1,033,880		1,652,252		931,804		(813)		936,595		-
Prior period adjustment Transfers	901,533		-		2,398,940		-		-		-		-		(535,755)		-		(40,000)
Total governmental activities general revenues and other changes in														-					,
net position	19,335,348		24,544,162		27,819,357	_	27,299,764		30,758,204		36,998,589		38,596,439	. —	38,368,904	_	42,024,556		43,977,114
Business-type activities: Unrestricted investment earnings																			
Transfers	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		40,000
Total business type activities general revenues and other																			40.000
changes in net position  Total primary government general	-		-							_			-	_					40,000
revenues and other changes in net position	\$ 19,335,348	\$	24,544,162	\$	27,819,357	\$	27,299,764	\$	30,758,204	\$	36,998,589	\$	38,596,439	\$	38,368,904	\$	42,024,556	\$	44,017,114
in not position	Ψ 10,000,010	_ Ψ	21,011,102	Ψ	21,010,001	Ψ	27,200,701	Ψ	00,700,201	Ψ	00,000,000	Ψ	00,000,100	Ψ	00,000,001	Ψ	12,02 1,000	Ψ	11,017,111
Change in net position Governmental activities Business-type activities	1,828,016		36,979,913	(	12,139,271)		15,695,556 -		(8,099,683)		5,755,472 -		7,713,220		1,213,254		10,005,724		10,732,614 (173,487)
Total primary government change in net position	\$ 1,828,016	\$	36,979,913	\$ (	12,139,271)	\$	15,695,556	\$	(8,099,683)	\$	5,755,472	\$	7,713,220	\$	1,213,254	\$	10,005,724	\$	10,559,127

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fiscal Year 2006 includes Sun City & Edenmoor Improvement Districts & Bailes Ridge Business Park.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Fiscal Year 2007 includes \$17,312,904 in expenditures for the Edenmoor Improvement District

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Fiscal Year 2008 includes revenues and expenditures related to the Edgewater II Improvement District

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Fiscal Year 2009 includes revenues and expenditures related to SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation

<sup>°</sup> Fiscal Year 2014 includes the Airport Fund as a business-type activity

# TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (ACCRUAL BASIS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	R	Real Property Tax (1)	\	/ehicle Tax	;	ocal Option Sales Tax roperty Tax	S	cal Option cales Tax Capital Projects	_	Road Improvement Fee Tax	 Other Taxes	 Total
2005	\$	9,221,739	\$	1,730,225	\$	3,222,394	\$	-	\$	808,047	\$ 324,779	\$ 15,307,184
2006		11,320,315		1,892,385		3,469,553		-		841,164	573,306	18,096,723
2007		12,265,925		1,883,051		3,858,246		-		888,345	309,073	19,204,640
2008		13,952,327		1,739,865		3,929,649		-		939,535	472,394	21,033,770
2009		17,724,858		1,876,027		3,774,249		-		959,633	522,663	24,857,430
2010		19,150,376		1,831,426		3,549,460		5,281,993		976,296	470,221	31,259,772
2011		19,991,538		1,810,435		4,237,355		6,385,293		996,417	416,856	33,837,894
2012		20,202,783		2,032,440		4,524,103		6,924,788		1,176,367	478,801	35,339,282
2013		20,732,179		2,223,687		4,849,911		7,225,680		1,522,254	472,616	37,026,327
2014		22,249,229		2,586,810		5,302,815		7,871,762		1,940,220	408,075	40,358,911

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes ad valorem, penalties, inventory tax, homestead, manufacturer exemption, and payments in-lieu-of tax

#### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

										Fisc	al Yea	ır								
		2005		2006 <sup>1</sup>		2007		2008 <sup>2, 3</sup>		2009 4		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
General Fund																				
Nonspendable	\$	905,391	\$	893,727	\$	899,882	\$	1,260,535	\$	752,723	\$	1,525,507	\$	446,265	\$	419,097	\$	465,876	\$	470,608
Restricted		1,357,623		1,450,634		1,546,591		1,087,506		1,029,032		814,990		1,425,506		1,925,029		1,949,398		1,757,465
Committed		-		-		-		383,204		341,269		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		52,794		1,906,949		1,252,516		327,277		111,903		88,054		131,705		216,329		1,238,174
Unassigned		5,645,672		10,221,736		13,626,979		13,672,743		15,461,511		13,940,414		15,727,979		13,905,577		14,812,691		16,940,776
Total General fund		7,908,686		12,618,891		17,980,401		17,656,504		17,911,812		16,392,814		17,687,804		16,381,408		17,444,294		20,407,023
All Other Governmental Funds																				
Nonspendable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	55,293	\$	52,900	\$	623,943	\$	561,127
Restricted	Ψ	2,027,086	Ψ	36,038,635	Ψ	12,685,898	Ψ	985,901	Ψ	5,337,669	Ψ	37,556,390	Ψ	24,983,673	Ψ	21,344,104	Ψ	18,472,163	Ψ	19,338,480
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-						-		-
Assigned		-		_		104,795		252,947		44,861		430,788		1,950		28,492		31,427		165,520
Unassigned		50,981		(907,184)		(238,492)		25,403,037		42,125,587		(4,644,209)		(1,523,198)		(1,037,704)		(925,102)		(723,233
Total all other governmental funds	\$	2,078,067	\$	35,131,451	\$	12,552,201	\$	26,641,885	\$	47,508,117	\$	33,342,969	\$	23,517,718	\$	20,387,792	\$	18,202,431	\$	19,341,894
Total all governmental funds	\$	9,986,753	\$	47,750,342	\$	30,532,602	\$	44,298,389	\$	65,419,929	\$	49,735,783	\$	41,205,522	\$	36,769,200	\$	35,646,725	\$	39,748,917

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fiscal Year 2006 includes Sun City & Edenmoor Improvement Districts & Bailes Ridge Business Park.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> During fiscal year 2008, it was determined that the Lancaster County Airport Commission, Lancaster County Library, & Joint Recreation Commission of Lancaster County did not meet the definition of a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, these entities are included with the County's financial statements beginning in fiscal year 2008. Prior years have not been restated in the statistical section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Fiscal Year 2008 includes fund balance related to the Edgewater II Improvement District

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Fiscal Year 2009 includes fund balance related to SCAGO Public Facilities Corporation

## CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

								Fisca	al Yea	ar							
	 2005	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013	2014
Revenues:																	
Taxes	\$ 15,297,672	\$ 17,986,185	\$	19,210,716	\$	20,976,717	\$	24,289,541	\$	30,975,180	\$	33,496,235	\$	35,868,567	\$	36,910,888	\$ 40,100,667
Licenses and permits	2,048,755	4,227,204		5,418,167		4,720,683		2,727,033		2,864,552		2,872,281		2,873,627		4,160,774	5,191,197
Intergovernmental	5,561,542	5,612,714		7,143,069		7,722,481		6,780,712		6,593,742		10,056,718		6,795,508		7,283,619	13,378,905
Charges for services	1,970,615	2,278,912		2,522,904		3,541,004		3,814,421		4,007,195		4,227,841		4,796,444		4,644,851	4,882,693
Fines, fees, and forfeitures	950,152	918,949		947,023		1,038,828		964,382		1,202,761		978,975		1,063,923		1,056,203	1,028,680
Interest income	125,034	544,821		1,964,141		1,360,491		383,775		99,235		103,219		52,522		29,211	57,446
Contributions and donations	393,053	464,458		379,263		2,324,810		468,171		218,121		364,502		361,223		525,936	351,666
Contributions from property owners	-	46,541,631		(4,988,640)		26,131,035		16,254		-,		-		-		-	-
Other	346,717	829,641		189,725		201,003		163,445		138,702		279,484		163,279		486,396	230,863
Total revenues	26,693,540	79,404,515		32,786,368	_	68,017,052	_	39,607,734	_	46,099,488	_	52,379,255	_	51,975,093		55,097,878	65,222,117
Expenditures:																	
General government	6,362,781	7,225,795		7,824,858		9,508,392		10,916,594		11,087,906		9,846,699		12,670,895		11,619,717	10,004,834
Administration of justice	1,297,475	1,350,238		1,355,332		2,588,256		4,667,838		15,155,605		18,559,715		2,765,385		1,709,906	1,823,021
Public safety	7,842,458	8,959,935		8,160,736		13,910,070		12,337,057		11,273,954		12,691,671		12,202,000		16,364,710	16,500,414
Public works	4,145,391	4,452,345		5,237,436		7,008,791		5,438,901		5,478,433		5,315,801		6,235,699		5,549,083	6,279,272
Public health and welfare	3,911,090	4,274,274		4,232,343		4,507,153		5,523,364		5,882,288		5,627,899		6,865,474		6,292,003	6,587,179
Culture and recreation	3,311,030	7,217,217		-,202,040		4,507,155		3,323,304		3,002,200		3,027,033		0,000,474		0,232,003	3,226,890
Economic development	154,973	19,697,038		20,492,644		18,819,783		14.647.485		5,497,672		3,186,407		3,422,632		1,954,572	5,517,505
Other	478,482	738,890		738,022		3,564,609		4,570,651		3,025,348		2,952,393		3,129,091		3,196,847	5,517,505
Capital outlay	1,284,308	730,030		730,022		64,488		4,370,031		3,059,750		1,858,927		819,921		133,297	3,101,804
Debt service	1,204,300	-		-		04,400		-		3,039,730		1,000,921		619,921		133,291	3,101,004
Principal retirement	1,198,520	1,740,020		1,886,886		2,132,673		2,004,577		2,135,256		6,623,744		6,840,461		7,203,729	7,515,489
Interest and other charges	723,953	654,713		721,550		621,290		1,370,994		2,538,338		2,582,333		2,517,241		2,274,282	2,009,580
· ·	 	 															 
Total expenditures	 27,399,431	 49,093,248		50,649,807	_	62,725,505	_	61,477,461	_	65,134,550		69,245,589		57,468,799		56,298,146	 62,565,988
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																	
over (under) expenditures	 (705,891)	 30,311,267		(17,863,439)		5,291,547	_	(21,869,727)		(19,035,062)		(16,866,334)	_	(5,493,706)		(1,200,268)	 2,656,129
Other financing sources (uses):																	
Transfer in	-	2,370,949		116,657		2,397,963		2,461,432		2,757,365		8,115,647		8,144,995		8,042,257	6,129,115
Transfer out	(207,310)	-		(116,657)		(2,397,963)		(2,461,432)		(2,757,365)		(8,115,647)		(8,144,995)		(8,042,257)	(6,169,115)
Issuance of debt - capital leases	1,203,504	2,152,320		645,700		-		2,338,851		605,000		-		1,020,000		-	226,000
Issuance of debt	· · ·	2,929,053		· -		7,463,709		43,040,000		2,502,721		10,660,000		· · ·		-	950,000
Premium on bond	_	, , , <u>-</u>		-		, , , <u>-</u>		1,302,907		, , , <u>-</u>		50,387		-		-	· -
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	-	-		-		_		(4,556,438)		-		(3,658,895)		_		_	-
Sale of capital assets	_	_		_		87,900		38,549		12,751		33,029		37,384		77,792	210,915
Special item - insurance recoveries	_	_		_		-		827,397		227,936		1.251.553					
Total other financing sources (uses)	996,194	7,452,322	_	645,700	_	7,551,609	_	42,991,266	_	3,348,408	_	8,336,074	_	1,057,384	_	77,792	1,346,915
Net change in fund balances	\$ 290,303	\$ 37,763,589	\$	(17,217,739)	\$	12,843,156	\$	21,121,539	\$	(15,686,654)	\$	(8,530,260)	\$	(4,436,322)	\$	(1,122,476)	\$ 4,003,044
Debt Service as a Percentage of																	
Noncapital Expenditures	 5.08%	 7.78%	_	5.21%		5.37%		5.30%		6.39%		10.64%		19.35%		18.85%	 16.73%

# TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	R	teal Property Tax (1)	\	/ehicle Tax	;	ocal Option Sales Tax roperty Tax Relief	S	cal Option Sales Tax Capital Projects	'	Road provement Fee Tax		Other Taxes	 Total
2005	\$	9,212,227	\$	1,730,225	\$	3,222,394	\$	-	\$	808,047	\$	324,779	\$ 15,297,672
2006		11,232,168		1,892,385		3,469,553	·	-		841,164	·	550,915	17,986,185
2007		12,249,611		1,883,051		3,858,246		-		888,345		331,463	19,210,716
2008		13,895,274		1,739,865		3,929,649		-		939,535		472,394	20,976,717
2009		17,156,969		1,876,027		3,774,249		-		959,633		522,663	24,289,541
2010		18,865,784		1,831,426		3,549,460		5,281,993		976,296		470,221	30,975,180
2011		19,649,879		1,810,435		4,237,355		6,385,293		996,417		416,856	33,496,235
2012		20,732,068		2,032,440		4,524,103		6,924,788		1,176,367		478,801	35,868,567
2013		20,616,739		2,223,687		4,849,911		7,225,680		1,522,254		472,617	36,910,888
2014		21,990,985		2,586,810		5,302,815		7,871,762		1,940,220		408,075	40,100,667

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes ad valorem, penalties, inventory tax, homestead, manufacturer exemption, and payments in-lieu-of tax

# GENERAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	_	Property Taxes	go	Inter- vernmental	Li	censes and Permits	_	Charges for Services	nes, Fees, and Forfeitures	 Other	To	tal Revenues	Oth	er Financing Sources	Rev	Grand Total enues Including her Financing Sources
2005	\$	13,182,936	\$	3,936,364	\$	2,048,755	\$	1,970,615	\$ 950,152	\$ 1,963,282	\$	24,052,104	\$	1,203,504	\$	25,255,608
2006		14,868,221		3,798,382		4,227,204		2,278,912	918,949	2,939,896		29,031,564		2,152,320		31,183,884
2007		16,233,182		3,804,301		5,418,167		2,314,704	944,729	2,364,295		31,079,378		645,700		31,725,078
2008		17,283,962		4,081,807		4,720,683		2,441,711	993,137	3,486,155		33,007,455		87,900		33,095,355
2009		18,511,312		3,885,211		2,727,033		2,638,151	914,503	1,658,131		30,334,341		2,392,400		32,726,741
2010		19,418,982		3,290,461		2,864,552		2,663,366	1,137,564	1,215,244		30,590,169		642,751		31,232,920
2011		20,838,835		3,046,929		2,872,281		2,746,015	908,198	1,242,945		31,655,203		564,670		32,219,873
2012		22,224,415		2,843,967		2,873,627		3,008,911	906,290	1,470,680		33,327,890		1,079,031		34,406,921
2013		24,410,433		3,303,561		4,160,774		2,816,174	893,708	831,362		36,416,012		102,792		36,518,804
2014		24,653,264		4,226,086		5,191,197		3,999,763	937,975	2,359,029		41,367,314		235,915		41,603,229

# GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	General Government	Administration of Justice	Public Safety & Law Enforcement	Public Works	Public Health & Welfare	Other	<u>D</u>	Debt Service (2)	Total Expenditures	Other Financing Uses	E In	Grand Total Expenditures cluding Other nancing Uses
2005	\$ 6,362,781	\$ 1,297,475	\$ 7,842,458	\$ 2,597,211	\$ 3,911,090	\$ 633,	455 \$	1,020,353	\$ 23,664,823	\$ -	\$	23,664,823
2006	7,041,917	1,350,238	8,792,702	3,257,399	4,274,274	845,	705	911,444	26,473,679	-		26,473,679
2007	7,237,294	1,355,332	7,996,671	3,543,650	4,158,251	1,125,	510	830,203	26,246,911	116,657		26,363,568
2008	8,707,826	1,444,667	9,297,736	5,132,361	4,478,572	1,218,	228	560,022	30,839,412	2,397,963		33,237,375
2009	10,019,189	1,471,056	8,360,088	4,011,450	5,500,232	430,	948	240,747	30,033,710	2,437,723		32,471,433
2010	10,186,854	1,496,411	8,302,504	4,155,822	5,747,912	569,	246	401,261	30,860,010	1,891,908		32,751,918
2011	8,987,853	1,524,894	8,448,119	3,676,752	5,281,791	547,	684	583,152	29,050,245	1,874,638		30,924,883
2012	11,380,053	1,527,651	9,465,049	4,231,933	6,418,803	245,	509	429,059	33,698,057	2,015,259		35,713,316
2013	9,817,196	1,693,101	10,676,053	4,137,879	5,901,039	828,	394	488,409	33,542,571	1,913,347		35,455,918
2014	9,943,242	1,823,021	12,229,972	4,328,763	6,168,796	3,734,9	54	492,823	38,721,571	40,000		38,761,571

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes only general funds. The E-911 fund was included in general funds for fiscal years 2004-2007.

<sup>(2)</sup> Does not include G.O. bonds.

## ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		 Real	Prop	perty	 Persona	al P	Property		Т	ota	I		
Year	Levy Year	 Assessed Value	_E	stimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Es	stimated Assessed Value	-	ssessed Value	E	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2005	2004	\$ 103,881,998	\$	2,077,639,960	\$ 69,500,928	9	733,697,829	\$	173,382,926	\$	2,811,337,789	6.17 %	76.50
2006	2005	112,399,925		2,247,998,500	68,955,351		727,381,423		181,355,276		2,975,379,923	6.10	86.50
2007	2006 (2)	157,645,060		3,152,901,200	71,731,401		819,867,905		229,376,461		3,972,769,105	5.77	71.50
2008	2007	172,404,224		3,448,084,480	74,291,673		867,419,977		246,695,897		4,315,504,457	5.72	75.90
2009	2008	201,753,816		4,035,076,320	71,159,910		836,636,602		272,913,726		4,871,712,922	5.60	82.20
2010	2009	211,761,152		4,235,223,040	69,692,917		810,346,262		281,454,069		5,045,569,302	5.58	80.90
2011	2010	215,604,040		4,312,080,800	66,175,793		770,986,505		281,779,833		5,083,067,305	5.54	83.60
2012	2011 (2)	221,005,620		4,420,112,400	70,046,034		822,060,950		291,051,654		5,242,173,350	5.55	83.00
2013	2012	223,980,320		4,479,606,400	74,846,481		883,965,916		298,826,801		5,363,572,316	5.57	85.10
2014	2013	231,213,120		4,624,262,400	79,072,239		946,454,939		310,285,359		5,570,717,339	5.57	90.41

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Lancaster County Auditor: Includes all assessments including fee-in-lieu, joint industrial park, and reimbursement assessments.

#### (2) Real property was reassessed.

Note: Real property in Lancaster County is reassessed once every four years (unless an extension is granted by Council) with a one year lag for implementation, unless there is a physical or legal change affecting the property. The county assesses real property at 4-6% (legal residency is 4%) of the appraised value. Personal property is assessed at 10.5% of market value, except railroads (9.5%), motor homes (6%) and motor vehicles (6%). The motor vehicle assessment ratio declined by .75% each year for the years of 2003 thru 2007.

# PROPERTY TAX MILLAGE RATES OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

								Ove	rlapping Rates	s (1)			
			Lancaste	er County		Lancaster	County Sch	nool District					
Levy Year				County Capital									Total Direct
Ended	Fiscal Year			Improvement					University of	Town of			and
December	Ended	County	County	and Court	Total	School	School	Total School	S.C.	Heath	Town of	City of	Overlapping
31	June 30	Operating	Debt	Security	County	Operating	Debt	District	Lancaster	Springs	Kershaw	Lancaster	Rates
2004	2005	70.80	5.70	-	76.50	143.50	38.50	182.00	3.50	-	78.80	147.00	487.80
2005	2006	76.50	5.00	5.00	86.50	143.50	38.50	182.00	3.50	-	78.80	150.00	500.80
2006	2007 (2)	64.00	3.50	4.00	71.50	119.00	38.50	157.50	3.00	-	64.80	137.00	433.80
2007	2008	66.50	5.40	4.00	75.90	123.50	43.50	167.00	3.10	-	64.80	140.00	450.80
2008	2009	66.70	8.00	7.50	82.20	128.50	43.50	172.00	3.30	-	64.80	143.50	465.80
2009	2010	66.70	6.70	7.50	80.90	133.50	38.50	172.00	3.30	-	69.30	143.50	469.00
2010	2011	68.40	7.60	7.60	83.60	136.75	38.50	175.25	3.40	-	70.90	143.50	476.65
2011	2012 (3)	68.40	7.20	7.40	83.00	140.00	43.50	183.50	3.60	-	69.90	143.50	483.50
2012	2013	71.40	6.10	7.60	85.10	140.00	47.00	187.00	3.80	-	72.10	149.70	497.70
2013	2014	75.65	7.16	7.60	90.41	145.00	43.00	188.00	3.95	-	75.00	154.70	512.06

Source: Lancaster County Auditor

<sup>(1)</sup> Overlapping rates are those of local governments that apply to property owners within Lancaster County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Lancaster County property owners (ex. the rates for the City of Lancaster apply only to the proportion of property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the City of Lancaster.)

<sup>(2)</sup> Real property was reassessed in fiscal years 2007 and 2012.

# PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2014							2005	
			Percentage of		-			Percentage of	
			<b>Total County</b>					<b>Total County</b>	
	Taxable Assesse	ed	Taxable		Taxal	ole Assessed		Taxable	
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Assessed Value	Taxes Paid (1)		Value	Rank	Assessed Value	Taxes Paid (1)
Duke Energy	\$ 8,194,51	0 1	2.64%	\$ 2,374,421	\$	6,851,530	2	3.95%	\$ 1,789,811
Lancaster Hospital Corp.	4,482,70	0 2	1.44%	1,753,948		3,535,800	4	2.04%	1,293,820
The Gillette Company	3,758,54	7 3	1.21%	1,649,676		5,827,595	3	3.36%	1,891,448
Haile Gold Mine Inc	1,923,68	5 4	0.62%	632,778					
Springland Associates	1,321,02	0 5	0.43%	512,301		1,883,250	5	1.09%	684,320
Lancaster Telephone Co.	1,443,47	0 6	0.47%	485,222		1,685,030	6	0.97%	521,791
Springs Global	1,496,78	7	0.48%	408,273		8,665,158	1	5.00%	2,225,060
IX WR 3023 HSBC WAP LP	1,316,73	2 8	0.42%	371,845				0.00%	
Lynches River Electric	1,300,15	0 9	0.42%	358,420		793,580	10	0.46%	201,343
Pulte Home Corp.	1,261,72	0 10	0.41%	330,958				0.00%	
Haile Gold Mine Inc									
Wells Real Estate									
Springmaid Federal Credit Union									
Belden Wire & Cable						1,183,039	7	0.68%	309,956
Cardinal Health						924,311	8	0.53%	242,168
Boral Bricks	-	_	_			829,160	9	0.48%	200,032
Total assessed value of									
ten largest taxpayers	\$ 26,499,31	4	8.54% <u> </u>	\$ 8,877,842	\$	32,178,453		18.56%	\$ 9,359,749
Total assessed value of all									
taxpayers	310,285,35	9	100.00%		1	73,382,926		100.00%	

# REAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

							 Collected v Fiscal Year o		Col	lections in		Total Collecti	ons to Date
Levy Year		Driginal Levy	A	djustments	Ac	Total Ijusted Levy	Amount	entage Levy	Su	bsequent Years	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2004	\$	7,317,411	\$	1,141,782	\$	8,459,193	\$ 8,140,090	96.23%	\$	305,582	\$	8,445,672	99.84%
2005		9,279,454		1,086,594		10,366,048	10,036,563	96.82%		308,003		10,344,566	99.79%
2006	•	11,116,412		179,300		11,295,712	10,837,919	95.95%		434,285		11,272,204	99.79%
2007	•	12,413,953		665,685		13,079,638	12,596,199	96.30%		451,664		13,047,863	99.76%
2008	•	16,324,750		(59,777)		16,264,973	15,243,682	93.72%		946,502		16,190,184	99.54%
2009		16,692,282		293,920		16,986,202	15,998,456	94.19%		813,777		16,812,233	98.98%
2010	•	18,177,916		(52,417)		18,125,499	16,954,909	93.54%		968,533		17,923,442	98.89%
2011		17,717,289		441,247		18,158,536	17,372,203	95.67%		628,347		18,000,550	99.13%
2012		18,086,112		(104,567)		17,981,545	17,297,322	96.19%		473,593		17,770,915	98.83%
2013		19,312,592		391,735		19,704,327	18,975,609	96.30%		-		18,975,609	96.30%

Source: Lancaster County Treasurer

Includes County Ordinary, County Debt, County Capital Improvement, & County Court Security

# VEHICLE PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

							Collected v		Col	ections in		Total Collecti	ons to Date
Levy Year	 Original Levy	Ad	justments	Ad	Total justed Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy	Su	bsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2004	\$ 1,482,117	\$	323,609	\$	1,805,726	\$	1,716,302	95.05%	\$	86,160	\$	1,802,462	99.82%
2005	1,486,566	·	297,910	·	1,784,476	·	1,703,928	95.49%	•	76,498	·	1,780,426	99.77%
2006	1,569,338		464,843		2,034,181		1,942,620	95.50%		87,118		2,029,738	99.78%
2007	1,270,405		407,527		1,677,932		1,607,309	95.79%		67,221		1,674,530	99.80%
2008	1,492,012		285,509		1,777,521		1,694,729	95.34%		78,759		1,773,488	99.77%
2009	1,763,319		233,583		1,996,902		1,916,851	95.99%		76,685		1,993,536	99.83%
2010	1,609,746		91,336		1,701,082		1,630,457	95.85%		67,814		1,698,271	99.83%
2011	1,718,915		256,613		1,975,528		1,903,400	96.35%		66,519		1,969,919	99.72%
2012	1,982,449		178,041		2,160,490		2,018,240	93.42%		74,898		2,093,138	96.88%
2013	2,212,716		219,232		2,431,948		2,275,933	93.58%		-		2,275,933	93.58%

Source: Lancaster County Treasurer

Includes County Ordinary, County Debt, County Capital Improvement, & County Court Security

# RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### **Governmental Activities**

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Faci Insta Puro	O Public lities Ilment chase le Bonds	Capital Leases	•	I Source ue Bonds	Лortgages Payable	Ant	Bond icipation e Payable	Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2005	\$ 9,975,000	\$	-	\$ 2,618,397	\$	-	\$ 224,907	\$	-	12,818,304	0.91%	203
2006	9,550,000		-	3,532,241	2,	973,658	153,956		-	16,209,855	1.09%	257
2007	9,115,000		-	2,800,930	2,	973,658	78,722		-	14,968,310	0.97%	209
2008	15,737,402		-	1,579,739	2,	973,658	-		-	20,290,799	1.25%	276
2009	14,764,408	38,	410,000	3,202,000	2,	973,658	-		-	59,350,066	3.39%	782
2010	15,778,340	38,	410,000	3,397,813	2,	733,658	-		-	60,319,811	3.31%	776
2011	21,278,707	34,	225,000	2,793,399	2,	524,245	-		875,000	61,696,351	4.25%	805
2012	19,840,000	29,	560,000	3,341,646	2,	795,000	-		875,000	56,411,646	3.75%	724
2013	18,325,000	24,	710,000	2,797,416	2,	510,000	-		865,500	49,207,916	3.10%	622
2014	17,506,450	19,	675,000	2,611,477	2,	210,000	-		818,000	42,820,927	2.55%	532

#### Notes:

Population data & personal income data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

### RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 Less: Amounts General Available i Obligation Debt Service Bonds Fund		Amounts vailable in bt Service	(	Net G.O. Bonds Dutstanding	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Debt Per Capita (2)
2005	\$ 9,975,000	\$	547,066	\$	9,427,934	0.34%	149
2006	9,550,000		532,516		9,017,484	0.30%	143
2007	9,115,000		445,571		8,669,429	0.22%	121
2008	15,737,402		410,030		15,327,372	0.36%	209
2009	14,764,408		542,831		14,221,577	0.29%	187
2010	15,778,340		435,498		15,342,842	0.30%	197
2011	21,278,707		488,649		20,790,058	0.41%	271
2012	19,840,000		696,917		19,143,083	0.37%	246
2013	18,325,000		571,773		17,753,227	0.33%	224
2014	17,506,450		572,689		16,933,761	0.30%	210

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data

<sup>(2)</sup> Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

# DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2014

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to County	Amount Applicable to County		
Direct debt: Lancaster County	\$ 42,820,927	100%	\$ 42,820,927		
Overlapping debt:					
City of Lancaster	115.158	100%	115,158		
Lancaster School District	90,193,667	100%	90,193,667		
Total overlapping debt	90,308,825		90,308,825		
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 133,129,752		\$ 133,129,752		

#### SOURCES:

Lancaster County Treasurer, City of Lancaster, and Lancaster County School District

#### NOTE:

All of the overlapping debt is issued by either school districts or municipalities whose geographic boundaries are wholly contained within the geographic boundary of the county. Therefore, the county's share of the overlapping debt is 100%. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Lancaster County, South Carolina. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay debt, the entire debt burden bourne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

## LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

							Fisca	l Yea	ar							
	2005	_	2006	_	2007	 2008	 2009		2010	_	2011		2012		2013	 2014
Debt Limit	\$ 13,926,453	\$	14,586,682	\$	18,405,935	\$ 18,474,600	\$ 20,861,043	\$	21,535,417	\$	21,508,152	\$	23,409,098	\$	22,713,718	\$ 23,580,100
Total Net GO Debt Applicable to Limit	9,427,934		9,017,484		8,669,429	15,327,372	14,221,577		12,842,843		18,380,058		16,828,083		15,538,227	14,818,761
Legal debt margin	\$ 4,498,519	\$	5,569,198	\$	9,736,506	\$ 3,147,228	\$ 6,639,466	\$	8,692,574	\$	3,128,094	\$	6,581,015	\$	7,175,491	\$ 8,761,339
Total Net GO Debt Applicable to the to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	67.70%		61.82%		47.10%	82.96%	68.17%		59.64%		85.46%		71.89%		68.41%	62.84%
											Legal Debt Ma	rgin	Calculation fo	r Fis	cal Year 2014	
											Assessed value Add back: exen Total assessed	npt N		ory (2	2)	 293,189,180 1,562,070 294,751,250
											Debt limit (8% o		, ,	3)		23,580,100
											Total general					17,506,450
													aside for repayr s not applicable			(572,689) (2,115,000)
													pplicable to limi		o debt iiiiii (4)	 14,818,761
											Legal debt mar				(5)	\$ 8,761,339

#### Notes:

- (1) Property value data can be found in the Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property schedule. Fee-in-lieu, joint industrial park, & reimbursement assessments are not included in the assessed value for debt limit calculation.
- (2) Business inventory is exempt from tax, but its 1987 assessed value of \$1,562,070 is included in the computation of the legal debt margin.
- (3) The legal debt limit is 8 percent of total assessed value.
- (4) GO bonds for the Pleasant Valley Fire District (2010A & 2010B) are not subject to the 8% debt limit. Special fire fees are assessed to pay this bond as approved by the voters.
- (5) The legal debt margin is the government's available borrowing under SC Code of Laws and is calculated by subtracting the debt applicable to the legal debt limit from the legal debt limit.

# DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	County Population (1)	Total Personal Income (in thousands) (1)		r Capita ersonal acome *	School Enrollment (2)	County Unemployment Rate (3)
2005	63,135	\$ 1,401,000	\$	22,191	10,888	8.2%
2006	63,113	1,486,000		23,545	10,876	9.6%
2007	71,723	1,542,045		21,500	11,023	8.8%
2008	73,393	1,620,517		22,080	11,171	10.1%
2009	75,913	1,752,832		23,090	11,274	19.1%
2010	77,767	1,822,945		23,441	11,508	16.4%
2011	76,652	1,450,946		18,929	11,401	15.3%
2012	77,908	1,504,248		19,308	11,378	13.0%
2013	79,089	1,588,503		20,085	11,554	10.8%
2014	80,458	1,681,492		20,899	11,581	6.6%

#### Sources:

- (1) Bureau of Census/SC Budget & Control Board Office of Research & Statistics/Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- (2) Lancaster County School District annual financial reports from previous fiscal year.
- (3) S.C. Department of Employment and Workforce

<sup>\*</sup>Statistics are based on calendar year ending December 31 prior to the fiscal year ending date.

# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2014			2005 (1	)
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Red Ventures	1,600	1	4.72%			0.00%
Lancaster County Schools	1,569	2	4.63%	1,414	2	5.09%
Lancaster County	840	3	2.48%	700	4	2.52%
Springs Memorial Hospital	700	4	2.07%	800	3	2.88%
Cardinal Health	695	5	2.05%	700	5	2.52%
Wal-Mart	671	6	1.98%	300	8	1.08%
Continental Tire	430	7	1.27%			
Duracell	425	8	1.25%	601	6	2.16%
Inspiration Ministries	310	9	0.91%			
USC-L	305	10	0.90%			
Springs Global				1,500	1	5.40%
Humana				400	7	1.44%
US Textile Corporation				300	9	1.08%
Founders Federal Credit Union				268	10	0.96%
Total	7,545	•	22.26%	6,983	•	25.14%
Total Labor Force	33,890			27,774		

Source: Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation and SC Department of Employment and Workforce

<sup>(1)</sup> Some items were estimated due to unavailability of data

### FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Government Administration	70.50	72.50	79.00	84.00	87.00	88.50	91.00	89.00	90.00	90.00
Administration of Justice	27.50	27.00	27.00	27.50	27.50	29.00	29.00	29.00	31.00	34.00
Culture & Recreation	40.50	43.00	43.00	46.00	54.00	57.50	55.00	55.00	56.00	58.00
Public Safety & Law Enforcement	131.50	127.50	135.50	140.00	152.00	165.50	166.00	172.00	187.00	210.00
Public Works	36.00	36.50	38.50	41.50	42.50	39.00	41.00	41.00	41.00	43.00
Public Health & Welfare	64.00	59.00	66.50	74.00	83.00	83.50	73.00	75.00	80.00	81.00
	370.00	365.50	389.50	413.00	446.00	463.00	455.00	461.00	485.00	516.00

Source: Lancaster County Finance Department payroll records and Lancaster County Library.

### **OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

_										
<u> </u>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Administration of Justice										
Clerk of Court general sessions cases disposed	1,824	1,792	1,257	1,591	1,550	2,224	1,654	1,541	1,910	1,929
Clerk of Court common pleas cases disposed	n/a	n/a	n/a	3,306	1,660	1,910	1,811	1,870	2,210	2,172
Family Court cases disposed	980	1,003	1,047	827	975	997	765	907	820	735
Magistrate Court										
Criminal Docket total cases filed	1,933	2,677	2,881	2,442	2,258	2,623	2,379	2,570	2,562	2,493
Traffic Docket total cases filed	8,082	8,158	10,388	10,162	11,163	9,025	8,402	9,562	9,933	11,209
Civil Docket total cases filed	2,260	2,294	2,371	2,237	2,535	2,314	2,181	2,335	2,149	2,348
Probate Court										
Estates opened	489	477	511	518	572	593	589	615	648	671
Estates disposed	415	430	385	474	487	560	492	596	545	633
Marriage license issued	541	589	482	509	509	481	472	476	469	509
Guardianship and/or conservatorships opened	27	35	28	30	25	27	35	19	25	14
Guardianship and/or conservatorships disposed	36	36	29	40	33	20	23	43	16	23
Mental and chemical commitment files opened	376	279	296	295	295	362	326	329	331	422
Mental and chemical hearings held	137	135	118	83	99	145	117	132	118	99
Public Safety & Law Enforcement										
Detention Center - Total number incarcerated (1)	3,318	3,605	3,594	4,160	3,851	3,519	3,427	2,938	3,477	3,366
Coroner - Total number of calls (1)	270	315	300	307	285	270	364	315	294	392
Fire Service - Total number of calls (1)	2,705	2,914	3,196	3,311	3,250	3,306	3,600	3,612	3,644	3,533
Sheriff Department (1)										
Criminal arrests	588	1,160	799	2,802	1,905	2,374	2,284	2,047	3,034	3,493
Traffic cases	570	1,821	1,145	4,177	4,115	4,405	3,388	1,977	2,810	3,081
Arrest warrants served	2,931	2,749	2,699	2,778	2,920	2,094	1,855	1,648	2,449	2,492
Fraudulent check warrants served	616	460	600	430	351	277	64	106	116	139
Public Works										
Roads - # of roads on which potholes were repaired	222	213	173	143	150	154	159	111	128	132
Solid Waste										
Tons of household/inert garbage disposed of	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	11,755
Tons of recyclables collected	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	735
Public Health & Welfare										
Animal Control										
Number of complaints responded to	2,616	2,543	2,575	2,538	2,495	4,503	4,292	4,812	5,618	3,634
Number of animals through shelter	5,332	5,154	5,146	5,042	4,771	4,611	4,462	4,896	4,338	3,611
EMS - Total number of calls (1)	9,946	10,263	11,046	10,637	11,452	12,289	13,334	12,313	12,497	12,530

Sources: Various county departments. Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function. Also, statistics were not available for FY05 thru FY07 for Clerk of Court common

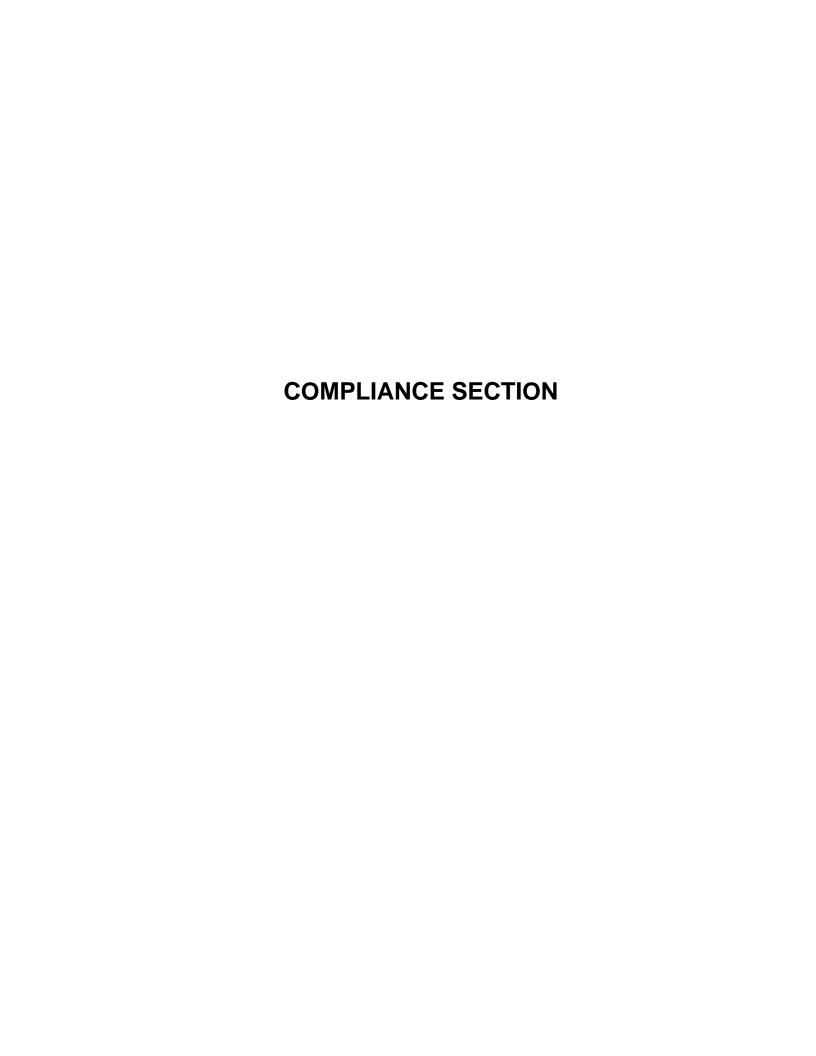
<sup>(1)</sup> Statistics are based on the calendar year ending December 31 prior to the fiscal year ending date

# CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Y	ear				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Function/Program										
Public safety and law enforcement										
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of police sub-stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	4	3
Number of police vehicles	87	96	85	90	112	112	116	111	116	123
Number of fire stations	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	18
Public works										
Miles of unpaved roads maintained	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	214.84
Miles of paved roads maintained	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	164.81
Public health and welfare										
Number of EMS stations	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8
Number of emergency vehicles	20	21	21	21	22	22	23	23	25	25
Culture and recreation										
Number of parks	9	10	11	13	13	13	13	13	15	15
Number of recreation centers	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of libraries	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3

Source: Various county departments

Note: Capital asset indicators are not available for the general government function or the administration of justice function. Public works statistics were not available for FY2005 thru FY2013.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Lancaster County Council of Lancaster County Lancaster, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lancaster County, South Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lancaster County, South Carolina's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2014. Our report includes a reference to the changes in accounting principle resulting from the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our report also includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Lancaster County Economic Development Corporation, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lancaster County, South Carolina's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lancaster County, South Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lancaster County, South Carolina's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2014-001 to be a material weakness.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lancaster County, South Carolina's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Lancaster County, South Carolina's Responses to Findings

Lancaster County, South Carolina's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Lancaster County, South Carolina's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia November 26, 2014



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Lancaster County Council of Lancaster County Lancaster, South Carolina

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lancaster County, South Carolina's (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the County's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014. The County's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

#### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia November 26, 2014

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Justice			
(Passed through the SC Department of Public Safety)			
Edward Byrne Memorial Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2013-DJ-BX-0130	\$ 12,849
Edward Byrne Memorial Assistance Grant Program	16.738	1G11038	94
Edward Byrne Memorial Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2011-DJ-BX-2400	182
Edward Byrne Memorial Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2012-DJ-BX-0814	5,911
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant			-,- : :
(JAG) Program	16.804	1G13009	148,624
Total Justice Assistance Grant Program Cluster			167,660
Create to Engagement Arrest Policies and Enforcement of			
Grants to Encourage Arrest Policies and Enforcement of	16 500	2011 WE AV 0017	44.540
Protection Orders Program	16.590	2011-WE-AX-0047	44,549
			44,549
Total U.S. Department of Justice			212,209
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
(Passed through the SC Emergency Management Division)			
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	11SHSP91	1,290
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	13SHSP53	51,933
, -			53,223
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	13EMPG01	53,896
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	12EMPG01	12,628
Emorgonoy Managomont i onormanoe Grante	07.012	1221111 001	66,524
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Reponse (SAFER)	97.083	EMW-2012-FH-00751	509,230
Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program	97.003	EMW-201-FO-01609	325,133
Assistance to Firelighters Grant Flogram	37.044	LIWW-201-1 O-01003	323,133
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			954,110
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
(Passed through the SC Department of Social Services)			
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	N/A	183,849
			183,849
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families - TANF Block Grant	93.558	N/A	16,446
Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster	00.000	,, .	16,446
, ,			
Child Care Development Fund	93.575	N/A	219
Total Child Care and Development Cluster			219
Medicaid Assistance Program	93.778	N/A	16,848
Total Medicaid Cluster			16,848
Social Services Block Grant Administration	93.667	N/A	6,952
Family Preservation (CWS Part II)	93.556	N/A	190
Child Welfare Services	93.645	N/A	424
ARRA - Foster Care	93.658	N/A	10,502
Other	N/A	N/A	3,739
		•	
			21,807

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
(Passed through the SC Department of Social Services)			
State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental			
Nutrition Assistance	10.561	N/A	17,658
Total Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Cluster			17,658
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			17,658
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-45-0034-0XX2014	24,858
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-45-0034-016-2012	20,496
			45,354
(Passed through the SC Department of Public Safety)	00.004	01140005#60 0044110 05 44	455 4 47
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grant	20.601	2H13035/K8-2014-HS-35-14	155,147 155,147
Total Highway Safety Cluster			155,147
(Passed through the SC Emergency Management Division)			
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training and			
Planning Grants	20.703	HM-HMP-0334-13-01-00	33,872
			33,872
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			234,373
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
(Passed through the SC Department of Commerce)			
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	4-C1-12-016	210,786
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	4-RP-11-003	52,500
Total Community Development Block Grant Cluster			263,286
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			263,286
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,920,805

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE I. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Lancaster County, South Carolina (the "County"), and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types and the accrual basis of accounting for the proprietary fund types. The County reporting entity is defined in Note 1. to the County's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### NOTE II. SUBRECIPIENTS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the County did not pass any funds through to subrecipients.

### NOTE III. NONCASH ASSISTANCE AND LOANS

There were no federal awards expended in the form of noncash assistance during the fiscal year. There were also no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weaknesses identified?		X yesno
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be	material weaknesses?	yes _X_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	?	yes <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards		
Internal Control over major programs:		
Material weaknesses identified?	yes <u>X</u> no	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be	yes _X_ none reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major	or programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reaccordance with OMB Circular A-133, Section 510(a)		yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Prog	
97.083	U.S. Department of Ho	omeland Security – Staffing for
	Adequate Fire and E	mergency Response (SAFER)
97.044	•	omeland Security – Assistance to
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A a	and Type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes <u>X</u> no

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

# SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

#### 2014-001. Classification of Special Revenue Funds

Criteria: Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 defines special revenue funds as funds that are used to account for the proceeds of resources that are restricted or committed for purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Additionally, the restricted or committed resources need to comprise a **substantial** portion of the inflows reported in the special revenue fund.

Condition: The County improperly included the Airport Fund, the Recreation Fund, and the Library Fund as special revenue funds as of June 30, 2013.

Context: We addressed this matter with County officials and they were able to determine that the Recreation Fund and the Library Fund should be reclassified as departments of the General Fund. Additionally, the County was able to determine that the Airport Fund should be reclassified as an enterprise fund.

Effect: A prior period adjustment to increase capital assets and increase net position in the amount of \$3,938,798 was required to be reported within the Airport Fund as of June 30, 2014. A prior period adjustment to decrease governmental activities net position and increase business-type activities net position in the amount of \$3,839,650 was required to be reported as of June 30, 2014. A prior period adjustment to decrease fund balance of the Other Governmental Funds in the amount of \$21,923, decrease net position of the Airport Fund in the amount of \$99,148, and increase fund balance of the General Fund in the amount of \$121,071, was required to be reported as of June 30, 2014.

Cause: Funds that did not meet the definition of Special Revenue Funds as defined under GASB 54 were being included as such.

Recommendation: We recommend the County implement procedures to ensure that funds are properly classified.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: We concur. We will establish procedures to ensure that all special revenue funds meet the established criteria.

# SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

# SECTION IV SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None reported.