Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the

Town of Groton



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for

the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

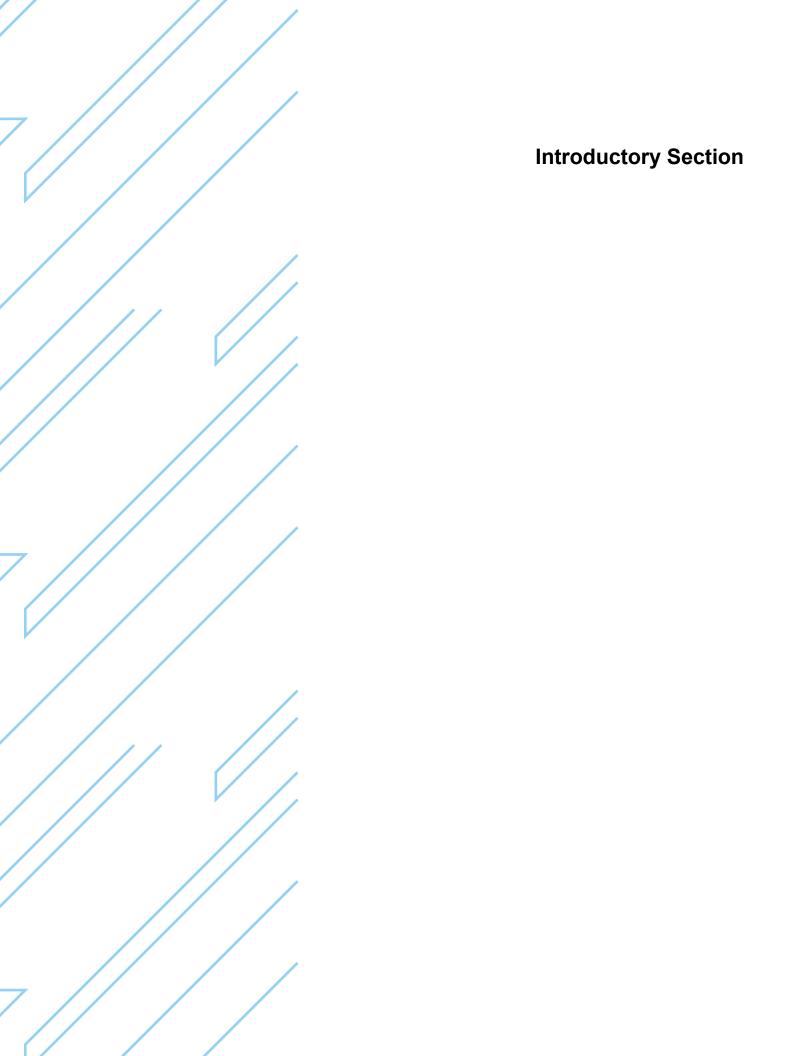
Prepared By:

The Finance Department

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TOWN OF GROTON

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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To: Town Manager, Members of the Town Council, Representative Town Meeting and Citizens of the Town of Groton.

Connecticut State Statute requires that all municipal entities publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Groton for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Groton. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Groton has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of Groton's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Groton's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of Groton's financial statements have been audited by Blum Shapiro & Company, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Groton for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town of Groton's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of Groton was part of broader federally and state mandated "Single Audits" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These reports are available in the Town of Groton's separately issued Single Audit Reports. GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of Groton's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government:

The Town of Groton covers approximately 38 square miles along 40 miles of coastline on Long Island Sound and is located in New London County in the southeastern section of Connecticut. It is bounded on the north by the Town of Ledyard, on the east by the Mystic River, on the west by the Thames River, and on the south by Long Island Sound. Based on the State of Connecticut's Department of Public Health, the Town's population is approximately 38,692 residents. Originally part of the City of New London, the Town was incorporated May 10, 1705 and lies equidistant between New York City and Boston.

Within the Town of Groton there are two political subdivisions, the City of Groton (City) and Groton Long Point Association (GLPA). In addition, there are seven (7) special taxing districts within the Town. For the political subdivisions, the Town funds a portion of their public works and public safety budgets. The special districts are organized units of government within the Town, having separate governing bodies. They were established by special acts of the State legislature for specific purposes such as fire protection. All these governmental units have individual taxing authority.

Governing Body:

The structure of the Town's government combines a modern professional approach with the traditional town meeting form. Since 1957, the Town has been governed by a Town Council-Town Manager-Representative Town Meeting (RTM) structure. Revisions to the Town Charter were approved at a voter referendum on November 4, 2008 with those revisions taking effect on January 3, 2009.

The Town Council is responsible for determining policy and appointing the Town Manager to execute this policy and administer the day-to-day affairs of the Town. The Council holds public hearings on the budget and sets the tax rate. It appoints one of its nine (9) members as Mayor to serve as chairperson of its meetings and as the Town's representative at ceremonial functions. The councilors each are elected for two-year terms.

The Town Manager is appointed by and directly responsible to the Council and serves for no definite term, but at the pleasure of the Council. The Manager is responsible to the Council for the supervision and administration of Town departments. The Council also appoints the Town's independent auditor and the Town Attorney.

Services:

The Town of Groton provides a full range of services, including education, public safety, the construction and maintenance of highways and streets, storm and sanitary sewers and infrastructure; social services, parks and recreational activities and cultural events. For FYE 2019, approximately 252 full-time municipal employees provided services to a community of 38 square miles and 38,692 residents.

Budgetary Process:

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of Groton's financial planning and control. The Town departments are required to submit requests for appropriation to the Town Manager on or before January 14th. The Board of Education and the political subdivisions within the Town of Groton are required to submit requests for appropriation on or before February 28th. The Town Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The Town Manager presents this proposed budget to the Council for review not later than March 15th. The Council is required to hold at least one public hearing on the proposed budget not later than April 6th. On or before April 28th, the Council approves a budget that it sends to the RTM for consideration and its final approval. The RTM takes final action on the budget not later than May 25th. Following RTM approval of a final budget, the Council shall determine the final tax rate on or before June 9th. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function (e.g., public works, public safety).

In other matters, the RTM has the power of initiative to institute legislation or force reconsideration of an ordinance already adopted by the Town Council. The forty-one RTM members are elected by seven (7) voting districts for two-year terms.

Expenditure Control:

The Town maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Town Council and RTM. Activities of the general fund, certain special revenue funds and the debt service fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project-length budgets are prepared for several special revenue funds and for the capital project fund. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the function level within each fund.

At the direction of the Town Manager, all Department Directors are expected to follow strict guidelines for expenditure control within the approved function appropriation. The Town Manager reserves the right to set "administrative spending authority" limits when justified to maintain the fiscal integrity of the budget. Department Directors are evaluated on budget management abilities. The Finance Department also monitors expenditures to budget through the general ledger/accounting system.

The Town maintains an encumbrance accounting system as another method of maintaining budgetary control. All purchases, except certain services as outlined in the Town's Purchasing Manual, require a purchase requisition and a purchase order. In addition, purchases over \$1,000 require evidence that quotations were received and that the lowest quote, consistent with quality, was selected. For FYE 2019, the Town solicited formal competitive bids for expenditures at or above \$15,000. Funds are recorded as encumbered when the purchase order is issued and expenditures are recorded when the Town incurs a liability.

All unencumbered operating appropriations will lapse at year-end. In the Capital Projects Funds, appropriations are continued until completion of the projects or five years from date of appropriation, whichever is less. Budgetary control in the Capital Projects Funds is achieved by the constraints imposed by the project's authorization or grant awards related to these funds.

Local Economy:

Groton was settled primarily by farmers, but they turned early to shipbuilding and the maritime trade to supplement their livelihood. Groton became known as the Submarine Capital of the World when the Electric Boat Division of General Dynamics delivered 74 diesel submarines to the Navy in World War II. This was followed in 1954 with the launch of the USS Nautilus, the world's first nuclear-powered submarine, now permanently berthed at Goss Cove near the Submarine Base. Today Groton is a regional center for commerce and industry while its shoreline location and its many historical sites have made the region a prime tourist attraction. The three top employers are U. S. Navy Submarine Base, Electric Boat Corporation and Pfizer Inc. As of June 2019, the Town had an unemployment rate of 3.6% as compared to the New London County rate of 3.7%, the state's average rate of 3.8% and the national average of 3.7%. New London County has an employed labor force of approximately 133,586 residents.

Grand List increases by 1.4%: The October 1, 2018 net adjusted taxable Grand List increased 1.4% from the 2017 Grand List after the Board of Assessment Appeals. The net adjusted grand list now totals \$3,729,602,117. The combined assessments of the top ten taxpayers rose from \$747 million to about \$765. Pfizer remains the Town's largest taxpayer but Electric Boat remains strong as the second largest taxpayer. Net real estate increased to \$3.252 billion. The net personal property grand list increased 17.9%. Most of this increase is attributed to assessments reinstated from last year's reduction for a Pfizer lawsuit settlement. The motor vehicles portion of the grand list grew by 1.6% from \$201 million to \$205 million. A more detailed analysis is presented in the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the CAFR.

Long-term Financial Planning/Relevant Financial Policies:

The unassigned fund balance in the general fund (18% of the FYE 2020 adopted general fund expenditures) is above the Town Council's Debt Policy and Management/Fiscal Practices that was initially adopted in September 1993 and revised in November 2017. The policy states that the unassigned fund balance shall be maintained in an amount equal to at least eleven (11 %) percent with a gradual increase to a minimum of fifteen (15%).

The Town Charter provides for the Town Manager to propose in the annual budget to the Town Council an allocation of funds to the capital reserve fund. This fund was established for future capital and nonrecurring expenditures for the town. This allocation is to be not less than four

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percent of the general fund budget, less the amount necessary to defray general fund obligated debt service. This amount is subject to approval of the Town Council and Representative Town Meeting. The proposed amount of \$2,535,000 was reduced by the RTM to \$2,297,000.

Major Initiatives for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019:

Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program:

On November 6, 2012 the voters of the Town approved an Ordinance appropriating \$11,200,000 and authorized the issuance of bonds and notes in the same amount for road maintenance and rehabilitation program for the Town's accepted network of roads. Included in the program are town-accepted roads within the geographical boundaries of the City of Groton and of the Groton Long Point Association. The Town Council and RTM through their respective actions extended the authorization through November 2022, allowing sufficient time to the complete the program.

Water Pollution Control Facility:

At a November 2015 referendum voters approved an \$8,230,000 sewer bond authorization to provide funding for two major projects in the Town of Groton's Water Pollution Control Division.

• Rehabilitation of the Fishtown Road Pump Station:

This project consists of a major rehabilitation and renewal of the Fishtown Road Pump Station. This collection system intermediate pump station collects wastewater discharges for residences, businesses and a middle school and conveys the wastewater under pressure through the collection system for treatment. Contract was awarded in June of 2017 with construction starting in the Fall of 2017. The project has been completed and the station is operational.

• Refurbishment of the Effluent Pump Station:

This project involves major work at the Water Pollution Control Facility (WPCF). The WPCF collects, treats, disinfects and discharges the wastewaters of the Town of Groton. This project consists of renovation and renewal of the effluent pump station, flood resiliency modifications, and replacement of significant underground piping and valve infrastructure. The project was awarded in July 2018 and construction started in August 2018. The project is scheduled to be completed in December 2019.

School Projects, Groton 2020:

The Groton 2020 Plan calls for a new middle school to be built on the Merritt property, a site adjacent to the high school, to serve the entire Town. The plan also includes constructing two new elementary schools, on the sites of the two existing middle schools to serve the students of two aging elementary schools. The two vacated elementary schools will be returned to the Town for future disposition.

The Public Works Department has selected a Program Management firm to assist the Department in managing the Architects and Construction Managers-Risk for all three schools. The selection of the firms has been completed. The projected cost estimate for Groton 2020 is approximately \$184.5 million with a portion of this to be a grant from the State. The project was approved by the voters at a November 2016 Referendum.

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Construction of the middle school began in March 2019 and is scheduled to be completed in June 2020. The elementary schools are currently under design with scheduled bid dates in January 2020.

Economic Development Marketing:

Following the completion of the Market Analysis, staff has been working on implementing both the digital and print promotional marketing capacity of the Town of Groton. The website developer and digital marketing consultants Golden Shovel Agency developed a stand-alone Economic Development website which can be found at www.exploremoregroton.com. The website is a resource for site selectors and local businesses as well as prospective area residents and employees. Data provided on the site includes available commercial properties, demographic data, resources, news and events relevant to the local business community. Since the website launch, town staff members have been working with Golden Shovel to build a social media presence. The website also includes monthly long-form articles showcasing local businesses. In addition, the department publishes a digital monthly newsletter. Website and social media metrics are tracked monthly. To complement the digital marketing resources, staff members have exhibited at events and conventions to build relationships and raise Groton's profile. The events have included International Council of Shopping Centers ICSC "Deal Making" conventions as well as local community events. At the events, staff members distribute printed marketing materials as well as promotional items. In addition to these campaigns, a new 'Guide to Doing Business in Groton' is in its final phase of development. This guide will help new business owners through the process of opening a business in Groton.

Wayfinding Sign Master Plan:

Staff worked with Beta Group to finalize a Wayfinding Signage master plan. This plan helps orient travelers (motor vehicle, bicyclists, and pedestrians) throughout Groton with cohesive signage. The signage also creates a sense of pride throughout the community. The goal of rebranding and actively marketing Groton is to attract new businesses as well as residents to the area. It is envisioned that plan implementation will be completed in phases as funding is made available.

Tax Increment Financing:

Tax Increment Financing (TIF) is a financing tool that can be used by municipalities to invest in economic development. It allows some or all of public and/or private costs associated with development to be financed over time by increases in the property tax revenues that are generated by the new development or redevelopment. Connecticut General Statute 15-57 authorizes municipalities in Connecticut to create Tax Increment Financing (TIF) districts for the purposes of economic development. Staff from the town and city worked with Camoin Associates to develop a TIF program for Groton including policy/procedures and multiple TIF districts. These districts included the areas of Downtown Groton, and a Thames Street Waterfront and Five Corners TIF district in the City of Groton. TIF policies for the Town and the City of Groton were approved in 2018. Master plans for these TIF districts will be approved in the summer and fall of 2019.

Public Property Redevelopment:

Staff has been actively marketing property owned by the Town. Currently 517/529 Gold Star Highway, Groton Heights School and the Seely School are the high priorities for redevelopment. The Town of Groton is also working with the State of Connecticut to market the State owned Mystic Education Center. Most properties are offered by way of a Request for Proposal (RFP) versus a traditional sale. An RFP allows the Town to find the best fit for the property and ensure that the development happens. An RFP was released for 517/529 Gold Star Highway and staff has been in discussions with the "preferred developer". Staff released an RFP in fall 2017 for the Mystic Education Center which is a 77+ acre parcel of land with existing buildings totaling over 150,000 square feet in size. A "Preferred Developer" was chosen and a future project unveiling is planned to inform the public. The project involves a significant mixed-use development forming a new village within Groton located just outside of Mystic. Staff worked with the City of Groton for a zone change for Groton Heights School to make the property more appealing to developers. An RFP for Groton Heights was released in the spring of 2018 and a letter of intent was signed with Thayer Mahan, a Groton based business to open a second headquarters at the site of the former school. The Town is working with the real estate brokerage firm of Goman York to market and sell the William Seely School. Staff anticipates that the Pleasant Valley and Colonel Ledyard Schools will be marketed for sale or lease by the Town in 2019.

Small Cities Community Development Block Grants:

2013 for Housing Rehabilitation:

The Town received a \$400,000 grant with a Town match of \$150,000. The grant and the match have been expended. Pre-closeout certification was filed in October 2016 and an audit from the State DOH was completed in May 2017. A certificate of completion has not yet been issued.

2014 for Housing Authority:

The Town received an \$800,000 grant with a Housing Authority match of \$80,000 (and associated tax credits of \$150,000 and \$450,000). Both the grant and the match were 100% expended as of March 31, 2016. This project was accomplished 90 days ahead of schedule. An Audit from the State DOH was requested in October of 2016. An audit was completed in May 2018. A certificate of completion has not yet been issued.

2016 for Housing Authority:

The Town received a \$800,000 grant with a Housing Authority match of \$80,000. The grant was awarded in July 2016 and is currently under construction. This is the second phase of the Housing Authority's project and will continue to upgrade electrical systems, update bathrooms, mitigate for asbestos, and update code compliance and energy conservations systems within the Pequot Village apartments. Both the grant and the match were 100% expended as of August 28, 2018. A pre-closeout certificate was presented on July 20, 2018. The State DOH has not yet conducted an audit. A certificate of completion has not yet been issued.

2017 for Mystic River Homes Cottages:

The Town received an \$800,000 grant with a match from Mystic River Homes for \$163,000. The grant was awarded in August of 2017. The grant is administered through a three party relationship with the Town's Economic and Community Development Division, Mystic River Homes, and ECHO. A contract was generated and signed, bidding completed, a contractor selected and work is underway. The grant is fully expended. A certificate of substantial completion was signed on September 19, 2019.

Regulatory Overhaul:

The Department of Planning and Development Services has been working with the Zoning Commission and consultants, The Horsley Witten Group on the complete re-write of our Zoning Regulations for over 2 years. The Regulations have not been completely overhauled in over 30 years. These new regulations will be adopted prior to July 31, 2019 and will go into effect on October 1, 2019.

http://www.groton-ct.gov/uploads/Interactive%20ZRegs%20Final%2010-1-19.pdf

JLUS Report and Implementation Project:

In 2017, the Southeastern Connecticut Council of Governments (SCCOG), SUBASE New London, the City of Groton, the Town of Groton, Ledyard, Montville, New London and Waterford worked together to prepare a Joint Land Use Study (JLUS). This study was funded by the Department of Defense, Office of Economic Adjustment (OEA) with in-kind contributions from the SCCOG and participating municipalities. The JLUS analyzed compatibility issues between the towns and the SUBASE and proposed strategies to address these issues in the areas of transportation, the Thames River, land use and development, and coordination and cost sharing. The JLUS summary and complete report can be reviewed at the following websites:

http://www.seccog.org/pdfs/SNL JLUS ProjectOverview Final 2017-12-06.pdf

http://www.seccog.org/pdfs/SNL JLUS Final 2017-12-01 sm.pdf

A number of the JLUS recommendations are eligible for funding through the OEA. The SCCOG and the Towns applied for a grant from OEA with funding in the amount of \$313,000 to study and make recommendations on the impacts of the Subbase and General Dynamics on housing and transportation needs for the region, and to analyze the Crystal Lake Road and Route 12 land uses and change the zoning in that district to reflect the needs of the SUBASE and the Town of Groton. The Town and The Horsley Witten Group have been actively working on updating the Nautilus Memorial Design District (NMDD) zoning regulation for the area surrounding the SUBASE with an adoption date for those regulations prior to December 31, 2019.

Major Initiatives for the Future:

Energy Efficiency and Conservation:

The Public Works Department continues to pursue installation of a solar farm on the closed Flanders Road Landfill. The initial attempts to complete the project failed due to unavailability of incentive dollars through the State. The Department will entertain vendor proposals for the solar field based on new State programs.

The Public Works Department is continuing to evaluate for applicability of other energy efficiency and cost saving measures. These include micro grid potential for Town facilities, smaller solar installations for individual or groups of Town facilities, and other technologies as they become available.

Strategic Resiliency Plan

Groton's Hazard Mitigation Plan identified a number of areas that are vulnerable to the impacts of climate change. This plan will develop strategies for neighborhoods and individual property owners to respond to increased flooding. It will also identify adaptation methods that limit impact on community character and preserve historic structures.

Subdivision Regulation Revisions and Complete Streets

The Subdivision Regulations control the orderly division of property into buildable lots and make provision for utilities, drainage, road design and open space improvements. These regulations were last revised in 2006 and will be completely rewritten. As part of the revisions, the standards for existing and proposed streets will include the principles of Complete Streets. Complete Streets is a transportation policy and design approach that requires streets to be planned, designed, operated, and maintained to enable safe, convenient and comfortable travel and access for users of all ages and abilities regardless of their mode of transportation.

Community Rating System

The Community Rating System (CRS) is a voluntary, incentive-based community program that recognizes, encourages, and rewards local floodplain management activities that exceed the minimum standards of the National Flood Insurance Program. Groton expects to join the program at a level that will reduce flood insurance rate payer premiums by 5 percent. A program will be put in place to document compliance with the requirements of CRS.

Community Development Block Grant - 2019 for Mystic River Homes Congregate:

The Town received a \$1.5 million grant with a match from Mystic River Homes for \$75,000. The grant was awarded in October of 2019. The grant is administered through a three party relationship with the Town's Economic and Community Development Division, Mystic River Homes, and ECHO. As soon as a contract from the State DOH is presented the Town will immediately commence contractual and bidding procedures.

Municipal and state excess property redevelopment

The Town of Groton continues to market its excess properties for redevelopment purposes. A letter of intent was signed for the redevelopment of the Groton Heights School into a new business space for ThayerMahan. A Purchase and Sales (P&S) agreement is being drafted for the sale. A \$225,000 State Brownfield Grant from the state is being finalized and applied to this property on behalf of the Town and ThayerMahan. Excess land located at 529 Gold Star Highway (Route 184) now has a signed option agreement involving a future sale and development of approximately 300 multi-family housing units. The Mystic Education Center, a state owned property, has had a purchase and sales agreement executed with a "preferred developer" for the project. The property will be redeveloped into a new mixed use village with a restaurant, small retail market, office space, active public recreation center, and approximately 800 residential housing units. The town is in negotiations to select a "preferred developer" for the Seely School. The proposal would see the property redeveloped into an amenity rich multi-

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family housing development. The Colonel Ledyard School redevelopment project is seeking a "preferred developer" from submitted proposals. The Pleasant Valley School is being actively marketed this year with an RFP expected to be released in the spring of 2020.

Wayfinding Sign Master Plan: Staff is advancing the implementation of the Wayfinding Signage program. The developed plan helps orient travelers (motor vehicle, bicyclists, and pedestrians) throughout Groton with cohesive signage. The goal of rebranding and actively marketing Groton is to attract new businesses as well as residents to the area. Plan implementation will be completed in phases as funding is made available. Targeted first phase locations include the intersection of Route 1/Route 117 and the Route 117 corridor for the full array of various signs. Also, downtown Mystic is slated for a pedestrian kiosk and orientation map.

Debt Administration:

In April 2019, presentations were made to the three rating agencies; Fitch Ratings, Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Rating Services. All three agencies affirmed their previous ratings for the Town:

Fitch "AA" Moody's "Aa2" Standard & Poor's "AA+.

In April 2019 the Town conducted a sale of General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$20,000,000 for the Groton 2020 School Facilities Improvement Plan. Hutchinson, Shockey, Erley & Co. placed the winning bid with a true interest cost of 2.678141%. The bonds were issued for twenty years maturing in 2039. The Town also conducted a sale of General Obligation Bond Anticipation notes in the amount of \$15,000,000 for the Groton 2020 School Facilities Improvement Plan and in the amount of \$6,700,000 for the Water Pollution Control Facility Effluent & Fishtown Road Pump Stations. The Notes mature in April 2020.

At year-end, the Town had a number of debt issues outstanding. These issues, net of applicable unamortized discounts, included \$53,155,000 of general obligation bonds, \$3,070,000 of general obligation sewer bonds paid by special assessments/fees for total bonds payable of \$56,225,000. Last fiscal year that total amount was \$40,535,000.

In November 2017, the Town Council revised its "Debt Policy and Management/Fiscal Practices" that establishes criteria for the issuance of debt as well as setting some benchmarks on which to evaluate the Town's level of debt. This revision increased the unassigned General Fund reserve to an amount equal to at least eleven (11%) percent of the annual general fund expenditures. The Town Council had previously adopted the following limits to guide the issuance of debt and they are compared to the FYE 2019 data.

	Adopted Policy	<u>FYE 2019</u>
Comparison to State's Statutory Debt Limit:	not to exceed 50%	33.28%
Net Direct Indebtedness to assessed value	not to exceed 5%	1.6%
Debt Service as compared to Expenditures	not to exceed 10%	4.2%

"Submarine Capital of the World"

Awards and Acknowledgements:

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Groton for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only and is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting. Its attainment represents a significant accomplishment for a government unit and its management. The Town of Groton has received a Certificate of Achievement for twenty-five (25) consecutive years (FYE 1994 through FYE 2018). We believe that this report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirement and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certification.

A special thanks to the Town Manager, Department Directors and Division Supervisors for their assistance and contributions to this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). I especially commend the members of the Finance Department, particularly, for their responsible competence and diligence in the continuation of the progressive financial activities of the Town. Preparation of this CAFR on a timely basis was made possible by the efficient and dedicated service of Delia Morrison, Deputy Finance Director.

Appreciation is also expressed to the Mayor, Town Council, Representative Town Meeting and all Town employees for their cooperation and assistance throughout the year in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the Town.

Respectfully submitted,

Cindy R. Landry

Cindy R. Landry Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Groton Connecticut

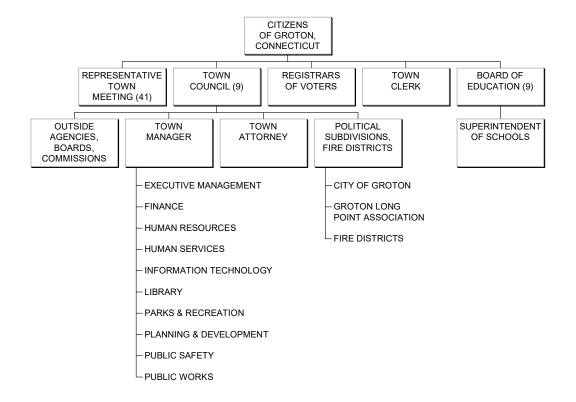
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

TOWN OF GROTON ORGANIZATION CHART



FYE 2019

TOWN OF GROTON PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

Town Council

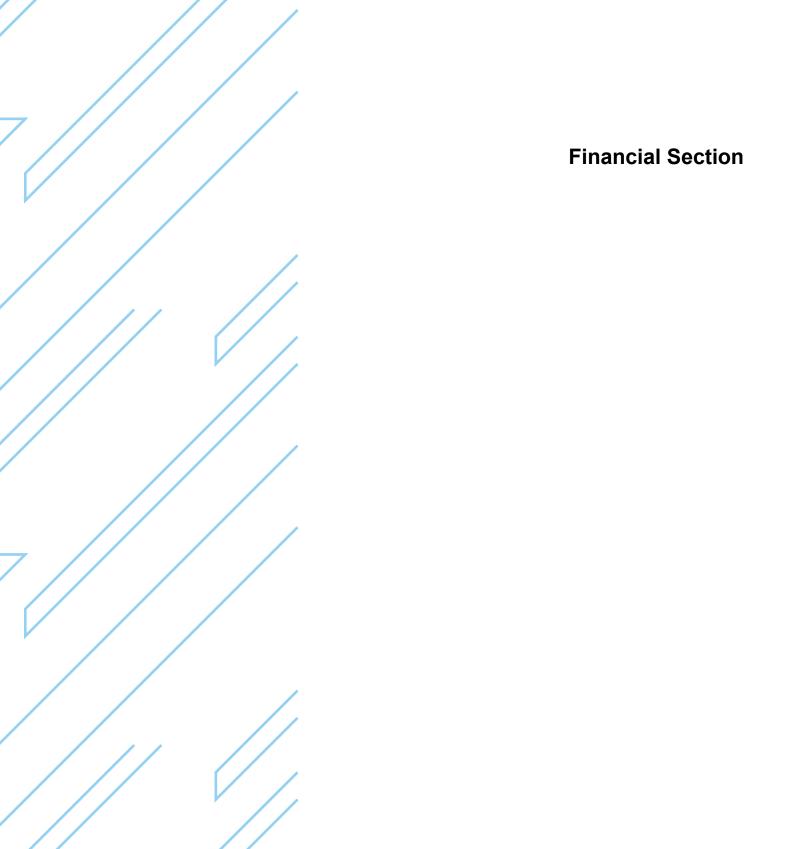
Patrice Granatosky, Mayor
David Atwater
Aundré Bumgardner
Rachael Franco
Conrad F. Heede
Lian Obrey
Juliette Parker
Rita Schmidt
Joe Zeppieri

Board of Education

Kim Shepardson Watson, Chairperson
Andrea Ackerman, Vice-Chairperson
Katrina Fitzgerald
Jane Giulini
Gretchen Newsome
Rosemary Robertson
Rita Volkmann
Jay Weitlauf
Lee White

Appointed Officials

John Burt, Town Manager Dr. Michael Graner, Superintendent of Schools Eileen M. Duggan, Town Attorney





29 South Main Street P.O. Box 272000 West Hartford, CT 06127-2000 **Tel** 860.561.4000

blumshapiro.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Town Council
Town of Groton, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Groton, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Groton, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Groton, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Groton, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Town of Groton, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2018, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. accompanying General Fund balance sheet as of June 30, 2018 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 financial statements. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2018 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund balance sheet is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2019 on our consideration of the Town of Groton, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Groton, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Groton, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

December 21, 2019

Introduction:

Management's Discussion and Analysis provides a narrative discussion of the Town's financial activities as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2019 with comparisons to the prior year, where appropriate. The information complements the data presented in the basic financial statements. Its purpose, along with the material in the Letter of Transmittal, is to enhance the reader's understanding of the Town's financial performance. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars (000's).

Financial Highlights:

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Groton exceeded its liabilities deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$145,736 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$5,616. Increase is mainly attributable to an
 increase in current assets due to the current year bond sale, as well as an increase in capital
 assets related to school project construction in progress and OPEB asset changes in actuarial
 assumptions, which is offset by increases in bonds payable, net pension liability and OPEB
 actuarial experience.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Groton's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$47,170.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$23,711 or 18% of the FYE 2020 Adopted General Fund budget. The Town Council has an adopted policy for the maintenance of a minimum unassigned fund balance be "maintained in an amount equal to at least eleven (11%) percent of the annual general fund expenditures".
- The Town of Groton's total debt increased by \$15,078 (31.7%) during the current fiscal year. This was mainly due to an increase (\$15,690) in the principal amounts due on bonds for general government obligation debt and decreases (\$612) in the loan payment due to the State's Clean Water Fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements:

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Groton's basic financial statements. The Town of Groton's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information and a statistical section. The statistical section provides comparisons of selected information beginning with FYE 2010 through the current audited fiscal year.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Groton's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. All of the resources the Town has at its disposal are shown, including major assets such as buildings and infrastructure. A thorough accounting of the cost of government is rendered because the statements present all costs, not just how much was collected and disbursed. They provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Groton is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. Uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave are examples of these types of items.

The governmental activities of the Town of Groton include education, general government services, public safety, public works, planning and development, health/human services and community services. Property taxes, charges for services and state and federal grants finance most of these activities. Although the Town maintains no business-type activities, the Town does maintain three internal service funds that consist of the Fleet Reserve Fund, Health Insurance Fund and the Workers' Compensation Fund and numerous special revenue funds.

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) can be found on Exhibits I and II.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Groton, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Groton maintains thirty **individual** non-major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Improvements Fund which are considered to be major funds. Twenty-six special revenue funds, a Debt Service Fund and three Permanent Funds are combined into aggregate funds in this presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Town of Groton adopted an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and, in addition, budgetary comparisons have been provided for the following non-major governmental funds: Special Library, Golf Course, Sewer Operating, Solid Waste, Mumford Cove District, Revaluation, Computer Replacement, Groton Sewer District and Recreation & Senior Activities.

The basic governmental fund financial statements (balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance) can be found on Exhibits III and IV.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Groton maintains one type of proprietary funds; internal service funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town of Groton's various functions. The Town of Groton uses three internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, health insurance and workers' compensation. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits V through VII.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support services to the Town's constituency. The Town has nine fiduciary funds; one pension trust fund, one Other Post-Employment Benefit trust fund (OPEB), four private purpose trust funds and three agency funds. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits VIII and IX.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Included in the notes is the information concerning the Town of Groton's funding obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 28-71 of this report.

Other Information. Required supplemental information for the General Fund and pension plans is provided immediately following the Notes to the Financial Statements. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 89 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis:

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. Town of Groton governmental activity assets exceeded liabilities by \$145,736 on June 30, 2019.

Town of Groton Net Position (\$000's)

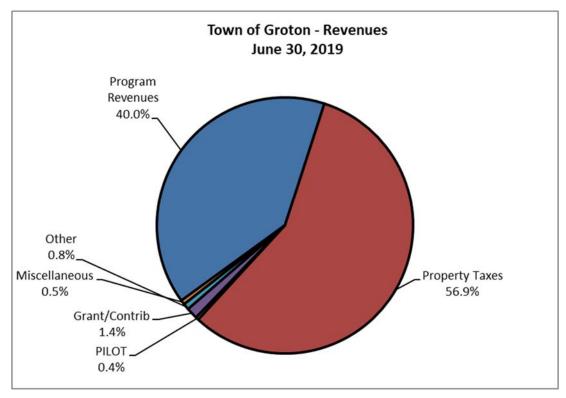
	 GovernmentalActivities		
	 2019		2018
Current assets	\$ 102,251	\$	59,870
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	220,542		209,024
Total assets	322,793		268,894
Deferred outflows of resources	 8,358	<u> </u>	6,492
Long-term liabilities outstanding	137,146		117,713
Other liabilities	42,726		13,213
Total liabilities	 179,872		130,926
Deferred inflows of resources	 5,544		4,341
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	158,734		160,357
Restricted	344		339
Unrestricted	 (13,343)		(20,577)
Total Net Position	\$ 145,735	\$	140,119

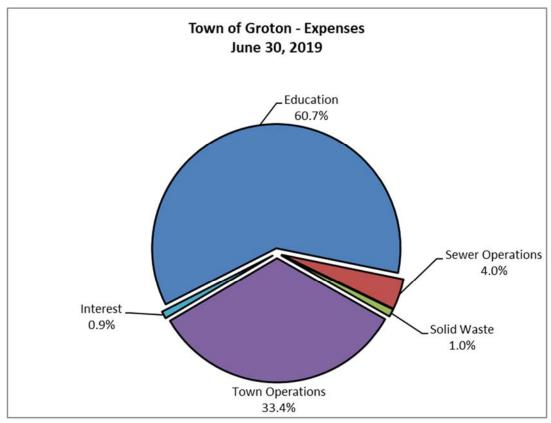
By far the largest portion of the Town of Groton's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town of Groton uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town of Groton's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Governmental Activities. Approximately 56.9% of the revenues were derived from property taxes, followed by 40.0% from program revenues, 1.4% from grants and contributions, and less than 1% from both payments in lieu of taxes and investment income.

Town of Groton Change in Net Position (\$000's)

		Governmental Activities		
	-	2019		2018
Revenues:	_		.!	
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	14,021	\$	13,280
Operating grants and contributions		47,472		55,681
Capital grants and contributions		1,996		1,865
General revenues:				
Property taxes		90,445		88,753
Payments in lieu of taxes		604		606
Grants and contributions (not restricted)		2,286		2,218
Other unrestricted investment earnings		1,249		510
Miscellaneous revenue	_	871		651
Total revenues		158,944		163,564
Expenses:				
General government/services		8,338		8,960
Public safety		15,938		13,260
Public works		13,423		12,806
Planning and development		2,145		1,991
Human services		4,428		4,322
Community services		6,865		6,195
Board of Education		93,035		101,768
Sewer operations		6,155		6,051
Solid waste		1,545		1,591
Interest on long-term debt		1,456		1,305
Total expenses	_	153,328		158,249
Increase in Net Position		5,616		5,315
Net Position July 1	_	140,119		134,804
Net Position June 30	\$_	145,735	\$	140,119





Major revenue factors for all Governmental Funds included:

- ♦ Total revenues were \$4,620 lower in 2019 when compared to 2018 or a decrease of 2.8%.
- Grants and Contributions were lower in 2019 as the Town realized less in State and Federal grants.
- ♦ Property tax revenues recorded for fiscal year 2019 increased primarily due to an increase in the Town's tax rate from 23.63 mills to 24.17 mills.
- ♦ Investment earnings increased by \$739 from the prior fiscal year to \$1,249 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The increase to interest and dividend earnings was the result of slightly more funds available for investment purposes and the use of accounts paying a higher rate of return.

For Governmental Activities, 60.7% of the Town's expenses relate to education, 8.8% relate to public works, 10.4% relate to public safety, 5.4% to general government/services, 4.5% to community services and the remainder relates to planning & development, human services, sewer operations, solid waste and interest on long term debt.

Major expense factors for all Governmental Funds include:

- ♦ Total expenses were \$4,921 lower in 2019 when compared to 2018 or a decrease of 3.1%.
- ♦ Town Operations expenses were \$3,603 higher in 2019 when compared to 2018 or an increase of 33.4%.
- ♦ Education expenses were \$8,733 lower in 2019 when compared to 2018 or a decrease 8.6%.
- Results of operation in Sewer Operations, Solid Waste and Interest on Long-Term Debt accounted for an increase of \$209 in expenses compared to 2018 or an increase of 2.3%.

Business-Type Activities. The Town does not maintain any business-type activities at the present time.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds:

As noted earlier, the Town of Groton uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Groton's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Groton's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Groton's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$47,170, an increase of \$11,228 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, (\$33,214) constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period, 2) restricted by bond ordinances, 3) for holding of trust principal, or 4) constrained for a specific purpose.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$23,710, which is included in the total fund balance of \$26,082. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 18.3% of total FYE 2020 Adopted general fund budget, while total fund balance represents 20.2% of that same amount.

The total fund balance of the Town of Groton's General Fund increased by \$5,773 during the current fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance increased by \$4,849. Key factors in the total fund balance increase of \$5,773 are as follows:

- Revenues were \$4,607 more than anticipated primarily due to increases in tax collections, interest income, conveyance tax and additional Federal intergovernmental revenue.
- ♦ Expenditures were under budget by \$1,208 due to unexpended funds in Town Operations, Education, and Non-departmentals.
- No fund balance was applied to the adopted FYE 2019 budget.
- The amount designated for the subsequent year budget totals \$1,095.

Capital Improvements Fund. This fund has a total fund balance of \$13,419 an increase from \$5,251 in the prior year and is related to the receipt of school construction grants and bond/note proceeds for school construction and sewer pump stations.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Groton's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position amounted to \$778 for the Fleet Reserve Fund, \$7,156 for the Health Insurance Fund and a deficit of \$681 for the Workers' Compensation Fund that includes the liability for heart and hypertension claims. The total increase in net position for the internal service funds was \$1,454 and reflects increases in all three funds: Fleet Reserve, Health Insurance and Workers' Compensation.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

Transfers of \$201 occurred from Contingency to other functions within the General Fund to cover wage adjustments for collective bargaining unit contracts settled during the year, the Board of Education for emergency impact aid for displaced students to meet the State of CT Minimum Budget Requirement, unanticipated referendum costs, and costs associated with the Charter Revision Commission.

During the year, actual revenues and other financing sources on a budgetary basis amounted to \$130,463 which was over the adopted budget by \$4,606. The majority of this increase can be attributed to increases in taxes, interest income and Federal revenue. Pupil Impact Aid payments were also higher than expected. Pupil impact aid is a federal reimbursement for educating military dependents.

Actual expenditures were under budget by \$1,208 with town operations returning \$1,130 and Board of Education returning \$39.

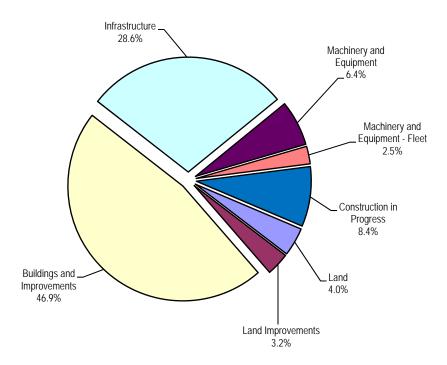
Capital Asset and Debt Administration:

Capital Assets. The Town of Groton's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$384,529. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges. The total increase in the Town of Groton's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 5.5% mainly which reflects Water Pollution Control Facility improvements, road resurfacing, building renovations and new school construction

Town of Groton, Connecticut Capital Assets (\$000's)

		Governmental Activities		
	_	2019		2018
Land	\$	15,372	\$	15,188
Land improvements		12,420		6,494
Buildings and improvements		180,404		178,794
Infrastructure		109,902		108,923
Machinery and equipment		24,525		23,200
Machinery and equipment - fleet		9,497		9,469
Construction in progress		32,409	_	22,453
Total	\$	384,529	\$	364,521

Town of Groton - Capital Assets June 30, 2019



Major capital asset expenditures during the current fiscal year included the following:

 Regarding the use of the State's Local Capital Improvement Project (LoCIP) funds, the following major amounts (over \$50) were expended:

Sidewalk Midway Oval \$56

Regarding the use of local capital funds, the following major amounts (over \$50) were expended:

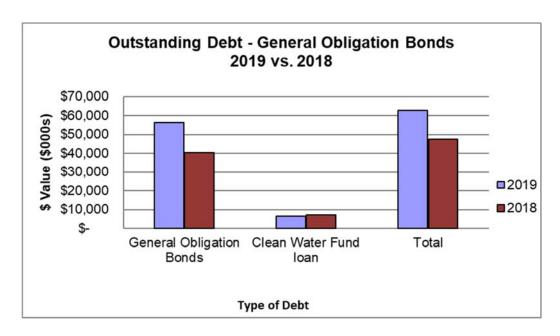
	,
Town Hall Complex	\$127
Information Technology Acquisition-Software Systems	\$280
Water Pollution Control Facility; Treatment Facility	\$236
Water Pollution Control Facility Sewer Line Infrastructure Repairs	\$193
Water Pollution Control Facility Pump Stations	\$447
Water Pollution Control Facility – Treatment Facility	\$234
Replace Uninterrupted Power Supply (UPS)-Emergency	
Communication Center	\$192
Upgrade Police Radio System	\$929
Natural Gas Conversion	\$376

Additional information on the Town of Groton's capital assets can be found in Note 3D on page 41 and on pages 121 and 122 of this report.

Outstanding Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Groton had total debt outstanding of \$62,604. Of this amount, \$59,534 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government and \$3,070 is special assessment/fee debt for which the government is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment.

Town of Groton, Connecticut Outstanding Debt (\$000's) General Obligation Bonds/Bond Anticipation Notes

		Governmental Activities			
	_	2019		2018	
General obligation bonds Clean Water Fund loan	\$	56,225 6,379	\$	40,535 6,991	
Total	\$_	62,604	\$_	47,526	



The Town of Groton's general obligation bonds have increased \$15,078 or 31.7% during the current fiscal year mainly due to issuance of new long term bonds during the year.

In March 2019 presentations were made to three rating agencies in preparation for a sale of General Obligation Bonds in April 2019. The Town of Groton's bond rating was maintained at an "AA" rating with Fitch Ratings and an "Aa2" rating with Moody's Investors Service and AA+ by Standard & Poor's.

The Town Council recently amended the debt policy to increase the unassigned General Fund reserve balance to a minimum of 11% from 7.75%.

The overall statutory debt limit for the Town of Groton is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation or \$720,400. As of June 30, 2019, the Town recorded total indebtedness of \$239,809 related to Governmental Activities, well below its statutory debt limits.

Additional information on the Town of Groton's long-term debt can be found in Note 3H-I on pages 45-47 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates:

- As of June 2019, the Town had an unemployment rate of 3.6% as compared to the New London County rate of 3.7%, the state's average rate of 3.8% and the national average of 3.7%.
- New London County has an employed labor force of approximately 133,586 residents.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare similarly to national indices.

Grand List increase by 1.4%:

The October 1, 2018 net adjusted taxable Grand List increased 1.4% from the adjusted 10/1/17 list after appeals were heard by the Board of Assessment Appeals. The net adjusted grand list now totals \$3,729,602,117 after Board of Assessment adjustments. The combined assessment of the top 10 taxpayers comprises 20% of the town's net grand list.

Net real estate increased to \$3.252 billion and comprises 87% of the grand list compared to 88.1% of the 2017 grand list. Net residential real estate assessments rose from about \$2.118 billion to \$2.124 billion. The residential real estate's share of the entire net grand list remains level at 57% of the 2018 grand list compared to the 2017 grand list. Net commercial real estate rose this year to \$607 million primarily due to construction projects underway. The net assessment for industrial property, which includes Pfizer and Electric Boat, remains stable at \$521 and represents 14% of the net overall grand list.

Thirteen single-family homes were started for the October 1, 2018 grand List, compared to seven last year.

The **personal property** grand list experienced growth of 17.9% in net assessments. Most of the increase for 2018 is attributed to assessments reinstated from a reduction in 2017 for a lawsuit settlement related to the Manufacturing & Machinery Equipment (MM&E) exemption program. The Manufacturing & Machinery Equipment (MM&E) exemption program was enacted in 1990 by the state legislature as part of a larger economic stimulus bill. The original program exempted MM&E assets for four years and municipalities were reimbursed for 100% of the revenue loss. The program has been modified over the years to include fully exempting MM&E equipment and the elimination of state reimbursement for lost revenue. The burden of qualifying assets as eligible or ineligible has also been transferred from the state to the local level. The estimated revenue loss for 2018 is in excess of \$4 million.

The personal property grand list rose from \$236 million in 2017 to \$278 million in 2018. The net assessment of personal property now comprises 7.4% of the grand list compared to 6.9% of the previous grand list.

The number of business personal property accounts fell slightly while the volume of accounts experiencing penalties for late or non-filing has stabilized. The assessed value of the penalties dipped slightly for the 2018 grand list to \$7.1 million, from \$7.2 million in 2017. The final number of taxable businesses for the 2018 grand list was 1,883 accounts.

The **motor vehicle** portion of the grand list, adjusted for military exemptions, grew by 1.6% this year from \$201,874 in 2017 to \$205,054. The net assessment on motor vehicles now comprises 5.4% of the grand list, the same as the 2017 grand list.

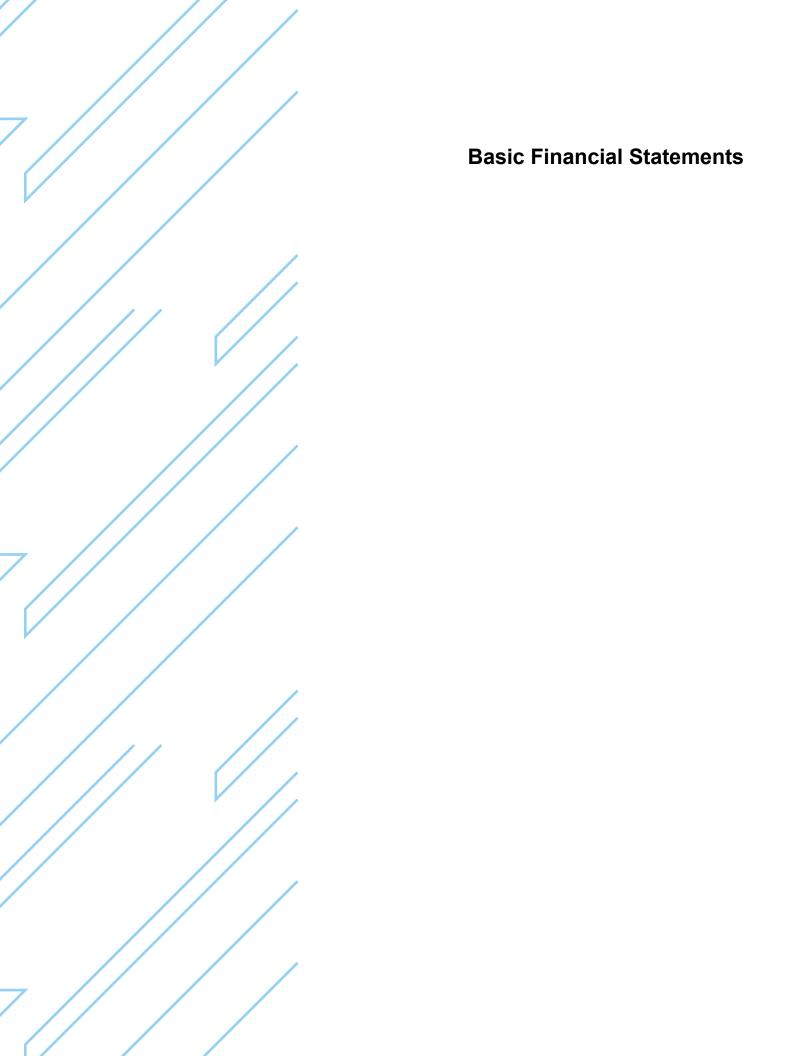
Other Information:

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Town of Groton's General Fund on a budgetary basis received 27.6% of its total revenues from intergovernmental sources, i.e., the State of Connecticut and the Federal Government. With the completion of operations, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance for FYE 2019 is at 18% of FYE 2020 operating expenses which is above the minimum acceptable guideline set by the Town Council of 11.0%. With a reliance on property taxes, 68.9% of the General Fund revenues are derived from general property taxes, any reduction in other revenues would necessitate either a use of a portion of the fund balance, a property tax increase or a reduction in services in subsequent fiscal years or some combination of all three.

◆ During the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased to \$23,711. The Town Council assigned \$1,095 to fund the subsequent years' budget.

Requests for Information:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Groton's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Groton Town Hall, 45 Fort Hill Road, Groton, CT 06340.



	_	Sovernmental Activities
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	89,634,417
Investments	•	3,983,804
Receivables (net of allowances for collection losses):		, ,
Property taxes		1,250,437
Special assessments		956,089
Accounts		673,665
Federal and state governments		4,461,731
Other		988,916
Other assets		54,684
Restricted assets:		
Cash		125,351
Investments		122,192
Capital assets, nondepreciable		47,780,944
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	172,761,238
Total assets	_	322,793,468
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred charge on refunding		1,672,958
Deferred outflows related to pension		4,722,503
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		1,962,792
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	8,358,253
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		17 107 022
Bond anticipation notes payable		17,187,832 21,700,000
Unearned revenue		3,838,329
Noncurrent liabilities:		3,030,329
Due within one year		7,650,250
Due in more than one year		129,495,955
Total liabilities		179,872,366
Defermed inflance of December		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		0.070.040
Deferred inflows related to pension		2,873,813
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	_	2,670,285
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	5,544,098
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets		158,733,947
Restricted for:		
Trust, nonexpendable		343,595
Unrestricted	_	(13,342,285)
Total Net Position	\$	145,735,257

			_	Ohanna fan		Program Revenues Operating		Capital	_	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions	_	Total
Governmental activities:										
General government/services	\$	8,337,603	\$	2,058,244	\$	617,982	\$	348,920	\$	(5,312,457)
Public safety	•	15,938,456	•	424,920	*	340,989	*		•	(15,172,547)
Public works		13,423,118		215,810		1,617,629		6,575		(11,583,104)
Planning and development		2,144,663		14,379		539,371				(1,590,913)
Health and human services		4,427,733		24,017		34,648				(4,369,068)
Community services		6,864,514		2,256,834		380,387				(4,227,293)
Education		93,035,027		1,021,488		43,941,385		1,640,653		(46,431,501)
Sewer operations		6,155,419		6,530,281						374,862
Solid waste management		1,545,066		1,475,121						(69,945)
Interest on long-term debt		1,456,464	_		-		_		_	(1,456,464)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	153,328,063	\$_	14,021,094	\$_	47,472,391	\$_	1,996,148	_	(89,838,430)
	Р	neral revenues: roperty taxes ayments in lieu of	tovo							90,445,440 603,686
		•		s not restricted to sp	hacif	ic programs				2,285,803
		nrestricted investn			Jecii	ic programs				1,249,239
		liscellaneous rever		Carriings						870,547
		Total general reve		s					_	95,454,715
	Cha	ange in net position	า							5,616,285
	Ne	Position at Beginr	ning	of Year					_	140,118,972
	Ne	Position at End of	Yea	ar					\$_	145,735,257

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	_	General Fund	_	Capital Improvements Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governme Funds	ental
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,312,328	\$	42,555,703	\$	7,744,380	•	-
Investments		3,983,804				122,192	4,105	•
Receivables, net		1,568,582		3,716,565		2,545,846	7,830	
Due from other funds		459,670						,670
Other assets	-	26,996	_		-	2,688	29	,684
Total Assets	\$_	35,351,380	\$_	46,272,268	\$	10,415,106	92,038	,754
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RES	OUR	CES AND FUND	ВА	ALANCES				
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	8,122,617	\$	7,476,461	\$	1,196,128	16,795	.206
Bond anticipation notes payable	•	-,,	•	21,700,000	•	1,100,1=0	21,700	
Due to State				,,		34,722		,722
Due to other funds						459,670	459	,670
Unearned revenues		65,757		3,676,307		96,265	3,838	
Total liabilities	-	8,188,374	_	32,852,768	-	1,786,785	42,827	
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		842,456					842	2,456
Unavailable revenue - property tax interest		238,915					238	,915
Unavailable revenue - special assessments						2,628		,628
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable						956,089		3,089
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	1,081,371	_	-		958,717	2,040	
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		26,996				250,231	277	,227
Restricted		_0,000				1,949,478	1,949	•
Committed		1,095,000		70,167,450		5,647,222	76,909	
Assigned		1,248,696		. 5, . 5. , 100		o,o,	1,248	
Unassigned		23,710,943		(56,747,950)		(177,327)	(33,214	
Total fund balances	-	26,081,635	_	13,419,500	-	7,669,604	47,170	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances	\$	35,351,380	\$	46,272,268	\$	10,415,106	92,038	754

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III) \$ 47,170,739

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets \$ 375,031,981
Less accumulated depreciation
Net capital assets \$ 157,196,455

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures

and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Property taxes and assessments receivable greater than 60 days

Loan receivables greater than 60 days

Interest receivable on property taxes

Deferred outflows related pension

Deferred outflows related to OPEB

4,722,503

Deferred outflows related to OPEB

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, health benefits and workers compensation to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

9,959,411

217,835,526

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds payable	(56,225,000)
Bond premium	(3,456,382)
Deferred charge on refunding	1,672,958
Clean water fund loan payable	(6,378,783)
Interest payable on bonds	(302,433)
Net pension liability	(23,360,494)
Deferred inflows related to pension	(2,873,813)
Net OPEB liability	(41,026,517)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(2,670,285)
Compensated absences	(1,890,853)
Landfill closure costs	(1,444,200)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

\$ 145,735,257

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	General Fund	Capital Improvements Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	90,041,343	\$;	\$	674,100	\$ 90,715,443
Assessments					666	666
Licenses and permits		554,690				554,690
Intergovernmental - state		35,950,160	1,735,059		4,641,703	42,326,922
Interest on investments		759,102	220,273		65,514	1,044,889
Intergovernmental - federal		5,544,755			3,383,213	8,927,968
Charges for current services		1,683,070	931		3,417,326	5,101,327
Schools, library and recreation fees		202,511				202,511
Sewer use charges					6,530,281	6,530,281
Solid waste management charges					1,475,121	1,475,121
Other revenue	_	647,952	23,269		1,231,050	1,902,271
Total revenues	-	135,383,583	1,979,532	,	21,418,974	158,782,089
Expenditures:						
Current:		700.005			100 110	045 445
General government		783,005			162,140	945,145
General services		3,062,846			005 700	3,062,846
Public safety		8,319,166			395,768	8,714,934
Public works		5,618,638			167,979	5,786,617
Planning and development		1,361,420				1,361,420
Health and human services		592,766			726,632	1,319,398
Community services		3,108,220			2,578,340	5,686,560
Education		81,936,235			7,992,824	89,929,059
Subdivisions		5,315,236			. =	5,315,236
Sewer operations					4,726,802	4,726,802
Solid waste management					1,545,066	1,545,066
Nondepartmental		9,306,977				9,306,977
Outside agencies		1,799,000			173,982	1,972,982
Debt service		5,264,288			1,195,611	6,459,899
Capital outlay	_	49,981	20,737,553		199,218	20,986,752
Total expenditures	-	126,517,778	20,737,553	•	19,864,362	167,119,693
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	-	8,865,805	(18,758,021)		1,554,612	(8,337,604)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Issuance of bonds			20,000,000			20,000,000
Bond premium			969,328			969,328
Transfers in		605,150	3,039,999		86,759	3,731,908
Transfers out		(3,698,223)	-,,		(1,436,884)	(5,135,107)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(3,093,073)	24,009,327	,	(1,350,125)	19,566,129
Net Change in Fund Balances		5,772,732	5,251,306		204,487	11,228,525
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	20,308,903	8,168,194		7,465,117	35,942,214
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	26,081,635	\$ 13,419,500	\$	7,669,604	\$ 47,170,739

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ 11,228,525

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	20,843,654
Depreciation expense	(8,251,912)

The statement of activities reports losses arising from the disposal of existing capital assets.

Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on disposal of capital assets. This amount represents the disposal of capital assets.

Loss on disposal of capital assets (827,390)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes and assessments collected after 60 days	(237,884)
Interest income on property taxes	(32,785)
Revenue on loan receivables greater than 60 days	(41,201)
Changes in deferred outflows related to pension	474,476
Changes in deferred outflows related OPEB	1,556,180

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.

Accrued interest on bonds	(17,141)
Principal payments on bonds	4,310,000
Principal payments on Clean Water Fund loan payable	612,363
Principal payments on capital leases	19,914
Bond proceeds	(20,000,000)
Bond premium issuance	(740,750)
Amortization of bond premium	242,795
Net pension liability	(4,056,176)
Change in deferred inflows related to pension	1,467,452
Change in net OPEB liability	303,275
Change in deferred inflows related to OPEB	(2,670,285)
Deferred charge on refunding	(164,496)
Landfill closure payments	168,200

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in compensated absences (25,101)

The net expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported in governmental activities 1,454,572

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ 5,616,285

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	-	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,147,357
Accounts receivable		499,845
Other assets	_	25,000
Total current assets	-	10,672,202
Noncurrent assets:		
Property and equipment		9,496,781
Accumulated depreciation		(6,790,125)
Property and equipment, net	_	2,706,656
Total assets	_	13,378,858
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		55,471
Claims incurred but not reported		1,254,459
Total current liabilities		1,309,930
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Claims incurred but not reported, net of current portion		2,109,517
		2 440 447
Total liabilities	-	3,419,447
Net Position:		
Invested in capital assets		2,706,656
Unrestricted	_	7,252,755
Total Net Position	\$_	9,959,411

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 15,910,934
Other revenue	40,208
Total operating revenues	15,951,142
Operating Expenses:	
Operating expenses	611,149
Claims	13,867,518
Depreciation	486,431
Administration	1,139,021
Total operating expenses	16,104,119
Operating Loss	(152,977)
Nonoperating Revenues:	
Interest on investments	204,350
Income Before Transfers	51,373
Transfer In	1,489,958
Transfers Out	(86,759)
Transiers Out	(00,109)
Change in Net Position	1,454,572
Net Position at Beginning of Year	8,504,839
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 9,959,411

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to vendors Cash paid to beneficiaries Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	15,736,025 (684,371) (14,747,079) 304,575
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of property and equipment	-	(240,160)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfer in Transfers out Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		1,489,958 (86,759) 1,403,199
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest on investments	-	204,350
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,671,964
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	-	8,475,393
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	10,147,357
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(152,977)
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		486,431 (190,117)
Decrease (increase) in other assets (Decrease) increase in accounts payable (Decrease) increase in claims payable		(25,000) (73,222) 259,460
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	304,575

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Funds		Agency Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value:	\$	1,524,990	\$	53,294	\$	770,607
Mutual funds		141,980,182				
Accounts receivable		291,799			_	
Total assets	_	143,796,971	-	53,294	_	770,607
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		158,765				
Due to employees/others		63				
Claims incurred but not reported		301,000				
Due to contractors/developers						462,660
Due to student groups						283,057
Due to fire districts						24,890
Other liabilities	_	31,860				
Total liabilities	_	491,688		-		770,607
Net Position:						
Restricted for Ledge Light pensions		622,126				
Restricted for Poquonnock Fire District pensions		11,344,909				
Restricted for Town and BOE pensions		131,338,248				
Restricted for trusts				53,294		
Total Net Position	\$_	143,305,283	\$	53,294	\$_	-

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	-	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions:				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	6,913,997	\$	
Plan members		3,820,801		
Other additions	,		_	
Total contributions	,	10,734,798	_	
Investment income: Net change in fair value of investments		0 642 497		
Interest and dividends		9,642,487		1,155
interest and dividends	i	9,642,487	•	1,155
Less investment expenses:		9,042,407		1,100
Investment management fees		563,565		
Net investment income	i	9,078,922	-	1,155
THE INVESTIGATION INCOME	·	0,070,022	•	1,100
Total additions		19,813,720	-	1,155
Deductions:				
Benefits		13,525,035		8,631
Administrative expense		87,390		
Total deductions	,	13,612,425	-	8,631
Change in Net Position		6,201,295		(7,476)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		137,103,988	_	60,770
Net Position at End of Year	\$	143,305,283	\$	53,294

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Groton, Connecticut (the Town) was incorporated in 1705. The Town operates under a Council/Representative Town Meeting/Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: public safety, public works, planning and development, human services, community services, education, sewer and solid waste disposal, and general governmental services. The accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include: 1) the primary government, 2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and 3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. These criteria have been considered, and there are no agencies or entities that should be presented with the Town.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, the exception being interfund services provided and used. These services are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses were also classified to the appropriate functions. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting but have no measurement focus because they report only assets and liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, when levied for, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town, or specifically identified.

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds.

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those resources required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Improvements Fund accounts for individual capital project authorizations. The major sources of revenue for this fund are State and Federal grants and bond proceeds.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds are used to account for employee health insurance, workers' compensation insurance and the use and replacement of motor vehicles provided to other departments of the Town.

TOWN OF GROTON NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust for scholarships, low-income residents and youth and family services.

The *Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds* are used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement benefits and other post employment benefits.

Agency Funds are used to account for monies that the Town holds as a custodian for student groups, contractors/developers and its fire districts.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

D. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the Town is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40-50
Building improvements	20
Distribution and collection systems	50-100
Public domain infrastructure	50
System infrastructure	30
Land improvements	20
Machinery and equipment	5-20

In the governmental fund financial statements, capital outlay (assets) are reported as expenditures, and no depreciation is recorded.

F. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience and investment gains or losses. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental fund financial statements in the current year.

G. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from the following sources: property taxes, special assessments and long-term loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

H. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the Town accrues compensated absences as they are earned by employees if the leave is attributable to past service and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employee by cash payments at termination or retirement. The amount of this estimated obligation at June 30, 2019 is recorded in the government-wide financial statements since the benefits are to be funded from future financial resources and will be paid from the General Fund, Golf Course Fund or Sewer Operating Fund, as may be appropriate.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Pension Accounting

Pension Trust Fund

The Pension Trust Fund is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Funding Policy

The Town funds the contributions to its pension plan based on the actuarially required calculation.

K. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Accounting

OPEB Trust Fund

The OPEB Trust Fund is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when they are due and the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Funding Policy

The Town funds the contributions to its OPEB plan based on the actuarially required calculation.

L. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as committed or assigned fund balance, depending on the nature of the restriction, for GAAP purposes, as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, and reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes.

M. Fund Equity and Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This category includes all capital assets, including infrastructure, less accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets.

Restricted Net Position

This category includes net position with restrictions externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position

This category represents the net position of the Town that is not restricted for any project or other purpose by third parties.

In the fund financial statements, fund balances of governmental funds are classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories, prepaid amounts and amounts required to be retained in perpetuity).

Restricted Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

TOWN OF GROTON NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Committed Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Town of Groton Town Council resolution).

Assigned Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by Executive Management or the Town Council, which have been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This balance represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

The Town Council has an adopted policy that a minimum unassigned fund balance be maintained in an amount equal to at least seven and one-half percent (11%) of the annual general fund expenditures.

N. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1, levied on the following July 1, and billed and due in two installments, July 1 and January 1. Taxes less than \$50 are due in full on July 1. Motor vehicle taxes are due in one installment on July 1, and supplemental motor vehicles taxes are due in full January 1. Taxes become delinquent thirty days after the installment is due. Liens are filed by the last day of the fiscal year.

O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Town uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the financial statements. Not later than March 15th, the Town Manager submits proposed budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (including Special Library Fund, Golf Course Fund, Sewer Operating Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Mumford Cove Fund, Revaluation Fund, Computer Replacement Fund and Rec & Senior Activities Fund) and the Debt Service (Groton Sewer District) Fund to the Town Council.

The Town shall propose budgets that provide for an unrestricted fund General Fund balance of not less than 11% of the total operating General Fund expenditures.

TOWN OF GROTON NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

After one public hearing and numerous public meetings, the Town Council, on or before April 28th, recommends these budgets, as revised, to the Representative Town Meeting (RTM). The RTM reviews and takes final action on each function's budget no later than May 25th. These appropriations become the legal level of control. Following RTM approval of a final budget, the Town Council shall determine the final tax rate on or before June 9th. The Town Council must authorize all transfers of legally budgeted amounts between functions, with RTM authorization required on all transfers over \$10,000. In this process, function budget accounts serve as the legal level of control. Transfers within functions are not necessary. Additional appropriations may only be made by the Town Council and RTM in accordance with Town Charter provisions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no additional appropriations.

Formal budgetary integration of these budgets is employed as a management control device in the General Fund. Formal budgetary integration is not employed in other funds (other than the Special Revenue Funds listed above and the Revaluation Fund and the Computer Replacement Fund) because budgetary control is alternately achieved by constraints imposed by the project authorization or grant awards related to these funds.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except for those appropriations in the Capital Projects Fund. Appropriations for these amounts are continued until completion of the applicable projects, which often last more than one fiscal year but cannot exceed five (5) years.

The Town's budgeting system requires accounting for certain transactions to be on a basis other than GAAP. The major differences between the budget and GAAP bases are as follows:

- Taxes collected within 60 days subsequent to June 30 are recognized as revenue for GAAP purposes during the current year, compared to recognition in the year received for budgetary purposes.
- Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year, whereas they are shown as an assignment of fund balance under the GAAP basis of accounting.
- State of Connecticut payments on behalf of the Town teachers for the State teacher retirement system are reported for GAAP purposes only.
- The revenues and expenditures for budgeted funds that do not meet the definition for inclusion in the GAAP financial statements as special revenue funds are included in the General Fund, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54.
- The revenues and expenditures relating to issuance of capital leases are recognized for GAAP purposes only.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had deficit fund balances/net position at June 30, 2019:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Community Development Fund	\$ 26,876
Other Special Revenue Fund	150,451
Internal Service Funds:	
Workers' Compensation Fund	681,630

These deficits will be funded with grants, transfers and grant reimbursements.

C. Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

There were no line items in the General Fund that exceeded appropriations.

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). This investment pool is under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and is regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

TOWN OF GROTON NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk; however, the deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$90,906,257 of the Town's bank balance of \$96,218,662 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	81,592,144
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's		
trust department, not in the Town's name		9,314,113
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$_	90,906,257

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2019, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$4,509,219. The following provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard & Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm
Bank of America, N.A. Cash Management Assets	Not rated
Northern Capital	Not rated

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the Town had the following investments:

	Credit		Maturi	ty in Years
Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value	Less Than 1 1 -	More Than 10
Interest-bearing investments:	•	0.000.700	Ф 0.704.700 Ф 4.05	0.000 #
Certificate of Deposit *	\$	3,990,708	\$ <u>2,731,706</u> \$ <u>1,25</u>	9,002 \$
Other investments:				
Mutual Funds	N/A	142,086,967		
Common Stock	N/A	8,503		
Total Investments	\$	146,086,178		

^{*} Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and Collateralization

Investment Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2019, the Town did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by counterparts, or by their trust department or agents, that were not in the Town's name.

Credit Risk - Investments

The Town has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations of any State or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town has no policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Town's investment policy, in conformity with applicable Connecticut General Statutes, authorizes investment in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The value of the position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares. Regulatory oversight for the State Treasurer's STIF is provided quarterly by the Investment Advisory Council and the Treasurer's Cash Management Board. Other authorized investments include pooled and joint investments meeting the requirements of the policy, excluding those pools investing in "derivative" securities; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; and obligations of the United States and agencies of the federal government.

Deposits and investments for retirement and other post employment benefit funds are also disclosed in Notes 5 and 6.

TOWN OF GROTON NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

	_	Fair Value	 Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3
Common Stock	\$	8,503	\$ 8,503	\$	\$
Mutual Funds		142,086,967	142,045,061	41,906	
Certificates of Deposit	_	3,990,708	 3,990,708		
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$_	146,086,178	\$ 146,044,272	\$ 41,906	\$

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques. Collateralized debt obligations classified in Level 3 are valued using consensus pricing.

B. Endowments Received

	_	Library L		Julia Bill Library Trust		Rispoli Scholarship	Total		
Original principal received	\$	20,000	\$	27,543	\$	200,000	\$	247,543	
Net appreciation on investments	_	164,465		22,091	. <u>-</u>	250	_	186,806	
Total Value	\$	184,465	\$	49,634	\$	200,250	\$_	434,349	

The original principal received remains in the net position and is restricted for the trust principal. The net appreciation on investments is broken out between restricted and unrestricted net position and is spent based on the original criteria established by the trust. The Town's policy is to spend only investment income for the purposes of the trust.

C. Fund Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2019, including the applicable allowances for collection losses, are as follows:

	-	General	•	Capital Improvement	. <u>-</u>	Nonmajor and Other Funds		Total
Property taxes	\$	1,228,387	\$		\$	3,135	\$	1,231,522
Property tax interest		238,915						238,915
Assessments						956,164		956,164
Intergovernmental				3,716,565		745,166		4,461,731
Accounts receivable		321,280				939,353		1,260,633
User fees receivable						853,672		853,672
Gross receivables		1,788,582		3,716,565		3,497,490		9,002,637
Allowance for collection losses		(220,000)				(160,000)	-	(380,000)
Net Receivables	\$	1,568,582	\$	3,716,565	\$	3,337,490	\$	8,622,637

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	=	Beginning Balance	-	Increases/ Adjustments		Decreases/ Adjustments	_	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	15,187,657	\$	184,396	\$		\$	15,372,053
Construction in progress	_	22,452,522	_	20,426,317	iı	10,469,948	_	32,408,891
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	37,640,179		20,610,713		10,469,948	_	47,780,944
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements		6,493,681		5,926,307				12,419,988
Buildings and improvements		178,793,631		1,610,690				180,404,321
Machinery and equipment		23,067,411		1,388,023		65,381		24,390,053
Machinery and equipment - fleet		9,468,979		240,160		212,358		9,496,781
Infrastructure		108,922,979		979,057				109,902,036
Machinery and equipment - capital-leased		134,639	_					134,639
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	326,881,320	-	10,144,237		277,739	_	336,747,818
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		3,658,068		170,000				3,828,068
Buildings and improvements		59,679,284		3,866,997				63,546,281
Machinery and equipment		13,902,431		1,036,889		36,803		14,902,517
Machinery and equipment - fleet		6,516,052		486,431		212,358		6,790,125
Infrastructure		71,679,623		3,162,541				74,842,164
Machinery and equipment - capital-leased		61,940	_	15,485			_	77,425
Total accumulated depreciation	-	155,497,398	•	8,738,343		249,161	-	163,986,580
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	171,383,922	•	1,405,894	L	28,578	_	172,761,238
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	209,024,101	\$	22,016,607	\$	10,498,526	\$_	220,542,182

TOWN OF GROTON NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government services	\$	2,021,380
Public safety		123,358
Public works, including depreciation of general infrastructure assets		2,127,548
Community services		28,496
Education		2,537,110
Sewer operating		1,332,631
Golf Course	_	81,389
		_
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$_	8,251,912

Construction Commitments

The Town has the following construction commitments as of June 30, 2019:

	_	Project Amount
Roads/Streets/Sidewalks: Streetlight pole grounding Pearl Street Noank	\$	334 27,086
WPCF Projects: WPCF roofs and handrails Pump station		2,032 139,000
Land Improvements: Noank Dock		1,750
Building Improvements: Fitch Middle School Renovation		108,768

The commitments are being financed with capital reserve and sewer sinking fund monies, general obligation bonds, and state and federal grants.

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

As of June 30, 2019, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount		
General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	\$ 459,670		

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

						Transfers In			
	-	General Fund		Capital Improvements Fund	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 Internal Service Fund		Total Transfers Out
Transfers out:									
General Fund	\$		\$	2,208,265	\$		\$ 1,489,958	\$	3,698,223
Nonmajor Funds		605,150		831,734					1,436,884
Internal Service Funds	_		_			86,759		_	86,759
Total Transfers In	\$	605,150	\$	3,039,999	\$	86,759	\$ 1,489,958	\$	5,221,866

Transfers are used to account for revenues collected mainly in the General Fund and appropriated to other funds to finance various programs, e.g., Capital Projects, all in accordance with budget authorizations. The purpose of the transfers in to the General Fund were to record revenues received from other funds pertaining to services provided to them by General Fund functions that were determined by the cost allocation plan. Transfers out to the Capital Improvements Fund consisted of budgetary transfers for the replacement of capital assets.

F. Fund Balance

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		General Fund		Capital Improvements Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Fund balances:	-	T unu	_	Tunu	-	1 unus	•	Total
Nonspendable:								
Other assets	\$	26,996	\$		\$	2,688	\$	29,684
Endowments						247,543		247,543
Restricted for:								
Debt service						256,589		256,589
Regional probate court						20,296		20,296
Recreation and senior activities						410,873		410,873
Trust purposes						186,806		186,806
Education						1,074,914		1,074,914
Committed to:								
Subsequent year's budget		1,095,000						1,095,000
Bonded capital projects				70,167,450				70,167,450
Escrow funds						780,426		780,426
Land acquisition						73,344		73,344
Outside police services						128,659		128,659
Energy conservation						19,343		19,343
Human services donations						229,708		229,708
Emergency energy						17,598		17,598
DECD Brownfield Mystic Education Center Fund						3,009		3,009
Public infrastructure improvements						563,336		563,336
Library						45,869		45,869
Golf course operations						183,016		183,016
Parks & recreation						167,413		167,413
School cafeteria						404,266		404,266
Fitch High School library media						494		494
LED Conversion Project						49,484		49,484
Blight remediation						15,021		15,021
Sewer						2,486,685		2,486,685
Solid waste management						282,216		282,216
Outside agencies Other						196,123 1,212		196,123 1,212
Assigned to:						1,212		1,212
Public safety - encumbrances		25.865						25,865
Public works - encumbrances		130,717						130,717
Planning and development - encumbrances		55,951						55,951
Health and human services - encumbrances		493						493
Community services - encumbrances		10,885						10.885
Education services - encumbrances		439,314						439,314
Revaluation		221,509						221,509
Technology		363,962						363,962
Unassigned	_	23,710,943	_	(56,747,950)	_	(177,327)	-	(33,214,334)
Total Fund Balance	\$_	26,081,635	\$	13,419,500	\$	7,669,604	\$	47,170,739

Encumbrances of \$682,075 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund at June 30, 2019. Encumbrances of \$231,258 and \$70,167,450 are contained in the above table in the committed category of the Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Capital Improvements Fund, respectively, at June 30, 2019.

G. Leases

Operating Leases

The Town leases buildings and copiers under noncancelable operating leases. The total costs for such leases were \$104,884 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	_	Sovernmental Activities
2020	\$	104,884
2021	•	92,319
2022		70,982
2023		54,192
		49,461

The Town also leases various buildings, portions of buildings and tracts of land to outside parties for a bargain lease price.

H. Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Addition	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Bonds and loans payable: General obligation bonds	\$ 40,535,000	\$ 20,000,0	00 \$ 4,310,000	\$ 56,225,000	\$ 5,110,000
Clean Water Fund loan	6,991,146		612,363	6,378,783	612,363
Premium	2,958,427	740,7	50 242,795	3,456,382	279,832
Total bonds and loans payable	50,484,573	20,740,7	5,165,158	66,060,165	6,002,195
Landfill post-closure monitoring	1,612,400		168,200	1,444,200	168,200
Capital lease obligations	19,914		19,914	-	
Compensated absences	1,865,752	278,8	00 253,699	1,890,853	225,396
Claims payable	3,096,578	1,199,5	10 932,112	3,363,976	1,254,459
Net pension liability	19,304,318	4,056,1	76	23,360,494	
Net OPEB Liability	41,329,792		303,275	41,026,517	
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 117,713,327	\$ 26,275,2	36 \$ 6,842,358	\$ 137,146,205	\$ 7,650,250

Liability for compensated absences and net pension liabilities will be funded through the General Fund, the Golf Course Fund and the Sewer Operating Fund. In previous years the net pension and OPEB liabilities have been liquidated through the General Fund, Golf Course Fund and the Sewer Operating Fund.

Bonds

All bonds are general obligation debt of the Town and are secured by the general revenue raising powers of the Town. However, it is management's intention that all sewer bonds be serviced by the taxes and sewer assessments of the Groton Sewer District, which are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. The debt service associated with the Fort Hill sewer rehabilitation project and the current year debt issuance that refunded a portion of this debt will be funded with revenue generated from the Town's sewer use fee rate within the sewer operating fund.

The Town's general obligation bonds bear interest at rates from 2% to 5.5% and mature as follows:

	-	Town of Groton						
Fiscal Year		Principal Payments	Interest Payments					
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039	\$	5,110,000 5,090,000 5,080,000 5,065,000 5,045,000 19,075,000 6,760,000 5,000,000	\$	1,902,354 1,714,781 1,512,006 1,310,419 1,114,463 3,198,275 1,326,550 450,000				
	\$_	56,225,000	\$	12,528,848				

General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes Payable

Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate (%)	_	Balance June 30, 2019	_	Issued	Retired	_	Balance July 1, 2018
5/8/2019 5/8/2019	4/30/2020 4/30/2020	1.62 1.62	\$	-	\$	6,700,000 15,000,000	\$	\$	6,700,000 15,000,000

The outstanding bond anticipation notes were issued to fund cash flows for capital expenses.

Debt Limitation

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes, as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	_	Debt Limit	_	Indebtedness	Balance
			_		
Public improvement	\$	231,557,463	\$	22,802,888 \$	208,754,575
Schools		463,114,926		178,213,941	284,900,985
Sewers		385,929,105		17,092,783	368,836,322
Urban renewal		334,471,891			334,471,891
Pension deficit		308,743,284			308,743,284

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, including coterminous municipalities, or \$720,400,996. All long-term debt obligations are retired through General Fund, Debt Service Fund and Sewer Operating Fund appropriations.

Indebtedness, in accordance with State statutes, includes long-term debt outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bonds have been issued to partially finance the project or bond anticipation notes issued and outstanding. Additionally, underlying debt of \$9,678,478 (and \$960,189 authorized and unissued) is included in the calculation of indebtedness. Total authorized but unissued long-term debt at June 30, 2019 consists of \$3,221 remaining for road maintenance and Rehabilitation (Paving), \$143,333,941 for school facilities improvement plan and \$1,530,000 for the Effluent/Fishtown Pump Station (WPCF).

Clean Water Fund Loan

During 2008, the Town entered into a project loan agreement with the State of Connecticut for a Clean Water Project. As of June 30, 2019, the Town has received total financing of \$12,235,166. This amount includes the original approved amount of \$9,361,766 and \$2,873,400 of amended funding. The loan bears interest at 2% and is to be repaid over 20 years. Repayments began in November 2010.

Annual debt service payments to the State of Connecticut are as follows:

		Debt Service Fund						
Fiscal	_	Principal		Interest				
Year		Payments	_	Payments				
2020	\$	612,363	\$	121,962				
2021		612,363		109,715				
2022		612,363		97,468				
2023		612,363		85,221				
2024		612,363		72,973				
2025-2029		3,061,816		181,157				
2030-2034	_	255,152	_	1,276				
	\$_	6,378,783	\$	669,772				

I. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the Town to place a final cover on two landfill sites when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for 30 years after closure. One of the Town's municipal solid waste landfills stopped accepting waste in 1994. The remaining postclosure costs for this site are estimated to be \$710,500 (\$101,500 per year for 7 years). The other landfill site stopped accepting waste in the fall of 2001, and its remaining postclosure cost is \$733,700 (\$66,700 for 11 years). Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

4. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Town of Groton currently has five individual agreements with local businesses that qualify under the implementation of GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, for the purpose of providing services to its taxpayers. Details of the agreements are as follows:

	l I			
Local Business Purpose Tax being abated Authority under which	Branford Manor Preservation Apartment complex being renovated is low income housing and has been deemed a Development Property. Real Property Connecticut General Statutes 7-498, a	AHEPA 250-III Inc. Apartment complex constructed for low income elderly or disabled. Real Property Section 8-215 and 8-216	Mystic River Homes Apartment complex constructed for low income housing. Real Property Section 8-215 and 8-216	Mystic Indoor Sports Improvement of an indoor sports facility for community use (increase tax base). Real Property Town of Groton
agreements are entered into	part of General Statutes Chapter 114, the Connecticut City and Town Development Act.	of Chapter 133 of the Connecticut General Statutes.	of Chapter 133 of the Connecticut General Statutes.	Financial Incentive Policy.
Eligibility criteria for tax abatement	Investment of \$18,500,000 to construct new resident service buildings, to make and maintain exterior and interior repairs and renovation to provide 100% project-based Section -8 housing for low income individuals.	Construct a 40 unit complex for low income elderly.	Construct and maintain a maximum of 144 units of housing for low income elderly and disabled. Two phases of 72 units each.	Invest \$3 million to improve the property.
How recipient's tax are reduced	A payment schedule of taxes has been agreed upon per the agreement through January 1, 2037 totaling 7,759,264.	53.5% Abated	100% Abated	Year I - I 00% abatement for existing buildings and land along with new improvements Years 2-4 - I 00% abatement for new buildings and paying taxes on the full assessment of the existing buildings (built prior to 2015) and land Years 5-6 - 75% abatement for new buildings and paying taxes on the full assessment of the existing buildings (built prior to 2015) and land Year 7 - 50% abatement for new buildings and paying taxes on the full assessment of the existing buildings and paying taxes on the full assessment of the existing buildings and paying taxes on the full assessment of the existing buildings (built prior to 2015) and land
How the tax abatement is determined	Schedule based on current value of the building and reasonable abatement agreed to by all parties.	Discount needed to maintain low rents and off set the cost of the project.	Discount needed to maintain low rents and off set the cost of the project.	Buyer paid backed taxes after purchasing the bankrupt facility. Discount needed to off set the cost of renovations.
Gross dollar amount, on an accrual basis, by which the government's tax revenues were reduced as a result of the abatement agreement.	Tax stabilization agreement. Taxes were not reduced, but stabilized to increase 3% per year for 20 years. Initial FYE2018	\$18,210 Town \$203 Sewer \$4,498 Poquonnock Bridge Fire District	\$152,244 Town \$1,701 Sewer \$8,756 Noank Fire District	\$18,628 Town \$208 Sewer \$2,235 Old Mystic Fire District

5. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Pension Plans

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

All Town employees (nonunion choose an election at hire), except certified members of the Board of Education, participate in the Town of Groton Retirement System (TGRS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Two other employers, Ledge Light Health District and the Poquonnock Bridge Fire District, also participate in the TGRS, which is administered by the Retirement Board. The Retirement Board is made up of six members, who are appointed by the Town Council, and consists of the Town Manager and five members at large, at least two of whom shall be participants in TGRS, either as active or retired employees. All voting members of the board, except participants in the plan, must be residents of the Town. TGRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The charter provides the Town Council with the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions, by ordinance, through the Retirement Board. The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Stand-alone financial statements are not available.

Under the plan, all full-time employees hired are eligible. Police Officers, BOE Secretaries, BOE Central Office Employees and Custodians are 100% vested after 10 years of service. Firefighters are 50% vested after 10 years with 3.3% additional after each of the next 15 years. General Government Nonbargaining, CILU, AFSCME, Steelworkers, Telecommunicators and BOE Central Office Employees (Business Manager, Director of Building & Grounds, Director of IT and Personnel Manager) are 100% vested after 5 years of service. Benefits are calculated as follows:

Board of Education - School Secretaries

1.25% of average annual pay (for highest paid 5 years of last 7 years) times the number of years of participation.

Board of Education - Custodians/Maintenance

1.25% of average annual pay (highest 3 years) times years of service before July 1, 1989 and 1.85% of average annual pay times years of service after June 30, 1989 up to 25 years, plus 1.25% for years of service after 6/30/1989 in excess of 25 years. For those who retire after June 30, 2003, 2% average annual pay times number of continuous years of service with the Board after June 30, 2001. No more than 25 years shall be credited at 2% and 1.85% with all additional years credited at 1.25%.

CILU

2.05% of average annual pay (for highest 3 years) times the number of years of continuous service up to 30 years of service and 1.25% of average annual pay times years of continuous service in excess of 30.

Board of Education - Administrative

2% of average annual pay (for highest 3 years) times the number of years of continuous service up to 25 years of service and 1.25% of average annual pay times years of continuous service in excess of 25.

General Government AFSCME

2% of average annual pay (for highest 3 years) times the number of years of continuous service, up to 25 years of service and 1.25% of average annual pay times years of continuous service in excess of 25. Benefit is reduced by 2% for each year of age or service that the sum of age and years of service is less than 85.

General Government Nonbargaining

2% of average annual pay (for highest paid 3 years out of last 5 years) times the number of years of continuous service up to 30 years of service and 1.25% of average annual pay times years of continuous service in excess of 30.

Steelworkers

2% of average annual pay (for highest 3 years) times the number of years of continuous service, up to 30 years of service and 1.5% of average annual pay times years of continuous service in excess of 30.

Firefighters

2.75% of average annual pay (highest paid 4 years) times years of continuous service up to 30 years.

Union Police Officers

2.667% of average annual pay (highest paid 5 years) times the number of years of continuous service up to 30 years of service. Benefit is reduced for each year of age and service that the sum of age and years of service is less than 75.

Nonunion Police Officers

2.667% of average annual pay (highest paid 3 years) times the number of years of continuous service up to 30 years of service.

Maximum benefits are 66-2/3% of average annual pay for members of the General Government, AFSCME and Board of Education. Maximum benefits are 70% of average annual pay for members of the CILU and USWA. Maximum benefits are 75% of average annual pay for Firefighters and General Government Nonbargaining and 80% for Union and Nonunion Police Officers.

At July 1, 2018, TGRS membership consisted of:

	Town of Groton Town and BOE	Poquonnock Fire District	Ledge Light Health District
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet	279	18	1
receiving them	26		1
Active plan members	347	24	1
Total	652	42	3

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the defined benefit pension plan. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchange of investments are recognized on the transaction date.

C. Funding Policy

Employees other than Police Officers and Firefighters are required to contribute 4% of pay to the Plan. Nonunion Police Officers contribute 7.5%, Union Police Officers 7.75%, Firefighters 6.5% and CILU 5%. Contributions of nonvested employees are returned with interest, if applicable, upon termination or death prior to retirement. The Town funds at least the actuarially determined amounts. Benefits and contributions are established by the Town and may be amended only by the Town Council subject to the terms of collective bargaining agreements with certain unions.

D. Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TGRS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the TGRS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The overall investment goal is to obtain a competitive rate of return on portfolio assets commensurate with the prudent investment rule and the responsibility to provide retirement benefits to retirees and their beneficiaries. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2019:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
U.S. Large Cap U.S. Small Cap Developed International Equities Emerging International Equities Core Fixed Income High-Yield Bonds Real Estate (REITs)	37.00% 7.00 11.00 2.00 37.00 3.00 3.00
Total	100.00%

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 7.14%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

E. Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	-	Town and BOE	Ledge Light	_	Fire	Total
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	134,677,813 \$ 111,317,319	794,991 622,127	\$	14,275,434 \$ 11,344,926	149,748,238 123,284,372
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	23,360,494 \$	172,864	\$_	2,930,508 \$	26,463,866
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.65%	78.26%		79.47%	82.33%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation	2.6% (prior: 2.75%)
Salary increases	Vary by age group
Investment rate of return	7.25% (Prior 7.5%)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2017 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2017.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the 2014 Experience Study Report published in August 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 (see discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap U.S. Small Cap Developed International Equities Emerging International Equities Core Fixed Income High-Yield Bonds	6.00% 6.40 6.10 7.10 2.25 4.50
Real Estate (REITs)	4.50

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

F. Changes in Net Pension Lability

Town and	BOE					
		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)		
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$	126,974,362 \$	107,670,044 \$	19,304,318		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		2,600,342		2,600,342		
Interest on total pension liability		9,419,582		9,419,582		
Changes of benefit terms		688,115		688,115		
Differences between expected and actual experience		437,415		437,415		
Changes in assumptions		2,665,163		2,665,163		
Employer contributions			2,996,600	(2,996,600)		
Member contributions			1,212,995	(1,212,995)		
Net investment income			7,581,103	(7,581,103)		
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions		(8,107,166)	(8,107,166)	-		
Administrative expenses			(36,257)	36,257		
Net changes		7,703,451	3,647,275	4,056,176		
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$	134,677,813 \$	111,317,319 \$	23,360,494		

Balances as of June 30, 2019

	ght			
			crease (Decrease)	
	•	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability
		(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$	731,739 \$	597,253 \$	134,486
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		8,959		8,959
Interest on total pension liability		54.160		54,160
Differences between expected and actual experience		23,550		23,550
Changes in assumptions		14,387		14,387
Employer contributions		,	15,700	(15,700)
Member contributions			4,905	(4,905)
Net investment income			42,276	(42,276)
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions		(37,804)	(37,804)	-
Administrative expenses		(- , ,	(203)	203
Net changes	:	63,252	24,874	38,378
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$	794,991 \$	622,127 \$	172,864
Poquonnock Fi	re Dist	rict		
•			crease (Decrease)	
		Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability
		-		
		(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$	(a) 13,363,971 \$	(b) 10,744,288 \$	-
Balances as of July 1, 2018 Changes for the year:	\$,		(a)-(b)
	\$	13,363,971 \$		(a)-(b)
Changes for the year: Service cost	\$	13,363,971 \$ 283,839		(a)-(b) 2,619,683 283,839
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability	\$	13,363,971 \$ 283,839 998,983		(a)-(b) 2,619,683 283,839 998,983
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	13,363,971 \$ 283,839 998,983 (20,907)		(a)-(b) 2,619,683 283,839 998,983 (20,907)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	13,363,971 \$ 283,839 998,983	10,744,288 \$	(a)-(b) 2,619,683 283,839 998,983 (20,907) 317,667
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions	\$	13,363,971 \$ 283,839 998,983 (20,907)	10,744,288 \$	(a)-(b) 2,619,683 283,839 998,983 (20,907) 317,667 (385,000)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions Member contributions	\$	13,363,971 \$ 283,839 998,983 (20,907)	10,744,288 \$ 385,000 119,614	(a)-(b) 2,619,683 283,839 998,983 (20,907) 317,667 (385,000) (119,614)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income	\$	13,363,971 \$ 283,839 998,983 (20,907) 317,667	385,000 119,614 767,838	(a)-(b) 2,619,683 283,839 998,983 (20,907) 317,667 (385,000)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions	\$	13,363,971 \$ 283,839 998,983 (20,907)	385,000 119,614 767,838 (668,119)	(a)-(b) 2,619,683 283,839 998,983 (20,907) 317,667 (385,000) (119,614) (767,838)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income	\$	13,363,971 \$ 283,839 998,983 (20,907) 317,667	385,000 119,614 767,838	(a)-(b) 2,619,683 283,839 998,983 (20,907) 317,667 (385,000) (119,614)

Amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from an update to the mortality tables.

\$ ___14,275,434 \$ ___11,344,926 \$ __2,930,508

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current						
Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease (6.25%)	_	Discount Rate (7.25%)	_	1% Increase (8.25%)		
Town and BOE	\$ 38,192,800	\$	23,360,494	\$	10,766,871		
Ledge Light	260,504		172,864		97,496		
Poquonnock Fire District	4,656,865		2,930,508		1,483,583		

G. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town and BOE, Ledge Light and Fire Pensions recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$5,110,848, \$(83,070) and \$593,701, respectively. At June 30, 2019, the reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension were as follows:

		Town and BOE			
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments	\$	784,159 3,097,857 840,487	\$	(1,201,687) (1,672,126)	
actual carriing on pension plan investments	-	040,407	-		
Total	\$_	4,722,503	\$	(2,873,813)	
		Led	ge L	ight	
	-	Ledg Deferred Outflows of Resources	ge L	ight Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments	\$	Deferred Outflows of	ge L - \$	Deferred Inflows of	

		Poquonnock Fire District			
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	164,220 688,958	\$	(641,266) (68,720)	
actual earning on pension plan investments	_	76,606			
Total	\$_	929,784	\$	(709,986)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Town and BOE		Ledge Light	Poquonnock Fire District
Year Ending June 30		-		
2020	\$ 661,412	\$	29,657	\$ 142,680
2021	(633,603)		11,445	(3,977)
2022	798,327		1,629	39,326
2023	641,531		374	10,585
2024	381,023			31,184
Thereafter				

Connecticut State Teachers Retirement System - Pension

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

B. Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

C. Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	118,214,690
Total	\$ 118 214 690

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total Pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2019, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$13,267,510.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increase 3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increased rates (5% for females and 8% for males) over age 80 for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries as well as for active members. The RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 with Scale BB is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities Developed non-U.S. equities Emerging markets (non-U.S.) Core fixed income	21.0% 18.0% 9.0% 7.0%	5.8% 6.6% 8.3% 1.3%
Inflation linked bond fund Emerging market bond High yield bonds Real estate	3.0% 5.0% 5.0% 7.0%	1.0% 3.7% 3.9% 5.1%
Private equity Alternative investments Liquidity fund	11.0% 8.0% 6.0%	7.6% 4.1% 0.4%
Total	100.0%	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

H. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

6. POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN - GROTON RETIRED EMPLOYEES HEALTHCARE PLAN

A. Plan Description

The Groton Retired Employees Healthcare Plan (GREHP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Town. The GREHP provides medical and dental benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses as established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees. Eligible full-time and part-time employees of the Town may elect to participate in the plan.

The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The plan does not issue a standalone financial report.

Management of the post employment benefits plan is vested with the Town Manager and Director of Finance. Policy oversight is provided by the Town Manager, Director of Finance, and Human Resources Director.

At July 1, 2018, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Retiree Health Plan
Active members	657
Retired members	221
Beneficiaries	31
Spouses of retirees	63
Total Participants	972

B. Funding Policy

The Town has established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with post employment benefits. The fund is reported as a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. The actuarially determined contribution payment is transferred into this account annually from the General Fund and budgeted as part of the budgeting process, which is approved by the Town Council.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town/Board of Education are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly toward the cost of health insurance premiums as listed below. These are average costs with the actual costs to the retirees based on the employee group they were in when they retired.

Town Employees

The cost per month for Town employees receiving coverage under Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield is \$1,945 per month for retiree only coverage and \$2,417 per month for retiree and spouse coverage, to age 65, and \$1,059 and \$1,359 per month, respectively, thereafter.

Board of Education Employees

The cost per month for Board of Education employees receiving coverage under Anthem Blue Cross is \$943 per month for retiree only coverage and \$1,108 per month for retiree and spouse coverage to age 65. The cost for Medicare eligible employees is \$469 per month for retiree only and \$565 per month for retiree and spouse.

C. Investments

The investment policy of the OPEB Plan is established and may be amended by the Town Manager, Finance Director and Human Resources Manager. The investment policy is designed to reflect a prudent investor's tolerance for risk, which is achieved through diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of asset classes. It is the intent of the policy to pursue an investment strategy that produces a maximum return for the Town through prudent asset allocation and superior investment performance within designated asset classes.

Investment Policy

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 5.06%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

D. Net OPEB Liability of the Town

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

\$

61,047,428

Plan fiduciary net position		20,020,911
Net OPEB Liability	\$	41,026,517
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentag	e	
of the total OPEB liability		32.80%

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increase Graded by service from 6.50% to 3.25% for teachers and administrators,

3.50% for all others

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.70% - 4.40% over 66 years

Healthy Mortality

Teachers and Administrators RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males and females

projected forward 19 years using Scale AA, with a two-year age setback. This assumption included a margin for mortality improvement beyond the

valuation date.

(Prior: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males and females, and separate tables for active employees and annuitants, with generational

projection per Scale BB, and with a one-year age set forward. This assumption included a margin for mortality improvement beyond the

valuation date.)

All Others RP-2000 Healthy Mortality Table for males and females, and separate

tables for active employees and annuitants, with generational projection per Scale BB, and with one-year age set forward. This assumption includes a margin for motility improvement beyond the valuation date.

Disabled Mortality

All Others

Teachers and Administrators RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males and females

projected forward 19 years using Scale AA, with an eight-year age set forward. This assumption includes a margin for mortality improvement

beyond the valuation date.

RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for males and females. This assumption

does not include a margin for mortality improvement beyond the valuation

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the building-block method in which best-estimate rates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Actual Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return				
U.S. Cash	7 %	0.36 %				
Core Fixed Income	35	2.4				
U.S. Large Cap Equities	58_	4.33				
	100 %					

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

G. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$_	59,422,195	\$_	18,092,403	\$_	41,329,792
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,133,767				1,133,767
Interest on total OPEB liability		4,446,927				4,446,927
Changes of benefit terms		152,032				152,032
Differences between expected and actual experience		(3,115,333)				(3,115,333)
Changes in assumptions		1,581,582				1,581,582
Employer contributions				3,563,051		(3,563,051)
Net investment income				986,434		(986,434)
Benefit payments		(2,573,742)		(2,573,742)		-
Administrative expense		,		(47,235)		47,235
Net Changes	_	1,625,233		1,928,508	_	(303,275)
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$_	61,047,428	\$	20,020,911	\$_	41,026,517

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current							
_		1% Decrease (6.25%)		Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	49,771,098	\$	41,026,517	\$	33,917,608			

I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

(4.70% D		1% Decrease (4.70% Decreasing to 3.4%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (5.70% Decreasing to 4.4%)	1% Increase (6.70% Decreasing to 5.4%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	32,958,680	\$ 41,026,517	\$ 51,104,124

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$4,373,881. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows Of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$ 152,001 1,355,642	\$	(2,670,285)
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	455,149	_	
	\$ 1,962,792	\$	(2,670,285)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30

2020	\$ (59,088)
2021	(59,088)
2022	(59,089)
2023	(114,658)
2024	(196,467)
Thereafter	(219,103)

7. PENSION AND OPEB TRUST FUND COMBINING SCHEDULES

Combining Schedule of Net Position - Trust Funds

	_	Trust Funds							
	-	Pension Trust Fund	-	OPEB Trust Fund	Total Trust Funds				
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value:	\$	855	\$	1,524,135	\$	1,524,990			
Mutual funds		123,185,283		18,794,899		141,980,182			
Accounts receivable		151,665		140,134		291,799			
Total assets		123,337,803		20,459,168		143,796,971			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to employees/others Claims incurred but not reported		53,368 63		105,397 301,000		158,765 63 301,000			
Other liabilities				31,860		31,860			
Total liabilities	-	53,431		438,257		491,688			
Net Position:									
Restricted for employees of Ledge Light		622,126				622,126			
Restricted for firefighters		11,344,909				11,344,909			
Restricted for benefits and other purposes	-	111,317,337		20,020,911		131,338,248			
Total Net Position	\$	123,284,372	\$	20,020,911	\$	143,305,283			

	-			Trust Funds		
	-	Pension Trust Fund	_ ,	OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Additions:						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	3,397,300	\$	3,516,697	\$	6,913,997
Plan members		1,337,514		2,483,287		3,820,801
Total contributions		4,734,814		5,999,984		10,734,798
Investment income: Change in fair value						
of investments		8,609,699		1,032,788		9,642,487
Less investment expenses:						
Investment management fees	_	218,482	_	345,083	_	563,565
Net investment income	_	8,391,217		687,705		9,078,922
Total additions	-	13,126,031	<u>.</u> ,	6,687,689		19,813,720
Deductions:						
Benefits		8,813,089		4,711,946		13,525,035
Administrative expense		40,155		47,235		87,390
Total deductions		8,853,244		4,759,181		13,612,425
Change in Net Position		4,272,787		1,928,508		6,201,295
Net Position - Beginning of Year	-	119,011,585	- ,	18,092,403		137,103,988
Net Position - End of Year	\$	123,284,372	\$	20,020,911	\$	143,305,283

8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT - CONNECTICUT STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

B. Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

C. Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

D. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

Employees

Each member is required to contribute 1.25% of their annual salary up to \$500,000. Contributions in excess of \$500,000 will be credited to the Retiree Health Insurance Plan.

E. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated		
with the Town	_	23,631,877
Total	\$	23,631,877

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2019, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of (\$7,850,496) in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Health care costs trend rate

Pre-Medicare 5.95% decreasing to 4.75% by 2025
Medicare 5.00% decreasing to 4.75% by 2028
Salary increases 3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Year fund net position will

be depleted 2019

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increases (5% for females and 8% for males) over age 80. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.27%).

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.87%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. No future State contributions were assumed to be made. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2019 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

I. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan. Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

9. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss, including torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee and retiree health and medical; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but has chosen to retain the risks for workers' compensation and employee health and medical claims. Under the Town's current policy, the Health Insurance Fund covers all employee claims up to \$200,000 per claim with a stop-loss policy covering amounts exceeding the limit. The Town also purchases aggregate stop-loss coverage for claims in excess of 125% of expected claim level, which approximates \$10.1 million. The Workers' Compensation Fund covers claims associated with work-related injuries. The Town purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Workers' Compensation Fund with an individual claim maximum of \$300,000 and a \$1,000,000 aggregate maximum per year. The OPEB Trust fund covers all retired employee claims. Town management has estimated a liability using actuarial methods at June 30, 2019 for claims incurred but not reported to be \$1,131,000 in the Health Insurance Fund and \$2,232,976 in the Workers' Compensation Fund, which includes heart and hypertension of \$840,574, and \$301,000 in the OPEB Trust Fund. The estimate for claim liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in the claims liability were as follows:

	-	Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	 Claim Payments	. <u>-</u>	Liability June 30,	. <u>-</u>	Due Within One Year
Health Insurance Fu	<u>ınd</u>							
2018 - 2019 2017 - 2018	\$	827,000 1,036,000	\$ 12,810,250 10,756,612	\$ 12,506,250 10,965,612	\$	1,131,000 827,000	\$	1,131,000 827,000
Workers' Compensa	ation	<u>Fund</u>						
2018 - 2019 2017 - 2018	\$	2,269,578 3,134,983	\$ 1,057,268 84,087	\$ 1,093,870 949,492	\$	2,232,976 2,269,578	\$	123,459 105,112
OPEB Trust Fund								
2018 - 2019 2017 - 2018	\$	300,338 312,000	\$ 4,711,946 4,842,661	\$ 4,711,284 4,854,323	\$	301,000 300,338	\$	-

Current Veer

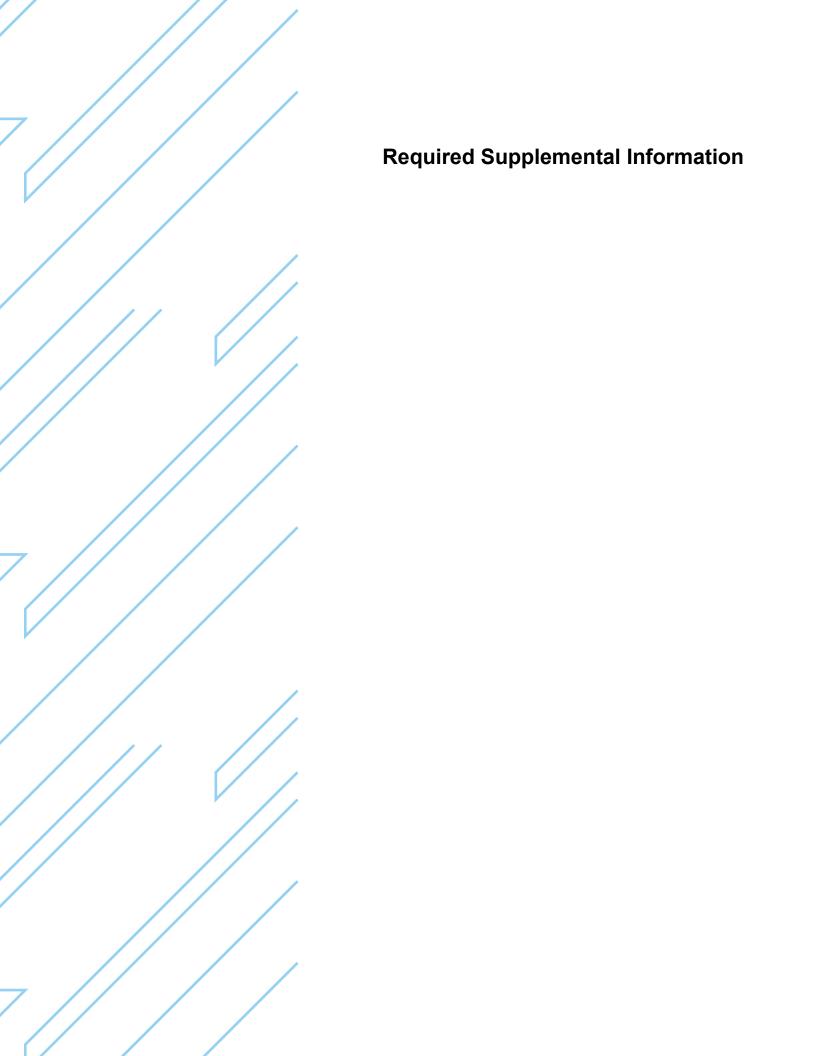
The Town purchases commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including blanket and umbrella policies. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. Contingencies

The Town is currently involved in several litigation matters. In the estimation of the Town's management and legal counsel, the final settlement of these matters will not materially affect the financial condition of the Town.

C. Concentration of Taxes

The Town's two largest taxpayers, based on the October June 30, 2017 grand list, comprise 15.4% of the net taxable grand list of the Town and approximately 10.3% of the total General Fund revenues for the year ended June 30, 2019.



TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted A	mounts		Actual Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final		Basis	(Negative)
General Property Taxes						
(Including Interest and Lien Fees)	\$_	89,147,584 \$	89,147,584	\$_	89,971,270	823,686
Licenses and Permits:						
Building permits		340,335	340,335		531,631	191,296
Sporting licenses		500	500		651	151
Dog licenses		7,000	7,000		7,019	19
Other licenses and permits		17,790	17,790		14,537	(3,253)
Building permits - education fee		325	325		760	435
State land use fees		100	100		92	(8)
Total licenses and permits	_	366,050	366,050	-	554,690	188,640
Interest on Investments	_	200,000	200,000	. <u>-</u>	751,511	551,511
Intergovernmental - State: General:						
Town aid road		377,036	377,036		375,122	(1,914)
Nuclear safety drill		38,000	38,000		50,948	12,948
Highway illumination		470	470			(470)
Telephone access		138,808	138,808		134,971	(3,837)
PILOT - enterprise zone					73,567	73,567
PILOT - state and tax exemptions		605,530	605,530		603,686	(1,844)
Youth Service Bureau		26,510	26,510		27,699	1,189
Pequot/Mohegan funds		1,232,069	1,232,069		1,232,069	(00.070)
911 Enhancement		165,318	165,318		142,046	(23,272)
Municipal project grant		1,240,819	1,240,819		1,242,507	1,688
Municipal aid adjustment grant		466,668	466,668		466,668	-
Board of Education: Education cost sharing		25,040,045	25,040,045		25,025,766	(14.270)
Adult education		102,334	102,334		102,394	(14,279) 60
Special education		800,000	800,000		917,145	117,145
Transportation - private school		000,000	000,000		917,143	117,145
Magnet School transportation		188,000	188,000		116,243	(71,757)
Nonpublic pupil services		22,000	22,000		22,315	315
Total State of Connecticut	_	30,443,607	30,443,607		30,533,146	89,539
	_			_		
Intergovernmental - Federal:		0.044.500	0.044.500		5 050 000	0.000.405
Pupil impact aid		3,214,533	3,214,533		5,253,028	2,038,495
Education - misc. federal funds		93,000	93,000		269,291	176,291
Public safety federal funds Emergency management		20.040	20.010		2,590 19,846	2,590 (173)
Total federal government	_	20,019 3,327,552	20,019 3,327,552	-	5,544,755	2,217,203
rotal lederal government	_	3,321,332	3,321,332		5,544,755	2,211,203

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Dudusto	-l A.			Actual		Variance With Final Budget
	_	Budgete Original	a A	Final	ı	Budgetary Basis		Positive (Negative)
	_	Original		i iliai	_	Dasis	•	(Negative)
Charges for Current Services:								
Planning Commission fees	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	11,820	\$	3,820
Recording instruments		150,000		150,000		129,910		(20,090)
Conveyance tax		700,000		700,000		1,237,870		537,870
Finance department - other						39		39
Planning department - other		500		500		1,707		1,207
Collection subdivisions taxes		104,784		104,784		104,784		-
Accident reports		2,850		2,850		4,736		1,886
Dispatch/paramedics services		2,000		2,000		2,000		-
North Stonington - dispatch		52,819		52,819		52,819		-
Coordinated Medical Emergency Director		22,257		22,257		29,081		6,824
Board of Education - FHS/ground mowing		60,111		60,111		60,111		-
GIS - revenue		600		600		1,528		928
Vital statistics		5,000		5,000		6,101		1,101
Snow/Ice control services		20,000	_	20,000	_	35,669		15,669
Total charges for current services	_	1,128,921		1,128,921	_	1,678,175		549,254
Schools, Library and Recreation:								
Tuition from other towns		70,000		70,000		104,855		34,855
Other school receipts		19,000		19,000		33,549		14,549
Library fines		15,000		15,000		13,769		(1,231)
Lost and damaged book fees		2,200		2,200		2,630		430
Senior Center fees		2,500		2,500		3,118		618
Library - copier fees		6,700		6,700		5,678		(1,022)
Library fees		14,000		14,000		15,912		1,912
Park rentals		500		500		10,012		(500)
Total schools, library and recreation	_	129,900	_	129,900	<u>-</u>	179,511		49,611
Others December								
Other Revenue: Court fines		17,000		17,000		13,000		(4.000)
		1,100		1,100		1,565		(4,000) 465
Parking tickets Aircraft registration fees		21,000		21,000		22,560		1,560
Lease fees		169,691		169,691		192,432		22,741
Land record copies		28,000		28,000		27,599		(401)
Vital copies		64,000		64,000		61,611		(2,389)
Miscellaneous		7,000		7,000		30,029		23,029
PILOT payment - other		50,000		50,000		51,178		1,178
Dog warden - sold and redeemed		2,300		2,300		2,235		(65)
Public Works Disposal fees		130,000		130,000		218,091		88,091
Returned check fees		1,100		1,100		1,008		(92)
Sale of capital assets		2,500		2,500		7,109		4,609
Delinquent MV fees		16,000		16,000		18,652		2,652
Finance Dept. copies		900		900		840		(60)
Total other revenue	_	510,591		510,591	_	647,909	•	137,318
Total revenues	_	125,254,205		125,254,205	_	129,860,967	•	4,606,762

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgete	d Amounts		Actual Budgetary		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final		Basis	_	(Negative)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in:						
Golf course	59,433	\$ 59,4	133 \$	59,433	\$	-
Sewer/landfill services	445,874	445,8	374	445,874		-
Sewer District	45,184	45,1	84	45,184		-
Mumford Cove	1,023	1,0)23	1,023		-
Community Investment Act Fund	5,000	5,0	000	5,000		-
Outside Police services	46,011	46,0)11	46,011		-
Bond premium					_	
Total other financing sources	602,525	602,5	25	602,525	_	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	125,856,730	\$ 125,856,7	'30	130,463,492	\$_	4,606,762
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues State of Connecticut pension expense related to		State				
Teachers Retirement System for Town teachers	are not budget			13,267,510		
State of Connecticut OPEB revenue related to the		tate Teachers				
OPEB system for Town teachers are not budget				(7,850,496)		
Property tax revenue receivable accrual basis cl				70,079		
The Town does not budget for certain reimburs	ements that are i	eported for GA	AAP	22.000		
financial statement reporting purposes Various funds of the Town did not meet the defir	nition of a specia	l revenue fund		23,000		
for GASB 54 purposes and were, therefore, co						
on a GAAP basis only			_	15,148		
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Funds - Exhibit IV	•		\$_	135,988,733		

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgete	ed An	nounts		Actual Budgetary		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Basis		(Negative)
General Government:								
Legislative policy	\$	54,955	\$	57,240	\$	54,089	\$	3,151
Voter registration	φ	157,224	φ	182,204	φ	177,376	φ	4,828
Town Clerk		316,203		316,203		295,587		20,616
Legal services		•		,		•		97,536
<u> </u>	_	300,000 828,382	_	300,000 855,647	_	202,464 729,516		126,131
Total general government	_	020,302	_	655,647	_	729,510		120,131
General Services:								
Executive management		346,869		346,869		279,602		67,267
Information technology		1,016,689		1,016,689		994,462		22,227
Human resources		317,074		328,474		323,636		4,838
Financial administration		1,465,313		1,493,196		1,453,218		39,978
Total general services	_	3,145,945	_	3,185,228		3,050,918		134,310
Dublic Cofety								
Public Safety:		0.247.046		0.247.046		0 440 220		220 606
Police services	_	8,347,016	_	8,347,016	_	8,118,320		228,696
Public Works	_	5,739,146	_	5,815,305	_	5,661,464		153,841
Planning and Development Services	_	1,323,531		1,323,531	_	1,265,644		57,887
Human Services:								
Human services								
Turnari services		610,523		610,523		592,765		17,758
Community Services:	_	010,020	_	010,020	-	332,703	•	17,730
Parks and recreation		1,529,832		1,540,995		1,512,454		28,541
Library		1,663,646		1,685,646		1,588,299		97,347
Total community services	_	3,193,478		3,226,641	_	3,100,753	•	125,888
,		., ,	_	-, -,-	_	-,,	•	
Nondepartmental:								
Insurance and claims		647,498		647,498		614,798		32,700
Contingency		450,000		248,573				248,573
Self-funded plans	_	8,696,656	_	8,696,656	_	8,692,677		3,979
Total nondepartmental	_	9,794,154	_	9,592,727	_	9,307,475	•	285,252
Education	_	76,468,239	_	76,485,922	_	76,446,462		39,460
Debt Service:								
Town		2,917,757		2,917,757		2,915,255		2,502
Board of Education		2,349,033		2,349,033		2,349,033		2,002
Total debt service	_	5,266,790		5,266,790	_	5,264,288	•	2,502
	_	0,200,100	_	5,250,150	_	5,251,250		2,002

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	nal Budget
	Positive
Original Final Basis (I	Negative)
Outside Agencies:	
Regional agencies \$ 132,034 \$ 132,034 \$ 132,033 \$	1
Health services - cultural agencies 1,694,213 1,694,213 1,666,967	27,246
Total outside agencies 1,826,247 1,826,247 1,799,000	27,247
Subdivisions:	
City of Groton 4,609,036 \$ 4,616,468 \$ 4,607,829	8,639
Groton Long Point 462,084 462,526 461,406	1,120
Fire districts 246,000 246,000 246,000	
Total subdivisions 5,317,120 5,324,994 5,315,235	9,759
Total expenditures <u>121,860,571</u> <u>121,860,571</u> <u>120,651,840</u>	1,208,731
Other Financing Uses:	
Transfers out:	
Capital Reserve 2,297,000 2,297,000 2,297,000	-
Revaluation 225,000 225,000 225,000	-
Fleet 1,401,223 1,401,223 1,401,223	-
Computer Replacement 72,936 72,936 72,936	-
Total other financing uses 3,996,159 3,996,159 3,996,159	-
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses \$ 125,856,730 \$ 125,856,730 \$ 124,647,999 \$	1,208,731
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures because:	
State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connecticut State Teachers'	
Retirement System for Town teachers pension are not budgeted 13,267,510	
State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connecticut State Teachers'	
Retirement System for Town teachers OPEB are not budgeted (7,850,496)	
Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered in the previous year	
that were received and liquidated in the current year are reported for GAAP	
financial statement reporting purposes 954,356	
Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered in the current year	
that were not received and liquidated in the current year are not reported	
for GAAP purposes (619,273)	
The Town does not budget for certain reimbursements that are reported for GAAP	
financial statement reporting purposes 23,000	
Various funds of the Town did not meet the definition of a special revenue fund	
for GASB 54 purposes and were, therefore, combined with the General Fund	
on a GAAP basis only 90,841 Elimination of transfers between General Fund and funds combined for	
GASB 54 purposes (297,936)	
(Za1,330)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reported on the Statement of	
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds -	
Exhibit IV \$130,216,001_	

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS TOWN AND BOE

	_	2014	-	2015		2016	 2017	-	2018	_	2019
Total pension liability:											
Service cost	\$	2,451,526	\$	2,525,072	\$	2,318,892	\$ 2,409,250	\$	2,569,350	\$	2,600,342
Interest		8,757,689		9,188,020		8,666,967	9,011,518		9,112,990		9,419,582
Changes of benefit terms											688,115
Differences between expected											
and actual experience				(3,089,277)		(831,909)	(198,443)		646,369		437,415
Changes of assumptions				(5,208,074)		1,002,922	1,129,130		(447,999)		2,665,163
Benefit payments, including refunds											
of member contributions	_	(5,929,846)		(5,876,377)	_	(6,589,487)	(7,020,884)	_	(7,550,511)	_	(8,107,166)
Net change in total pension liability		5,279,369		(2,460,636)		4,567,385	5,330,571		4,330,199		7,703,451
Total pension liability - beginning		109,927,474		115,206,843		112,746,207	117,313,592		122,644,163		126,974,362
Total pension liability - ending	_	115,206,843	-	112,746,207	_	117,313,592	122,644,163	_	126,974,362	_	134,677,813
Plan fiduciary net position:											
Contributions - employer		3,114,144		3,192,047		2,553,991	2,488,575		2,848,100		2,996,600
Contributions - member		1,114,042		1,131,674		1,169,678	1,201,342		1,220,752		1,212,995
Net investment income (loss)		13,481,409		3,540,403		(53,985)	9,878,756		7,613,030		7,581,103
member contributions		(5,929,846)		(5,876,377)		(6,589,487)	(7,020,884)		(7,550,511)		(8,107,166)
Administrative expense		(54,307)		(37,255)		(30,685)	(32,163)		(45,162)		(36,257)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	11,725,442	-	1,950,492	_	(2,950,488)	6,515,626	_	4,086,209	-	3,647,275
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		86,342,763		98,068,205		100,018,697	97,068,209		103,583,835		107,670,044
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	98,068,205	-	100,018,697	-	97,068,209	103,583,835	_	107,670,044	_	111,317,319
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	17,138,638	\$	12,727,510	\$	20,245,383	\$ 19,060,328	\$_	19,304,318	\$_	23,360,494
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage											
of the total pension liability		85.12%		88.71%		82.74%	84.46%		84.80%		82.65%
Covered payroll	\$	23,026,395	\$	23,605,993	\$	21,927,290	\$ 22,096,847	\$	22,229,457	\$	22,934,460
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		74.43%		53.92%		92.33%	86.26%		86.84%		101.86%

LEDGE LIGHT

	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total pension liability:									
Service cost	\$	6,972	\$	7,181	\$	621,108 \$	7,714 \$	8,701 \$	8,959
Interest		44,858		46,078		94,625	48,675	51,179	54,160
Differences between expected and actual experience				(7,730)		(651,642)	29,608	21,741	23,550
Changes of assumptions				23,355		(5,817)	5,161	(4,319)	14,387
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_	(35,815)		(37,804)		(37,804)	(37,804)	(37,804)	(37,804)
Net change in total pension liability		16,015		31,080		20,470	53,354	39,498	63,252
Total pension liability - beginning	_	571,322		587,337		618,417	638,887	692,241	731,739
Total pension liability - ending	_	587,337		618,417		638,887	692,241	731,739	794,991
Plan fiduciary net position:									
Contributions - employer		9,556		6,764		8,971	8,958	13,200	15,700
Contributions - member		3,483		3,627		4,052	4,265	4,442	4,905
Net investment income (loss)		79,029		19,083		(380)	55,221	42,251	42,276
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(35,815)		(37,804)		(37,804)	(37,804)	(37,804)	(37,804)
Administrative expense	_	(321)		(212)		(172)	(179)	(251)	(203)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		55,932		(8,542)		(25,333)	30,461	21,838	24,874
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	522,897		578,829		570,287	544,954	575,415	597,253
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	578,829	_	570,287		544,954	575,415	597,253	622,127
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	8,508	\$	48,130	\$_	93,933 \$	116,826	134,486 \$	172,864
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total pension liability		98.55%		92.22%		85.30%	83.12%	81.62%	78.26%
Covered payroll	\$	120,539	\$	89,652	\$	90,125 \$	101,308 \$	105,474 \$	112,203
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		7.06%		53.69%		104.23%	115.32%	127.51%	154.06%

FIREFIGHTERS

	_	2014	_	2015	-	2016	-	2017	-	2018	-	2019
Total pension liability:												
Service cost	\$	401,849	\$	413,904	\$	299,682	\$	257,236	\$	267,597	\$	283,839
Interest		843,728		889,636		918,671		983,590		976,011		998,983
Changes of benefit terms						96						
Differences between expected and actual experience				(520,189)		390,732		(439,015)		(243,622)		(20,907)
Changes of assumptions				799,434		(78,888)		158,125		(52,104)		317,667
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_	(558,385)	_	(814,075)		(652,848)		(647,882)		(647,882)	_	(668,119)
Net change in total pension liability		687,192		768,710		877,445		312,054		300,000		911,463
Total pension liability - beginning	_	10,418,570	_	11,105,762	_	11,874,472	_	12,751,917		13,063,971	_	13,363,971
Total pension liability - ending	_	11,105,762	_	11,874,472	_	12,751,917	_	13,063,971		13,363,971	_	14,275,434
Plan fiduciary net position:												
Contributions - employer		428,378		414,790		392,293		385,674		389,100		385,000
Contributions - member		128,634		94,356		106,863		116,552		120,435		119,614
Net investment income (loss)		1,308,508		326,423		(4,042)		956,168		754,460		767,838
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(558,385)		(814,075)		(652,848)		(647,882)		(647,882)		(668,119)
Administrative expense		(5,243)		(3,534)		(2,949)		(3,149)		(4,507)		(3,695)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,301,892		17,960		(160,683)		807,363		611,606		600,638
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		8,166,150	_	9,468,042	_	9,486,002	_	9,325,319		10,132,682		10,744,288
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	9,468,042	_	9,486,002	-	9,325,319	-	10,132,682		10,744,288	_	11,344,926
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	1,637,720	\$_	2,388,470	\$	3,426,598	\$	2,931,289	\$	2,619,683	\$_	2,930,508
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage												
of the total pension liability		85.25%		79.89%		73.13%		77.56%		80.40%		79.47%
Covered payroll	\$	2,287,906	\$	2,281,958	\$	2,010,535	\$	1,704,664	\$	1,724,791	\$	1,761,916
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		71.58%		104.67%		170.43%		171.96%		151.88%		166.33%

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS TOWN AND BOE

	_	2010		2011		2012		2013	_	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$_	1,305,56 1,305,56		2,073,41 2,073,41		2,614,225 2,614,225	\$	2,886,997 2,886,997	\$	3,114,144 \$ 3,114,144	3,192,047 \$ 3,192,047	2,553,991 \$ 2,553,991	2,488,575 \$ 2,488,575	2,848,100 \$ 2,848,100	2,996,600 2,996,600
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_		<u>-</u> \$		- \$		\$_		\$_	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	23,026,395 \$	23,605,993 \$	21,927,290 \$	22,096,847 \$	22,229,457 \$	22,934,460
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll										13.52%	13.52%	11.65%	11.26%	12.81%	13.07%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2018
Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Normal Actuarial Cost
Remaining amortization period 21 years (Prior: 22 years)
Asset valuation method Adjusted value of assets
Inflation 2.60% (Prior: 2.75%)
Salary increases Vary by age group

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expenses (Prior: 7.5%)

Retirement age Age related table

Mortality RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2018

Prior: RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset, Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2017

N/A Not Available

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS LEDGE LIGHT

	_	2010		2011	 2012	2013	_	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$		- \$ -	1,940 1,940	6,918 \$ 6,918	,	599 \$ 599	9,556 \$ 9,556	6,764 \$ 6,764	8,971 \$ 8,971	8,958 \$ 8,958	13,200 \$ 13,200	15,700 15,700
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_		_ \$_		\$ \$		\$_	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$_	
Covered payroll	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$ N/A \$	N/A	\$	120,539 \$	89,652 \$	90,125 \$	101,308 \$	105,474 \$	112,203
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll									7.54%	9.95%	8.84%	12.51%	13.99%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2018
Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Normal Actuarial Cost
Remaining amortization period 21 years (Prior: 22 years)
Asset valuation method Adjusted value of assets
Inflation 2.60% (Prior: 2.75%)
Salary increases Vary by age group

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expenses (Prior: 7.5%)

Retirement age Age related table

Mortality RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2018

Prior: RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset, Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2017

N/A Not Available

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS FIREFIGHTERS

	_	2010		2011		2012	 2013		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	135,77 135,77		208,53 208,53		347,332 347,332	378,701 378,701	\$	428,378 \$ 428,378	414,790 \$ 414,790	392,293 \$ 392,293	385,674 \$ 385,674	389,100 \$ 389,100	385,000 385,000
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_		<u>-</u> \$		<u>-</u> \$		\$ 	\$_	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$	2,287,906 \$	2,281,958 \$	2,010,535 \$	1,704,664 \$	1,724,791 \$	1,761,916
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll										18.18%	19.51%	22.62%	22.56%	21.85%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2018
Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Normal Actuarial Cost
Remaining amortization period 21 years (Prior: 22 years)
Asset valuation method Adjusted value of assets
Inflation 2.60% (Prior: 2.75%)
Salary increases Vary by age group

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expenses (Prior: 7.5%)

Retirement age Age related table

Mortality RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2018

Prior: RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset, Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2017

N/A Not Available

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	15.51%	3.62%	-0.03%	7.10%	7.44%	7.14%

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	-	2015	_	2016	2017	_	2018	_	2019
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	- :	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	-	93,604,919	_	101,271,189	132,909,163	_	125,979,335	_	118,214,690
Total	\$	93,604,919	\$_	101,271,189 \$	132,909,163	\$_	125,979,335	\$_	118,214,690
Town's covered payroll	\$	36,486,290	\$	36,797,537 \$	37,787,402	\$	36,426,040	\$	36,820,958
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.51%		59.50%	52.26%		0.00%		55.93%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms Beginning January 1, 2018, member contributions increased from 6% to 7% of salary.

Changes of assumptions

During 2016, rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the

Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

Amortization method Level percent of salary, closed

Single equivalent amortization period

Remaining amortization period 17.6 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of investment related expense

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OPEB

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	_	2017	2018	_	2019
Total OPEB liability:					
Service cost	\$	1,130,295 \$	1,216,495	\$	1,133,767
Interest	Ψ	4,020,268	4,229,669	*	4,446,927
Changes of benefit terms		180,725	,,		152,032
Differences between expected and actual experience		,	216,681		(3,115,333)
Changes of assumptions			•		1,581,582
Benefit payments		(2,467,692)	(2,789,067)		(2,573,742)
Net change in total OPEB liability	_	2,863,596	2,873,778	-	1,625,233
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	53,684,821	56,548,417	_	59,422,195
Total OPEB liability - ending	_	56,548,417	59,422,195		61,047,428
Plan fiduciary net position:					
Contributions - employer		3,500,259	3,535,030		3,563,051
Net investment income		1,420,995	977,456		986,434
Benefit payments		(2,779,678)	(2,789,067)		(2,573,742)
Administrative expense	_	(456,671)	(14,825)	_	(47,235)
Other					
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,684,905	1,708,594		1,928,508
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	14,698,904	16,383,809	_	18,092,403
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	16,383,809	18,092,403	_	20,020,911
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ <u>_</u>	40,164,608 \$	41,329,792	\$_	41,026,517
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		28.97%	30.45%		32.80%
Covered payroll	\$	50,195,108 \$	51,499,012	\$	51,499,012
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		80.02%	80.25%		79.66%

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2010		2011		2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution (1) Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	3,053,000	0 \$	3,315,000	\$	3,463,000	\$	3,566,000 \$	3,552,000 \$	3,694,000 \$	3,799,204 \$	4,044,025 \$	3,966,559 \$	4,279,549
determined contribution	_	3,143,70	0	3,258,700		3,226,700		3,764,700	3,738,481	4,050,481	3,709,834	3,500,259	3,535,030	3,563,051
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	(90,70	0) \$	56,300	\$_	236,300	\$_	(198,700) \$	(186,481) \$	(356,481) \$	89,370 \$	543,766 \$	431,529 \$	716,498
Covered payroll	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A \$	52,762,000 \$	52,762,000 \$	50,195,108 \$	50,195,108 \$	51,499,012 \$	51,499,012
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	7.09%	7.68%	7.39%	6.97%	6.86%	6.92%

⁽¹⁾ Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Amortization period 19 years
Asset valuation method Market value
Inflation 2.75%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.70% - 4.4% over 66 years

Salary increases Graded by service from 6.50% to 3.25% for teachers and administrators, 3.50% for all others

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age In the 2016 actuarial valuation, expected retirement ages of general employees were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience

Mortality

Healthy Mortality

Teachers and Administrators RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males and females projected forward 19 years using Scale AA, with a two-year age setback. This assumption included a margin for

mortality improvement beyond the valuation date.

(Prior: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males and females, and separate tables for active employees and annuitants, with generational projection per Scale BB, and with a

one-year age set forward. This assumption included a margin for mortality improvement beyond the valuation date.)

All Others RP-2000 Healthy Mortality Table for males and females, and separate tables for active employees and annuitants, with generational projection per Scale BB, and with one-year age set

forward. This assumption includes a margin for motility improvement beyond the valuation date.

Disabled Mortality

Teachers and Administrators RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males and females projected forward 19 years using Scale AA, with an eight-year age set forward. This assumption includes a margin for

mortality improvement beyond the valuation date.

All Others RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for males and females. This assumption does not include a margin for mortality improvement beyond the valuation date.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OPEB LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2018	2019
Annual money-weighted rate of return,			
net of investment expense	8.83%	5.48%	5.06%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	_	2018	_	2019
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town	_	32,425,655	_	23,631,877
Total	\$_	32,425,655	\$_	23,631,877
Town's covered payroll	\$	36,426,040	\$	36,820,958
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.79%		1.49%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms Changes of assumptions Effective July 1, 2018, Medicare Advantage Plan was added to available options, changed the base plan to the Medicare Advantage Plan for the purposes of determining retiree subsidies and/or cost sharing amounts, and introduced a two-year waiting period for re-enrollment in a System-sponsored Plan for those who cancel their coverage or choose not to enroll after the effective date.

The expected rate of return on assets was changed from 2.75% to 3.00% to better reflect the anticipated returns on cash and other high quality short-term fixed income investments.

Based on the procedure described in GASB 75, the discount rate used to measure Plan obligations for financial accounting purposes as of June 30, 2018 was updated to equal the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of June 30, 2018. The System selected the 3.87% discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date

Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience both before and after the plan change that became effective on July 1, 2018.

The assumed age-related annual percentage increases in expected annual per capita health care claim costs were updated to better reflect the expected differences between the Medicare Supplement and Medicare Advantage Plan amounts as part of the plan change that became effective on July 1, 2018.

Long-term health care cost trend rates were updated to better reflect the anticipated impact of changes in medical inflation, utilization, leverage in the plan design, improvements in technology, and fees and charges on expected claims and retiree contributions in future periods.

The percentage of retired members who are not currently participating in the Plan, but are expected to elect coverage for themselves and their spouses under a System-sponsored health care plan option in the future, was updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.

The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options, as well as the portion who are expected to migrate to the Medicare Advantage Plan over the next several years, were updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience after the plan change that became effective on July 1, 2018

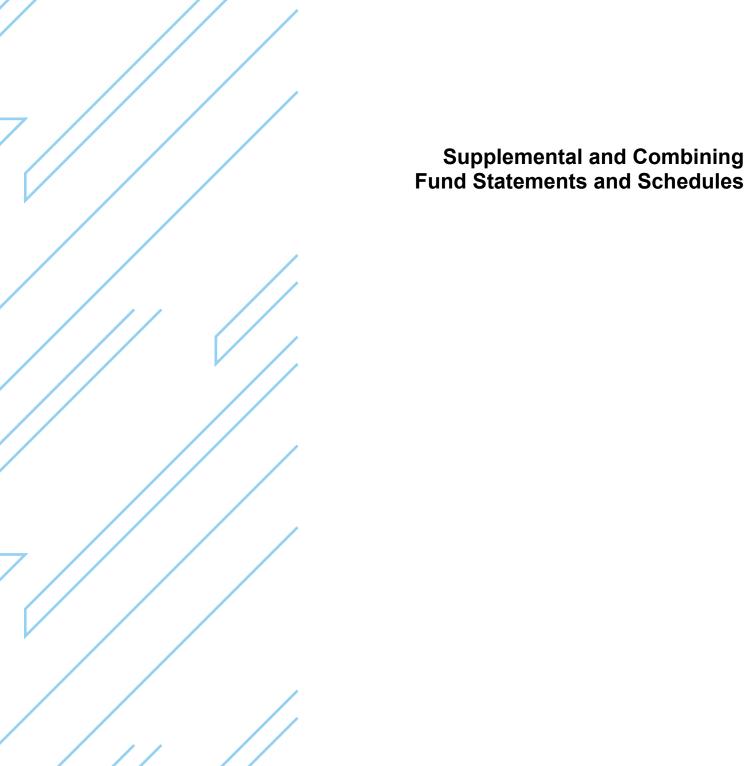
The post-disability mortality table was updated to extend the period of projected mortality improvements from 2017 to 2020. This change was made to better reflect anticipated post-disablement plan experience.

The percentages of deferred, vested members who will become ineligible for future health care benefits because they are expected to withdraw their contributions from the System was updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.

Amortization method Level percent of payroll Remaining amortization period 30 years, open Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Investment rate of return 4.25%, net of investment related expense including price inflation

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.





TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2019 WITH	COMPARATIVE	TOTALS FOR 2018
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	-	2019	. <u>-</u>	2018
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Property taxes receivable, net of allowance	\$	29,312,328 3,983,804	\$	26,138,941 3,119,000
of \$220,000 in 2019 and 2018 Due from other funds Prepaid items and other assets	_	1,568,582 459,670 26,996	_	1,646,374 276,276 26,423
Total Assets	\$_	35,351,380	\$_	31,207,014
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND I	FUND	BALANCE		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	8,122,617	\$	9,546,318
Unearned revenues Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	65,757 8,188,374	- -	9,546,318
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - property tax interest		842,456 238,915		1,080,093 271,700
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	1,081,371	_ 	1,351,793
Fund Balance:				
Nonspendable: Other assets Committed:		26,996		26,423
Subsequent years' budget Assigned:		1,095,000		
Revaluation		221,509		33,375
Computer replacement		363,962		329,850
Encumbrances		663,225		1,057,564
Unassigned Total fund balance	_	23,710,943	-	18,861,691
i otal lullu balalioe	-	26,081,635	_	20,308,903
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balance	\$_	35,351,380	\$_	31,207,014

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted A	mounts		Actual Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget
		Original	Final	_	Basis	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$	89,147,584 \$	89,147,584	\$	89,971,270	\$ 823,686
Licenses and permits	•	366,050	366,050	Ψ.	554,690	188,640
Interest on investments		200,000	200,000		751,511	551,511
Intergovernmental - Federal		3,327,552	3,327,552		5,544,755	2,217,203
Intergovernmental - State		30,443,607	30,443,607		30,533,146	89,539
Charges for current services		1,128,921	1,128,921		1,678,175	549,254
Schools, library and recreation fees		129,900	129,900		179,511	49,611
Other revenue		510,591	510,591		647,909	137,318
Total revenues	_	125,254,205	125,254,205	_	129,860,967	4,606,762
Expenditures:						
Current:		000 200	055 647		720 516	126 121
General government		828,382	855,647		729,516	126,131
General services		3,145,945	3,185,228		3,050,918	134,310
Public safety		8,347,016	8,347,016		8,118,320	228,696
Public works		5,739,146	5,815,305		5,661,464	153,841
Planning and development		1,323,531	1,323,531		1,265,644	57,887
Health and human services		610,523	610,523		592,765	17,758
Community services		3,193,478	3,226,641		3,100,753	125,888
Education		76,468,239	76,485,922		76,446,462	39,460
Subdivisions		5,317,120	5,324,994		5,315,235	9,759
Nondepartmental		9,794,154	9,592,727		9,307,475	285,252
Outside agencies		1,826,247	1,826,247		1,799,000	27,247
Debt service	_	5,266,790	5,266,790		5,264,288	2,502
Total expenditures	_	121,860,571	121,860,571	-	120,651,840	1,208,731
Excess of Revenues						
over Expenditures	_	3,393,634	3,393,634	_	9,209,127	5,815,493
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		602,525	602,525		602,525	-
Transfers out		(3,996,159)	(3,996,159)		(3,996,159)	-
Total other financing uses	_	(3,393,634)	(3,393,634)	· -	(3,393,634)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	\$:	5,815,493	\$ 5,815,493
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year					18,745,117	
Encumbrances Cancelled				_	59,256	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year				\$_	24,619,866	=

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF BOARD OF EDUCATION EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES COMPARED WITH APPROPRIATIONS - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

						Variance With Final Budget
	Budgeted A	<u>Amounts</u>		Actual		Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Expended	Encumbered	Total	(Negative)
Instruction:						
Regular \$	29,683,684 \$	29,683,684 \$	30,417,112 \$	91,589 \$	30,508,701 \$	(825,017)
Special	12,968,836	12,968,836	12,799,821	34,919	12,834,740	134,096
Continuing	287,161	287,161	270,917		270,917	16,244
Total instruction	42,939,681	42,939,681	43,487,850	126,508	43,614,358	(674,677)
Supporting Services:						
Pupils	6,541,019	6,541,019	6,081,775	728	6,082,503	458,516
Staff	1,585,444	1,585,444	1,541,835	4,749	1,546,584	38,860
General support	6,423,089	6,423,089	6,542,422	28,131	6,570,553	(147,464)
Operational support	13,775,865	13,775,865	13,618,818	121,197	13,740,015	35,850
Total supporting services	28,325,417	28,325,417	27,784,850	154,805	27,939,655	385,762
Community Services:						
Nonpublic school pupils			92,230		92,230	(92,230)
Nonprogrammed Changes:						
Tuition payments	5,220,824	5,220,824	4,642,217	158,002	4,800,219	420,605
Total \$	76,485,922 \$	76,485,922 \$_	76,007,147 \$	439,315 \$	76,446,462 \$	39,460

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2019

	_	General Fund		Revaluation Fund		Computer Replacement Fund	_	Total Combined Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	28,720,221 3,983,804	\$	226,639	\$	365,468	\$	29,312,328 3,983,804
Receivables, net Due from other funds Other assets	_	1,568,370 459,670 26,996				212	_	1,568,582 459,670 26,996
Total Assets	\$_	34,759,061	\$	226,639	\$	365,680	\$_	35,351,380
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	sou	JRCES AND I	FU	ND BALANC	E	S		
Liabilities:	_				_		_	
Accounts payable Unearned revenues	\$	8,115,769	\$	5,130	\$	1,718	\$	8,122,617
Total liabilities	-	65,757 8,181,526		5,130		1,718	_	65,757 8,188,374
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		842,456						842,456
Unavailable revenue - property tax interest	_	238,915						238,915
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	1,081,371					_	1,081,371
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		26,996						26,996
Committed		1,095,000						1,095,000
Assigned		663,225		221,509		363,962		1,248,696
Unassigned	_	23,710,943					_	23,710,943
Total fund balances	_	25,496,164		221,509		363,962	_	26,081,635
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	34,759,061	\$	226,639	\$	365,680	\$_	35,351,380

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

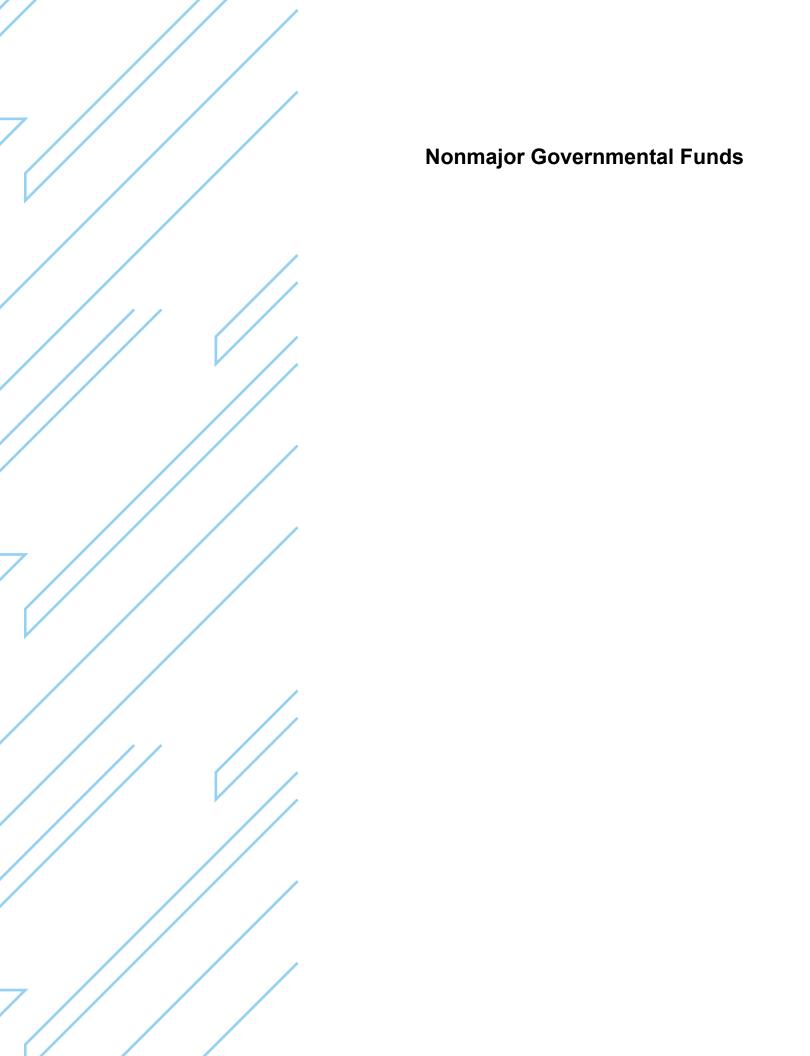
		General Fund		Revaluation Fund		Computer Replacement Fund		Elimination		Total Combined Funds
Revenues:	-		-		-		-		_	
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	90,041,343	\$		\$		\$		\$	90,041,343
Licenses and permits		554,690								554,690
Intergovernmental - state		35,950,160								35,950,160
Interest on investments		751,511		3,394		4,197				759,102
Intergovernmental - federal		5,544,755								5,544,755
Charges for current services		1,678,135				4,935				1,683,070
Schools, library and recreation fees		202,511								202,511
Other revenue	_	647,952			_		_		_	647,952
Total revenues	-	135,371,057	-	3,394	-	9,132	-	-	_	135,383,583
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		742,145		40,260		600				783,005
General services		3,062,846								3,062,846
Public safety		8,319,166								8,319,166
Public works		5,618,638								5,618,638
Planning and development		1,361,420								1,361,420
Health and human services		592,766								592,766
Community services		3,108,220								3,108,220
Education		81,936,235								81,936,235
Subdivisions		5,315,236								5,315,236
Nondepartmental		9,306,977								9,306,977
Outside agencies		1,799,000								1,799,000
Debt service		5,264,288								5,264,288
Capital outlay	_				_	49,981	_		_	49,981
Total expenditures	_	126,426,937	-	40,260	-	50,581	-	-	_	126,517,778
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	8,944,120	_	(36,866)	-	(41,449)	-	-	_	8,865,805
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in		602,525		225,000		75,561		(297,936)		605,150
Transfers out	_	(3,996,159)	_		_		_	297,936	_	(3,698,223)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(3,393,634)	-	225,000	-	75,561	-	-	_	(3,093,073)
Net Change in Fund Balances		5,550,486		188,134		34,112		-		5,772,732
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	19,945,678		33,375	-	329,850		-	_	20,308,903
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	25,496,164	\$	221,509	\$	363,962	\$	-	\$_	26,081,635

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REVALUATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Bu	ıdge	eted		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	 Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Interest income	\$	150	\$	150	\$ 3,393 \$	3,243
Expenditures: Property revaluation	_	88,800	_	88,800	 40,259	48,541
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(88,650)		(88,650)	(36,866)	51,784
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	_	225,000	_	225,000	 225,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	136,350	\$_	136,350	\$ 188,134 \$	51,784

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMPUTER REPLACEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Bu	ıdg	geted				Variance With Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:	_		_		_		_	
Interest income Other revenue	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	4,197 3	\$	2,197
Other revenue Other agencies		1,040		1,040		1,040		3
Outside agencies - MDT		3,888		3,888		3,892		4
Total revenues	•	6,928		6,928		9,132	-	2,204
Expenditures: Computer equipment		58,988		58,988		48,581	_	10,407
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(52,060)		(52,060)		(39,449)		12,611
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in		75,561		75,561		75,561	-	<u>-</u> .
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	23,501	\$	23,501	\$	36,112	\$	12,611
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis		Revenues		Expenditures		Change in Fund Balance	=	
Current year encumbrances	\$		\$	(2,000)	\$	(2,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance, GAAP					\$	34,112		



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Educational Grants: Accounts for all specially financed education programs under grants received from the federal or state government.

School Cafeteria: Accounts for revenue and expenditures of the food service operations in the Groton Public Schools.

Community Development: Accounts for block grants received from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Donation Fund: Accounts for miscellaneous donations.

Fitch Senior High Library Media Fund: Accounts for media fund at the Fitch Senior High School.

Board of Education Grants (DOD): Accounts for federal grants in accordance with Title II of P.L. 101-511 Department of Defense Appropriations Act.

Special Library Fund: Accounts for revenue and expenditures of state grants that can be used for general library purposes only.

Golf Course Fund: Accounts for revenue and expenditures of the municipal-owned golf course.

Sewer Operating Fund: Accounts for the costs associated with the administration, operation and maintenance of the Water Pollution Control Facility, collection sewers and pumping stations.

Solid Waste Fund: Accounts for the administration, operation and environmental management associated with the handling and disposal of solid waste within the Town.

Mumford Cove District: Accounts for taxes paid by residents to cover costs of fire protection contracted through Noank Fire District.

Emergency Energy Fund: Fuel assistance for those Town residents that meet below-poverty guidelines.

DECD Brownfield Mystic Education Center Fund: Accounts for revenues and expenditures for State Brownfield Funds utilized to finance public outreach, zoning change and marketing efforts by the Town for the redevelopment of the 48 acre state-owned former Mystic Education Center.

Other Special Revenue: Accounts for miscellaneous special revenue fund grants and other programs.

Escrow Fund: Accounts for funds that are received and held until services are rendered or contract terms are met. Also accounts for miscellaneous planning and zoning fees.

Parks and Recreation Revolving: Accounts for parks and recreation programs and trips that are mostly self-supporting.

Outside Police Work: Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with police officers hired for traffic control.

Land Acquisition: Accounts for funds set aside for the purchase of open space.

Economic Assistance: Accounts for funds provided for the construction of necessary public infrastructure improvements associated with new job-creating development opportunities.

Vehicle Maintenance: Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with fuel and vehicle maintenance provided to agencies outside of the Town.

Rec & Senior Activities: Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with certain recreation and senior activities.

SECT Regional Probate Court: Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the Southeastern Connecticut Regional Probate Court, which is now located on the premises of the Town of Groton Town Hall.

Energy Conservation Fund: Accounts for revenues from energy rebates and expenditures funded by those rebates for energy efficiency improvements.

Undersea Supply Chain Consortium Project: Accounts for revenues from local grant funding and expenditures funded by those sources for assisting in efforts to boost the areas economic climate and attract growing businesses in southeastern Connecticut.

LED Light Conversion Project: Accounts for revenues from energy rebates and third party financing and expenditures funded by those sources for the conversion of street and parking lot lights to light-emitting diode (LED).

Blight Remediation: Accounts for funds set aside for the cleanup of nuisance or blighted properties in the town.

Debt Service Fund

Groton Sewer District: Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the maintenance of the Groton Sewer District. This fund also accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt of the sewer district of the Town.

Permanent Funds

Williams Library Trust: Created by the will of Eliza K. Williams, the income of which is to be used for the purchase of educational books and current periodicals for the library in the Robert E. Fitch High School.

Julia Bill Library Trust: Created by the will of Julia Bill, the income of which is to be used to purchase equipment for Fitch Middle School.

Rispoli Scholarship: Created by the will of Elizabeth Rispoli's Trust, the income of which is to be used to provide scholarship money for Fitch High School students.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

								Special Rev	enu	ie Funds						
	-	Educational Grants		School Cafeteria	_	Community Development	_	Donation Fund		Fitch Senior High Library Media Fund	_	Board of Education Grants (DOD)	_	Special Library Fund	_	Golf Course Fund
ASSETS																
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Other assets	\$	426,882	\$	358,696 45,570	\$	147,072 1,228,520	\$	235,273	\$	494	\$	1,061,026	\$	45,869	\$	224,544 18,130
Total Assets	\$_	426,882	\$	404,266	\$	1,375,592	\$	235,273	\$	494	\$	1,061,026	\$	45,869	\$	242,674
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to State Due to other funds Unearned Revenue Total liabilities	\$	310,817 34,722 24,230 6,487 376,256	\$		\$	65,089 381,290 446,379	\$ 	5,565 5,565	\$		\$	36,738 36,738	\$		\$	59,658 59,658
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	- -	-		<u>-</u>		956,089 956,089	- <u>-</u>	-		<u> </u>	_		· –		_	<u>-</u> _
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	_ _	50,626 50,626	 	404,266 404,266	- <u>-</u>	(26,876) (26,876)		229,708 229,708		494	_	1,024,288	· -	45,869 45,869		183,016 183,016
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	426,882	\$_	404,266	_ \$	1,375,592	\$_	235,273	\$	494	\$_	1,061,026	\$_	45,869	\$	242,674

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds															
	_	Sewer Operating Fund		Solid Waste Fund	_	Mumford Cove District	_	Emergency Energy Fund		DECD Brownfield Mystic Education Center Fund		Other Special Revenue	_	Escrow Fund		Parks and Recreation Revolving
ASSETS																
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Other assets	\$	2,450,516 539,369	\$	258,468 154,652	\$	1,212	\$	20,302	\$	3,009	\$		\$	784,617 701	\$	167,694 2,664
Total Assets	\$	2,989,885	\$	413,120	\$_	1,212	\$_	20,302	\$	3,009	\$_		\$_	785,318	\$_	170,358
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to State Due to other funds Unearned Revenue	\$	503,200	\$	130,904	\$		\$	2,704	\$		\$	6,523 54,150 89,778	\$	4,892	\$	2,945
Total liabilities	_	503,200	_	130,904	_	-	-	2,704		-	_	150,451	_	4,892	_	2,945
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u> _	_	<u>-</u> _	_			-	· _		_	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted		2 400 605		202 246		4 242		47.500		2 000				700 400		467.440
Committed Unassigned	_	2,486,685		282,216		1,212	_	17,598		3,009	_	(150,451)		780,426	_	167,413
Total fund balances	_	2,486,685		282,216	_	1,212	-	17,598		3,009	_	(150,451)	-	780,426	_	167,413
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	2,989,885	\$	413,120	\$_	1,212	\$_	20,302	\$	3,009	\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	785,318	\$_	170,358

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds									
	_	Outside Police Work	Land Acquisition	_	Economic Assistance	Vehicle Maintena		Rec & Senior Activities	SECT Regional Probate Court	Energy Conservation Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Other assets	\$	36,836 92,057	\$ 73,344	\$	594,636	\$ 162,3 33,8		445,366 351	\$ 20,926	\$ 19,343
Total Assets	\$_	128,893	\$ 73,344	\$_	594,636	\$ 196,	123	445,717	\$ 20,926	\$ 19,343
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to State Due to other funds Unearned Revenue	\$	234	\$	\$	31,300	\$;	34,844	\$ 630	\$
Total liabilities		234			31,300			34,844	630	
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	-		 	-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted								410,873	20,296	
Committed Unassigned		128,659	73,344		563,336	196,	123	410,673	20,290	19,343
Total fund balances		128,659	73,344		563,336	196,	123	410,873	20,296	19,343
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	128,893	\$ 73,344	\$_	594,636	\$ 196,	123	445,717	\$ 20,926	\$ 19,343

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds						Debt Service Fund	Permanent Funds							
	Undersea Supp Chain Consortiu Project Fund	ım	LED Light Conversion Project		Blight Remediation		Groton Sewer District		Williams Library Trust	_	Julia Bill Library Trust	_;	Rispoli Scholarship		Totals
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Other assets	\$	\$ 	49,484	\$	15,021	\$	256,167 3,135 2,688	\$	70,776 113,689	\$	41,131 8,503	\$	200,250	\$	7,744,380 122,192 2,545,846 2,688
Total Assets	\$	\$_	49,484	\$_	15,021	\$_	261,990	\$_	184,465	\$_	49,634	\$_	200,250	\$	10,415,106
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to State Due to other funds Unearned Revenue Total liabilities	\$	\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	85 85	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,196,128 34,722 459,670 96,265 1,786,785
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources		<u> </u>	-	<u>-</u>	-		2,628	_	<u>-</u>	_		· _	<u>-</u>	_	2,628 956,089 958,717
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances		<u> </u>	49,484 49,484	_	15,021 15,021	· –	2,688 256,589 259,277	_	20,000 164,465 184,465	_	27,543 22,091 49,634	· -	200,000 250 200,250		250,231 1,949,478 5,647,222 (177,327) 7,669,604
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	<u>-</u> \$_	49,484	\$ <u></u>	15,021	\$_	261,990	\$_	184,465	\$_	49,634	\$_	200,250	\$ <u></u>	10,415,106

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds												
	-	Educational Grants	School Cafeteria		Community Development	ı	Donation Fund		Fitch Senior High Library Media Fund	Board of Education Grants (DOD)		Special Library Fund		Golf Course Fund
Revenues:	_							_					_	
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	5	\$	\$		\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	
Sewer assessments														
State of Connecticut		3,354,165	74,973		788,860				_			23,820		
Investment earnings		4 070 050	18		146				2	18,613		379		
Federal government		1,670,956	1,439,668							261,006				4 400 000
Charges for services			834,534											1,103,838
Sewer use charges														
Solid waste management Other revenue		492,330	18,207		19,482		66,052							
Total revenues	_	5,517,451	2,367,400		808,488		66,052		2	279,619	· —	24,199	_	1,103,838
Total revenues	_	5,517,451	2,307,400		000,400		00,032	_		279,019	_	24,199	_	1,103,030
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works Health and human services Community services Education Sewer operations Solid waste management Outside agencies Debt service Capital outlay	_	5,577,216	2,415,608		612,927		75,911			198,560		16,813		1,185,075
Total expenditures	_	5,577,216	2,415,608		612,927		75,911	_	<u> </u>	198,560		16,813	_	1,185,075
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	-	(59,765)	(48,208)		195,561	. <u> </u>	(9,859)	_	2	81,059	. <u>-</u>	7,386	_	(81,237)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing uses	_								<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	_	66 (60,038) (59,972)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(59,765)	(48,208)	_	195,561		(9,859)		2	81,059		7,386	_	(141,209)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	_	110,391	452,474		(222,437)		239,567		492	943,229	. <u> </u>	38,483		324,225
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$_	50,626	\$ 404,266	\$	(26,876)	\$	229,708	\$	494 \$	1,024,288	\$	45,869	\$	183,016

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Special Reve	enue Funds				
	Sewer Operating Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Mumford Cove District	Emergency Energy Fund	DECD Brownfield Mystic Education Center Fund	Other Special Revenue	Escrow Fund	Parks and Recreation Revolving
Revenues:								
Property taxes, interest and lien fees \$	\$	\$	21,404 \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Sewer assessments								
State of Connecticut					9,909	388,399		
Investment earnings	11,856	1,369						
Federal government						11,583		
Charges for services						26,566		28,278
Sewer use charges	6,530,281							
Solid waste management		1,475,121						
Other revenue	3,209			23,803		26,342	301,269	38,611
Total revenues	6,545,346	1,476,490	21,404	23,803	9,909	452,890	301,269	66,889
Expenditures:								
General government						7,890	119,777	
Public safety			20,010			16,916		
Public works						13,050		
Health and human services				26,752		11,042		
Community services				•		326,066		41,869
Education						,		•
Sewer operations	4,726,802							
Solid waste management	.,,	1,545,066						
Outside agencies		1,2 12,222						
Debt service	449,038							
Capital outlay						658		
Total expenditures	5,175,840	1,545,066	20,010	26,752		375,622	119,777	41,869
·								
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	1,369,506	(68,576)	1,394	(2,949)	9,909	77,268	181,492	25,020
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	86,693							
Transfers out	(1,227,967)		(1,023)			(5,000)		
Total other financing uses	(1,141,274)		(1,023)			(5,000)	<u> </u>	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	228,232	(68,576)	371	(2,949)	9,909	72,268	181,492	25,020
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,258,453	350,792	841	20,547	(6,900)	(222,719)	598,934	142,393
Fund Balance - End of Year \$	2,486,685 \$	282,216 \$	1,212 \$	17,598 \$	3,009 \$	(150,451) \$	780,426 \$	167,413

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds									
		Outside Police Work	Land Acquisition	Economic Assistance	Vehicle Maintenance	Rec & Senior Activities	SECT Regional Probate Court	Energy Conservation Fund			
Revenues:											
Property taxes, interest and lien fees Sewer assessments State of Connecticut	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Investment earnings			1,611	15,034				476			
Federal government											
Charges for services		420,184				1,003,926					
Sewer use charges											
Solid waste management											
Other revenue			9,000		180,141	337	26,700				
Total revenues		420,184	10,611	15,034	180,141	1,004,263	26,700	476			
Expenditures:											
General government							25,191				
Public safety		358,842									
Public works				55,300							
Health and human services											
Community services						1,000,773					
Education											
Sewer operations											
Solid waste management											
Outside agencies					173,982						
Debt service											
Capital outlay											
Total expenditures		358,842	-	55,300	173,982	1,000,773	25,191				
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		61,342	10,611	(40,266)	6,159	3,490	1,509	476			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in											
Transfers out		(97,672)									
Total other financing uses	-	(97,672)				-					
Net Change in Fund Balances		(36,330)	10,611	(40,266)	6,159	3,490	1,509	476			
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		164,989	62,733	603,602	189,964	407,383	18,787	18,867			
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	128,659	\$ 73,344	\$563,336	\$ 196,123	\$ 410,873	\$ 20,296	\$ 19,343			

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Snasi	al Revenue Funds				Debt Service Fund	Do	ermanent Funds		
	-	Undersea Supply Chain Consortium Project Fund	LED Light Conversion Project	_	Blight Remediation		Groton Sewer District	Williams Library Trust	Julia Bill Library Trust	Rispoli Scholarship	Totals
Revenues: Property taxes, interest and lien fees Sewer assessments State of Connecticut Investment earnings Federal government Charges for services Sewer use charges	\$	\$		\$	21	\$	652,696 666 1,577 7,039	\$ 9,354	(1,405)	1,001	674,100 666 4,641,703 65,514 3,383,213 3,417,326 6,530,281
Solid waste management Other revenue Total revenues	-	10,213 10,213		-	15,000 15,021	· -	661,978	354 9,708	(1,405)	1,001	1,475,121 1,231,050 21,418,974
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works Health and human services Community services Education Sewer operations Solid waste management Outside agencies Debt service Capital outlay		99,629		-		_	9,282 746,573	6,743		1,001	162,140 395,768 167,979 726,632 2,578,340 7,992,824 4,726,802 1,545,066 173,982 1,195,611 199,238
Total expenditures Revenues over (under) Expenditures	-	(89,416)	<u> </u>	-	15,021	-	755,855 (93,877)	6,743 2,965	(1,405)	1,001	19,864,362 1,554,612
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing uses	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	· -	(45,184) (45,184)		-		86,759 (1,436,884) (1,350,125)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(89,416)	-		15,021		(139,061)	2,965	(1,405)	-	204,487
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	89,416	49,484	_	-	_	398,338	181,500	51,039	200,250	7,465,117
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	\$	49,484	\$ _	15,021	\$	259,277	\$ 184,465 \$	49,634 \$	200,250 \$	7,669,604

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL LIBRARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Bud	dget	ed				Variance With Final Budget Positive
	=	Original	_	Final	-	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Interest income	\$	250	\$	250	\$	379	\$	129
ConnectiCard grant	_				_	23,820	_	23,820
Total revenues	_	250		250		24,199		23,949
Expenditures:								
Software maintenance fees	_	18,300	_	18,300		16,813		1,487
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	(18,050)	\$_	(18,050)	\$_	7,386	\$	25,436

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GOLF COURSE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budge	eted		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,221,627 \$	1,221,627 \$	1,103,903 \$	(117,724)
Expenditures:				
Community services	1,298,400	1,298,400	1,185,679	112,721
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(76,773)	(76,773)	(81,776)	(5,003)
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	(59,433)	(59,433)	(59,433)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$(136,206)_\$	(136,206) \$_	(141,209) \$	(5,003)

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER OPERATING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		В	ud	geted			Variance With Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	_	Final		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Sewer use charges	\$	6,448,099	\$	6,448,099	\$	6,530,281 \$	82,182
Interest income		2,500		2,500		11,856	9,356
Other revenue	_		_			3,209	3,209
Total revenues		6,450,599		6,450,599		6,545,346	94,747
Expenditures:							
Sewer system maintenance		5,638,625		5,638,625		5,201,912	436,713
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	811,974	_	811,974		1,343,434	531,460
Other Financing Uses:							
Transfers in		// /== == ·		,, , 		86,693	86,693
Transfers out	_	(1,176,874)	_	(1,176,874)		(1,176,874)	
Total other financing uses	-	(1,176,874)	_	(1,176,874)	_	(1,090,181)	86,693
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	(364,900)	\$_	(364,900)	\$	253,253 \$	618,153

Fund Balance - Beginning of Year

Fund Balance - End of Year

Reconciliation to GAAP Basis				Change in
	_	Revenues	 Expenditures	 Fund Balance
Current year encumbrances Liquidated prior year encumbrances	\$	9	\$ 9,216 \$ (34,237)	 9,216 (34,237)
Net Change in Fund Balance, GAAP			\$	 228,232

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SOLID WASTE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_		dge	eted	-	Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Solid waste management	\$	1,707,497	\$	1,707,497	\$	1,475,121	\$	(232,376)
Interest income		900		900		1,368	_	468
Total revenues	_	1,708,397		1,708,397		1,476,489	_	(231,908)
Expenditures:								
Solid waste management	_	1,694,483		1,694,483	_	1,545,065		149,418
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	13,914	\$_	13,914	\$_	(68,576)	\$_	(82,490)

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MUMFORD COVE DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budget	ed		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	21,043 \$	21,043 \$	21,404 \$	361
Expenditures: Public safety	_	20,020	20,020	20,010	10
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		1,023	1,023	1,394	371
Other Financial Uses: Transfers out	_	(1,023)	(1,023)	(1,023)	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	371 \$	371

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GROTON SEWER DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Budge			Variance With Final Budget Positive
	-	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Property taxes and other	\$	649,445 \$	649,445 \$	654,939 \$	5,494
Interest income		5,000	5,000	7,039	2,039
Total revenues		654,445	654,445	661,978	7,533
Expenditures:		740 574	740 574	740 570	4
Debt service		746,574	746,574	746,573	0.405
Operating expense	-	11,687	11,687	9,282	2,405
Total expenditures	-	758,261	758,261	755,855	2,406
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(103,816)	(103,816)	(93,877)	9,939
Other Financing Uses:					
Transfers out	_	(45,184)	(45,184)	(45,184)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	(149,000) \$	(149,000) \$	(139,061) \$	9,939

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REC & SENIOR ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		D	locate d				Variance With Final Budget
	_		dgeted				Positive
	_	Original	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Recreation programs	\$	768,214 \$	768,214	\$	691,804	\$	(76,410)
Senior programs		233,000	233,000		227,277		(5,723)
Senior food concession		82,000	82,000		84,845		2,845
Miscellaneous revenues					337		337
Total revenues	_	1,083,214	1,083,214		1,004,263		(78,951)
Expenditures:							
Recreation programs		749,714	749,714		739,132		10,582
Senior programs		232,989	232,989		181,483		51,506
Senior food concession		111,246	111,246		101,857		9,389
Total expenditures	_	1,093,949	1,093,949		1,022,472	_	71,477
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	(10,735) \$	(10,735)	\$	(18,209)	\$_	(7,474)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis	_	Revenues	Expenditures		Change in Fund Balance		
Current year angumbrances	æ	\$	33,507	Ф	33,507		
Current year encumbrances Liquidated prior year encumbrances	\$	Φ	(11,808)	-	(11,808)		
Net Change in Fund Balance, GAAP				\$	3,490		
,				٠.	-,		



Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Town, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The Town has three such funds.

Fleet Reserve Fund - is used to account for the use and replacement of motor vehicles to other departments and related costs.

Health Insurance Fund - is used to account for the revenues and related expenses for the health self-insurance plan.

Workers' Compensation Fund - is used to account for the revenues and related expenses for the workers' compensation and heart and hypertension benefits.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	-	Fleet Reserve	_	Health Insurance		Workers' Compensation	_	Total
Assets:								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	820,796	\$	7,797,359	\$	1,529,202	\$	10,147,357
Accounts receivable		10,007		489,838				499,845
Other assets	_					25,000	_	25,000
Total current assets	-	830,803	_	8,287,197		1,554,202	_	10,672,202
Noncurrent assets:								
Property and equipment		9,496,781						9,496,781
Accumulated depreciation	_	(6,790,125)			_			(6,790,125)
Property and equipment, net	-	2,706,656	_	-			_	2,706,656
Total assets		3,537,459	_	8,287,197		1,554,202	_	13,378,858
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		52,538		77		2,856		55,471
Claims incurred but not reported	-		_	1,131,000		123,459	_	1,254,459
Total current liabilities		52,538		1,131,077		126,315		1,309,930
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Claims incurred but not reported,								
net of current portion	-		_			2,109,517	_	2,109,517
Total liabilities	-	52,538	_	1,131,077	•	2,235,832	_	3,419,447
Net Position:								
Invested in capital assets		2,706,656						2,706,656
Unrestricted	-	778,265	_	7,156,120		(681,630)	_	7,252,755
Total Net Position	\$	3,484,921	\$_	7,156,120	\$	(681,630)	\$_	9,959,411

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	-	Fleet Reserve	_	Health Insurance	 Workers' Compensation	_	Total
Operating Revenue:							
Charges for services	\$		\$	14,556,033	\$ 1,354,901	\$	15,910,934
Other revenue		13,779			26,429		40,208
Total operating revenue		13,779	-	14,556,033	1,381,330	_	15,951,142
Operating Expenses:							
Operating expenses		611,149					611,149
Claims - operating				12,810,250			12,810,250
Claims - workers' compensation					958,245		958,245
Claims - heart and hypertension					99,023		99,023
Depreciation		486,431					486,431
Administrative	_		_	1,087,421	51,600	_	1,139,021
Total operating expenses	-	1,097,580	_	13,897,671	 1,108,868	_	16,104,119
Operating Income (Loss)		(1,083,801)		658,362	272,462		(152,977)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):							
Interest on investments		15,963	_	158,617	 29,770	_	204,350
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		(1,067,838)		816,979	302,232		51,373
Transfers in		1,489,958					1,489,958
Transfers out		(86,759)	_			_	(86,759)
Change in Net Position		335,361		816,979	302,232		1,454,572
Net Position - Beginning of Year	-	3,149,560	_	6,339,141	 (983,862)	_	8,504,839
Net Position - End of Year	\$	3,484,921	\$	7,156,120	\$ (681,630)	\$_	9,959,411

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Fleet Reserve	Health Insurance	Workers' Compensation	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Receipts from customers and users	\$	5,100 \$	14,374,443	\$ 1,356,482 \$	15,736,025
Cash paid to vendors		(684,371)			(684,371)
Cash paid to beneficiaries			(13,598,435)	(1,148,644)	(14,747,079)
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities	_	(679,271)	776,008	207,838	304,575
Cash Flows from Capital and Related					
Financing Activities:					
Purchases of property and equipment	_	(240,160)			(240,160)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Transfer In		1,489,958			1,489,958
Transfers out	_	(86,759)			(86,759)
Net cash provided by noncapital					
financing activities	_	1,403,199			1,403,199
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Interest on investments	_	15,963	158,617	29,770	204,350
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		499,731	934,625	237,608	1,671,964
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	_	321,065	6,862,734	1,291,594	8,475,393
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$_	820,796 \$	7,797,359	\$ 1,529,202 \$	10,147,357
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,083,801) \$	658,362	\$ 272,462 \$	(152,977)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation		486,431			486,431
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		(8,679)	(181,590)	152	(190,117)
(Increase) in other assets				(25,000)	(25,000)
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(73,222)			(73,222)
(Decrease) increase in claims payable	_		299,236	(39,776)	259,460
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	(679,271) \$	776,008	\$ 207,838 \$	304,575



Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others, and include Pension Trusts, OPEB Trust, Private Purpose Trusts and Agency Funds.

- i. **Pension Trust Fund** utilizes the accrual basis of accounting and is used for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement benefits. The financial statements for the Pension Trust Fund can be found at Exhibits VIII and IX.
- ii. OPEB Trust Fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting and is used for the accumulation of resources to be used for other postemployment benefits. The financial statements for the OPEB Trust Fund can be found at Exhibits VIII and IX.
- **iii. Private Purpose Trust Funds** are used to account for resources legally held in trust for the benefit of individuals, private organizations or other governments. The Town's Private Purpose Trust Funds are listed below:

Francis A. Nye: Scholarship fund established to encourage the artistic talents of elementary school students.

Charles and Claudia Dominioni Fund: Scholarship fund established with the recipient to be the student attaining the highest standard at West Side Middle School.

Elihu Spicer Trust: Fund established by stipulated judgment that specified it would be used for the benefit, maintenance and support of poor residents of the Town.

Flora Perkins Trust: This Trust, established in memory of Flora Perkins, is to be used by Groton for youth and family services.

iv. Agency Funds - Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities). The Town's Agency Funds are listed below:

Performance Bonds: Accounts for all cash and cash equivalents held by the Town until the completion of a project.

Student Activities: Accounts for the various student activities and clubs.

Fire District Tax Collections: Accounts for tax collections by the Town on behalf of its fire districts.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

			Private Purpos	e 7	Trust Funds			
		Francis A. Nye	 Charles and Claudia Dominioni		Elihu Spicer Trust	Flora Perkins Trust	_	Total
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,279	\$ 5,627	-	<u> </u>	45,388	\$_	53,294
Net Position: Held in Trust for Benefits and Other Purposes	\$.	2,279	\$ 5,627	S	\$_	45,388	\$_	53,294

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Private Purp	ose	Trust Funds	;		
		Francis A. Nye	_	Charles and Claudia Dominioni	_	Elihu Spicer Trust		Flora Perkins Trust	Total
Additions: Investment income: Interest and dividends	\$		\$	28	\$		\$	1,127 \$	1,155
Deductions: Benefits	•		_	28	_			8,603	8,631
Change in Net Position								(7,476)	(7,476)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	2,279	-	5,627	_			52,864	60,770
Net Position at End of Year	\$	2,279	\$	5,627	\$		\$	45,388 \$	53,294

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Balance July 1, 2018		Additions	 Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019
Performance Bonds						
Assets: Cash	\$ <u>_</u>	476,388	\$_	123	\$ 13,851	462,660
Liabilities: Due to contractors/developers	\$ <u>_</u>	476,388	\$_	123	\$ 13,851 \$	462,660
Student Activities						
Assets: Cash	\$ <u>_</u>	282,085	\$_	358,321	\$ 357,349	283,057
Liabilities: Due to student groups	\$ <u></u>	282,085	\$_	358,321	\$ 357,349 \$	283,057
Fire District Tax Collections						
Assets: Cash	\$ <u>_</u>	31,353	\$_	14,393,327	\$ 14,399,790_\$	24,890
Liabilities: Due to fire districts	\$_	31,353	\$_	14,393,327	\$ 14,399,790	24,890
Total						
Assets: Cash	\$_	789,826	\$_	14,751,771	\$ 14,770,990	770,607
Liabilities: Due to contractors/developers Due to student groups Due to fire districts	\$	476,388 \$ 282,085 31,353	\$	123 358,321 14,393,327	\$ 13,851 \$ 357,349 14,399,790	462,660 283,057 24,890
Total Liabilities	\$_	789,826	\$_	14,751,771	\$ 14,770,990	770,607



TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

								;	Suspense						Colle	ecti	ions				
Grand	Uncollected Taxes		Current		Lawful C	orre			Transfers and		Adjusted Uncollected	_			Interest, Liens and		Suspense Taxes				Uncollected Taxes
List Year	7/1/2018	_	Levy		Additions	_	Deletions	<u>A</u>	djustments	3	Taxes	_	Taxes		Other Fees		Collected	_	Total	_	6/30/2019
2017	\$	\$	90,100,212	\$	88,868	\$	634,189	\$	324,105	\$	89,230,786	\$	88,419,020	\$	276,287	\$	3,365	\$	88,698,672	\$	811,766
2016	1,017,125		, ,	·	22,663	·	60,600	·	91,152	·	888,036		657,169	·	141,858	·	67,636	·	866,663		230,867
2015	169,732				46,396		4,113		31,963		180,052		81,320		41,731		19,502		142,553		98,732
2014	122,575				400		1,239		13,537		108,199		79,119		18,048		8,357		105,524		29,080
2013	30,077				292		235		4,219		25,915		3,391		9,662		6,016		19,069		22,524
2012	14,144								1,806		12,338		2,258		6,162		3,665		12,085		10,080
2011	15,105								947		14,158		5,813		18,265		14,274		38,352		8,345
2010	8,704								1,525		7,179		1,710		12,997		9,371		24,078		5,469
2009	5,702				5		5		1,487		4,215		1,667		12,097		6,357		20,121		2,548
2008	8,353								1,449		6,904		1,625		9,465		4,672		15,762		5,279
2007	2,826								966		1,860		373		7,600		3,811		11,784		1,487
2006	1,661								930		731		327		6,407		2,739		9,473		404
2005	1,527								904		623				1,308		576		1,884		623
2004	1,320								725		595				1,658		684		2,342		595
2003	925	_				_		_	337		588	_			1,971		914	_	2,885	_	588
	\$ 1,399,776	\$_	90,100,212	\$	158,624	\$_	700,381	\$_	476,052	\$	90,482,179	\$_	89,253,792	\$_	565,516	\$	151,939	\$_	89,971,247	\$_	1,228,387

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING MUMFORD COVE DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

									Suspense						Colle	ect	ions			
		Uncollected			Lawful C	orı	rections		Transfers		Adjusted	_			Interest,		Suspense			Uncollected
Grand List Year		Taxes 7/1/2018	 Current Levy	_	Additions	-	Deletions	_	and Adjustments	-	Uncollected Taxes	_	Taxes	_	Other Fees	-	Taxes Collected	 Total	_	Taxes 6/30/2019
2017	\$		\$ 21,331	\$		\$	20	\$			\$ 21,311	\$	21,092	\$	18	\$		\$ 21,110	\$	219
2016		209					2				207		199		93			292		8
2015		1									1		1		1			2		-
2014	-			-		-		_		-		-		_		-		 	-	-
	\$	210	\$ 21,331	\$	_	\$	22	\$	_		\$ 21,519	\$	21,292	\$	112	\$	-	\$ 21,404	\$	227

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING GROTON SEWER DISTRICT - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

								Suspense					Colle	ecti	ions			
Grand		Uncollected Taxes		Current	Lawful C	Cor	rections	Transfers and	Į	Adjusted Uncollected	_		Interest, Liens and		Suspense Taxes		-	Uncollected Taxes
List Year		7/1/2018	-	Levy	 Additions		Deletions	Adjustments		Taxes	_	Taxes	Other Fees	-	Collected	Total		6/30/2019
2017	\$		\$	647,792	\$ 342	\$	2,635	\$ 164	\$	645,335	\$	643,493	\$ 2,848	\$	1 \$	646,342	\$	1,842
2016		2,387			161		283	387		1,878		1,243	1,610		37	2,890		635
2015		560			156			27		689		399	578		33	1,010		290
2014		201						15		186		60	123		17	200		126
2013		113						15		98		19	75		16	110		79
2012		67						15		52		28	105		7	140		24
2011		44						11		33		16	237		161	414		17
2010		61						20		41		23	182		82	287		18
2009		66						24		42		26	196		91	313		16
2008		32						16		16		7	133		59	199		9
2007		33						17		16		6	127		50	183		10
2006		27						17		10			67		34	101		10
2005		47						28		19						-		19
2004		31						11		20						-		20
2003	_	20	_							20	_		. <u></u>	-		-		20
	\$_	3,689	\$_	647,792	\$ 659	\$	2,918	\$ 767	\$_	648,455	\$_	645,320	\$6,281_	\$	588 \$	652,189	\$	3,135

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN BOND INDEBTEDNESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Description	Interest Rate (%)	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Original Amount	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance End of of Year	Interest Paid
General Purpose Bond Issue of 2014 (Rd Maint & Thames St)	2.0-4.0	4-16-2014	4-1-2034 \$	8,945,000 \$	6,410,000 \$	\$	635,000 \$	5,775,000 \$	178,744
General Purpose Bond Issue of 2014 (Sr Center)	2.0-2.25	4-16-2014	4-1-2019	375,000	75,000		75,000	-	1,687
General Purpose Refunding Issue of 2012	2.0-5.0	12-13-2011	10-15-2024	5,675,000	1,897,000		392,000	1,505,000	62,415
General Purpose Refunding Issue of 2013	3.0-4.0	3-12-2013	10-1-2029	6,752,000	5,415,000		440,000	4,975,000	194,940
General Purpose Bond Issue of 2018 (Rd Maint)	3.0-5.0	4-18-2018	4-15-2028	6,690,000	6,690,000		670,000	6,020,000	265,469
Sewer Refunding Issue of 2012	2.0-3.75	12-13-2011	10-15-2028	2,710,000	1,890,000		195,000	1,695,000	52,250
Sewer Refunding Issue of 2013	2.75-3.0	3-12-2013	10-1-2027	2,020,000	1,535,000		160,000	1,375,000	41,787
School Bond Refunding Issue of 2019 (School 2020 Construction)	2.0-5.0	5-8-2019	5-1-2039	20,000,000		20,000,000		20,000,000	
School Bond Refunding Issue of 2012	2.0-5.0	12-13-2011	10-15-2028	10,630,000	6,653,000		973,000	5,680,000	230,873
School Bond Refunding Issue of 2013	3.0-4.0	3-12-2013	10-1-2029	12,308,000	9,970,000		770,000	9,200,000	375,160
Total Bonded Debt				\$ <u></u>	40,535,000 \$	20,000,000 \$	4,310,000 \$	56,225,000 \$	1,403,325

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES COMPARED WITH APPROPRIATIONS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Expenditures			
		Balance	Current	Balance	-	Unencumbered
	Appropriation	July 1, 2018	Year	June 30, 2019	Encumbrances	Balance
LOCIP Projects:						
Noank Dock	\$ 93,000 \$	86,425	6,575 \$	93,000	\$	
Mystic Streetscape Phase III	15,000	00,120	υ,οιο φ	-	•	15,000
Police Station	279,000	250,330	28,670	279,000		-
GC Comfort Station	50,000	200,000	20,0.0			50,000
Sidewalk Midway	100,000	6,690	55,794	62,484	17,287	20,229
New Sidewalk, Rt 1 Mystic	80,000	63,972	3,367	67,339	, -	12,661
Storage Area Network	100,000	97,800	.,	97,800		2,200
Police Station Improvements	168,000	160,767		160,767		7,233
Park Improv ADA Compliance	60,000	3,995		3,995		56,005
FYE 2015 Capital Improvement Projects:						
Sewer Line Infrastructure Repairs-WPCF	285,000	4,085	143,230	147,315		137,685
Groton Public Library	39,000	30,700	8,100	38,800		200
Trail Improvement Plan	50,000	22,203	2,000	24,203		25,797
Spicer House P&R Office	45,000	40,166		40,166		4,834
FYE 2016 Capital Improvement Projects:						
LED Streetlights	28,000	24,896		24,896		3,104
Replace UPS-Emer Comm Ctr	110,000	9,020	90,182	99,202	10,798	-
Groton Public Library	445,000	273,504		273,504	12,618	158,878
WPCF-Pump Stations	213,000	159,635	33,365	193,000		20,000
Town Hall Complex	475,000	397,402		397,402		77,598
Info Tech Acq SW Systems	380,400	253,062	9,681	262,743	12,451	105,206
Park Improv-ADA Compliance	60,000	39,300		39,300		20,700
BOE-Asbestos Tile Removal	845,000	326,506		326,506		518,494
FYE 2017 Capital Improvement Projects:						
WPCF-Treatment Facility	551,000	16,880	159,074	175,954	31,435	343,611
WPCF-Pump Stations	549,000	28,093	378,012	406,105	57,882	85,013
Town Hall Complex	350,000	347,320	678	347,998		2,002
LOTCIP Roads & Intersections	160,000	66,471	7,611	74,082		85,918
Mystic Streetscapes Ph 3	15,000		14,000	14,000		1,000
Leased Buildings	35,000	34,137		34,137		863
Mktg Excess Town Property	15,000	14,120	880	15,000		-
Sewer Line Infrastructure Repairs-WPCF	51,000	29,479		29,479	2,161	19,360
Noank Town Dock Area Improvements	43,500	35,988	1,750	37,738	413	5,349
Crystal Lake/Military Hwy Intersection	120,000	105,796		105,796		14,204

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES COMPARED WITH APPROPRIATIONS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

						Expenditure	s				
			_	Balance		Current		Balance			Unencumbered
		ppropriation	_	July 1, 2018		Year	_	June 30, 2019		Encumbrances	Balance
FYE 2018 Capital Improvement Projects:											
Golf Course Facilities	\$	30.000	\$		\$	2.890	\$	2.890	\$	2,250 \$	24,860
Sewer Line Infrastructure Repairs-WPCF	Ψ.	50,000	•		*	50,000	Ψ	50,000	Ψ	2,200 4	,000
Info Tech Acq SW Systems		658,000				279,946		279,946		308,871	69,183
Culvert Rehabilitation		25,000				_, _,,					25,000
Fuel Tank Replacement		45,000		7,000		21,331		28,331		16,669	
WPCF-Treatment Facility		668,000		38		76,741		76,779		ŕ	591,221
WPCF-Pump Stations		651,000		37		69,049		69,086		91,977	489,937
Town Hall Complex		375,000		230,320		126,904		357,224		ŕ	17,776
Natural Gas Conversion		75,000		21,781		7,719		29,500		500	45,000
Leased Buildings		40,000				17,611		17,611			22,389
FYE 2019 Capital Improvement Projects:											
Golf Course Facilities		44,000				25,617		25,617		18,383	-
Police Station		50,000				8,000		8,000		2,500	39,500
Sewer Line Infrastructure Repairs-WPCF		479,000				2,247		2,247		16,523	460,230
Bridge Reconstruction - GLP		300,000						-			300,000
Groton Ambulance Building		21,000				14,917		14,917			6,083
Tech - IT Security		92,000				27,271		27,271		7,600	57,129
Tech PS CAD/RMS Integration		320,000						-		191,096	128,904
Tech Website Redesign		50,000						-			50,000
Lib GMTV Servers		49,000						-			49,000
Tech TW Meeting Rm Equip		18,000				17,991		17,991			9
Fuel Tank Replacement		400,000				900		900		298,641	100,459
WPCF-Treatment Facility		52,000						-			52,000
WPCF-Pump Stations		200,000						-			200,000
BOE Water Service Needs		50,000						-			50,000
Replace UPS-Emer Comm Ctr		330,000				101,914		101,914		75,446	152,640
Upgrade Radio Sys Police		1,000,000				929,176		929,176			70,824
Natural Gas Conversion		400,000				376,003		376,003		19,784	4,213
Mystic Streetscapes Ph 2		12,000				12,000		12,000			-
Other Projects:											
Mystic Streetscapes Improvements		1,226,000		637,901				637,901			588,099
Mystic Streetscapes Utility Reloc		118,276		138,030				138,030			(19,754)
Mystic Streetscapes Demand Deposit		1,224,174		231,402				231,402			992,772
Mystic Streetscapes Construction (TCSP)		849,311		912,144				912,144			(62,833)
Mystic Streetscapes Construction (ARRA)		3,561,200		3,430,138				3,430,138			131,062
Mystic Streetscapes Phase 2	_	22,523		85,257			_	85,257	_		(62,734)
Total	\$_	19,295,384	\$_	8,622,790	\$	3,111,196	\$_	11,733,986	\$	1,195,285	6,366,113



Statistical Section

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	_					FISC	AL `	/EAR								
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 (2)		2015		2016		2017 (3)		2018		2019
Governmental Activities:	_															
Net investment in capital assets	\$	147,045,269	\$ 151,539,570 \$	155,538,608	\$ 161,736,383	\$ 154,930,034	\$	159,430,245	\$	162,347,720	\$	164,500,510	\$	160,357,068	\$	158,733,947
Restricted		329,493	325,935	247,543	336,163	338,581		347,495		340,967		333,424		339,348		343,595
Unrestricted	-	36,186,358	 40,302,575	38,257,761	 35,517,240	 27,268,797		23,007,408	_	17,012,268	_	(30,030,306)	-	(20,577,444)	-	(13,342,285)
Total Governmental Activities																
Net Position	\$	183,561,120	\$ 192,168,080 \$	194,043,912	\$ 197,589,786	\$ 182,537,412	\$	182,785,148	\$_	179,700,955	\$_	134,803,628	\$	140,118,972	\$_	145,735,257

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

⁽²⁾ Restated for GASB 68

⁽³⁾ Restated for GASB 75

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					FISCAL	YEAR				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government/services	\$ 8,001,66	1 \$ 7,953,840	\$ 9,060,730 \$	8,529,609 \$	8,691,422 \$	8,337,626 \$	10,821,540 \$	8,042,247 \$	8,960,439 \$	8,337,603
Public safety	11,561,486	6 11,270,325	12,370,594	12,295,551	12,501,644	12,789,334	12,712,112	14,090,590	13,259,508	15,938,456
Public works	13,719,457	7 11,857,453	17,351,740	13,628,816	13,377,760	12,342,955	11,171,462	12,658,004	12,805,514	13,423,118
Planning and development	1,782,280	1,576,259	1,640,918	1,830,563	1,716,137	1,570,770	1,844,956	2,035,174	1,990,801	2,144,663
Human services	2,602,544	4 2,861,366	2,743,285	2,715,295	2,759,569	3,180,545	4,489,168	4,049,046	4,322,148	4,427,733
Community services	7,202,408	7,031,916	6,797,684	7,107,094	7,563,406	7,450,944	7,846,378	6,850,753	6,194,652	6,864,514
Board of Education	86,698,278	84,644,995	87,768,560	89,023,978	90,079,021	89,228,450	90,277,870	100,289,882	101,768,169	93,035,027
Sewer operations	4,458,483	3 4,550,117	4,925,362	5,863,816	5,780,402	5,653,724	5,838,562	5,652,542	6,050,701	6,155,419
Solid waste management	2,369,490	2,635,527	2,286,841	2,199,954	2,132,903	2,085,798	1,609,559	1,613,576	1,590,816	1,545,066
Interest on long-term debt	1,821,202	2 2,226,005	2,639,790	1,310,199	2,083,263	1,751,362	1,616,896	1,463,234	1,304,961	1,456,464
Total governmental activities expenses	140,217,289	9 136,607,803	147,585,504	144,504,875	146,685,527	144,391,508	148,228,503	156,745,048	158,247,709	153,328,063
Program Revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	1,071,530	1,053,881	1,003,874	1,158,126	1,351,390	1,512,226	1,299,150	1,762,441	1,579,665	2,058,244
Public safety	141,692	2 316,817	653,758	398,165	346,820	231,852	152,122	416,583	364,315	424,920
Public works	571,102	2 584,879	672,005	745,253	807,774	654,007	595,574	464,321	188,827	215,810
Planning and development	197,516	6 205,591	166,196	159,644	301,056	334,146	421,811	285,835	11,839	14,379
Health and human services	189,290	252,668	141,195	135,357	136,358	278,018	78,964	168,992	60,465	24,017
Community services	1,952,166	1,988,062	2,094,870	2,010,172	2,185,314	2,332,015	2,405,872	2,342,306	2,185,130	2,256,834
Education	1,052,259	9 1,013,632	1,060,826	1,042,262	1,066,571	959,511	1,027,754	1,086,729	1,075,491	1,021,488
Sewer system maintenance	5,489,97	7 5,390,630	5,040,588	5,291,252	5,758,271	5,796,587	6,006,143	6,074,091	6,283,486	6,530,281
Solid waste management	2,729,052	2 2,799,026	2,489,314	2,411,917	2,351,710	2,201,040	1,791,595	1,553,358	1,531,088	1,475,121
Operating grants and contributions	42,740,303	3 43,753,008	45,276,670	43,653,893	47,200,162	45,952,894	46,302,479	52,017,815	55,681,310	47,472,391
Capital grants and contributions	2,758,010	3,762,656	6,163,449	3,667,168	1,807,869	783,148	702,498	706,509	1,864,558	1,996,148
Total governmental activities									<u>.</u>	
program revenues	58,892,897	7 61,120,850	64,762,745	60,673,209	63,313,295	61,035,444	60,783,962	66,878,980	70,826,174	63,489,633
Net Expenses	(81,324,392	2) (75,486,953)	(82,822,759)	(83,831,666)	(83,372,232)	(83,356,064)	(87,444,541)	(89,866,068)	(87,421,535)	(89,838,430)
General Revenues and Other										
Changes in Net Position:										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	75,989,758		79,097,987	81,627,072	82,290,623	79,210,399	80,725,773	82,864,039	88,753,308	90,445,440
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,291,46	1 1,946,018	1,622,860	1,479,465	1,454,422	1,350,490	986,196	1,011,019	605,607	603,686
Grants and contributions					2,601,740					
not restricted to specific programs	2,252,493		3,848,708	4,144,285	129,179	2,873,504	2,499,693	1,517,211	2,217,558	2,285,803
Unrestricted investment earnings	280,82	5 242,222	129,036	126,718		143,093	148,535	240,806	509,867	1,249,239
Miscellaneous revenue						26,314	151	148,332	650,539	870,547
Total governmental activities	81,814,53	84,093,913	84,698,591	87,377,540	86,475,964	83,603,800	84,360,348	85,781,407	92,736,879	95,454,715
Change in Net Position	\$ 490,145	5 \$ 8,606,960	\$ 1,875,832	\$ 3,545,874	3,103,732 \$	247,736 \$	(3,084,193)	(4,084,661) \$	5,315,344 \$	5,616,285

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

										FISC	AL	YEAR								
	_	2010		2011	-	2012	_	2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017		2018		2019
General fund:																				
Committed	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	2,700,000	\$	2,700,000	\$	666,693 \$,	481,258	5		\$	1,095,000
Assigned			-	3,029,419		3,325,543		3,003,114		4,346,530		4,556,108		2,026,112		1,889,794		1,420,789		1,248,696
Unassigned				10,160,823		9,421,348		11,617,470		11,442,314		9,510,492		10,097,227		11,457,895		18,888,114		23,710,943
Reserved		2,139,367																		
Designated for subsequent year budget		932,201																		
Unreserved/undesignated		8,829,424																		
ŭ	_				-	_	_		_		_		_							
Total General Fund	\$_	11,900,992	\$_	13,190,242	\$_	12,746,891	\$_	14,620,584	\$_	18,488,844	\$_	16,766,600	\$_	12,790,032 \$;	13,828,947	\$	20,308,903	\$	26,054,639
All other governmental funds:																				
Nonspendable	\$		\$	334,039	\$	261,566	\$	268,278	\$	256,543	\$	248,803	\$	252,753 \$	ز	251,637	\$	250,279	\$	250,231
Restricted				8,111,208		7,636,668		7,909,457		14,297,309		10,770,323		10,246,352		6,804,065		10,228,832		1,949,478
Committed				10,615,517		8,799,862		6,266,751		6,213,171		5,424,407		5,568,197		5,855,884		5,606,256		75,814,672
Unassigned				(1,608,609)		(250,479)		(250,281)								(49,486)		(452,056)		(56,925,277)
Reserved		2,926,867																		
Unreserved, reported in:																				
Special revenue funds		8,276,135																		
Capital projects funds		4,344,029																		
Debt service funds		3,261,289																		
Permanent fund	_	53,797					_		_		_		_		_				_	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$_	18,862,117	\$_	17,452,155	\$_	16,447,617	\$_	14,194,205	\$_	20,767,023	\$_	16,443,533	\$_	16,067,302 \$;_	12,862,100	\$	15,633,311	\$	21,089,104

The Town began to report new fund balance categories when it implemented GASB 54 in fiscal year 2011.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

										FISC	AL Y	EAR								
	•	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Revenues:												<u> </u>			_					
Taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	75,574,254	\$	79,131,549	\$	78,391,217	\$	82,339,630	\$	82,526,804	\$	79,238,570 \$	3	80,676,749	\$	83,824,932	\$	88,942,127 \$		90,715,443
Assessments		12,627		16,462		28,252		4,375		7,999		59,972		13,393		42,119		5,374		666
Licenses and permits		203,543		219,643		172,551		175,081		317,422		342,131		434,229		303,096		381,024		554,690
Intergovernmental - state		39,191,914		39,474,358		47,119,568		46,511,395		46,617,234		43,814,938		44,422,970		50,146,722		53,100,799		42,326,922
Intergovernmental - federal		9,103,956		208,221		117,160		107,531		115,560		126,196		127,189		220,140		487,258		1,044,889
Interest on investments		246,096		9,697,162		7,288,202		5,804,355		5,905,398		6,373,371		5,136,168		4,961,642		6,265,832		8,927,968
Charges for current services		3,988,455		4,194,482		4,749,468		4,554,660		4,743,472		4,922,677		4,647,691		5,219,590		4,810,232		5,101,327
Schools, library and recreation fees		433,701		383,922		328,918		338,553		313,187		260,937		293,474		282,921		222,374		202,511
Sewer use charges		5,489,977		5,390,630		5,040,588		5,291,252		5,758,271		5,796,587		6,006,143		6,074,091		6,283,486		6,530,281
Solid waste management charges		2,669,731		2,658,222		2,489,102		2,411,917		2,287,817		2,201,040		1,507,441		1,553,358		1,531,088		1,475,121
Other revenue		1,195,308		1,573,575		1,465,363		1,118,262		1,331,789		1,311,473		1,871,966		1,458,743		2,037,098		1,902,271
Total revenues		138,109,562	_	142,948,226	_	147,190,389		148,657,011	_	149,924,953	_	144,447,892		145,137,413		154,087,354	_	164,066,692	1	158,782,089
Expenditures:																				
Current:																				
General government		1,286,088		1,436,011		1,581,682		1,266,793		1,068,673		1,384,263		1,629,681		1,513,910		1,027,494		945,145
General services		4,624,308		4,397,592		4,319,947		4,315,863		4,482,277		4,475,963		4,307,726		4,289,828		4,428,036		3,062,846
Public safety		6,607,236		6,619,886		7,143,513		6,882,693		6,847,447		6,826,320		6,798,575		6,854,164		7,055,011		8,714,934
Public works		7,440,674		6,859,332		6,146,907		6,293,359		6,411,003		6,466,672		6,201,908		5,824,089		5,868,134		5,786,617
Planning and development		1,259,708		1,107,830		1,103,737		1,201,607		1,105,233		1,021,024		1,238,980		1,230,650		1,394,682		1,361,420
Health and human services		880,991		993,098		841,222		748,171		834,766		1,186,125		1,431,937		1,129,009		1,607,690		1,319,398
Community services		5,963,974		5,983,961		5,501,721		5,506,737		5,890,493		5,910,146		5,699,342		5,566,051		5,563,302		5,686,560
Education		84,009,416		83,941,123		85,613,686		85,311,379		86,821,236		86,519,344		89,075,467		96,601,412		99,772,148	f	89,929,059
Subdivisions		4,964,012		4,740,354		4,883,336		5,228,234		5,212,930		5,045,084		4,192,898		4,897,090		5,588,096		5,315,236
Sewer operations		3,949,168		3,961,145		4,274,215		4,354,333		4,343,233		4,290,302		4,406,312		4,331,286		4,564,077		4,726,802
Solid waste management		2,369,490		2,635,527		2,286,841		2,199,954		2,132,903		2,085,798		1,609,559		1,613,576		1,590,816		1,545,066
Nondepartmental (1)		6,518,577		7,999,321		8,589,044		8,743,450		8,850,191		9,283,830		9,136,274		8,186,453		8,257,824		9,306,977
Outside agencies (2)		2,202,051		2,317,827		2,391,992		2,351,809		2,331,064		2,368,305		2,373,697		2,106,756		1,963,254		1,972,982
Debt service interest		4,010,000		4,769,581		2,639,790		1,310,199		2,083,263		1,751,362		1,616,896		1,463,234		1,304,961		1,456,464
Debt service principal		2,145,073		2,267,103		5,192,925		4,642,857		3,623,883		4,785,687		4,763,414		4,752,228		4,377,435		5,003,435
Capital outlay		13,550,410		3,039,247		6,336,975		8,896,614		7,081,129		7,158,401		4,942,546		5,439,175		6,894,643	1	20,986,752
Total expenditures		151,781,176	_	143,068,938	_	148,847,533	_	149,254,052	_	149,119,724	_	150,558,626		149,425,212		155,798,911	_	161,257,603	10	167,119,693
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	,	(13,671,614)	_	(120,712)	_	(1,657,144)	_	(597,041)		805,229	_	(6,110,734)	_	(4,287,799)		(1,711,557)	_	2,809,089		(8,337,604)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):																				
Proceeds of bonds		9,675,000								9,320,000								6,690,000	- 1	20,000,000
Issuance of capital lease		43,613								134,394										969,328
Proceeds of loans																				
Proceeds of refunding bonds						19,015,000		21,080,000												
Payment to refunding escrow						(20,107,027)		(23,199,400)												
Premiums on bond issuance						1,301,282		2,336,722		181,455										
Operating transfers in		4,683,422		4,784,137		4,094,412		5,350,360		3,777,844		4,737,718		4,421,441		1,825,029		2,563,875		3,731,908
Operating transfers out		(4,683,422)		(4,784,137)	_	(4,094,412)		(5,350,360)	_	(3,777,844)		(4,672,718)		(4,486,441)	L _	(2,279,759)	_	(2,811,797)		(5,135,107)
Total other financing sources (uses)		9,718,613	_	-	_	209,255	_	217,322	_	9,635,849	_	65,000		(65,000)		(454,730)	=	6,442,078	_	19,566,129
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,953,001)		(120,712)		(1,447,889)		(379,719)		10,441,078		(6,045,734)		(4,352,799)	,	(2,166,287)		9,251,167		11,228,525
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	•	34,716,110	_	30,763,109	_	30,642,397	_	29,194,508		28,814,789	_	39,255,867		33,210,133		28,857,334	_	26,691,047		35,942,214
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	30,763,109	\$_	30,642,397	\$_	29,194,508	\$_	28,814,789	\$_	39,255,867	\$_	33,210,133 \$	·	28,857,334	* =	26,691,047	\$	35,942,214 \$		47,170,739
Debt Service as a Percentage to Noncapital Expenditures		4.47%		5.08%		5.33%		4.26%		4.01%		4.58%		4.46%	,	4.14%		3.68%		4.42%

⁽¹⁾ Employee benefits were budgeted at the function level for Fiscal Year 2004. For all other years, Employee benefits were included in Non-Departmental.
(2) In Fiscal Year 2005, Outside Agencies was created as a new Area of Service. In prior years these agencies were included in various areas of service.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT
ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(In Thousands)

Real F	Proj	perty														Estimated	Assessed Value as a
 Residential Property	_	Commercial Property		Motor Vehicles			_	Tax Exempt Property		Less Exemptions	. :	Total Taxable Assessed Value	-	Total Direct Tax Rate	_	Actual Faxable Value	Percentage of Actual Value
\$ 2,397,057	\$	1,257,988	\$	184,483	\$	528,515	\$	899,777	\$	260,673	\$	4,107,371	\$	17.95	\$	5,867,672	70.0 %
2,411,954		1,261,987		184,884		464,029		899,777		218,921		4,103,933		18.42		5,862,761	70.0 %
2,425,700		1,261,870		204,404		449,628		912,845		231,000		4,110,602		18.89		5,872,289	70.0 %
2,255,322		1,183,933		222,949		512,177		982,988		236,104		3,938,277		20.22		5,626,110	70.0 %
2,256,738		1,182,093		216,669		419,881		982,879		218,018		3,857,363		20.72		5,510,519	70.0 %
2,260,934		1,174,250		221,200		446,431		990,958		205,212		3,897,603		20.13		5,568,004	70.0 %
2,264,812		1,094,956		223,311		443,907		996,132		218,335		3,808,651		20.95		5,440,930	70.0 %
2,277,608		1,086,145		221,983		412,078		987,271		208,274		3,789,539		21.73		5,413,627	70.0 %
2,120,973		1,129,692		223,491		445,161		1,319,882		213,796		3,705,521		23.63		5,293,601	70.0 %
2,125,410		1,146,708		224,005		455,938		1,306,441		227,157		3,724,904		24.17		5,321,291	70.0 %
	\$ 2,397,057 2,411,954 2,425,700 2,255,322 2,256,738 2,260,934 2,264,812 2,277,608 2,120,973	\$ 2,397,057 \$ 2,411,954	Property Property \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 2,411,954 1,261,987 2,425,700 1,261,870 2,255,322 1,183,933 2,256,738 1,182,093 2,260,934 1,174,250 2,264,812 1,094,956 2,277,608 1,086,145 2,120,973 1,129,692	Residential Property Commercial Property \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 2,411,954 1,261,987 2,425,700 1,261,870 2,255,322 1,183,933 2,256,738 1,182,093 2,260,934 1,174,250 2,264,812 1,094,956 2,277,608 1,086,145 2,120,973 1,129,692	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 2,425,700 1,261,870 204,404 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 2,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 2,120,973 1,129,692 223,491	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 \$ 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 2,425,700 1,261,870 204,404 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 2,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 2,120,973 1,129,692 223,491	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles Personal Property \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 \$ 528,515 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 464,029 2,425,700 1,261,870 204,404 449,628 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 512,177 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 419,881 2,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 446,431 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 443,907 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 412,078 2,120,973 1,129,692 223,491 445,161	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles Personal Property \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 \$ 528,515 \$ 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 464,029 2,425,700 1,261,870 204,404 449,628 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 512,177 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 419,881 2,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 446,431 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 443,907 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 412,078 2,120,973 1,129,692 223,491 445,161	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles Personal Property Tax Exempt Property \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 \$ 528,515 \$ 899,777 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 464,029 899,777 2,425,700 1,261,870 204,404 449,628 912,845 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 512,177 982,988 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 419,881 982,879 2,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 446,431 990,958 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 443,907 996,132 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 412,078 987,271 2,120,973 1,129,692 223,491 445,161 1,319,882	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles Personal Property Tax Exempt Property \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 \$ 528,515 \$ 899,777 \$ 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 464,029 899,777 \$ 2,425,700 1,261,870 204,404 449,628 912,845 912,845 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 512,177 982,988 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 419,881 982,879 92,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 446,431 990,958 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 443,907 996,132 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 412,078 987,271 2,120,973 1,129,692 223,491 445,161 1,319,882	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles Personal Property Tax Exempt Property Less Exemptions \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 \$ 528,515 \$ 899,777 \$ 260,673 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 464,029 899,777 218,921 2,425,700 1,261,870 204,404 449,628 912,845 231,000 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 512,177 982,988 236,104 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 419,881 982,879 218,018 2,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 446,431 990,958 205,212 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 443,907 996,132 218,335 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 412,078 987,271 208,274 2,120,973 1,129,692 223,491 445,161 1,319,882 213,796	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles Personal Property Tax Exempt Property Less Exemptions \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 \$ 528,515 \$ 899,777 \$ 260,673 \$ 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 464,029 899,777 218,921 2425,700 1,261,870 204,404 449,628 912,845 231,000 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 512,177 982,988 236,104 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 419,881 982,879 218,018 2,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 446,431 990,958 205,212 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 443,907 996,132 218,335 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 412,078 987,271 208,274 2,120,973 1,129,692 223,491 445,161 1,319,882 213,796	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles Personal Property Tax Exempt Property Less Exemptions Total Taxable Assessed Value \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 \$ 528,515 \$ 899,777 \$ 260,673 \$ 4,107,371 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 464,029 899,777 218,921 4,103,933 2,425,700 1,261,870 204,404 449,628 912,845 231,000 4,110,602 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 512,177 982,988 236,104 3,938,277 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 419,881 982,879 218,018 3,857,363 2,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 446,431 990,958 205,212 3,897,603 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 443,907 996,132 218,335 3,808,651 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 412,078 987,271 208,274 3,789,539 2,120,973 1,129,692 223,491 445,161 1,319,882 2	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles Personal Property Tax Exempt Property Less Exemptions Total Taxable Assessed Value \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 \$ 528,515 \$ 899,777 \$ 260,673 \$ 4,107,371 \$ 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 464,029 899,777 218,921 4,103,933 2,425,700 1,261,870 204,404 449,628 912,845 231,000 4,110,602 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 512,177 982,988 236,104 3,938,277 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 419,881 982,879 218,018 3,857,363 2,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 446,431 990,958 205,212 3,897,603 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 443,907 996,132 218,335 3,808,651 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 412,078 987,271 208,274 3,789,539 2,120,973 1,129,692 223,491 445,161 1,319,882 213,796 3,705,521	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles Personal Property Tax Exempt Property Less Exemptions Total Taxable Assessed Value Total Direct Tax Rate \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 \$ 528,515 \$ 899,777 \$ 260,673 \$ 4,107,371 \$ 17.95 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 464,029 899,777 218,921 4,103,933 18.42 2,425,700 1,261,870 204,404 449,628 912,845 231,000 4,110,602 18.89 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 512,177 982,988 236,104 3,938,277 20.22 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 419,881 982,879 218,018 3,857,363 20.72 2,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 446,431 990,958 205,212 3,897,603 20.13 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 443,907 996,132 218,335 3,808,651 20.95 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 412,078 987,271 2	Residential Property Commercial Property Motor Vehicles Personal Property Tax Exempt Property Less Exemptions Total Taxable Assessed Value Total Direct Tax Rate \$ 2,397,057 \$ 1,257,988 \$ 184,483 \$ 528,515 \$ 899,777 \$ 260,673 \$ 4,107,371 \$ 17.95 \$ 2,411,954 1,261,987 184,884 464,029 899,777 218,921 4,103,933 18.42 2,425,700 1,261,870 204,404 449,628 912,845 231,000 4,110,602 18.89 2,255,322 1,183,933 222,949 512,177 982,988 236,104 3,938,277 20.22 2,256,738 1,182,093 216,669 419,881 982,879 218,018 3,857,363 20.72 2,260,934 1,174,250 221,200 446,431 990,958 205,212 3,897,603 20.13 2,264,812 1,094,956 223,311 443,907 996,132 218,335 3,808,651 20.95 2,277,608 1,086,145 221,983 412,078 987,271 208,274	Residential PropertyCommercial PropertyMotor VehiclesPersonal PropertyTax Exempt PropertyLess ExemptionsTotal Taxable Assessed ValueTotal Direct Tax RateActual Taxable Value\$ 2,397,057\$ 1,257,988\$ 184,483\$ 528,515\$ 899,777\$ 260,673\$ 4,107,371\$ 17.95\$ 5,867,6722,411,9541,261,987184,884464,029899,777218,9214,103,93318.425,862,7612,425,7001,261,870204,404449,628912,845231,0004,110,60218.895,872,2892,255,3221,183,933222,949512,177982,988236,1043,938,27720.225,626,1102,256,7381,182,093216,669419,881982,879218,0183,857,36320.725,510,5192,260,9341,174,250221,200446,431990,958205,2123,897,60320.135,568,0042,264,8121,094,956223,311443,907996,132218,3353,808,65120.955,440,9302,277,6081,086,145221,983412,078987,271208,2743,789,53921.735,413,6272,120,9731,129,692223,491445,1611,319,882213,7963,705,52123.635,293,601

Note: By state law, property is assessed at 70% of actual value with periodic revaluation of real property.

Except in years of a revaluation, the estimated actual amount is calculated using the sales ratios developed by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management.

^{**} Denotes years in which a revaluation of real estate properties occurred.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (In Thousands)

				2019				2010	
Taxpayer	Nature of Business		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Gross Taxable Assessed Grand List		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Gross Taxable Assessed Grand List
Pfizer, Inc.	Pharmaceutical	\$	290,888	1	7.9%	\$	597,364	1	14.5%
Electric Boat Corp.	Submarine Mfg./R&D		284,055	2	7.7%	•	188,468	2	4.6%
Ledges Groton #1999Y LP	Ledges Apartments		27,846	3	0.8%		21,802	4	0.5%
Groton Devel Assoc Ltd	Country Glen Apartments		19,921	4	0.5%		18,670	5	0.5%
Groton Fuel Cell I LLC	Fuel Cell @ Pfizer		19,688	5	0.5%		,		
CW Groton Square LLC	Groton Square Shopping Center		18,480	6	0.5%		17,671	6	0.4%
Exit 88 Hotel LLC	Mystic Marriott Hotel		18,251	7	0.5%		27,325	3	0.7%
Winterfell Windham Falls	Windham Falls Elderly Apts		16,375	8	0.5%		,		-
ELK La Triumphe LLC	LaTriumphe Apartments		16,270	9	0.4%		15,832	7	0.4%
Domino Solar LTD	Solar Farm @ Navy Housing		15,170	10	0.4%		,		
Groton Estates LLC	Colonial Manor Apartments		,				13,067	8	0.3%
Groton Shoppers Mart LLC	Shopping Center						10,393	9	0.3%
Cedar Groton LLC	Shopping Center	_					10,461	10	0.3%
		\$	726,944		19.7%	\$	921,053		22.5%

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

		Taxes Levied				Adjusted				lected within t			Collections in		C	Total Collections to Da	ite
Fiscal		for the		Subsequent		Tax	_			Percentage	Percentage		Subsequent	_		Percentage	Percentage
Year	!	Fiscal Year *	=	Adjustments	_	Levy		Amount	_	of Levy	Uncollected		Years	_	Amount *	of Levy	Uncollected
2010	\$	73.703	\$	1,381	\$	75,084	\$	72,295	\$	96.29%	3.71%	\$	2,789	\$	75,084	100.00%	0.00%
2011	*	76,226	•	91	•	76,317	•	74,842	_	98.07%	1.93%	•	1,475	•	76,317	100.00%	0.00%
2012		77,465		458		77,923		75,868		97.36%	2.64%		2,055		77,923	100.00%	0.00%
2013		80,232				80,232		78,991		98.45%	1.55%		930		79,921	99.61%	0.39%
2014		80,265				80,265		79,198		98.67%	1.33%		834		80,032	99.71%	0.29%
2015		78,060				78,060		76,900		98.51%	1.49%		669		77,569	99.37%	0.63%
2016		79,533				79,533		78,407		98.58%	1.42%		n/a		78,407	98.58%	1.42%
2017		82,404				82,404		81,432		98.82%	1.18%		n/a		81,432	98.82%	1.18%
2018		87,457				87,457		86,440		98.84%	1.16%		n/a		86,440	98.84%	1.16%
2019		89,230				89,230		88,419		99.09%	0.91%		n/a		88,419	99.09%	0.91%

Source: Town Assessor's office and Finance office

^{*} The "Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year" figure is based on the adjusted October 1 Grand List for each of the fiscal years listed.

28.150

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN YEARS (Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

> Town Direct Rate

> > 24.17

0.270

4.580

28.750

2019

	Rate	_						Overlappin	g Rates					
Fiscal Year	Basic Rate	Groton Sewer District	City of Groton	City of Groton Total Direct Rate	Poqunnock Bridge Fire District	Poqunnock Bridge Fire District Total Direct Rate	Mystic Fire District	Mystic Fire District Total Direct Rate	Noank Fire District	Noank Fire District Total Direct Rate	Old Mystic Fire District	Old Mystic Fire District Total Direct Rate	Groton Long Point Association	Groton Long Point Association Total Direct Rate
2009 \$	19.27	0.330 \$	4.300 \$	23.570\$	5.200\$	24.800 \$	2.150 \$	21.750 \$	1.320 \$	20.920 \$	2.370\$	21.970 \$	3.000 \$	22.600
2010	17.95	0.280	4.135	22.085	4.800	23.030	1.960	20.190	1.140	19.370	2.200	20.430	2.580	20.810
2011	18.42	0.290	4.135	22.555	4.800	23.510	2.030	20.740	1.140	19.850	2.200	20.910	2.910	21.620
2012	18.89	0.250	4.135	23.025	5.500	24.640	1.940	21.080	1.140	20.280	2.200	21.340	2.780	21.920
2013	20.22	0.250	4.595	24.815	5.900	26.370	2.050	22.520	1.190	21.660	2.400	22.870	2.835	23.305
2014	20.72	0.250	4.595	25.315	5.200	26.170	2.160	23.130	1.390	22.360	2.800	23.770	2.928	23.898
2015	20.13	0.250	4.822	24.952	5.900	26.280	2.310	22.690	1.390	21.770	2.800	23.180	2.795	23.175
2016	20.95	0.250	5.868	26.818	6.050	27.250	2.290	23.490	1.390	22.590	2.900	24.100	2.995	24.195
2017	21.73	0.250	5.432	27.162	6.350	28.330	2.310	24.290	1.490	23.470	2.950	24.930	2.994	24.974
2018	23.63	0.270	5.220	28.850	5.730	29.630	2.290	26.190	1.490	25.390	2.950	26.850	3.710	27.610

2.240

26.680

1.390

25.830

2.900

27.340

3.710

Fiscal Year	Basic Rate	Groton Sewer District	Center Groton Fire District	Center Groton Fire District Total Direct Rate	West Pleasant Valley Fire District	West Pleasant Valley Fire District Total Direct Rate	Mumford Cove District	Mumford Cove District Total Direct Rate	First Taxing District	First Taxing District Total Direct Rate	Second Taxing District	Second Taxing District Total Direct Tax
2009 \$	19.27	0.330 \$	3.000 \$	22.600\$	2.690\$	22.290 \$	0.162 \$	19.762 \$	N/A \$	N/A \$	N/A\$	N/A
2010	17.95	0.280	3.000	21.230	3.100	21.330	0.279	18.509	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2011	18.42	0.290	3.000	21.710	2.700	21.410	0.279	18.989	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2012	18.89	0.250	3.000	22.140	2.750	21.890	0.279	19.419	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2013	20.22	0.250	3.500	23.970	2.820	23.290	0.305	20.775	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2014	20.72	0.250	3.500	24.470	2.800	23.770	0.305	21.275	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2015	20.13	0.250	3.500	23.880	3.400	23.780	0.305	20.685	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2016	20.95	0.250	3.500	24.700	3.760	24.960	0.309	21.509	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2017	21.73	0.250	3.500	25.480	3.800	25.780	0.310	22.290	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	23.63	0.270	3.500	27.400	3.500	27.400	0.340	24.240	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2019	24.17	0.270	3.500	27.940	4.480	28.920	0.340	24.780	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

30.410

Note: The Total Direct Rate is arrived at by combining the Town Direct Rate with the various Overlapping Rates.

For City of Groton residents their total tax rate is made up of two components; the Town Direct Rate plus their Overlapping Rate.

For all other residents of the Town, their Total Direct Rate is made up of three components; the Town Direct Rate, their Overlapping Rate, and the Groton Sewer District Rate.

5.970

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		General Bo	ond	led Debt							
_	Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds		Other Bonds	· · •	Unamortized Premiums	<u>.</u> .	Total Primary Government	Debt as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	_	Debt Per Capita
	2010	\$ 48,985,000	\$	6,415,000	\$	-	\$	55,400,000	1.3%	\$	1,416
	2011	45,700,000		5,890,000		-		51,590,000	1.3%		1,305
	2012	42,340,000		5,650,000		1,263,009		49,253,009	1.2%		1,196
	2013	38,580,000		5,195,000		3,488,821		47,263,821	1.2%		1,093
	2014	44,835,000		4,880,000		3,456,276		53,171,276	1.4%		1,249
	2015	41,090,000		4,520,000		3,233,203		48,843,203	1.3%		1,146
	2016	37,390,000		4,150,000		3,010,131		44,550,131	1.2%		1,048
	2017	33,710,000		3,785,000		2,787,058		40,282,058	1.1%		1,026
	2018	37,110,000		3,425,000		2,958,427		43,493,427	1.2%		1,113
	2019	53,155,000		3,070,000		3,310,182		59,535,182	1.6%		1,539

⁽¹⁾ See Table 5 for taxable property value data.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	General Bo	onde	ed Debt									
Fiscal Year		General Obligation Bonds		Other Bonds	_	Unamortized Premiums	Clean Water Fund Loans	Capital Leases	. ,	Total Primary Government	Debt as a ercentage of Personal Income (1)	_	Debt Per Capita
2010	\$	48,985,000	\$	6,415,000	\$	-	\$ 12,864,411	\$ 45,057	\$	68,309,468	7.85%	\$	1,727
2011		45,700,000		5,890,000		-	11,904,830	25,832		63,520,662	5.05%		1,583
2012		42,340,000		5,650,000		1,263,009	10,665,325	11,876		59,930,210	4.78%		1,497
2013		38,580,000		5,195,000		3,488,821	10,052,962	4,013		57,320,796	4.50%		1,437
2014		44,835,000		4,880,000		3,456,276	9,440,599	126,439		62,738,314	5.05%		1,562
2015		41,090,000		4,520,000		3,233,203	8,828,236	101,765		57,773,204	4.77%		1,438
2016		37,390,000		4,150,000		3,010,131	8,215,873	75,830		52,841,834	4.26%		1,331
2017		33,710,000		3,785,000		2,787,058	7,603,509	48,569		47,934,136	3.43%		1,221
2018		37,110,000		3,425,000		2,958,427	6,991,146	19,914		50,504,487	3.61%		1,293
2019		53,155,000		3,070,000		3,310,182	6,378,783	-		65,913,965	4.74%		1,704

⁽¹⁾ See Table 14 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

\$ 720,400,996

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

computation:

Tax Base: Total tax collections (including Total tax collections (including	intere	st and lien fees		•				\$	88,489,933
for the year ended June	30, 20	18							14,422,495
Reimbursement of Revenue Los	s from	Tax Relief for	the	Elderly				_	2,000
Total Base								\$_	102,914,428
	_	Public Improvement		Schools		Sewers	 Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit
Debt Limitation: 2 1/4 times base 4 1/2 times base	\$	231,557,463	\$	463,114,926	\$		\$	\$	
3 3/4 times base 3 1/4 times base 3 times base	-					385,929,105	 334,471,891		308,743,284
Total limitations	_	231,557,463		463,114,926		385,929,105	 334,471,891		308,743,284
Indebtedness: Bonds outstanding Clean Water Fund Loans		18,275,000		34,880,000		3,070,000 6,378,783			
Authorized and unissued Underlying debt:		3,221		143,333,941		1,530,000			
Bonds and serial notes Authorized and unissued	_	3,670,478 854,189				6,008,000 106,000			
Total indebtedness	_	22,802,888		178,213,941		17,092,783	 -		
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and									
Authorized Debt	\$_	208,754,575	\$	284,900,985	\$_	368,836,322	\$ 334,471,891	\$_	308,743,284
Notes: (1) The total of the above	indek	otedness amour	nts t	to:				\$_	218,109,612

In no event shall total indebtedness exceed seven times the base for debt limitation

⁽²⁾ Bonds authorized and unissued represent bond authorizations for which bonds have been issued to partially finance the project or bond anticipation notes are outstanding.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

						FISCAL Y	/EAR				
	_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Debt limit	\$	681,738 \$	742,428 \$	643,465 \$	637,479 \$	669,064 \$	669,870 \$	648,611 \$	668,181 \$	685,611 \$	720,401
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	84,069	68,618	58,276	56,413	67,524	62,943	60,676	66,344	58,933	218,110
Legal Debt Margin	\$_	597,669 \$	673,810 \$	585,189 \$	581,066 \$	601,540 \$	606,927 \$	587,935 \$	601,837 \$	626,678 \$	502,291
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		12.33%	9.24%	9.06%	8.85%	10.09%	9.40%	9.35%	9.93%	8.60%	30.28%

Note: The State of Connecticut General Statutes require that in no event shall the total debt of the Town exceed seven (7) times the annual receipts from taxation. The calculation of the 2018 debt limit can be found on Table 11.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT CALCULATION OF DIRECT DEBT AND CURRENT DEBT RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(unaudited)

	_				Gove	ernmental Acti	ivities									Direct	Net Direct	Overall
	_	General					Total	State	Self-supporting	Net	Total	Direct	Net Direct	Overall	Net	Debt	Debt	Total Debt
Fiscal		Fund	Other	Clean Water	Notes	Capital	Direct	Grants	Sewer Debt	Direct	Overall	Debt	Debt	Net Debt	Taxable	to Net	to Net	to Net
Year	Population	Bonds	Bonds	Fund Loans	Payable	Leases	Debt	Receivable	(CWF Loans)	Debt	Debt (1)	Per Capita	Per Capita	Per Capita	Grand List (2)	Taxable G/L	Taxable G/L	Taxable G/L
2010	39,551 \$	48,985,000 \$	6,415,000 \$	12,864,411	3,040,000 \$	45,057 \$	71,349,468 \$	110,542	\$ 12,864,411	\$ 58,374,515	66,107,148 \$	1,804	1,476	\$ 1,671 \$	4,107,371,000	1.74%	1.42%	1.61%
2011	40,125	45,700,000	5,890,000	11,904,830	3,210,000	25,832	66,730,662	54,869	11,904,830	54,770,963	61,221,569	1,663	1,365	1,526	4,103,933,000	1.63%	1.33%	1.49%
2012	40,038	42,340,000	5,650,000	10,665,325		11,876	58,667,201		10,665,325	48,001,876	53,509,632	1,465	1,199	1,336	4,110,602,000	1.43%	1.17%	1.30%
2013	39,896	38,580,000	5,195,000	10,052,962		4,013	53,831,975		10,052,962	43,779,013	51,709,741	1,349	1,097	1,296	3,938,277,000	1.37%	1.11%	1.31%
2014	40,176	44,835,000	4,880,000	9,440,599		126,439	59,282,038		9,440,599	49,841,439	56,648,750	1,476	1,241	1,410	3,857,363,000	1.54%	1.29%	1.47%
2015	40,167	41,090,000	4,520,000	8,828,236		101,765	54,540,001		8,828,236	45,711,765	52,183,835	1,358	1,138	1,299	3,897,603,000	1.40%	1.17%	1.34%
2016	39,692	37,390,000	4,150,000	8,215,873		75,830	49,831,703		8,215,873	41,615,830	47,401,767	1,255	1,048	1,194	3,808,651,000	1.31%	1.09%	1.24%
2017	39,261	33,710,000	3,785,000	7,603,510		48,569	45,147,079		7,603,510	37,543,569	42,688,460	1,150	956	1,087	3,789,539,000	1.19%	0.99%	1.13%
2018	39,075	37,110,000	3,425,000	6,991,146		21,308	47,547,454	58,300	6,991,146	40,498,008	50,995,018	1,217	1,036	1,305	3,715,881,000	1.28%	1.09%	1.37%
2019	38,692	53,155,000	3,070,000	6,378,782	21,700,000	-	84,303,782	3,676,307	6,378,782	74,248,693	83,927,171	2,179	1,919	2,169	3,701,681,000	2.28%	2.01%	2.27%

⁽¹⁾ Includes net Underlying Debt related to the various taxing districts.
(2) Gross taxable Grand List for FY19 is \$3,701,681,157
Note: Data is presented in accordance with the Town's continuing disclosure agreement.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	 Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	_	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	High School Graduate or Higher	School Enrollment (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2010	39,551	\$ 870,201	\$	22,002	30.5	86.4%	5,038	8.5%
2011	40,125	1,256,795		31,322	33.3	90.4%	4,969	8.4%
2012	40,038	1,254,070		31,322	33.3	90.4%	4,961	8.2%
2013	39,896	1,274,597		31,948	32.8	90.9%	4,778	7.7%
2014	40,176	1,243,126		30,942	33.2	92.2%	4,657	6.2%
2015	40,167	1,212,401		30,184	33.2	92.4%	4,565	5.2%
2016	39,692	1,241,169		31,270	32.4	93.6%	4,519	5.3%
2017	39,261	1,399,184		35,638	34.0	94.8%	4,461	4.3%
2018	39,075	1,399,276		35,810	34.0	94.3%	4,381	4.1%
2019	38,692	1,389,159		35,903	33.0	94.0%	4,324	3.6%

Sources: Per capita income, median age and education level provided by U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2010

⁽¹⁾ Population provided by State of Connecticut, Department of Public Health

⁽²⁾ Town of Groton Board of Education

⁽³⁾ State of Connecticut, Department of Labor

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS **CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO**

			2019		2010				
				Percentage of Total Town			Percentage of Total Town		
Name	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
U.S. Navy Submarine Base	Military Base	9,500	1	33.7%	10,150	1	33.8%		
Electric Boat Corporation	Submarine Mfg/R&D	8,164	2	28.9%	8,277	2	27.6%		
Pfizer, Inc.	Pharmaceutical	5,528	3	19.6%	5,736	3	19.1%		
Town of Groton	Municipality	1,030	4	3.6%	947	4	3.2%		
PCC Structurals (1)	Manufacturer	270	5	1.0%	190	8	0.6%		
Theater Aviation (2) Sustainment									
Maintenance Group	Helicopter repair	265	6	0.9%	466	5	1.6%		
Fairview Retirement Community	Senior Living	253	7	0.9%					
City of Groton	Municipality	216	8	0.8%	266	6	0.9%		
Mystic Marriott	Hotel/Conference Center	191	9	0.7%	211	7	0.7%		
Lawrence & Memorial Facilities	Emergency & Health Care Svcs	138	10	0.5%					
Pequot Medical Center	Hospital				169	9	0.6%		
Zachary Engineering	Engineering/Design				122	10	0.4%		
		25,555		90.6%	26,534		88.3%		

(1) Formerly known as Wyman Gordon Company(2) Formerly known as AVCRAD

Source: Telephone survey

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT FULL-TIME GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
General services	53.00	51.00	48.00	49.00	49.00	49.00	49.00	46.00	47.00	32.00
Public safety	75.00	74.00	72.00	72.00	72.00	72.00	73.00	73.00	73.00	85.00
Public works	57.25	56.25	52.25	52.25	52.25	52.25	52.25	48.25	46.25	43.00
Planning and development	18.00	17.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	15.00
Human services	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Community services	43.00	42.50	40.50	40.75	40.50	40.75	40.75	39.75	39.75	37.75
Golf course	7.00	6.50	6.50	6.25	6.50	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25
Sewer system maintenance	17.75	18.75	18.75	18.75	18.75	18.75	18.75	18.75	19.75	19.00
Solid waste management	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Project manager - school										
construction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
Fleet reserve	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Subtotal town government	284.00	279.00	267.00	268.00	534.00	266.00	267.00	259.00	259.00	252.00
Board of Education	667.00	665.00	683.00	683.00	641.00	733.00	758.00	817.00	764.00	755.00
Total	951.00	944.00	950.00	951.00	1,175.00	999.00	1,025.00	1,076.00	1,023.00	1,007.00

Source: Adopted Town Budgets

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work either 2,080 or 1,820 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave) depending on bargaining unit.

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		FISCAL YEAR								
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government										
Marriages and civil unions of residents	515	540	464	495	544	498	507	460	301	437
Births to Groton residents	554	545	419	556	569	528	526	483	462	386
Deaths of Groton residents	408	374	338	418	382	378	401	423	392	351
Boards and Agencies										
Registered voters	22,901	19,524	20,138	19,082	17,600	17,640	18,677	18,905	19,023	19,759
Elections and referenda	1	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	0
Planning and Development										
Building permits issued	1,388	1,267	1,355	1,300	1,347	1,403	1,458	1,416	1,540	1,679
Building inspections conducted	4,000	3,500	3,100	3,000	3,300	3,500	3,900	3,400	3,600	3,900
Value of building permits	\$ 16,792,289	\$ 17,897,056	\$ 15,235,881	\$ 14,676,632	\$ 26,771,903	\$ 28,906,319	\$ 39,767,943	\$ 27,737,183	\$ 39,911,213	\$ 73,136,178
Public Safety										
Arrests	1,112	883	755	1,555	1,376	1,135	1,055	955	996	1,047
Parking violations	198	228	244	263	282	50	27	41	80	106
Traffic violations	5,526	4,598	5,857	7,872	8,295	5,237	4,963	3,360	5,350	5,172
Public Works										
Street resurfacing (in miles)	1.59	2.29	3.25	3.18	3.45	3.24	3.64	2.40	1.60	1.10
Number of snow and ice control callouts	17	18	6	16	21	24	9	12	15	11
Miles of roads maintained (excludes GLP in 2006)	93.40	93.40	95.21	95.21	95.21	95.21	95.84	95.84	95.84	95.84
Parks and Recreation										
Athletic field permits issued	240	137	86	89	106	158	105	135	131	361
Summer season programs	197	197	201	186	161	160	130	158	234	180
Indoor season programs	706	719	537	398	453	461	446	463	459	429
Acres of grounds maintained	1,726	1,726	143	150	150	155	155	155	155	155
Public Libraries										
Volumes in collection	141,527	147,146	144,416	144,199	146,616	150,297	151,781	156,425	163,460	156,866
Items circulated	367,159	381,769	368,587	354,923	354,683	336,680	320,460	287,571	298,349	279,547
Senior Center										
Meals on wheels provided	17,888	16,756	16,270	14,935	12,500	23,399	n/a *	n/a *	n/a *	n/a *
Kitchen meals served	n/a	n/a	n/a	15,689	18,919	20,507	20,791	16,313	14,171	17,604
Senior mini-bus trips	53	27	35	31	49	33	47	31	44	31
<u>Human Services</u>										
Households provided energy assistance	1,660	1,660	1,660	1,670	1,675	1,700	1,750	1,775	1,775	1,775
Households utilizing Groton Food Locker	4,600	4,600	4,600	4,600	4,600	4,650	4,700	4,725	4,725	4,725
Households receiving rent assistance	1,860	1,860	1,875	1,800	1,900	1,950	1,975	2,000	2,000	2,000
<u>Education</u>										
Elementary schools	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6
Middle schools	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
High schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sewer										
Miles of Sewer Line Maintained	135.3	136.3	136.3	136.3	136.3	136.3	136.5	136.1	136.1	136.1

Source(s): Various Town Departments

N/A Information not available

^{*} This is now outsourced

TOWN OF GROTON, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government										
Public Safety										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police vehicles	45	45	45	43	43	43	41	41	41	46
Public Works										
Miles of town streets	100.43	93.4	95.21	95.21	95.21	95.21	95.84	95.84	95.84	95.84
Streetlights	1,337	1,339	1,339	1,371	1,330	1,330	1,330	1,373	1,373	1,373
Public works vehicles	197	197	197	197	198	198	196	196	196	196
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	1,019	1,019	1,237	1,266	1270.8	1276.8	1276.8	1276.8	1276.8	1276.8
Parks	53	53	53	54	55	57	57	57	57	57
Public Libraries										
Libraries	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Human Services (Senior Center)										
Community center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Senior mini-buses	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	4
Education										
Schools	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	9	9	9
<u>Sewer</u>										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	135.3	136.3	136.3	136.3	136.3	136.3	136.5	136.1	136.1	136.1
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500

Source(s): Various Town Departments