HERTFORD COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

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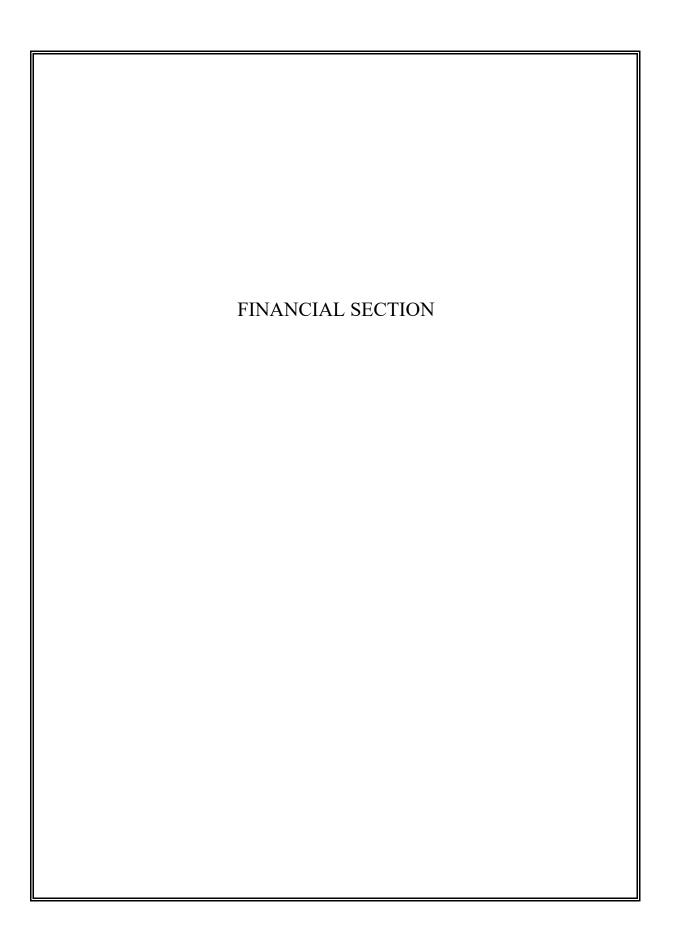
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of County Commissioners Hertford County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hertford County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hertford County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Hertford County ABC Board. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Hertford County ABC Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Hertford County ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based upon on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hertford County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and County Contributions, the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and County Contributions, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, and the Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on pages 4 through 11 and 62 through 68, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Hertford County, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 4, 2021, on our consideration of Hertford County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hertford County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Rice, Seatt, adame & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Whiteville, NC January 4, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

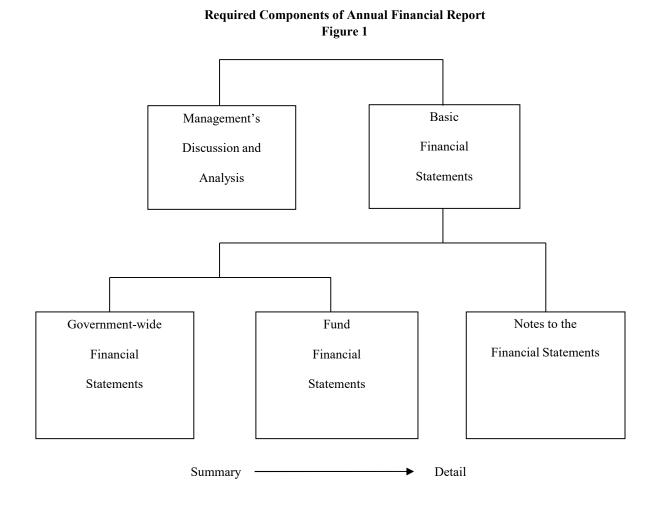
As management of Hertford County, we offer readers of Hertford County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Hertford County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Hertford County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$22,144,376 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$2,595,886, primarily due to an increased net position in the Governmental Activities of \$2,011,958 and an increase in the Business-Type Activities of \$583,928.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Hertford County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,793,881, an increase of \$4,725,375 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 39.81 percent of this total amount, or \$6,287,630, is restricted or nonspendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,857,892 or 20.09 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Hertford County's total debt increased by \$4,575,631 during the current fiscal year. The key factor is due largely to new debt issuance for school construction and water construction exceeding debt service payments for the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Hertford County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Hertford County.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's non-major governmental funds and internal service funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's pension and benefit plans.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the total of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and solid waste services offered by Hertford County. The final category is the component units. Although legally separate, component units are important because the County is financially accountable for these entities. The County has one component unit, the Hertford County ABC Board, that is reported as a discretely presented component unit.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Hertford County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Hertford County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Hertford County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Hertford County has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Hertford County uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity and for its sanitation operations. These funds are the same as those separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Hertford County has five fiduciary funds: the Social Services Fund for benefit of certain individuals; the Inmates Money Fund for funds of inmates held by the County for their personal expenses; the Fines and Forfeitures Fund for funds collected by the County and remitted to the Hertford County Board of Education; the Tax Fund which accounts for taxes and fees collected by the County for the municipalities and special districts located within the county; and the Cooperative Extension Trust which accounts for the activity for Cooperative Extension activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 24 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. Hertford County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$22,144,376 as of June 30, 2020. One of the largest portions, \$15,933,803 (71.95%) reflects the County's net investment in its capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). Hertford County uses these capital assets to provided services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Hertford County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of Hertford County's net position \$6,287,630 (28.39%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining deficit balance of \$77,057 is unrestricted.

	Governmental Activities					Busin		T. ()				
			viti		Activities				Total			
		2020		2019		2020		2019	2020		2019	
Current and other assets	\$	18,473,354	\$	12,861,731	\$	4,907,206	\$	3,882,277	\$ 23,380,560	\$	16,744,008	
Capital assets		24,700,601		22,881,685		12,394,520		12,449,352	37,095,121		35,331,037	
Total assets		43,173,955		35,743,416		17,301,726		16,331,629	60,475,681		52,075,045	
Deferred outflows of resources		2,477,625		2,310,456		115,490		110,161	2,593,115		2,420,617	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		29,547,949		24,630,549		7,362,280		6,772,458	36,910,229		31,403,007	
Other liabilities		1,840,923		908,155		336,452		520,191	2,177,375		1,428,346	
Total liabilities		31,388,872		25,538,704		7,698,732		7,292,649	39,087,604		32,831,353	
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,744,936		2,009,354		91,880		106,465	1,836,816		2,115,819	
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets		9,119,524		11,317,740		6,814,279		6,491,610	15,933,803		17,809,350	
Restricted		6,287,630		3,187,812		-		-	6,287,630		3,187,812	
Unrestricted		(2,889,382)		(3,999,738)		2,812,325		2,551,066	(77,057)		(1,448,672)	
Total net position	\$	12,517,772	\$	10,505,814	\$	9,626,604	\$	9,042,676	\$ 22,144,376	\$	19,548,490	

HERTFORD COUNTY'S NET POSITION Figure 2

Several particular aspects of the County's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Slight increase in tax collection percentages;
- Continued recognition of OPEB liability, including adoption of GASB 75;
- Implementation of pension standards;

HERTFORD COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION Figure 3

	Governmental				Business-type				T . 1		
		Activ	vities				vities			otal	2010
		2020		2019		2020		2019	2020		2019
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	2,214,614	\$	2,174,580 \$	5	2,989,779	\$	2,652,041 \$	5,204,393	\$	4,826,621
Operating grants and											
contributions		3,819,093		3,620,198		-		-	3,819,093		3,620,198
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		174,473		-	174,473		-
General revenues:											
Property taxes		14,103,802		14,173,766		-		-	14,103,802		14,173,766
Local option sales tax		5,477,660		5,107,114				-	5,477,660		5,107,114
Other taxes		221,518		232,951		-		-	221,518		232,951
Unrestricted grants and											
contributions		96,213		95,830		-		-	96,213		95,830
Investment Earnings		118,322		154,619		45,103		67,285	163,425		221,904
Miscellaneous		134,116		30,666		46,812		62,316	180,928		92,982
Total revenues		26,185,338		25,589,724		3,256,167		2,781,642	29,441,505		28,371,366
Expenses:											
General government		4,483,313		4,761,824		-		-	4,483,313		4,761,824
Public safety		8,028,566		8,055,377		-		-	8,028,566		8,055,377
Transportation		30,300		30,300		-		-	30,300		30,300
Economic and physical development		339,869		387,907		-		-	339,869		387,907
Human services		5,674,822		5,608,583		-		-	5,674,822		5,608,583
Cultural and recreation		105,942		105,942		-		-	105,942		105,942
Education		5,711,803		6,186,533		-		-	5,711,803		6,186,533
Interest on long-term debt		382,876		396,082		-		-	382,876		396,082
Sanitation		-		-		1,333,389		1,144,130	1,333,389		1,144,130
Water and sewer		-		-		1,338,850		1,331,006	1,338,850		1,331,006
Total expenses		24,757,491		25,532,548		2,672,239		2,475,136	27,429,730		28,007,684
Increase in net position before transfers											
and special items		1,427,847		57,176		583,928		306,506	2,011,775		363,682
Special Items		584,111		-		-		-	584,111		-
Transfers		-		(6,945)		-		6,945	-		-
Increase in net position		2,011,958		50,231		583,928		313,451	2,595,886		363,682
Net position, July 1		10,505,814		10,455,583		9,042,676		8,729,225	19,548,490		19,184,808
Net position, June 30	\$	12,517,772	\$	10,505,814 \$	6	9,626,604	\$	9,042,676 \$	22,144,376	\$	19,548,490

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$2,011,958. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• Charges for services increased by \$40,034 and local option sales tax increased in the amounts of \$370,546.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased Hertford County's net position by \$583,928 over the prior year. The key elements of this increase are as follows.

- Even though expenditures increased, charges for services increased by \$337,738.
- Capital Contributions of \$174,473.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Hertford County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Hertford County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Hertford County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Hertford County. At the end of the current fiscal year, Hertford County's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$9,533,061, while total fund balance reached \$12,179,301. The Governing Body of Hertford County has determined that the County should maintain an available fund balance of 8% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the County. The County currently has an available fund balance of 39.43% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 50.38% of that same amount.

At June 30, 2020, the governmental funds of Hertford County reported a combined fund balance of \$15,793,881, a 42.69% increase over last year. The primary reasons for this increase was a significant increase in property tax revenue and local option sales tax revenue.

There were other variances reflected in the governmental fund financial statements for 2020.

• Our 2020 overall collection rate is 96.65%, lower than the state average, but higher than the prior year rate of 96.37%.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Total amendments to the General Fund increased the budget by \$1,345,751 or 5.20 percent.

Proprietary Funds. Hertford County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Sanitation Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$181,324 and those for the Water and Sewer Districts equaled \$2,631,001. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of Hertford County's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Hertford County's capital assets for its governmental and business – type activities as of June 30, 2020, totals \$37,095,122 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, water lines, land, machinery and equipment, facilities, and vehicles.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4											
		nmental		. 1							
	Acti	vities	Acti	<u>vities</u>	10	otal					
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019					
Land and Improvements	\$ 482,083	\$ 482,083	\$ 44,317	\$ 44,317	\$ 526,400	\$ 526,400					
Construction in Progress	2,538,174	-	1,280,190	1,006,983	3,818,364	1,006,983					
Buildings and Improvements	19,928,822	20,309,450	297,895	311,263	20,226,717	20,620,713					
Plant and Distribution Systems	1,441,187	1,676,446	10,519,533	10,858,638	11,960,720	12,535,084					
Equipment	310,335	413,706	199,385	203,898	509,720	617,604					
Vehicle and Motor Equipment	-	-	53,201	24,253	53,201	24,253					
Total	\$24,700,601	\$22,881,685	\$ 12,394,521	\$ 12,449,352	\$37,095,122	\$ 35,331,037					

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note III(a)(5) on pages 36-39.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2020, Hertford County had total debt outstanding of \$36,910,229 of which \$14,097,738 is bonded debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Hertford County's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

		imental vities		ess-type vities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 8,517,497	\$ 9,167,289	\$ 5,580,241	\$ 5,957,742	\$14,097,738	\$ 15,125,031	
Installment Purchases	7,063,580	2,396,656	-	-	7,063,580	2,396,656	
Revenue Bonds	-	-	936,000	-	936,000	-	
Compensated Absences	544,835	536,463	40,944	41,212	585,779	577,675	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	2,390,349	2,421,438	118,276	119,816	2,508,625	2,541,254	
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	721,867	680,289	-	-	721,867	680,289	
Landfill closure payable	-	-	113,834	129,688	113,834	129,688	
Net OPEB liability	10,309,821	9,428,414	572,985	524,000	10,882,806	9,952,414	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$29,547,949	\$24,630,549	\$ 7,362,280	\$ 6,772,458	\$36,910,229	\$ 31,403,007	

During the past fiscal year, Hertford County's total debt increased by \$5,507,222 or 17.54 percent. General obligation debt of \$649,792 was retired in governmental activities and \$377,501 in the business-type activities.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. Hertford County's debt limit is \$117,392,830.

Additional information regarding Hertford County's long-term debt can be found in Note III(a)(8) beginning on page 55 of this audited financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the current conditions of the County.

- The County's top ten taxpayers have an assessed valuation of \$217,749,550, which reflects 15.55% of the total assessed value. These top ten taxpayers remain sound and viable industries with property values remaining steady.
- Hertford County has managed to maintain the same level of service and funding for key agencies such as public schools, social services & community college, doing so while maintaining a fund balance above the recommended percentage issued by the Local Government Commission.
- In spite of the worldwide economic implications of the COVID-19 pandemic, Hertford County has remained financially stable due to prudent planning and investments. Further, the County continues to exercise conservative revenue projections to ensure our long-term financial viability. As a result, the County has been able to maintain service levels within the constraints of the financial impact of the pandemic.

Budget Highlights for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Government Activities: The County adopted Fiscal Year 2021 general fund budget in the amount of \$26,782,157, which represents a three percent increase over last year's adopted budget due largely in part to an increase in operational expenses as well as debt service payments.

Business-type Activities: The Rural Water Districts and Solid Waste Department continue to operate as viable enterprise funds. Hertford County continues to invest in our community's future by expanding and improving our infrastructure. As well, we diligently monitor the utility and service fees to ensure consonance between adequately funding the operational/capital costs and the reasonableness of the fees charged to our customers.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to David Cotton, County Manager, Hertford County Government Center 115 Justice Drive, Suite 1, Winton, North Carolina 27986. You can also call (252) 358-7805, visit our website at www.hertfordcountync.gov, or send an email to hertford.county@hertfordcountync.gov for more information.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Р	rimary Government		Component Unit		
	Governmental	Business-type		Hertford County		
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	ABC Board		
ASSEIS						
Cash and cash investments	\$ 8,373,459	\$ 4,201,835	\$ 12,575,294	\$ 368,802		
Taxes receivable	771,819	-	771,819	-		
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	105,861	-	105,861	-		
Accounts receivables (net)	301,413	503,010	804,423	-		
Due from other governments Internal balances	2,373,175	64,561	2,437,736	-		
Net pension asset	30,318	-	30,318	-		
Inventory	-	24,744	24,744	331,657		
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	9,325		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	6,517,309	113,056	6,630,365	-		
Capital assets: Land, improvements, and						
construction in progress	3,020,257	1,314,505	4,334,762	113,708		
Other capital assets, net of	, -,	, ,	· ····	-). • •		
depreciation	21,680,344	11,080,015	32,760,359	238,525		
Total capital assets	24,700,601	12,394,520	37,095,121	352,233		
Total assets	43,173,955	17,301,726	60,475,681	1,062,017		
	<u></u>					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,477,625	115,490	2,593,115	47,412		
LIABILITIES	1 155 540	105.005	1 2 5 2 5 7 7	(0.4 7 0		
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	1,155,540	197,027	1,352,567	60,459		
Customer deposits	25,000	109,350	134,350	-		
Unspent CARES Act Funding	534,366	-	534,366			
Accrued interest payable	126,017	30,075	156,092	-		
Due to primary government	-	-	-	-		
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	2,214,963	413,908	2,628,871	-		
Due in more than one year	27,332,986	6,948,372	34,281,358	468,853		
Total long-term liabilities	29,547,949	7,362,280	36,910,229	468,853		
Total liabilities	31,388,872	7,698,732	39,087,604	529,312		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,744,936	91,880	1,836,816	66,418		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	9,119,524	6,814,279	15,933,803	352,233		
Stabalization by State Statute	2,661,168	_	2,661,168	-		
Register of Deeds	16,685	-	16,685			
Public Safety	10,005	-	10,005	-		
Human Services	571,768	-	571,768	-		
Education	3,038,009	-	3,038,009			
Working Capital	3,038,009	-	3,038,009	85 104		
	-	-	-	85,496		
Capital Improvements Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,889,382)	2,812,325	(77,057)	75,970		
Total net position	\$ 12,517,772	\$ 9,626,604	\$ 22,144,376	\$ 513,699		
rotar net position	ψ 12,317,772	φ 9,020,004	\$ 22,1 44 ,370	φ 515,099		

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
]	Primary Governm	ent		Comp	onent Unit
Functions/Programs	Exp	enses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total		ord County C Board
Primary government:														
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$ 4	,483,313	\$	407,117	\$	-	\$	- \$	(4,076,196)	\$ -	\$	(4,076,196)	\$	
Public safety	8	3,028,566		1,657,205		433,463		-	(5,937,898)	-		(5,937,898)		
Transportation		30,300		-		-		-	(30,300)	-		(30,300)		
Economic and physical development		339,869		2,700		30,835		-	(306,334)	-		(306,334)		
Human services	5	674,822		147,592		3,354,795		-	(2,172,435)	-		(2,172,435)		
Cultural and recreation		105,942		-		-		-	(105,942)	-		(105,942)		
Education	5	5,711,803		-		-		-	(5,711,803)	-		(5,711,803)		
Interest on long-term debt		382,876		-		-		-	(382,876)	-		(382,876)		
Total governmental activities	24	,757,491		2,214,614		3,819,093			(18,723,784)	-		(18,723,784)		
Business-type activities:														
Sanitation	1	,333,389		1,352,498		-		-	-	19,109		19,109		
Water and Sewer	1	,338,850		1,637,281		-	174,4	73	-	472,904		472,904		
Total business-type activities		2,672,239		2,989,779		-	174,4		-	492,013		492,013		
Total primary government		,429,730		5,204,393		3,819,093	174,4	73	(18,723,784)	492,013		(18,231,771)		
Component Units:														
ABC Board	2	2,169,153		2,222,895		-		-	-	-		-		53,742
Total component units		2,169,153	\$	2,222,895	\$	-	\$		-	-		-		53,742
	General r	evenues.												
	Taxes:													
				for general pu	rpose				14,103,802	-		14,103,802		
		l option sal	es tax						5,477,660	-		5,477,660		
		r taxes							221,518	-		221,518		
				s, not restricted	l to spec	ific programs			96,213	-		96,213		
		nent earnin	gs, un	restricted					118,322	45,103		163,425		2,20
		Assets							-	-		-		
		laneous, un	restric	ted					134,116	46,812		180,928		34,58
	Transfers								-	-		-		
		tem (see No							584,111			584,111		
	То	e		ues, special iter	ms, and	transfers			20,735,742	91,915		20,827,657		36,79
		Change ir		osition					2,011,958	583,928		2,595,886		90,53
	Net posit	ion, beginn	ing						10,505,814	9,042,676		19,548,490		423,16
	Net posit	ion, ending						¢	12,517,772	\$ 9,626,604	\$	22,144,376	\$	513,69

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Hertford County, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	G	Major eneral Fund	Non-Major Other wernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Taxes receivable Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments Due from other funds	\$	7,798,033 3,013,214 762,709 291,274 2,354,966	\$ 575,426 3,504,095 9,110 10,139 18,209	\$	8,373,459 6,517,309 771,819 301,413 2,373,175
Total assets	\$	14,220,196	\$ 4,116,979	\$	18,337,175
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	662,251	\$ 493,289	\$	1,155,540
Unspent CARES Act Funding Deposits		534,366 25,000	-		534,366 25,000
Total liabilities		1,221,617	 493,289		1,714,906
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		819,278	 9,110		828,388
Fund balances: Restricted: Stabilization by State Statute		2,646,240	14,928		2,661,168
Register of Deeds Human Services		16,685			16,685
Public Safety Education Commited:		-	571,768 3,038,009		571,768 3,038,009
Revaluation Capital Reserve Assigned:		94,300 2,877,228	-		94,300 2,877,228
Subsequent year's expenditures General Fund Unassigned:		1,686,956	-		1,686,956
General Fund Capital projects fund		4,857,892	(10,125)		4,857,892 (10,125)
Total fund balances		12,179,301	 3,614,580		15,793,881
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	f 	14,220,196	\$ 4,116,979	\$	18,337,175

Hertford County, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Total equity and other credits (Exhibit 3)	\$ 15,793,881
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	24,700,601
Net Pension Asset	30,318
Contributions to pension plans in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	593,061
Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	297,957
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements but not the fund statements - pension related deferrals	1,003,553
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements but not the fund statements - OPEB related deferrals	553,644
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	29,410
Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as unearned revenue in the government-wide statements as these funds are not available and therefore deferred in the fund statements	105,861
Net pension liability	(2,390,349)
Net OPEB liability	(10,309,821)
Total pension liability	(721,867)
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes receivable	771,819
Pension related deferrals	(123,356)
OPEB related deferrals	(1,565,011)
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements	(16,251,929)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	\$ 12,517,772

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Major	Non-Major Other	Total
	General Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Ad valorem taxes Local option sales taxes Other taxes and licenses	\$ 14,014,905 5,443,040 221,518	\$ 96,720 34,619	\$ 14,111,625 5,477,659
Unrestricted intergovernmental	96,213	-	221,518 96,213
Restricted intergovernmental Permits and fees	3,859,280 233,214	86,809	3,946,089 233,214
Sales and services Investment earnings Miscellaneous	1,799,771 100,079 188,750	18,243	1,799,771 118,322 188,750
Total revenues	25,956,770	236,391	26,193,161
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Current: General government	4,171,922		4,171,922
Public safety	6,901,164	338,884	7,240,048
Transportation	30,300	-	30,300
Economic and physical development Human services	325,622	-	325,622
Human services Cultural and recreational	5,598,572 105,016	-	5,598,572 105,016
Education	5,711,803	-	5,711,803
Capital Outlay Debt service:	-	1,954,063	1,954,063
Principal	958,077	-	958,077
Interest and other charges	372,363		372,363
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	24,174,839	2,292,947	26,467,786
expenditures	1,781,931	(2,056,556)	(274,625)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in from other funds	-	-	-
Transfers out to other funds	-	-	-
Debt proceeds Proceeds from debt		5,000,000	5,000,000
Total other financing sources and uses		5,000,000	5,000,000
Net change in fund balance	1,781,931	2,943,444	4,725,375
Fund Balances, beginning	10,397,370	671,136	11,068,506
Fund Balances, ending	\$ 12,179,301	\$ 3,614,580	\$ 15,793,881

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities on Exhibit 2 are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$	4,725,375
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over the life of the asset.		2,299,824
Capital outlay expenditures from the prior year associated with Ahoskie Elementary School Per debt requirements, the County must hold title to the building until the associated debt is part off.		584,111
		504,111
The allocation of the costs of assets over the life of the assets through depreciation is not a current financial use in the funds; therefore, depreciation expense is not recorded in these statements.		(1,050,887)
Cost of assets sold and disposed of not recorded in the fund statements		(14,132)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and installment debt) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.		(4,041,923)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	of	593,061
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA are deffered outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		29,410
Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources of the Statement of Net Position	on	297,957
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		(1,427,807)
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources a not recorded as revenues in the fund statements	ure	16,969
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	2,011,958

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund							
		Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes Local option sales tax Other taxes and licenses Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental Permits and fees	\$	13,679,411 5,042,000 219,796 100,000 3,281,700 194,000	\$	13,781,011 5,042,000 219,796 100,000 4,205,776 194,000	\$	14,014,905 5,443,040 221,518 96,213 3,859,280 233,214	\$	233,894 401,040 1,722 (3,787) (346,496) 39,214
Sales and services Investment earnings Miscellaneous	_	1,766,898 150,000 87,435	_	1,787,139 150,000 112,673		1,799,771 100,079 188,750		12,632 (49,921) 76,077
Total revenues		24,521,240		25,592,395		25,956,770		364,375
Expenditures								
Current: General government		4,524,275		4,641,344		4,143,122		498,222
Public safety Transportation		7,266,640 30,300		8,096,128 30,300		6,901,164 30,300		1,194,964
Economic and physical development Human services Cultural and recreational		354,280 5,578,785 105,016		397,590 6,015,048 105,016		325,622 5,598,572 105,016		71,968 416,476 -
Education Debt service Contingency		5,370,292 1,342,580 100,000		5,370,292 1,342,580 18,787		5,275,209 1,330,440		95,083 12,140 18,787
Total expenditures		24,672,168	_	26,017,085		23,709,445		2,307,640
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(150,928)		(424,690)		2,247,325		2,672,015
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers to other funds Appropriated fund balance Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,308,400) 1,459,328 150,928		(1,314,757) <u>1,739,447</u> 424,690		(1,352,454)		(37,697) (1,739,447) (1,777,144)
Net Change in fund balance	\$		\$			894,871	\$	894,871
Fund balance. beginning			_			8,312,902	_	
Fund balance, ending					\$	9,207,773		
A legally budgeted School Capital Reserve Fund, Reserve Fund, and Revaluation Fund were con- into the General Fund for reporting purposes:								
Sales tax Education - Capital Outlay Transfers to Other Funds						- (436,594) -		
Transfers from General Fund Expenses - General Government Fund balance, Beginning Fund Balance, Ending (Exhibit 4)					\$	1,352,454 (28,800) 2,084,468 12,179,301		

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

		MAJOR		NON-MAJOR		
	Northern	Southern Water	Tunis Sewer	Sanitation		
	Water District	District	District	Fund	Totals	
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,004,566	\$ 1,751,122	\$ 115,758	\$ 330,389	\$ 4,201,835	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	38,531	74,525	-	-	113,056	
Receivables (net)	54,684	141,620	31,879	274,827	503,010	
Due from other funds	-	1,359,000	-	-	1,359,000	
Due from other governments	36,649	12,234	367	15,311	64,561	
Inventory	6,928	17,816	-	-	24,744	
Total current assets	2,141,358	3,356,317	148,004	620,527	6,266,206	
Non-current assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land, improvements and						
construction in progress	1,280,188	-	11,271	23,046	1,314,505	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	2,775,225	6,286,184	1,787,876	230,730	11,080,015	
Total capital assets	4,055,413	6,286,184	1,799,147	253,776	12,394,520	
Total non-current assets	4,055,413	6,286,184	1,799,147	253,776	12,394,520	
Total assets	6,196,771	9,642,501	1,947,151	874,303	18,660,726	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	34,203	50,352		30,935	115,490	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	19,032	4,625	49	151,139	174,845	
Customer deposits	34,825	74,525	49	151,159	109,350	
Accrued interest payable	13,371	15,576	1,128	-	30,075	
Compensated absences	3,473	2,436	1,120	4,327	10,236	
Accrued payroll	2,605	6,925	-	12,652	22,182	
Due to other funds	1,359,000	0,925	_	-	1,359,000	
Revenue bonds payable	16,000	_			16,000	
General obligation bonds payable	122,597	259,075	6,000	-	387,672	
Total current liabilities	1,570,903	363,162	7,177	168,118	2,109,360	
Noncurrent liabilities:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · ·	
Net pension liability	23,988	61,265	-	33,023	118,276	
Compensated absences	10,419	7,308	-	12,981	30,708	
Revenue bonds payable	920,000	-	-	-	920,000	
General obligation bonds payable	1,578,289	3,335,280	279,000	-	5,192,569	
Net OPEB obligation	225,787	224,943	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	122,255	572,985	
Landfill closure payable		-	-	113,834	113,834	
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,758,483	3,628,796	279,000	282,093	6,948,372	
Total liabilities	4,329,386	3,991,958	286,177	450,211	9,057,732	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	35,268	36,685		19,927	91,880	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	2,354,527	2,691,829	1,514,147	253,776	6,814,279	
Restricted						
Unrestricted	(488,207)	2,972,381	146,827	181,324	2,812,325	
Total net position	\$ 1,866,320	\$ 5,664,210	\$ 1,660,974	\$ 435,100	\$ 9,626,604	

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	MAJOR						
	Northern Water District	Southern Water District	Tunis Sewer District	Sanitation Fund	Total		
OPERATING REVENUE							
Charges for Services	\$ 522,514	\$ 1,001,564	\$ 32,230	\$ 1,352,498	\$ 2,908,806		
Tap on fees	25,586	52,318	3,069	-	80,973		
Miscellaneous	2,368	3,453		40,991	46,812		
Total Operating Revenues	550,468	1,057,335	35,299	1,393,489	3,036,591		
OPERATING EXPENDITURES							
Administration and Operations	244,604	525,631	21,444	1,317,989	2,109,668		
Depreciation	100,161	222,597	38,867	15,400	377,025		
Capital Outlay	6,329	16,276	-	-	22,605		
Total Operating Expenses	351,094	764,504	60,311	1,333,389	2,509,298		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	199,374	292,831	(25,012)	60,100	527,293		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest and investment earnings	9,296	30,703	1,669	3,435	45,103		
Interest paid and bond issuance cost	(57,139)	(98,924)	(6,878)		(162,941)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues							
(Expenses)	(47,843)	(68,221)	(5,209)	3,435	(117,838)		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE							
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	151,531	224,610	(30,221)	63,535	409,455		
Capital contributions	174,473	-	-	-	174,473		
Transfers from (to) other funds	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	174,473				174,473		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	326,004	224,610	(30,221)	63,535	583,928		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	1,540,316	5,439,600	1,691,195	371,565	9,042,676		
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 1,866,320	\$ 5,664,210	\$ 1,660,974	\$ 435,100	\$ 9,626,604		

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		MAJOR					NON-MAJOR		
	N	orthern Water District		Southern Water District		Tunis Sewer District		Sanitation Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:									
Cash received from customers	\$	541,358	\$	1,044,681	\$	27,689	\$	1,333,082 \$	2,946,810
Cash paid for goods and services		(383,147)		(288,695)		(22,149)		(900,875)	(1,594,866)
Cash paid to employees for services		(152,674)		(238,986)		-		(326,108)	(717,768)
Other operating revenue		2,368		3,453		-		40,991	46,812
Net cash provided (used) by operating									
activities		7,905		520,453		5,540		147,090	680,988
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities									
Due to other funds		-		_		-		-	_
Receipt of nonoperating grants		-		-		-		-	-
Transfers (to) from other funds		-		-		-		-	-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital									
financial activities		-		-		-		-	-
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:									
Purchase of capital assets		(286,924)		(35,270)		-		-	(322,194)
Purchase installment proceeds		936,000		-		-		-	936,000
Principal paid on bond maturities		(119,491)		(252,510)		(5,500)		-	(377,501)
Interest paid on bond maturities		(51,656)		(100,018)		(6,900)		-	(158,574)
Capital contributions		174,473						<u> </u>	174,473
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		652,402		(387,798)		(12,400)			252,204
Cash flows from investing activities:									
Interest on investments		9,296		30,703		1,669		3,435	45,103
Net cash provided by investing activities		9,296		30,703		1,669		3,435	45,103
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		669,603		163,358		(5,191)		150,525	978,295
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		1,373,494		1,662,289		120,949		179,864	3,336,596
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	2,043,097	\$	1,825,647	\$	115,758	\$	330,389 \$	4,314,891

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	_		MAJOR			NON-MAJOR		
	N	Jorthern Water District	Southern Water District		Tunis Sewer District	Sanitation Fund	 Total	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	199,374	\$ 292,831	\$	(25,012) \$	60,100	\$ 527,293	
Depreciation		100,161	222,597		38,867	15,400	377,025	
Changes in assets and liabilities:							-	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(8,192)	(11,411)		(7,610)	(19,416)	(46,629	
(Increase) decrease in inventory		-	-		-	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable			(6.1-0)		(= 0 =)	100 1 55	(100.10.5	
and accrued liabilities		(284,697)	(6,178)		(705)	102,155	(189,425	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		1,450	2,210		-	-	3,660	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(528)	2,357		-	(2,096)	(267	
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		(1,578)	(1,834)		-	1,066	(2,346	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB Liability		19,303	19,231		-	10,451	48,985	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of								
resources - pensions		10,196	3,762		-	6,629	20,587	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of		(12.02.0	(5.004)			((0.70)	(2.5.04.6	
resources - OPEB		(13,036)	(5,921)		-	(6,959)	(25,916	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(7,948)	7,955		-	(1,547)	(1,540	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of								
resources - pensions		816	2,242		-	1,177	4,235	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of		(7.41.6)	(7.200)			(1.01.6)	(10.000	
resources - OPEB		(7,416)	(7,388)		-	(4,016)	(18,820	
Increase (decrease) in landfill closure and						(15.054)	(15.054)	
postclosure costs		-	-	•		(15,854)	 (15,854)	
Total adjustments		(191,469)	227,622		30,552	86,990	 153,695	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	7,905	\$ 520,453	\$	5,540 \$	147,090	\$ 680,988	

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

Assets	Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$ 39,949 241
Total Assets	 40,190
Liabilities and Net Position	
Liabilities:	
Miscellaneous liabilities	 40,398
Total Liabilities	\$ 40,398

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Hertford County and its component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component unit; a legally separate entity for which the County is financially accountable. Hertford County's Northern and Southern Water Districts (the *Districts*) exist to provide and maintain water systems for the County residents within the districts. The Districts are reported as enterprise funds in the County's financial statements. The Hertford County ABC Board (the *Board*), which has a June 30 year-end, are presented as if they are separate proprietary funds of the County (discrete presentation). The blended presentation method presents component units as a department or unit of the County, and offers no separate presentation as with the discrete method.

	Reporting		
Component Unit	Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Separate Financial Statements
Hertford County Northern Water District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's Board of Commissioners also serve as the governing Board for the District.	None issued.
Hertford County Southern Water District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's Board of Commissioners also serve as the governing Board for the District.	None issued.
Hertford County Tunis Sewer District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's Board of Commissioners also serve as the governing Board for the District.	None issued.
Hertford County ABC Board	Discrete	The members of the ABC Board governing board are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the County.	

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Hertford County, North Carolina Notes To The Financial Statements For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Tax Revaluation Fund is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 it is consolidated in the General Fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise finds.

Northern Water District Fund. This fund is used to account for the operations of the Northern Water District within the County.

Southern Water District Fund. This fund is used to account for the operations of the Southern Water District within the County.

Tunis Sewer District Fund . This fund is used to account for the operations of the Tunis Sewer District within the County.

The County reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds - Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: the Social Services Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Fines and Forfeitures Fund, which accounts for various legal fines and forfeitures that the County is required to remit to Hertford County Board of Education; the Tax Fund, which accounts for funds that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities and special districts within the County but that are not revenues to the County; the Inmates Money Fund, which accounts for monies of inmates that are held by the County for their personal expenses; and the Cooperative Extension Trust Fund, which accounts for monies collected and owed for the Ag Extension Trust and 4-H Trust.

Non-major Funds - The County maintains seven legally budgeted funds. The Emergency Telephone System Fund and the Fire District Fund are reported as non-major special revenue funds. The Ahoskie Elementary School Project Fund is reported as a non-major capital projects fund. The School Capital Reserve Fund and Revaluation Fund are consolidated in the General Fund in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54. The Sanitation Fund is reported as a non-major proprietary fund.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result form providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Since September 1, 2013, the State of North Carolina has been responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. These property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. Motor vehicle property tax revenues are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed by the County for periods prior to September 1, 2013 or those for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

C. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Emergency Telephone System Fund, the School Capital Reserve Fund, the Fire District Fund, the Revaluation Fund, and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Ahoskie Elementary School Project Fund.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level for the General Fund and functional level for all other annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multiyear funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change appropriations by more than \$5,000. The governing board must approve all amendments. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers the time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County and Hertford County ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market deposit accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State Law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The majority of the County and the ABC Board's investments are carried at fair value. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are accounted for at cost. The North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT) is a SEC-registered money market mutual fund allowable by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). The NCCMT Government Portfolio is a 2a-7 fund maintaining an AAAm rating from S&P. All NCCMT portfolios are reported at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers demand deposits and investments with a maturity date of 90 days or less at the time of purchase to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

The unexpended bond proceeds of the District's Serial Bonds are classified as restricted assets within the enterprise fund because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the bonds were originally issued. At June 30, 2020, there were no unexpended bond proceeds of the District's Serial Bonds. Customer deposits held by the County before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Money in the Tax Revaluation Fund and Capital Reserve Fund and money reserved for Register of Deeds is also classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153-A-150. The following table illustrates the breakdown of Hertford County Restricted Cash.

Governmental Activities		
General Fund	Tax Revaluation	\$ 94,300
General Fund	Capital Reserve	2,877,229
General Fund	Register of Deeds	16,685
General Fund	Deposit - Sale of Home Health	25,000
Ahoskie Elementary Project	School Project Expenses	3,504,095
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 6,517,309
Business-Type Activities		
Northern Water District	Customer Deposits	\$ 34,825
Northern Water District	USDA Reserve for Debt Service	3,706
Southern Water District	Customer Deposits	74,525
Tunis Sewer District	Customer Deposits	 -
Total Business-Type Activities		\$ 113,056
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 6,630,365

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventory

The inventories of the County and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventory of the County's enterprise funds as well as those of the ABC Board consists of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale, and is reported at lower of cost or market.

7. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land \$5,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$5,000; infrastructure \$5,000; computer equipment, furniture and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do no add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Hertford County Board of Education properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, after all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Hertford County Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	25-50
Improvements	7-15
Furniture and Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	3-15
Computer Equipment	3

Capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Years
Buildings, Improvements	10-33
Furniture/ Equipment	10
Vehicles	3-5

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion - pension related deferrals, OPEB related deferrals, and contributions made to the pension or OPEB plan in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes and other OPEB or pension related deferrals.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statements of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. An expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned in the County's government-wide, proprietary fund, and ABC Board statements.

The sick leave policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since none of the entities have any obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accruals for sick leave have been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Register of Deeds - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue sources to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds office.

Restricted for Public Safety - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue sources for emergency telephone system expenditures.

Committed Fund Balance - Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of Hertford County's governing body (highest level of decision making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Tax Revaluation - portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

Committed for Capital Reserve - portion of fund balance that can only be used for Capital Reserve.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Hertford County governing board has budgeted.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

The County participates in three cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans.

E. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental-wide statement of net

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between total fund balance for the governmental funds and net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of (\$3,276,109) consists of the following:

Description	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities that are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on governmental-wide statement in governmental activities column)	\$ 34,640,242
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(9,939,641)
Net capital assets	24,700,601
Net pension asset	30,318
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year	593,061
Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	297,957
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements but not the fund statements - pension related deferrals	1,003,553
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements but not the fund statements - OPEB related deferrals	553,644
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA	29,410
Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as unearned revenue in the government- wide statements as these funds are unavailable in the fund statements.	105,861
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes receivable	771,819
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements but not the fund statements - pension related deferrals	(123,356)
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements but not the fund statements - OPEB related deferrals	(1,565,011)
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:	
Bonds, leases, and installment financing	(15,581,077)
Compensated absences	(544,835)
Total OPEB Liability	(10,309,821)
Net pension liability-LGERS	(2,390,349)
Net pension liability-LEOSSA	(721,867)
Accrued interest payable	(126,017)
Total adjustment	\$ (3,276,109)

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.

The government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between net changes in fund balances for the governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The total adjustment of (\$2,713,417) is comprised of the following:

<u>Description</u> Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the	<u>Amount</u> \$ 2,299,824
statement of activities Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(1,050,887)
Capital outlay expenditures from the prior year associated with Ahoskie Elementary School. Per debt requirements, the County must hold title to the building until the associated debt is paid off.	584,111
Cost of disposed capital asset not recorded in fund statements	(14,132)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements.	958,077
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements; it has no effect on the statement of activities - it affects only the government-wide statement of net position	(5,000,000)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	593,061
Benefit payments and administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	29,410
Contributions to the OPEB plan are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	297,957
Expenses reported in that statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements	
Difference in interest expense between fund statements (modified accrual) and government- wide statements (full accrual)	(35,305)
Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources	(8,372)
OPEB Expense County's portion of collective pension expense	(271,429) (1,112,701)
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - taxes receivable at the end of year	(19,714)
Change in accrued taxes receivable for year Amortization of bond premium	11,891 24,792
Total adjustment	\$ (2,713,417)

II: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

None to Report.

B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

None to Report.

- III. Detail Notes on All Funds
 - a. Assets
 - 1. Deposits

All of the County's and the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's and the ABC Board's agent in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the ABC Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for the under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County and the ABC Board rely on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board and has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2020 the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$7,481,672 and a bank balance of \$9,045,859. Of the bank balance, \$250,076 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2020, Hertford County had \$1,280 cash on hand.

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$367,252 and a bank balance of \$611,199. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. The Board also had cash on hand of \$1,550.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2020, the County had the following investments and maturities.

Investment	Valuation Measurement Method	Fair Value	Less than 6 Months
NC Capital Management Trust -			
Government Portfolio	Fair Value - Level I	\$ 5,479,324	\$ 5,479,324
NC Capital Management Trust - Term			
Portfolio*	Fair Value - Level I	\$ 6,284,576	\$ 6,284,576
Total		\$ 11,763,900	\$ 11,763,900

*As of June 30, 2020, the NCCMT Term Portfolio had a duration of 0.15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months. The NCCMT Government Portfolio has an AAAm rating from S&P. The NCCMT Term Portfolio has no rating.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level Two debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

3. Property Tax - Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

-

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forest land may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year					
Levied	Т	otal Taxes	Interest	Total	
2017	\$	1,097,029	\$ 358,414	\$ 1,455,443	
2018		1,107,390	262,617	1,370,007	
2019		1,110,022	163,628	1,273,650	
2020		1,368,643	78,627	1,447,270	
Total	\$	4,683,084	\$ 863,286	\$ 5,546,370	
					ł

4. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

		Taxes and ated Accrued		Due From Other	
	 Accounts	Interest	G	overnments	Total
Governmental Activities:					
General	\$ 1,822,009	\$ 1,378,570	\$	2,354,966	\$ 5,555,545
Ahoskie Elementary School Project	-	-		-	-
Other Governmental	10,139	9,110		18,209	37,458
Total	1,832,148	1,387,680		2,373,175	5,593,003
Allowance for Doubtful Accts.	(1,530,735)	(510,000)		-	(2,040,735)
Total-governmental activities	\$ 301,413	\$ 877,680	\$	2,373,175	\$ 3,552,268
Business-type Activities:					
Northern Water District	\$ 58,648	\$ -	\$	36,649	\$ 95,297
Southern Water District	152,749	-		12,234	164,983
Tunis Sewer District	31,879	-		367	32,246
Sanitation	 422,428	-		15,311	437,739
Total	\$ 665,704	\$ -	\$	64,561	\$ 730,265
Allowance for Doubtful Accts.	 (162,694)	-		-	(162,694)
Total-business-type activities	\$ 503,010	\$ -	\$	64,561	\$ 567,571
Agency Funds:					
Cooperative Extension Trust Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$	241	\$ 241
Total Agency Funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$	241	\$ 241
			-		

Due from other governments that is owed to the County consists of the following:

Local option sales tax	\$ 1,419,430
Franchise tax	7,181
Sales tax refund	303,893
Other grants, ABC Distributions	540,174
Scrap tire tax	7,321
White goods tax	-
Solid waste disposal tax	3,333
NCVTS	156,645
Total	\$ 2,437,977

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balances		Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 482,083	\$	-	\$ - \$	482,083
Construction in Progress	-		2,538,174	-	2,538,174
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 482,083		2,538,174	-	3,020,257
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	25,035,302		160,999	(147,928)	25,048,373
Equipment	4,142,634		99,702	-	4,242,336
Vehicles and motor equipment	2,274,499		85,060	(30,283)	2,329,276
Total capital assets being depreciated	 31,452,435		345,761	(178,211)	31,619,985
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	4,725,852		541,627	(147,928)	5,119,551
Equipment	2,466,188		334,961	-	2,801,149
Vehicles and motor equipment	1,860,793		174,299	(16,151)	2,018,941
Total accumulated depreciation	 9,052,833	\$	1,050,887	\$ (164,079)	9,939,641
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 22,399,602				21,680,344
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 22,881,685	-		\$	24,700,601

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 459,318
Public Safety	551,699
Human Services	30,832
Cultural and Recreational	926
Economic and Physical Development	8,112
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,050,887

		Beginning						Ending
Business-type activities:		Balances		Increases		Decreases		Balances
Northern Water District								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Construction in process	\$	1,006,983	\$	273,207	\$	-	- \$	1,280,190
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,006,983		273,207			-	1,280,190
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Plant and distribution systems	\$	4,579,543	\$	-	\$		• \$	4,579,543
Buildings		91,454		-			-	91,454
Vehicles and equipment		109,620		13,717			-	123,337
Total capital assets being depreciated		4,780,617		13,717		-		4,794,334
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Plant and distribution systems		1,823,436		91,590			-	1,915,026
Buildings		8,768		3,658				12,426
Vehicles and motor equipment		86,744		4,912				91,656
Total accumulated depreciation		1,918,948	\$	100,160	\$	-		2,019,108
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,861,669		,			-	2,775,220
Northern Water District Capital assets, net	\$	3,868,652	-				\$	4,055,410
			-					
Southern Water District Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	_	\$	10,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	-		10,000
		10,000						10,000
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Plant and distribution systems		10,213,751		-		-	•	10,213,751
Buildings		119,796		-		-	-	119,796
Machinery and equipment		123,015		9,954			-	132,969
Vehicles and motor equipment		115,536		25,316			-	140,852
Total capital assets being depreciated		10,572,098		35,270		-		10,607,368
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Plant and distribution systems		3,937,963		208,648			-	4,146,611
Buildings		8,862		3,753			-	12,615
Machinery and equipment		47,604		5,024				52,628
Vehicles and motor equipment		114,159		5,173			-	119,332
Total accumulated depreciation		4,108,588	\$	222,598	\$			4,331,180
Total accumulated depreciation							_	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		6,463,510						6,276,182

Land	\$	11,271	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 11,271
Total capital assets not being depreciated		11,271	-		-	 11,271
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Plant and distribution systems		1,943,344	-		-	1,943,344
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	_	1,943,344	-		-	 1,943,344
Plant and distribution systems		116,601	38,867		-	155,468
Total accumulated depreciation		116,601	\$ 38,867	\$	-	 155,468
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		1,826,743				 1,787,876
Tunis Sewer District capital assets, net	\$	1,838,014				\$ 1,799,147
		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases		 Ending Balances
Sanitation						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	23,046	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 23,040
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	23,046	-		-	 23,040
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings		195,283	-		-	195,283
		195,283 280,753	-		-	195,283 280,753
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated					-	
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:		280,753 476,036			-	 280,753 476,030
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	_	280,753 476,036 77,640	- - 5,957 9,443			 280,753 476,030 83,597
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment	_	280,753 476,036 77,640 152,266	\$ 5,957	\$ 		 280,753 476,030 83,597 161,709
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation		280,753 476,036 77,640 152,266	\$ 5,957 9,443	\$ 	-	 280,753 476,030 83,59 161,70 245,300
Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$	280,753 476,036 77,640 152,266 229,906	\$ 5,957 9,443	\$ 		\$ 280,753 476,030

Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2020. The projects include the Northern Water District Improvement project. At June 30, 2020, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Spent to Date	<u>Remaining</u> Commitment
Ahoskie Elementary School	\$ 1,649,486	\$ 13,871,889
Total	\$ 1,649,486	\$ 13,871,889

Discretely presented component units

Capital assets at June 30, 2020 for the ABC Board were as follows:

Capital assets not being depreciated:	
Land	\$ 113,708
Capital assets not being depreciated:	113,708
Buildings, improvements	495,653
Furniture and equipment	81,074
Vehicles	29,801
Total capital assets being depreciated	606,528
Less accumulated depreciation for:	
Buildings, improvements	279,063
Furniture and equipment	56,139
Vehicles	29,801
Total accumulated depreciation	365,003
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	241,525
ABC Board capital assets, net	\$ 355,233

b. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2020, were as follows :

		Accrued			
	Vendors	Interest	Other		Total
Governmental Activities:					
General	\$ 662,251	\$ 126,017		-	\$ 788,268
Other governmental	493,289	-		-	493,289
Total-governmental activities	\$ 1,155,540	\$ 126,017	\$	-	\$ 1,281,557
Business-Type Activities					
Northern Water District	\$ 21,637	\$ 13,371		-	\$ 35,008
Southern Water District	11,550	15,576		-	27,126
Tunis Sewer District	49	1,128		-	1,177
Sanitation	 163,791	-		-	163,791
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 197,027	\$ 30,075	\$	-	\$ 227,102

2. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at <u>www.osc.nc.gov</u>.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic postretirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 9.70% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 9.03% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$620,881 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$2,508,625 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.0919% (measured as of June 30, 2019), which was a decrease of 0.0153% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019 (measured as of June 30, 2018).

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,114,701. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	429,540	\$ -
Changes of assumptions		408,864	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		61,189	-
investments			
Changes in proportion and differences between County Contributions and		46,666	103,974
proportionate share of contributions			
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		620,881	-
Total	\$	1.567.140	\$ 103,974

\$620,881 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:		
2021	\$ 44	7,091
2022	12	9,974
2023	22	1,707
2024	4	3,513
2025		-
Thereafter		-
Total	\$84	2,285

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 Percent
Salary Increases	3.50 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan actuary uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Fixed Income	29%	1.4%
Global Equity	42%	5.3%
Real Estate	8%	4.3%
Alternatives	8%	8.9%
Credit	7%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6%	4.0%
	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	6 Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
		<u>(6.00%)</u>		<u>(7.00%)</u>		<u>(8.00%)</u>
County's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset)	\$	5,737,684	\$	2,508,625	\$	(175,377)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

Hertford County administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At the December 31, 2018 valuation date, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	2
Active plan members	22
	24

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting - The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2018 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 7.35 percent
Discount rate	3.26 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five year period ending December 31, 2014.

Mortality Rate

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 104% for males and 100% for females.

Deaths Before Retirement: RP-2014 Employee base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): RP-2014 Disabled Retiree base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 103% for males and 99% for females.

4. Contributions

The County is required by article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The County paid \$54,540 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the County reported a total pension liability of \$721,867. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 based on a December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$44,217.

	Ι	Deferred		
	Outflows of		Defe	rred Inflows
	R	esources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	60,861	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		37,579		22,822
County benefit payments and plan administrative expenses made subsequent				
to the measurement date		29,410		-
Total	\$	127,850	\$	22,822

The County paid \$29,410 in benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2021	\$ 18,80	9
2022	18,80	9
2023	19,75	6
2024	10,55	2
2025	7,14	0
Thereafter	55	2

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.26 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.26 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.26 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.26%)	(3.26%)	(4.26%)
Total pension liability	\$ 785,380	\$ 721,867	\$ 664,365

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2020
Beginning balance	\$ 680,289
Service Cost	30,012
Interest paid on the total pension liability	23,770
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	19,800
measurement of the total pension liability	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	22,536
Other changes	-
Benefit payments	(54,540)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 721,867

Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.64 percent at June 30, 2018 (measurement date) to 3.26 percent at June 30, 2019 (measurement date).

Changes in Benefit Terms. Reported compensation adjusted to reflect the assumed rate of pay as of the valuation date.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description - The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of the State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy - Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$72,841 which consisted of \$53,827 from the County and \$19,014 from the law enforcement officers.

d. <u>Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund</u>

Plan Description. Hertford County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,453 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the County reported an asset of \$30,318 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was 0.1536%, which was a decrease of 0.0186% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$6,339. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred		
	Out	flows of	Defe	erred Inflows
	Re	sources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,462
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		310		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County Contributions and proportionate share of contributions		3,158		-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,453		-
Total	\$	4,921	\$	1,462

\$1,453 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:		
2021	\$	770
2022	1,	,200
2023		637
2024		(601)
2025		-
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	006

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 Percent
Salary Increases	3.5 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment Rate of Return	3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2020 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2020 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the system's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Ι	Discount	1%
	Decrease		Rate	Increase
	(2.75%)	<u>(</u>	(3.75%)	(4.75%)
County's proportionate share of the net \$	(25,061)	\$	(30,318)	\$ (34,762)
pension liability (asset)				

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2019, with an actuarial valuation date as of December 31, 2018.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS	ROD	LEOSSA	Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension	\$ 2,508,625	\$ (30,318) \$	-	\$ 2,478,307
Liability (Asset)				
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			n/a	
(Asset)	0.0919%	0.1536%		
Total Pension Liability	\$ -	\$ - \$	721,867	\$ 721,867
Pension Expense	\$ 1,114,701	\$ 6,339 \$	44,217	\$ 1,165,257

At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	LGERS	ROD	LEOSSA	Total
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 429,540	\$ -	\$ 60,861	\$ 490,401
Changes of assumptions	408,864	-	37,579	446,443
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	61,189	310	-	61,499
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	46,666	3,158	-	49,824
County contributions (LGERS, ROD)/benefit payments and administrations costs (LEOSSA) subsequent to the measurement date	620,881	1,453	29,410	651,744
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1,462	\$ -	\$ 1,462
Changes of assumptions	-	-	22,822	22,822
Changes in proportion and difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	103,974	-	-	103,974

e. Other Postemployment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description - Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefit Plan (HCB Plan). The County Board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. This plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County as follows: (1) employees who were hired before July 1, 1988, retire under NCLGERS, are actively employed with the County at the time of retirement, and retire with 30 years of county service (24 for those who become disabled), or at age 62 with 20 years of County service or at age 65; (2) employees who were hired on and after July 1, 1988 but before July 1, 2007, retiree under the NCLGERS, are actively employed with the County at the time of retirement, and retire with 30 years of County service, or at age 62 with 20 years of County service; (3) employees who were hired on and after July 1, 2007, retire under NCLGERS, are actively employed with the County at the time of retirement, and retire with 30 years of County service; (3) employees who were hired on and after July 1, 2007, retire under NCLGERS, are actively employed with the County at the time of retirement, and retire with 30 years of County service with the County is envice; (3) employees who were hired on and after July 1, 2007, retire under NCLGERS, are actively employed with the County at the time of retirement, and retire with 30 years of County service with the County; or (4) qualifying elected officials who serve four full consecutive terms with the County. The County Board of Commissioners may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	Employees
Retirees receiving benefits	67
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving	; –
benefits	
Active Plan members	177
Total	244

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$10,882,807 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	1.00%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	
General Employees	3.50% - 7.75%
Firefighters	3.50% - 7.75%
Law Enforcement Officers	3.50% - 7.35%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	3.89%
Measurement Date	3.50%

Health Care Cost Trends

7.25% for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
4.75% by 2028
5.38% for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
4.75% by 2022

The County selected a Municipal Bond Index Rate equal to the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published at the last Thursday of June by The Bond Buyer, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date as the discount rate used to measure the TOL.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Te	otal OPEB
Balances at June 30, 2019		9,952,414
Changes		
Service Cost		220,044
Interest		380,243
Change in benefit terms		-
Differences between Expected and Actual		9,113
Changes of assumptions		679,475
Benefit Payments		(358,482)
Net Changes		930,393
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	10,882,807

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.89% to 3.50%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 - December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

At June 30, 2020, the following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 12,960,722	\$ 10,882,807	\$ 9,260,862

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County at June 30, 2020, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were to calculate healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 9,194,782	\$ 10,882,807	\$ 13,088,913

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$286,514. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		utflows of esources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	7,734	\$ 492,903
Changes of assumptions		576,680	1,159,086
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-	-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		308,791	-
Total	\$	893,205	\$ 1,651,989

\$308,791 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:		
2021	\$ (2	253,261)
2022	(2	253,261)
2023	(2	253,261)
2024	(2	253,261)
2025	(1	18,075)
Thereafter		63,544

f. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are established for employees not engaged in law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3. Closure and Postclosure Care Costs - Landfill Facility

State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its Hertford County Landfill Facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The Hertford County landfill closed in 1994. The \$113,834 reported as landfill closure payable liability at June 30, 2020, represents the latest estimate for costs remaining. The County budgets annually for postclosure care. In the event of a natural occurrence, inflation, or any other unforeseen event occurs, the County would appropriate funds from the Sanitation fund balance and/or increase charges to future sanitation customers.

4. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pensions, OPEB - difference between expected and actual experience				
LGERS	\$	429,540	\$	-
LEOSSA		60,861		-
Register of Deeds		-		1,462
OPEB		7,734		492,903
Pensions, OPEB- changes in assumptions				
LGERS		408,864		-
LEOSSA		37,579		22,822
Register of Deeds		-		-
OPEB		576,680		1,159,086
Pensions - difference between projected and actual investment				
LGERS		61,189		-
Register of Deeds		310		-
Pensions - change in proportion and difference between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions				
LGERS		46,666		103,974
Register of Deeds		3,158		-
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year				
LGERS		620,881		-
Register of Deeds		1,453		-
Benefit payments/administration costs paid subsequent to the measurement				
date (LEOSSA)		29,410		-
Benefit payments and administrative expenses for OPEB made subsequent to				
the measurement date		308,791		-
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)		-		56,569
Taxes receivable, net (General)		-		762,709
Taxes receivable, net (Special Revenue)	-	-	*	9,110
	\$	2,593,116	\$	2,608,635

5. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to total insured values, with sub-limits on coverage for specified perils; general, auto, professional, employment practices, and law enforcement liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits. All property coverage and some liability coverage are subject to per occurrence deductibles, as selected by the County. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. Both of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$750,000 for workers. Through the captive, the Liability and Property Pool is reinsure for \$2,000,000 of annual aggregate losses in excess of \$250,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage and crime coverage, with additional limits of \$498 million purchased through a group of commercial carriers through the multi-state public entity captive.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond with a \$250,000 occurrence limit. The Director of Finance and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$50,000 and \$250,000, respectively. The Register of Deeds is bonded for \$5,000 and the Sheriff is bonded for \$25,000.

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The County has purchased flood insurance.

The ABC Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. For the ABC Board, settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

6. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2020, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of management and the County management and the County's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

7. Operating Lease Commitments

The County leases certain equipment under operating leases that expire over the next three years. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2020:

For Year Ending June 30	Amount	
2021	\$	100,721
2022		41,988
2023		35,080
2024		21,175
2025		4,255
Total minimum payments required	\$	203,219

8. Long-Term Obligations

a. Direct Placement Installment Purchases

In May 2016, the County entered into a direct placement installment purchase agreement for \$2,855,613 to renovate the DSS building. The building is pledged as collateral for the debt. The contract requires twelve annual payments of \$237,968 plus 2.28% interest. The note contains provisions that an event of default would allow the Bank to sell the mortgaged 1,903,742 \$ property under power of sale. In September 2017, the County entered into a direct placement installment purchase agreement for \$235,548 to purchase vehicles. The vehicles are pledged as collateral for the debt. The contract requires 3 annual payments of \$78,516 plus 2.24% interest. Upon the occurence of default, the Bank may exercise any one or more of the following remedies as the Bank in its sole discretion shall elect to: (a) declare the entire principal amount immediately due, (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance by the Borrower, (c) exercise all the rights and remedies of a secured party or creditor under the UCC general laws with respect to the enforcement of the security interest granted (d) terminate the contract, or (e) take 73.501 possession of any proceeds of the Equipment, including Net Proceeds. Effective June 30, 2018, the County assumed the liabilities of the Hertford County Public Health Authority. In January 2015, the Authority entered into a direct placement installment purchase agreement to finance a building. The building is pledged as collateral for the debt. The contract requires monthly payments of \$1,744, including 4.49% interest. Upon default, the Lender may declare the entire unpaid principal balance under this Note and all accrued unpaid interest immediately due, and then the Borrower will be required to pay that amount. 86,337 On February 12, 2020, the County entered into a direct placement installment purchase agreement for \$5,000,000 to finance the construction of a new school. The building is pledged as collateral for the debt. The contract requires annual principal payments of \$500,000 on April 1 each year, and semi-annual payments of interest at 2.2% which range from \$70,608 to \$5,550 on October 1 and April 1 each year. Upon default, the Lender may declare the entire unpaid principal balance under this Note and all accrued unpaid interest immediately due, and then the Borrower will be required to pay that amount, or proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance by the County of the covenants of the contract. 5,000,000 Total 7,063,580 \$

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2020, including \$832,527 of interest, are as follows:

	Governmental	l Activities
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 828,754	\$ 174,918
2022	756,057	140,718
2023	756,897	123,351
2024	757,775	105,947
2025	750,195	88,539
2026-2030	3,213,902	199,054
2031-2035		-
Total	\$ 7,063,580	\$ 832,527

b. General Obligation Indebtedness

All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's General Fund are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. Hertford County, the Northern and Southern Water Districts, and the Tunis Sewer District issue general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major water system capital improvements. These bonds, which are recorded in the Northern and Southern Water District Funds and the Tunis Sewer Fund, are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County's water and sewer operations. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due. In the event of a default, the County agrees to pay to the Purchaser, on demand, interest on any and all amounts due and owing by the County under this Agreement.

The County's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2020 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Serviced by the County's General Fund:

\$11,945,000 2013 Limited Obligation Bonds due in annual installments of \$525,000 to \$635,000 beginning April 1, 2014 through April 1, 2033; interest varying from 2.0 percent to	
5.0 percent.	\$ 8,220,000
Total	\$ 8,220,000
Serviced by the County's Southern Water District:	
\$4,332,850 Refunding, Series 2016 Bonds due in annual installments of \$352,528, through December 15, 2031, including interest at 2.60 percent.	\$ 3,594,355
Serviced by the County's Northern Water District:	
\$2,050,350 Refunding, Series 2016 Bonds due in annual installments of \$166,820 through December 15, 2031, including interest at 2.60 percent.	1,700,886
Serviced by the County's Tunis Sewer District:	
\$307,000 2014 USDA Sanitary Sewer Bonds due in monthly installments of \$5,500 to \$12,000 through June 1, 2054; interest at 2.375 percent.	 285,000
Total	\$ 5,580,241

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's General Fund and Northern, Southern and Tunis District's general obligation bonds and water and sewer bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activiti			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2021	\$ 625,000	\$ 289,718	\$ 387,672	\$ 144,445		
2022	625,000	264,718	397,596	134,379		
2023	635,000	239,718	407,777	124,055		
2024	635,000	210,968	418,223	113,466		
2025	635,000	186,194	428,941	102,606		
2026-2030	3,175,000	616,590	2,318,484	340,044		
2031-2035	1,890,000	127,576	1,036,548	63,829		
2036-2040	-	-	41,500	20,058		
2041-2045	-	-	47,000	14,879		
2046-2050	-	-	52,500	9,037		
2051-2055	-	-	44,000	2,542		
Total	\$ 8,220,000	\$ 1,935,482	\$ 5,580,241	\$ 1,069,340		

c. <u>Revenue Bonds</u>

Serviced by the Northern Water District

Year Ending

 \$811,000 Water System, Series 2020A USDA Revenue Bonds issued on March 18, 2020 for

 water and sewer system improvements. Principal and interest installments are due annually on

 June 1, at an annual interest rate of 2.25%.

 \$125,000 Water System, Series 2020B USDA Revenue Bonds issued on March 18, 2020 for

 water and sewer system improvements. Principal and interest installments are due annually on

 June 1, at an annual interest rate of 2.25%.

 Total Serviced by the Northern Water District

 \$ 936,000

I car Ending						
June 30	Р	Principal Intere				
2021	\$	16,000	\$ 21,060			
2022		16,000	20,700			
2023		16,000	20,340			
2024		16,000	19,980			
2025		16,000	19,620			
2026-2030		87,000	92,453			
2031-2035		102,000	81,990			
2036-2040		111,000	70,155			
2041-2045		124,000	57,083			
2046-2050		140,000	42,458			
2051-2055		156,000	26,010			
2056-2060		136,000	7,628			
Total	\$	936,000	\$ 479,477			

d. Advance Refundings

On December 15, 2017, the County issued \$2,050,350 of General Obligation Refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of general resources for all future debt service payments of \$2,502,302. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the respective statements of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$17,350, which was the amount received for bond issuance costs. These costs were expensed. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$735,068 and resulted in an economic gain of \$756,241.

On December 15, 2017, the County issued \$4,332,850 of General Obligation Refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of general resources for all future debt service payments of \$5,287,925. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the respective statements of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$17,350, which was the amount received for bond issuance cost. These costs were expensed. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$1,794,799, and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,413,609.

e. Long-Term Obligation Activity:

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

								Current
		Balance				Balance		Portion
Governmental Activities:	J	uly 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Jı	ine 30, 2020	c	of Balance
General obligation debt	\$	8,845,000	\$ -	\$ 625,000	\$	8,220,000	\$	625,000
Premium		322,289	-	24,792		297,497		-
Net general obligation debt		9,167,289	-	649,792		8,517,497		625,000
Direct Placement Installment purchases		2,396,656	5,000,000	333,076		7,063,580		828,754
Compensated Absences		536,463	8,372	-		544,835		136,209
Net pension liability (LGERS)		2,421,438	-	31,089		2,390,349		-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		680,289	41,578	-		721,867		-
Total OPEB liability		9,428,414	881,407	-		10,309,821		-
Total	\$	24,630,549	\$ 5,931,357	\$ 1,663,749	\$	29,547,949	\$	2,214,963
Business-type Activities:								
General Obligation Debt	\$	5,957,742	\$ -	\$ 377,501	\$	5,580,241	\$	387,672
Revenue Bonds		-	936,000	-		936,000		16,000
Compensated absences		41,212	-	268		40,944		10,236
Net pension liability (LGERS)		119,816	-	1,540		118,276		-
Landfill closure		129,688	-	15,854		113,834		-
Total OPEB Liability		524,000	48,985	-		572,985		-
Total	\$	6,772,458	\$ 984,985	\$ 395,163	\$	7,362,280	\$	10,236

Net pension liability, total pension liability, and net other postemployment liability for governmental activities are all typically liquidated in the general fund. Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the general fund and are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

At June 30, 2020, Hertford County had a legal debt margin of \$117,392,830.

d. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers From/ To Other Funds:

From	<u>To</u>	Amount		Reason
General Fund	School Capital Reserve Fund	\$	1,352,454	To transfer restricted sales tax
Total Transfers		\$	1,352,454	
Due to / from Balances:				
From	<u>To</u>	Amo	unt	Reason
Southern Water District	Northern Water District Project	\$	1,359,000	Provide resources for project

f. <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u>

	Governmental Activities		Business-type
			Activities
Capital assets	\$	24,700,601	\$ 12,394,521
Capital debt calculation:			
Total debt, gross		15,581,077	5,580,241
Less:			
Community college debt for assets to which the County does not hold title		-	-
Total capital debt		15,581,077	5,580,241
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,119,524	\$ 6,814,280

g. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriations:

Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 12,179,301
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	2,646,240
Register of Deeds	16,685
Revaluation	94,300
Capital Reserve	2,877,228
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2021 budget	1,686,956
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 4,857,892

The County had no outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2020.

IV. Joint Ventures

The County participates in a joint venture to operate Albemarle Regional Library with four other local governments. Each participating government appoints three board members to the twelve member board of the Library. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Library's continued existence depends on the participating government's continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Library, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2020. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$105,016 to the Library to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Library can be obtained from the Library's office in Winton, NC.

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina and the Hertford County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate the Roanoke Chowan Community College. Each of the three participants appoints four members of the thirteenmember board of trustees to the community college. The president of the community college's student government serves as an exoffice nonvoting member of the community college's board of trustees. The community college is included as a component unit of the State. The County has a basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the community college and also provides some financial support for the community college's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for the facilities, the County periodically issues general obligation bonds to provide financing for new and restructured facilities. Of the last general obligation bond issue for this purpose, \$0 is outstanding. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the community college because of the statutory responsibilities to providing funding for the community college's facilities. The County contributed \$949,474 and \$34,917 to the community college for operating purposes and capital outlay, respectively during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2020. Complete financial statements for the community college may be obtained from the community college's administrative offices.

The County also participates in a joint venture to operate Trillium which serves a four county mental health district. Hertford County appoints seven members to the twenty-four member board of the mental health district. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Center's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Center, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2020. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$87,750 to the Center to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Center can be obtained from the Center's office at Route 3, Box 22-A, Ahoskie, NC 27910.

The County also participates in a joint venture to operate Choanoke Public Transportation Authority with three other counties. The County appoints two members to the nine member board. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Authority's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments has any equity interest in the Authority, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2020. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$10,300 to the Authority to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the Authority's office in Rich Square, NC.

The County also participates in a joint venture to operate Tri-County Airport Authority with two other counties. The County appoints three members to the nine member board of the Authority. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Authority's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments has any equity interest in the Authority, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2020. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$20,000 to the Authority to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the Authority's office at Route 1, Aulander, NC 27805.

V. Jointly Governed Organization

The County, in conjunction with five other counties and thirty-two municipalities, established the Mid-East Commission (Commission). The participating governments established the Commission to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the commission's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$7,986 to the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

VI. <u>Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies</u>

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may by questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

VII. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

The County has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2020 and January 4, 2021, which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. There were no events that occurred during this time that were deemed to be significant enough to be disclosed.

VIII. Special Item

When the County obtained financing for the Ahoskie Elementary School Project, it was determined that the County had to hold title to the asset until the debt was satisfied (unlike typical bond funding). The amounts reimbursed to the School in previous years was expensed. A special item was recorded to essentially transfer the expenses paid to date back to the County.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principals.

- Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement Systems
- Schedule of County Contributions Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of County Contributions Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll
- Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Hertford County Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement System Last Seven Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System									
		2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) County's proportionate share of the net		0.092%		0.107%	0.106%	0.100%	0.097%	0.102%	0.103%
pension liability (asset) County's covered payroll	\$ \$	2,508,625 6,562,211	\$ \$	_, ,	\$1,619,845 \$6,795,799	\$2,124,670 \$6,426,685	\$ 436,138 \$ 6,046,680	\$ (599,123) \$ 5,911,581	\$ 1,236,724 \$ 6,077,841
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		38.23%		36.08%	23.84%	33.06%	7.21%	-10.13%	20.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		90.86%		92.00%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Information included above is intended to included ten years however only the years above have information available. Additional years will be included as information become available.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of County Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement System Last Seven Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System									
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$	620,881	\$ 515,832	\$ 535,485	\$ 507,255	\$ 441,786	\$ 421,035	\$ 419,855	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		620,881	515,832	535,485	507,255	441,786	421,035	419,855	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-							
County's covered payroll	\$	6,800,162	\$ 6,562,211	\$ 7,042,654	\$ 6,795,799	\$ 6,426,685	\$ 6,046,680	\$ 5,911,581	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		9.13%	7.86%	7.60%	7.46%	6.87%	6.96%	7.10%	

Information included above is intended to include ten years; however, only the years above have information available. Additional years will be included as information becomes available.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Seven Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.154%	0.172%	0.179%	0.186%	0.186%	0.192%	0.184%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (30,318)	\$ (28,513)	\$ (30,470)	\$ (34,715)	\$ (43,136)	\$ (43,562)	\$ (39,213)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	164.11%	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%	190.50%

* The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Information included above is intended to include ten years; however, only the years above have information available. Additional years will be included as information becomes available.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of County Contributions Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Seven Fiscal Years

	 2020	 2019	2018	 2017	 2016	20	015	2	2014
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to contractually	\$ 1,453	\$ 3,824	\$ 3,577	\$ 3,262	\$ 1,596	\$	1,194	\$	1,569
required contribution	 1,453	 3,824	3,577	 3,262	 1,596		1,194		1,569
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

Information included above is intended to include ten years; however, only the years above have information available. Additional years will be included as information becomes available.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 680,289	\$ 663,501	\$ 586,384	\$ 568,161
Service Cost	30,012	30,580	25,102	33,656
Interest on the total pension liability	23,770	20,259	21,770	19,899
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual				
experience in the measurement of the total				
pension liability	19,800	36,670	38,402	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	22,536	(25,958)	36,606	(13,802)
Benefit payments	(54,540)	(44,763)	(44,763)	(21,530)
Other changes	-	-	-	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 721,867	\$ 680,289	\$ 663,501	\$ 586,384

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 721,867	\$ 680,289	\$ 663,501	\$ 586,384
Covered payroll	1,032,243	978,915	934,554	1,118,710
Total pension liability as a percentage of				
covered payroll	69.93%	69.49%	71.00%	52.42%

Notes to the schedules:

Hertford County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Healthcare Benefits Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020	2019	2018	
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$	220,044	\$ 297,802	\$ 344,875	
Interest		380,243	352,074	316,356	
Changes of benefit terms		-	968,059	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		9,113	(706,582)	(188)	
Changes of assumptions		679,475	(726,371)	(1,074,367)	
Benefit payments		(358,482)	(242,456)	(172,657)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		930,393	(57,474)	(585,981)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		9,952,414	10,009,888	10,595,869	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	10,882,807	\$ 9,952,414	\$ 10,009,888	

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- General Fund: This fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.
- School Capital Reserve Fund: This fund was established in accordance with North Carolina law to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for construction projects of the Board of Education. Funds are periodically transferred to the General Fund and disbursed to the Board of Education for this purpose.
- **Revaluation Fund:** This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the octennial revaluation of real property.
- **Capital Reserve Fund:** This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be set aside for capital purposes in the future.

		2020		2019	
Revenues	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Ad valorem Taxes		• • • • • • • • • •			
Taxes		\$ 13,866,049		\$ 13,961,024	
Penalties and interest	¢ 12 791 011	148,856	¢ 222.904	182,307	
Total	\$ 13,781,011	14,014,905	\$ 233,894	14,143,331	
Local Option Sales Taxes					
Article 39 and 44		2,864,436		2,625,464	
Article 40 one-half of one percent		1,502,727		1,453,428	
Article 42 one-half of one percent		1,075,877		995,972	
Total	5,042,000	5,443,040	401,040	5,074,864	
Other Taxes and Licenses					
CATV franchise		31,270		32,229	
Gas tax refund		-		786	
Occupancy tax		53,452		63,140	
Sales Tax Refund		-		-	
E-911 Municipalities Share		136,796		136,796	
Total	219,796	221,518	1,722	232,951	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues					
ABC profit distribution		32,992		32,992	
Beer and wine tax		63,221		62,838	
Total	100,000	96,213	(3,787)	95,830	
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues					
Social services grants and fees		2,481,889		2,308,839	
Federal and State grants		1,308,936		1,216,657	
FEMA		-		-	
Court facility fees		23,592		27,812	
ABC bottle taxes		12,479		9,124	
Miscellaneous		32,384		92,503	
Total	4,205,776	3,859,280	(346,496)	3,654,935	
Permits and Fees					
Building and inspection fees		119,069		58,420	
Planning and zoning		2,700		4,575	
Register of deeds		111,445		105,103	
Total	194,000	233,214	39,214	168,098	

		2020		2019	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Sales and Services					
Rents, concessions, and fees		136,755		155,610	
Jail Fees		522,642		465,920	
Ambulance and rescue squad fees		781,734		818,645	
EMS cost share		135,538		205,214	
Vehicle tax collection fees		144,965		149,129	
Health Authority		10,839		14,543	
Cost Allocation (from Proprietary Funds)		67,298		121,169	
Total	1,787,139	1,799,771	12,632	1,930,230	
Investment Earnings	150,000	100,079	(49,921)	141,892	
Miscellaneous Revenues					
Sale of materials		65,600		25,000	
Other		123,150		73,425	
Total	112,673	188,750	76,077	98,425	
Total Revenues	25,592,395	25,956,770	364,375	25,540,556	
Expenditures					
General Government					
Governing Body:					
Salaries and employee benefits		93,944		88,660	
Other operating expenditures		33,622		69,464	
Capital outlay		-		-	
Total	146,244	127,566	18,678	158,124	
Administration:					
Salaries and employee benefits		304,501		318,726	
Other operating expenditures		144,180		128,519	
Capital outlay		-		107,329	
Total	470,996	448,681	22,315	554,574	
Human Resources:					
Salaries and employee benefits		364,681		335,029	
Other operating expenditures		21,251		48,304	
Total	424,436	385,932	38,504	383,333	
Elections:					
Salaries and employee benefits		118,004		103,351	
Other operating expenditures		58,814		42,601	
Total	186,356	176,818	9,538	145,952	
1000	100,550	170,010	2,550	173,932	

		2020		2019	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
			(
Finance:					
Salaries and employee benefits		182,421		263,615	
Other operating expenditures		57,934		100,772	
Total	362,298	240,355	121,943	364,387	
Taxes:					
Salaries and employee benefits		399,574		394,901	
Other operating expenditures		179,081		158,455	
Total	612,244	578,655	33,589	553,356	
Legal:					
Contract services	78,000	76,054	1,946	76,140	
Register of Deeds:					
Salaries and employee benefits		153,181		153,966	
Other operating expenditures		45,778		38,763	
Capital outlay		7,544		-	
Total	213,250	206,503	6,747	192,729	
Public Buildings: Salaries and employee benefits		494,058		424,184	
Other operating expenditures		338,686		312,923	
Capital outlay		160,999		4,840	
Total	1,035,651	993,743	41,908	741,947	
				<u> </u>	
Land Records:					
Salaries and employee benefits		156,334		107,563	
Other operating expenditures		22,677		23,298	
Total	204,549	179,011	25,538	130,861	
Court Facilities:					
Operating expenditures		71,647		74,463	
Total	83,410	71,647	11,763	74,463	
10001	05,110	/1,0 //	11,705	/ 1, 105	

		2020		2019
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Central Services:				
Salaries and employee benefits		82,459		82,161
Operating expenditures		532,285		572,965
Capital outlay		43,413		10,852
Total	823,910	658,157	165,753	665,978
Total General Government	4,641,344	4,143,122	498,222	4,041,844
Public Safety				
Sheriff:				
Salaries and employee benefits		1,746,152		1,712,921
Other operating expenditures		249,934		264,071
Capital outlay		121,856		-
Total	2,238,494	2,117,942	120,552	1,976,992
Jail:				
Salaries and employee benefits		1,191,752		1,176,285
Other operating expenses		613,353		603,443
Capital outlay		-		-
Total	2,035,348	1,805,105	230,243	1,779,728
Emergency Communications:				
Salaries and employee benefits		571,773		591,298
Other operating expenditures		44,549		42,914
Total	693,559	616,322	77,237	634,212
Emergency Management:				
Salaries and employee benefits		182,108		170,483
Other operating expenditures		76,034		113,202
Capital outlay		59,165		
Total	332,052	317,307	14,745	283,685
Fire:				
Contribution to forest service		91,082		67,223
Assistance to local fire departments	151.020	348,596	10.170	336,124
Total	451,830	439,678	12,152	403,347
Inspections:				
Salaries and employee benefits		109,614		106,803
Other operating expenditures		14,720		15,098
Capital outlay		2,097		0
Total	141,761	126,431	15,330	121,901

		2020		2019
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Rescue Units:				
Salaries and employee benefits		1,067,464		959,675
Other operating expenditures		232,165		259,662
Capital outlay		29,497		-
Total	1,422,208	1,329,126	93,082	1,219,337
Animal Control:				
Salaries and employee benefits		66,374		67,991
Other operating expenditures	104.144	22,604		24,768
Total	104,144	88,978	15,166	92,759
Medical Examiner:				
Contracted services		17,050		24,600
Total	20,000	17,050	2,950	24,600
COVID Relief				
Other operating expenditures		43,225		-
Total	656,732	43,225	613,507	
Total Public Safety	8,096,128	6,901,164	1,194,964	6,536,561
Transportation				
Contribution to transit authority		10,300		10,300
Contribution to regional airport		20,000		20,000
Total transportation	30,300	30,300		30,300
Economic and Physical Development				
Planning and Zoning:				
Salaries and employee benefits		69		48,848
Other operating expenditures		-		2,832
Total	<u> </u>	69	(69)	51,680
Economic Development:				
Salaries and employee benefits		-		-
Other operating expenditures		90,749		56,524
Total	92,902	90,749	2,153	56,524
Agricultural Extension:				
Salaries and employee benefits		106,027		94,553
Other operating expenditures	1/2 212	13,326	40.252	35,999
Total	167,715	119,353	48,362	130,552

		2020					
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual			
Solid and Water Conservation: Salaries and employee benefits		111,102		107,683			
Other operating expenditures		4,349		6,061			
Total	136,973	115,451	21,522	113,744			
		- / -					
Total Economic and Physical Development	397,590	325,622	71,968	352,500			
Human Services							
Health:							
Administration:				54.051			
Salaries and Benefits		75,507		74,251			
Contribution to health department Other operating expenditures		387,561 30,913		381,558 63,711			
Total	551,021	493,981	57,040	519,520			
1000		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		013,020			
Aid to Aging:							
Salaries and employee benefits		240,118		235,000			
Other operating expenditures		51,104		44,333			
Capital outlay		-		5,225			
Total	322,446	291,222	31,224	284,558			
Respite:							
Other operating expenditures		396,710		383,918			
Total	433,776	396,710	37,066	383,918			
Mental Health:							
Administration:							
Other operating expenditures		87,400		86,174			
Total	87,750	87,400	350	86,174			
Social Services:							
Administration:							
Salaries and employee benefits		2,230,950		2,135,289			
Other operating expenditures	2.045.025	616,121	210 764	644,856			
Total	3,065,835	2,847,071	218,764	2,780,145			

		2020		2019
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
	Dudget	Totuur	(itegutive)	Totuur
Public Assistance				
Work first: Operating expenditures		1 045 160		953,332
Foster care:		1,045,160		955,552
Operating expenditures		21,491		19,484
Total	1,070,682	1,066,651	4,031	972,816
Elderly Handicapped:				
Operating expenditures	128,050	96,686	31,364	135,112
Community Based Alternatives:				
Other operating expenditures		144,516		117,618
Total	144,516	144,516		117,618
Veterans Service Office:				
Salaries and employee benefits		60,129		57,591
Other operating expenditures	70.1(0	6,366		6,139
Total	70,168	66,495	3,673	63,730
Other Programs:				
Other appropriations/contributions Total	140,804	107,840	22.064	91,143
10141	140,804	107,840	32,964	91,143
Total Human Services	6,015,048	5,598,572	416,476	5,434,734
Cultural and Recreational				
Library and Recreation:				
Operating expenditures		-		-
Contribution to regional library		105,016		105,016
Total Cultural and Recreational	105,016	105,016	<u> </u>	105,016
Education				
Public schools-current expenses Public schools-capital outlay		4,290,818		4,290,818
Community college- current		- 949,474		- 949,474
Community college- capital outlay		34,917		100,800
Total Education	5,370,292	5,275,209	95,083	5,341,092
Debt Service				
Principal retirement		958,077		1,352,980
Interest and other charges		372,363		430,469
Total debt services	1,342,580	1,330,440	12,140	1,783,449

		2020					
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual			
Contingency	18,787		18,787				
Total Expenditures	26,017,085	23,709,445	2,307,640	23,625,496			
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(424,690)	2,247,325	(2,672,015)	1,915,060			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers to other funds: School Capital Reserve Fund Revaluation Fund Sanitation Fund Northern Water District Fund Southern Water District Fund Total	(1,314,757)	(1,352,454) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	37,697	$(1,185,796) \\ (40,000) \\ (4,806) \\ (939) \\ (1,200) \\ \hline (1,232,741)$			
Appropriated fund balance	1,739,447		1,739,447				
Total other financing sources (uses)	424,690	(1,352,454)	1,777,144	(1,232,741)			
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>\$</u> -	894,871	\$ 894,871	682,318			
Fund Balance - July 1		8,312,902		7,630,584			
Fund Balance-June 30		\$ 9,207,773		\$ 8,312,902			

		2019		
Revenues	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 2,400,000	\$ -	\$ (2,400,000)	\$ -
Expenditures Education Other operating expenses				
Capital Outlay	1,268,400	436,594	831,806	261,330
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,131,600	(436,594)	1,568,194	(261,330)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfer in			0.4.0 .7. 4	
General fund Operating transfer out	1,268,400	1,352,454	84,054	1,185,796
School Capital Fund	(3,500,000)	-	3,500,000	(565,898)
Appropriated Fund Balance	1,100,000	-	(1,100,000)	-
Total	(1,131,600)	1,352,454	2,484,054	619,898
Revenues Over Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	915,860	\$ (915,860)	358,568
Fund Balance - July 1		1,961,368		1,602,800
Fund Balance - June 30		\$ 2,877,228		\$ 1,961,368

		2019		
<u>Revenues</u>	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Investment Earnings	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$ -
Expenditures				
Current: General government Tax listings: <u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>	64,600	28,800	35,800	94,920
Transfer from (to) other funds General Fund Fund Balance Appropriated Total	40,000 24,600 64,600	- - 	(40,000) (24,600) (64,600)	40,000
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expnditures	\$ -	(28,800)	\$ (28,800)	(54,920)
Fund Balance - July 1		123,100		178,020
Fund Balance - June 30		\$ 94,300		\$ 123,100

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account fo specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

- Emergency Telephone System Fund: This fund was established in accordance with North Carolina law to account for the accumulation of telephone surcharges to be used for emergency telephone systems.
- **Fire District Fund:** This fund accounts for the ad valorem tax levies of the two fire districts in Hertford County.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment.

• Ahoskie Elementary School Project: This fund is used to account for the expenses associated with the Ahoskie Elementary School Project.

Hertford County, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheets Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Special Rev			
	Emergency Telephone System Fund	Fire District Fund	Ahoskie Elementary School Project	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Taxes receivable, net Due from other governments	\$ 574,910 - - - 4,789	\$ 516 10,139 9,110	\$	\$ 575,426 3,504,095 10,139 9,110 18,209
Total assets	\$ 579,699	\$ 19,765	\$ 3,517,515	\$ 4,116,979
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 3,142	\$ 10,641	\$	\$ 493,289
Total liabilities	3,142	10,641	479,506	493,289
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		9,110		9,110
Fund balances: Restricted:				
Stabalization by State Statue Public Safety General Government	4,789 571,768	10,139		14,928 571,768
Education Unassigned	-	(10,125)	3,038,009	3,038,009 (10,125)
Total fund balances	576,557	14	3,038,009	3,614,580
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 579,699	\$ 19,765	\$ 3,517,515	\$ 4,107,869

Hertford County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds Emergency Telephone Fire District System Fund Fund		Capital Project Funds Ahoskie Elementary School Project	Total
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes Local option sales tax Restricted intergovernmental Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ - 86,809 7,958 94,767	\$ 96,720 34,619 - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 96,720 34,619 86,809 18,243 236,391
Expenditures Current: Public safety Education Comital outlay	159,472	179,412	- - 1.054.062	338,884
Capital outlay Total expenditures	159,472	179,412	1,954,063 1,954,063	1,954,063 2,292,947
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(64,705)	(48,073)	(1,943,778)	(2,056,556)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds General Fund Transfers (to) other funds General Fund Proceeds from Debt	-	-	- 5,000,000	- - 5,000,000
	<u> </u>		5,000,000	3,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)			5,000,000	5,000,000
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(64,705)	(48,073)	3,056,222	2,943,444
Fund balances, beginning	641,262	48,087	(18,213)	671,136
Fund balances, ending	\$ 576,557	\$ 14	\$ 3,038,009	\$ 3,614,580

			2020			2019
	Final Budge	t	Actual	I	/ariance Positive Vegative)	 Actual
Revenues						
Restricted intergovernmental revenue Wireless 911 funds Contributions Investment earnings Total	\$ 106,70	\$	86,809 - 7,958 94,767	\$	(11,933)	\$ <u>-</u> <u>12,727</u> 12,727
Expenditures						
Public safety	193,75)	159,472		34,278	 183,268
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(87,05)))	(64,705)		(46,211)	 (170,541)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Operating transfer (out) General Fund Appropriated fund balance Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	87,050		-		-	 -
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources	\$		(64,705)	\$	(46,211)	(170,541)
Fund Balance July 1			641,262			 811,803
Fund Balance - June 30		\$	576,557			\$ 641,262
Emergency Telephone System Unspent Balance Amounts reported above are different from the PSA because:	AP Revenue-Expe	nditure	Report			
Net Change in Fund Balance, reported on Budget to Plus: Additional expenses on report not on General	Ledger (accrual e	entries)		\$	(64,705) 7,846	
Net Change per PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report					(56,859) 641 262	
Beginning Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure R Ending Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Repo	•			\$	641,262 584,403	
Enang Balance, i bitti Kevende Expenditure Kepe				Ψ	507,705	

			2019											
Revenues	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Actual (Negative)		Budget Actual		Pos		Positive		Actual	
Ad Valorem taxes:														
Taxes	\$	110,085	\$	96,720	\$	(13,365)	\$	101,107						
Other taxes and licenses	Ψ	30,800	Ψ	34,619	Ψ	3,819	Ψ	32,251						
Total revenues		140,885		131,339		(9,546)		133,358						
Expenditures Public Safety														
Woodland Fire District				5,980				4,638						
Union Fire District Ahoskie Fire District				14,887 158,545				10,371 118,349						
Total expenditures		188,973		179,412		9,561		133,358						
i cui expenditares		100,975		179,112		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		155,556						
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(48,088)		(48,073)		(19,107)		-						
Other financing sources: Appropriated fund balance Transfer from general fund		48,088												
Total other financing sources		48,088		-		-		-						
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	<u> </u>		(48,073)	\$	(19,107)		-						
Fund Balance - July 1				48,087				48,087						
Fund Balance - June 30			\$	14			\$	48,087						

Hertford County, North Carolina Ahoskie Elementary School Project Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Actual				
Revenues	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Miscellaneous Investment earnings Total	\$ - -	\$ - - -	\$ <u>-</u> 10,285 10,285	\$ - 10,285 10,285	\$		
Expenditures							
Capital outlay Contingency Administrative Cost Architectural Fees Testing and Geographical Survey Fixtures, Furniture, and Equipment Construction Cost Site Development Total Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	260,000 100,000 910,000 75,000 500,000 12,155,000 800,000 14,800,000 (14,800,000)	562,586 21,525 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	101,492 214,048 3,000 1,635,523 1,954,063 (1,943,778)	101,492 776,634 24,525 1,635,523 2,538,174 (2,527,889)	260,000 (1,492) 133,366 50,475 500,000 10,519,477 800,000 12,261,826 (12,272,111)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfer from School Capital Reserve Proceeds from Debt Total	3,500,000 11,300,000 14,800,000	565,898 	5,000,000	565,898 5,000,000 5,565,898	(2,934,102) (6,300,000) (9,234,102)		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	\$ (18,213)	3,056,222	\$ 3,038,009	\$ (3,038,009)		
Fund Balance - July 1			(18,213)				
Fund Balance - June 30			\$ 3,038,009				

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the government's council is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, where the government's council has decided that the period determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Major Enterprise Funds

- Northern Water District Fund: This fund accounts for the activities of the County's Northern Water District, including the associated Capital Project Fund that is used to record capital expenditures for this District.
- Southern Water District Fund: This fund accounts for the activities of the County's Southern Water District.
- **Tunis Sewer District Fund:** This fund accounts for the activities of the County's Tunis Sewer District, including the associated Capital Project Fund that is used to record Capital expenditures for this District.

Non-major Enterprise Funds

• Sanitation Fund: This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of various refuse disposal sites.

Hertford County, North Carolina Northern Water District Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				2020			2019
						ariance	
						Positive	
	F	Budget		Actual	(N	legative)	Actual
Revenues							
Operating Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	528,420	\$	522,514	\$	(5,906)	\$ 500,761
Tap-on fees		24,680		25,586		906	22,247
Other		2,860		2,368		(492)	2,094
Total operating revenues		555,960		550,468		(5,492)	525,102
Nonoperating revenues:							
Interest Earned on Investments		10,320		9,296		(1,024)	11,245
Total Nonoperating Revenues		10,320		9,296		(1,024)	11,245
Total Revenues		566,280		559,764		(6,516)	536,347
Expenditures							
				244 705			2(0.159
Administration and operations				244,795 20,046			269,158
Capital Outlay Debt Service:				20,046			3,350
Interest and fees				51,656			50,358
				119,491			
Debt principal		567,628				131,640	116,462
Total Expenditures		307,028		435,988		131,040	439,328
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,348)		123,776		125,124	97,019
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers from (to) Other Funds							
Northern Project Fund		-		-		-	-
General Fund		1,348		-		(1,348)	939
Fund Balance Appropriated		-		-		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,348		-		(1,348)	939
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over							
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-	\$	123,776	\$	123,776	\$ 97,958
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified acc	rual) t	o full accrua	1				
	-						• • • • • • •
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures			\$	123,776			\$ 97,958
Debt principal				119,491			116,462
Depreciation				(100,161)			(101,120)
Capital Outlay				13,717			-
(Increase) decrease in bond interest accrued				(5,483)			505
(Increase) decrease in vacation payable				528			618
(Increase) decrease in accrued neuroll				1,578			982
(Increase) decrease in accrued payroll							
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability				(19,303)			1,193
	es - pei	nsion					1,193 3,390
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource				(19,303) (10,196) 13,036			
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource (Increase) decrease in net pension liability	es - OP	PEB		(19,303) (10,196)			3,390
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources	es - OP s - pens	PEB		(19,303) (10,196) 13,036			3,390 1,860
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource (Increase) decrease in net pension liability	es - OP s - pens	PEB		(19,303) (10,196) 13,036 7,948			3,390 1,860 (5,414)
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources	es - OP s - pens	PEB		(19,303) (10,196) 13,036 7,948 (816)			3,390 1,860 (5,414) 608
 (Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources 	es - OP s - pens	PEB		(19,303) (10,196) 13,036 7,948 (816)			3,390 1,860 (5,414) 608 (22,314)
 (Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources 	es - OF	PEB		(19,303) (10,196) 13,036 7,948 (816) 7,416			3,390 1,860 (5,414) 608 (22,314)

Hertford County, North Carolina Northern Water Improvement Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Actual				
	Project Authorization	Prior Year	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Restricted intergovernmental revenue							
USDA Rural Development grant	\$ 423,000	\$ -	\$ 174,473	\$ 174,473	\$ (248,527)		
Tap on fees	12,200	4,600	-	4,600	(7,600)		
Total	435,200	4,600	174,473	179,073	(256,127)		
Expenditures							
Capital Outlay							
Contingency	5,133	-	-	-	5,133		
Administrative Cost	25,000	-	21,250	21,250	3,750		
Contract services - construction	246,656	140,554	104,976	245,530	1,126		
Contract services - engineering	1,152,371	866,428	146,981	1,013,409	138,962		
Interest Expense	18,000	-	-	-	18,000		
Total	1,447,160	1,006,982	273,207	1,280,189	166,971		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,011,960)	(1,002,382)	(98,734)	(1,101,116)	(89,156)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
USDA Loan Proceeds	936,000	-	936,000	936,000	-		
Loan from Southern Water District	1,359,000	1,359,000	-	1,359,000	-		
Repay loan from Southern Water District	(1,359,000)	-	-	-	1,359,000		
Transfer from Northern Water District Fund	75,960	75,960	-	75,960			
Total	1,011,960	1,434,960	936,000	2,370,960	1,359,000		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over							
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 432,578	\$ 837,266	\$ 1,269,844	\$ 1,269,844		

Hertford County, North Carolina Southern Water District Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				2020				2019
						Variance Positive		
		Budget		Actual	()	Negative)		Actual
Revenues								
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	1,026,360	\$	1,001,564	\$	(24,796)	\$	992,622
Tap-on fees		63,562		52,318		(11,244)		65,850
Other		3,000		3,453		453		8,955
Total operating revenues		1,092,922		1,057,335		(35,587)		1,067,427
Nonoperating revenues:								
Interest Earned on Investments		36,000		30,703		(5,297)		49,644
Total Nonoperating Revenues		36,000		30,703		(5,297)		49,644
Total Revenues		1,128,922		1,088,038		(40,884)		1,117,071
Expenditures						<u> </u>		
Administration and operations				505,227				462,854
Capital Outlay				51,546				65,034
Debt Service:				,				,
Interest and fees				100,018				106,417
Debt principal				252,510				246,111
Bond issuance cost				-				-
Total Expenditures		1,130,082		909,301		220,781		880,416
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,160)		178,737		179,897		236,655
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers from (to) Other Funds								
General Fund		1,160		-		(1,160)		1,200
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,160		-		(1,160)		1,200
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over								
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-	\$	178,737	\$	178,737	\$	237,855
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified	accr	ual) to full acc	rual					
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures			\$	178,737			\$	237,855
Debt principal			Ŷ	252,510			φ	246,111
Depreciation				(222,597)				(220,780)
Capital Outlay				35,270				56,419
(Increase) decrease in bond interest accrued				1,094				1,066
(Increase) decrease in accrued payroll				1,834				(3,085)
(Increase) decrease in vacation payable				(2,357)				(1,884)
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation				(19,231)				1,188
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - per Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OF				(3,762)				20,401
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OF Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	св			5,921 (7,955)				1,854
(Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of reso	urces	- nensions		(7,955) (2,242)				(26,982) 484
(Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of reso (Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of reso				7,388				(22,231)
Total reconciling items		5120		45,873				52,561
Change in net position			\$	224,610			\$	290,416

Hertford County, North Carolina Tunis Sewer District Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				2020		2019		
	Budget			Actual		ariance ositive egative)	Actual	
Revenues								
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	26,500	\$	32,230	\$	5,730	\$	34,040
Tap on fees				3,069		3,069		-
Total operating revenues		26,500		35,299		8,799		34,040
Nonoperating revenues:								
Interest Earned on Investments		2,000		1,669		(331)		1,340
Total Nonoperating Revenues		2,000		1,669		(331)		1,340
Total Revenues		28,500		36,968		8,468		35,380
Expenditures								
Administration and operations Debt Service:				21,444				14,718
Debt Principal				5,500				5,500
Interest and fees				6,856				6,986
Total Expenditures		35,343		33,800		1,543		27,204
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(6,843)		3,168		10,011		8,176
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers from (to) Other Funds Tunis Sewer District Capital Project Fund		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance Appropriated		6,843		_		(6,843)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		6,843		-		(6,843)		-
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over								
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$		\$	3,168	\$	3,168	\$	8,176
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified a	ccrual) (to full accrua	ıl					
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				3,168			\$	8,176
Debt Principal				5,500				5,500
Depreciation Expense				(38,867)				(38,867)
(Increase) decrease in bond interest accrued				(22)				(22)
Total reconciling items				(33,389)				(33,389)
Change in net position			\$	(30,221)			\$	(25,213)

Hertford County, North Carolina Sanitation Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			2020			2019
	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		 Actual
Revenues						
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 1,264,870	\$	1,352,498	\$	87,628	\$ 1,031,921
Other	38,222		40,991		2,769	51,267
Total Operating Revenues	1,303,092		1,393,489		90,397	 1,083,188
Nonoperating revenues:						
Interest Earnings	62,308		3,435		(58,873)	5,056
Total Nonoperating Revenues	62,308		3,435		(58,873)	 5,056
Total Revenues	1,365,400		1,396,924		31,524	 1,088,244
Expenditures						
Landfill:						
Administration and operations			449,598			445,223
Contract services			879,540			686,894
Capital Outlay			-			-
Total Expenditures	1,401,575		1,329,138		72,437	1,132,117
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(36,175)		67,786		103,961	 (43,873)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers from (to) Other Funds						
General Fund	3,849		-		(3,849)	4,806
Fund Balance Appropriated	32,326		-		(32,326)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	36,175		-		(36,175)	 4,806
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over						
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$	67,786	\$	67,786	\$ (39,067)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accr	ual) to full accrua	1				
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		\$	67,786			\$ (39,067)
						(15,400)
Demosistion			(15, 400)			
Depreciation Conital outlay			(15,400)			(15,400)
Capital outlay			-			-
Capital outlay (Increase) decrease in vacation payable			2,096			(2,881)
Capital outlay (Increase) decrease in vacation payable (Increase) decrease in accrued payroll			2,096 (1,066)			(2,881) (788)
Capital outlay (Increase) decrease in vacation payable (Increase) decrease in accrued payroll (Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability			2,096 (1,066) (10,451)			(2,881) (788) 645
Capital outlay (Increase) decrease in vacation payable (Increase) decrease in accrued payroll (Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in landfill closure			2,096 (1,066) (10,451) 15,854			(2,881) (788) 645 20,097
Capital outlay (Increase) decrease in vacation payable (Increase) decrease in accrued payroll (Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in landfill closure Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pension			2,096 (1,066) (10,451) 15,854 (6,629)			(2,881) (788) 645 20,097 7,932
Capital outlay (Increase) decrease in vacation payable (Increase) decrease in accrued payroll (Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in landfill closure			2,096 (1,066) (10,451) 15,854			(2,881) (788) 645 20,097
Capital outlay (Increase) decrease in vacation payable (Increase) decrease in accrued payroll (Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in landfill closure Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pension Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB			2,096 (1,066) (10,451) 15,854 (6,629) 6,959			(2,881) (788) 645 20,097 7,932 1,007
Capital outlay (Increase) decrease in vacation payable (Increase) decrease in accrued payroll (Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in landfill closure Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pension Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Increase in net pension liability			2,096 (1,066) (10,451) 15,854 (6,629) 6,959 1,547			(2,881) (788) 645 20,097 7,932 1,007 (11,048)
Capital outlay (Increase) decrease in vacation payable (Increase) decrease in accrued payroll (Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in landfill closure Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pension Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Increase in net pension liability Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pension			2,096 (1,066) (10,451) 15,854 (6,629) 6,959 1,547 (1,177)			 (2,881) (788) 645 20,097 7,932 1,007 (11,048) 506

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the county as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

- **Social Services Fund:** This fund accounts for moneys held by the Social Services Department for the benefit of certain individuals in the County.
- **Inmates Money Fund:** This fund accounts for moneys of inmates that are held by the County for their personal expenses.
- **Fines and Forfeitures Fund:** This fund accounts for fines and forfeitures collected by the County that are required to be turned over to the Hertford County Board of Education.
- **Tax Fund:** This fund accounts for taxes and fees that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities within the County.

Hertford County, North Carolina Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Restated Balance July 1, 2019			Additions	D	eductions	Balance June 30, 2020		
Social Services									
Assets	¢	6 0.96	¢	24.259	¢	27 201	¢	2.062	
Cash	\$	6,986	\$	24,258	\$	27,281	\$	3,963	
Liabilities									
Miscellaneous Liabilities	\$	6,986	\$	24,258	\$	27,281	\$	3,963	
Inmates Money									
Assets									
Cash	\$	16,606	\$	154,522	\$	154,057	\$	17,071	
Liabilities Miscellaneous Liabilities	\$	16,606	\$	154,522	\$	154,057	\$	17,071	
Milleonario as Endonarios	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	101,022	Ψ	10 1,007	4	17,071	
Cooperative Extension Trust									
Assets Cash	\$	20.160	\$	1 6 2 9	¢	1 001	¢	19 015	
Cash Due from other Governments	\$	20,160 208	Э	1,638 241	\$	2,883 208	\$	18,915 241	
Due nom outer Governments		208		241		208		241	
Liabilities									
Miscellaneous Liabilities	\$	20,368	\$	1,879	\$	2,883	\$	19,364	
Fines and Forfeitures									
Assets									
Cash	\$		\$	49,022	\$	49,022	\$	-	
Liabilities									
Intergovernmental payable	\$	-	\$	49,022	\$	49,022	\$	-	
intergevenimental payable	Ψ		Ψ	19,022	Ψ	19,022	4		
Tax Fund									
Assets									
Cash	\$	-	\$	3,604,332	\$	3,604,332	\$	-	
Liabilities									
Intergovernmental payable	\$	-	\$	3,604,332	\$	3,604,332	\$	-	
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS									
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	43,752	\$	3,833,772	\$	3,837,575	\$	39,949	
Due from other Governments	\$	208	\$	241	\$	208	\$	241	
Liabilities:									
Miscellaneous Liabilities	\$	43,960	\$	3,834,013	\$	3,837,575	\$	40,398	

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additional information required on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy County-Wide Levy
- Schedule of Ten Largest Taxpayers

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year	_	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2019	-	Additions		Collections And Credits		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2020
2019-2020	\$	-	\$	14,018,993	\$	13,549,628	\$	469,365
2018-2019		509,931		-		269,354		240,577
2017-2018		243,044		-		96,441		146,603
2016-2017		148,739		-		50,648		98,091
2015-2016		88,939		-		18,171		70,768
2014-2015		64,660		-		10,599		54,061
2013-2014		69,426		-		6,948		62,478
2012-2013		70,977		-		6,930		64,047
2011-2012		57,691		-		3,832		53,859
2010-2011		54,529		-		2,558		51,971
2009-2010		53,593		-		53,593		-
Totals	\$	1,361,529	\$	14,018,993	\$	14,068,702	\$	1,311,820
				Less: allowanc	e for ur	ncollectible accour	nts	(510,000)
		Taxes Receival	ole (N	et)			\$	801,820
	<u>R</u>	econcilement with	h reve	nues:				
		d valorem taxes - nterest and penalti		ral Fund	\$	14,014,905 (148,857)		
		Doonoiling it						13,866,048
		Reconciling item Other adjustn						151,979
		•		ff for 2009-2010	laur			50,675
				ing Items	ievy			202,654
			Concil	ing noms				202,034

Hertford County, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy County - wide Levy For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		C	_	Total Levy					
	P	roperty Valuation	Rate	_	Total Levy	-	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles		Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Dog tax	\$	1,658,455,129	0.840	\$	14,014,123 4,870	\$	12,555,627 4,870	\$	1,458,496 -
Total Original Levy		1,658,455,129			14,018,993	-	12,560,497	. <u> </u>	1,458,496
Total Property Valuation	\$	1,658,455,129							
Net levy					14,018,993		12,560,497		1,458,496
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2020					469,365	-	469,365	· -	
Current year's taxes collected				\$	13,549,628	\$	12,091,132	\$	1,458,496
Current levy collection percentage				=	96.65%	=	96.26%	: =	100.00%

Secondary Market Disclosures:

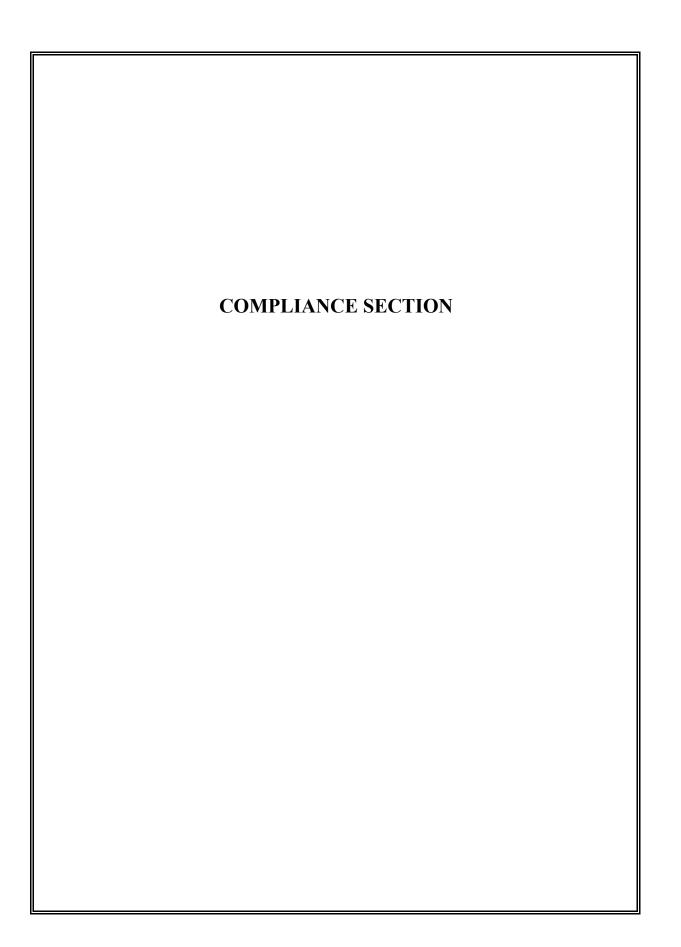
Assessed Valuation:	
Assessment Ratio	100%
Real Property	\$ 1,112,841,547
Personal Property	427,233,234
Public Service Companies	118,380,348
Total Assessed Valuation	1,658,455,129
Tax Rate per \$100	0.84
Levy (includes discoveries, releases and abatements)	\$ 14,014,123

In addition to the County-wide rate, the following table lists the levies by the County on behalf of fire protection districts for the fiscal year ended June 30:

Fire Protection Districts	\$ 83,091

Hertford County, North Carolina Ten Largest Taxpayers For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Taxpayer	Type of Business	<u> </u>	Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Ahoskie Center, LLC	Retail	\$	93,030,230	5.61%
Wackenhut Corrections Corp	Correctional Facility		59,953,740	3.62%
Nucor Corporation	Manufacturing		45,023,104	2.71%
Enviva Pellets Ahoskie, LLC	Manufacturing		37,230,688	2.24%
Commercial Ready Mix Products Inc	Construction		16,333,404	0.98%
Kerr Group, LLC	Manufacturing		14,593,142	0.88%
Carroll's Foods of Virginia Inc	Livestock		12,482,833	0.75%
Aulander Holloman Solar, LLC	Solar		12,032,934	0.73%
Wal-Mart Real Estate BUS Trust	Retail		10,614,971	0.64%
Meadows 163, LLC	Timber		9,484,734	0.57%
		\$	310,779,780	18.74%





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> Alan W. Thompson, CPA R. Bryon Scott, CPA Gregory S. Adams, CPA

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Hertford County Winton, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hertford County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises Hertford County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 4, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Hertford County ABC Board, as described in our report on Hertford County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the Hertford ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hertford County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedure that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hertford County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hertford County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Rice, Sectt, adame & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Whiteville, NC January 4, 2021



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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS CONSULTANTS AND TAX ADVISORS

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Federal Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Hertford County Winton, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hertford County, North Carolina's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hertford County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Hertford County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Hertford County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occud with governance. udes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hertford County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Hertford County compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Hertford County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Hertford County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Hertford County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have direct and material effect on major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items [2020-001, 2020-002, and 2020-003] that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The Hertford County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The Hertford County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Rice, Seatt, adame) & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Whiteville, NC January 4, 2021

Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements were prepared in accordance to GAAP: Unmodified							
Internal control over financial reporting:							
Material Weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no					
• Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	yes	X_none reported					
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	yes	<u>X</u> no					
Federal Awards							
Internal control over major federal programs:							
Material Weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no					
• Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	<u>X</u> yes	none reported					
Noncompliance material to federal awards	yes	<u>X</u> no					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	major federal programs: Unmodified						
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	no					
Identification of major federal programs:							
<u>CFDA #</u> 10.760 93.778	<u>Program Name</u> Water and Waste Disposal Systems Medical Assistance Program	for Rural Communities					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs		\$ 750,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> yes	no					

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None Reported.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

US Department of Health and Human Services

Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA# 93.778

Finding: 2020-001

SIGNIFICANT DEFICENCY Eligibility

Criteria:	The Child Support Enforcement Agency (IV-D) can assist the family in obtaining financial and/or medical support or medical support payments from the child's non-custodial parent. Cooperation requirement with Social Services and Child Support Agencies must be met or good cause for not cooperating must be established when determining Medicaid eligibility.
Condition:	There were six errors discovered during our procedures that referrals between DSS and Child Support Agencies were not properly made.
Questioned Costs:	There was no known affect to eligibility and there were no known questioned costs.
Context:	We examined 60 Medicaid applicants from the Medicaid Beneficiary report provided by NC Department of Health and Human Services to re-determine eligibility. These findings are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to the Medicaid administrative cost compliance audit.
Effect:	For those certifications/re-certifications there was a chance that information was not properly documented and reconciled to NC FAST and a participant could have been approved for benefits for which they were not eligible.
Identification of a repeat finding:	This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2019-001.
Cause:	Error in reading the ACTS report, and ineffective case review process.
Recommendation:	Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper information is in place and necessary procedures are taken when determining eligibility. The results found or documentation made in case notes should clearly indicate what actions were performed and the results of those actions.
-	The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will review action reports regularly to determine if corrective action was taken and that action was correctly closed out. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations. The County finance office will also participating in the review process.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

US Department of Health and Human Services

Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA# 93.778

Finding: 2020-002

SIGNIFICANT DEFICENCY Eligibility

Criteria:	In accordance with 42 CFR 435, documentation must be obtained as needed to determine if a recipient meets specific income standards, and documentation must be maintained to support eligibility determinations. In accordance with 2 CFR 200, management should have an adequate system of internal controls procedures in place to ensure an applicant is properly determined or redetermined for benefits.
Condition:	There were seventeen errors discovered during our procedures that inaccurate information was entered when determining eligibility.
Questioned Costs:	There was no known affect to eligibility and there were no known questioned costs.
Context:	We examined 60 Medicaid recipients from the Medicaid Beneficiary report provided by NC Department of Health and Human Services to re-determine eligibility. These findings are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to the Medicaid administrative cost compliance audit.
Effect:	For those certifications/re-certifications there was a chance that information was not properly documented and reconciled to NC FAST which could affect income. Therefore, a participant could have been approved for benefits that they were not eligible for.
Identification of a repeat finding:	This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2019-004.
Cause:	Ineffective record keeping and ineffective case review process, incomplete documentation, and incorrect application of rules for purposes of determining eligibility.
Recommendation:	Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. Workers should be retrained on what files should contain and the importance of complete and accurate record keeping. We recommend that all files include online verifications, documented resources of income and those amounts agree to information in NC FAST. The results found or documentation made in case notes should clearly indicate what actions were performed and the results of those actions.
_	e The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will perform second party reviews to ensure proper d documentation is contained in files to support eligibility determinations. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations. The County finance office will also participating in the review process.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

US Department of Health and Human Services

Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX) CFDA# 93.778

Finding: 2020-003

SIGNIFICANT DEFICENCY Eligibility

Criteria:	Medicaid for Aged, Blind and Disabled case records should contain documentation that verifications were done in preparation of the application and these items will agree to reports in the NC FAST system. In this process, the countable resources should be calculated correctly and agree back to the amounts in the NC FAST system. Any items discovered in the verification process should be considered countable or non-countable resources and explained within the documentation.
Condition:	There were seven errors discovered during our procedures that resources in the county documentation and those same resources contained in NC FAST were not the same amounts, files containing resources were not properly documented to be considered countable or non-countable, or policy was not properly followed.
Questioned Costs:	There was no known affect to eligibility and there were no known questioned costs.
Context:	We examined 60 Medicaid applicants from the Medicaid Beneficiary report provided by NC Department of Health and Human Services to re-determine eligibility. These findings are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to the Medicaid administrative cost compliance audit.
Effect:	For those certifications/re-certifications there was a chance that information was not properly documented and reconciled to NC FAST which could affect countable resource. Therefore, applicants could have received assistance for which they were not eligible.
Identification of a repeat finding:	This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2019-003.
Cause:	Ineffective record keeping and ineffective case review process, incomplete documentation, and incorrect application of rules for purposes of determining eligibility.
Recommendation:	Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. Workers should be retrained on what files should contain and the importance of complete and accurate record keeping. We recommend that all files include online verifications, documented resources of income and those amounts agree to information in NC FAST. Additionally, the caseworkers and supervisors should have proper training on the Transfer of Assets Policy (MA-2240), when a lookback review is required, and appropriately documenting the lookback review and verify any transfers of assets according to the policy. The results found or documentation made in case notes should clearly indicate what actions were performed and the results of those actions.
-	e The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will review action reports regularly to determine if d corrective action plan was taken and that action was correctly closed out. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations. The County finance office will also participating in the review process.



Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None Reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Question Costs

Finding 2020-001

Name of contact person:	Brenda Brown, DSS Director; Debra Myers, Adults Medicaid Supervisor; Angela Brown, IMS II
Corrective Action:	Additional trainings have been conducted and more are to be conduted in an effort to avoid such adventitious mistakes when completing applications and recertifications, the number of second party reviews have increased and steps for checking evidence and determinations have been impllemented. Workers are n ow verifying any changes to income and household members that have been reported to the agency. IV D referrals are now being made according to policy.

Proposed completion Management will continue to monitor the progress of this issue and modify the controls as needed. date:

Finding 2020-002

Name of contact person:	Brenda Brown, DSS Director; Debra Myers, Adults Medicaid Supervisor; Angela Brown, IMS II
Corrective Action:	Additional trainings have been conducted and more are to be conduted in an effort to avoid such adventitious mistakes when completing applications and recertifications, the number of second party reviews have increased and steps for checking evidence and determinations have been impllemented. Workers are n ow verifying any changes to income and household members that have been reported to the agency.

Proposed completion Management will continue to monitor the progress of this issue and modify the controls as needed. date:

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Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Finding 2020-003

Name of contact person:	Brenda Brown, DSS Director; Debra Myers, Adults Medicaid Supervisor; Angela Brown, IMS II
Corrective Action:	One worker had three cases pulled with two out of the three containing resource errors. This worker was required to complete the Medicaid ABD Financial Resources Training individually. On October 2, 2020 the supervisor met with the worker and a coaching tool was completed. During this meeting it was determined that our internal application/review checklist would be updated to better fit the needs of the worker. The worker was advised to make sure that she checked all verifications and that she must check determinations by toggling into them and comparing the resources and income with her checklist. The following trainings/discussions have included all Adult Medicaid workers - June 7, 2019 Trend of errors on the REDA audit, August 28, 2019 Medicaid ABD Financial Resources training, May 2020, June 9, 2020, June 25, 2020 and July 24, 2020 workers were reminded that all resources are to be verified at evey application and every recertification. We have increased the number of second party reviews in order to decrease the number of errors. We had one case where the five year look back had not been completed. The necessity of completing this has been discussed with our Long Term Care Unit. Training on Transfer of Assets was conducted with the LTC workers on 10/27/2020 and 10/30/2020.

Proposed completion Management will continue to monitor the progress of this issue and modify the controls as needed. date:

Section IV - State Award Findings and Question Costs

None Reported

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Hertford County, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Finding:	2019-001
Status:	Repeated. See finding 2020-001.
Finding:	2019-002
Status:	Corrected.
Finding:	2019-003
Status:	Repeated. See finding 2020-003.
Finding:	2019-004
Status:	Repeated. See finding 2020-002.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		State/					
	Federal	State/ Pass-through	Fed (Dir	ect &		Provided	
Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	Pass-th		State	to	Local
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expend		Expenditures	Subrecipients	Expenditures
<u>Granol/Hograni Huc</u>	INUITOCI	Number	Expend	nuics	Experienteres	Subrecipients	Experiances
Federal Awards:							
U.S. Dept. of Agriculture							
Passed-through N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services							
Division of Social Services:							
Administration:							
State Administrative Matching Grants for the							
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		\$ 2	87,603	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 287,603
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communitie:							
Water and Waste Program Grant	10.760		2	63,629	-	-	-
Water and Waste Program Loan	10.760			36,000	-	-	-
Total Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communitie	31			99,629			
Total U.S. Dept. of Agriculture			1,4	87,232	-	-	287,603
U.S Dept. of Treasury							
Passed-through the Office of State Budget and Management							
NC Pandemic Recovery Office							
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019			00,867	-	-	-
Total U.S. Dept of Treasury			1	00,867	-	-	-
US Dept. of Health and Human Services							
Passed-through Mid East Commissions:							
Division of Aging and Adult Services:							
Aging Cluster							
Special Programs for the Aging Title IIIB							
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044			9,843	579	-	-
Special Programs for the Aging Title IIIC Nutrition Services	93.045		1	26,620	7,448	-	-
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053			21,915	-	-	-
Total Aging Cluster			1	58,378	8,027	-	-
Division of Social Services:							
Temporary Assistance Needy Family Cluster							
TANF-Work First	93.558		2	73,120	-	-	74,282
Total TANF Cluster			2	73,120	-	-	74,282
AFDC Payment & Penalties	93.560			(91)	(25)		(25)
Foster Care and Adoption Cluster							
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658			29,180	8,501	-	16,338
Adoption Assistance	93.659			2,966	-	-	2,966
Foster Care	N/A			14,560	-	-	31,884
IV-E Adoption	N/A			676	-	-	-
Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster				47,382	8,501	-	51,188
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		3	05,020	(307)		157,439
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance							
Administration	93.568			29,651	-	-	-
Energy Assistance - Direct Benefit Payments	93.568			24,977	-	-	-
Crisis Intervention Program	93.568		2	74,003	-	-	-
Total Low-Income Energy Assistance			5	28,631	-	-	-
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program							
Permanency Planning - Families for Kids	93.645			477	-	-	159
Total Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program:				477	-	-	159
SSBG - Other Service and Training	93.667		1	34,891	-	-	44,963
Division of Aging and Adult Services							
Division of Social Services							
SSBG - State In Home Service Fund	93.667			12,221	-	-	1,746
SSBG - State Adult Day Care	93.667			18,523	6,067	-	5,799
Pass-through Mid East Commission:					-,,		-,
Social Services Block Grant (SSBG)	93.667			15,104	432	-	-
Total Social Service Block Grant				80,739	6,499	-	52,508
			1		5,.55		22,200
Administration for Children and Families							
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services							
Subsidized Child Care:							
Child Care Development Fund Cluster:							
Division of Social Services:							
Child Care Development Fund-Administration	93.596			78,221	-	-	-
Total Subsidized Child Care Cluster				78,221	-	-	-
				- , -= -			

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Fed (Direct & Pass-through Expenditures	State Expenditures	Provided to <u>Subrecipients</u>	Local Expenditures
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services						
Division of Medical Assistance: Division of Social Services						
Medical Assistance Program - Administration	93.778		1,075,414	4 10,512	-	435,810
State Children's Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice	93.767		44,63	8 820	-	2,957
LINKS	93.674		61) 24	-	-
Family Preservation	93.556		202		-	-
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,692,73	5 34,051	-	774,318
U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security Passed through the NC Dept. of Public Safety Division of Emergency Management						
Emergency Management Performance Gran	97.042	EMPG-2018	38,90	1 -	-	-
Total U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security			38,90		-	-
U.S. Dept. of Justice						
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738		24,37	<u> </u>	-	
Total U.S. Dept. of Justice			24,37	-	-	-
Total Federal Awards			\$ 4,344,110	34,051	\$ -	\$ 1,061,921
State Awards:						
N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services						
Division of Aging and Adult Services State Funds - Access			\$	- \$ 1,574	\$ -	\$ -
State Funds - In-Home Services			φ	- 72,198	÷	÷ -
State Funds - Home Delivered Meals				- 42,074	-	-
State Appropriation Total Division of Aging and Adult Services				- 11,556 - 127,402	-	-
Division of Social Services:						
AFDC Incent/Program Intergrity		N/A		- 58	-	-
DCD Smart Start		N/A		- 7,666	-	-
State Child Welfare/CPS/CS LD		N/A N/A		- 7,649	-	328,921
County Funded Programs Work First Non Reimbursable		N/A N/A			-	17,136
Non-Allocating County Cost		N/A			-	24,287
CSE Disaster Non-Reimbursable					-	20,306
Total for Division of Social Services				- 15,373	-	390,650
Total N.C. Dept. Health and Human Services				- 142,775	-	390,650
N. C. Dept. of Environmental Quality Division of Waste Management						
Electronics Management				-	-	-
Scrap Tire Program		N/A		- 6,000	-	-
Total N.C. Dept. of Environmental Quality				- 6,000	-	-
N.C. Dept. of Administration Veterans Service		N/A		- 2,182	-	-
Total N.C. Dept. of Administration				- 2,182	-	-
N.C. Dept. of Transportation						
Rural Operating Assistance Program (ROAP) Cluster ROAP Elderly and Disabled Transportation Assistance Program	r	36220.10.9.1		- 49,450	-	-
ROAP Rural General Public Program	-	36228.22.9.1		- 45,615	-	-
Total ROAP Cluster				- 95,065	-	-
<u>N.C. Dept. of Insurance</u> SHIIP Grant				4 510		
Total N.C. Dept. of Insurance				- 4,510 - 4,510	-	-
N.C. Dept. of Public Safety						
JCPC Programs						
JCPC Administration		N/A		- 6,348	-	-
Second Chance Courts Power of U				- 35,409 - 49,531	35,409 49,531	3,541 4,953
				- 49,531		4,953 4,067
Vocational Job and Education				- 40.007	40,667	

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Fed (Direct & Pass-through <u>Expenditures</u>	State Expenditures	Provided to <u>Subrecipients</u>	Local Expenditures
Tier II Universal Grant		N/A	-	1,000	-	-
Surry Fund Total N.C Dept. of Public Safety			-	700 133,655	125,607	12,561
N.C. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Soil & Water Conservation Total N.C. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services				30,835	-	<u> </u>
Total State Awards			\$ -	\$ 415,022	\$ 125,607	\$ 403,211
Total Federal and State Awards		-	\$ 4,344,110	\$ 449,073	\$ 125,607	\$ 1,465,132

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the Federal and State grant activity of Hertford County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Hertford County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in nets assets or cash flows of Hertford County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

Hertford County has elected not to use the 10-precent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4: Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care and Foster Care and Adoption.

Note 5: Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients that do not appear in the basic financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

Program Title	CFDA No.	Federal	State
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	\$ 33,868,650	\$ 16,114,380
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	382,399	30,423
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women Infant and Children	10.557	698,387	-
Food and Nutrition Services	10.551	8,730,431	-
IV-E Adopt & Vendor	93.659	34,622	-
TANF Payments & Penalties	93.558	126,533	-
CWS Adopt, Vendor, Guard	N/A	-	45,442
SC/SA Domiciliary Care	N/A	-	402,064

Note 6: Coronavirus Relief Funds

Hertford County received \$635,233 of funding from the Coronavirus Relief Fund (21.019) and is scheduled to receive \$459,522 in July 2020. At least twenty-five percent (25%) of the funds are mandated to go to municipalities within Hertford County, at the discretion of the County. Municipalities are to have a plan to spend these funds by September 1, 2020, or any funds received are to be returned to the County. Counties and municipalities are liable to the State for funds not spent in accordance with US Dept. of Treasury, the granting agency, guidelines. According to the Office of State Budget and Management, the State's pass-through agency, municipalities are considered subrecipients of the Counties. However, under state statute, municipalities are liable to the State, not the County, for any misused or misspent funds. CRF must be spent during the period March 1, 2020 to December 30, 2020.