City of Gladwin, Michigan

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by: City's Department of Treasury



City of Gladwin, Michigan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Table of Contents

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Page
Introductory Section	
Letter of Transmittal	
Prior Year Certificate of Achievement	
Organizational Chart	
City Officials	vi
<u>Financial Section</u>	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	17
Major Streets Fund	
Local Streets Fund	
Dranniatory Eunda	
Proprietary Funds: Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
Statement of Cash Flows	
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	25
Component Units:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	26
Combining Statement of Activities	
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	28
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Defined Benefit Pension Plan (MERS):	
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	53
Schedule of Employer's Contributions	

City of Gladwin, Michigan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Table of Contents For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Page</u>
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	55
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds.	56
Nonmajor Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
City Streets Fund	57
Liquor Law Enforcement Fund	58
Drug Law Enforcement Fund	59
Public Safety Fund	60
Downtown Development Authority – Component Unit:	
Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet	62
Statement of Activities and Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
Statement of Activities and Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Barance	03
Economic Development Corporation – Component Unit:	
Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet	
Statement of Activities and Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	65
Gladwin Airport – Component Unit:	
Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet	66
Statement of Activities and Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
Statistical Section	
Net Position by Component	67
Changes in Net Position	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Governmental Activities Assess Value of Taxable Property	72
Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments	73
Principal Taxpayers	
Property Tax Levies and Collections	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	
Legal Debt Margin Information	
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	
Annual Debt Service Requirements	81
Demographic and Economic Statistics	82
Principal Employers Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	
Operating Indicators by Function	
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	86

City of Gladwin, Michigan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Table of Contents For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Compliance Section

	<u>Page</u>
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	87
Schedule of Findings and Responses.	89



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November 28, 2022

To the Citizens of the City of Gladwin, and Members of the City Council

Michigan State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Gladwin for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Gladwin. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Gladwin has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Gladwin's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Gladwin's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Gladwin's financial statements have been audited by Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC CPAs, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Gladwin for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Gladwin's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Gladwin's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

This Institution is an equal opportunity provider, and employer.

To the Citizens of the City of Gladwin, and Members of the City Council

Profile of the Government

The City of Gladwin, incorporated in 1893, is located in the central part of Michigan's Lower Peninsula. The City of Gladwin is the county seat and largest of only two cities within Gladwin County and has a population of approximately 3,097. Gladwin serves as the primary commercial center, health care services provider and government center for the County's 26,000 permanent residents. Recreation and tourism play a large part in the City's overall economy. The summer population of the County is estimated to be in excess of 50,000 as southern Michigan metropolitan area residents flock to their summer cottages along the waterways of the County. This summer population carries well into the fall as hunters take to the County's expansive wooded areas, which are primarily State-owned lands. The City of Gladwin currently occupies a land area of 3.75 square miles. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The City of Gladwin operates under a "council-manager" form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and eight other members. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's administrator, auditor and attorney. The government's administrator is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis on odd numbered years. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with four council members elected every two years. The mayor is elected on non-partisan basis every two years.

The City of Gladwin provides a full range of services, including police protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events; sanitation, water and sewer services. The City of Gladwin is also financially accountable for a legally separate airport which is reported separately within the City's financial statements. Additional information on this and other legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The council adopts an annual budget. The annual budget serves as a foundation for the City of Gladwin's financial planning and control. Additional discussion of the budget process and legal control levels can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Budget comparisons for the general fund can be found in the Fund Financial Statements section. Budgetary comparisons for all other governmental funds can be found in the Nonmajor Budgetary Comparison Schedules section of the report.

Economic Conditions, Outlook and Major Initiatives

The outlook for the City of Gladwin is stable. The City is an MEDC certified Redevelopment Ready Community (RRC). This initiative positions the community to be vibrant and competitive and ready for development. Redevelopment Ready Communities attract and retain businesses, offer superior customer service and have a streamlined development approval process making pertinent information available around-the-clock for anyone to view

Long-Term Financial Planning

It is the long-term financial goal of the City of Gladwin to maintain a minimum General Fund balance of at least \$400,000. Expenses for wages, supplies, equipment, and benefits for the employees are challenging. The City of Gladwin's long-term financial success will depend on good management and cooperation.

We will continue to proactively seek out ways to deliver quality services and commodities at an affordable price. It is also our goal not to reduce service levels and to keep the City of Gladwin financially healthy in the long run.

To the Citizens of the City of Gladwin, and Members of the City Council

Pension Plan

All full-time City employees are covered by pension plans. A complete review of all pension plans is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Gladwin for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the twenty-eighth consecutive year that the City of Gladwin has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of the report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the City Treasurer, Angela Bigham, and staff. We would also like to express appreciation to the staff of Anderson Tackman & Company, PLC CPAs for their contributions to the excellence of this report. Credit also must be given to the governing council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Gladwin's finances.

Respectfully submitted.

Christopher Shannon City Administrator



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Gladwin Michigan

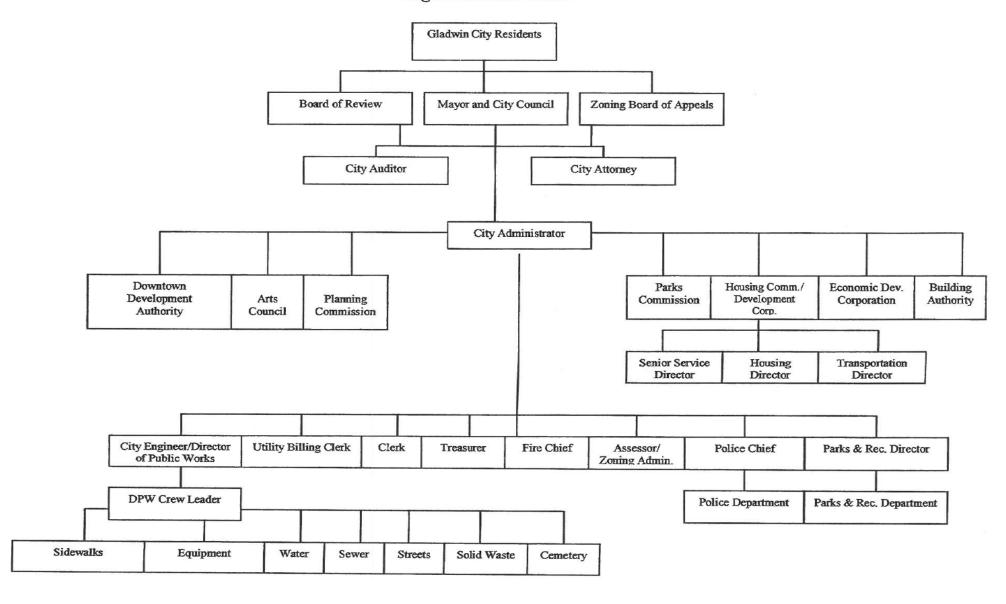
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill

City of Gladwin Organizational Chart



CITY OF GLADWIN OFFICIALS

As of June 30, 2022

Darlene Jungman Mayor

Council

Nancy Bodnar John Caffrey David Crawford Carol Darlington Roger Gardner Sarah Kile Michael Smith Linda Winarski

Administration

Christopher Shannon City Administrator

Angela Bigham Treasurer Jaynie Smith Hoerauf Attorney

Eric Killian Police Chief Bernadette Weaver Assessor

Marietta Andrist Clerk Brian Jungman Parks & Recreation Director

George Alward Fire Chief Lori Stout Housing Director



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KENNETH A. TALSMA, CPA, PRINCIPAL AMBER N. MACK, CPA, PRINCIPAL

PHILLIP J. WOLF, CPA LESLIE A. BOHN, CPA TORI N. KRUISE, CPA MEMBER AICPA
DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS
MEMBER MACPA
OFFICES IN
MICHIGAN & WISCONSIN

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Gladwin Gladwin, MI 48624

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gladwin, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Gladwin, Michigan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gladwin, Michigan, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and budgetary comparisons for the General, Major Streets and Local Street Funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Gladwin, Michigan and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Gladwin, Michigan's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedure that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Gladwin, Michigan's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Gladwin, Michigan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable time period.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and defined benefit pension plan (MERS) on pages 4 through 11 and pages 53 through 54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Gladwin, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statement, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appear to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

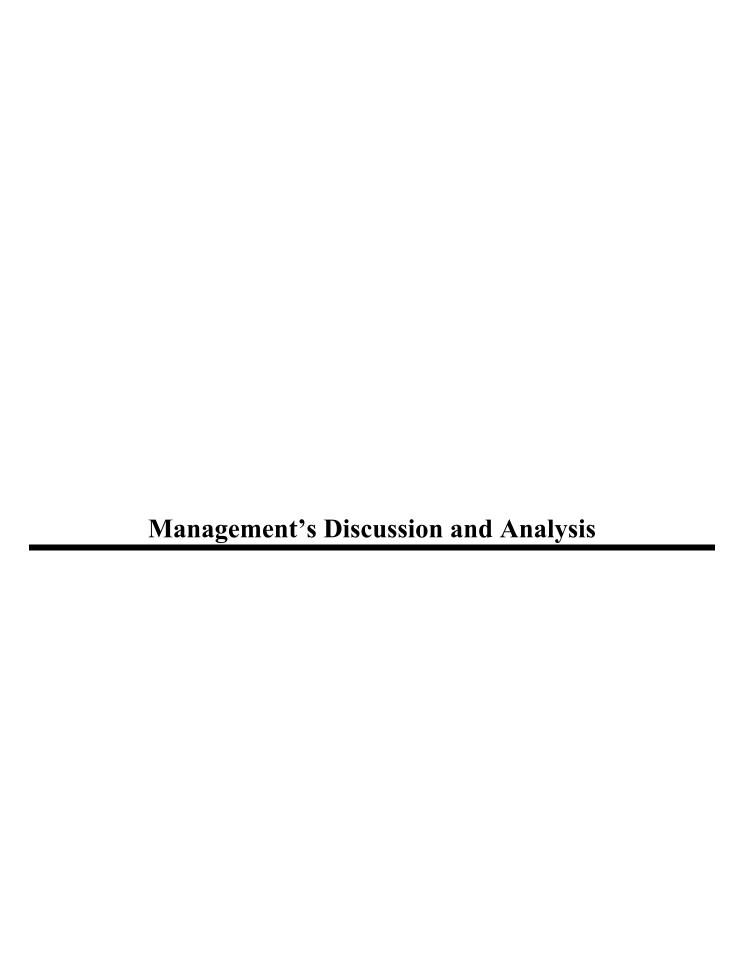
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 28, 2022 on our consideration of the City of Gladwin, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Gladwin, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, in considering the City of Gladwin, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

andreson Jackman Co. P. O.

Kincheloe, Michigan

November 28, 2022



As management of the City of Gladwin, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Gladwin for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in this report. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are presented in whole.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$12,543,607 (net position). Of this amount, \$3,068,955 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to the citizens and creditors.

The City's total net position decreased by \$303,945. The decrease was due to losses associated with disposal of assets in the current year.

At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,050,594 an increase of \$547,893 in comparison with the prior year. This is primarily due to fiscal responsibility and less capital improvements made in the current year. Approximately \$1,423,390 of this total amount is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,423,390 or approximately 75 percent of total general fund expenditures.

During the current fiscal year, total long-term debt of the City, other than the net pension liability, had a net decrease of \$152,136. The City's debt decreased due to the payments of regularly scheduled debt service requirements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction of the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements, and 4) required supplementary information. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with a difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include legislative, general government, public safety, public works, recreation & culture, and debt service. The business-type activities of the City include the Farmer's Market and the Water and Sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate Downtown Development Authority, Economic Development Corporation and the Gladwin Airport for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information presented for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, major streets fund, and local streets fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements beginning on page 55 of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all special revenue fund types. Budgetary comparison statements and schedules have been provided in the basic financial statements for the major funds and in the supplemental section of the report for nonmajor funds to demonstrate the extent of compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Farmer's Market, Sewer and Water operation. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accountlate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for its fleet of vehicles. Because the services of the fund predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Sewer and Water operations, which are considered to be major funds of the City and the Farmers Market, which is a nonmajor fund of the City. Also, the internal service fund is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 21 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Currently the City has one fund that is a custodial type fund. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 24 in this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 28 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents other supplementary information in connection with nonmajor governmental funds. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found in this report. Statistical data and compliance data are also included as described in the table of contents.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following summaries provide a perspective of the financial information of the City as a whole:

City of Gladwin's Net Position												
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal						
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021						
Current and other assets	\$ 4,762,770	\$ 3,614,063	\$ 1,740,002	\$ 1,633,136	\$ 6,502,772	\$ 5,247,199						
Capital assets	3,348,364	4,207,800	5,544,775	5,782,155	8,893,139	9,989,955						
Total assets	8,111,134	7,821,863	7,284,777	7,415,291	15,395,911	15,237,154						
Deferred outflows												
of resources	311,606	227,607			311,606	227,607						
Long-term liabilities												
outstanding	788,341	851,083	1,341,915	1,418,995	2,130,256	2,270,078						
Other liabilities	722,380	150,361	119,102	82,811	841,482	233,172						
Total liabilities	1,510,721	1,001,444	1,461,017	1,501,806	2,971,738	2,503,250						
Deferred inflows												
of resources	192,172	113,959			192,172	113,959						
Net position:												
Net investment in												
capital assets	2,974,364	3,735,800	4,145,784	4,319,164	7,120,148	8,054,964						
Restricted	2,346,504	1,833,261	8,000	8,000	2,354,504	1,841,261						
Unrestricted	1,398,979	1,365,006	1,669,976	1,586,321	3,068,955	2,951,327						
Total net position	\$ 6,719,847	\$ 6,934,067	\$ 5,823,760	\$ 5,913,485	\$ 12,543,607	\$ 12,847,552						

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Gladwin, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$12,543,607 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position \$7,120,148 (57 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's total net position \$2,354,504 (19 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used and the remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$3,068,955 (24 percent) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The increase in restricted net position shown in the table above is primarily the result of increases in funds set aside for street maintenance and construction. The increase in unrestricted fund balance is the result of decreases in debt service requirements and an inflow of funds for new and upcoming projects.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the government as a whole.

The government's net position decreased by \$303,945 during the current fiscal year.

	City	of Gladwin's Char	nges in Net Position	n				
		tal Activities	Business-Ty		Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 439,160	\$ 539,210	\$ 1,259,697	\$ 1,250,252	\$ 1,698,857	\$ 1,789,462		
Operating grants and								
contributions	641,259	775,690	-	-	641,259	775,690		
Capital grants and								
contributions	24,122	60,253	-	64,343	24,122	124,596		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	1,160,475	1,257,971	-	-	1,160,475	1,257,971		
State Revenue Sharing	411,834	367,265	-	-	411,834	367,265		
Other	(415,802)	4,132	43,129	110,639	(372,673)	114,771		
Total revenues	2,261,048	3,004,521	1,302,826	1,425,234	3,563,874	4,429,755		
Expenses:								
General Government	667,227	598,207	-	_	667,227	598,207		
Public Safety	779,933	681,293	-	-	779,933	681,293		
Public Works	1,016,239	1,022,816	-	-	1,016,239	1,022,816		
Recreation and Culture	258,054	239,689	-	-	258,054	239,689		
Interest and fees on	,	,			,	,		
long-term debt	18,735	23,959	-	_	18,735	23,959		
Other Expenses	- ,	=	-	_	-,			
Farmers Market	=	-	13,604	10,558	13,604	10,558		
Sewer	-	-	604,383	520,631	604,383	520,631		
Water	=	-	509,644	398,245	509,644	398,245		
Total expenses	2,740,188	2,565,964	1,127,631	929,434	3,867,819	3,495,398		
Change in net position								
before transfers	(479,140)	438,557	175,195	495,800	(303,945)	934,357		
Transfers	264,920	100,797	(264,920)	(100,797)				
Change in net position	(214,220)	539,354	(89,725)	395,003	(303,945)	934,357		
Net Position - Beginning	6,934,067	6,394,713	5,913,485	5,518,482	12,847,552	11,913,195		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 6,719,847	\$ 6,934,067	\$ 5,823,760	\$ 5,913,485	\$ 12,543,607	\$ 12,847,552		

Governmental activities. Governmental activities reduced the City's net position by \$214,220. In the current year, the City disposed of several capital assets that were not fully depreciated at the time of disposal causing a significant loss in the current year.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$89,725. Major drivers of this decrease include loss of grants and contributions from the prior year, which were received for improvements to the farmer's market and completion of the iron removal plant. Additionally, new water meters increased costs incurred in the water fund and professional services related to research of potential options for the wastewater treatment plant.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The City's governmental funds help provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,050,594, an increase of \$547,893 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 36 percent of this total amount, \$1,423,390, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Approximately 60 percent of the fund balance \$2,400,470 falls into three categories: Committed, which includes City Hall improvements of \$41,635 and reserves for unfunded liabilities of \$10,000 that have been limited by the City Council. Restricted, which includes monies to pay debt service of \$97,725, street maintenance and construction of \$1,909,505, drug law enforcement of \$135,653, iron removal plant capital project of \$65,296, public safety purchases of \$130,815 and liquor law enforcement of \$7,510 that are limited by law and regulations of others. Assigned, which includes park improvements of \$500 and skate park improvements of \$1,831 with intent expressed by the City though the budgetary process. The remaining balance consists of the nonspendable category which is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been spent for the ensuing fiscal year \$3,254, and to generate income to pay for the perpetual care of the municipal cemetery \$223,480.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,423,390, while total fund balance reached \$1,480,610. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 75 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 78 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased \$22,997 during the current fiscal year. The most significant change is attributable lack of capital outlay expenditures in the current year due to decreased grant funding and overall budget restraints. The major streets fund had a \$50,702 increase in fund balance. Although there were significant street improvements in the current year, such costs were funded by current year ACT 51 funding. The local streets fund had a \$433,923 increase due to less street maintenance and construction in the form of capital outlay.

Overall, other governmental funds experienced increases in fund balance due to the payoff of debt, freeing up the annual debt service requirement funds and limited capital outlay expenditures.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of Sewer, and Water funds and Farmers Market Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$1,023,066, \$664,548, and \$3,599, respectively. The Sewer, Water and Farmers Market funds experienced increases and decreases in net position of \$(72,048), \$8,564 and \$(26,241) respectively. Factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City may amend its budget as new financial information or assumptions emerge during the year. The 2021/2022 budget was amended to reflect an increase in anticipated transfers and other factors. The overall effect between the original budget and the final amended budget was minimal.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2022 was \$8,893,139 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges. The total decrease in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 11 percent (a 21 percent decrease for governmental activities and a 5 percent decrease for business-type activities). The iron removal plant included in construction in process was completed in the current year. No other major projects were started in the current year.

The City's capital assets are shown in the following table.

				City of Gla	dwin	's Capital As	sets					
(net of depreciation)												
		Governmen	tal Ac	ctivities		Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities		To	otal	
		2022		2021		2022 2021			2022		2021	
Land	\$	401,583	\$	404,101	\$	48,184	\$	48,184	\$	449,767	\$	452,285
Construction in Process		9,541		21,540		-		-		9,541		21,540
Land improvements		428,023		505,711		22,752		24,174		450,775		529,885
Buildings		177,848		189,897		5,299,172		5,524,185		5,477,020		5,714,082
Building improvements		21,720		68,494		-		-		21,720		68,494
Equipment and vehicles		283,424		341,524		174,667		185,612		458,091		527,136
Infrastructure		2,026,225		2,676,533			_			2,026,225		2,676,533
Total	\$	3,348,364	\$	4,207,800	\$	5,544,775	\$	5,782,155	\$	8,893,139	\$	9,989,955

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements on pages 38-41 in this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$1,875,295. Of this amount, \$374,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government and the remaining \$1,398,991 represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources.

City of Gladwin's Outstanding Debt												
			Gene	ral Obligatio	on and Re	venue Bo	onds					
		Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities							To	otal		
		2022		2021	20	22	2	021		2022		2021
General Obligation Bonds	\$	360,000	\$	456,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	360,000	\$	456,000
Installment Loan		14,000		16,000		-		-		14,000		16,000
Vested Employee Benefits		88,663		72,436		13,641		20,004		102,304		92,440
Revenue bonds					1,39	98,991	1,4	162,991		1,398,991		1,462,991
Total	\$	462,663	\$	544,436	\$ 1,41	12,632	\$ 1,4	182,995	\$	1,875,295	\$	2,027,431

The City's total debt, other than its net pension liability, decreased by \$152,136 primarily due to regularly scheduled debt payments.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed value of all real and personal property subject to taxation in the City. As of June 30, 2022, the City's direct and indirect debt of \$1,004,774 was below the legal limit of \$6,669,019.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt activity can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements on pages 42-44 in this report.

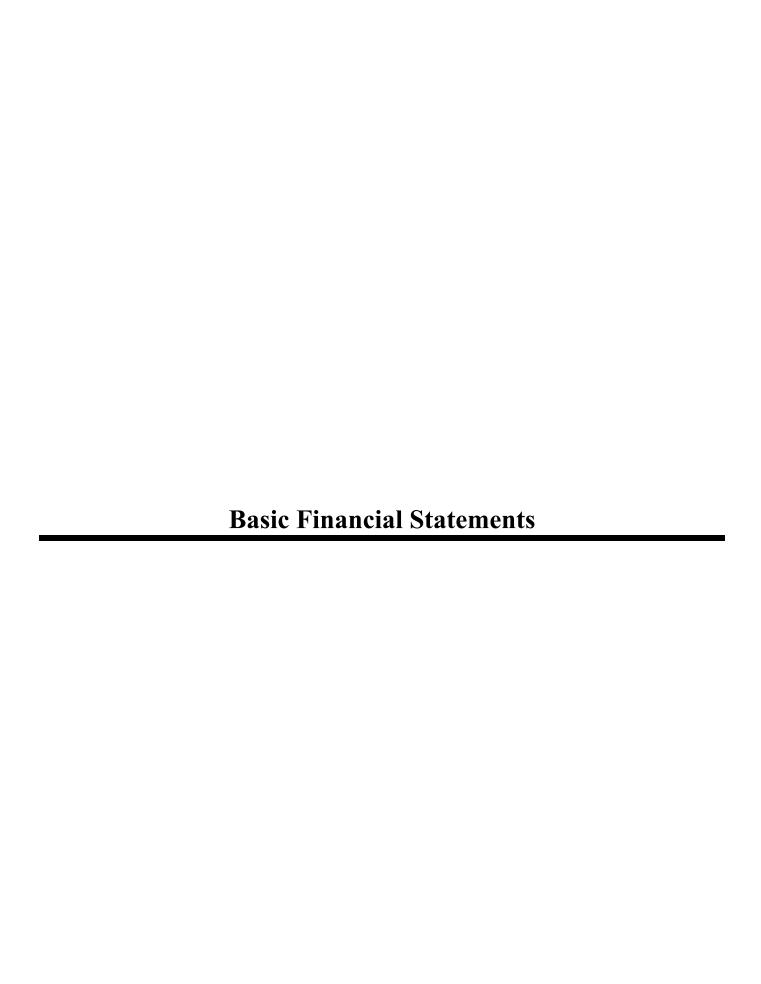
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates.

Next year's budget will again be limited to the maintenance of existing services with an eye to keeping increases in departmental budgets to a minimum. Economic pressures and declining property values have made tax revenues a little uncertain. The state of the economy has encouraged the council to keep a tight budget until we can be certain of availability of funds. We continue to seek out federal and state funding so that we can move forward with infrastructure improvements and continue to meet the needs of the community without having to significantly increase rates and charges to provide essential services.

In order to increase accountability and arm ourselves with the tools necessary to adequately project when changes are needed in funding levels, we are monitoring new budget and cost procedures to better analyze our revenues and costs.

Requests for information.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Treasurer's office.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Primary C	Government		
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Totals	Units
ASSETS:				
Current Assets				
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 4,111,668	\$ 1,527,426	\$ 5,639,094	\$ 559,815
Cash and Equivalents - Restricted	-	115,618	115,618	-
Investments	373,686	2,966	376,652	-
Accounts Receivable	23,151	61,557	84,708	-
Due from Governmental Units	144,873	-	144,873	-
Due from Others	106,138	-	106,138	-
Inventory and Prepaid Items	3,254	32,435	35,689	45,742
Total Current Assets	4,762,770	1,740,002	6,502,772	605,557
Noncurrent Assets				
Right of Use Asset	_	_	_	7,744
Capital Assets (Not Depreciated)	411,124	48,184	459,308	198,256
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	2,937,240	5,496,591	8,433,831	2,139,443
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,348,364	5,544,775	8,893,139	2,345,443
TOTAL ASSETS	8,111,134	7,284,777	15,395,911	2,951,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Pension Related Items	311,606	-	311,606	-
LIABILITIES:				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	207,298	28,749	236,047	2,258
Accrued Liabilities	27,774	6,225	33,999	213
Accrued Interest	3,399	13,411	16,810	-
Security Deposits	57,714	-	57,714	5,920
Unearned Revenue	323,195	-	323,195	
Current Portion of Bonds Payable	101,000	64,000	165,000	
Current Portion of Notes Payable	2,000	_	2,000	
Current Portion of Lease Payable	-	_	-	5,480
Compensated Absences	_	6,717	6,717	-,
Total Current Liabilities	722,380	119,102	841,482	13,871
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Bonds Payable	259,000	1,334,991	1,593,991	<u>-</u>
Notes Payable	12,000	-	12,000	-
Lease Payable		_	-	5,671
Net Pension Liability	421,895	_	421,895	3,071
Compensated Absences	95,446	6,924	102,370	_
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	788,341	1,341,915	2,130,256	5,671
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,510,721	1,461,017	2,971,738	19,542
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Pension Related Items	192,172		192,172	
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,974,364	4,145,784	7,120,148	2,337,699
Restricted - for Street Improvements	1,909,505	· · ·	1,909,505	
Restricted - for Grants	203,621	8,000	211,621	
Restricted - for Debt	97,725	-	97,725	
Restricted - for Public Safety Purchases	135,653	=	135,653	=
Unrestricted	1,398,979	1,669,976	3,068,955	593,759
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 6,719,847	\$ 5,823,760	\$ 12,543,607	\$ 2,931,458
ee accompanying notes to financial statements	12			
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Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenues			Changes in Ne	t Position	
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government		
	_	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:	((7.227	(7.500	(()07		(522.251)		(522.251)	
General Government Public Safety	667,227 779,933	67,589 11,971	66,287 7,961	-	(533,351) (760,001)	-	(533,351) (760,001)	-
Public Works	1,016,239	261,632	560,711	24,122	(169,774)	-	(169,774)	-
Recreation and Culture	258,054	97,968	6,300	24,122		-		-
Interest Expense		97,908	0,300	-	(153,786)	-	(153,786)	-
•	18,735				(18,735)		(18,735)	
Total Governmental Activities	2,740,188	439,160	641,259	24,122	(1,635,647)		(1,635,647)	
Business-type Activities:								
Sewer	604,383	685,002	-	-	-	80,619	80,619	-
Water	509,644	572,105	-	-	-	62,461	62,461	-
Farmers' Market	13,604	2,590				(11,014)	(11,014)	
Total Business-type Activities	1,127,631	1,259,697				132,066	132,066	
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,867,819	\$ 1,698,857	\$ 641,259	\$ 24,122	(1,635,647)	132,066	(1,503,581)	
Component Units: Public Works								
Airport	\$ 297,003	\$ 76,544	\$ 26,786	\$ 13,000				(180,673)
Economic Development: Downtown Development Authority	209,955	-	46,823	_				(163,132)
Total Component Units	\$ 506,958	\$ 76,544	\$ 73,609	\$ 13,000				(343,805)
Total	Ψ 300,330	Ψ 70,511	Ψ 13,007	Ψ 13,000				(313,003)
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes					1,160,475	-	1,160,475	198,815
State Revenue Sharing					411,834	-	411,834	-
Federal, State and Local					-	46,669	46,669	-
Investment Earnings					1,754	254	2,008	26,719
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets					(538,710)	(4,422)	(543,132)	(11,386)
Other Revenue					121,154	628	121,782	13,354
Total General Revenue					1,156,507	43,129	1,199,636	227,502
Transfers:					264.022	(0<1.020)		
Transfers					264,920	(264,920)	-	
Total Transfers					264,920	(264,920)		
Changes in Net Position					(214,220)	(89,725)	(303,945)	(116,303)
Net Position - Beginning					6,934,067	5,913,485	12,847,552	3,047,761
Net Position - Ending					\$ 6,719,847	\$ 5,823,760	\$ 12,543,607	\$ 2,931,458

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

A GODING	General		Major General Streets			Local Streets		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS:	¢.	1 251 200	¢	1 104 504	¢.	500 220	¢.	076 755	¢.	4.010.076	
Cash and Equivalents Investments - Unrestricted	\$	1,351,389	\$	1,184,504	\$	598,328	\$	876,755	\$	4,010,976	
		373,686		-		-		-		373,686	
Accounts Receivable Due from Governmental Units		23,151 71,725		- 51 200		21 040		-		23,151 144,873	
Due from Others		106,138		51,300		21,848		-			
Prepaid Items		3,254		-		-		-		106,138 3,254	
Frepaid Items		3,234								3,234	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,929,343	\$	1,235,804	\$	620,176	\$	876,755	\$	4,662,078	
LIABILITIES:											
Accounts Payable	\$	47,012	\$	139,380	\$	16,496	\$	-	\$	202,888	
Security Deposits		57,714		-		-		-		57,714	
Accrued Payroll and Related Liabilities		20,812		758		1,640		4,477		27,687	
Unearned Revenue		323,195								323,195	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		448,733		140,138		18,136		4,477		611,484	
FUND BALANCES:											
Nonspendable		3,254		-		-		223,480		226,734	
Restricted		-		1,095,666		602,040		648,798		2,346,504	
Committed		51,635		-		-		-		51,635	
Assigned		2,331		-		-		-		2,331	
Unassigned		1,423,390		_		-				1,423,390	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,480,610		1,095,666		602,040		872,278		4,050,594	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALA	\$	1,929,343	\$	1,235,804	\$	620,176	\$	876,755			
Reconciliation to amounts reported for gove	erni	mental activi	ties i	n the stateme	ent of	net position	ı :				
Capital assets used by governmental activiti						•				3,080,934	
Compensated absences liability										(95,446)	
Net pension liability & deferred inflows/out	flov	vs								(302,461)	
Long-term notes and bonds payable for gov			es							(360,000)	
Accrued interest expense	01111	inomiai activiti	C S							(3,399)	
Internal service funds included in governme	ntal	activities								349,625	
Net position of governmental activities									\$	6,719,847	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	(General	Major Local Streets Street			Ionmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Totals overnmental Funds	
REVENUES:									
Taxes	\$	907,979	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 252,496	\$	1,160,475
Special Assessments		32,576		-		-	-		32,576
Licenses and Permits		47,847		-		-	-		47,847
Federal Sources		20,197		7,725		-	2,500		30,422
State Sources		428,833		345,489		140,829	9,167		924,318
Local Sources		49,975		-		72,500	-		122,475
Charges for Services		358,737		-		-	-		358,737
Interest and Rents		3,695		129		65	280		4,169
Other Revenue		64,010		2,729			 52,000		118,739
TOTAL REVENUES		1,913,849		356,072		213,394	 316,443		2,799,758
EXPENDITURES: Current									
General Government		648,509		-		-	_		648,509
Public Safety		567,001		_		-	158,172		725,173
Public Works		478,755		220,829		94,471	2,500		796,555
Recreation and Cultural		198,412		-		-	· -		198,412
Capital Outlay		_		9,541		-	_		9,541
Debt Service		19,975					95,620		115,595
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,912,652		230,370		94,471	256,292		2,493,785
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		1,197		125,702		118,923	60,151		305,973
		1,177		120,702		110,520	 00,101		500,570
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers In		65,500		25,000		315,000	95,620		501,120
Transfers Out		(43,700)		(100,000)			 (115,500)		(259,200)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		21,800		(75,000)		315,000	 (19,880)		241,920
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		22,997		50,702		433,923	40,271		547,893
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,457,613		1,044,964		168,117	 832,007		3,502,701
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	\$	1,480,610	\$	1,095,666	\$	602,040	\$ 872,278	\$	4,050,594

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net changes	in	fund	balances	- total	governmental	funds

\$ 547,893

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$292,879) and loss on disposal of capital assets (\$538,710) exceeded capital outlay \$9,541 in the current period.

(822,048)

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments

96,000

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment costs, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

(2,453)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds:

Compensated absences	(23,010)
Pension items	(11,462)
Accrued interest	860

Changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ (214,220)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Dudantas	1 Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:	Originar	1 mai	Amounts	(ivegative)
Taxes	\$ 907,272	\$ 907,987	\$ 907,979	\$ (8)
Special Assessments	32,805	32,576	32,576	· (c)
Licenses and Permits	47,980	47,810	47,847	37
Federal Sources	142,825	20,197	20,197	-
State Sources	376,329	417,321	428,833	11,512
Local Sources	49,976	49,975	49,975	
Charges for Services	303,887	382,383	358,737	(23,646)
Interest and Rents	3,650	3,650	3,695	45
Other Revenue	12,500	65,236	64,010	(1,226)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,877,224	1,927,135	1,913,849	(13,286)
EXPENDITURES:				
General Government:				
City Council	66,050	57,441	58,564	(1,123)
Manager	80,435	85,700	85,620	80
General Office	131,070	189,679	187,870	1,809
Clerk	68,820	79,910	79,960	(50)
Treasurer	80,050	91,105	90,933	172
Building and Grounds	29,150	20,255	19,917	338
Planning Commission	3,750	2,000	1,389	611
Assessor	62,220	69,535	69,372	163
Elections	9,190	7,056	6,986	70
Zoning Administration	53,480	36,960	35,732	1,228
Code Enforcement	11,135	11,240	11,179	61
Board of Appeals	1,500	30	30	-
Board of Review	1,180	958	957	1
Total General Government	598,030	651,869	648,509	3,360
Public Safety:				
Police Department	533,438	556,760	557,001	(241)
Fire Department	10,000	10,000	10,000	
Total Public Safety	543,438	566,760	567,001	(241)
Public Works:				
Cemetery	48,087	71,340	73,677	(2,337)
Solid Waste	203,275	238,020	238,217	(197)
Public Works	128,705	117,861	116,006	1,855
Street Lighting	52,000	47,095	50,855	(3,760)
Sidewalks	1,050			
Total Public Works	433,117	474,316	478,755	(4,439)
Recreation and Culture:				
Community Center	2,390	35,608	34,540	1,068
Council of the Arts	363	-	-	-
Parks and Recreation	134,080	165,105	163,872	1,233
Total Recreation and Culture	136,833	200,713	198,412	2,301

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES: (Continued)				
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	19,975	19,975	19,975	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,731,393	1,913,633	1,912,652	981
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER				
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	145,831	13,502	1,197	(12,305)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In	65,500	65,500	65,500	-
Transfers Out	(43,700)	(43,700)	(43,700)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	21,800	21,800	21,800	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 167,631	\$ 35,302	22,997	\$ (12,305)
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR,			1,457,613	
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR			\$ 1,480,610	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Major Streets Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Federal Sources	\$ -	\$ 7,725	\$ 7,725	\$ -	
State Sources	312,314	338,048	345,489	7,441	
Interest	150	150	129	(21)	
Other Revenue	750	2,729	2,729		
TOTAL REVENUES	313,214	348,652	356,072	7,420	
EXPENDITURES:					
Public Works	200,130	233,330	220,829	12,501	
Capital Outlay		9,541	9,541		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	200,130	242,871	230,370	12,501	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER					
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	113,084	105,781	125,702	19,921	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In	25,000	25,000	25,000	-	
Transfers Out	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(75,000)	(75,000)	(75,000)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 38,084	\$ 30,781	50,702	\$ 19,921	
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR			1,044,964		
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR			\$ 1,095,666		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Local Streets Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

								ance with 1 Budget -
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Positive	
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
State Sources	\$	133,848	\$	138,281	\$	140,829	\$	2,548
Local Sources		72,500		72,500		72,500		-
Interest		170		64		65		1
TOTAL REVENUES		206,518		210,845		213,394		2,549
EXPENDITURES:								
Public Works		382,675		75,641		94,471		(18,830)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		382,675		75,641		94,471		(18,830)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER								
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(176,157)		135,204		118,923		21,379
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In		315,000		315,000		315,000		_
						,		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	138,843	\$	450,204		433,923	\$	21,379
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR						168,117		
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR					\$	602,040		

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Business - type Activities Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities	
			Nonmajor Farmers	m . 1	Internal Service	
ASSETS:	Sewer	Water	Market	Total	Fund	
Current Assets						
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 1,025,667	\$ 509,536	\$ 13,460	\$ 1,548,663	\$ 79,455	
Cash and Equivalents - Restricted	-	115,618	-	115,618	-	
Investments	-	2,966	-	2,966	-	
Accounts Receivable	33,442	28,115	-	61,557	-	
Prepaid Items	88	88	-	176	-	
Inventory		32,259	. <u> </u>	32,259		
Total Current Assets	1,059,197	688,582	13,460	1,761,239	79,455	
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital Assets (Not Depreciated)	11,200	36,984	_	48,184	-	
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	1,308,711	3,961,209	226,671	5,496,591	267,430	
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,319,911	3,998,193	226,671	5,544,775	267,430	
TOTAL ASSETS	2,379,108	4,686,775	240,131	7,306,014	346,885	
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	18,306	8,582	1,861	28,749	4,410	
Accrued Payroll and Related Liabilities	4,184	2,041	-,	6,225	87	
Accrued Interest Payable	-	13,411	-	13,411	-	
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	6,717	-	-	6,717	-	
Current Portion of Installment Loans Payable	-	-	-	-	2,000	
Current Portion of Bonds Payable		64,000	<u> </u>	64,000		
Total Current Liabilities	29,207	88,034	1,861	119,102	6,497	
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated Absences	6,924	_	_	6,924	-	
Installment Loans Payable	-	-	-	-	12,000	
Bonds Payable		1,334,991		1,334,991		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,924	1,334,991		1,341,915	12,000	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	36,131	1,423,025	1,861	1,461,017	18,497	
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,319,911	2,599,202	226,671	4,145,784	253,430	
Restricted for Farmer's Market Grant	-	-	8,000	8,000	-	
Unrestricted	1,023,066	664,548	3,599	1,691,213	74,958	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,342,977	\$ 3,263,750	\$ 238,270	5,844,997	\$ 328,388	
		flect the consolidation				
	fund activities re	lated to enterprise fu	ınds.	(21,237)		
	Net position of b	usiness-type activitie	es	\$ 5,823,760		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business - type Activities Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities			
	Sewer		Water	Fa	nmajor irmers Iarket		Total		Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:									
Charges for Services	\$ 685,002	\$	572,105	\$	2,590	\$	1,259,697	\$	113,883
Federal Sources	45,200		-		-		45,200		
Total Operating Revenues	730,202		572,105		2,590		1,304,897		113,883
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Personnel Services	232,664		139,618		_		372,282		25,425
Contracted Services	80,268		19,135		1,265		100,668		-
Insurance	3,964		6,008		426		10,398		13,762
Equipment Rental	12,390		13,085		-		25,475		,,
Supplies	71,718		44,410		643		116,771		48,330
Utilities	91,036		46,509		225		137,770		-
Repair and Maintenance	18,679		9,409		12		28,100		6,159
Depreciation	77,342		176,520		9,784		263,646		67,123
Miscellaneous	16,322		11,213		1,249		28,784		37
Total Operating Expenses	604,383		465,907		13,604		1,083,894		160,836
Town operating 2penses									
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	125,819		106,198		(11,014)		221,003		(46,953)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):									
Interest and Rents	253		-		1		254		10
State Sources	-		969		-		969		-
Local Sources	-		-		500		500		-
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	-		15,634		(20,056)		(4,422)		20,081
Other Revenue	-		-		628		628		1,759
Interest Expense			(43,737)				(43,737)		(350)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	253		(27,134)		(18,927)		(45,808)		21,500
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	126,072		79,064		(29,941)		175,195		(25,453)
TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS:									
Transfers In	-		10,000		3,700		13,700		30,000
Transfers Out	(198,120)		(80,500)		´ -		(278,620)		(7,000)
Total Transfers and Capital Contributions	(198,120)		(70,500)		3,700		(264,920)		23,000
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(72,048)		8,564		(26,241)		(89,725)		(2,453)
NET POSITION, JULY 1	2,415,025		3,255,186		264,511		5,934,722		330,841
NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 2,342,977	\$	3,263,750	\$	238,270	\$	5,844,997	\$	328,388
NET FOSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 2,342,977	<u> </u>	3,203,730	Ψ	238,270	J	3,844,991	J.	328,388
	Change in net pos	sition, a	bove			\$	(89,725)		
	Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.					<u>-</u> _			
	Change in net pos	sition of	f business-typ	e activit	tes	\$	(89,725)		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			type Activities orise Funds Nonmajor		Governmental Activities Internal
	0	W	Farmers	T . 1	Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Sewer	Water	Market	Total	Fund
Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees Internal Activity - Payments/Receipts with Other Funds	\$ 768,933 (276,491) (237,951)	\$ 598,427 (144,016) (138,941)	\$ 2,915 (3,572)	\$ 1,370,275 (424,079) (376,892)	\$ 4,560 (64,645) (25,693) 109,323
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	254,491	315,470	(657)	569,304	23,545
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Payments to (received from) Other Funds State Sources Local Sources Other Revenue Transfers In	- - - -	969 - - 10,000	(18,651) - 500 628 3,700	(18,651) 969 500 628 13,700	- - 1,759 30,000
Transfers Out	(198,120)	(80,500)		(278,620)	(7,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	(198,120)	(69,531)	(13,823)	(281,474)	24,759
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of Capital Assets Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Interest Payments Principal Payments	(30,688)	- (43,737) (64,000)	- - - -	(30,688) - (43,737) (64,000)	(33,236) 23,582 (350) (2,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(30,688)	(107,737)	- _	(138,425)	(12,004)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Net (increase)/decrease in investments Interest Income	253	(7)	<u> </u>	(7) 254	10
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	253	(7)	1	247	10
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents	25,936	138,195	(14,479)	149,652	36,310
Balances - Beginning of the Year	999,731	486,959	27,939	1,514,629	43,145
Balances - End of the Year	\$ 1,025,667	\$ 625,154	\$ 13,460	\$ 1,664,281	\$ 79,455
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation Expense	\$ 125,819 77,342	\$ 106,198 176,520	\$ (11,014) 9,784	\$ 221,003 263,646	\$ (46,953) 67,123
Change in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable Prepaid Items and Inventory	38,731 (88)	26,322 (3,846)	325	65,378 (3,934)	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Accrued Interest Compensated Absences	17,974 1,076 - (6,363)	7,659 677 1,940	248	25,881 1,753 1,940 (6,363)	3,830 (268) (187)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 254,491	\$ 315,470	\$ (657)	\$ 569,304	\$ 23,545

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Custodial Fund
	Tax Collection
	Fund
ASSETS:	
Cash and Equivalents	\$ -
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund				
ADDITIONS:	_				
Taxes Collected for Other Governments	\$	1,371,219			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Collected for Other Governments		45,935			
TOTAL ADDITIONS		1,417,154			
DEDUCTIONS:					
Payments of Taxes to Other Governments		1,361,797			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Paid to Other Governments		45,935			
Overpayment of Taxes to Taxpayers		9,462			
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		1,417,194			
Change in Cash Balance		(40)			
Cash, Beginning of Year		40			
Cash, End of Year	\$				

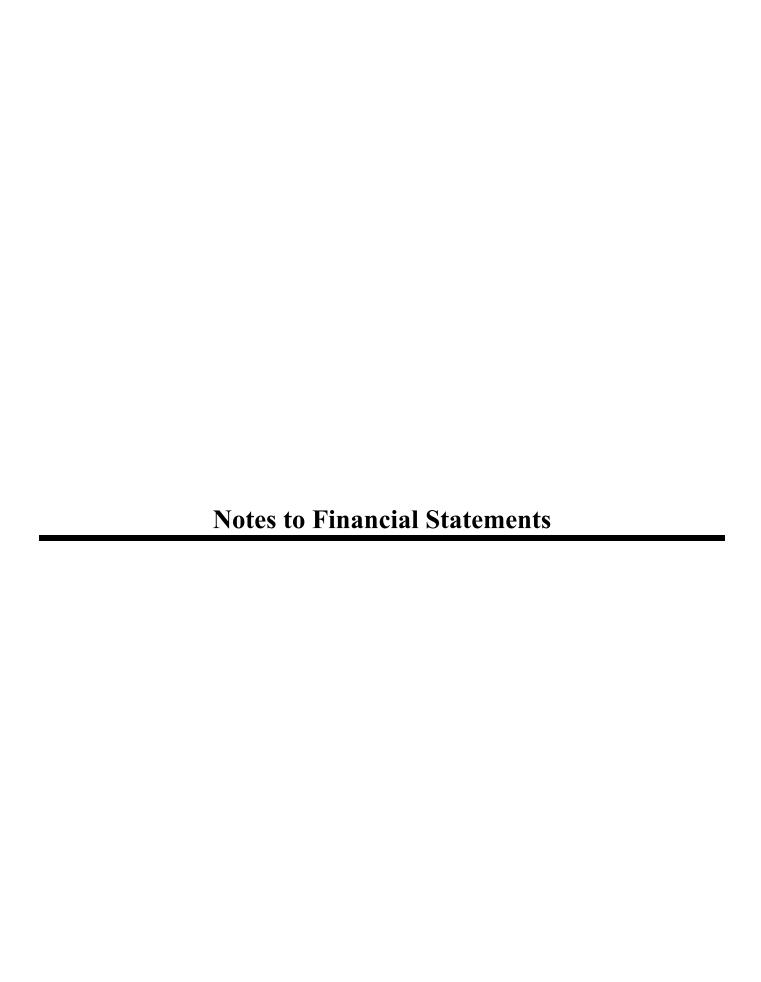
Combining Statement of Net Position Component Units June 30, 2022

	D	owntown							
	Dev	velopment							
	A	uthority		Airport		EDC		Totals	
ASSETS:									
Cash and Equivalents	\$	354,714	\$	180,013	\$	25,088	\$	559,815	
Inventory		-		45,742		-		45,742	
Right of Use Asset		-		7,744		-		7,744	
Capital Assets Not Depreciated		141,256		57,000		-		198,256	
Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation		256,918		1,882,525				2,139,443	
TOTAL ASSETS		752,888		2,173,024		25,088		2,951,000	
LIABILITIES:									
Accounts Payable		120		2,138		-		2,258	
Accrued Liabilities		213		-		-		213	
Security Deposits		-		5,920		-		5,920	
Leases Payable				11,151				11,151	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		333		19,209				19,542	
NET POSITION:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		398,174		1,939,525		-		2,337,699	
Unrestricted		354,381		214,290		25,088		593,759	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	752,555	\$ 2	2,153,815	\$	25,088	\$:	2,931,458	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and

			 Program Revenues				Changes in Net Position								
Functions/Programs	<u>I</u>	Expenses	narges for Services	G ₁	perating rants and atributions	Gr	Capital ants and tributions	De	owntown velopment authority		Airport		EDC		Total
Economic Development:															
EDC	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Public Works: Airport		297,003	76,544		26,786		13,000		-		(180,673)		-		(180,673)
Economic Development:															
Downtown Development Authority		209,955	 		46,823				(163,132)						(163,132)
Total Component Units	\$	506,958	\$ 76,544	\$	73,609	\$	13,000		(163,132)		(180,673)				(343,805)
General Revenues:															
Property Taxes									198,815		-		-		198,815
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets									-		(11,386)		-		(11,386)
Interest Income									100		26,584		35		26,719
Other Revenue											13,354				13,354
Total General Revenues									198,915		28,552		35		227,502
Changes in Net Position									35,783		(152,121)		35		(116,303)
Net Position - Beginning									716,772		2,305,936		25,053		3,047,761
Net Position - Ending								\$	752,555	\$	2,153,815	\$	25,088	\$	2,931,458



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Gladwin, Michigan (the "City"), conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Gladwin.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is organized under Michigan's Comprehensive Home Rule City Act. An eight-member City Council (Council) is the governing body elected by the community at large. The community also elects the Mayor. The Council appoints a City Administrator. As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because they are entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the governmentwide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Downtown Development Authority (DDA) – The City appoints a voting majority and is able to impose its will on the DDA. It has incurred specific financial burdens in the form of general obligation bonds and is responsible for compliance with federal grants received in conjunction with the DDA's projects. In accordance with Statement of Michigan Governmental Accounting and Auditing No. 5, the DDA has been discretely presented. The DDA does not issue any other formal financial statements except as contained in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Economic Development Corporation (EDC) – The City appoints a voting majority of the EDC Board and is able to impose its will on the EDC. The primary purpose of the EDC is to encourage and assist commercial enterprises to locate and expand facilities and services to the City and its residents. In accordance with the terms of the lease contracts, the EDC in conjunction with the City issues bonds and the commercial enterprise agrees to make lease payments in amounts equal to the bond principal and interest. The bond proceeds are used to finance projects, which will benefit the commercial enterprise. The bonds are payable from the net revenues derived from the project and are collateralized by mortgages on the projects and the lease contracts. The EDC financial statements are discretely presented as part of the City. The EDC does not issue any other formal financial statements except as contained in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Gladwin Zettel Memorial Airport (Airport) – The City is a participant with Gladwin County (County) in a joint venture to operate the Airport. The City and County equally appoint the Airport Board; however, the City is able to impose its will and has assumed the obligation to provide financial support to the Airport and to finance deficits as they occur. Thus, the Airport's financial statements are discretely presented as part of the City. The Airport does not issue any other formal statements except as contained in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Jointly Governed Organization

Gladwin County Trails Recreation Authority - The Gladwin County Trails Recreation Authority (the "Authority") was created as a non-profit corporation in 2014 under provisions of Act 321, Michigan Public Acts of 2000. The local governments comprising the Authority include the City of Gladwin, the City of Beaverton, the Township of Grout, the Township of Buckeye and the Township of Tobacco. The Authority provides trail and facility maintenance. The Authority is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB 61, since none of these governmental units appoint a majority of the Authority's board, the board members have decision making authority, the authority to set rates, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-Wide Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from the legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and proprietary funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and proprietary funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Major Street Fund* accounts for the use of motor fuel taxes which are restricted by State statutes for major street and highway purposes.

The *Local Street Fund* accounts for the use of motor fuel taxes which are restricted by State statutes for local street purposes.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of collecting and treating waste waters.

The Water Fund accounts for the costs of providing water services to City residents.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Fund* accounts for vehicle and equipment use and management services provided to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *Custodial funds* account for assets held by the City acting as a custodian for individuals and/or other entities. The City uses a custodial fund for tax collection of others.

Special Revenue Funds. These funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes not including major capital projects.

Capital Project Fund. Thus, fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or capital assets.

Debt Service Funds. These debt service funds account for the servicing of general long-term debt.

Permanent Fund. This fund accounts for the cemetery perpetual care.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for custodial funds which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash is disbursed.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes, state revenue, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases, if any, are reported as other financing sources.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash, Equivalents, and Investments

The City has defined cash and equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Additionally, each fund's equity in the City's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Shared pooled investment income is allocated to each fund based on its percentage of the balance in the pool. Investments are reported at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

All receivables are recorded at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

In the enterprise funds, inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out or specific identification method. The costs of inventories in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased, which is the purchase method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets, sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar assets that are immovable and of value only to the City), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art, and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the City chose to include all roads and streets regardless of their acquisition date or amount.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	20 Years
Buildings	30 years
Building Improvements	10 years
Equipment	5 to 30 years
Vehicles	5 to 10 years
Water and Sewer Lines	30 years
Storm Sewer	50 years
Disposal System	30 years
Roads and Other Infrastructure	3 to 50 years

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Pension Plan and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has pension items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has pension items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are recorded as deferred inflows and outflows and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as period expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuances costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds or donations) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City has classified Inventory and Prepaid Items as being Nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year, in addition to cash for the Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund as this item is contractually required to stay intact. The City has \$226,734 in nonspendable fund balance.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City has \$2,346,504 in restricted fund balance that are limited by law and regulations of others. This amount is made up of \$97,725 for debt service, \$1,909,505 for street maintenance and construction, \$130,815 for drug law enforcement, \$65,296 for the iron removal plant capital project, \$7,510 for liquor law enforcement and \$135,653 for public safety purchases.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City Council. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances approved by the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The City Council has committed \$41,635 for City Hall improvements and \$10,000 for unfunded liabilities.
- <u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The City has assigned \$500 for park improvements and \$1,831 for skate parks.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The City would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

To preserve a sound financial system and to provide a stable financial base, the City has adopted a Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance policy. At a minimum, unassigned fund balance of \$400,000 will be maintained. The minimum unassigned fund balance will be determined each year and reported as part of the fiscal budget.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each July 1 (lien date) on the taxable valuation of property located in the City as of the preceding November 30. Taxes are considered past due on July 31, at which time applicable penalties and interest are assessed. Assessed values are established annually by the City and are equalized by the State at an estimated 50 percent of current market value. Taxable values change annually, due to the Consumer Price Index and any construction added to the property. Real and personal property in the City for the 2021 levy had a taxable value of \$66,038,390. The City's operating tax rate for the 2021 levy, collected in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was 14.4772 mills for operating and 1.9990 mills for debt.

Vested Benefits Payable

The City's policy allows employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits. Accumulated sick and vacation is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise (including the Airport Component Unit) and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Sewer and Water funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the systems. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund and all special revenue funds. The City Administrator submits to the City Council, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with the accounting basis utilized by the fund. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through a resolution passed by the City Council. The budget and approved appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The City does not maintain a formal encumbrance accounting system. The budgets are adopted on a functional basis. Expenditures may not legally exceed the budgeted amounts by function for these funds. The City Administrator may revise the budget to the extent that expenditures of a function are not altered by an amount in excess of \$5,000.

Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of the department/activity in excess of \$5,000 require approval by the Council.

Comparisons to budget are presented as required by GAAP for all governmental funds for which budgets were legally adopted. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

NOTE 3 - CASH, EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

At year end, the City's cash, equivalents and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

		overnmental Activities		asiness-type Activities		tal Primary overnment	_	Fiduciary Funds	_	Coı	mponent Units
Cash and Equivalents - Unrestricted Cash and Equivalents -	\$	4,111,668	\$	1,527,426	\$	5,639,094	\$		-	\$	559,815
Restricted Investments – Restricted		373,686		115,618 2,966		115,618 376,652			- -		- -
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,485,354	<u>\$</u>	1,646,010	<u>\$</u>	6,131,364	<u>\$</u>		<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	559,815

The breakdown between cash and investments is as follows:

	Primary Government		Fiduciary Funds		C	omponent Units
Bank Deposits (checking and savings accounts, certificates of deposit and						
money market accounts)	\$	5,754,012	\$	-	\$	559,615
Petty Cash and Cash on Hand		700		-		200
Investments		376,652		_=		<u> </u>
Total	<u>\$</u>	6,131,364	\$	<u>=</u>	<u>\$</u>	559,815

NOTE 3 - CASH, EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified above. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure of fair value losses arising from decreasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers' acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law or investment credit risk. MI Class investments held by the City have a credit rating of AAAm.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposit. Custodial deposit credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$6,495,940 of the City's bank balance of \$6,745,940 was exposed to credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution. Only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. The City's investment is in the Michigan CLASS pool, not the securities that make up the pool. Therefore, there is no custodial credit risk to be disclosed.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified above. The City's investment policy also does not have specific limits in concentration of credit risk. None of the investments held by the City exceeds five percent of the City's total investments.

Fair Value Measurement. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the measurements required judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The investment pools held by the City consist of Michigan CLASS investments. Such investments are measured at fair value in accordance with Paragraph 41 of Statement 79 and Paragraph 11 of Statement 31, and therefore are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy for purposes of Paragraph 81a (2) of Statement 72.

NOTE 3 - CASH, EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Statutory Authority:

Public Act 20 of 1943, entitled "An act relative to the investment of funds of public corporations of the state; and to validate certain investments," by amending section 1 (MCL 129.91), as amended by 2009 PA 21.

Except as provided in section 5, the governing body by resolution may authorize its investment officer to invest the funds of that public corporation in one or more of the following:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, or depository receipts of a financial institution, but only if the financial institution complies with subsection (2); certificates of deposit obtained through a financial institution as provided in subsection (5); or deposit accounts of a financial institution as provided in subsection (6).
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Repurchase agreements consisting of instruments listed in subdivision (a).
- e. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Obligations of this state or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by not less than one standard rating service.
- g. Mutual funds registered under the investment company act of 1940, 15 USC 80a-1 to 80a-64, with authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation. However, a mutual fund is not disqualified as a permissible investment solely by reason of any of the following:
 - (i) The purchase of securities on a when-issued or delayed delivery basis.
 - (ii) The ability to lend portfolio securities as long as the mutual fund receives collateral at all times equal to at least 100% of the value of the securities loaned.
 - (iii) The limited ability to borrow and pledge a like portion of the portfolio's assets for temporary or emergency purposes.
- h. Obligations described in subdivisions (a) through (g) if purchased through an interlocal agreement under the urban cooperation act of 1967, 1967 (Ex Sess) PA 7, MCL 124.501 to 124.512.
- i. Investment pools organized under the surplus funds' investment pool act, 1982 PA 367, MCL 129.111 to 129.118.
- j. The investment pools organized under the local government investment pool act, 1985 PA 121, MCL 129.141 to 129.150.

The City's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the *primary government* for the current year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Adjustments/ <u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balances		
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 404,101	\$ -	\$ (2,518)	\$ 401,583		
Construction in Process	21,540	9,541	(21,540)	9,541		
Subtotal	425,641	9,541	(24,058)	411,124		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Land Improvements	1,574,019	-	_	1,574,019		
Buildings	822,339	-	_	822,339		
Buildings and Improvements	463,322	-	(8,763)	454,559		
Equipment and Vehicles	1,541,118	33,236	(195,952)	1,378,402		
Infrastructure	15,693,874	<u>-</u>	(550,192)	15,143,682		
Subtotal	20,094,672	33,236	(754,907)	19,373,001		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land Improvements	(1,068,308)	(77,688)	_	(1,145,996)		
Buildings	(632,442)	(12,049)	_	(644,491)		
Buildings and Improvements	(394,828)	(39,471)	1,460	(432,839)		
Equipment and Vehicles	(1,199,594)	(75,579)	180,195	(1,094,978)		
Infrastructure	(13,017,341)	(155,215)	55,099	(13,117,457)		
Subtotal	(16,312,513)	(360,002)	236,754	(16,435,761)		
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	3,782,159	(326,766)	(518,153)	2,937,240		
Capital Assets – Net	\$ 4,207,800	<u>\$ (317,225)</u>	\$ (542,211)	\$ 3,348,364		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General Government	\$	5,205
Public Safety		35,960
Public Works		192,072
Recreation and Culture		59,642
Internal Service	·	67,123
Total Depreciation Expense -	•	260.002
Governmental Activities	<u>s</u>	360,002

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Adjustments/ Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 48,184	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 48,184
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	123,764	-	-	123,764
Building and System	15,403,816	-	(18,965)	15,384,851
Equipment and Vehicles	774,752	30,688		805,440
Subtotal	16,302,332	30,688	(18,965)	16,314,055
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(99,590)	(1,422)	-	(101,012)
Building and System	(9,879,631)	(223,213)	17,165	(10,085,679)
Equipment and Vehicles	(589,140)	(39,011)	(2,622)	(630,773)
Subtotal	(10,568,361)	(263,646)	14,543	(10,817,464)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	5,733,971	(232,958)	(4,422)	5,496,591
Capital Assets – Net	<u>\$ 5,782,155</u>	<u>\$ (232,958)</u>	<u>\$ (4,422)</u>	\$ 5,544,775

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Business-type Activities		
Water	\$	176,520
Sewer		77,342
Farmers		9,784
Total Depreciation Expense -		
Business-type Activities	<u>\$</u>	263,646

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the discretely presented component units for the current year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances		I	ncreases	•	stments/ reases	Ending Balances		
Downtown Development Authority:						,			
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	141,256	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	141,256	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Land Improvements		153,089		-		-		153,089	
Infrastructure		409,378		-		-		409,378	
Buildings		6,451		-		-		6,451	
Equipment and Vehicles		168,909		<u>-</u>		(5,400)		163,509	
Subtotal		737,827				(5,400)		732,427	
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Land Improvements		(80,650)		(7,654)		-		(88,304)	
Infrastructure		(220,071)		(19,537)		-		(239,608)	
Buildings		(3,040)		(323)		-		(3,363)	
Equipment and Vehicles		(147,502)		(7,646)		10,914		(144,234)	
Subtotal		(451,263)		(35,160)		10,914		(475,509)	
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated		286,564		(35,160)		5,514		256,918	
Capital Assets - Net	\$	427,820	\$	(35,160)	\$	5,514	\$	398,174	

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$35,160.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Adjustments/ Decreases	Ending Balances		
Gladwin Zettel Memorial Airport: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 57,000	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 57,000		
Capital assets being depreciated: Land Improvements Buildings Equipment and Vehicles Subtotal	1,749,721 1,440,861 131,818 3,322,400	- - -	27,299 27,299	1,749,721 1,440,861 159,117 3,349,699		
Less accumulated depreciation: Land Improvements Buildings Equipment and Vehicles	(868,789) (337,089) (109,398)	(58,324) (48,029) (6,860)	(11,386) (27,299)	(927,113) (396,504) (143,557)		
Subtotal Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	(1,315,276) 2,007,124	(113,213) (113,213)	(38,685) (11,386)	(1,467,174) 1,882,525		
Intangible right-to-use assets: Leased Equipment Less accumulated amortization	\$ - -	11,151 (3,407)		11,151 (3,407)		
Net Intangible Right-to-Use Assets Capital Assets - Net	<u> </u>	7,744 \$ (105,469)	<u> </u>	7,744 \$ 1,947,269		

Depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$113,213 and \$3,407, respectively.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) moves receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

		TRANSFERS (OUT)													
			General		Major Street		Nonmajor overnmental		Sewer		Water	_	Internal Service		Total
Z	General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,500	\$	30,000	\$	18,000	\$	7,000	\$	65,500
TRANSFERS	Major Streets Local Streets		-		100,000		25,000 80,000		72,500		62,500		-		25,000 315,000
	Nonmajor				,		,		,						
 	Governmental		-		-		-		95,620		-		-		95,620
Z	Water		10,000		-		-		-		-		-		10,000
	Nonmajor Enterprise		3,700		-		-		-		-		-		3,700
	Internal Service	_	30,000	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_		_		_		_	30,000
	Total	\$	43,700	\$	100,000	\$	115,500	\$	198,120	\$	80,500	\$	7,000	\$	544,820

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

The City issues general obligation and revenue bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Bond and contractual obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds:	Beginr <u>Balan</u>	_	acreases	_Dec	ereases	 Ending Balance	V	Due Vithin ne Year
\$1,250,000 2004 Sewer Improvement Bonds due in annual installments of \$40,000 to \$95,000 through 2025, interest of 2.5% to 5.1%	\$ 350	,000 \$	-	\$	80,000	\$ 270,000	\$	85,000
\$142,000 2012 Police Renovation Bonds due in annual installments of \$7,000 to \$12,000 through 2027, interest of 3.75%	67	7,000	_		10,000	57,000		10,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued) General Obligation Bonds:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
\$82,632 2012 Police Renovation Bonds due in annual installments of \$4,000 to \$7,000 through 2027, interest of 3.75%	39,000	-	6,000	33,000	6,000
Installment Note: \$30,000 note payable for the purchase of a backhoe by the equipment fund due in annual installments of \$2,000 through 2029, interest rate of 3.5%	16,000	-	2,000	14,000	2,000
Vested Employee Benefits	72,436	89,771	73,544	88,663	
Total Governmental Long-term Debt	544,436	89,771	171,544	462,663	103,000
Business-type Activities Revenue Bonds: \$1,645,000 2010 Water Supply Bond due in annual payments of \$37,000 to \$65,000 through 2030, interest at 2.5%	552,991	-	50,000	502,991	50,000
\$355,946 2019 Water Supply Bond due in annual payments of \$13,000 to \$39,000 through 2059, interest at 2.75%	910,000	-	14,000	896,000	14,000
Vested Employee Benefits	20,004	15,443	21,806	13,641	6,717
Total Business-type Long-term Debt	1,482,995	15,443	85,806	1,412,632	70,717
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 2,027,431	<u>\$ 105,214</u>	\$ 257,350	\$ 1,875,295	<u>\$ 173,717</u>

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

	Governmental Activities Bonds/Installment Note Payable				ctivities ble			
		Principal	I	nterest		Principal	Interest	
Fiscal:		*		_				_
2023	\$	103,000	\$	15,381	\$	64,000	\$	36,589
2024		109,000		10,315		65,000		34,954
2025		116,000		4,911		70,000		33,230
2026		46,000		2,839		70,000		31,442
2027		-		_		71,000		29,655
2028-2032		-		-		323,991		120,492
2033-2037		-		-		99,000		95,755
2038-2042		-		-		113,000		81,428
2043-2047		-		-		129,000		65,038
2048-2052		-		_		148,000		46,228
2053-2057		-		-		170,000		24,750
2058-2059		<u>-</u>				76,000		3,163
TOTALS	<u>\$</u>	374,000	<u>\$</u>	33,446	<u>\$</u>	1,398,991	\$	602,724

In the governmental activities, vested benefits payable is liquidated by the General Fund. In the business-type activities the liability for vested benefits payable is liquidated by the Sewer or Water funds. The liability for vested benefits payable is considered to be due within one year for both the governmental and business-type activities due to the fact that the employees typically use more sick and vacation hours in any year than are remaining from the previous year.

In the governmental activities, net pension liability is liquidated by the General Fund.

Current and Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

On February 24, 2016, the City defeased its' Ice Arena Revenue Bonds, from the sale of the Ice Arena in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. The balance of the defeased Ice Arena Revenue Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2022, was \$595,000.

On July 26, 2007, the City defeased the 1996 Water and Sewer general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. The balance of the defeased debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022, was \$120,000. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$275,000. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$271,872.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City participates in a public entity risk (insurance) pool with other local units of government in the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool. This self-insurance plan provides members with loss protection for property damage and general liability.

The City made contributions of \$62,878 to the self-insurance plan for the year ended June 30, 2022.

When a claim is incurred and/or paid, the member's loss contribution account is charged or credited according to the member's actual loss experience; no obligation is credited for another member's losses. If contributions are in excess of actual expenses and reserves, future contributions are decreased. Should any member have more losses paid on their behalf than contributions covering such losses, credit is extended within the association joint loss fund; such a deficit is repaid by the member in future contributions.

The plan does not maintain separate funds for members and consequently the City's share of total assets and total equity is unknown. Audited financial statements of the plan are available.

NOTE 8 - LEASES

Gladwin Zettel Memorial Airport: \$7,744 has been recorded as intangible right to use lease in the Airport Fund capital assets. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, this lease for a John Deere Tractor met the criteria of a lease; thus, requiring it to be recorded by the Airport. This asset will be amortized over the lease term of three years since it is shorter than the useful life and the Airport is not taking ownership of the truck. There are no residual value guarantees in the lease provisions. The lease will end in 2024. A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the remaining lease is as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 5,870	\$ 390
2024	5,870	199

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS

The City participates in three pension plans: the Michigan Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS), a State of Michigan administered agent multi-employer defined benefit public retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for virtually all Michigan municipal employees; and a defined contribution system through the Steelworkers Pension Program and ICMA Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC).

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

The City has established various defined contribution pension plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Service Code. The plans cover all full-time City employees (except the City Administrator and Police Chief or those covered by the MERS Plan) who have passed their twenty-first birthday and have been employed by the City for more than one year. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the cost to the City was \$36,468 and contributions from covered employees were \$33,655.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

The City's policy is to fund accrued pension costs representing approximately 8% of the annual salaries of covered employees. Covered employees contribute an additional 3% of their salaries. Benefits accrue in each employee's individual account. These amounts are not available to the general creditors of the City; therefore, these assets are not reported in the City's financial statements. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Council. These plans and deviations from the above general policy are summarized as follows:

Beginning in 2002 the City established a defined contribution pension plan for the Chief of Police, Police Officers and City Administrator with MERS. The defined contribution is defined by MERS for each fiscal year, for the current fiscal year the City contributes 15.27% of gross wages and the employee, with the exclusion of the City Administrator, contributes 4.95% of gross wages to the plan. The City contributes the 4.95% of gross wages on behalf of the City Administrator. Benefits accrue in each employee's individual accounts.

Beginning in 2002, the City established a defined contribution pension for existing employees not covered by other plans. The City contributes 8% of gross wages to the ICMA-RC. Employees contribute 3% of gross wages to the plan. Benefits accrue in each employee's individual account.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Description of Plan and Plan Assets

The City is in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). The system provides the following provisions: normal retirement, deferred retirement and service retirement to plan members and their beneficiaries. The service requirement is computed using credited service at the time of termination of membership multiplies by the sum of 2.25% to 2.5% (depending on division) times the final compensation (FAC). The most recent period of which actuarial data was available was for year ended December 31, 2021.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine-member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com. The employees included in this plan are the Police and Administrative office personnel.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Contributions. The City is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City's contribution rate for its fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021 was 25.84% of annual covered payroll for police and administrative employees only. These rates equated to a total minimum monthly contribution of \$7,530. Starting July 1, 2022, the contribution rate will be 28.78% of annual covered payroll for police and administrative employees only. The City's total contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$106,193, of which \$5,312 was paid towards its unfunded liability in addition to its required contribution.

The City may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees. General employees are required to contribute 3% of their annual covered payroll; police and administrative employees contribute 4.95%. Employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$24,408.

Benefit Provisions. The chart below summarizes the benefit provisions for each of the City's two covered groups

01 - New General Admin: Open Division					
	2021 Valuation				
Benefit Multiplier:	2.25% Multiplier (80% max)				
Normal Retirement Age:	60				
Vesting:	10 Years				
Early Retirement (Unreduced):	55/25				
Early Retirement (Reduced):	50/25				
	55/15				
Final Average Compensation:	3 years				
Employee Contributions	3%				
Act 88:	Yes (Adopted 11/4/2002)				

02 - Police & Admin: Open Division					
	2021 Valuation				
Benefit Multiplier:	2.50% Multiplier (80% max)				
Normal Retirement Age:	60				
Vesting:	10 Years				
Early Retirement (Unreduced):	50/25				
Early Retirement (Reduced):	55/15				
Final Average Compensation:	3 years				
COLA for Future Years	2.5% (Non-Compound)				
Employee Contributions	4.95%				
Act 88:	Yes (Adopted 11/4/2002)				

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits (including refunds)	3
Active employees	9
	16

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% in the long-term
Investment rate of return	7.00% net of investment and
	administrative expense, including
	inflation

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 3.0% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3-4%.

Mortality rates used were based on a version of Pub-2010 and fully generational MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2014-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	60.0%	2.70%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	0.40%
Private Investments	20.0%	1.40%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25% for 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability:

	Increases (Decreases)						
		otal Pension Liability		n Fiduciary et Position	Net Pension Liability		
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	2,411,416	\$	2,006,769	\$	404,647	
Service cost		91,081		-		91,081	
Interest on total pension liability		182,725		-		182,725	
Difference between expected and actual experience		37,139		-		37,139	
Changes in assumptions		117,521		-		117,521	
Employer contributions		-		106,193		(106,193)	
Employee contributions		-		22,909		(22,909)	
Net investment income		-		285,390		(285,390)	
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(105,371)		(105,371)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(3,275)		3,275	
Other changes		(1)				(1)	
Net changes		323,094		305,846		17,248	
Balances as of December 31, 2021	\$	2,734,510	\$	2,312,615	\$	421,895	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)		
City's net pension liability	\$807,145	\$421,895	\$105,965		

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MERS financial report.

Significant changes from the previous actuarial valuation. Rate of return assumption changed 7.35% to 7.00%, net of expenses.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$132,422. The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred utflows of esources	Ir	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Difference between expected								
and actual experiences	\$	72,736	\$	25,511				
Changes of assumptions		177,731		-				
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on pension plan investments		-		166,661				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		61,139		_				
Total	\$	311,606	\$	192,172				

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows. These amounts are exclusive of the employer contributions to the plan made subsequent to the measurement date of \$61,139, which will impact the net pension liability in fiscal year 2023, rather than pension expense:

Year Ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 37,942
2024	(2,097)
2025	17,938
2026	 4,512
Total	\$ 58,295

NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURE - FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

The City is a member of the Gladwin Rural Urban Fire Protection District (the "District"). The District was established January 1, 1973 for the purpose of providing fire protection to its member local governments: the City and the Townships of Buckeye, Gladwin, Grout, Hay, Sage, and Sherman, located in Gladwin County. The City and Townships each appoint two members to the District's governing Board; this Board determines and approves the annual budget.

Approximately 79% of the District's operating revenue comes from special assessments generated by the participating governments. The City's proportionate share of these assessments, accounts for approximately 16.65% of the District's municipal assessment revenue. The following is a summary of the entity-wide financial information for the District as of December 31, 2021 (latest available audited financial statements).

NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURE - FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT (Continued)

Total assets Total liabilities	\$	1,070,722 169,827
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	900,895
Revenues Expenses	\$	436,911 451,155
Net decrease in net position	<u>\$</u>	(14,244)

The City's share of total assets and total net position is unknown. Audited financial statements of the District are available upon written request at City Hall.

NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCIES

The City receives financial assistance from other governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the City. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any financial statements herein or on the overall position of the City.

The City is subject to various legal proceedings arising in the course of providing public services to City residents. However, in the opinion of the City's attorney and management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 12 - WATER FUND - RESTRICTED CASH

	June 30, 2022								
	Required	Actual							
	Balance	Balance							
Bond Redemption and Interest Redemption									
Water Supply System Revenue Bond Series 2021	<u>\$ 15,948</u>	<u>\$ 18,000</u>							
Bond Reserves									
Water Supply System Revenue Bond Series 2021	<u>\$ 13,667</u>	<u>\$ 16,004</u>							
Repair, Replacement and Improvements									
Water Supply System Revenue Bond Series 2021	<u>\$ 77,400</u>	<u>\$ 81,614</u>							

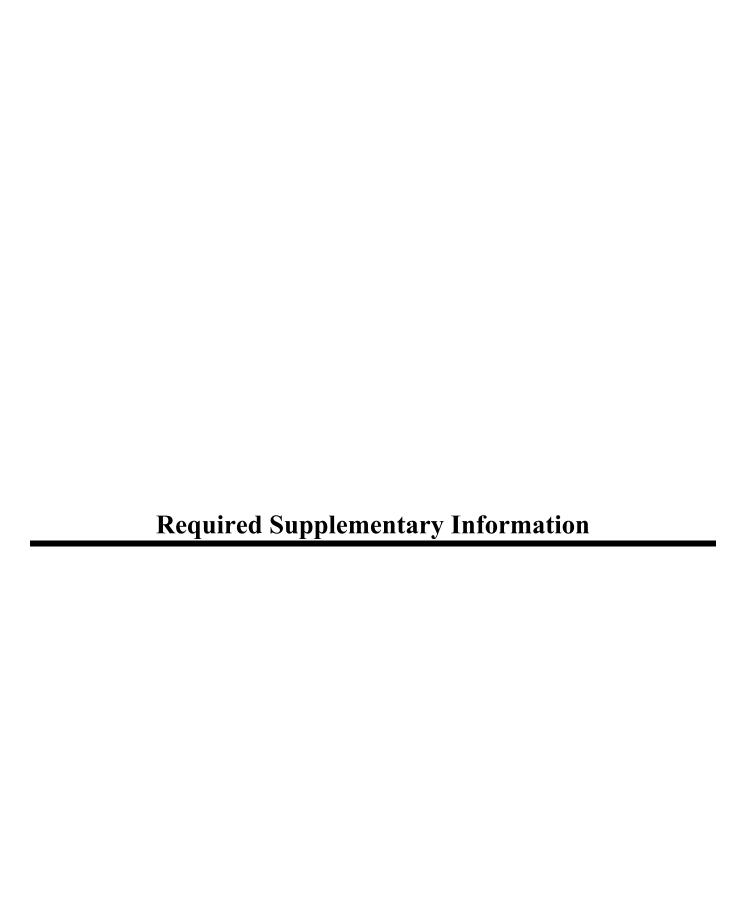
NOTE 13 - EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS:

Public Act 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. In the body of the financial statements, the City's actual expenditures were in excess of amounts appropriated as follows:

	· ·	Γotal	A	mount of	Budget
	Appro	opriations	Ex	penditures	 Variance
Local Streets Fund:		_		-	
Public Works	\$	75,641	\$	94,471	\$ (18,830)

NOTE 14 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For 2022, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2022 financial statements and had no effect on the beginning net position. The City recognized \$7,744 in net book value for the intangible right to use and a lease liability of \$11,151 for a piece of equipment leased in July 2021 and held in the Airport fund, which is a component unit of the City.



Required Supplementary Information
Defined Benefit Pension Plan (MERS)
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Position Liability and Related Ratios
For the Year Ended December 31

	2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016			2015
Total pension liability	 					 				
Service cost	\$ 91,081	\$	63,631	\$ 64,870	\$ 60,396	\$ 71,528	\$	68,119	\$	64,217
Interest	182,725		177,100	147,347	144,182	129,117		114,370		98,466
Difference between expected										
and actual experience	37,139		(35,703)	75,350	(20,454)	15,377		19,506		(2,605)
Change in assumptions	117,521		70,751	82,525	-	-		-		60,796
Benefit payments, including										
refund of member contributions	(105,371)		(103,306)	(74,795)	(24,928)	(19,359)		(19,359)		(34,831)
Other	 (1)		(7,852)	 7,756	 	 				3,077
Net change in total pension liability	323,094		164,621	303,053	159,196	196,663		182,636		189,120
Total pension liability - beginning	 2,411,416		2,246,795	 1,943,742	 1,784,546	 1,587,883		1,405,247		1,216,127
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 2,734,510	\$	2,411,416	\$ 2,246,795	\$ 1,943,742	\$ 1,784,546	\$	1,587,883	\$	1,405,247
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 106,193	\$	75,800	\$ 65,707	\$ 59,060	\$ 62,006	\$	56,290	\$	56,488
Contributions - employee	22,909		18,981	18,869	18,499	20,245		19,305		18,552
Net investment income	285,390		230,505	215,535	(65,319)	183,121		135,462		(17,468)
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of member contributions	(105,371)		(103,306)	(74,795)	(24,928)	(19,359)		(19,359)		(34,831)
Administrative expense	 (3,275)		(3,613)	 (3,719)	 (3,150)	 (2,886)		(2,668)		(2,539)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	305,846		218,367	221,597	(15,838)	243,127		189,030		20,202
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 2,006,769		1,788,402	 1,566,805	 1,582,643	 1,339,516		1,150,486		1,130,284
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 2,312,615	\$	2,006,769	\$ 1,788,402	\$ 1,566,805	\$ 1,582,643	\$	1,339,516	\$	1,150,486
City's net pension liability - ending	\$ 421,895	\$	404,647	\$ 458,393	\$ 376,937	\$ 201,903	\$	248,367	\$	254,761
Plan fiduciary net position as a										
percentage of the total pension liability	85%		83%	80%	81%	89%		84%		82%
Covered payroll	\$ 507,897	\$	389,438	\$ 396,879	\$ 388,985	\$ 463,041	\$	441,403	\$	424,911
City's net pension liability as a										
percentage of covered payroll	83%		104%	115%	97%	44%		56%		60%
			53							

Required Supplementary Information Defined Benefit Pension Plan (MERS) Schedule of Employer's Contributions For the Year Ended June 30

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 100,881	\$ 73,612	\$ 61,528	\$ 59,060	\$ 62,006	\$ 56,290	\$ 48,300	\$ 47,256	\$ 48,130	\$ 42,455
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 106,193	75,800	65,707	59,060	62,006	56,290	48,300	 47,256	48,130	42,455
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (5,312)	\$ (2,188)	\$ (4,179)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 526,906	\$ 462,925	\$ 396,879	\$ 388,985	\$ 463,041	\$ 441,403	\$ 424,911	\$ 412,300	\$ 412,300	\$ 316,574
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20%	16%	17%	15%	13%	13%	11%	11%	12%	13%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31st, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 17 years

Asset valuation method 5-years smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% plus merit and longevity

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Retirement age In the 2019 actuarial valuation, expected retirement ages of general employees were adjusted to more closely

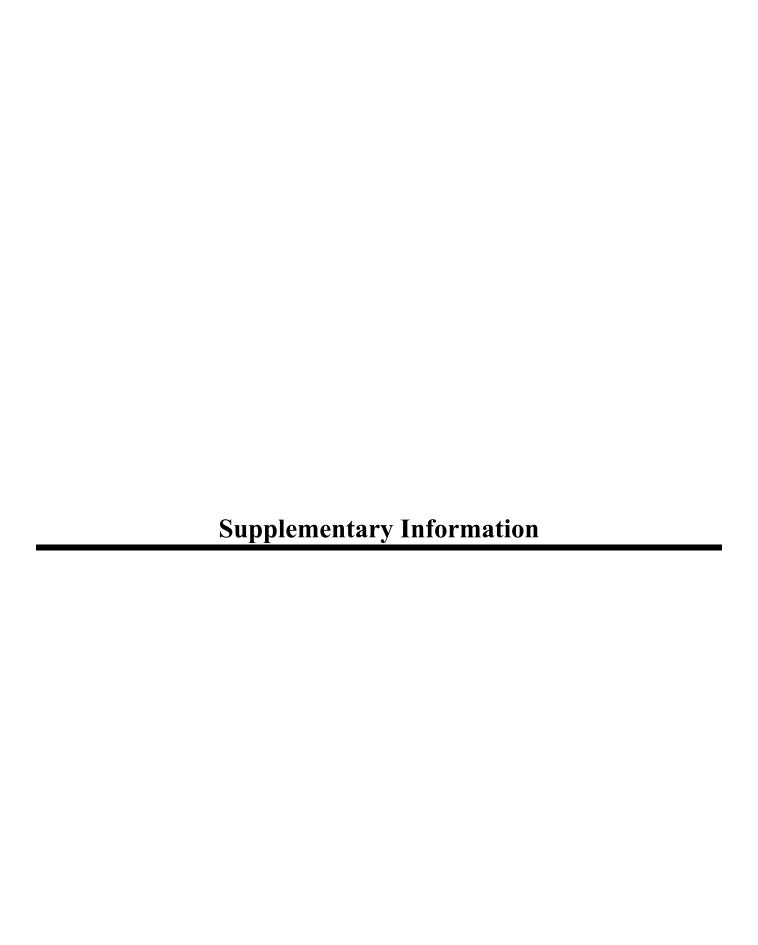
reflect actual experience.

Mortality Pub-2010 and fully generational MP-2019

Significant Changes from the Previous Actuarial Valuation:

Investment rate of return changes from 7.35% to 7.00%.

Discount rate changes from 7.60% to 7.25%



Special Revenue Funds

City Streets Fund

This fund is funded by property taxes to be used for maintenance for City Streets.

Liquor Law Enforcement Fund

This fund is funded by state revenues and is used for enforcement of liquor laws.

Drug Law Enforcement Fund

This fund is funded by forfeitures and is used for enforcement of drug laws.

Public Safety Fund

This fund is funded by property taxes to be used for wages, training, equipment, and other expenses of the police department.

Mosquito Control Fund

This fund is funded by special assessment revenue to be used for mosquito control.

Capital Project Fund

The <u>Iron Removal Plant Fund</u> was established to account for financial resources restricted for the capital outlay expenditures associated with the iron removal plant project.

Debt Service Funds

The <u>County DPW Lease</u> and <u>2004 Sewer Improvement Debt Funds</u> were established to accumulate resources for the payment of the general obligation debt issued to fund water and sewer improvements.

Permanent Fund

The <u>Cemetery Trust Fund</u> is used to account for investment principal and related interest income amounts reserved for maintenance of the community cemetery.

Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Special Revenue Funds										Capital Projects		Debt Serv	ds	P	ermanent Fund			
		City Streets		uor Law	Drug Law Enforcement		Public Safety						County DPW Lease		2004 Sewer Improvement		Cemetery Perpetual Care			Totals
ASSETS:																				
Cash and Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	211,799	\$	7,510	\$	130,815	\$	139,130	\$	1,000	\$	65,296	\$	97,725	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	223,480	\$	876,755
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	211,799	\$	7,510	\$	130,815	\$	139,130	\$	1,000	\$	65,296	\$	97,725	\$		\$	223,480	\$	876,755
LIABILITIES:																				
Accrued Liabilities	\$		\$		\$		\$	3,477	\$	1,000	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	4,477
TOTAL LIABILITIES								3,477		1,000										4,477
FUND BALANCES:																				
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		223,480		223,480
Restricted		211,799		7,510		130,815		135,653				65,296		97,725						648,798
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		211,799		7,510		130,815		135,653				65,296		97,725				223,480		872,278
TOTAL LIABILITIES	¢.	211.700	6	7.510	6	120.015	¢.	120 120	e.	1.000	e.	(5.20)	¢	07.725	e		e	222 490	¢.	07/755
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	211,799	\$	7,510	\$	130,815	\$	139,130	\$	1,000	\$	65,296	\$	97,725	\$		\$	223,480	\$	876,755

Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		S	pecial Revenue Fun	ds		Capital Projects	Debt Serv	vice Funds	Permanent Fund	_
	City Streets	Liquor Law Enforcement	Drug Law Enforcement	Public Safety	Mosquito Control	Iron Removal Plant	County DPW Lease	2004 Sewer Improvement	Cemetery Perpetual Care	Totals
REVENUES:			_				_			
Taxes	\$ 118,594	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 133,897	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 252,496
Federal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	2,500	-	-	-	2,500
State Sources	-	5,292	-	1,982	-	-	1,893	-	-	9,167
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 200	-
Other Revenues	-	-	42,800	- 20	-	- 16	- 22	-	9,200	52,000
Interest and Rents	54	2	33	30		16	23		122	280
TOTAL REVENUES	118,648	5,294	42,833	135,909		2,516	1,921		9,322	316,443
EXPENDITURES:										
Public Safety	-	_	56,249	101,923	_	_	-	-	-	158,172
Public Works	-	-	-	· -	_	2,500	-	-	-	2,500
Debt Service								95,620		95,620
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			56,249	101,923		2,500		95,620		256,292
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER										
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	118,648	5,294	(13,416)	33,986		16	1,921	(95,620)	9,322	60,151
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers In	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	95,620	-	95,620
Transfers Out	(115,500)									(115,500)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(115,500)					<u> </u>		95,620		(19,880)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,148	5,294	(13,416)	33,986	-	16	1,921	-	9,322	40,271
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR	208,651	2,216	144,231	101,667		65,280	95,804		214,158	832,007
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	\$ 211,799	\$ 7,510	\$ 130,815	\$ 135,653	\$ -	\$ 65,296	\$ 97,725	\$ -	\$ 223,480	\$ 872,278

Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule City Streets Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Final E	ce with Budget - itive
	(Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Property Taxes	\$	120,918	\$	118,594	\$	118,594	\$	=
Interest		50		50		54		4
TOTAL REVENUES		120,968		118,644		118,648		4
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER								
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		120,968		118,644		118,648		4
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers Out		(115,500)		(115,500)		(115,500)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	5,468	\$	3,144	\$	3,148	\$	4
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR						208,651		
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR					\$	211,799		

Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Liquor Law Enforcement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

							Final B	ce with Sudget -
		Budgeted	Amour	nts	Α	Actual	Pos	itive
	O	riginal		Final	Aı	nounts	(Neg	ative)
REVENUES:								
State Sources	\$	5,160	\$	5,300	\$	5,292	\$	(8)
Interest		2		2		2		
TOTAL REVENUES		5,162		5,302		5,294		(8)
EXPENDITURES:								
Public Safety		4,184						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	978	\$	5,302		5,294	\$	(8)
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR						2,216		
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR					\$	7,510		

Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Drug Law Enforcement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted Driginal	Amou	nts Final		Actual Lmounts	Final I Pos	Budget - itive gative)
REVENUES:	Original		Tillui		Timounts		(1108	<u>gative)</u>
Charges for Services	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other Revenue		56,376		42,800		42,800		-
Interest		42		32		33		1
TOTAL REVENUES		57,418		42,832		42,833		1
EXPENDITURES:								
Public Safety		58,100		56,300		56,249		51
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(682)	\$	(13,468)		(13,416)	\$	52
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR						144,231		
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR					\$	130,815		

Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Safety Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgeted	Amou			Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget - sitive
	 Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 131,811	\$	133,897	\$	133,897	\$	-
State Sources	-		1,982		1,982		-
Interest	 12		30		30		
TOTAL REVENUES	 131,823		135,909		135,909		
EXPENDITURES:							
Public Safety	 128,370		102,426		101,923		503
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,453	\$	33,483		33,986	\$	503
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR					101,667		
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR				\$	135,653		

Supplementary Information Downtown Development Authority Component Unit Statement of Balance Sheet and Net Position June 30, 2022

	De	owntown velopment authority	Ac	ljustments	Statement of Net Position		
ASSETS:							
Cash and Equivalents	\$	354,714	\$	-	\$	354,714	
Capital Assets (Not Depreciated)		-		141,256		141,256	
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		<u>-</u>		256,918		256,918	
TOTAL ASSETS		354,714		398,174		752,888	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:							
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable		120		-		120	
Accrued Liabilities		213				213	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		333				333	
Fund Balance							
Restricted for DDA		354,381					
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	354,714					
NET POSITION:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets				398,174		398,174	
Restricted for DDA						354,381	
TOTAL NET POSITION			\$	398,174	\$	752,555	

Supplementary Information
Downtown Development Authority Component Unit
Statement of Activities and Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances and Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	Downtown Development Authority Adjustr			ljustments	of activities
Property Taxes	\$	198,815	\$	-	\$ 198,815
State Sources		46,823		-	46,823
Interest and Rents		100		-	100
TOTAL REVENUES		245,738			 245,738
EXPENDITURES:					
Personnel Services		11,729		-	11,729
Supplies		1,597		-	1,597
Contractual Services		12,110		-	12,110
Repairs and Maintenance		21,467		-	21,467
Equipment Rental		3,301		-	3,301
Reimbursements		122,975		-	122,975
Other		7,130		(5,514)	1,616
Depreciation				35,160	 35,160
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		180,309		29,646	 209,955
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER					
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		65,429		(29,646)	 35,783
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		65,429		(29,646)	 35,783
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		288,952		427,820	716,772
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$	354,381	\$	398,174	\$ 752,555

Supplementary Information Economic Development Corporation Component Unit Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	Dev	onomic elopment poration	Adjı	ustments	of Position
ASSETS:		_			_
Cash and Equivalents	\$	25,088	\$		\$ 25,088
TOTAL ASSETS		25,088		-	 25,088
FUND BALANCE:					
Restricted for Economic Development		25,088		(25,088)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	25,088			
NET POSITION:					
Restricted for Economic Development				25,088	25,088
TOTAL NET POSITION			\$		\$ 25,088

Supplementary Information Economic Development Corporation Component Unit Statement of Activities and Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

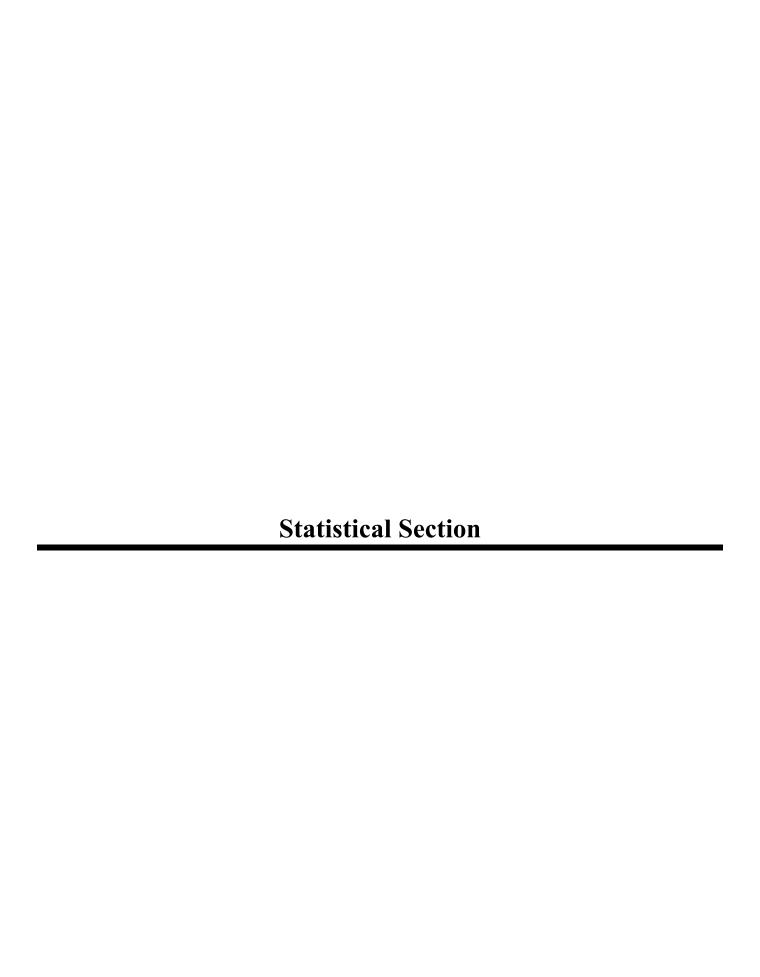
	Economic Development	Statement of			
REVENUES:	Corporation	Adjustments	Activities		
Interest and Rents	\$ 35	\$ -	\$ 35		
TOTAL REVENUES	35		35		
Change in Fund Balance/Net Position	35	-	35		
Fund Balances/Net Position at Beginning of Year	25,053		25,053		
Fund Balances/Net Position at End of Year	\$ 25,088	\$ -	\$ 25,088		

Supplementary Information Gladwin Airport Component Unit Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

ASSETS:	
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 180,013
Inventory	45,742
Right to Use Asset	7,744
Capital Assets (Not Depreciated)	57,000
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	1,882,525
TOTAL ASSETS	2,173,024
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable	2,138
Security Deposits	5,920
Lease Payable	11,151
TOTAL LIABILITIES	19,209
NET POSITION:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,939,525
Unrestricted	214,290
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,153,815

Supplementary Information Gladwin Airport Component Unit Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES:	
Charges for Services	\$ 76,544
Intergovernmental Revenue:	
County Contributions	15,000
Reimbursements from City of Gladwin	11,786
Other Revenue	13,354
Total Operating Revenues	116,684
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Supplies	80,437
Contracted Services	74,438
Insurance	6,020
Utilities	12,339
Repairs and Maintenance	3,258
Lease Amortization	3,407
Miscellaneous	3,891
Depreciation	113,213
Total Operating Expenses	297,003
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(180,319)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Federal Grants	13,000
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assetes	(11,386)
Interest and Rents	26,584
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	28,198
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(152,121)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,305,936
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,153,815



This part of the City of Gladwin's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Statistical tables differ from the financial statements because they usually cover more than one year and may present nonaccounting data. These tables reflect social and economic data, financial trends, and the fiscal capability of the City of Gladwin.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	67-71
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	72-75
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity	76-81
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic	82-83
These schedules offer demographic/economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	84-86
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These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,035,192	\$ 4,847,853	\$ 4,494,824	\$ 4,200,616	\$ 3,905,632	\$ 4,911,940	\$ 4,591,160	\$ 3,612,428	\$ 3,735,800	\$ 2,974,364
Restricted	763,776	908,424	804,228	895,527	951,465	986,397	1,313,100	1,572,924	1,833,261	2,346,504
Unrestricted	910,151	964,928	849,958	931,479	1,077,072	327,296	350,626	1,276,408	1,365,006	1,398,979
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 6,709,119	\$ 6,721,205	\$ 6,149,010	\$ 6,027,622	\$ 5,934,169	\$ 6,225,633	\$ 6,254,886	\$ 6,461,760	\$ 6,934,067	\$ 6,719,847
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,841,673	\$ 3,622,634	\$ 3,598,469	\$ 3,629,857	\$ 3,321,217	\$ 3,056,354	\$ 3,346,701	\$ 4,225,543	\$ 4,319,164	\$ 4,145,784
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,000	8,000	8,000
Unrestricted	1,589,530	1,679,455	1,510,984	858,903	1,057,430	1,007,081	1,031,114	1,284,939	1,586,321	1,669,976
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 5,431,203	\$ 5,302,089	\$ 5,109,453	\$ 4,488,760	\$ 4,378,647	\$ 4,063,435	\$ 4,377,815	\$ 5,518,482	\$ 5,913,485	\$ 5,823,760
Total governmental and business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 8,876,865	\$ 8,470,487	\$ 8,093,293	\$ 7,830,473	\$ 7,226,849	\$ 7,968,294	\$ 7,937,861	\$ 7,837,971	\$ 8,054,964	\$ 7,120,148
Restricted	763,776	908,424	804,228	895,527	951,465	986,397	1,313,100	1,580,924	1,841,261	2,354,504
Unrestricted	2,499,681	2,644,383	2,360,942	1,790,382	2,134,502	1,334,377	1,381,740	2,561,347	2,951,327	3,068,955
Total net position	\$ 12,140,322	\$ 12,023,294	\$ 11,258,463	\$ 10,516,382	\$ 10,312,816	\$ 10,289,068	\$ 10,632,701	\$ 11,980,242	\$ 12,847,552	\$ 12,543,607

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities:										
Legislative	s -	s -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 61,665	\$ 58,678	\$ 79,491	\$ 62,058	\$ 52,634	\$ -
General Government	727,658	727,355	771,476	734,990	626,632	532,058	635,799	640,094	545,573	667,227
Public Safety	610,119	588,948	570,945	577,440	649,604	583,447	698,873	621,991	681,293	779,933
Public Works	1,080,999	862,141	1,125,553	1,179,021	914,936	864,529	1,625,757	2,418,947	1,022,816	1,016,239
Health and Welfare	1,000,777	85,300	1,123,333	1,177,021	714,730	-	1,023,737	2,410,747	1,022,010	1,010,237
Recreation and Culture	200,697	196,980	300,512	195,488	202,789	282,873	204,028	177,365	239,689	258,054
Interest on long-term debt	9,940	12,984	15,992	3,705	50,716	47,250	40,991	32,469	23,959	18,735
Other Expenses),) + 0	12,704	13,772	5,705	50,710	-7,230	18,427	32,407	23,737	10,733
Total governmental activities expenses	2,629,413	2,473,708	2,784,478	2,690,644	2,506,342	2,368,835	3,303,366	3,952,924	2,565,964	2,740,188
Business-type activities:										
Ice arena	54,117	34,704	33,100	351,182	_	-	_	-	_	
Farmers' market	14,543	8,898	9,272	8,710	10,217	8,700	24,900	11,275	10,558	13,604
Sewer	446,251	452,687	529,378	553,749	529,119	547,527	488,652	532,361	520,631	604,383
Water	554,833	530,461	560,326	545,939	587,576	593,761	437,842	355,760	398,245	509,644
Total business-type activities expenses	1,069,744	1,026,750	1,132,076	1,459,580	1,126,912	1,149,988	951,394	899,396	929,434	1,127,631
Total primary government expenses	\$ 3,699,157	\$ 3,500,458	\$ 3,916,554	\$ 4,150,224	\$ 3,633,254	\$ 3,518,823	\$ 4,254,760	\$ 4,852,320	\$ 3,495,398	\$ 3,867,819
Program revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 135,422	\$ 119,286	\$ 137,548	\$ 230,851	\$ 142,545	\$ 336,491	\$ 250,116	\$ 214,820	\$ 136,429	\$ 67,589
Public safety	74,413	69,056	7,204	313	13,519	20,737	38,764	40,109	12,105	11,971
Public works	211,086	195,100	203,472	192,650	207,490	180,404	205,380	204,985	261,943	261,632
Recreation and culture	82,521	185,101	89,029	95,673	63,760	130,905	118,068	100,035	128,733	97,968
Operating grants and contributions	288,019	401,611	293,271	422,619	389,844	495,279	846,915	1,536,219	775,690	641,259
Capital grants and contributions	94,269	8,000	21,321				355,946	580,054	60,253	24,122
Total governmental activities program revenues	885,730	978,154	751,845	942,106	817,158	1,163,816	1,815,189	2,676,222	1,375,153	1,104,541
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Ice arena	3,383	3,383	3,383	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farmers' market	2,296	957	1,012	1,991	3,021	5,188	4,507	2,328	1,865	2,590
Sewer	709,393	684,688	707,246	582,683	645,928	598,635	628,179	686,651	699,659	685,002
Water	334,966	336,597	336,519	409,602	388,061	320,660	340,911	467,309	548,728	572,105
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	1,765	2,607	382,335	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	2,246	2,994	5,475	4,265				961,255	64,343	
Total business-type activities program revenues	1,052,284	1,028,619	1,053,635	998,541	1,038,775	927,090	1,355,932	2,117,543	1,314,595	1,259,697
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 1,938,014	\$ 2,006,773	\$ 1,805,480	\$ 1,940,647	\$ 1,855,933	\$ 2,090,906	\$ 3,171,121	\$ 4,793,765	\$ 2,689,748	\$ 2,364,238
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	(1,743,683)	(1,495,554)	(2,032,633)	(1,748,538)	(1,689,184)	(1,205,019)	(1,488,177)	(1,276,702)	(1,190,811)	(1,635,647)
Business-type activities	(17,460)	1,869	(78,441)	(461,039)	(88,137)	(222,898)	404,538	1,218,147	385,161	132,066
Total primary government net expense	\$ (1,761,143)	\$ (1,493,685)	\$ (2,111,074)	\$ (2,209,577)	\$ (1,777,321)	\$ (1,427,917)	\$ (1,083,639)	\$ (58,555)	\$ (805,650)	\$ (1,503,581)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General revenues and other changes in net position										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	\$ 1,073,219	\$ 1,047,186	\$ 1,034,612	\$ 1,144,657	\$ 1,048,676	\$ 1,056,871	\$ 1,066,602	\$ 1,079,810	\$ 1,257,971	\$ 1,160,475
Grants and contributions not restricted to	\$ 1,075,219	\$ 1,047,180	\$ 1,034,012	\$ 1,144,057	\$ 1,040,070	\$ 1,030,671	\$ 1,000,002	\$ 1,079,010	\$ 1,237,971	\$ 1,100,475
	279,242	289,937	343,047	293,685	304,970	314,822	324,733	308,077	367,265	411,834
specific programs										
Unrestricted investment earnings Other revenue	3,763 2,960	2,799	2,748	3,379	5,863	18,313	24,047	28,392	2,231 1,901	1,754
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	2,900	6,388	18,865	24,934	47,493	5,750	5,455	5,240	1,901	121,154
Transfers - internal activities	122.265	161 220	142 162	160 405	145 125	100 727	06 502	122 204	100 707	(538,710)
	132,365	161,330	143,163	160,495	145,125	100,727	96,593	132,394	100,797	264,920
Total governmental activities	1,491,549	1,507,640	1,542,435	1,627,150	1,552,127	1,496,483	1,517,430	1,553,913	1,730,165	1,421,427
Business-type activities:										
Grants and contributions not restricted to								27.074	00.000	46.660
specific programs	-	20.245	20.000	- 0.40	-	0.412	- 425	27,074	99,009	46,669
Unrestricted investment earnings	31,377	30,347	28,968	840	776	8,413	6,435	16,355	1,502	254
Other revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,128	628
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets			- 					-		(4,422)
Transfers - internal activities	(132,365)	(161,330)	(143,163)	(160,495)	(145,125)	(100,727)	(96,593)	(132,394)	(100,797)	(264,920)
Total business-type activities	(100,988)	(130,983)	(114,195)	(159,655)	(144,349)	(92,314)	(90,158)	(88,965)	9,842	(221,791)
Total primary government	\$ 1,390,561	\$ 1,376,657	\$ 1,428,240	\$ 1,467,495	\$ 1,407,778	\$ 1,404,169	\$ 1,427,272	\$ 1,464,948	\$ 1,740,007	\$ 1,199,636
Change in net position										
Governmental activities	\$ (252,134)	\$ 12,086	\$ (490,198)	\$ (121,388)	\$ (137,057)	\$ 291,464	\$ 29,253	\$ 277,211	\$ 539,354	\$ (214,220)
	(118,448)	(129,114)	(192,636)	(620,694)	(232,486)	(315,212)	314,380	1,129,182	395,003	(89,725)
Business-type activities		\$ (117,028)	\$ (682,834)					\$ 1,406,393	\$ 934,357	
Total primary government	\$ (370,582)	φ (117,028)	<u>\$ (08∠,834)</u>	\$ (742,082)	\$ (369,543)	\$ (23,748)	\$ 343,633	ş 1,400,393	ə 95 4 ,557	\$ (303,945)

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	 2013		2014	 2015	 2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
General Fund:	 			 					<u>.</u>								
Nonspendable	\$ 1,218	\$	626	\$ 626	\$ 626	\$	721	\$	3,446	\$	4,993	\$	2,452	\$	2,615	\$	3,254
Restricted	2,331		2,331	2,331	2,331		2,331		2,331		2,331		2,331		2,331		-
Committed	141,635		141,635	141,635	141,635		123,916		123,916		123,916		41,635		41,635		51,635
Assigned	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		100,000		-		2,331
Unassigned	784,141		923,697	843,683	985,785		951,745	1,	,154,208	1	,193,496	1,	,203,945	1,	411,032	1	1,423,390
Total General Fund	\$ 929,325	\$ 1	,068,289	\$ 988,275	\$ 1,130,377	\$ 1	,078,713	\$ 1,	,283,901	\$ 1	,324,736	\$ 1.	,350,363	\$1,	457,613	\$ 1	1,480,610
All other governmental funds:																	
Nonspendable:																	
Cemetery perpetual care	\$ 174,192	\$	180,118	\$ 183,178	\$ 188,257	\$	193,061	\$	198,589	\$	204,594	\$	208,786	\$	214,158	\$	223,480
Restricted, reported in:																	
Special revenue funds	555,872		696,943	588,162	673,676		893,764		906,215		973,014	1.	,411,892	1,	669,846	2	2,183,483
Debt service funds	31,381		29,032	30,557	31,263		55,370		80,182		84,374		89,350		95,804		97,725
Capital project funds	-		-	-	-		-		-		77,119		69,351		65,280		65,296
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 761,445	\$	906,093	\$ 801,897	\$ 893,196	\$1	,142,195	\$ 1,	,184,986	\$ 1	,339,101	\$ 1.	,779,379	\$ 2,	,045,088	\$ 2	2,569,984

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

-	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 1,073,219	\$ 1,047,186	\$ 1,034,612	\$ 1,144,657	\$ 1,048,676	\$ 1,056,871	\$ 1,066,602	\$ 1,079,810	\$ 1,257,971	\$ 1,160,475
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,400	32,576
Licenses and Permits	43,420	33,773	45,965	47,601	49,652	61,177	49,236	58,599	48,904	47,847
Intergovernmental Revenue	620,962	680,044	630,092	800,043	694,714	809,896	1,171,406	2,410,976	1,169,140	1,077,215
Charges for Services	359,893	353,080	311,431	314,067	346,984	547,895	512,705	352,814	352,758	358,737
Fines and Forfeitures	15,002	15,836	6,984	135	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and Rentals	3,573	2,786	2,736	3,359	14,463	24,063	29,502	32,132	4,336	4,169
Other Revenue	128,655	130,892	50,566	44,323	69,671	59,670	50,629	137,249	142,012	118,739
Total revenues	2,244,724	2,263,597	2,082,386	2,354,185	2,224,160	2,559,572	2,880,080	4,071,580	3,004,521	2,799,758
T 15										
Expenditures:					(1.665	50.770	70.401	(2.050	52 (24	
Legislative	-	- (40.262	-	-	61,665	58,678	79,491	62,058	52,634	- (40,500
General Government	638,246	649,362	695,822	636,345	603,964	541,441	616,860	613,463	537,042	648,509
Public Safety	593,629	558,101	539,063	543,545	595,800	528,354	647,634	573,426	624,672	725,173
Public Works Health and Welfare	740,162	523,551 85,300	776,556	821,656	569,961	494,395	802,997	2,052,754	666,513	796,555
Recreation and Culture	170 720	,	224.756	122.502	120.045	226.240	140 151	112 224	100.047	100 412
Debt Service	179,720	136,370	234,756	133,593	139,945	226,249	140,151	112,224	180,047	198,412
Principal	136,000	141,000	148,000	153,000	171,000	169,000	212,619	185,000	191,000	96,000
Interest	81,062	77,856	71,714	65,184		49,249	4,465	34,921	26,288	19,595
Capital Outlay	83,363	//,830	4,998	8,619	50,219	347,285	631,121	33,886	343,442	9,541
Total expenditures	2,452,182	2,171,540	2,470,909	2,361,942	2,192,554	2,414,651	3,135,338	3,667,732	2,621,638	2,493,785
Total expenditures	2,432,162	2,171,340	2,470,909	2,301,942	2,192,334	2,414,031	3,133,336	3,007,732	2,021,036	2,493,783
Excess of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(207,458)	92,057	(388,523)	(7,757)	31,606	144,921	(255,258)	403,848	382,883	305,973
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from the issuance of debt	1,368	_	_	_	_	_	355,946	_	_	_
Transfers in	244,786	324,614	327,413	513,658	298,625	178,427	171,593	416,594	364,936	501,120
Transfers out	(105,421)	(133,059)	(123,100)	(272,500)	(176,500)	(77,700)	(75,000)	(284,200)	(307,813)	(259,200)
Total financing sources (uses)	140,733	191,555	204,313	241,158	122,125	100,727	452,539	132,394	57,123	241,920
Total illiancing sources (uses)	140,733	171,333	204,313	241,130	122,123	100,727	432,337	132,374	37,123	241,720
Net change in fund balances	\$ (66,725)	\$ 283,612	\$ (184,210)	\$ 233,401	\$ 153,731	\$ 245,648	\$ 197,281	\$ 536,242	\$ 440,006	\$ 547,893
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	9.5%	9.5%	8.9%	9.3%	10.1%	10.6%	8.7%	6.1%	9.5%	4.7%

Governmental Activities Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended			Rea	al Property		Personal		Total Taxable	Total Direct
June 30	1	Residential	C	ommercial	Industrial	Property	Ass	essed Value	Rate
2013	\$	34,663,905	\$	24,405,200	\$ 3,601,000	\$ 7,672,996	\$	70,343,101	15.5697
2014		29,805,100		21,629,600	3,580,000	8,155,651		63,170,351	16.5017
2015		28,594,590		21,272,823	3,457,487	6,827,400		60,152,300	16.5017
2016		28,566,104		20,102,857	3,330,553	5,994,000		57,993,514	16.8107
2017		28,937,151		21,540,159	3,309,801	6,158,100		59,945,211	16.6697
2018		29,342,921		22,161,256	2,925,189	6,231,100		60,360,466	16.5205
2019		30,041,652		22,634,554	2,754,681	6,843,400		62,274,287	16.4038
2020		31,053,184		23,654,124	3,026,811	6,602,300		64,116,619	16.2845
2021		32,060,830		24,037,760	2,846,300	7,093,500		66,038,390	18.2845
2022		32,060,830		24,385,483	3,069,176	7,174,700		66,690,189	16.4762

Source: Gladwin City Assessor

Notes: Does not include Industrial or Commercial Rehabilitation Tax

Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to 50% of true cash value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of taxable value.

Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Years

					Overlapping Rates*											
	(City of Glady	vin		Gla	dwin Count	ty	Gladwin Co	mmunity S	chools			Total			
		Debt	Other	Total		Other	Total		Debt	Total	State		Direct &			
Fiscal	Operating	Service	City	City	Operating	County	County	Non-homestead	Service	School	Education	Special	Overlapping			
Year	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Tax	Districts	Rates			
• • • •		0.04.0		4			0	40.000	• 4 400	• • • • • • •						
2013	14.6457	0.9240		15.5697	4.4052	4.2465	8.6517	18.0000	2.1400	20.1400	6.0000	3.2617	53.6231			
2014	14.6457	1.8560		16.5017	4.4052	4.7500	9.1552	18.0000	2.1000	20.1000	6.0000	3.2617	55.0186			
2015	14.6457	1.8560		16.5017	4.4052	4.8600	9.2652	18.0000	2.0000	20.0000	6.0000	3.7582	55.5251			
2016	14.6457	2.1650		16.8107	4.4052	4.3600	8.7652	18.0000	2.0000	20.0000	6.0000	3.7582	55.3341			
2017	14.6457	2.0240		16.6697	4.4052	4.4600	8.8652	18.0000	2.0000	20.0000	6.0000	4.7582	56.2931			
2018	14.6457	1.8748		16.5205	4.4052	4.5600	8.9652	18.0000	2.0000	20.0000	6.0000	5.7582	57.2439			
2019	14.6457	1.7581		16.4038	4.4052	4.9600	9.3652	18.0000	1.9500	19.5000	6.0000	6.2082	57.4772			
2020	14.4845	1.8000		16.2845	4.3866	4.9410	9.3276	18.0000	1.9500	19.5000	6.0000	5.7326	56.8447			
2021	14.4845	1.8000	2.0000	18.2845	4.3866	6.4354	10.8220	18.0000	1.9500	19.9500	6.0000	4.2382	59.2947			
2022	14.4772	0.0000	1.9990	16.4762	4.3866	6.6854	11.0720	18.0000	1.9500	19.9500	6.0000	4.2382	57.7364			

^{*}Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners with the City of Gladwin. In the City of Gladwin all overlapping rates apply to all property owners in the City.

Source: Gladwin County Apportionment Report

Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2022					2012			
Taxpayer	Type of Business		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value	
Consumers Energy	Utility	\$	3,919,200	1	5.9	\$	2,461,064	1	3.4	
M-61 Limited Partnership Ltd	Health Care		1,206,615	2	1.8		1,243,200	4	1.7	
Ashcraft Gladwin LLC	Retail		1,160,537	3	1.7		959,400	5	1.3	
Gladwin Pines Property Holdings	Health Care		1,081,129	4	1.6					
Riverwalk Place, LLC	Commercial/Residential		1,072,084	5	1.6		686,600	10	1.0	
Jasco Properties, LLC	Manufacturing		881,861	6	1.3		911,700	6	1.3	
CL Realty Gladwin LLC	Real Estate Leasing		860,900	7	1.3					
DeShano, Gary & Florence	Construction						1,310,900	3	1.8	
D&W Fine Pack Acquisition LLC	Manufacturing		837,219	8	1.3					
Gladwin Holdings, LLC	Commercial Development		749,049	9	1.1					
Gladwin Adult Care, LLC	Assisted Living		739,351	10	1.1					
Oberloier Properties LLC	Manufacturing						1,715,300	2	2.4	
Packaging Direct	Manufacturing						853,900	7	1.2	
Pamida Seven LLC	Retail						846,400	8	1.2	
Gladwin Plaza East LLC	Commercial Development						701,600	9	1.0	
		\$	12,507,945		18.8	\$	11,690,064	=	16.3	

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

			Collected w	ithin the					Percent
	Fiscal Year	Total Tax	Fiscal Year of	f the Levy	Collections	Total Collecti	ons to Date	Outstanding	Delinquent
Tax Roll	Ended	Levy for		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage	Delinquent	Taxes to
Year	June 30	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy	Taxes	Tax Levy
2012	2013	\$ 1,029,769	\$ 1,028,661	99.89%	-	\$ 1,028,661	99.89%	1,108	0.108%
2013	2014	1,010,050	973,492	96.38%	-	973,492	96.38%	40,493	4.009%
2014	2015	1,009,934	950,853	94.15%	-	950,853	94.15%	59,081	5.850%
2015	2016	995,039	949,467	95.42%	-	949,467	95.42%	45,573	4.580%
2016	2017	880,613	829,201	94.16%	-	829,201	94.16%	46,330	5.261%
2017	2018	984,509	938,215	95.30%	-	938,215	95.30%	46,277	4.701%
2018	2019	999,743	964,244	96.45%	-	964,244	96.45%	35,499	3.551%
2019	2020	1,024,201	994,184	97.07%	-	994,184	97.07%	30,017	2.931%
2020	2021	1,176,918	1,136,858	96.60%	-	1,136,858	96.60%	40,060	3.404%
2021	2022	1,092,209	1,061,611	97.20%	-	1,061,611	97.20%	30,599	2.802%

Source: City Treasurer

Note: Does not include administration fees

		Government	al Activ	rities	Business-Type Activities								
		General		_	Wat	ter	1	Arena	Wat	er Supply		Total	
Fiscal	C	Obligation	Inst	allment	Sup	ply	R	evenue	R	evenue]	Primary	Per
 Year		Bonds	Pu	rchase	GO B	onds	Bonds			Bonds	Go	vernment	Capita
2013	\$	1,780,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	926,196	\$	902,991	\$	3,609,187	1,265
2014		1,639,000		30,000		_		877,996		862,991		3,409,987	1,156
2015		1,491,000		28,000		_		829,796		822,991		3,171,787	1,081
2016		1,351,000		26,000		-		_		782,991		2,159,991	736
2017		1,175,000		24,000		-		_		737,991		1,936,991	660
2018		1,068,000		22,000		-		_		692,991		1,782,991	608
2019		832,000		20,000		-		-		983,937		1,835,937	626
2020		647,000		18,000		-		-		1,525,991		2,190,991	736
2021		456,000		16,000		-		_		1,462,991		1,934,991	653
2022		360,000		14,000		-		-		1,398,991		1,772,991	615

Note: Does not include bonds issued by component units (specifically the Downtown Development Authority).

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 42.

Data is not available for the total debt outstanding expressed as a percentage of personal income.

Population data can be found in the table of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 82.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	O	General bligation onds (1)	Availa	Amounts ble in Debt e Fund (2)	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Per Total Property (3) Capita (4)					
2013	\$	1,780,000	\$	31,161	\$ 1,748,839	2.65%	593				
2014		1,639,000		28,776	1,610,224	2.49%	549				
2015		1,491,000		29,665	1,461,335	2.43%	498				
2016		1,351,000		29,836	1,321,164	2.28%	450				
2017		1,175,000		53,734	1,121,266	1.87%	382				
2018		1,068,000		74,854	993,146	1.65%	339				
2019		832,000		80,066	751,934	1.21%	256				
2020		647,000		85,801	561,199	0.88%	191				
2021		456,000		95,804	360,196	0.55%	125				
2022		360,000		97,725	262,275	0.39%	91				

Note:

- (1) This is the general bonded debt of both governmental and business-type activities, net of original issuance discounts and premiums.
- (2) This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments.
- (3) See the Schedule of Assessed Value of Taxable Property on page 72 for property value data.
- (4) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 82.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2022

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City	C :	ity's Share of Debt
Gladwin Community Schools	\$ 5,734,311	11.00%	\$	630,774
City of Gladwin Direct Debt General Obligation Bonds Equipment Fund notes payable Total City of Gladwin Direct Debt	360,000 14,000	100.00% 100.00%		360,000 14,000 374,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$	1,004,774

Sources: Debt outstanding data provided by the Gladwin Community School District.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Gladwin. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and business should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each

Legal Debt Margin Information June 30, 2022

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Debt limit	\$ 7,011,697	\$ 7,034,310	\$ 6,317,035	\$ 6,015,230	\$ 5,799,351	\$ 5,994,521	\$ 6,036,047	\$ 6,227,429	\$ 6,433,642	\$ 6,603,839
Outstanding indebtedness at June 30	145,636	183,839	203,467	274,649	174,164	135,266	98,146	76,934	54,199	26,196
Legal debt margin	\$ 6,866,061	\$ 6,850,471	\$ 6,113,568	\$ 5,740,581	\$ 5,625,187	\$ 5,859,255	\$ 5,937,901	\$ 6,150,495	\$ 6,379,443	\$ 6,577,643
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	2.08%	2.61%	3.22%	4.57%	3.00%	2.26%	1.63%	1.24%	0.84%	0.40%
Percentage of net debt contracting margin available	97.92%	97.39%	96.78%	95.43%	97.00%	97.74%	98.37%	98.76%	99.16%	99.60%

Note: Outstanding indebtedness at June 30 excluded debt with dedicated funding sources.

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2022

	2022
Total assessed value	\$ 66,690,189
Debt limit (10% of total assessed value)	\$ 6,669,019
Debt applicable to limit:	
Total bonded debt, end of year from page 76	1,772,991
Less: assets available for debt service from page 77	(97,725)
Less: bonds with dedicated funding source	(1,668,991)
Total net debt applicable to limit	6,275
Legal debt margin for fiscal year 2022	\$ 6,662,744
Legal debt margin / legal debt limit	99.91%

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

_		Id	ee Arena Reve	nue Bonds		Water Supply System Revenue Bonds							
_	Ice	Less:	Net				Water	Less:	Net				
Fiscal	Arena	Operating	Available	D	ebt Service		Charges &	Operating	Available	D	ebt Service		
Year	Rental	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Other	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	
2013	\$ 73,944	\$ 14,349	\$ 59,595	\$ 50,000	\$ 23,944	0.81	\$ 334,966	\$ 526,644	\$ (191,678)	\$ 40,000	\$ 22,575	(3.06)	
2014	80,622	2,491	78,131	50,000	29,182	0.99	336,597	514,295	(177,698)	40,000	21,824	(2.87)	
2015	79,413	2,387	77,026	50,000	27,985	0.99	336,522	644,470	(307,948)	40,000	20,826	(5.06)	
2016	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	409,602	524,243	(114,641)	45,000	19,825	(1.77)	
2017	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	388,061	564,997	(176,936)	45,000	19,013	(2.76)	
2018	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	320,660	571,240	(250,580)	45,000	17,324	(4.02)	
2019	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	340,911	417,512	(76,601)	45,000	20,330	(1.17)	
2020	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	467,309	333,125	134,184	58,000	22,635	1.66	
2021	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	558,728	359,746	198,982	53,000	38,499	2.17	
2022	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	572,105	465,907	106,198	64,000	43,737	0.99	

Note: Ice Arena Bonds were issued June 24, 1999, with first principal payment in fiscal 2007; they were refunded on August 8, 2012 and defeased in September 2015. (See page 44 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for a detailed explanation)

Water Supply System Bonds were issued January 22, 2010, with first interest payment in fiscal 2011 and first principal payment in fiscal 2012 and February 11, 2019 with first interest payment in fiscal 2019 and first principal payment in fiscal 2020.

Annual Debt Service Requirements June 30, 2022

Business Type Activities

-											business Type Activities								
<u>-</u>	2004 Sewer Improvement Bonds			2012 Police Renovation Bonds			2012 Police Renovation Bonds			2010 Water Supply System Revenue Bond			2019 Water Water Supply System Revenue Bond						
For Year Ended																			Total
June 30	Principal	- —	Interest	Principa		_	nterest	rincipal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	quirements
2023	\$ 85,000	\$	11,515		000	\$	2,138	\$ 6,000	\$	1,238	\$	50,000	\$	11,950	\$	14,000	\$	24,640	\$ 216,481
2024	90,000		7,118	11,			1,763	6,000		1,014		50,000		10,700		15,000		24,255	216,850
2025	95,000		2,423	12,0			1,350	7,000		788		55,000		9,387		15,000		23,843	221,791
2026	-		-	12,0			900	7,000		526		55,000		8,012		15,000		23,430	121,868
2027	-		-	12,	000		450	7,000		263		55,000		6,637		16,000		23,018	120,368
2028	-		-		-		-	-		-		55,000		5,262		16,000		22,578	98,840
2029	-		-		-		-	-		-		60,000		3,825		17,000		22,138	102,963
2030	-		-		-		-	-		-		60,000		2,325		17,000		21,670	100,995
2031	-		-		-		-	-		-		62,991		781		18,000		21,203	102,975
2032	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		18,000		20,708	38,708
2033	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		19,000		20,213	39,213
2034	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		19,000		19,690	38,690
2035	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		20,000		19,168	39,168
2036	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		20,000		18,618	38,618
2037	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		21,000		18,068	39,068
2038	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		21,000		17,490	38,490
2039	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		22,000		16,913	38,913
2040	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		23,000		16,308	39,308
2041	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		23,000		15,675	38,675
2042	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		24,000		15,043	39,043
2043	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		24,000		14,383	38,383
2044	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		25,000		13,723	38,723
2045	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		26,000		13,035	39,035
2046	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		27,000		12,320	39,320
2047	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		27,000		11,578	38,578
2048	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		_		28,000		10,835	38,835
2049	-		-		_		_	-		_		_		-		29,000		10,065	39,065
2050	-		-		_		_	-		_		_		-		30,000		9,268	39,268
2051	-		_		_		_	_		_		_		_		30,000		8,443	38,443
2052	-		_		_		-	_		_		_		-		31,000		7,618	38,618
2053	-		_		_		_	-		_		_		-		32,000		6,765	38,765
2054	-		_		_		_	-		_		_		-		33,000		5,885	38,885
2055	-		_		_		_	-		_		_		-		34,000		4,978	38,978
2056	-		_		_		_	-		_		_		-		35,000		4,043	39,043
2057	-		_		_		_	-		_		_		-		36,000		3,080	39,080
2058	-		_		_		_	_		_		_		_		37,000		2,090	39,090
2059	-		_		_		_	_		_		_		-		39,000		1,064	40,064
	\$ 270,000	\$	21,056	\$ 57,0	000	\$	6,601	\$ 33,000	\$	3,829	\$	502,991	\$	58,879	\$	896,000	\$	543,842	\$ 2,393,198

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Education		
	Personal	Per		Level in		
	Income	Capita		Years of		
cal	(amounts expressed	Personal	Median	Formal	School	Unemployment
ar Population	in thousands)	Income	Age	Schooling	Enrollment	Rate
2.050	,	,	,	,	,	1
,			n/a	n/a		n/a
14 2,933	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
15 2,933	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
16 2,933	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
17 2,933	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
18 2,933	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
19 2,933	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
20 2,884	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
2,884	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
22 2,884	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Population 13	Income (amounts expressed in thousands)	Income Capita Personal Income Income	Income Capita Age Capita Age Capita Age Capita C	Personal Per Capita Years of Capita Per Capita Years of Personal Median Formal Median Formal Median Schooling Personal Median Formal Median Population Income Age Schooling Personal Median Formal Median Formal Median Formal Median Formal Median Formal Median N/a N/a	Personal Per Capita Years of Capita Per Capita Years of Years of Personal Median Formal School Population Intousands) Income Age Schooling Enrollment

The population for 2012 through 2013 is based on the 2010 U.S. Census. Information is no longer available for cities of our size.

The population for 2014 through 2019 is estimated based on available information.

The population for 2020 through 2022 is based on the 2019 U.S. Census. Information is no longer available for cities of our size.

Population demographic information is no longer available for cities of our size.

Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2022		2013				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment		
Saint-Gobain Performance Plastics	385	1	n/a	*				
Brown Machine Group	240	2	n/a	*				
Gladwin School District	225	3	n/a	235	1	n/a		
Mid Michigan Medical Center	180	4	n/a	200	2	n/a		
Gladwin Pines Nursing & Rehab Center	141	5	n/a	108	4	n/a		
Loose Plastics	115	6	n/a	44	9	n/a		
County of Gladwin	114	7	n/a	120	3	n/a		
East Jordan Plastics	100	8	n/a	*				
Beaverton Schools	94	9	n/a	*				
Roll-Rite	85	10	n/a	*				
Gladwin City Housing Commission	**			50	8	n/a		
D&W Fine Pack	**			65	5	n/a		
Family Fare Supermarkets	**			63	6	n/a		
McDonald's Restaurant	**			60	7	n/a		
City of Gladwin	**			*				
Chemical Bank	**			40	10	n/a		

^{*} Not a top 10 employer for 2022

Source: Gladwin County Chamber of Commerce

^{**} Not one of the top employers for 2013

City of Gladwin, Michigan

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employee by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General government Public safety: Police:	6.0	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Officers	0.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	(5	7.0	(5	7.0	7.5
	8.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	6.5	7.0	6.5	7.0	7.5
Civilians	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.5
Highways and streets:										
Engineering										
Maintenance	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0
Recreation & culture	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.0	3.5
Water	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0
Sewer	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Total	22.5	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.5	20.5	22.5	22.0	23.0	25.5

Source: City of Gladwin governmental departments

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Dalias										
Police										
Arrests and Apprehensions	425	309	399	374	421	218	263	445	258	255
Complaints	791	675	715	583	590	574	660	399	359	491
Traffic Citations	610	545	470	392	433	312	n/a	359	416	405
Recreation & culture										
Campers admitted	2,865	3,213	4,359	4,699	4,503	4,106	3,800	653	2,115	2,456
Day use passes issued	1,268	1,893	2,109	2,290	2,530	3,090	2,145	1,851	1,635	2,120
Water										
New connections	-	-	2	-	1	3	4	2	12	4
Water main breaks	2	4	5	2	1	1	-	-	3	1
Average daily consumption	342	346	317	342	300	300	232	310	310	310
(thousands of gallons)										
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment	520	520	550	640	750	550	710	620	650	520
(thousands of gallons)										

Sources: City of Gladwin government departments

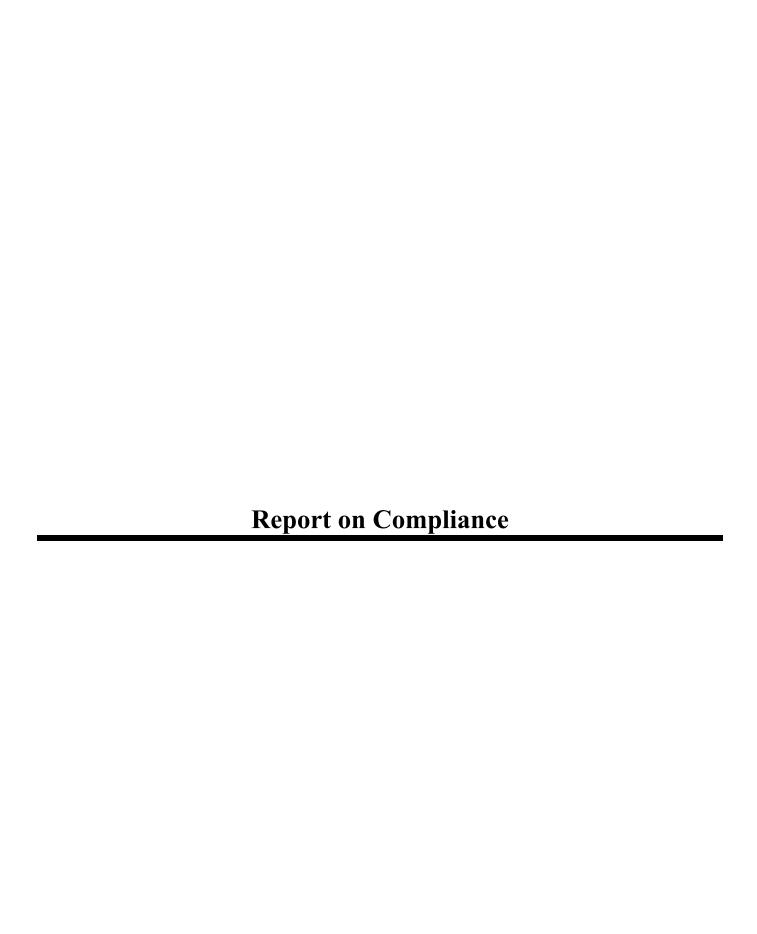
Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3
Streets & highways										
Streets (miles)	25.6	25.6	25.6	25.6	25.6	25.6	25.6	25.6	25.6	25.6
Traffic signals	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Recreation & culture										
Parks acreage	48.45	48.45	48.45	48.45	48.45	48.45	48.45	48.45	48.45	48.45
Parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Community centers	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Water										
Water mains (miles)	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3
Fire hydrants	226	226	228	228	228	228	228	228	228	228
Maximum daily capacity (gal)	1,656,000	1,656,000	1,656,000	1,656,000	1,656,000	1,656,000	1,656,000	1,656,000	1,656,000	1,656,000
Average daily consumption (gal)	342,000	346,000	317,000	317,000	317,000	317,000	317,000	310,000	310,000	409,075
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Storm sewers (miles)	7.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6
Maximum daily capacity (gal)	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000
Average daily treatment (gal)	520,000	520,000	550,000	550,000	550,000	550,000	710,000	620,000	650,000	520,000

Sources: City of Gladwin government departments

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Gladwin Gladwin, MI 49660

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gladwin, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Gladwin, Michigan's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 28, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Gladwin, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Gladwin, Michigan's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Gladwin, Michigan's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

To the City Council City of Gladwin

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist there were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Gladwin, Michigan's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-001.

City of Gladwin, Michigan's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Gladwin, Michigan's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City of Gladwin, Michigan's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

> Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC **Certified Public Accountants**

anderson Jackmen Co. P. C.

Kincheloe, Michigan

November 28, 2022

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Significant Deficiencies – Noncompliance with State Statutes

Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

Finding 2022-001

Condition: Our examination indicated instances of noncompliance with the provisions of Public Act 2 of 1968, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act.

The City's 2022 General Appropriations Act (budget) provided for expenditures of the following funds to be controlled to the activity level. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, expenditures were incurred in excess of amounts appropriated in the amended budgets.

Criteria: The expenditures of funds in excess of appropriations are contrary to the provisions of Public Act 2 of 1968, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City incurred expenditures in one budgetary fund, which was in excess of the amount appropriated as follows:

	•	Γotal	A	mount of	Budget
	Appr	<u>Appropriations</u>		<u>penditures</u>	 Variance
Local Streets Fund:		-			
Public Works	\$	75,641	\$	94,471	\$ (18,830)

Cause: The City had a road project scheduled for July 2022, which is how the related expenditures were budgeted. The contractors for the project started the project on June 30, 2022 causing such expenditures to be charged to the 2021-2022 fiscal year instead of the 2022-2023 fiscal year as it had been originally planned.

Effect: The City has not complied with State Statutes.

Recommendation: The City should follow the State Law that requires City Governmental Funds have budgets for its funds approved before the fiscal year commences.

Management's Response – Corrective Action Plan: Management does monitor budgets closely and perform budget amendments on a timely basis. We will work to implement budget amendments as soon as information becomes available to us; however, because the budgets lapse at year end amendments can only be made as information becomes available.

• Contact Person(s) Responsible for Correction: Angela Bigham, Treasurer



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COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

To the City Council City of Gladwin Gladwin, MI 48624

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gladwin, Michigan for the year ended June 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information to you in our letter to you dated September 9, 2022. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information about our audit.

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and Government Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated September 9, 2022, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Generally accepted accounting principles provide for certain required supplementary information (RSI) to supplement the basic financial statements. Our responsibility with respect to the management's discussion and analysis and defined benefit pension plan (MERS), which supplement(s) the basic financial statements, is to apply certain limited procedures in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. However, the RSI will not be audited and, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance, we will not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Gladwin, Michigan's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions is not an objective of our audit. While our audit will provide a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on the City of Gladwin, Michigan's compliance with those requirements.

To the City Council City of Gladwin Page 2

We have been engaged to report on combining fund financial statements, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Our responsibility for this supplementary information, as described by professional standards, is to evaluate the presentation of the supplementary information in relation to the financial statements as a whole and to report on whether the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

We have not been engaged to report on the statistical section, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Our responsibility with respect to this other information in documents containing the audited financial statements and auditor's report does not extend beyond the financial information identified in the report. We have no responsibility for determining whether this other information is properly stated. This other information will not be audited and we will not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our letter about planning matters on September 9, 2022.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Gladwin, Michigan are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 12 to the financial statements, the City of Gladwin, Michigan changed accounting policies related to leases by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) No. 87, *Leases* in 2022. The application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the depreciation expense is based on estimated lives. We evaluated the key
 factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the
 financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the accrued vested employee benefits is based on current hourly rates and policies regarding payment of sick and vacation banks. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimates for pension benefits were based on various assumptions regarding life
 expectancies, inflation, premium increases, and investment rates. We evaluated the key factors and
 assumptions used to develop the estimate in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial
 statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent and clear.

To the City Council City of Gladwin Page 3

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreement with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 28, 2022.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Comments and Recommendations

The following is a summary of our observations with suggestions for improvements we believe should be brought to your attention. We noted no material matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and compliance, as reported in a separate letter in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> of the basic financial statement audit report.

State of Michigan Chart of Accounts (Prior Year)

It was noted in our review of the general ledger that the City currently has multiple items that are not in compliance with the State of Michigan's chart of accounts. We recommend that the City review their ledger and the state chart of accounts and make changes necessary to ensure compliance with state statute.

Status: Corrected.

New Pronouncements

The GASB has issued the following statements and implementation guides:

- 1. Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends December 31, 2022.
- 2. Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2023.
- 3. Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2023.

Earlier application of these statements is encouraged. For the original pronouncements and the implementation guides, please visit the GASB's website, www.gasb.org.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and defined benefit pension plan (MERS), which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquires of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and our knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the combining fund financial statements, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquires of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Mayor, City Council and management of the City of Gladwin, Michigan and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to express our appreciation, as well as that of our staff for the excellent cooperation we received while performing the audit. If we can be of any further assistance, please contact us.

> Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC **Certified Public Accountants**

anderson Jackmen Co. P. C.

Kincheloe, Michigan

November 28, 2022