AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF

FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year Ended June 30, 2020

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

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PUTMAN & HANCOCK

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Mayor and Aldermen City of Fayetteville Fayetteville, Tennessee

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the School General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 11, the pension information on pages 87 through 93 and the OPEB information on pages 94 through 97 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's basic financial statements. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2020 on our consideration of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Putman & Hancock, CPAs

Fayetteville, Tennessee November 18, 2020

City of Fayetteville

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended June 30, 2020

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's (the City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information that we have furnished in the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. For governmental activities, the fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the City using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure.

In the statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we separate the City activities as follows:

Governmental Activities

Most of the City's basic services are reported in this category, including the general government (includes administration, codes enforcement, zoning, and planning), public safety (includes fire, police, and emergency communications), recreation, highways and streets, housing and community development, garage, and education. Property taxes, in lieu payments, sales taxes, alcoholic beverage taxes, franchise fees, state and federal grants, business taxes, and fines finance most of these activities.

Business-Type Activities

The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the costs of certain services it provides. The City's sanitation, natural gas, electric, water and sewer, and telecommunications activities are reported in this category.

REPORT ON THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, or other money. The City's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed shorter-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are explained in reconciliations included in the fund financial statements section.

Proprietary Funds

When the City charges customers for services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the Government –Wide Financial Statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The analysis below focuses on the net position of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

	Governmen	ntal .	Activities	Business-t	уре .	Activities	Total Prima	ry Go	overnment
	2020		2019	2020		2019	2020		2019
Current and other assets	\$ 27,135,367	\$	29,525,910	\$ 46,222,180	\$	45,889,155	\$ 73,357,547	\$	75,415,065
Capital assets	 29,979,676		26,938,585	 123,997,257		120,968,487	153,976,933		147,907,072
Total assets	57,115,043		56,464,495	170,219,437		166,857,642	227,334,480		223,322,137
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,231,732		3,310,097	457,946		519,716	3,689,678		3,829,813
Long-term liabilities outstanding	10,932,686		11,717,702	44,784,902		46,160,444	55,717,588		57,878,146
Other liabilities	1,717,560		1,448,880	7,685,568		7,883,587	9,403,128		9,332,467
Total liabilities	12,650,246		13,166,582	52,470,470		54,044,031	65,120,716		67,210,613
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,675,697		4,858,010	-		-	5,675,697		4,858,010
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	21,758,287		18,066,141	82,278,304		77,766,418	104,036,591		95,832,559
Restricted	10,922,168		12,819,761	3,193,388		3,200,315	14,115,556		16,020,076
Unrestricted	9,340,377		10,864,098	 32,735,221		32,366,594	 42,075,598		43,230,692
Total net position	\$ 42,020,832	\$	41,750,000	\$ 118,206,913	\$	113,333,327	\$ 160,227,745	\$	155,083,327

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased 0.65 percent in the fiscal year 2020. Net position of the City's business-type activities increased 4.30 percent in the fiscal year 2020.

The analysis below focuses on the changes in net position of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

		Governmen	ntal	Activities	Business-ty	ype	Activities	Total Primar	y Go	vernment
		2020		2019	<u>2020</u>		2019	<u>2020</u>		2019
Revenues										
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	652,668	\$	802,372	\$ 64,661,331	\$	67,072,796 \$	65,313,999	\$	67,875,168
Operating grants and contributions		10,991,645		10,964,049	-		-	10,991,645		10,964,049
Capital grants and contributions		815,863		9,220,373	584,158		492,378	1,400,021		9,712,751
General revenues:										
Property taxes		4,109,196		4,135,157	-		-	4,109,196		4,135,157
Other taxes		6,254,271		6,182,722	-		-	6,254,271		6,182,722
Other general revenues		349,303		237,334	379,695		157,526	728,998		394,860
Total revenues		23,172,946		31,542,007	 65,625,184		67,722,700	88,798,130		99,264,707
Program Expenses:										
General government		1,452,359		1,155,431	-		-	1,452,359		1,155,431
Public safety		5,277,358		4,925,772	-		-	5,277,358		4,925,772
Recreation		802,899		826,505	-		-	802,899		826,505
Highways and streets		1,495,716		1,729,722	-		-	1,495,716		1,729,722
Sanitation		-		-	547,611		469,019	547,611		469,019
Housing and community developm	en	929,582		863,532	-		-	929,582		863,532
Garage		200,461		162,939	-		-	200,461		162,939
Education		14,302,239		13,346,050	-		-	14,302,239		13,346,050
Debt issuance costs		-		-	-		-	-		-
Interest on long-term debt		236,253		241,254	-		-	236,253		241,254
Electric, telecom, water and gas		-		-	58,409,234		59,850,111	58,409,234		59,850,111
Total expenses		24,696,867		23,251,205	 58,956,845		60,319,130	83,653,712		83,570,335
Excess (deficiency) before transfers		(1,523,921)		8,290,802	6,668,339		7,403,570	5,144,418		15,694,372
Transfers		1,794,753		1,751,154	(1,794,753)		(1,751,154)			-
Increase in net position	\$	270,832	\$	10,041,956	\$ 4,873,586	\$	5,652,416 \$	5,144,418	\$	15,694,372

The City's total revenues decreased 10.54 percent from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 to the fiscal year June 30, 2020, while total expenses increased 0.10 percent.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

The following is an analysis of balances in the City's major individual funds.

Governmental Activities

The information below details the costs and net expenditures (expenditures less program revenues) of the City's governmental activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The net costs show the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions before general revenues by source listed below.

Total Costs and Net Expenditures By Function

		Total Costs of	f Sei	rvices	Net Costs	of S	ervices
		2020		2019	2020		2019
General government	\$	1,452,359	\$	1,155,431	\$ 584,153	\$	267,870
Public safety		5,277,358		4,925,772	4,506,488		4,189,067
Recreation		802,899		826,505	549,976		746,522
Highways and street		1,495,716		1,729,722	1,228,428		1,456,295
Housing and community developme	ent	929,582		863,532	929,582		863,532
Garage		200,461		162,939	200,461		162,939
Education		14,302,239		13,346,050	4,001,350		(5,663,068)
Interest on long-term debt		236,253		241,254	 236,253		241,254
Total Net Expenditures	\$	24,696,867	\$	23,251,205	\$ 12,236,691	\$	2,264,411

The information below details general revenues of the City's governmental activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. These revenues are required to cover the net cost of services listed above.

Revenues by Source

	2020	2019
Property taxes	\$ 4,109,196	\$ 4,135,157
In lieu of taxes	490,877	509,150
Sales taxes	3,820,379	3,723,120
Alcoholic beverage taxes	590,348	554,834
Other local taxes	480,952	493,041
Other state taxes	871,715	902,577
Other	118,486	115,968
Unrestricted investment earnings	185,697	126,263
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	45,120	(4,897)
Transfers	1,794,753	 1,751,154
Total General Revenues and Transfers	\$ 12,507,523	\$ 12,306,367

Proprietary Funds

The City's major proprietary funds consist of the natural gas, electric, water and sewer, and telecommunications services provided to the residents of Fayetteville and Lincoln County and sanitation services provided to the residents of Fayetteville. The basic financial statements for the major funds are included in this report.

Because the focus on proprietary funds is a cost of service measurement or capital maintenance, we have included these funds in the table below, which demonstrates return on ending assets and return on ending net position.

	Gas	Electric	Water	Telecom	Sanitation	Total
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020						
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Net Position Change in Net Position	\$ 23,835,115 \$ \$ 21,190,651 687,522	89,312,821 69,991,567 3,671,612	\$ 52,636,565 22,657,846 (22,559)	\$ 4,180,055 3,701,042 641,424	\$ 777,992 \\ 665,807 (104,413)	\$ 170,742,548 118,206,913 4,873,586
Return on Ending Total Assets Return on Ending Net Position	2.88% 3.24%	4.11% 5.25%	-0.04% -0.10%	15.34% 17.33%	-13.42% -15.68%	2.85% 4.12%
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019						
Total Assets and Deferred						
Outflows of Resources Net Position Change in Net Position	\$ 24,131,160 \$ 20,503,129 974,642	85,763,890 66,319,955 3,810,424	\$ 52,542,313 22,680,405 124,521	\$ 4,072,052 3,059,618 774,089	\$ 1,023,654 770,220 (31,260)	\$ 167,533,069 113,333,327 5,652,416
Return on Ending Total Assets Return on Ending Net Position	4.04% 4.75%	4.44% 5.75%	0.24% 0.55%	19.01% 25.30%	-3.05% -4.06%	3.37% 4.99%

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2020, the City has \$154 million invested in capital assets (after depreciation) including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, street and sanitation equipment, roads, bridges and other infrastructure, and water, sewer, gas, electric, telecommunication lines and equipment. This represents a net increase of \$6,069,861 or 4.10 percent, over last year.

The following is a summary of capital assets for fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, for governmental and business-type activities.

	Governme	ntal A	Activities	Business-t	ype	Activities	Total Primary Government				
	2020		2019	2020		2019	2020		2019		
Land	\$ 4,043,380	\$	3,672,030	\$ 1,098,495	\$	1,098,495	\$ 5,141,875	\$	4,770,525		
Buildings	21,951,603		21,671,099	10,042,729		10,016,536	31,994,332		31,687,635		
Improvements other than buildings	2,648,831		2,614,690	-		-	2,648,831		2,614,690		
Machinery and equipment	11,067,261		10,070,522	183,180,112		179,503,370	194,247,373		189,573,892		
Infrastructure	 6,843,742		6,743,961	 741,060		694,077	 7,584,802		7,438,038		
Total plant and equipment in service	46,554,817		44,772,302	195,062,396		191,312,478	241,617,213		236,084,780		
Construction work in progress	2,928,500		538,275	7,448,323		4,066,839	10,376,823		4,605,114		
	49,483,317		45,310,577	202,510,719		195,379,317	251,994,036		240,689,894		
Less accumulated depreciation	(19,503,641)		(18,371,992)	(78,513,462)	_	(74,410,830)	(98,017,103)		(92,782,822)		
	\$ 29,979,676	\$	26,938,585	\$ 123,997,257	\$	120,968,487	\$ 153,976,933	\$	147,907,072		

Debt, considered a liability of governmental and business-type activities, decreased in fiscal year 2020 by \$2,172,622.

	Governme	ntal A	Activities	Business-	type A	Activities		Total Primary Government				
	2020		2019	2020		2019		2020		2019		
Bonds												
General Obligation	\$ 7,797,275	\$	8,269,792	\$ 1,602,725	\$	2,590,208	\$	9,400,000	\$	10,860,000		
Revenue	-		-	23,305,773		24,762,518		23,305,773		24,762,518		
Deferred amounts	102,505		113,744	246,817		333,003		349,322		446,747		
Total Bonds	 7,899,780		8,383,536	25,155,315		27,685,729		33,055,095		36,069,265		
Loans	 						-					
Capital Outlay Note	315,818		481,926					315,818		481,926		
Tennessee utility relocation loan	-		-	682,452		826,552		682,452		826,552		
Tennessee revolving fund loan	-		-	16,198,247		14,997,479		16,198,247		14,997,479		
US Bank sanitation truck loan	-		-	5,915		75,845		5,915		75,845		
RUS economic development loan	-		-	45,994		65,049		45,994		65,049		
Total Loans	 315,818		481,926	16,932,608		15,964,925		17,248,426		16,446,851		
Postemployment benefit obligation	 1,862,824		1,463,099	1,531,743		1,574,010		3,394,567		3,037,109		
Advances from TVA	-		-	228,271		343,317		228,271		343,317		
Compensated absences	651,757		653,157	1,035,979		703,541		1,687,736		1,356,698		
Net pension liability	52,676		586,153	-		-		52,676		586,153		
Landfill postclosure costs	149,831		149,831	-				- 149,831		149,831		
Totals	\$ 10,932,686	\$	11,717,702	\$ 44,883,916	\$	46,271,522	\$	55,816,602	\$	57,989,224		

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the last year, the Board of Mayor and Alderman approved and/or continued several projects. These approvals include major items: such as building and developing a greenway along the Elk River, including Phase I and Phase II of the Fayetteville Greenway Master Plan. Construction on Phase I of the Greenway was initiated during the fiscal year and the Certificate of Completion as required by Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT) was signed August 27, 2020 confirming the completion of the project. During Fiscal year 2020, the City continued to move forward on the funded Phase II of the Greenway and received funding for Phase III (Camp Blount Riverwalk) with a contract dated October 1, 2019 with TDOT. The Phase II segment of the City Greenway/Blueway Master Plan has continued to experience delays due to additional archaeology studies required by TDOT Archaeology. However, Phase II is expected to be under construction and completed during the FY 2021-2022. In addition, the Board of Mayor and Aldermen moved to implement two progressive actions with the Downtown Master Plan and the Branding Initiative. Although initiated in FY 2019, the programs will be implemented in phases and will not conclude until 2020 and beyond. A high priority of the City continues with the development of Camp Blount along the banks of the Elk River, as well as phased implementation of the Branding Initiative in an effort to attract more tourism dollars. Furthermore, the direct appropriation of \$500,000 from the Tennessee State Budget allowed for construction to begin on the Camp Blount Historic Site during Fiscal Year 2020 with a projected Phase I opening in October 2020.

As the City closed fiscal year 2020, the financial condition of the City is solid due to the management approach of the Board of Mayor and Alderman, administration, and the departments. This approach has resulted in a stable tax rate with only three tax increases since 1985.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The 2020 general fund budget was positively impacted by the projected increase in the City's portion of sales tax and a slight increase in property taxes. The City did see a minor increase in expenses in the fiscal year 2020 budget due to pay increases for employees and job reclassification adjustments. Residential and commercial building has continued to increase within the City limits. With the phased implementation of the Branding Initiative and the Downtown Master Plan, additional growth is expected to continue. However, it remains to be seen what impact coronavirus (COVID-19) will have on the City's financial outlook. As of June 30, 2020, sales taxes were remaining stable and experiencing slight increases. Personnel benefits, retirement and health insurance costs continue to have slight increases every year. However, with enrollment in the State of Tennessee health insurance program, the increases have been negligible.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Stacy Rozell, Finance Director at 110 South Elk Avenue, Fayetteville, Tennessee, 37334, phone number 931-433-6154, or e-mail stacy.rozell@fayettevilletn.com.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2020

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,705,320	\$	33,279,201	\$	53,984,521	
Receivables		4,566,895		6,433,965		11,000,860	
Internal balances		65,151		(65,151)		-	
Inventory		31,849		1,560,806		1,592,655	
Prepaid expenses		15,675		990,526		1,006,201	
Restricted assets		-		3,268,759		3,268,759	
Restricted asset - TCRS stabilization reserve trust		59,468		_		59,468	
Net pension asset - teacher retirement plan		66,729		_		66,729	
Net pension asset - teacher legacy plan		1,624,280		_		1,624,280	
Other assets		-		754,074		754,074	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)							
Land		4,043,380		1,098,495		5,141,875	
Buildings and improvements		14,600,028		7,294,331		21,894,359	
Machinery and equipment		4,430,620		108,142,098		112,572,718	
Infrastructure		3,977,148		14,010		3,991,158	
Construction in progress		2,928,500		7,448,323		10,376,823	
TOTAL ASSETS		57,115,043		170,219,437		227,334,480	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		1,066,116		16,775		1,082,891	
Deferred outflows related to pensions		2,165,616		<i>.</i> –		2,165,616	
Excess consideration provided for acquisition		-		118,195		118,195	
Deferred charge on refunding		-		322,976		322,976	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		3,231,732		457,946		3,689,678	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,656,437		5,210,293		6,866,730	
Accrued interest payable		18,793		35,625		54,418	
Unearned revenue		42,330		-		42,330	
Deposits		, -		2,439,650		2,439,650	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due in one year		924,506		3,382,434		4,306,940	
Due in more than one year		10,008,180		41,402,468		51,410,648	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		12,650,246		52,470,470		65,120,716	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred revenue - property taxes		2,939,715		-		2,939,715	
Deferred inflows related to pensions		2,316,440		_		2,316,440	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		413,751		_		413,751	
Deferred credit on refunding		5,791		_		5,791	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		5,675,697				5,675,697	
		0,010,031		_		0,010,031	
NET POSITION		21 750 207		02 270 204		104.007.501	
Net investment in capital assets		21,758,287		82,278,304		104,036,591	
Restricted for:				2 200 200		2 200 200	
Debt service		- - FO 469		2,399,290		2,399,290	
TCRS stabilization reserve trust		59,468		-		59,468	
Teacher legent plan pension		66,729		-		66,729	
Teacher legacy plan pension		1,624,280		704.000		1,624,280	
Improvements and construction		- (4 46F		794,098		794,098	
Drug education and enforcement		64,465		-		64,465	
Capital projects		417,715		-		417,715	
Education		8,689,511		- 20 70E 001		8,689,511 42,075,508	
Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION	Φ.	9,340,377	Φ.	32,735,221	<u>¢</u>	42,075,598	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	42,020,832	\$	118,206,913	\$	160,227,745	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

For the year ended June 30, 2020

										Net (Expense				
				I		RAM REVEN	UES		_	Changes in				
						Operating		Capital		Primary C				
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	(Governmental	Busi	ness-type		
<u>Function/ Program</u>		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	_	Contributions		Activities	A	ctivities	_	Total
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	1,452,359	\$	317,432	\$	2,000	\$	548,774	\$	(584,153)	\$	-	\$	(584,153)
Public safety		5,277,358		75,765		666,182		28,923		(4,506,488)		-		(4,506,488)
Recreation		802,899		39,423		-		213,500		(549,976)		-		(549,976)
Highways and streets		1,495,716		-		242,622		24,666		(1,228,428)		-		(1,228,428)
Housing and community development		929,582		-		-		-		(929,582)		-		(929,582)
Garage		200,461		-		-		-		(200,461)		-		(200,461)
Education		14,302,239		220,048		10,080,841		-		(4,001,350)		-		(4,001,350)
Interest on long-term debt		236,253		-		-		_		(236,253)		_		(236,253)
Total governmental activities		24,696,867		652,668		10,991,645		815,863		(12,236,691)				(12,236,691)
Business-type activities:														
Electric		43,108,156		46,910,320		-		515,414		-		4,317,578		4,317,578
Gas		5,743,427		6,678,919		-		8,219		-		943,711		943,711
Telecom		4,080,231		4,671,636		-		50,761		-		642,166		642,166
Water and sewer		5,477,420		5,847,302		=		9,764		-		379,646		379,646
Sanitation		547,611		553,154		-						5,543		5,543
Total business-type activities		58,956,845		64,661,331		-		584,158				6,288,644		6,288,644
Total Government	\$	83,653,712	\$	65,313,999	\$	10,991,645	\$	1,400,021		(12,236,691)		6,288,644		(5,948,047)
			Gen	neral revenues:	:									
			P	Property taxes						4,109,196		-		4,109,196
			В	Business taxes						268,310		-		268,310
			I	n lieu of tax						490,877		-		490,877
			S	Sales taxes						3,820,379		-		3,820,379
			C	Occupancy taxe	es					96,574		_		96,574
			Α	Alcoholic bever	rage ta	ixes				590,348		_		590,348
				ranchise taxes	0					115,557		-		115,557
			C	Other local taxe	es					511		-		511
			S	State shared rev	venues	3				871,715		-		871,715
			C	Other						118,486		-		118,486
			C	Gain on sale of	capita	1 assets				45,120		24,780		69,900
				Jnrestricted in	-					185,697		354,915		540,612
				nsfers		Ö				1,794,753		(1,794,753)		-
				Total general	l reven	ues and trans	fers	;		12,507,523		(1,415,058)		11,092,465
				Change ir						270,832		4,873,586		5,144,418
				position - beg		7			_	41,750,000		13,333,327	_	155,083,327
			Net	position - end	ling				\$	42,020,832	\$ 13	18,206,913	\$	160,227,745
The accommodate water and an internal most of the	1				-									

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2020

							Total		Total
				School	School		Nonmajor	G	overnmental
		General		General	Capital Projects		Funds		Funds
Assets:									
Cash	\$	8,217,344	\$	4,854,907	\$ 5,604,653	\$	2,028,416	\$	20,705,320
Receivables		3,205,111		292	-		110,505		3,315,908
Due from other funds		78,708		3,783	-		258,555		341,046
Due from other governments		948,952		300,459	-		1,576		1,250,987
Inventory		16,662		-	-		15,187		31,849
Prepaid expenses		10,738		4,937	_		_		15,675
Restricted assets - TCRS stabilization reserve trust		_		59,468	_		_		59,468
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	12,477,515	\$	5,223,846	\$ 5,604,653	\$	2,414,239	\$	25,720,253
Liabilities:			_			_			
Accounts payable	\$	120,030	\$	8,887	\$ 93,744	\$	459,337	\$	681,998
- ·	Ф		Ф		Φ 93,744	Ф	439,337	Ф	
Other accrued expenses		115,115		859,324	-		17.006		974,439
Due to other funds		258,569		-	-		17,326		275,895
Unearned revenue				-		_	42,330		42,330
TOTAL LIABILITIES		493,714		868,211	93,744	_	518,993		1,974,662
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenue - state and local taxes		358,364		124,481	-		-		482,845
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		3,049,081		-	-		-		3,049,081
Unavailable revenue - other		204,890		-	-		-		204,890
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		3,612,335		124,481	-		-		3,736,816
T 171									
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable									
Inventory and prepayments		27,400		-	-		15,187		42,587
Restricted:									
TCRS stabilization reserve trust		-		59,468	-		-		59,468
Capital projects		-		-	-		417,715		417,715
Education		-		-	5,510,909		-		5,510,909
Public safety		-		-	-		64,465		64,465
Career ladder		-		3,864	-		-		3,864
Committed:									
Education		-		-	-		80,000		80,000
Assigned:									
Budget reserve		209,751		-	-		-		209,751
Industrial park		-		-	-		1,674		1,674
Capital projects		_		_	_		754,485		754,485
Education		_		4,167,822	_		265,234		4,433,056
Debt service		_		-	_		296,486		296,486
Unassigned		8,134,315		_	_		-		8,134,315
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	8,371,466	_	4,231,154	5,510,909		1,895,246		20,008,775
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		0,071,100		1,201,101	0,010,505	_	1,0,0,210		20,000,770
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	12,477,515	\$	5,223,846	\$ 5,604,653	\$	2,414,239		
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	Ф	12,477,515	Ф	3,223,646	э 5,604,633	Ф	2,414,239		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state	men	t of net nositi	on ai	e different be	cause.				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fin					.caabe.				
are not reported in the funds.		ar resources a		icrerore,					29,979,676
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for curren	nt-pe	eriod expendi	tures	and.					
therefore, are deferred in the funds.				,					797,101
OPEB obligation is not due and payable in the current pe	eriod	, and deferre	d out	flows of					,
resources and deferred inflows of resources related to 0									
recognized as components of healthcare expense in fut									
amounts are not reported in the fund financial statemer			-, -						(1,210,459)
Net pension assets are not current financial resources, ne		sion liability	is no	t due and					(, , ,
payable in the current period, and deferred outflows of	. *								
of resources related to pensions will be amortized and					on				
expense in future years; therefore, pension related amo	•	_							
financial statements.									1,487,509
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not de	ue ar	nd payable in	the o	current					
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.								_	(9,041,770)
Net position of governmental activities								\$	42,020,832

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2020

		General		School General		School Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES		General		General		Capital 1 Tojects		Turids		runus
Taxes										
Property	\$	2,873,714	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,873,714
Business	Ψ	269,043	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	269,043
Wholesale beer		335,471		_		_		_		335,471
Alcoholic beverage		198,714		_		_		_		198,714
Sales		2,680,208		_		_		_		2,680,208
Occupancy		96,574		_		_		_		96,574
Tax equivalency		490,877		_		_		_		490,877
Licenses and permits		40,414		_		_		_		40,414
Fines		54,254		_		_		21,511		75,765
Franchise fees		114,731		_		_		,		114,731
Intergovernmental		1,750,952		10,892,715		_		2,172,236		14,815,903
Charges for services and use of property		277,018		126,884		_		94,377		498,279
Investment earnings		23,191		55,296		104,608		2,602		185,697
Recreation activities		39,423		-		,		_,		39,423
Other revenue		54,881		3,632		_		_		58,513
TOTAL REVENUES		9,299,465	_	11,078,527	_	104,608	_	2,290,726		22,773,326
EXPENDITURES Current General government Public safety Recreation Highways and streets Housing and community development Garage Education Debt service Principal Interest Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		1,250,354 5,374,978 692,103 1,528,091 1,036,195 199,696 10,081,417 (781,952)		11,985,149 - - 11,985,149 - - - 8,394 11,993,543 (915,016)		225,000 133,400 1,937,138 2,295,538		3,594 21,810 - - - 1,655,423 413,624 116,376 1,883,524 4,094,351 (1,803,625)		1,253,948 5,396,788 692,103 1,528,091 1,036,195 199,696 13,640,572 638,624 249,776 3,829,056 28,464,849 (5,691,523)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		2,303,637		897,626		_		809,544		4,010,807
Transfers out		(1,707,170)		, -		-		(508,884)		(2,216,054)
Insurance proceeds		73,598		26,080		-		-		99,678
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets		.,		-,						,.
and surplus equipment		8,168		591		-		-		8,759
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	678,233		924,297				300,660		1,903,190
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(103,719)		9,281	_	(2,190,930)	_	(1,502,965)		(3,788,333)
Fund balance - beginning		8,475,185		4,221,873		7,701,839		3,398,211		23,797,108
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	\$	8,371,466	\$	4,231,154	\$	5,510,909	\$	1,895,246	\$	20,008,775
i una varance - enumy	Ф	0,3/1,400	Ф	4,431,134	Ф	3,310,509	φ	1,090,240	ψ	20,000,773

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Amounts reported by governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (3,788,333)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	
capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	2,820,665
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets	
(i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position.	220,426
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	34,220
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term	
debt and related items.	651,055
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, pension expense attributable to the current period is derived from the actuarial present value of the projected benefit payments less the amount of the fiduciary plan's net position. This amount is the difference in the treatment of pensions and related items.	489,027
Governmental funds report health insurance contributions including any implicit subsidies for retirees (OPEB) as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, OPEB expense attributable to the current period is derived from the actuarial present value of the projected benefit payments. This amount is the difference in the treatment of OPEB and related items.	(158,720)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	2,492
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 270,832

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2020

		Enterprise Func	ls	
	Fayetteville			
	Public	Sanitation		
	Utilities	Fund		Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash for general use	\$ 25,829,315	\$ 45,533	\$	25,874,848
Accounts receivable	5,636,605	44,044		5,680,649
Other receivables	753,316	-		753,316
Due from other funds	-	14		14
Inventories	1,560,806	-		1,560,806
Prepaid expenses	990,526	-		990,526
Total current assets	34,770,568	89,591		34,860,159
Special and Restricted Funds	10,673,112	-		10,673,112
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	123,308,856	688,401		123,997,257
Other Assets	 754,074			754,074
TOTAL ASSETS	 169,506,610	777,992		170,284,602
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Excess consideration provided for acquisition	118,195	-		118,195
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	16,775	-		16,775
Deferred charges on refunding	322,976	-		322,976
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	457,946	-		457,946
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current Liabilities				
Current maturities of long-term debt				
payable from current assets	2,616,018	5,915		2,621,933
Accounts payable	4,314,101	19,720		4,333,821
Due to other funds	-	65,165		65,165
Customer deposits	2,439,650	-		2,439,650
Accrued interest	35,625	-		35,625
Other accrued liabilities	1,508,152	1,772		1,509,924
Total current liabilities	10,913,546	92,572		11,006,118
Other Liabilities				
Advances from TVA	151,173	-		151,173
Long-term debt payable from special funds	127,049	-		127,049
OPEB liabilities, net	1,509,827	-		1,509,827
Compensated absences	382,914	19,613		402,527
Total other liabilities	 2,170,963	19,613		2,190,576
Long-term debt	39,338,941	-		39,338,941
TOTAL LIABILITIES	52,423,450	112,185		52,535,635
<u>NET POSITION</u>				
Net investment in capital assets	81,595,818	682,486		82,278,304
Restricted for debt service	2,399,290	-		2,399,290
Restricted for operation, maintenance, and asset management	794,098	-		794,098
Unrestricted (deficit)	32,751,900	(16,679)		32,735,221
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 117,541,106	\$ 665,807	\$	118,206,913

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds							
		Fayetteville						
		Public	Sanitation					
		Utilities	Funds	Totals				
ODED A TIME DESIGNATION								
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$	61 972 04E	\$ 552 <i>.</i> 144 \$	62 42E 190				
Charges for services Other	Э	- //	,	62,425,189				
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		1,461,707	1,010 553,154	1,462,717				
IOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		63,334,752	333,134	63,887,906				
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Cost of utility services		40,777,733	-	40,777,733				
Pumping, distribution and collection		5,191,885	458,187	5,650,072				
Customer billing and collecting		1,544,147	-	1,544,147				
General and administrative		2,492,276	-	2,492,276				
Taxes and tax equivalents		504,831	-	504,831				
Provision for depreciation		5,942,249	47,265	5,989,514				
Other		380,962	41,048	422,010				
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		56,834,083	546,500	57,380,583				
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		6,500,669	6,654	6,507,323				
OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE								
Interest income		354,871	44	354,915				
Interest expense		(891,662)	(1,111)	(892,773)				
Amortization		(11,221)	(-/) -	(11,221)				
Debt issuance costs		(26,000)	-	(26,000)				
Gain on disposition of assets		24,780	-	24,780				
Miscellaneous		127,157	-	127,157				
Other Income (Expense) -net		(422,075)	(1,067)	(423,142)				
Income before contributions and transfers		6,078,594	5,587	6,084,181				
Capital contributions		584,158	, -	584,158				
Transfers out		(1,684,753)	(110,000)	(1,794,753)				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		4,977,999	(104,413)	4,873,586				
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		112,563,107	770,220	113,333,327				
	_		\$ 665,807 \$	118,206,913				

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2020

Payenterille Paye				Ente	rprise Funds		
Receips from customers (including other funds)			Public	S			Totals
Receips from customers (including other funds)	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Payments to supplices and others (44,625,000) (43,601,46) (48,20		\$	64,289,556	\$	551,974	\$	64,841,530
Payments to employees					-		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Noncapital borrowings repaid Collections on loans to other organizations Transfers (b) from other funds Transfers (b) from other funds NET CASH USED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Additions to capital assets, not Reconstitution to capital assets and labelings Removal costs of capital assets and labelings Removal costs of capital assets and labelings Provided Financial (1998) Removal costs of capital assets and labelings Removal costs of capital assets and labelings Removal costs of capital assets (1998) Removal costs (1998)					` ,		,
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES (19,056) - (19,056) - (19,056) (19,057) (10,000) (1,794,753) (10,000) (1,794,753) (10,000) (1,794,753) (10,000) (1,794,753) (10,000) (1,794,753) (10,000) (1,794,753) (10,000) (1,794,753) (10,000) (10,000) (1,00			(' ' '				
Noncapital borrowings repaid 19.056	· · ·		14,700,222		(10,000)		14,700,042
Collections on loans to other organizations			(10.056)				(10.056)
Transfers (to) from other funds			(' '		-		` ,
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Additions to capital assets, net (9,826,295) (9,826,295) (9,826,295) (363,753)					(110,000)		
Additions to capital assets, net Removal costs of capital assets Removal costs of capital capital costs of capital costs of capital costs of capital costs of capital capital costs of capital capital costs of capital ca	NET CASH USED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,684,753)		(110,000)		(1,794,753)
Additions to capital assets, net Removal costs of capital assets Removal costs of capital capital costs of capital costs of capital costs of capital costs of capital capital costs of capital capital costs of capital ca	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIE	ES					
Materials salvaged from retirement of capital assets 7,253 190,865 190,867 190,865 190,865 190,867 1			(9,826,295)		-		(9,826,295)
Proceeds from disposal of assets			, ,		-		, ,
Capital contributions received					-		
Long-term borrowings, net 1,918,242 1,918,242			,		-		
Borrowings repaid (3,331,B03) (69,930) (3,401,733) Interest paid, net (903,696) (1,111) (904,807) (903,696) (1,111) (904,807) (903,696) (1,111) (904,807) (11,744,838) (71,041) (11,815,879) (11,744,838) (71,041) (11,815,879) (11,744,838) (71,041) (11,815,879) (11,744,838) (14,435,879) (11,815,879) (11,744,838) (14,435,836,78) (14,435,94) (,		-		,
Interest paid, net NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (11.744,838)					(69 930)		
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES FINANCING ACTIVITIES STOCK TABLE T			` ,		*		,
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED		(1-1-7-1-1)	-	(, , ,		(***)***)
Interest received 358,034 44 358,078 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 358,034 44 358,078 358,078 1714,088 358,078 1714,088 368,078 1714,088 368,078 1714,088 3458,762 245,110 34,833,872 245,110 245,11	FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(11,744,838)		(71,041)		(11,815,879)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 358,034 144 358,078 INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH, NET CASH, NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR 34,588,762 245,110 34,833,872 245,110 34,833,872 36,502,427 \$ 45,533 \$ 36,547,960 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ 6,650,660 \$ 6,650,660 \$ 6,650,	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR 34,588,762 245,110 34,833,872 34,538,772 345,538 36,502,427 \$45,130 \$34,833,872 \$36,502,427 \$45,533 \$36,547,960 \$	Interest received		358,034		44		358,078
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR 36,502,427 \$ 45,533 \$ 36,547,960 \$ 36,502,427 \$ \$ 45,533 \$ 36,547,960 \$ \$ 36,547,960 \$ \$ 36,507,323 \$ \$ 36,547,960 \$ \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 \$ \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,50							
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR \$ 36,502,427 \$ 45,533 \$ 36,547,960					,		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income from operations \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities - Depreciation, including amounts capitalized 6,405,263 47,265 6,452,528 Miscellaneous 127,157 - 127,157 Loss on disallowance of plant 515,414 - 515,414 Conservation loans collected - customers 135,858 - 135,858 Conservation advances repair to TVA (143,794) - (143,794) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts and other receivables, net 758,273 (1,180) 757,093 Inventories 124,201 - 124,201 Prepaid expenses and other assets 468,872 - 468,872 Accounts payable (327,308) 1,532 (325,776) Accrued employee benefits (27,915) - (27,915) Customer deposits 89,421 - 89,421 Due to / from other funds, net 9,421 Due to / from other funds, net 9,421 Other current liabilities and compensated absences 359,111 3,914 363,025 NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000		4		\$		\$	
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income from operations \$ 6,500,669 \$ 6,654 \$ 6,507,323 Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities - Depreciation, including amounts capitalized 6,405,263 47,265 6,452,528 Miscellaneous 127,157 - 127,157 Loss on disallowance of plant 515,414 - 515,414 Conservation loans collected - customers 135,858 - 153,858 Conservation advances repaid to TVA (143,794) - (143,794) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 124,201 - 124,201 Prepaid expenses and other receivables, net 758,273 (1,180) 757,093 Inventories 124,201 - 124,201 Prepaid expenses and other assets 468,872 - 468,872 Accounts payable (327,308) 1,532 (325,776) Accrued employee benefits (27,915) - (27,915) Customer deposits 89,421 - 389,421 Due to / from other funds, net (27,915) (325,776) Customer deposits 89,421 - (76,765) (76,765) Other current liabilities and compensated absences 359,111 3,914 363,025 SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000	Chottain Chottegotyneento, end of Terik	Ψ	30,302,427	Ψ	40,000	Ψ	30,347,700
Income from operations	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH						
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities - Depreciation, including amounts capitalized 6,405,263 47,265 6,452,528 Miscellaneous 127,157 - 127,157	PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Net cash provided by operating activities - Depreciation, including amounts capitalized 6,405,263 47,265 6,452,528 Miscellaneous 127,157 - 127,157 Loss on disallowance of plant 515,414 - 515,414 Conservation loans collected - customers 135,858 - 135,858 Conservation advances repaid to TVA (143,794) - (143,794) Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	•	\$	6,500,669	\$	6,654	\$	6,507,323
Depreciation, including amounts capitalized 6,405,263 47,265 6,452,528							
Miscellaneous 127,157 - 127,157 Loss on disallowance of plant 515,414 - 515,414 Conservation loans collected - customers 135,858 - 135,858 Conservation advances repaid to TVA (143,794) - (143,794) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: - - - 124,201 Accounts and other receivables, net 758,273 (1,180) 757,093 Inventories 124,201 - 124,201 Prepaid expenses and other assets 468,872 - 468,872 Accounts payable (327,308) 1,532 (325,776) Accrued employee benefits (27,915) - (27,915) Customer deposits 89,421 - 89,421 Due to / from other funds, net - (76,765) (76,765) Other current liabilities and compensated absences 359,111 3,914 363,025 NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 14,985,222 \$ (18,580) \$ 14,966,642 SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded <td></td> <td></td> <td>6 405 262</td> <td></td> <td>45.065</td> <td></td> <td>(450 500</td>			6 405 262		45.065		(450 500
Loss on disallowance of plant					47,265		
Conservation loans collected - customers 135,858 - 135,858 Conservation advances repaid to TVA (143,794) - (143,794) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 8 - (1,180) 757,093 Inventories 124,201 - 124,201 Prepaid expenses and other assets 468,872 - 468,872 Accounts payable (327,308) 1,532 (325,776) Accrued employee benefits (27,915) - (27,915) Customer deposits 89,421 - 89,421 Due to / from other funds, net - (76,765) (76,765) Other current liabilities and compensated absences 359,111 3,914 363,025 NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 14,985,222 \$ (18,580) \$ 14,966,642 Scries 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000			,		_		
Conservation advances repaid to TVA (143,794) - (143,794) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 3000 1,180 757,093 Accounts and other receivables, net 758,273 (1,180) 757,093 Inventories 124,201 - 124,201 Prepaid expenses and other assets 468,872 - 468,872 Accounts payable (327,308) 1,532 (325,776) Accrued employee benefits (27,915) - (27,915) Customer deposits 89,421 - 89,421 Due to / from other funds, net - (76,765) (76,765) Other current liabilities and compensated absences 359,111 3,914 363,025 NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 14,985,222 \$ (18,580) \$ 14,966,642 SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES: \$ (3,090,000) \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000 \$ (3,090,000)			*		_		
Accounts and other receivables, net 758,273 (1,180) 757,093 Inventories 124,201 - 124,201 Prepaid expenses and other assets 468,872 - 468,872 Accounts payable (327,308) 1,532 (325,776) Accrued employee benefits (27,915) - (27,915) Customer deposits 89,421 - 89,421 Due to / from other funds, net - (76,765) (76,765) Other current liabilities and compensated absences 359,111 3,914 363,025 NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000					-		
Inventories 124,201 - 124,201 Prepaid expenses and other assets 468,872 - 468,872 Accounts payable (327,308) 1,532 (325,776) Accrued employee benefits (27,915) - (27,915) Customer deposits 89,421 - 89,421 Due to / from other funds, net - (76,765) (76,765) Other current liabilities and compensated absences 359,111 3,914 363,025 NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 14,985,222 (18,580) 14,966,642 SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000	Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Prepaid expenses and other assets 468,872 - 468,872 Accounts payable (327,308) 1,532 (325,776) Accrued employee benefits (27,915) - (27,915) Customer deposits 89,421 - 89,421 Due to / from other funds, net - (76,765) (76,765) Other current liabilities and compensated absences 359,111 3,914 363,025 NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 14,985,222 \$ (18,580) \$ 14,966,642 SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000					(1,180)		
Accounts payable (327,308) 1,532 (325,776) Accrued employee benefits (27,915) - (27,915) Customer deposits 89,421 - 89,421 Due to / from other funds, net - (76,765) (76,765) Other current liabilities and compensated absences 359,111 3,914 363,025 NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 14,985,222 \$ (18,580) \$ 14,966,642 SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000					-		
Accrued employee benefits (27,915) - (27,915) Customer deposits 89,421 - 89,421 Due to / from other funds, net - (76,765) (76,765) Other current liabilities and compensated absences 359,111 3,914 363,025 NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 14,985,222 \$ (18,580) \$ 14,966,642 SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000					- 1 532		
Customer deposits 89,421 - 89,421 Due to / from other funds, net - (76,765) (76,765) Other current liabilities and compensated absences 359,111 3,914 363,025 NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 14,985,222 \$ (18,580) \$ 14,966,642 SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000					-		, ,
Due to / from other funds, net Other current liabilities and compensated absences NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds (76,765) (76,765) (76,765) (76,765) (18,580) (18,580) (18,580) (18,580) (18,580) (18,580)					_		, ,
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$\frac{14,985,222}{\pmathrm{14,985,222}}\$\$\$\$\frac{(18,580)}{\pmathrm{14,966,642}}\$\$\$ SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$\frac{3,090,000}{\pmathrm{3,116,000}}\$\$\$ Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds \$\frac{3,116,000}{\pmathrm{3,116,000}}\$			-		(76,765)		
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000	•				3,914		
Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000	NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	14,985,222	\$	(18,580)	\$	14,966,642
Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded \$ (3,090,000) Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000							
Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds 3,116,000							
	Series 2009 general obligation bonds refunded	\$	(3,090,000)				
Series 2019 bond issuance costs (26,000)	Series 2019 bond proceeds used to refund Series 2009 bonds		3,116,000				
	Series 2019 bond issuance costs		(26,000)				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

		Original	Final		Fina Fa	iance with al Budget - avorable
		<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Un</u>	<u>favorable)</u>
Revenues:						
Taxes						
Property	\$	3,381,383	\$ 3,066,383	\$ 2,873,714	\$	(192,669)
Business		250,000	250,000	269,043		19,043
Wholesale beer		323,000	323,000	335,471		12,471
Alcoholic beverage		162,500	162,500	198,714		36,214
Sales		2,700,000	2,700,000	2,680,208		(19,792)
Tax equivalency		121,000	488,000	490,877		2,877
Occupancy		102,000	102,000	96,574		(5,426)
Licenses and permits		54,900	54,900	40,414		(14,486)
Fines		88,000	88,000	54,254		(33,746)
Franchise fees		110,000	117,000	114,731		(2,269)
Intergovernmental			,	,		(-))
State sales tax allocation		600,000	600,000	618,308		18,308
State income tax allocation		15,000	15,000	23,456		8,456
State beer tax allocation		3,400	3,400	3,198		(202)
State mixed drink tax allocation		8,700	14,200	17,681		3,481
State gasoline and motor fuel tax		201,477	201,477	185,162		(16,315)
State gasoline and motor fuel tax (Gas 1989)		21,509	21,509	19,767		(1,742)
State gasoline and motor fuel tax (Gas 3 Cent)		39,854	39,854	36,627		(3,227)
State gas and motor fuel tax (Petroleum Special)		13,700	13,700	13,554		(146)
State excise tax allocation		80,000	88,000	88,165		165
State TVA in-lieu of tax		80,600	80,600	84,020		3,420
Lincoln County Emergency Communications		614,000	614,000	648,748		34,748
State and federal grants		-	-	12,266		12,266
Charges for services and use of property		343,280	343,280	277,018		(66,262)
Investment earnings		12,000	12,000	23,191		11,191
Recreation activities		59,000	59,000	39,423		(19,577)
Other revenue		51,250	58,250	54,881		(3,369)
TOTAL REVENUES	_	9,436,553	 9,516,053	 9,299,465		(216,588)
Expenditures:				 		
General government						
Salaries		649,964	658,589	650,679		7,910
Supplies		17,403	20,238	23,106		(2,868)
Utilities		41,060	41,060	34,783		6,277
Repairs and maintenance		10,800	10,800	11,049		(249)
Health insurance		79,945	86,945	95,644		(8,699)
Workers compensation		4,675	5,290	2,744		2,546
Payroll taxes		53,036	53,961	51,755		2,206
Employee education		27,522	27,522	12,826		14,696
Professional services		60,306 41 500	79,918	69,853		10,065
Travel Retirement		41,500 58,037	41,500 58,037	11,205 50,559		30,295 7,478
Other insurance		25,309	43,301	42,037		1,264
Board and commission		36,510	36,510	36,510		1,404
Other general government		152,295	153,295	157,604		(4,309)
Borrorar Bo verranterit		1,258,362	 1,316,966	 1,250,354		66,612
		1,200,002	 1,010,700	 1,200,001		00,012

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued)

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	Original	Final	A -11	Fina Fa	ance with l Budget -
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Un</u>	favorable)
Expenditures: (Continued)					
Public safety					
Salaries	\$ 3,121,113	\$ 3,124,113	\$ 3,140,960	\$	(16,847)
Supplies	94,850	94,850	65,192		29,658
Utilities	100,898	100,898	93,564		7,334
Repairs and maintenance	67,400	67,400	60,783		6,617
Health insurance	608,466	608,466	638,653		(30,187)
Workers compensation	99,950	105,150	99,092		6,058
Payroll taxes	246,847	246,847	243,435		3,412
Employee education	30,400	33,400	21,891		11,509
Travel	16,000	16,000	9,864		6,136
Retirement	313,127	313,127	292,627		20,500
Other insurance	81,234	86,184	79,359		6,825
Fuel	70,000	70,000	60,630		9,370
Professional services	8,950	8,950	7,440		1,510
Capital outlay	-	557,135	491,332		65,803
Other public safety	91,920	99,170	70,156		29,014
•	 4,951,155	 5,531,690	5,374,978		156,712
Recreation					
Salaries	407,540	407,540	328,825		78,715
Supplies	60,950	60,950	42,654		18,296
Utilities	75,900	75,900	68,010		7,890
Repairs and maintenance	27,900	27,900	50,832		(22,932)
Health insurance	62,000	62,000	65,355		(3,355)
Workers compensation	9,200	11,700	10,810		890
Payroll taxes	28,353	28,353	24,485		3,868
Professional services	33,920	46,420	17,381		29,039
Travel	2,000	2,000	930		1,070
Retirement	31,924	31,924	27,061		4,863
					609
Other insurance	12,355	12,505	11,896		
Fuel	13,000	13,000	7,817		5,183
Other recreation	 54,425	 54,425	 36,047		18,378
	 819,467	 834,617	 692,103		142,514

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued)

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

		Original		Final			Fina	iance with al Budget - avorable
		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Un</u>	<u>favorable)</u>
Expenditures: (Continued)								
Highways and streets								
Salaries	\$	637,193	\$	637,193	\$	547,133	\$	90,060
Supplies	4	22,200	Ψ	22,200	Ψ	16,816	4	5,384
Utilities		27,400		27,400		23,156		4,244
Repairs and maintenance		41,200		41,200		20,484		20,716
Health insurance		140,000		140,000		143,820		(3,820)
Workers compensation		21,200		23,200		20,010		3,190
Payroll taxes		49,393		49,393		39,953		9,440
Professional services		14,150		14,150		8,058		6,092
Retirement		62,842		62,842		46,612		16,230
Other insurance		11,000		11,505		9,403		2,102
Fuel		45,000		45,000		32,345		12,655
Street lighting		180,000		180,000		173,831		6,169
Paving and resurfacing		767,350		843,350		412,627		430,723
Other highways and streets		113,650		117,926		33,843		84,083
- 1-1- 1-8 u) = 1-1-1-1-1		2,132,578	_	2,215,359		1,528,091		687,268
Housing and community development		, - ,		, -,		,,		, , , ,
Nonprofit allocations		277,128		277,178		282,219		(5,041)
Fuel		300,000		300,000		255,745		44,255
Industrial development		102,500		102,500		102,500		_
Other housing and community development		180,374		460,796		395,731		65,065
		860,002		1,140,474	<u> </u>	1,036,195		104,279
Garage								
Salaries		122,044		122,044		122,899		(855)
Repairs and maintenance		11,050		11,050		8,985		2,065
Health insurance		25,000		25,000		28,594		(3,594)
Workers compensation		7,000		7,000		4,001		2,999
Payroll taxes		9,498		9,498		8,877		621
Retirement		12,085		12,085		11,097		988
Supplies		11,100		11,100		5,751		5,349
Fuel		3,500		3,500		1,788		1,712
Other garage		8,620		13,660		7,704		5,956
		209,897		214,937	_	199,696		15,241
Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES		10,231,461		11,254,043		10,081,417		1,172,626
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-, -,1		(1,737,990)		-,,		956,038

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued)

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fina Fa	Variance with Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$ 2,190,944	\$ 2,237,479	\$ 2,303,637	\$	66,158	
Transfers out	(1,931,626)	(1,681,626)	(1,707,170)		(25,544)	
Insurance proceeds	1,500	58,750	73,598		14,848	
Sale of capital assets	20,000	20,000	8,168		(11,832)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	280,818	634,603	678,233		43,630	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(514,090)	(1,103,387)	 (103,719)		999,668	
Fund balance - beginning	8,475,185	8,475,185	8,475,185		-	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 7,961,095	\$ 7,371,798	\$ 8,371,466	\$	999,668	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SCHOOL GENERAL FUND

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget		Final Budget			Fir F	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental								
Lincoln County	\$	2,448,530	\$	2,406,030	\$	2,392,742	\$	(13,288)
State of Tennessee		8,362,800		8,444,172		8,493,058		48,886
Federal		4,500		4,500		6,915		2,415
Charges for services and use of property		156,000		156,000		126,884		(29,116)
Private grants and contributions		10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)
Investment earnings		35,000		53,000		55,296		2,296
Other revenue		6,500		6,500		3,632		(2,868)
TOTAL REVENUES		11,023,330		11,080,202		11,078,527		(1,675)
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction		ć 25 0 000		6 207 020		6 040 000		(0.604
Regular instruction program		6,370,880		6,387,830		6,319,229		68,601
Special education program		1,011,820		1,003,446		947,273		56,173
Vocational education program		262,770		262,770		255,798		6,972
Student body education program		5,000		29,000		28,240		760
Support services		10.415		= 0.000		=0.0=4		10
Attendance		42,615		50,989		50,971		18
Health services		228,007		228,007		190,506		37,501
Other student support		213,000		283,000		265,328		17,672
Regular instruction program		566,950		572,450		521,706		50,744
Special education program		95,394		95,394		56,832		38,562
Board of education		221,636		226,181		219,823		6,358
Office of the superintendent		217,835		217,835		211,216		6,619
Office of the principal		955,225		955,225		817,881		137,344
Fiscal services		201,995		201,995		187,313		14,682
Operation of plant		724,725		724,725		682,690		42,035
Maintenance of plant		243,770		282,270		257,149		25,121
Transportation		208,176		208,176		165,769		42,407
Technology		346,465		346,465		296,012		50,453
Community services		81,932		68,455		44,058		24,397
Early childhood education		458,590		472,067		467,355		4,712
Capital outlay		75,000		31,455		8,394		23,061
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		12,531,785		12,647,735		11,993,543		654,192
(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,508,455)		(1,567,533)		(915,016)		652,517
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		924,556		897,656		897,626		(30)
Insurance recovery		-		26,100		26,080		(20)
Sale of surplus equipment		5,000		5,000		591		(4,409)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		929,556		928,756		924,297		(4,459)
Net changes in fund balances		(578,899)		(638,777)		9,281		648,058
Fund balance - beginning		4,221,873		4,221,873		4,221,873		
Fund balance - ending	\$	3,642,974	\$	3,583,096	\$	4,231,154	\$	648,058

June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee (the "government") have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards. The GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards document these principles. The following is a summary of the government's significant accounting policies:

(A) Reporting entity

The City of Fayetteville, Tennessee is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and a six member board of aldermen. The accompanying financial statements present only the City of Fayetteville. There are no component units for which the government is considered financially accountable to be blended in accordance with GAAP.

(B) Government-wide and fund financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes as well as charges for utilities provided to City departments. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The general school special revenue fund accounts for the financial resources used for general education activities.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(B) Government-wide and fund financial statements (Continued)

The school capital projects fund accounts for the financial resources provided through debt issuance or other sources to be used for capital improvement projects. This fund is being reported as major for consistency purposes and due to heightened public interest even though it fails to meet the size criteria for a major fund in the current year.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Fayetteville Public Utilities (FPU) fund accounts for the activities of the electric, gas, water and sewer, and telecommunications departments.

The sanitation fund accounts for the activities of the general government's garbage collection and disposal.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due to/from other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similar, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

(C) Measurement focus and basis of accounting

1. Economic Resources Measurement Focus and Accrual Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flow. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. For the activities of FPU, an accrual is made for unbilled revenue for services from the date of the most recent meter readings to the balance sheet date consistent with costs for utility services.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(C) Measurement focus and basis of accounting (Continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within thirty 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. For expenditure-driven grants, in a departure from the 30 day period defined above, the consideration to defer recognition of revenue is considered in situations where reimbursement is not expected within a reasonable period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

2. Revenues and expenditures/expenses

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Fayetteville Public Utilities are charges to customers for sales and services related to utilities. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

3. <u>Property taxes</u>

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable October 1. Property taxes become delinquent March 1 of the following year.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) Assets, liabilities, net position and fund balances

1. <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>

Cash and cash equivalents represent all investments that are short term, highly liquid, and readily convertible to a specified cash value. These investments generally have original maturities of three months or less. Cash equivalents include cash in bank and on hand.

2. Receivables and allowance for uncollectible accounts

Receivables consist of taxes receivable including real and personal property, trade receivables, due from other governments and interest receivable. The government provides for an allowance for uncollectible receivables equal to the estimated loss that may be incurred in collection of all receivables. The estimated losses are based on historical collection experience and a review of the current status of the existing receivables.

3. <u>Inventories and prepaid items</u>

Inventories are comprised of materials and supplies and natural gas utility reserves and are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost for materials and supplies are determined substantially by the moving average method of inventory valuation. For the School System inventories are comprised of food items and supplies and are stated at cost, which approximates market, using the first in first out method. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/ expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Restricted assets

Governmental and business-type activities - Certain resources set aside for the repayment of revenue bonds and various reserves are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, unexpended bond and grant funds and retainages due contractors are restricted because their use is restricted by applicable agreements. In addition, the School System has contributed funds to a Stabilization Reserve Trust established by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) for the Hybrid pension plan that is classified as a restricted asset.

5. <u>Capital assets</u>

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets used in governmental-type activities are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$25,000 for School System buildings) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) Assets, liabilities, net position and fund equity (Continued)

5. Capital assets (Continued)

Certain items of electric plant referred to as special equipment items (meters, transformers, oil circuit reclosers, etc.) are capitalized at the time of purchase along with the related cost of installation. When utility plant is retired or otherwise disposed of in the normal course of business, its capitalized cost and its cost of removal less salvage are charged to the accumulated provision for depreciation.

The costs of maintenance, repairs, and replacements of minor items of property that do not improve or extend the life of the respective assets are charged to expense accounts as incurred.

Capital assets depreciation is recognized using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Classification	Range of Lives
Buildings	20-50 years
Public domain infrastructure	40-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-20 years
Machinery, equipment and other	5-15 years

6. <u>Long-term liabilities</u>

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Debt is recorded net of the applicable premium or discount. Debt issuance costs, other than insurance, are charged to expense in the period incurred. Debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using a method that approximates the interest method. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Compensated absences

The government's general government and FPU's policies regarding leave time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave and sick leave benefits. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if the liability has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

The School System's policies regarding leave time require employees use vacation leave by the end of the fiscal year. Accordingly, there is no liability recorded in the financial statements for compensated absences at June 30, 2020.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) Assets, liabilities, net position and fund equity (Continued)

8. Fund balance policies

Governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in these funds can be spent. These classifications may consist of the following:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – includes amounts that have constraints placed on the use of the resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance passed by the Fayetteville Board of Mayor and Aldermen, the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. For the Fayetteville City Schools committed balances arise pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education in the form of a motion with a majority vote of approval and cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board rescinds or modifies the specified use by taking the same action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. At June 30, 2020, the Fayetteville City School System had committed resources of \$80,000 to establish an operating reserve in the Title Fund.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all special revenue funds. The Fayetteville Board of Mayor and Aldermen has not authorized anyone to make assignments. For the Fayetteville City Schools this intent can be expressed by the Board of Education or through the Board delegating this responsibility to the Director of Schools through the budgetary process.

<u>Unassigned</u> – the residual classification of the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). When this occurs the government will determine the best use of funds based on the specific facts and circumstances at that time. The Fayetteville School System would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend assigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) Assets, liabilities, net position, and fund equity (Continued)

9. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. In the government-wide statement of net position the government has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. The business-type activities contain two of these items, and they are the deferred charge on refunding and the excess consideration provided for acquisition reported in the statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The excess consideration provided for acquisition represents the amount by which the consideration provided for the Ardmore gas operations in a prior year exceeded the acquisition value of the net position acquired. The third and fourth items are the aggregate total of deferred outflows related to PEB which are described in Note 10 and the aggregate total of deferred outflows related to OPEB which are described in Note 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In the government-wide statement of net position the government has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred credit on refunding. A deferred credit on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Second, property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st but will not be available for collection until the taxes are billed in the following fiscal year. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period for which property taxes are billed. The third item is the aggregate total of deferred inflows related to pensions which are described in Note 10. The fourth item is the aggregate total of deferred inflows related to OPEB which are described in Note 11. In the governmental funds the government has one type of item for deferred/unavailable revenue. The governmental funds report deferred/ unavailable revenues from multiple sources: property taxes, state and local taxes, operating grants and certain other amounts. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

10. Net position flow assumption

The government will on occasion fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) Assets, liabilities, net position, and fund equity (Continued)

11. Estimates

In preparing the government's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

12. Pensions

Public Employee Retirement Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the government's participation in the TCRS, and additions to/deductions from the government's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS for the Public Employee Retirement Plan. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employee Retirement Plan of TCRS. Investments are reported at fair value.

Teacher Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan and the Teacher Retirement Plan in the TCRS, and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan and the Teacher Retirement Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA) RS Plan

In accordance with GASB Statement 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plans*, pension expense of the NRECA RS plan is recognized in an amount equal to the required contributions to the pension plan for the reporting period. A liability is recognized in accounts payable for the difference, if any, at the end of the reporting period between contributions required and contributions made.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(A) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmentwide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net position-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$29,979,676 difference are as follows:

Land	\$ 4,043,380
Construction in progress	2,928,500
Buildings and improvements	24,600,434
Less: Accumulated depreciation-building and improvements	(10,000,406)
Machinery and equipment	11,067,261
Less: Accumulated depreciation-machinery and equipment	(6,636,641)
Infrastructure	6,843,742
Less: Accumulated depreciation-infrastructure	 (2,866,594)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	
<u> </u>	\$ 29,979,676

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds and loans payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$9,041,770 difference are identified as follows:

Bonds and notes payable	\$ 8,113,093
Add: Issuance premium (to be amortized over life of debt)	102,505
Add: Deferred credit on refunding	5 <i>,</i> 791
Accrued interest payable	18,793
Compensated absences	651,757
Landfill post closure costs	 149,831
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ 9,041,770

June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(B) <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues</u>, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." In addition, certain capital outlays not meeting the definition of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These expenditures total \$699,164 in the current year. The details of this \$2,820,665 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 4,203,120
Depreciation expense	 (1,382,455)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances-	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position	
of governmental activities	\$ 2,820,665

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position." The details of this \$220,426 difference are as follows:

In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the remaining cost of the capital assets sold.	\$ (38,973)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources	 259,399
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balance-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 220,426

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$651,055 difference are as follows:

Principal Repayment:	
General obligation bond	\$ 472,517
Capital outlay notes	166,107
Amortization of debt premiums	 12,431
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balance- total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position	
of governmental activities	\$ 651,055

June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(B) <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (Continued)</u>

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$2,492 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ 1,400
Accrued interest	 1,092
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances-	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position	
of governmental activities	\$ 2,492

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The government follows the procedures below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to May 1, the City Administrator submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Board of Mayor and Aldermen.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, and other governmental funds including: special revenue funds, debt service, and capital projects funds.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Other Governmental Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

The Fayetteville City School System's original budget and amendments are first adopted by the Board of Education but must be then approved by the City of Fayetteville Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

(A) Deposits and investments

The following is a summary of cash and investments as of June 30, 2020:

General use:

On deposit and on hand	\$ 45,722,231
Negotiable certificates of deposit	200,000
Government sponsored securities	657,937

Restricted and other special funds:

On deposit-restricted (externally)	\$ 3,268,759	
On deposit-special funds (internally restricted)	 7,404,353	 10,673,112
Total		\$ 57,253,280

A portion of the restricted assets shown on deposit above are maintained in the government's Fayetteville Public Utilities enterprise fund. These assets include amounts which are required to be maintained pursuant to ordinances relating to bond indebtedness (construction, reserve and sinking funds), as well as bond or grant funds restricted for improvement and construction projects and retained amounts due to contractors pursuant to agreement. At June 30, 2020, the following restricted funds were maintained:

Externally restricted:

Total	\$ 3,268,759
Improvements and construction funds	 75,371
Asset management reserve	47,000
Operation and maintenance reserve	747,098
Bond sinking and debt service reserve funds	\$ 2,399,290

Special funds totaling \$7,404,353 are designated for specific purposes by FPU. The funds include operating reserves, improvements and construction costs, debt service reserves, and post-retirement health benefits.

<u>Credit risk - investments</u> - This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. State law limits investments by municipalities to federal obligations, certain other federally guaranteed obligations, certificates of deposit, the Local Government Investment Pool and certain other highly rated instruments. The government has not adopted policies to further limit its deposit or investment choices. As of June 30, 2020, the government has invested \$200,000 in negotiable certificates of deposits, which are covered by FDIC insurance. As of June 30, 2020, the government has also invested \$657,937 in U.S. treasury obligations and therefore are not considered to have credit risk. Governmental accounting standards require disclosure of credit quality ratings for external investment pools; however, the Local Government Investment Pool is unrated.

<u>Interest rate risk:</u> This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The government's risk is mitigated through the limited maturities of investments and time deposits, if any.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

(A) Deposits and investments (Continued)

<u>Custodial credit risk – deposits</u> - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2020, certain deposits are held in financial institutions, which are members of the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool (the Pool). The Pool is a multiple financial institution collateral pool in which member financial institutions holding public funds pledge collateral securities. In the event any member financial institution fails, the entire collateral pool becomes available to satisfy the claims of governmental entities

At June 30, 2020, the government's cash consists of deposits in financial institutions with bank balances of \$57,798,251 and carrying amounts of \$57,249,242 plus cash on hand of \$4,038. Of the amounts on deposit, \$54,408,128 is fully insured by the FDIC, the SIPC, or the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool. The remaining \$2,841,114 is collateralized by securities pledged by financial institutions in the name of the government.

<u>Custodial credit risk – investments</u> – In the case of an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The government does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk.

(B) Receivables

Amounts are aggregated into a single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) line for governmental activities. Below is the detail of receivables for the major and nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

		Scho		No	nmajor	
	<u>General</u>	<u>General</u>		Gove	<u>rnmental</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:						
Taxes - property	\$ 3,099,231	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,099,231
Taxes - other	57,023		-		-	57,023
Accounts	83,704		292		110,505	194,501
Intergovernmental	 948,952		300,459		1,576	 1,250,987
Gross receivables	4,188,910		300,751		112,081	4,601,742
Less: Allowance for						
Uncollectibles	 (34,847)					 (34,847)
Net total receivables	\$ 4,154,063	\$	300,751	\$	112,081	\$ 4,566,895

Revenues of the Fayetteville Public Utilities, an enterprise fund, are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to sales of the current period amounted to \$15,962.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

(C) Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, for governmental activities follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,672,030	\$ 371,350	\$ -	\$ 4,043,380
Construction in progress	538,275	2,517,404	(127,179)	2,928,500
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,210,305	2,888,754	(127,179)	6,971,880
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	21,671,099	292,942	(12,438)	21,951,603
Improvements other than buildings	2,614,690	34,141	-	2,648,831
Machinery and equipment	10,070,522	1,274,081	(277,342)	11,067,261
Infrastructure	6,743,961	99,781		6,843,742
Total capital assets being depreciated	41,100,272	1,700,945	(289,780)	42,511,437
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(8,262,239)	(454,925)	4,975	(8,712,189)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,171,341)	(116,876)	-	(1,288,217)
Machinery and equipment	(6,343,906)	(538,566)	245,831	(6,636,641)
Infrastructure	(2,594,506)	(272,088)		(2,866,594)
Total accumulated depreciation	(18,371,992)	(1,382,455)	250,806	(19,503,641)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	22,728,280	318,490	(38,974)	23,007,796
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 26,938,585	\$3,207,244	\$ (166,153)	<u>\$ 29,979,676</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to government functions / programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 80,151
Public safety	264,989
Recreation	115,396
Highways and streets	354,132
Housing and community development	1,742
Education	 566,045
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,382,455

June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

(C) Capital assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, for business-type activities is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,098,495	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,098,495
Construction in progress	4,066,839	7,876,393	(4,494,909)	7,448,323
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,165,334	7,876,393	(4,494,909)	8,546,818
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Structures and improvements	10,016,536	26,193	-	10,042,729
Machinery and equipment	179,503,370	5,840,707	(2,163,965)	183,180,112
Infrastructure	694,077	64,997	(18,014)	741,060
Total capital assets being depreciated	190,213,983	5,931,897	(2,181,979)	193,963,901
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and improvements	(2,528,587)	(219,811)	-	(2,748,398)
Machinery and equipment	(71,195,207)	(6,170,707)	2,327,900	(75,038,014)
Infrastructure	(687,036)	(62,010)	21,996	(727,050)
Total accumulated depreciation	(74,410,830)	(6,452,528)	2,349,896	(78,513,462)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	115,803,153	(520,631)	167,917	115,450,439
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 120,968,487	\$ 7,355,762	<u>\$ (4,326,992)</u>	\$123,997,257

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities of the government as follows:

Business-type A	Activities:
-----------------	-------------

Public utilities	\$ 6,405,263
Sanitation fund	 47,265
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 6,452,528

The amount of \$463,014 of depreciation expense related to transportation equipment is allocated to utility plant and operating expenses based on usage.

Construction commitments

At June 30, 2020, the government's Fayetteville Public Utilities (FPU) enterprise fund had outstanding engineering and construction contract commitments totaling \$958,844.

At June 30, 2020, Fayetteville City Schools had significant outstanding contract commitments for engineering, construction, and plant upgrades totaling \$589,811.

At June 30, 2020, the general government had outstanding engineering and construction contract commitments totaling \$683,717.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

(D) Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All balances are expected to be liquidated within one year. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020, is as follows:

	Due from											
		Capital										
	S	chool	Sa	nitation		Drug Projects			General			
	<u>Tit</u>	le Fund		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Due to:												
General fund	\$	-	\$	65,165	\$	3,543	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	78,708
School general fund		3,783		-		-		-		-		3,783
Capital projects fund		-		-		-		-		172,196		172,196
Debt service fund		-		-		-		-		73,860		73,860
Sanitation fund		-		-		-		-		14		14
Drug fund				-		_				12,499	_	12,499
	\$	3,783	\$	65,165	\$	3,543	\$	10,000	\$	258,569	\$	341,060

Transfers are used to move receipts for funding of capital projects and to finance various programs accounted for in other funds using unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund in accordance with budgetary authorizations. FPU makes tax equivalent payments to the general fund. The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Transfers In									
						Other				
		General		School	Go	vernmental				
		<u>Fund</u>	Gei	neral Func	1	<u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>		
Transfers Out:										
General fund	\$	-	\$	897,626	\$	809,544	\$	1,707,170		
Other governmental funds		508,884						508,884		
Subtotal - governmental funds	\$	508,884	\$	897,626	\$	809,544	\$	2,216,054		
Fayetteville Public Utilities	\$	1,684,753	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,684,753		
Sanitation fund		110,000						110,000		
Subtotal - proprietary funds		1,794,753						1,794,753		
	\$	2,303,637	\$	897,626	\$	809,544	\$	4,010,807		

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

(A) General Obligation Bonds

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

(A) General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

City of Fayetteville (Government) and Fayetteville Public Utilities (Gas Department):

Series 2017, \$3,850,000 general obligation bonds, issued September 2017 to advance refund debt totaling \$3,950,000. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates of 5% with final maturity in 2025. (Allocation: Government: \$742,275, FPU Gas \$1,602,725).

\$ 2,345,000

City of Fayetteville (Government):

Series 2013B, \$1,045,000 general obligation bonds, issued October 2013 to finance certain public facility construction and improvements and related costs. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates ranging from 1.00% to 4.5% with final maturity in 2033.

745,000

Series 2014, \$2,000,000 general obligation bonds, issued December 2014 to finance certain construction, improvements and equipping of a law enforcement facility. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 3.5% with final maturity in 2035.

1,665,000

Fayetteville City Schools (Government):

Series 2013, \$6,140,000 general obligation bonds, issued May 2013 to refund capital outlay notes totaling \$6,000,000 being used to finance school system capital outlay projects. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.25% with final maturity in 2037.

4,645,000

Total general obligation bonds

\$ 9,400,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Government	tal Activities	Business Type Activities
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>
2021	\$ 514,193	\$ 225,508	\$ 310,807 \$ 41,378
2022	516,215	210,125	323,785 25,838
2023	528,702	199,174	326,298 19,362
2024	535,676	187,975	314,324 12,836
2025	547,489	176,638	327,511 6,550
2026-2030	2,150,000	697,499	
2031-2035	2,345,000	338,438	-
2036-2037	660,000	32,338	
Total	\$ 7,797,275	\$ 2,067,695	\$ 1,602,725 \$ 105,964

(B) Revenue Bonds

The government also issues bonds for which the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue and revenue and tax bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

June 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

(B) Revenue Bonds (Continued)

<u>Fayetteville Public Utilities (Electric Department):</u>

Series 2016, revenue bonds issued in the original amount of \$9,750,000 in May 2016 to advance refund debt totaling \$9,950,000. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates of 2% with final maturity in 2028. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity on or after June 1, 2024 at a redemption price of 100%.

\$ 9,630,000

The government has revenue and tax bond issues from direct placements at June 30, 2020 as follows:

Fayetteville Public Utilities (Electric Department):

Series 2019, \$3,116,000 revenue bonds, issued in December 2019 to currently refund debt totaling \$3,090,000. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates of 1.79%, with final maturity in 2024. The bonds are not pre-payable prior to maturity.

1,899,000

Fayetteville Public Utilities (Water Department):

Series 2008, revenue and tax bond (Phase I) in the original amount of \$3,500,000 issued in September 2013 to finance certain costs of the water wastewater system and refinance maturing interim certificates of indebtedness. The bond bears interest at the rate of 2.25% per annum with final maturity in 2050. Prepayments may be made at any time.

3,054,816

Series 2009, revenue and tax bond (Phase II) in the original amount of \$4,980,000 issued in October 2014 to finance certain costs of the water wastewater system and refinance maturing interim certificates of indebtedness. The bond bears interest at the rate of 3.00% per annum with final maturity in 2051. Prepayments may be made at any time.

4,522,715

Series 2009A, revenue and tax bond (Phase III) in the original amount of \$2,623,000 issued in December 2015 to finance certain extensions and improvements to the water and wastewater system and refinance maturing interim certificates of indebtedness. The bond bears interest at the rate of 2.50% per annum with final maturity in 2052. Prepayments may be made at any time.

2,416,727

Series 2015, revenue and tax bond (Phase IV) in the original amount of \$1,900,000 issued in July 2016 to finance certain extensions and improvements to the water and wastewater system and refinance maturing interim certificates of indebtedness. The bond bears interest at the rate of 2.75% per annum with final maturity in 2054. Prepayments may be made at any time.

1,782,515

Total revenue bonds from direct placements

\$ 13,675,773

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are on the following page.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

(B) Revenue Bonds (Continued)

		Revenue Bone	ds fi	rom Direct				
	Bo	rrowings and l	Dire	ect Placements		Revenue I	3on	ds
Year Ending		Business Ty	pe A	<u>Activities</u>	Year Ending	Business Type	Ac	<u>tivities</u>
June 30,		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>]	<u>Interest</u>
2021	\$	730,050	\$	344,938	2021	\$ 810,000	\$	192,600
2022		726,525		329,727	2022	845,000		176,400
2023		722,178		314,518	2023	875,000		159,500
2024		727,212		300,126	2024	910,000		142,000
2025		269,006		283,990	2025	1,490,000		123,800
2026-2030		1,456,403		1,308,577	2026-2030	4,700,000		189,500
2031-2035		1,662,756		1,102,224	2031-2035	-		-
2036-2040		1,898,401		866,579	2036-2040	-		-
2041-2045		2,169,043		595,937	2041-2045	-		-
2046-2050		2,478,203		286,777	2046-2050	-		-
2051-2055		835,996		30,911	2051-2055	 		
Total	\$	13,675,773	\$	5,764,304	Total	\$ 9,630,000	\$	983,800

Certain of the government's bonds require establishment of sinking funds and compliance with various covenants. The government was in compliance with these requirements at June 30, 2020.

Current refundings:

On December 12, 2019, Fayetteville Public Utilities issued a \$3,116,000 Revenue Bond to currently refund \$3,090,000 of electric department revenue bonds. FPU completed the current refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 4 years by \$118,181 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$109,260. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$3,252. These differences together with deferred outflows from the prior refundings are reported in the accompanying financial statements as deferred outflows. These deferred outflows are being amortized through fiscal year 2024.

(C) Loans (Direct Borrowings)

The government has the following loans from direct borrowings outstanding at June 30, 2020:

City of Fayetteville (Sanitation Fund)

Installment note agreement, entered into July 18, 2017, to finance the cost of sanitation equipment. The original term of the loan is 3 years and bears interest at 2.5%.

\$5,915

City of Fayetteville (General Government)

Capital outlay note agreement, entered into May 2, 2019, to finance the cost of police cars. The original term of the loan is 3 years and bears interest at 2.8%.

315,818

Fayetteville Public Utilities (Water Department)

State of Tennessee Utility Relocation Loan, entered into August 9, 2005, to finance the cost of relocating certain water department utility lines. The original term of the loan is 15 years and bears interest at 1.85%.

682,452

June 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

(C) Loans (Direct Borrowings) (Continued)

Fayetteville Public Utilities (Water Department)

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into January 3, 2013, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the water wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from the project completion and bears interest at 1.17%.

3,121,179

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into January 3, 2013, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the water wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion and bears interest at 1.17%.

533,141

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into January 23, 2015, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the water wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion and bears interest at 1.38%.

3,197,174

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into January 23, 2015, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the water wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion and bears interest at 1.38%.

1,347,085

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into May 10, 2016, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the water system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion and bears interest at 1.12%.

4,709,224

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into November 29, 2017, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion and bears interest at 1.31%.

853,724

RUS Rural Development Loan: FPU entered into a loan agreement on November 30, 2015 with the USDA pursuant to the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 for a Rural Economic Development Loan in the amount of \$133,334 the proceeds of which were passed through to the Lincoln County Health System, the ultimate recipient. The loan bears no interest and is payable monthly for a term of seven years.

45,994

Total Loans (Direct Borrowings)

\$ 14,811,706

Debt service requirements to maturity on these loans (Direct Borrowings) are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmen	tal Activities			Business Ty	ype Activities		
<u>June 30,</u>	Principal		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	
2021	\$ 170,447	\$	6,817	\$	898,125	\$	176,697	
2022	145,371		1,689		903,925		164,970	
2023	-		-		904,673		153,048	
2024	-		-		908,837		141,002	
2025	-		-		841,651		129,101	
2026-2030	-		-		3,959,166		499,164	
2031-2035	-		-		4,172,915		247,800	
2036-2039	 		<u> </u>		1,906,596		33,763	
Total	\$ 315,818	\$	8,506	\$	14,495,888	\$	1,545,545	

June 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The debt of each department of FPU is secured by and / or payable from the respective revenues of that department.

<u>Fayetteville Public Utilities (State of Tennessee Revolving Loan Fund) – Non-Amortizing Debt</u> FPU entered into loan agreements on November 29, 2017, with the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation to borrow \$3,000,000. This loan will be used to finance the cost of certain improvements to the wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion. The loan bears interest at a rate of 1.31%. FPU has received \$2,436,720 in advances as of June 30, 2020.

(D) Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:]	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>additions</u>	<u>I</u>	Reductions		Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds - fixed rate	\$	8,269,792	\$	_	\$	(472,517)	\$	7,797,275	\$ 514,193	
Unamortized bond premium	7	113,744	7	_	7	(11,239)	_	102,505	-	
Total bonds payable	_	8,383,536	_		_	(483,756)		7,899,780	514,193	
Loans payable from direct borrowings:		0,000,000				(100), 00)		1,033,100	011,150	
Capital outlay note		481,926		_		(166,108)		315,818	170,447	
Total loans payable from direct borrowings		481,926		_		(166,108)		315,818	170,447	
Landfill postclosure costs		149,831		_		(149,831		
Postemployment benefit obligation		1,463,099		504,563		(104,838)		1,862,824	-	
Net pension liability		586,153		84,587		(618,064)		52,676	-	
Compensated absences		653,157		237,666		(239,066)		651,757	239,866	
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	11,717,702	\$	826,816	\$	(1,611,832)	\$	10,932,686	\$ 924,506	
Business-type Activities: Bonds payable:		Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u> </u>	Additions		Reductions		Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>	
Revenue bonds	\$	9,660,000	\$	_	\$	(30,000)	\$	9,630,000	\$ 810,000	
General obligation bonds	Ψ	2,590,208	Ψ	_	Ψ	(987,483)	Ψ	1,602,725	310,807	
Unamortized bond premium		333,003		(2,365)		(83,821)		246,817	-	
Revenue bonds from direct placements		15,102,518		3,116,000		(4,542,745)		13,675,773	730,050	
Total bonds payable	_	27,685,729	_	3,113,635	_	(5,644,049)	_	25,155,315	1,850,857	-
Loans from direct borrowings:		27,000,72		0,110,000		(5,611,615)		20,100,010	1,000,007	
Tennessee Utility Relocation Loan		826,552		_		(144,100)		682,452	146,788	
Tennessee revolving fund program loan		14,997,479		1,918,242		(717,474)		16,198,247	726,366	
US Bank sanitation truck loan		75,845		-		(69,930)		5,915	5,915	
RUS Rural Development Loan	_	65,049		-	_	(19,055)		45,994	19,056	_
Total loans payable from direct borrowings		15,964,925		1,918,242		(950,559)		16,932,608	898,125	
Postemployment benefit obligation		1,574,010		101,019		(143,286)		1,531,743	21,916	
Advances from TVA		343,317		-		(115,046)		228,271	77,098	
Compensated absences		703,541		791,454	_	(459,016)		1,035,979	633,452	-
Business-type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	46,271,522	\$	5,924,350	\$	(7,311,956)	\$	44,883,916	\$3,481,448	-

 $^{^{*}}$ Current portions of these liabilities amounting to \$99,014 are included in accrued expenses on FPU's statement of net position.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

(E) Other long-term liability information

From time to time, the government has issued Industrial Development Revenue Bonds (IDRB) to provide assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The government is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. At June 30, 2020, there were two series of IDRB outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable was \$6,980,000. The original issue amounts totaled \$15,615,000.

Fayetteville Public Utilities' outstanding notes from direct borrowings through the State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Program contain a provision that in an event of default, the State of Tennessee shall withhold such sum or part of such sum from any State-Shared Taxes which are otherwise apportioned to the Local Government and pay only such sums necessary to liquidate the delinquency of the Local Government to the Tennessee Local Development Authority for deposit into the fund.

The government's other outstanding notes and bonds from direct borrowings and direct placements contain provisions that, upon an event of default, the lender may declare all unpaid principal and interest to be immediately due and payable as well as pursue all available legal and equitable remedies.

NOTE 6 - LEASING ACTIVITY

In prior years, the Fayetteville City School System entered into agreements to lease various equipment. Such agreements are, in substance, purchases (capital leases) and are reported as capital lease obligations. The System fulfilled the terms of these obligations in a prior year and has no future payments remaining on these assets.

Leased equipment under capital leases in capital assets at June 30, 2020, includes the following:

Equipment	\$ 19,425
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (17,321)
Total	\$ 2,104

Amortization of leased equipment under capital assets is included with depreciation expense. The cost of individual items acquired below the capitalization threshold is not included in capital assets.

The Fayetteville City School System has a license through the Federal Communication Commission (the "FCC") to certain IFTS channels. The System entered into an agreement in the current year to provide IFTS channels capacity to an unrelated third party. The arrangement provides for monthly lease payments of \$2,000. The agreement is for an original duration of ten years with extensions for two additional ten-year terms subject to cancellation with three months notice prior to the end of the applicable term.

Future minimum lease payments to be received under the agreement are as follows on the next page:

June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - LEASING ACTIVITY (CONTINUED)

	Future
Year Ending	Minimum
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Payments</u>
2021	\$ 24,000
2022	24,000
2023	24,000
2024	24,000
2025	 24,000
	120,000
Thereafter	96,000
Aggregate	\$ 216,000

The Fayetteville City School System is committed under various noncancelable operating leases for computer equipment. Future minimum operating lease commitments are as follows:

	Future
Year Ending	Minimum
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Payments</u>
2021	\$ 26,858
2022	 1,547
	\$ 28,405

Lease expenditures for Fayetteville City Schools for the year ending June 30, 2020 totaled \$50,968.

FPU is committed under various noncancellable operating leases for office equipment. Future minimum operating lease commitments are as follows:

Year Ending	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2021	\$ 31,344
2022	28,059
2023	23,659
2024	21,637
2025	 21,637
	\$ 126,336

Lease expenditures for FPU for the year ending June 30, 2020 totaled \$39,450.

The City is committed under various noncancellable operating leases for office equipment. Future minimum operating lease commitments are as follows:

Year Ending	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2021	\$ 10,195
2022	9,644
2023	9,111
2024	8,521
2025	 7,910
	\$ 45,381

Lease expenditures for the City for the year ending June 30, 2020 totaled \$14,172.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

FPU has issued revenue bonds to finance its various departments. The investors in the revenue bonds rely solely on the revenue generated by the individual departments for repayment. Summary financial information for each department is presented below.

Condensed Statement of Net Position	<u>Electric</u>	<u>Gas</u>	Telecom	<u>Water</u>
Assets	Ф 01 440 F00	Ф 1 0 2 0 000	Ф 607.005	Ф 760 522
Current assets	\$ 31,443,722	\$ 1,929,989	\$ 627,325	\$ 769,532
Special funds	2,628,510	3,276,827	351,151	4,416,624
Capital assets Other assets	54,242,531 696,672	18,454,184	3,185,625 15,954	47,426,516 23,893
Other assets		17,555		
_ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	89,011,435	23,678,555	4,180,055	52,636,565
Deferred Outflows of Resources	301,386	156,560		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	7,671,469	947,715	305,611	1,988,751
Other liabilities	1,227,104	322,757	173,402	447,700
Long term debt	10,422,681	1,373,992	-	27,542,268
	19,321,254	2,644,464	479,013	29,978,719
Net Position (Deficit)				
Net investment in capital assets	42,838,561	16,802,588	3,185,625	18,769,044
Restricted	1,769,586	-	-	1,423,802
Unrestricted	25,383,420	4,388,063	515,417	2,465,000
	\$ 69,991,567	\$ 21,190,651	\$ 3,701,042	\$ 22,657,846
Condensed Statement of Revenues,				
Expenses, and Changes in Net Position				
Operating revenues	\$ 46,910,320	\$ 6,678,919	\$ 4,671,636	\$ 5,847,302
Depreciation expense	2,878,519	651,865	391,587	2,020,278
Other operating expenses	39,996,661	5,050,245	3,689,639	2,928,714
Operating income	4,035,140	976,809	590,410	898,310
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):				
Investment income	303,029	20,282	577	30,983
Interest expense	(278,267)	(55,672)	(7,990)	(549,733)
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets	56,265	3,265	(1,319)	(33,431)
Other	45,291	14,355	8,985	21,305
Contributions/Transfers - net	(489,846)	(271,517)	50,761	(389,993)
Change in net position	3,671,612	687,522	641,424	(22,559)
Beginning net position	66,319,955	20,503,129	3,059,618	22,680,405
Ending net position	\$ 69,991,567	\$ 21,190,651	\$ 3,701,042	\$ 22,657,846
Condensed Statement of Cash Flows				
Net cash provided (used) by:				
Operating activities	\$ 9,140,897	\$ 1,808,027	\$ 1,035,035	\$ 3,001,263
Noncapital financing activities	339,704	(984,611)	(202,375)	(837,471)
Capital and related financing activities	(6,567,166)	(1,007,499)	(730,445)	(3,439,728)
Investing activities	305,438	20,560	575	31,461
Net increase (decrease)	3,218,873	(163,523)	102,790	(1,244,475)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	23,838,997	4,593,878	487,524	5,668,363
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,057,870	\$ 4,430,355	\$ 590,314	\$ 4,423,888
	48			

June 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The government is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The government maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of the above risks of loss. Management believes that the coverage is adequate to preclude any significant uninsured risk exposure to the government. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages. There has not been a significant reduction in insurance coverage in the past fiscal year.

The government has been named as defendant in various civil actions and is defending these actions vigorously. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the legal counsel, resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

NOTE 9 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The government participates in a number of federally assisted education grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, will not have a material effect upon the government's financial condition.

FPU operates under a power contract with Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) whereby restrictions are placed upon utilization of revenues collected by FPU. Under the terms of this contract, FPU has agreed to the following restrictions:

- (a) Gross revenues from electric operations will be used for (1) current electric system operating expenses, (2) current debt service payments, including sinking fund payments, when due; (3) provision of reasonable reserves for renewals, replacements, and contingencies; and working capital adequate to cover operating expenses for a reasonable number of weeks, and; (4) to pay tax equivalent payments into the government's general funds, within certain guidelines established by TVA, from any revenues then remaining.
- (b) All revenues remaining over and above the requirements stipulated are considered surplus revenues. These revenues may be used for new electric system construction or for the retirement of electric system indebtedness prior to maturity with consideration that resale rates and charges will be reduced from time to time to the lowest practicable levels.

The City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County, Tennessee, operated a landfill as a joint venture for the residents of Lincoln County that was closed in February 1995. The government acts as administrator of the postclosure activities. Based upon the most recent information available for financial assurance provided by the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation, the total remaining closure and postclosure care costs are estimated to be \$299,663 as of June 30, 2020. These costs will be shared equally by the government and Lincoln County, Tennessee. The government's share of this estimated liability is \$149,831 and is included as a liability in the statement of net position. The government's current year share of required funding was \$41,048 and is reported as an expenditure of the Sanitation Fund.

Fayetteville Public Utilities has outstanding contract commitments of \$958,844 related to various plant upgrades, as described in Note 4. Other significant outstanding commitments total \$147,475 at June 30, 2020.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS

AGGREGATE FOR ALL PLANS

The total of the government's pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2020, for all plans is as follows:

	Pension	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension
	Liabilities (Assets)	of Resources	of Resources	Expense
Public Employee Retirement Plan	\$ 52,676	\$ 1,175,342	\$ 796,134	\$ 453,011
Teacher Legacy Pension Plan	(1,624,280)	949,309	1,487,224	243,663
Teacher Retirement Plan	(66,729)	40,965	33,082	21,470
TCRS stabilization reserve trust	(59,468)	-	-	-
Fayetteville City Schools 401(k) Plan	-	-	-	76,188
NRECA Retirement Security Plan	-	-	-	1,011,828
NRECA 401(k) Plan				79,646
Total for All Plans	\$ (1,697,801)	\$ 2,165,616	\$ 2,316,440	\$ 1,885,806

The following is a summary of each of these plans:

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PLAN

Plan Description

Government and Fayetteville City Schools employees (except for teachers) are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reporting-and-Investment-Policies.

Benefits provided

Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's service credit. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 55 and vested. Members vest with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced ten percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the second of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	105
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	126
Active employees	180
	411

Contributions

Contributions for employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5 percent of salary. Fayetteville makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the employer contributions for Fayetteville were \$618,064 based on a rate of 9.65 percent of covered payroll. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept Fayetteville's state shared taxes if required employer contributions are not remitted. The employer's ADC and member contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

Pension liabilities (assets)

The government's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.72 to 3.44 percent based

on age, including inflation, averaging 4.00 percent

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses

including inflation

Cost-of-Living Adjustment 2.25 percent

Mortality rates were based on actual experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2016 actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best-estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5 percent. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term	
	Expected	Tr
	Real Rate	Target
Asset Class	of Return	Allocation
U.S equity	5.69%	31%
Developed market international equity	5.29%	14%
Emerging market international equity	6.36%	4%
Private equity and strategic lending	5.79%	20%
U. S. fixed income	2.01%	20%
Real estate	4.32%	10%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the government will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

	Inc	crease (Decrease)	
	Total	Plan	Net
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balance June 30, 2018	\$21,189,719 \$	20,603,566	\$ 586,153
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$ 567,978 \$	-	\$ 567,978
Interest	1,534,759	-	1,534,759
Differences between expected			-
and actual experience	(238,975)	-	(238,975)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions-employer	-	585,210	(585,210)
Contributions-employees	-	304,355	(304,355)
Net investment income	-	1,522,860	(1,522,860)
Benefit payments, including			
refunds of employee contributions	(1,177,212)	(1,177,212)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(15,186)	15,186
Other changes	<u> </u>		
Net changes	\$ 686,550 \$	1,220,027	\$ (533,477)
Balance June 30, 2019	\$ 21,876,269 \$	21,823,593	\$ 52,676

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City of Fayetteville calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
Fayetteville's net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,879,933	\$ 52,676	\$(2,283,023)
	F	53	

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

Pension expense

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the government recognized pension expense of \$453,011.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	R	esources	ources Resource	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	278,157	\$	542,802
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan				
investments		-		253,332
Changes in assumptions		279,121		-
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date of June 30, 2019		618,064		N/A
	\$	1,175,342	\$	796,134

The amount shown above for "Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date of June 30, 2019," will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to net pension liability (asset) in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
June 30,	
2021	\$ (21,420)
2022	(107,891)
2023	37,890
2024	(107,606)
2025	(39,829)
Thereafter	_

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

PAYABLE TO THE PENSION PLAN

At June 30, 2020, the government reported a payable of \$46,175 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2020.

TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN

Plan description

The Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reporting-and-Investment-Policies.

Teachers employed by Fayetteville City Schools with membership in the TCRS before July 1, 2014 are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Pension Plan closed to new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees.

Beginning July 1, 2014, the Teacher Retirement Plan became effective for teachers employed by Local Education Agencies (LEAs) after June 30, 2014. The Teacher Retirement Plan is a separate cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan.

Benefits provided

Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with five years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive years average compensation and the member's service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 55 if vested. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced ten percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the second of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Teachers contribute 5 percent of salary. The Local Education Agencies (LEAs) make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted. Employer contributions by the government for the year ended June 30, 2020 to the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan were \$558,372 which is 10.63 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

PENSION LIABILITIES (ASSETS), PENSION EXPENSE (NEGATIVE PENSION EXPENSE), AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

Pension liabilities (assets)

At June 30, 2020, the government reported a liability (asset) of \$(1,624,280) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The government's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the government's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating LEAs. At the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the government's proportion was 0.157976 percent. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2018, was 0.171093 percent.

Pension expense (negative pension expense)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the government recognized pension expense (negative pension expense) of \$243,663.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deformed Deformed

	Deterred		D	Deterred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of		
	R	esources	R	esources	
Differences between expected and				_	
actual experience	\$	79,082	\$	992,143	
Changes in assumptions		218,880		-	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan					
investments		-		464,088	
Changes in proportion of net pension					
liability (asset)		92,975		30,993	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date of June 30, 2019		558,372		N/A	
	\$	949,309	\$ 1	1,487,224	
	_	56			

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The government's employer contributions of \$558,372, reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
June 30,	
2021	\$ (298,451)
2022	(460,075)
2023	(185,776)
2024	(151,984)
2025	-
Thereafter	_

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.72 to 3.44 percent based

on age, including inflation, averaging 4.00 percent

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses

including inflation

Cost-of-Living Adjustment 2.25 percent

Mortality rates were based on actual experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2016 actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best-estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5 percent. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Long-term	
	Expected	
	Real Rate	Target
Asset Class	of Return	Allocation
U.S equity	5.69%	31%
Developed market international equity	5.29%	14%
Emerging market international equity	6.36%	4%
Private equity and strategic lending	5.79%	20%
U. S. fixed income	2.01%	20%
Real estate	4.32%	10%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the LEAs will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	Current	
1%	Discount	1%
Decrease	Rate	Increase
6.25%	7.25%	8.25%

Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the net

pension liability (asset) \$ 3,321,184 \$(1,624,280) \$(5,558,260)

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report.

PAYABLE TO THE PENSION PLAN

At June 30, 2020, the government recorded a payable of \$124,914 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2020.

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan description

The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reporting-and-Investment-Policies.

Teachers employed by Fayetteville City Schools with membership in TCRS before July 1, 2014 are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Pension Plan closed to new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, the Teacher Retirement Plan became effective for teachers employed by LEAs after June 30, 2014. The Teacher Retirement Plan is a separate cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan.

Benefits provided

Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Teacher Retirement Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive years average compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 60 and vested or pursuant to the rule of 80. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the second of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the Teacher Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLAs, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly or by automatic cost controls set out in law. Teachers contribute 5 percent of salary. The LEAs make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. Per the statutory provisions governing the TCRS, the employer contribution rate cannot be less than 4 percent, except in years when the maximum funded level, as established by the TCRS Board of Trustees, is reached. By law, employer contributions for the Teacher Retirement Plan are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted. Employer contributions by the government for the year ended June 30, 2020 to the Teacher Retirement Plan were \$30,736, which is 2.03 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

PENSION LIABILITIES (ASSETS), PENSION EXPENSE (NEGATIVE PENSION EXPENSE), AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

Pension liabilities (assets)

At June 30, 2020, the government reported a liability (asset) of (\$66,729) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The government's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on Fayetteville City Schools' share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating LEAs. At the measurement date of June 30, 2019 Fayetteville City Schools' proportion was 0.118212 percent. The proportion measured at June 30, 2018 was 0.080310 percent.

Pension expense (negative pension expense)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the government recognized pension expense (negative pension expense) of \$21,470.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

	De	Deferred		Deferred	
	Out	tflows of	In	flows of	
	Re	sources	Re	sources	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	2,767	\$	11,649	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan					
investments		-		2,821	
Changes in assumptions		2,318		-	
Changes in proportion of net pension					
liability (asset)		5,144		18,612	
Fayetteville City Schools' contributions					
subsequent to the measurement date of					
June 30, 2019		30,736		N/A	
	\$	40,965	\$	33,082	

Employer contributions of \$30,736 reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended		
June 30,		
2021	\$ (2,530)	
2022	(2,962)	
2023	(2,171)	
2024	(1,767)	
2025	(1,652)	
Thereafter	(11,770)	

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	Graded salary ranges from 8.72 to 3.44 percent based on age, including inflation, averaging 4.00 percent
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	2.25 percent 61

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Mortality rates were based on actual experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2016 actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best-estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5 percent. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term	
	Expected	
	Real Rate	Target
Asset Class	of Return	Allocation
U.S equity	5.69%	31%
Developed market international equity	5.29%	14%
Emerging market international equity	6.36%	4%
Private equity and strategic lending	5.79%	20%
U. S. fixed income	2.01%	20%
Real estate	4.32%	10%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from all LEAs will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

			(Jurrent		
		1%	D	iscount		1%
	De	ecrease		Rate]	Increase
	ϵ	5.25%		7.25%		8.25%
Fayetteville City Schools'						
proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset)	\$	21,142	\$	(66,729)	\$	(131,682)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report.

Payable to the pension plan

At June 30, 2020, the government reported a payable of \$17,815 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2020.

TCRS STABILIZATION TRUST

Legal Provisions. The Fayetteville City Schools is a member of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) Stabilization Reserve Trust. The System has placed funds into the irrevocable trust as authorized by statute under Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA), Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the trust. Funds of trust members are held and invested in the name of the trust for the benefit of each member. Each member's funds are restricted for the payment of retirement benefits of that member's employees. Trust funds are not subject to the claims of general creditors of the School Department.

The trust is authorized to make investments as directed by the TCRS Board of Trustees. The Fayetteville City Schools may not impose any restrictions on investments placed by the trust on their behalf.

Investment Balances. Assets of the TCRS, including the Stabilization Reserve Trust, are invested in the Tennessee Retiree Group Trust (TRGT). The TRGT is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company. The State of Tennessee has not obtained a credit quality rating for the TRGT from a nationally recognized credit ratings agency. The fair value of investment positions in the TRGT is determined daily based on the fair value of the pool's underlying portfolio. Furthermore, TCRS had not obtained or provided any legally binding guarantees to support the value of participant shares during the fiscal year. There are no restrictions on the sale or redemption of shares.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TCRS STABILIZATION TRUST (CONTINUED)

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments and interest and dividend income. Interest income is recognized when earned. Securities and securities transactions are recorded in the financial statements on a trade-date basis. The fair value of assets of the TRGT held at June 30, 2020, represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Assets held are categorized for fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and give the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; assets or liabilities that have a bid-ask spread price in an inactive dealer market, brokered market and principal-to-principal market; and Level 1 assets or liabilities that are adjusted.
- Level 3 Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable

Investments where fair value is measured using the Net Asset Value ("NAV") per share have no readily determinable fair value and have been determined to be calculated consistent with the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") principles for investment companies.

Where inputs used in the measurement of fair value fall into different levels of the hierarchy, fair value of the instrument in its entirety is categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. This assessment requires professional judgement and as such management of the TRGT developed a fair value committee that worked in conjunction with the plan's custodian and investment professionals to make these valuations. All assets held were valued individually and aggregated into classes to be represented in the table below.

Short-term securities generally include investments in money market-type securities reported at cost plus accrued interest.

Equity and equity derivative securities classified in Level 1 are valued using last reported sales prices quoted in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date. Equity and equity derivative securities classified in Level 2 are securities whose values are derived daily from associated traded securities. Equity securities classified in Level 3 are valued with last trade data having limited trading volume.

U.S. Treasury Bills, Bonds, Notes and Futures classified in Level 1 are valued using last reported sales prices quoted in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date. Debt and debt derivative securities classified in Level 2 are valued using a bid-ask spread price from multiple independent brokers, dealers, or market principals, which are known to be actively involved in the market. Level 3 debt securities are valued using proprietary information, a single pricing source, or other unobservable inputs related to similar assets or liabilities.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TCRS STABILIZATION TRUST (CONTINUED)

Real estate investments classified in Level 3 are valued using the last valuations provided by external investment advisors or independent external appraisers. Generally, all direct real estate investments are appraised by a qualified independent appraiser(s) with the professional designation of Member of the Appraisal Institute ("MAI"), or its equivalent, every three (3) years beginning from the acquisition date of the property. The appraisals are performed using generally accepted valuation approaches applicable to the property type.

Investments in private mutual funds, traditional private equity funds, strategic lending funds and real estate funds that report using GAAP, the fair value, as well as the unfunded commitments, were determined using the prior quarter's NAV, as reported by the fund managers, plus the current cash flows. These assets were then categorized by investment strategy. In instances where the fund investment reported using non-GAAP standards, the investment was valued using the same method, but was classified in Level 3.

On June 30, 2020, the Fayetteville City Schools had the following investments held by the trust on its behalf.

Weighted

				VV	eign	tea				
				Α	vera	ge				
				M	Iatur	itv			I	air
Investment					(day	•	Iaturiti	es	Value	
Investments at Fair Value:										
U.S Equity					N/A	A	N/A		\$	18,434
Developed Market Internat	ion	al Equit	V		N/A		N/A			8,326
Emerging Market Internati					N/A		N/A			2,379
U. S. Fixed Income		1)			N/A		N/A			11,894
Real Estate					N/A		N/A			5,947
Short-term Securities					N/A		N/A			595
NAV - Private Equity and S	Stra	tegic Lei	ndir	າອ	N/A		N/A			11,893
				-0	-	_				,
Total								_	\$	59,468
				Fa	air Va	lue Mea	suremer	nts Usi	ng	
			ζ	Quoted						
			Р	rices in						
				Active	Sign	nificant				
			Ma	rkets for		Other	Significa			
			Id	lentical	Obs	ervable	Unobse	rvable		
		ir Value		Assets		nputs	Inputs			
Investment by Fair Value Level	6/	30/2020	(I	Level 1)	(Le	evel 2)	(Level 3	5)	NA	V
U.S Equity	\$	18,434	\$	18,434	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Developed Market	Ψ	10,101	Ψ	10,101	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
International Equity		8,326		8,326		_		-		-
Emerging Market										
International Equity		2,379		2,379		-		-		-
U. S. Fixed Income		11,894		-		11,894		-		-
Real Estate		5,947		-		-		5,947		-
Short-term Securities		595		-		595		-		-
Private Equity and										
Strategic Lending		11,893		-		-		-		11,893

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TCRS STABILIZATION TRUST (CONTINUED)

Risks and Uncertainties. The trust's investments include various types of investment funds, which in turn invest in any combination of stock, bonds and other investments exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and market risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported for trust investments.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Fayetteville City Schools does not have the ability to limit trust investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Fayetteville City Schools does not have the ability to limit the credit ratings of individual investments made by the trust.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the county's investment in a single issuer. Fayetteville City Schools places no limit on the amount the county may invest in one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the county will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Pursuant to the trust agreement, investments are held in the name of the trust for the benefit of the Fayetteville City Schools to pay retirement benefits of the System's employees.

For further information concerning the System's investments with the TCRS Stabilization Reserve Trust, audited financial statements of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System may be obtained at https://comptroller.tn.gov/content/dam/cot/sa/advanced-search/disclaimer/2020/ag19091.pdf

Payable to the stabilization trust

At June 30, 2020, Fayetteville City Schools reported a payable of \$5,036 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the trust required at the year ended June 30, 2020.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS 401(K) PLAN

Fayetteville City Schools also has a defined contribution plan (administered by Great West Financial), under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, covering all teachers of the system.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Great West 401(k) pension plan are established and may be amended by the TCRS Board. Under the Plan, the System contributes 5% to the accounts of teachers hired after July 1, 2014; these contributions are not subject to any matching employee contribution. These teachers are automatically enrolled in the plan with a 2% employee deferral and an opt-out feature through which they may make no contributions. In addition, teachers who participate in the Legacy Plan of TCRS have the option to make contributions to this defined contribution plan with no system matching contributions. After-tax Roth 401K employee contributions are permitted by the Plan up to limits imposed by the Internal Revenue Code. Employee contributions to the Plan totaled \$22,585 for the year ended June 30, 2020. The System recognized pension expense under the defined contribution plan of \$76,188 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS 401(K) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions, and earnings on those contributions. As a result, there are no forfeitures to be recognized in pension expense.

At June 30, 2020, Fayetteville City Schools reported a payable of \$17,316 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2020.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS DEFERRED COMPENSATION

Fayetteville City Schools offers its employees a deferred compensation plan established pursuant to IRC Section 403(b) and administered by TSA Consulting Group. All costs of administering and funding this program are the responsibility of plan participants. The Section 403(b) plan assets remain the property of the contributing employees and are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. IRC Section 403(b) establishes participation, contribution, and withdrawal provisions for the plan. Employee contributions to the Plan totaled \$38,472 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City offers optional deferred compensation plans to its employees created in accordance with Sections 457 and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. These plans are available to all employees on a voluntary basis and allows participants to defer a portion of their current income until future years to shelter such funds and earnings from federal taxation until withdrawal. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

Both the Section 457 plan and the 401(k) plan are administered through the State of Tennessee. The City does not provide for a matching employer contribution and does not perform the investing function and has no fiduciary accountability for the plan. Thus, plan assets and any related liabilities to plan participants have been excluded from the City's financial statements. Employee contributions to the 457 plan totaled \$14,980 and employee contributions to the 401(k) plan totaled \$7,364 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NRECA RETIREMENT SECURITY PLAN

Plan description

Substantially all employees of FPU are participants in the National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA) Retirement Security (RS) Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan qualified under section 401 and tax-exempt under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The RS Plan meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 68 and the additional characteristics described in paragraph 2 of GASB Statement 78 in that it (a) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (b) is used to provide defined benefit pensions to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (c) has no predominant state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). NRECA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing to the Retirement Safety & Insurance Department, National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 4301 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia 22203-1860 or by calling (703) 907-5500.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

NRECA RETIREMENT SECURITY PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

NRECA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's high five-year average salary, years of service and benefit rate of 1.7%. Members become eligible to retire at the age of 62. A reduced retirement benefit is available to vested members at age 55. Disability benefits are available to active members who become totally disabled. Members become vested after five years of service. Benefit terms are established and may be amended by the NRECA Board. At June 30, 2020, FPU had 101 employees covered by the RS plan.

Contributions

Contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the NRECA Board. The RS plan does not require member contributions. FPU is required to contribute an actuarially determined normal cost annually and a past service adjustment cost which provides for crediting retirement benefits for past service on a uniform basis for all participants. FPU's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 20.29% of annual payroll. All members age 21 years and older with one year of completed service are eligible to participate.

FPU's required contribution based on the payroll of eligible participants for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$1,011,828.

NRECA 401(K) PLAN

FPU also has a defined contribution plan (administered by National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA)), under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, covering all eligible employees who have completed six months of service.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the NRECA 401(k) pension plan are established and may be amended by the NRECA Board. Under the Plan, FPU matches employee contributions of 1.25% of the employees' base pay. The employee must contribute 1.25% of their base pay in order to receive FPU's matching contribution. After-tax Roth 401K employee contributions are permitted by the Plan up to limits imposed by the Internal Revenue Code. Employee contributions to the Plan totaled \$321,527 for the year ended June 30, 2020. FPU recognized pension expense under the defined contribution plan of \$79,646 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions, and earnings on those contributions. As a result, there are no forfeitures to be recognized in pension expense.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The government maintains two separate single-employer and two state-administered agent multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plans. The plans cover the employees of Fayetteville Public Utilities, the City of Fayetteville, and the Fayetteville City Schools.

A summary of each of these plans is shown on the next page:

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES OPEB

Plan Description

The System administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which provides postemployment healthcare benefits for employees that retire from service who have attained the age of 62 years with a minimum of ten years service with the System or who have thirty years in the retirement plan. The System pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers for the shorter of three years or until the retiree qualifies for Medicare coverage. Also, the System's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the System's group rates. The Board of Public Utilities may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits provided

The System pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits provided to qualified retirees under a plan that can be amended by the Board of Public Utilities. Dependent coverage may be purchased by the retiree at their cost. The System has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	5
Active plan members	<u>116</u>
	<u>121</u>

Total OPEB Liability

The System's total OPEB liability of \$1,531,743 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases 3.00% per annum

Healthcare cost trend rates Medical: 8.0% to grade uniformly to 5.0% over a 10 year period

Retirees' share of benefit-Retirees are not required to make any contributions to the postretirement related costs

benefit. Spouses are required to make annual contributions of \$5,650.

Contributions are assumed to increase at the health care cost trend rate.

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index as of July 1, 2018.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale MP2014.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES OPEB (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability (expressed in thousands)

Balance at 6/30/19	\$ 1,574.010
Service cost	53.617
Interest	47.402
Benefit payments	(13.060)
Difference between expected and actual experience	 (130.226)
Net changes	 (42.267)
Balance at 6/30/20	\$ 1,531.743

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the System, as well as what the System's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.23 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.23 percent) than the current discount rate (expressed in thousands):

	1 % Decrease		Disc	ount Rate	1% Increase			
		2.23%		3.23%	4.23%			
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,604.471	\$	1,531.743	\$1,430.692			

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the System, as well as what the System's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (7 percent decreasing to 4 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9 percent decreasing to 6 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (expressed in thousands):

	Healthcare Cost							
		1 % Decrease	1% Increase					
	7% decreasing to $4%$			decreasing to 5%	9% decreasing to 6%			
		over 10 years		over 10 years	over 10 years			
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,387.144	\$	1,531.743	\$1,660.816			

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the System recognized OPEB expense (negative OPEB expense) of \$(29,207).

D	Deferred		Deferred		
Ou	Outflows of		Inflows of		
Re	Resources		Resources		
\$	16.775	\$			
\$	16.775	\$			
	Ou	Outflows of Resources	Outflows of Inflo		

Contributions of \$16,775 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from System contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE - GENERAL GOVERNMENT OPEB

The City of Fayetteville closed its previous OPEB plan in the current year and enrolled in the State of Tennessee plan as described below.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT OPEB PLAN

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE OPEB PLAN

Plan description

Employees of the government are provided with pre-65 retiree health insurance benefits through the Local Government OPEB Plan (LGOP) administered by the Tennessee Department of Finance and Administration. This plan is considered to be a multiple-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). However, for accounting purposes, this plan will be treated as a single-employer plan. All eligible pre-65 retired employees and disability participants of local governments, who choose coverage, participate in the LGOP.

Benefits provided

The State offers the LGOP to provide health insurance coverage to eligible pre-65 retirees and disabled participants of local governments. Insurance coverage is the only postemployment benefit provided to retirees. An insurance committee created in accordance with TCA 8-27-701 establishes and amends the benefit terms of the LGOP. All members have the option of choosing between the premier preferred provider organization (PPO), standard PPO, limited PPO or the wellness healthsavings consumer-driven health plan (CDHP) for healthcare benefits. Retired plan members, of the LGOP, receives the same plan benefits as active employees, at a blended premium rate that considers the cost of all participants. This creates an implicit subsidy for retirees. Participating employers determine their own policy related to direct subsidies provided for the retiree premiums. The government pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits provided to qualified retirees under the plan. The LGOP is funded on a pay-asyou-go basis and there are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At July 1, 2019, the following employees of the government were covered by the benefit terms of the LGOP:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	2
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	101
Total	103

An insurance committee, created in accordance with TCA 8-27-701, establishes the required payments to the LGOP by member employers and employees through the blended premiums established for active and retired employees. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the government paid \$19,521 to the LGOP for OPEB benefits as they became due.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

GENERAL GOVERNMENT OPEB (CONTINUED)

Total OPEB Liability

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 3.44 to 8.72 percent based on age, including

inflation, averaging 4 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.03% for pre-65 in 2019, decreasing annually over a 10 year period to an

ultimate rate of 4.50%. 5.20% for post-65 in 2019, decreasing annually

over a 4 year period to an ultimate rate of 4.50%.

Retirees' share of benefit
The government pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits

related costs provided to qualified retirees under the plan

Unless noted otherwise, the actuarial demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuations were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2018 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). These assumptions were developed by TCRS based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience. Mortality tables are used to measure the probabilities of participants dying before and after retirement. The mortality rates employed in this valuation are taken from the RP-2014 Healthy Participant Mortality Table for Annuitants for non-disabled post-retirement mortality, with mortality improvement projected to all future years using Scale MP-2016. Post-retirement tables are Blue Collar and adjusted with a 2% load for males and a -3% load for females. Mortality rates for impaired lives are the same as those used by TCRS and are taken from a gender distinct table published in the IRS Ruling 96-7 for disabled lives with a 10% load.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.51 percent. This rate reflects the interest rate derived from yields on 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds, prevailing on the measurement date, with an average rating of AA/Aa as shown on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Municipal GO AA index.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability LGOP - (expressed in thousands)

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning balance	\$	651.829
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		98.136
Interest		26.503
Changes of benefit terms		(69.025)
Differences between expected and actual experience		257.337
Change in assumptions		7.523
Benefit payments		(35.969)
Net changes		284.505
Total OPEB liability - ending balance	\$	936.334

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

GENERAL GOVERNMENT OPEB (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions

The discount rate was changed from 3.62% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.51% as of June 30, 2019. This change in assumption increased the total OPEB liability. Other changes in assumptions include adjustments to initial per capita costs and health trend rates.

Changes in benefit terms

The benefit terms were changed from including employees retiring with 10 years of service and 60 years of age at the beginning of the measurement period to excluding these employees from benefits as of June 30, 2019. This change in benefit terms decreased the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability related to the LGOP, as well as what the government's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate (expressed in thousands):

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.51%)	(3.51%)	(4.51%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,025.148	\$ 936.334	\$ 853.930

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability related to the LGOP, as well as what the government's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate (expressed in thousands):

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
	(5.03%/4.20%	(6.03%/5.20% decreasing	(7.03%/6.20%
	decreasing to 3.50%)	to 4.5%)	decreasing to 5.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 816.162	\$ 936.334	\$ 1,080.082

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

OPEB expense

For the fiscal year ended June, 30, 2020, the government recognized OPEB expense of \$157,495.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the fiscal year ended June, 30, 2020, the government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits in the LGOP from the following sources:

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

GENERAL GOVERNMENT OPEB (CONTINUED)

LGOP - (expressed in thousands)

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	resources	resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 823.467	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	6.599	84.601
Employer payments subsequent to the measurement date	19.521	
Total	\$ 849.587	\$ 84.601

The amounts shown above for "Employer payments subsequent to the measurement date" will be recognized as a reduction to total OPEB liability in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

LGOP - (expressed in thousands)

For the year ended June 30:

2021	9	;	101.881
2022			101.881
2023			101.881
2024			101.881
2025			101.881
Thereafter			236.060

In the table above, positive amounts will increase OPEB expense while negative amounts will decrease OPEB expense.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB

CLOSED TEACHER GROUP OPEB PLAN (TGOP)

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE OPEB PLAN

Plan description

Employees of Fayetteville City Schools, who were hired prior to July 1, 2015, are provided with pre-65 retiree health insurance benefits through the closed Teacher Group OPEB Plan (TGOP) administered by the Tennessee Department of Finance and Administration. This plan is considered to be a multiple-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). However, for accounting purposes, this plan will be treated as a single-employer plan. All eligible pre-65 retired teachers, support staff and disability participants of local education agencies, who choose coverage, participate in the TGOP. This plan is closed to the employees of all participating employers that were hired on or after July 1, 2015.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

The State offers the TGOP to provide health insurance coverage to eligible pre-65 retired teachers, support staff and disabled participants of local education agencies. Insurance coverage is the only postemployment benefit provided to retirees. An insurance committee created in accordance with TCA 8-27-301 establishes and amends the benefit terms of the TGOP. All members have the option of choosing between the premier preferred provider organization (PPO), standard PPO, limited PPO or the wellness healthsavings consumer-driven health plan (CDHP) for healthcare benefits. Retired plan members, of the TGOP, receives the same plan benefits as active employees, at a blended premium rate that considers the cost of all participants. This creates an implicit subsidy for retirees. Participating employers determine their own policy related to direct subsidies provided for the retiree premiums. Fayetteville City Schools does not directly subsidize and are only subject to the implicit subsidy. The state, as a governmental nonemployer contributing entity, provides a direct subsidy for eligible retirees premiums, based on years of service. Therefore, retirees with 30 or more years of service will receive 45%; 20 but less than 30 years, 35%; and less than 20 years, 20% of the scheduled premium. No subsidy is provided for enrollees of the healthsavings CDHP. The TGOP is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and there are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At July 1, 2019, the following employees of Fayetteville City Schools was covered by the benefit terms of the TGOP:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	6
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	
payments	-
Active employees	156
	162

An insurance committee, created in accordance with TCA 8-27-301, establishes the required payments to the TGOP by member employers and employees through the blended premiums established for active and retired employees. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs are allocated to plan participants. Employers contribute towards employee costs based on their own developed policies. During the current reporting period, the Fayetteville City Schools paid \$39,731 to the TGOP for OPEB benefits as they came due.

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

Actuarial assumptions

The collective total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

Inflation 2.20%

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 3.44 to 8.72

percent based on age, including inflation,

averaging 4 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.03% for pre-65 in 2019, decreasing

annually over a 10 year period to an ultimate rate of 4.50%. 5.20% for post-65 in 2019, decreasing annually over a 4 year period to an ultimate rate of 4.50%.

Retiree's share of benefit-related

costs

Members are required to make monthly contributions in order to maintain their coverage. For the purpose of this Valuation a weighted average has been used with weights derived from the current distribution of members among plans

offered.

Unless noted otherwise, the actuarial demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuations were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2018 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). These assumptions were developed by TCRS based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience. Mortality tables are used to measure the probabilities of participants dying before and after retirement. The mortality rates employed in this valuation are taken from the RP-2014 Healthy Participant Mortality Table for Annuitants for non-disabled post-retirement mortality, with mortality improvement projected to all future years using Scale MP-2016. Post-retirement tables are Blue Collar and adjusted with a 2% load for males and a -3% load for females. Mortality rates for impaired lives are the same as those used by TCRS and are taken from a gender distinct table published in the IRS Ruling 96-7 for disabled lives with a 10% load.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.51 percent. This rate reflects the interest rate derived from yields on 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds, prevailing on the measurement date, with an average rating of AA/Aa as shown on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Municipal GO AA index.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS (CONTINUED)

CHANGES IN COLLECTIVE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

TGOP - (expressed in thousands)

	(Total OPEB
	Li	ability
		(a)
Total OPEB liability - beginning balance	\$	1,252
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		75
Interest		47
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		265
Change in assumptions		(113)
Benefit payments		(69)
Net changes		205
Total OPEB liability - ending balance	\$	1,457
Nonemployer contributing entities proportionate share of the		
collective total OPEB liability	\$	530
Employer's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB		
liability	\$	926
Employer's proportion of the collective total OPEB liability		63.59%

The System has a special funding situation related to benefits paid by the State of Tennessee for its eligible retired employees participating in the TGOP. The System's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability was based on a projection of the employers long-term share of benefit payments to the OPEB plan relative to the projected share of benefit payments of all participating employers and nonemployer contributing entities, actuarially determined. The proportion changed -1.23% from the prior measurement date. The System recognized \$36,537 in revenue for subsidies provided by nonemployer contributing entities for benefits paid by the TGOP for Fayetteville City Schools' retirees.

Changes in assumptions

The discount rate was changed from 3.62% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.51% as of June 30, 2019. This change in assumption decreased the total OPEB liability.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability related to the TGOP, as well as what the proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate.

(expressed in thousands)

	1% Decrease (2.51%)		Discount Rate (3.51%)		1% Increase (4.51%)	
_						
Proportionate share of collective total	•	<u> </u>	-			
OPEB liability	\$	1,002	\$	926	\$	855

Sensitivity of proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability related to the TGOP, as well as what the proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate. (expressed in thousands)

	Healthcare Cost								
	1% Decrease Trend Rat			1% Decrease Trend Rates		1% Decrease Trend Rates 1% Is		1% Inc	rease
	(5.03%/4.20%		(6.03%/5.20%		(7.03%/6.20%				
	decreasing t	o 3.50%)	decreasing	o 4.5%)	decreasing	to 5.50%)			
Proportionate share of collective total									
OPEB liability	\$	819	\$	926	\$	1,054			

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

OPEB expense

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, Fayetteville City Schools recognized OPEB expense of \$97,014.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, Fayetteville City Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits in the TGOP from the following sources:

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

TGOP - (expressed in thousands)

	Det	ferred		
	Outflows		De	ferred
		of	Infl	ows of
	resc	ources	res	ources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	152	\$	209
Changes of assumptions		15		99
Changes in proportion and differences between				
amounts paid as benefits came due and proportionate				
share certain amounts paid by the employer and				
nonemployer contributors as the benefits came due.		10		21
Employer payments subsequent to the measurement date		40		_
Total	\$	217	\$	329

The amounts shown above for "Employer payments subsequent to the measurement date" will be included as a reduction to total OPEB liability in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

TGOP - (expressed in thousands)

For the year ended June 30:

2021	\$ (17.3)
2022	(17.3)
2023	(17.3)
2024	(17.3)
2025	(17.3)
Thereafter	(65.9)

In the table above, positive amounts will increase OPEB expense while negative amounts will decrease OPEB expense.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

CLOSED TENNESSEE PLAN (TNP)

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE OPEB PLAN

Plan description

Employees of Fayetteville City Schools, who were hired prior to July 1, 2015, are provided with post-65 retiree health insurance benefits through the closed Tennessee Plan (TNP) administered by the Tennessee Department of Finance and Administration. This plan is considered to be multiple-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). However, for accounting purposes, this plan will be treated as a single-employer plan. All eligible post-65 retired teachers and disability participants of local education agencies, who choose coverage, participate in the TNP. The TNP also includes eligible retirees of the state, certain component units of the state, and certain local governmental entities. This plan is closed to the employees of all participating employers that were hired on or after July 1, 2015.

Benefits provided

The state offers the TNP to help fill most of the coverage gaps created by Medicare for eligible post-65 retired teachers and disabled participants of local education agencies. Insurance coverage is the only postemployment benefit provided to retirees. The TN plan does not include pharmacy. In accordance with TCA 8-27-209, benefits of the TNP are established and amended by cooperation of insurance committees created by TCA 8-27-201, 8-27-301 and 8-27-701. Retirees and disabled employees of the state, component units, local education agencies, and certain local governments who have reached the age of 65, are Medicare eligible and also receives a benefit from the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System may participate in this plan. All plan members receive the same plan benefits at the same premium rates. Participating employers determine their own policy related to subsidizing the retiree premiums. Fayetteville City Schools does not directly subsidize and are only subject to the implicit subsidy. The state, as a governmental nonemployer contributing entity contributes to the premiums of eligible retirees of local education agencies based on years of service. Therefore, retirees with 30 years of service receive \$50 per month; 20 but less than 30 years, \$37.50; and 15 but less than 20 years, \$25. The TNP is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and there are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At June 30, 2019, the following employees of Fayetteville City Schools were covered by the benefit terms of the TNP:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	23
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	
payments	8
Active employees	103
	134

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

In accordance with TCA 8-27-209, the state insurance committees established by TCAs 8-27-201, 8-27-301 and 8-27-701 determine the required payments to the plan by member employers and employees. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs are allocated to plan participants. Employers contribute towards employee costs based on their own developed policies. During the current reporting period, the Fayetteville City Schools did not make any payments to the TNP for OPEB benefits as they came due.

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

Actuarial assumptions

The collective total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.20%

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 3.44 to 8.72

percent based on age, including inflation,

averaging 4 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates The premium subsidies provided to retirees

in the Tennessee Plan are assumed to remain unchanged for the entire projection, therefore trend rates are not applicable.

Unless noted otherwise, the actuarial demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuations were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2018 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). These assumptions were developed by TCRS based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience. Mortality tables are used to measure the probabilities of participants dying before and after retirement. The mortality rates employed in this valuation are taken from the RP-2014 Healthy Participant Mortality Table for Annuitants for non-disabled post-retirement mortality, with mortality improvement projected to all future years using Scale MP-2016. Post-retirement tables are Blue Collar and adjusted with a 2% load for males and a -3% load for females. Mortality rates for impaired lives are the same as those used by TCRS and are taken from a gender distinct table published in the IRS Ruling 96-7 for disabled lives with a 10% load.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.51 percent. This rate reflects the interest rate derived from yields on 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds, prevailing on the measurement date, with an average rating of AA/Aa as shown on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Municipal GO AA index.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

CHANGES IN COLLECTIVE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

TNP - (expressed in thousands)

	(Total OPEB ability (a)
Total OPEB liability - beginning balance	\$	297
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		6
Interest		11
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		43
Change in assumptions		7
Benefit payments		(14)
Net changes		53
Total OPEB liability - ending balance	\$	349
Nonemployer contributing entities proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability	\$	349
Employer's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability	\$	-
Employer's proportion of the collective total OPEB liability		0.00%

The Fayetteville City Schools has a special funding situation related to benefits paid by the State of Tennessee for its eligible retired employees participating in the TNP. Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability was based on a projection of the employers long-term share of benefits paid through the OPEB plan relative to the projected share of benefit payments of all participating employers and nonemployer contributing entities, actuarially determined. The Fayetteville City Schools' proportion of 0% did not change from the prior measurement date. Fayetteville City Schools recognized \$13,015 in revenue for support provided by nonemployer contributing entities for benefits paid to the TNP for Fayetteville City Schools' retired employees.

Changes in assumptions

The discount rate was changed from 3.62% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.51% as of June 30, 2019. This change in assumption decreased the total OPEB liability.

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

OPEB expense

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, Fayetteville City Schools recognized OPEB expense of \$13,015.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - STATE STREET AID FUNDS

The government was granted permission by the State of Tennessee in prior years to combine the municipal street aid fund with the general fund. State street revenue for the year ended June 30, 2020, related to these funds is shown below.

Intergovernmental revenue	
Gasoline and motor fuel tax	\$ 241,556
City street and transportation	 13,554
Total	\$ 255,110

NOTE 13 - RELATED PARTIES

One board of education member is employed by a financial institution with which the Fayetteville City Schools transacts business on an arm's length basis.

NOTE 14 - NONEXCHANGE TRANSACTION

The government receives shared revenue from the State of Tennessee for a tax the state assesses on the earnings of certain financial institutions. The government is required to recognize receivables and deferred revenues as the banks earn the income. However, the banks file at different times of the year, and it is difficult to follow state statutes' guidance concerning what time period is being filed on. Therefore, the receivable and deferred revenue at June 30, 2020, are not reasonably estimable and are not included in these financial statements. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the government received \$88,165 from the State of Tennessee for this shared revenue.

NOTE 15 - JOINT VENTURES

The government participates with Lincoln County, Tennessee in joint venture arrangements to provide air travel, library services, industrial development and landfill services for Lincoln County and Fayetteville, Tennessee. The organizations collect additional revenues from user fees, state grants and donations. Summary financial information for these organizations is shown below.

The Fayetteville-Lincoln County Public Library is a joint venture of the City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County and is operated by an appointed board. The board comprises seven members, with one member each selected by the City of Fayetteville and the Lincoln County Commission, and other members selected by the existing board of directors subject to the approval of the city and county. The City of Fayetteville has control over budgeting and financing of the joint venture only to the extent of representation by appointed board members. The City of Fayetteville contributed \$112,919 to the operations of the library during the year ended June 30, 2020.

The Fayetteville-Lincoln County Regional Airport Authority is jointly owned by the City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County and is governed by a five-member board. Two members are appointed by the City of Fayetteville, two by the Lincoln County Commission, and one is jointly appointed by the other four board members. The airport is operated through a lease with a private vendor. The City of Fayetteville contributed \$20,142 to the operations of the airport during the year ended June 30, 2020.

The City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County operated a landfill as a joint venture, as described further in Note 9. The operation/closure of the landfill is under the oversight of the Joint City/County Solid Waste Committee, which includes eight members, four each appointed by the city and county.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

The Industrial Development Board of the City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County is a joint venture of the City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County and is operated by an appointed board. The board comprises seven members. Three members each are appointed by the city and county. The seventh member's appointment is alternated between the city and county every six years. The City of Fayetteville has control over budgeting and financing the joint venture only to the extent of representation of the board members it appoints. The City of Fayetteville contributed \$102,500 to the operations of the Industrial Development Board during the year ended June 30, 2020.

Additional financial information for these organizations may be obtained by contacting the following:

Fayetteville Lincoln County Airport 37 Airport Road Fayetteville, TN 37334

Fayetteville Lincoln County Public Library 306 Elk Avenue North Fayetteville, TN 37334

Fayetteville Lincoln Industrial Development Board 16 Franke Blvd. Fayetteville, TN 37334

The Fayetteville City Schools participates in the Volunteer State Cooperative (VOLCO), which represents a cost-sharing arrangement. The cooperative was established through a contractual agreement between the Boards of Education of Bedford County, Benton County, Cheatham County, Coffee County, Dickson County, Fayetteville City, Gibson County SSD, Hickman County, Hollow Rock Bruceton SSD, Houston County, Humboldt City, Humphreys County, Huntingdon SSD, Lewis County, Manchester City, Marshall County, Mckenzie SSD, Paris SSD, Perry County, South Carroll Co SSD, Stewart County, Wayne County, Weakley County, and West Carroll Co SSD. The cooperative was authorized through Chapter 49 of Tennessee Code Annotated. The cooperative was established to obtain lower prices for food supplies, materials, equipment, and services by combining the purchasing requirements of each member's school food service systems. The cooperative has contracted with a coordinating district (Dickson County School Department) and a service provider to provide these services. The cooperative is governed by a Representative Committee, comprising one representative from each of the member districts; and an Executive Council, consisting of the chair, vice chair, secretary, treasurer, and a member-at-large from the Representative Committee.

Complete financial statements for the Volunteer State Cooperative can be obtained from its administrative office at Volunteer State Cooperative, 220 McLemore Street, Dickson, TN 37055.

The School System also participates in the Clinch-Powell Educational Cooperative (CPEC) to provide cooperative purchasing services through a program known as The Interlocal Purchasing System (TIPS) Program. The purpose of the TIPS Program is to obtain substantial savings for participating education cooperatives, public schools and institutions of higher learning, and government agencies through volume purchasing.

The School System also participates in the National Purchasing Cooperative to facilitate compliance with state procurement requirements, to identify qualified vendors of commodities, goods and services, to relieve the burdens of the governmental purchasing function, and to realize the various potential economies, including administrative cost savings, for Cooperative Members.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - PLEDGED REVENUES

FPU has pledged the respective revenues of each division to secure certain revenue bonds as described in Note 5. The current year revenues, debt service, and future pledge commitment are as follows:

		Cu	ırrent Year				
		Pri	ncipal and	Percent of	ba	sed on future	Commitment
	Operating	Inte	rest Paid on	Current	Princ	ripal and Interest	Period through
<u>Department</u>	Revenues	Revenue Bonds		Revenue	R	<u>Requirements</u>	Fiscal Year
Electric	\$ 46,910,320	\$	1,531,337	3.3%	\$	12,597,091	2028
Gas	6,678,919		363,826	5.4%		1,708,689	2025
Water & Wastewater	5,847,302		1,978,917	33.8%		35,883,018	2055
	\$ 59,436,541	\$	3,874,080	<u>6.5%</u>	\$	50,188,798	

NOTE 17 - SOLAR POWER GENERATION

Certain customers of FPU's electric department have installed solar panels at their homes or businesses. The power generated flows through separate "generation" meters. These customers are given credit against their normal monthly electric bills for the solar generated power which is included in "cost of utility services" on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. For the year ended June 30, 2020, credits resulting from solar power generation totaled \$1,440,273. In instances where solar generation actually exceeds normal electric usage, the customer is paid the difference. At June 30, 2020, the liability for such amounts due to customers was \$257,392 which is included in accounts payable on the statement of net position. FPU is credited on its wholesale power cost by TVA for the solar generated power.

NOTE 18 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

Employees of Fayetteville City Schools participate in various state administered group insurance plans including the Teacher Group Plan and the Tennessee Plan. The State of Tennessee makes contributions on-behalf of Fayetteville City School retiree participants. For the year ended June 30, 2020 these contributions totaled \$12,967 to the Tennessee Plan and \$28,388 to the Teacher Group Plan which are reflected in the financial statements as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

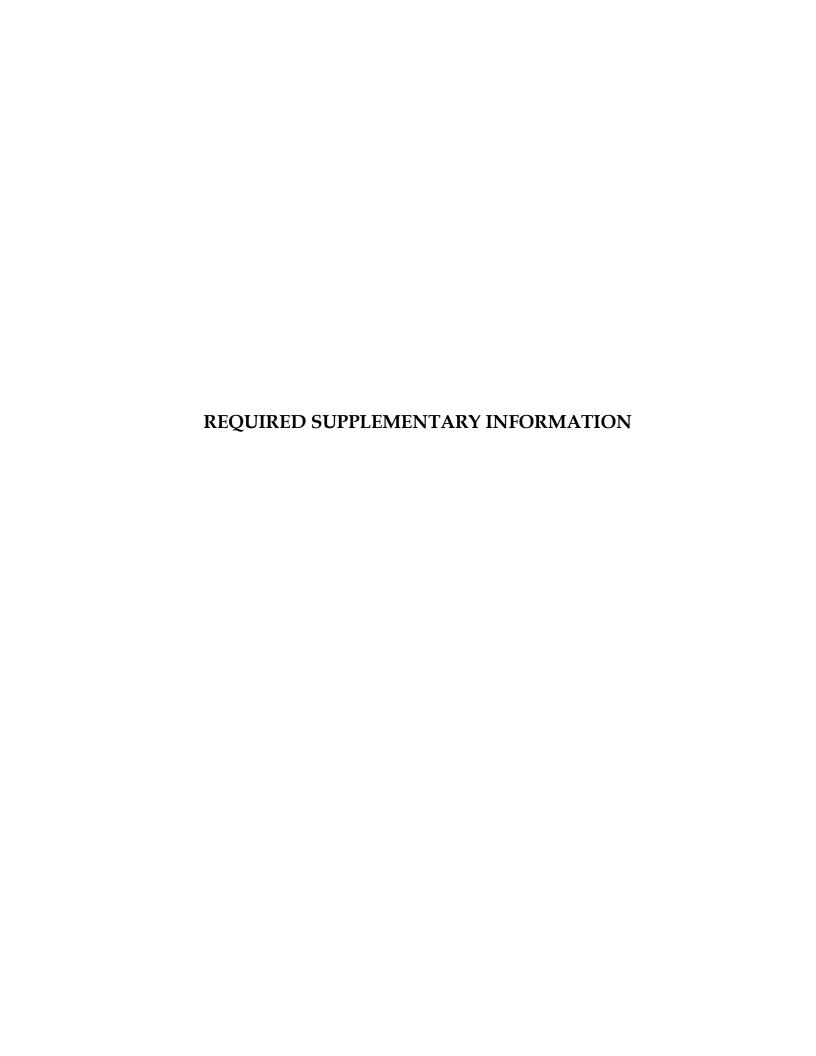
NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On May 1, 2020, Fayetteville Public Utilities was awarded a Broadband Accessibility Grant through the Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development in the amount of \$1,750,000 for the purpose of expanding broadband infrastructure in certain portions of Lincoln County. Additionally, subsequent to year end, FPU was awarded a \$1,754,642 grant under the Tennessee Emergency Broadband Fund, also administered through the Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development to further enhance broadband infrastructure for those affected during the COVID-19 pandemic by the lack of broadband access in their area. No costs had been incurred on these projects as of June 30, 2020.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

Subsequent to year end, Fayetteville City Schools was notified that it has been awarded a Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) grant for approximately \$5,000,000. This will be a reimbursable grant in which the System will be obligated for approximately \$2,000,000. The System plans to build a storm shelter at Fayetteville High School with these funds, as well as some additional classrooms. No costs had been incurred on these projects as of June 30, 2020.



FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES

SCHEDULE OF SYSTEM CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,011,828 \$	1,092,701 \$	1,004,858 \$	961,403 \$	909,076 \$	886,106 \$	802,092 \$	795,514 \$	1,064,897 \$	1,270,135
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,011,828)	(1,092,701)	(1,004,858)	(961,403)	(909,076)	(886,106)	(802,092)	(795,514)	(1,064,897)	(1,270,135)
	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Optional contribution prepayment	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	2,477,617 \$	- \$	-

Notes to Schedule

During fiscal year 2013, the System elected to participate in NRECA's RS Plan prepayment option. This option allowed participating members to prepay contributions in exchange for lower future RS Plan billing rates.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN OF TCRS

Last Fiscal Year ending June 30,

		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY												
Service cost	\$	409,344	\$	406,371	\$	448,740	\$	485,992	\$	559,925	\$	567,978
Interest		1,289,974		1,330,008		1,343,918		1,397,207		1,495,006		1,534,759
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-				-		-
Differences between actual & expected experience		(61,339)		(480,678)		(73,505)		556,317		(358,564)		(238,975)
Change of assumptions		-		-		-		558,241		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,043,255)		(1,159,172)		(1,066,048)		(1,025,719)		(1,134,981)		(1,177,212)
Net change in total pension liability		594,724		96,529		653,105		1,972,038		561,386		686,550
Total pension liability-beginning		17,311,937		17,906,661		18,003,190		18,656,295		20,628,333		21,189,719
Total pension liability-ending (a)	\$	17,906,661	\$	18,003,190	\$	18,656,295	\$	20,628,333	\$	21,189,719	\$	21,876,269
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION												
Contributions-employer	\$	480,331	\$	483,255	\$	520,882	\$	546,808	\$	560,546	\$	585,210
Contributions-employee	Ψ	243,467	Ψ	250,391	Ψ	270,532	Ψ.	324,370	Ψ	290,854	Ψ	304,355
Net investment income		2,478,367		524,049		455,674		1,974,307		1,590,608		1,522,860
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,043,255)		(1,159,172)		(1,066,048)		(1,025,719)		(1,134,981)		(1,177,212)
Administrative expense		(6,306)		(7,832)		(12,647)		(13,845)		(15,672)		(15,186)
Other		(=,===)		(-,)		26,014		(==,===)		(,)		(,,
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,152,604		90,691		194,407		1,805,921		1,291,355		1,220,027
Plan fiduciary net position-beginning		15,068,588		17,221,192		17,311,883		17,506,290		19,312,211		20,603,566
Plan fiduciary net position-ending (b)	\$	17,221,192	\$	17,311,883	\$	17,506,290	\$	19,312,211	\$	20,603,566	\$	21,823,593
	<u></u>		<u>+</u>	21,022,000	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u></u>		<u>-</u>	
Net pension liability (asset)-ending (a) - (b)	\$	685,469	\$	691,307	\$	1,150,005	\$	1,316,122	\$	586,153	\$	52,676
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		96.17%		96.16%		93.84%		93.62%		97.23%		99.76%
Covered payroll	\$	4,866,570	\$	5,007,817	\$	5,397,739	\$	5,666,405	\$	5,808,757	\$	6,064,345
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll		14.09%		13.80%		21.31%		23.23%		10.09%		0.87%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions. In 2017, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from changes to the inflation rate, investment rate of return, cost-of-living adjustment, salary growth and mortality improvements.

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN OF TCRS

Last Fiscal Year ending June 30,

	_	2014	2015	2016	 2017	 2018	2019	 2020
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	480,331	\$ 483,255	\$ 520,882	\$ 546,808	\$ 560,546	\$ 585,210	\$ 618,064
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		480,331	483,255	520,882	546,808	560,546	585,210	618,064
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,866,570	\$ 5,007,817	\$ 5,397,739	\$ 5,666,405	\$ 5,808,757	\$ 6,064,345	\$ 6,404,808
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.87%	9.65%	9.65%	9.65%	9.65%	9.65%	9.65%

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates for fiscal year 2020 were calculated based on the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level dollar, closed (not to exceed 20 years)

Remaining amortization period Varies by Year

Asset valuation 10-year smoothed within a 20 percent corridor to market value

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.72 to 3.44 percent based on age,

including inflation, averaging 4.00 percent

Investment rate of return

Retirement age

Pattern of retirement determined by experience study

Mortality

Customized table based on actual experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement

Cost of living adjustments 2.25 percent

Changes of assumptions:

In 2017, the following assumptions were changed: decreased inflation rate from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent; decreased the investment rate of return from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent; decreased the cost-of-living adjustment from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent; decreased salary growth graded ranges from an average of 4.25 percent to an average of 4.00 percent; and modified mortality assumptions.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN OF TCRS

Fiscal Year ended June 30, *

	 2014	 2015	_	2016	 2017	 2018	 2019
Fayetteville City Schools's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Fayetteville City Schools's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (24,618) 0.151502%	\$ 64,059 0.156381%	\$	949,405 0.151918%	\$ (47,533) 0.145281%	\$ (602,060) 0.171093%	\$ (1,624,280) 0.157976%
Fayetteville City Schools's covered-employee payroll Fayetteville City Schools's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,946,429	\$ 5,854,119	\$	5,483,952	\$ 5,139,817	\$ 5,991,092	\$ 5,297,159
(asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	-0.41% 100.08%	1.09% 99.81%		17.31% 97.14%	-0.92% 100.14%	-10.05% 101.49%	-30.66% 104.28%

^{*} The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

TEACHER LEGACY PLAN OF TCRS

Fiscal Year ended June 30,

	 2014	2015		2016			2017		2018		2019		2020
Contractually required	\$ 528,043	\$	529,211	\$	495,749	\$	464,260	\$	543,992	\$	554,084	\$	558,372
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	528,043		529,211		495,749		464,260		543,992		554,084		558,372
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,946,429	\$	5,854,119	\$	5,483,952	\$	5,139,817	\$	5,991,092	\$	5,297,159	\$	5,252,784
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.88%		9.04%		9.04%		9.04%		9.08%		10.46%		10.63%

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Changes of assumptions:

In 2017, the following assumptions were changed: decreased inflation rate from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent; decreased the investment rate of return from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent; decreased the cost-of-living adjustment from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent; decreased salary growth graded ranges from an average of 4.25 percent to an average of 4.00 percent; and modified mortality assumptions.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN OF TCRS

Fiscal Year ended June 30, *

	2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019
Fayetteville City Schools's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Fayetteville City Schools's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 0.106705% (4,293)	\$ 0.125359% (13,050)	\$ 0.070453% (18,588)	\$ 0.080310% (36,423)	\$ 0.118212% (66,729)
Fayetteville City Schools's covered payroll Fayetteville City Schools's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 221,703	\$ 551,590	\$ 458,224	\$ 701,808	\$ 1,250,936
(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	-1.94% 127.46%	-2.37% 121.88%	-4.06% 126.81%	-5.19% 126.97%	-5.33% 123.07%

^{*} The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN OF TCRS

Fiscal Year ending June 30,

	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020
Contractually required	\$ 222	\$ 13,807	\$ 18,497	\$ 11,445	\$ 24,268	\$ 30,736
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	8,868	22,063	18,497	28,072	24,268	30,736
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (8,646)	\$ (8,256)	\$ 	\$ (16,627)	\$ 	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 221,703	\$ 551,590	\$ 458,224	\$ 701,808	\$ 1,250,936	\$ 1,514,101
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	1.94%	2.03%

In FY 2019, the System placed the actuarially determined contribution rate (1.94%) of covered payroll into the pension plan and placed 2.06% of covered payroll into the Pension Stabilization Reserve Trust. In FY 2020, the System placed the actuarially determined contribution rate (2.03%) of covered payroll into the pension plan and placed 1.97% of covered payroll into the Pension Stabilization Reserve Trust.

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Changes of assumptions:

In 2017, the following assumptions were changed: decreased inflation rate from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent; decreased the investment rate of return from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent; decreased the cost-of-living adjustment from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent; decreased salary growth graded ranges from an average of 4.25 percent to an average of 4.00 percent; and modified mortality assumptions.

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SYSTEM'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30,

(dollar amounts in thousands)

Total OPEB liability	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	
Service cost \$	51.064	\$ 53.617	\$ 53.617	
Interest	46.089	47.402	47.402	
Benefit payments	(10.412)	-	(13.060)	
Difference between expected and actual experience		 	 (130.226)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	86.741	101.019	(42.267)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,386.250	1,472.991	 1,574.010	
Total OPEB liability - ending \$	1,472.991	\$ 1,574.010	\$ 1,531.743	
Covered-employee payroll \$	5,429.093	\$ 5,786.362	\$ 5,959.953	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	27.1%	27.2%	25.7%	

Notes to Schedule

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASBS No. 75, paragraph 4.

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS' PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF COLLECTIVE OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(dollar amounts in thousands)

TGOP

<u>1001</u>			
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 93	\$ 86	\$ 75
Interest	48	57	47
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(401)	265
Changes of assumptions	(76)	28	(113)
Benefit payments	 (87)	 (91)	 (69)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (22)	\$ (321)	\$ 205
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 1,594	 1,572	 1,251
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,572	\$ 1,251	\$ 1,456
Nonemployer contributing entities proportionate share			
of the collective total OPEB liability	\$ 569	\$ 440	\$ 530
Employer's proportionate share of the collective total			
OPEB liability	\$ 1,003	\$ 811	\$ 926
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,145	\$ 6,072	\$ 6,483
Employer's proportionate share of collective total			
OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee			
payroll	14.04%	13.36%	14.28%

Notes to Schedule

There are no assets accumulating, in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, related to this OPEB plan.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

This schedule is intended to display ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS' PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF COLLECTIVE OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(dollar amounts in thousands)

_	 	_
	 ш	D

1111		2018		2019		2020
Total OPEB liability		<u> 2016</u>		2019		<u> 2020</u>
Service cost	\$	8	\$	7	\$	6
Interest	ψ	11	Ψ	12	Ψ	11
Changes of benefit terms		_		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		_		(48)		43
Changes of assumptions		(32)		(2)		7
Benefit payments		(13)		(13)		(14)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(26)	\$	(44)		53
Total OPEB liability - beginning	Ψ	367	Ψ	341	Ψ	297
	Φ.		Φ.		ф.	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	341	\$	297	\$	350
Nonemployer contributing entities proportionate share						
of the collective total OPEB liability	\$	341	\$	297	\$	350
Employer's proportionate share of the collective total						
OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	N/A	_	N/	A	N/A	L
Employer's proportionate share of collective total						
OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee						
payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Notes to Schedule

There are no assets accumulating, in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, related to this OPEB plan.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

This schedule is intended to display ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE GOVERNMENT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30,

(dollar amounts in thousands)

LGOP

Total OPEB liability		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Total Of ED Hability				
Service cost	\$	87.041	\$ -	\$ 98.136
Interest		56.756	-	26.503
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	(69.025)
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	759.296	257.337
Changes of assumptions		-	(107.467)	7.523
Benefit payments		(25.471)	 <u>-</u>	 (35.969)
Net change in total OPEB liability		118.326	651.829	284.505
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,393.782		 651.829 *
Total OPEB liability - ending	_	1,512.108	\$ 651.829	\$ 936.334
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,960.051	\$ 3,919.620	\$ 4,511.103
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee		20.20/	17.70/	20.00
payroll		38.2%	16.6%	20.8%

^{*} In FY 2019, the City of Fayetteville closed its previous plan, with no further obligation to employees under the previous plan.

Notes to Schedule

There are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, related to this OPEB plan.

The benefit terms were changed from including employees retiring with 10 years of service and 60 years of age at the beginning of the measurement period to excluding these employees from benefits as of June 30, 2019. This change in benefit terms decreased the total OPEB liability.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

This schedule is intended to display ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2020

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

- School Title Fund
- School Cafeteria Fund
- Drug Fund

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the receipt of special assessments and the associated repayment of debt.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

- Industrial Park Fund
- CDBG Fund
- UDAG Fund
- Internal Capital Projects

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2020

		Special Rev	enue	Funds			-	
	School Title	School Cafeteria		Drug		Total Special Revenue		Debt Service Fund
Assets:								
Cash in bank	\$ 83,756	\$ 267,030	\$	55,699	\$	406,485	\$	222,626
Accounts receivable	-	-		_		-		-
Due from other funds	-	-		12,499		12,499		73,860
Due from other governments	1,576	-		-		1,576		-
Inventory	-	15,187		-		15,187		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 85,332	\$ 282,217	\$	68,198	\$	435,747	\$	296,486
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 1,173	\$ 1,796	\$	190	\$	3,159	\$	-
Due to other funds	3,783	-		3,543		7,326		-
Unearned revenues	376	-		-		376		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,332	1,796		3,733	_	10,861	_	-
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable - inventory	-	15,187		-		15,187		-
Restricted:								
Public safety	-	-		64,465		64,465		-
Capital projects	-	-		-		-		-
Committed								
Education	80,000	-		-		80,000		-
Assigned								
Education	-	265,234		-		265,234		-
Debt service		 _						296,486
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	80,000	280,421		64,465		424,886		296,486
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 85,332	\$ 282,217	\$	68,198	\$	435,747	\$	296,486

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2020

				(Сар	ital Projects	s Fu	ınds				
		dustrial Park		CDBG	•	UDAG		Internal Capital Projects		Total Capital Projects	Go	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
A												
Assets: Cash in bank	\$	1,674	\$	10,121	\$	407,594	\$	979,916	\$	1,399,305	\$	2,028,416
Accounts receivable	Ψ	1,074	Ψ	10,121	Ψ	407,334	Ψ	110,505	Ψ	110,505	Ψ	110,505
Due from other funds		_		_		_		172,196		172,196		258,555
Due from other governments		_		_		_		172,170		172,170		1,576
Inventory		_		_		_		_		_		15,187
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,674	\$	10,121	\$	407,594	\$	1,262,617	\$	1,682,006	\$	2,414,239
									"		"	
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	456,178	\$	456,178	\$	459,337
Due to other funds		-		-		-		10,000		10,000		17,326
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		41,954		41,954		42,330
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-						508,132		508,132		518,993
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable - inventory		_		_		_		_		_		15,187
Restricted												10,107
Public safety		_		_		_		_		_		64,465
Capital projects		_		10,121		407,594		_		417,715		417,715
Committed				,						/		
Education		_		_		_		_		_		80,000
Assigned												,
Education		_		_		_		_		_		265,234
Debt service		_		_		_		_		_		296,486
Industrial park		1,674		_		_		_		1,674		1,674
Capital projects		-		_		_		754,485		754,485		754,485
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,674		10,121		407,594		754,485		1,173,874		1,895,246
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND												
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,674	\$	10,121	\$	407,594	\$	1,262,617	\$	1,682,006	\$	2,414,239

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

For the year ended June 30, 2020

				Special Rev	enue	e Funds			
Revenues:		School Title		School Cafeteria		Drug	Total Special Revenue		Debt Service Fund
Intergovernmental	\$	937,448	\$		\$	-	\$ 1,596,538	\$	_
Charges for services	•	· -		94,377		_	94,377		-
Investment earnings		-		134		31	165		244
Fines and confiscations		_		-		21,511	21,511		-
TOTAL REVENUES		937,448	_	753,601	_	21,542	1,712,591		244
Expenditures: Current:									
General government									3,240
Public safety		=		-		21,810	21,810		3,240
Education		937,448		717,975		21,010	1,655,423		_
Debt Service:		757,110		717,570			1,000,120	,	
Principal		_		_		_			413,624
Interest		_		_		_			116,376
Capital outlay		_		95,469		8,800	104,269)	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		937,448	_	813,444	_	30,610	1,781,502		533,240
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(59,843)		(9,068)	(68,911	.)	(532,996)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in		-		-		-			559,544
Transfers out		-		-		_			(508,884)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-	_	-	_	-			50,660
Net change in fund balances		-		(59,843)		(9,068)	(68,911	.)	(482,336)
Fund balances - July 1, 2019		80,000		340,264		73,533	493,797	,	778,822
Fund balances - June 30, 2020	\$	80,000	\$	280,421	\$	64,465	\$ 424,886	\$	296,486

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

For the year ended June 30, 2020

		(Capital Projec	ets Funds		_
Revenues:	Industrial Park	CDBG	UDAG	Internal Capital Projects	Total Capital Projects	Total Other Governmental Funds
Intergovernmental	\$ -		\$ -	\$ 575,698	\$ 575,698	
Charges for services	_	_	-	-	-	94,377
Investment earnings	1	6	214	1,972	2,193	2,602
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	21,511
TOTAL REVENUES	1	6	214	577,670	577,891	2,290,726
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	-	354	_	-	354	3,594
Public safety	-	_	-	-	-	21,810
Education	-	-	-	-	-	1,655,423
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	413,624
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	116,376
Capital outlay		-	-	1,779,255	1,779,255	1,883,524
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		354		1,779,255	1,779,609	4,094,351
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	1	(348)	214	(1,201,585)	(1,201,718)	(1,803,625)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	250,000	250,000	809,544
Transfers out	_	-				(508,884)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				250,000	250,000	300,660
Net change in fund balances	1	(348)	214	(951,585)	(951,718)	(1,502,965)
Fund balances - July 1, 2019	1,673	10,469	407,380	1,706,070	2,125,592	3,398,211
Fund balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 1,674	\$ 10,121	\$ 407,594	\$ 754,485	\$ 1,173,874	\$ 1,895,246

SCHOOL TITLE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

For the year ended June 30, 2020

		ginal <u>lget</u>		Final Budget	Actual	Variance wi Final Budge Favorable (Unfavorabl	et -
Revenues:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>Dauger</u>	110001	(Olmavolap)	<u>,</u>
Intergovernmental:							
Title programs	\$	481,310	\$	467,407	\$ 467,407	\$	-
Vocational education programs		39,522		37,187	37,187		-
21st Century Learning		50,000		15,560	15,560		_
Gear up program		108,170		120,664	120,664		_
Special education programs		296,385		296,630	296,630		-
Total Revenues		975,387	_	937,448	 937,448		-
Expenditures: Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular instruction program							
Salaries and benefits		443,392		430,378	430,378		-
Supplies		36,508		42,482	42,482		-
Equipment		-		13,878	13,878		-
Special education program							
Salaries and benefits		168,262		173,844	173,844		-
Equipment		100		62	62		-
Supplies		4,200		11,271	11,271		-
Vocational education program							
Supplies		8,564		6,517	6,517		-
Equipment		16,432		20,583	20,583		-
Support services:							
Regular instruction program							
In service		9,000		6,525	6,525		-
Special education program							
Contracted services		64,000		61,217	61,217		-
Equipment		800		5,963	5,963		-
In service		17,996		27,467	27,467		-
Supplies		6,501		6,501	6,501		-
Other		5,000		4,156	4,156		-
Other Student Support							
Salaries and benefits		80,700		84,778	84,778		-
Travel		23,106		10,788	10,788		-
Supplies		1,300		1,204	1,204		-
In service		5,000		5,000	5,000		-
Other		1,000		573	573		-
Transportation							
Salaries and benefits		21,076		6,149	6,149		-
Vocational education program							
In service		4,000		2,552	2,552		-
Community services							
Salaries and benefits		44,345		12,308	12,308		-
Supplies		5,255		3,182	3,182		-
In service		400		70	 70		-
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		966,937 8,450	_	937,448	 937,448		<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers (to) other funds		(8,450)		-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(8,450)		-	-		-
Not Change in Frend Dalaman							
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balances - beginning		80,000		- 00.000	80,000		-
				80,000	80 000		

SCHOOL CAFETERIA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2020

		<u>Budget</u> <u>Original</u>	Amo	<u>unts</u> <u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts	Variance w Final Budg Favorabl (Unfavoral	get - le
DEVENTUE								
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	ď	422 000	Φ	422 000	ф	220 000	¢ (10 2	012)
National school lunch program School breakfast program	\$	433,000 178,000	\$	433,000 178,000	\$	330,988 151,799	•	2,012) 5,201)
After school snacks		4,200		4,200		3,311	•	(889)
Seamless summer option		4,200		4,200		117,118		7,118
USDA commodities		49,716		49,716		49,065		(651)
Other		7,000		7,000		6,809		(031) (191)
Charges for services		173,180		173,180		94,377		(191)
Investment earnings		200		200		134	(70	(66)
Total Revenues		845,296		845,296		753,601	(91	,695)
Total Revenues		010,270		010,270		700,001	(>1	,000
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Salaries and benefits		364,080		383,080		364,234	18	3,846
Repairs and maintenance		9,000		9,000		3,699		5,301
Travel		4,000		4,000		1,790		2,210
Contracted services		9,000		12,000		9,160		2,840
Food and preparation supplies		454,716		428,716		336,706		2,010
Supplies		1,200		1,200		1,200		_
Other		3,000		1,500		1,186		314
Capital outlay		1,000		97,000		95,469	1	,531
Total Expenditures		845,996		936,496		813,444		3,052
•						,		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		(700)		(91,200)		(59,843)	31	,357
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of capital assets		700		700				(700)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		700		700		-		(700)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(90,500)		(59,843)	30	,657
Fund Balance - beginning		340,264		340,264		340,264		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	340,264	\$	249,764	\$	280,421	\$ 30),657

DRUG SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2020

		Budget Original	: Amounts <u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES								
Investment earnings	\$	30	\$ 30	\$	31	\$	1	
Fines	7	20,000	20,000	7	21,299	1,29		
Confiscations		-	-		212	21		
Total Revenues		20,030	20,030		21,542	1,51		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Operating								
Salaries		11,500	11,500		6,744	4,75	6	
Education and training		5,000	15,500		10,625	4,87	′ 5	
Travel		5,000	5,000		365	4,63	35	
Supplies		6,150	6,150		2,043	4,10)7	
Contractual		3,175	3,175		-	3,17	⁷ 5	
Telephone		1,800	1,800		1,547	25	53	
Professional services		1,200	1,200		486	71	4	
Equipment		-	8,800		8,800		-	
Investigative transactions		10,000	10,000		-	10,00)0	
Other drug fund		2,000	2,000		-	2,00)0	
Total Expenditures		45,825	65,125		30,610	34,51	.5	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(25,795)	(45,095)		(9,068)	36,02	<u>2</u> 7	
Fund Balance - beginning		73,533	73,533		73,533		_	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	47,738	\$ 28,438	\$	64,465	\$ 36,02	<u>27</u>	

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	Budget			Actual	Final I Favo	nce with Budget - orable
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		Amounts	(Unfay	vorable)
REVENUES						
Investment earnings	\$ 150	\$ 150	\$	244	\$	94
Total Revenues	150	150	_	244		94
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Operating - agent fees	4,000	4,000		3,240		760
Debt Service:						
Principal	412,809	412,809		413,624		(815)
Interest	116,978	116,978		116,376		602
Total Expenditures	533,787	533,787		533,240		547
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	(533,637)	(533,637)		(532,996)		641
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	534,000	534,000		559,544		25,544
Transfers out	-	(508,884)		(508,884)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	534,000	25,116		50,660		25,544
Net Change in Fund Balance	363	(508,521)		(482,336)		26,185
Fund Balance - beginning	 778,822	778,822		778,822		-
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 779,185	\$ 270,301	\$	296,486	\$	26,185

INDUSTRIAL PARK CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	Budget Original	: Amo	o <u>unts</u> <u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Fina Fa	ance with l Budget - vorable avorable)
REVENUES						
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1	\$	1
Total Revenues	 			 1		1
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Contribution to IDB	 -			 		
Total Expenditures	-			 -		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-	1		1
Fund Balance - beginning	 1,673		1,673	1,673		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,673	\$	1,673	\$ 1,674	\$	1

CDBG CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	Budget Original	Amo	o <u>unts</u> <u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Favorable Infavorable)
REVENUES						
Investment earnings	\$ 10	\$	10	\$ 6	\$	(4)
Total Revenues	10		10	6		(4)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Operating	10,500		10,500	354		10,146
Total Expenditures	10,500		10,500	354		10,146
Net Change in Fund Balance	(10,490)		(10,490)	(348)		10,142
Fund Balance - beginning	10,469		10,469	10,469		<u>-</u> _
Fund Balance - ending	\$ (21)	\$	(21)	\$ 10,121	\$	10,142

UDAG CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	Budget . Original	Amo	unts <u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Fin F	riance with al Budget - avorable nfavorable)
REVENUES						
Investment earnings	\$ 200	\$	200	\$ 214	\$	14
Total Revenues	200		200	214		14
EXPENDITURES Current: Operating	 1,000		1,000	_		1,000
Total Expenditures	 1,000		1,000	 		1,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(800)		(800)	214		1,014
Fund Balance - beginning	 407,380		407,380	 407,380		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 406,580	\$	406,580	\$ 407,594	\$	1,014

INTERNAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

		Budget	An	nounts		Actual		ariance with inal Budget - Favorable
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Amounts	<u>(1</u>	<u>Unfavorable)</u>
REVENUES	_				_		_	
Investment earnings	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,972	\$	972
Intergovernmental		2,848,766		469,624		575,698		106,074
Total Revenues		2,849,766		470,624		577,670		107,046
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		3,338,976		2,097,585		1,779,255		318,330
Total Expenditures		3,338,976		2,097,585		1,779,255		318,330
(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(489,210)		(1,626,961)		(1,201,585)		425,376
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in		2,974,886		250,000		250,000		-
Transfers out		(2,848,766)		-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources		126,120		250,000		250,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(363,090)		(1,376,961)		(951,585)		425,376
Fund Balance - beginning		1,706,070		1,706,070		1,706,070		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	1,342,980	\$	329,109	\$	754,485	\$	425,376

SCHOOL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	Budget Original	Am	ounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Favorable Unfavorable)
REVENUES						
Investment earnings	\$ 120,000	\$	120,000	\$ 104,608	\$	(15,392)
Total Revenues	120,000		120,000	104,608		(15,392)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Debt service:						
Principal on bonds	291,700		291,700	225,000		66,700
Interest on bonds	133,400		133,400	133,400		-
Capital outlay	 7,686,613		7,686,613	 1,937,138		5,749,475
Total Expenditures	8,111,713		8,111,713	2,295,538		5,816,175
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,991,713)		(7,991,713)	(2,190,930)		5,800,783
Fund Balance - beginning	 7,701,839		7,701,839	7,701,839		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ (289,874)	\$	(289,874)	\$ 5,510,909	\$	5,800,783

SCHEDULE OF COMBINED LONG-TERM DEBT, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS ${\it CITY\ OF\ FAYETTEVILLE,\ TENNESSEE }$

							Fayetteville P	ublic Utilities					
			Sanitat	ion	Electric Depar	rtment	Gas Depa	rtment	Water & Sewer I	Department			
	General	Debt	Capital Out	lay Note	Total For All	Debt	Series 2	2017	Total For A	ll Debt	Total	Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total *
2021 \$	684,640	\$ 232,325	\$ 5,915 \$	3 12 \$	1,317,056 \$	226,592	\$ 310,807	\$ 41,378	\$ 1,115,204 \$	487,631	\$ 3,433,622 \$	987,938 \$	4,421,560
2022	661,586	211,814	-	-	1,342,056	201,657	323,785	25,838	1,133,394	469,440	3,460,821	908,749	4,369,570
2023	528,702	199,174	-	-	1,349,882	176,200	326,298	19,362	1,151,969	450,866	3,356,851	845,602	4,202,453
2024	535,676	187,975	-	-	1,376,000	150,342	314,324	12,836	1,170,049	432,786	3,396,049	783,939	4,179,988
2025	547,489	176,638	-	-	1,490,000	123,800	327,511	6,550	1,110,657	413,091	3,475,657	720,079	4,195,736
2026	410,000	163,637	-	-	1,530,000	94,000	-	-	1,048,662	396,000	2,988,662	653,637	3,642,299
2027	415,000	152,300	-	-	1,565,000	63,400	-	-	1,065,641	379,021	3,045,641	594,721	3,640,362
2028	430,000	140,837	-	-	1,605,000	32,100	-	-	1,082,225	362,437	3,117,225	535,374	3,652,599
2029	445,000	127,338	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,100,540	344,122	1,545,540	471,460	2,017,000
2030	450,000	113,387	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,118,501	326,161	1,568,501	439,548	2,008,049
2031	470,000	98,988	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,136,799	307,863	1,606,799	406,851	2,013,650
2032	480,000	83,912	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,154,826	289,836	1,634,826	373,748	2,008,574
2033	500,000	67,913	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,174,444	270,218	1,674,444	338,131	2,012,575
2034	445,000	51,212	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,193,829	250,833	1,638,829	302,045	1,940,874
2035	450,000	36,413	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,175,773	231,274	1,625,773	267,687	1,893,460
2036	325,000	21,450	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,137,080	212,223	1,462,080	233,673	1,695,753
2037	335,000	10,888	-	-	-	-	-	-	957,563	193,469	1,292,563	204,357	1,496,920
2038	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	737,747	177,654	737,747	177,654	915,401
2039	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	572,707	163,900	572,707	163,900	736,607
2040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	399,900	153,096	399,900	153,096	552,996
2041	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	411,091	141,905	411,091	141,905	552,996
2042	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	422,172	130,824	422,172	130,824	552,996
2043	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	433,557	119,439	433,557	119,439	552,996
2044	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	444,962	108,034	444,962	108,034	552,996
2045	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	457,261	95,735	457,261	95,735	552,996
2046	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	469,604	83,392	469,604	83,392	552,996
2047	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	482,286	70,710	482,286	70,710	552,996
2048	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	495,164	57,832	495,164	57,832	552,996
2049	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	508,698	44,298	508,698	44,298	552,996
2050	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	522,451	30,545	522,451	30,545	552,996
2051	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	407,999	17,606	407,999	17,606	425,605
2052	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	223,261	8,286	223,261	8,286	231,547
2053	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121,586	3,719	121,586	3,719	125,305
2054	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79,420	1,292	79,420	1,292	80,712
2055	<u>-</u>				<u> </u>	-			3,730	8	3,730	8	3,738
\$	8,113,093	\$ 2,076,201	\$ 5,915	12 \$	11,574,994 \$	1,068,091	\$ 1,602,725	\$ 105,964	\$ 26,220,752 \$	7,225,546	\$ 47,517,479 \$	10,475,814 \$	57,993,293

^{*} Excludes FPU interim advances not yet amortizing

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	_									_									
	_	eneral			Ger	nera	1	Gen			Gen			Ge	neral				
Year	Obliga	tion Bo	nds		Obligati	on E	Bonds	Obligatio	n B	Bonds	Obligatio	n B	Sonds	Capita	l Ou	tlay	Total C	Gene	<u>eral</u>
Ending	Seri	es 2013	<u>3</u>		Series	201	3 B	<u>Series</u>	203	<u>14</u>	Series	201	<u>17</u>	Note	e 201	<u>.9</u>	<u>Total</u>		<u>Total</u>
June 30,	Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest	P	rincipal		<u>Interest</u>	Principal		<u>Interest</u>	Principal		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>
2021	\$ 225,000	\$	128,900	\$	50,000	\$	29,187	\$ 90,000	\$	48,100	\$ 149,193	\$	19,321	\$ 170,447	\$	6,817	\$ 684,640	\$	232,325
2022	230,000)	124,400		50,000		27,563	90,000		46,300	146,215		11,862	145,371		1,689	661,586		211,814
2023	235,000)	119,800		50,000		25,937	95,000		44,500	148,702		8,937	-		-	528,702		199,174
2024	240,000)	115,100		50,000		24,312	95,000		42,600	150,676		5,963	-		-	535,676		187,975
2025	245,000)	110,300		55,000		22,688	100,000		40,700	147,489		2,950	-		-	547,489		176,638
2026	250,000)	104,787		55,000		20,900	105,000		37,950	-		-	-		-	410,000		163,637
2027	255,000)	98,538		55,000		18,700	105,000		35,062	-		-	-		-	415,000		152,300
2028	260,000)	92,162		60,000		16,500	110,000		32,175	-		-	-		-	430,000		140,837
2029	270,000)	84,363		60,000		14,100	115,000		28,875	-		-	-		-	445,000		127,338
2030	275,000)	76,262		60,000		11,700	115,000		25,425	-		-	-		-	450,000		113,387
2031	285,000)	68,013		65,000		9,000	120,000		21,975	-		-	-		-	470,000		98,988
2032	290,000)	59,462		65,000		6,075	125,000		18,375	-		-	-		-	480,000		83,912
2033	300,000)	50,763		70,000		3,150	130,000		14,000	-		-	-		-	500,000		67,913
2034	310,000)	41,762		-		-	135,000		9,450	-		-	-		-	445,000		51,212
2035	315,000)	31,688		-		-	135,000		4,725	-		-	-		-	450,000		36,413
2036	325,000)	21,450		-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	325,000		21,450
2037	335,000)	10,888		-		-	 -		-	 -		-	-		-	 335,000		10,888
	\$ 4,645,000	\$ 1	,338,638	\$	745,000	\$	229,812	\$ 1,665,000	\$	450,212	\$ 742,275	\$	49,033	\$ 315,818	\$	8,506	\$ 8,113,093	\$	2,076,201

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS - ELECTRIC

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year										RUS Rural	Ec	onomic	<u>Total l</u>	Elec	<u>ctric</u>
Ending		Serie	s 20)19		Series	s 20	016	Dε	evelopment	: Lc	an (LCHS)	Total		Total
<u>June 30,</u>	I	Principal		<u>Interest</u>]	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	I	Principal		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>
2021	\$	488,000	\$	33,992	\$	810,000	\$	192,600	\$	19,056	\$	-	\$ 1,317,056	\$	226,592
2022		478,000		25,257		845,000		176,400		19,056		-	1,342,056		201,657
2023		467,000		16,700		875,000		159,500		7,882		-	1,349,882		176,200
2024		466,000		8,342		910,000		142,000		-		-	1,376,000		150,342
2025		-		-		1,490,000		123,800		-		-	1,490,000		123,800
2026		-		-		1,530,000		94,000		-		-	1,530,000		94,000
2027		-		-		1,565,000		63,400		-		-	1,565,000		63,400
2028				-		1,605,000		32,100					1,605,000		32,100
	\$	1,899,000	\$	84,291	\$	9,630,000	\$	983,800	\$	45,994	\$	-	\$ 11,574,994	\$	1,068,091

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS - WATER CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year Ending		RUS I Serie				RUS P Series				RUS P. Serie			RUS P Series	
June 30,		Principal	. _	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal	 Interest		Principal	 Interest
2021	\$	71,862	\$	67,998	\$	89,043	\$	134,469	\$	49,051	\$ 59,861	\$	32,094	\$ 48,618
2022		73,495		66,364		91,751		131,761		50,292	58,620		32,987	47,725
2023		75,167		64,693		94,542		128,970		51,563	57,349		33,906	46,806
2024		76,703		63,157		97,071		126,441		52,714	56,198		34,724	45,988
2025		78,619		61,241		100,370		123,142		54,200	54,712		35,817	44,895
2026		80,407		59,453		103,423		120,089		55,571	53,341		36,815	43,897
2027		82,234		57,626		106,569		116,943		56,976	51,936		37,840	42,872
2028		83,951		55,909		109,498		114,014		58,279	50,633		38,779	41,933
2029		86,012		53,848		113,141		110,371		59,891	49,021		39,974	40,738
2030		87,968		51,892		116,582		106,930		61,406	47,506		41,087	39,625
2031		89,968		49,892		120,128		103,384		62,958	45,954		42,231	38,481
2032		91,882		47,978		123,508		100,004		64,429	44,483		43,305	37,407
2033		94,102		45,758		127,538		95,974		66,180	42,732		44,614	36,098
2034		96,241		43,619		131,417		92,095		67,853	41,059		45,856	34,856
2035		98,429		41,431		135,415		88,097		69,569	39,343		47,133	33,579
2036		100,560		39,300		139,304		84,208		71,226	37,686		48,357	32,355
2037		102,953		36,907		143,770		79,742		73,130	35,782		49,792	30,920
2038		105,293		34,567		148,143		75,369		74,979	33,933		51,179	29,533
2039		107,687		32,173		152,649		70,863		76,875	32,037		52,604	28,108
2040		110,054		29,806		157,112		66,400		78,737	30,175		53,997	26,715
2041		112,637		27,223		162,071		61,441		80,810	28,102		55,573	25,139
2042		115,197		24,663		167,000		56,512		82,854	26,058		57,121	23,591
2043		117,816		22,044		172,080		51,432		84,949	23,963		58,712	22,000
2044		120,443		19,417		177,189		46,323		87,039	21,873		60,291	20,421
2045		123,233		16,627		182,703		40,809		89,299	19,613		62,026	18,686
2046		126,034		13,826		188,260		35,252		91,557	17,355		63,753	16,959
2047		128,899		10,961		193,986		29,526		93,872	15,040		65,529	15,183
2048		131,809		8,051		199,825		23,687		96,212	12,700		67,318	13,394
2049		134,826		5,034		205,965		17,547		98,679	10,233		69,228	11,484
2050		137,891		1,969		212,229		11,283		101,175	7,737		71,156	9,556
2051		12,444		25		218,684		4,828		103,733	5,179		73,138	7,574
2052		-		-		41,749		174		106,351	2,561		75,161	5,551
2053		-		-		-		-		44,318	275		77,268	3,444
2054		-		-		-		-		-	-		79,420	1,292
2055	_				_		_		_		 	_	3,730	 8
	\$	3,054,816	\$	1,153,452	\$	4,522,715	\$	2,448,080	\$	2,416,727	\$ 1,113,050	\$	1,782,515	\$ 965,431

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS - WATER (CONTINUED) CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year	State			Fund Loan	S	State Revolvii			St	ate Revolving			S	tate Revol		
Ending		CW0 2	013-			CG1 20)13			CG4 201				CG2		
<u>June 30,</u>		<u>ncipal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>	_	nterest		<u>Principal</u>		nterest
2021	\$	35,028	\$	6,048	\$	181,542	\$	35,544	\$	169,908	\$	43,044	\$	69,2		\$ 18,156
2022		35,436		5,640		183,678		33,408		172,260		40,692		70,2		17,196
2023		35,856		5,220		185,838		31,248		174,660		38,292		71,2	208	16,212
2024		36,276		4,800		188,022		29,064		177,084		35,868		72,	192	15,228
2025		36,696		4,380		190,230		26,856		179,544		33,408		73,	188	14,232
2026		37,128		3,948		192,474		24,612		182,028		30,924		74,2		13,212
2027		37,572		3,504		194,730		22,356		184,560		28,392		75,2	240	12,180
2028		38,016		3,060		197,022		20,064		187,128		25,824		76,2	284	11,136
2029		38,460		2,616		199,338		17,748		189,720		23,232		77,3	352	10,068
2030		38,916		2,160		201,690		15,396		192,360		20,592		78,4	120	9,000
2031		39,372		1,704		204,066		13,020		195,024		17,928		79,	512	7,908
2032		39,828		1,248		206,466		10,620		197,736		15,216		80,0	616	6,804
2033		40,308		768		208,890		8,196		200,484		12,468		81,7	732	5,688
2034		40,788		288		211,350		5,736		203,268		9,684		82,8	372	4,548
2035		3,461		-		213,834		3,252		206,088		6,864		84,0)24	3,396
2036		-		-		162,009		794		208,956		3,996		85,	188	2,232
2037		-		-		-		-		176,366		1,118		86,3	364	1,056
2038		-		-		-		-		-		-		29,	197	76
2039		-		-		-		-		-		-			-	-
2040		-		-		-		-		-		-			-	-
2041		-		-		-		-		-		-			-	-
2042		-		-		-		-		-		-			-	-
2043		-		-		-		-		-		-			-	-
2044		-		-		-		-		-		-			-	-
2045		_		-		_		-		-		_			-	-
2046		-		-		-		-		-		-			-	-
2047		-		-		-		-		-		-			-	-
2048		_		-		_		-		-		_			-	-
2049		-		-		_		-		-		_			-	-
2050		_		_		-		-		-		_			_	_
2051		-		-		-		_		-		_			-	_
2052		-		-		-		_		-		_			-	_
2053		_		_		_		_		_		_			_	_
2054		-		-		-		-		-		-			-	-
	\$	533,141	\$	45,384	\$	3,121,179	\$	297,914	\$	3,197,174	\$	387,542	\$	1,347,0	085	\$ 168,328

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS - WATER (CONTINUED) CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year		State Revolvi	ng I	Fund Loan		State Revolvi	ng I	Fund Loan				Total W	ate	<u>r *</u>
Ending		DWF 2				CW6 20			TDOT Utilit	y R	eloc Loan	Total		Total
<u>June 30,</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>
2021	\$	230,388	\$	51,564	\$	40,236	\$	10,944	\$ 146,788	\$	11,385	\$ 1,115,204	\$	487,631
2022		232,980		48,972		40,764		10,416	149,527		8,646	1,133,394		469,440
2023		235,608		46,344		41,304		9,876	152,317		5,856	1,151,969		450,866
2024		238,260		43,692		41,844		9,336	155,159		3,014	1,170,049		432,786
2025		240,936		41,016		42,396		8,784	78,661		425	1,110,657		413,091
2026		243,648		38,304		42,960		8,220	-		-	1,048,662		396,000
2027		246,396		35,556		43,524		7,656	-		-	1,065,641		379,021
2028		249,168		32,784		44,100		7,080	-		-	1,082,225		362,437
2029		251,976		29,976		44,676		6,504	-		-	1,100,540		344,122
2030		254,808		27,144		45,264		5,916	-		-	1,118,501		326,161
2031		257,676		24,276		45,864		5,316	-		-	1,136,799		307,863
2032		260,580		21,372		46,476		4,704	-		-	1,154,826		289,836
2033		263,508		18,444		47,088		4,092	-		-	1,174,444		270,218
2034		266,484		15,468		47,700		3,480	-		-	1,193,829		250,833
2035		269,484		12,468		48,336		2,844	-		-	1,175,773		231,274
2036		272,508		9,444		48,972		2,208	-		-	1,137,080		212,223
2037		275,580		6,372		49,608		1,572	-		-	957,563		193,469
2038		278,688		3,264		50,268		912	-		-	737,747		177,654
2039		140,548		462		42,344		257	-		-	572,707		163,900
2040		-		-		-		-	-		-	399,900		153,096
2041		-		-		-		-	-		-	411,091		141,905
2042		-		-		-		-	-		-	422,172		130,824
2043		-		-		-		-	-		-	433,557		119,439
2044		-		-		-		-	-		-	444,962		108,034
2045		-		-		-		-	-		-	457,261		95,735
2046		-		-		-		-	-		-	469,604		83,392
2047		-		-		-		-	-		-	482,286		70,710
2048		-		-		-		-	-		-	495,164		57,832
2049		-		-		-		-	-		-	508,698		44,298
2050		-		-		-		-	-		-	522,451		30,545
2051		-		-		-		-	-		-	407,999		17,606
2052		-		-		-		-	-		-	223,261		8,286
2053		-		-		-		-	-		-	121,586		3,719
2054		-		-		-		-	-		-	79,420		1,292
2055	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_		_		-	_	<u> </u>	3,730		8
	\$	4,709,224	\$	506,922	\$	853,724	\$	110,117	\$ 682,452	\$	29,326	\$ 26,220,752	\$	7,225,546

^{*} Excludes interim advances not yet amortizing

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT BY INDIVIDUAL ISSUE

Description of Indebtedness Payable through General Government	Original Amount of Issue	Interest Rate	Date of Issue	Final Maturity Date	Outstanding 7/1/2019		Issued During Period		nid and/or Matured During Period	D	unded uring eriod		utstanding //30/2020
BONDS PAYABLE General Obligation, Series 2013B General Obligation, Series 2014 General Obligation, Series 2017 Total Bonds Payable through General Government	5 1,045,000 2,000,000 975,427 ent	2.0% to 3.5%	10/1/2013 12/1/2014 9/28/2017	6/1/2033 6/1/2035 6/1/2025	\$ 790,00 1,750,00 859,79 \$ 3,399,79	0	- - - -	\$	45,000 85,000 117,517 247,517	\$	- - - -	\$	745,000 1,665,000 742,275 3,152,275
OTHER LOANS PAYABLE Bank Capital Outlay Note Total Loans Payable through General Governm Payable through Electric Department	5 509,135 ent	5 2.80%	5/2/2019	5/2/2022	\$ 481,92 \$ 481,92		<u>-</u>	\$ \$	166,108 166,108	\$	<u>-</u> -	<u>\$</u>	315,818 315,818
BONDS PAYABLE Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 Total Bonds Payable through Electric Department	5 12,525,000 9,750,000 3,116,000	2.00%	8/28/2009 5/27/2016 12/12/2019	6/1/2024 6/1/2028 6/1/2024	\$ 3,090,00 9,660,00 - \$ 12,750,00	0	3,116,000 3,116,000	\$	30,000 1,217,000 1,247,000		090,000	\$	9,630,000 1,899,000 11,529,000
OTHER LOANS PAYABLE USDA Rural Economic Development Loan Total Loans Payable through Electric Department		0.00%	11/30/2015	12/8/2022	\$ 65,05 \$ 65,05		<u>-</u> -	<u>\$</u>	19,056 19,056	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u> -	<u>\$</u>	45,994 45,994
Total Bonds Payable through Gas Department	5 2,209,015	5 2.0% to 5.0%	9/28/2017	6/1/2025	\$ 1,909,81 \$ 1,909,81		<u>-</u> -	<u>\$</u>	307,094 307,094	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,602,725 1,602,725
Payable through Telecom Department BONDS PAYABLE General Obligation, Series 2011 Total Bonds Payable through Telecom Department	3,600,000 ent	1.0% to 2.0%	12/20/2011	4/1/2020	\$ 350,00 \$ 350,00	_ —	<u>-</u>	\$	350,000 350,000	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>-</u> -	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>-</u>

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT BY INDIVIDUAL ISSUE (CONTINUED)

Description of Indebtedness Payable through Water Department	Original Amount of Issue	Interest Rate	Date of Issue	Final Maturity Date		utstanding 7/1/2019		Issued During Period	N	id and/or Matured During Period	Refunded During Period			utstanding 0/30/2020
BONDS PAYABLE USDA Revenue & Tax Bond Series 2008 USDA Revenue & Tax Bond Series 2009 USDA Revenue & Tax Bond Series 2009 USDA Revenue & Tax Bond Series 2009A USDA Revenue & Tax Bond Series 2015 General Obligation, Series 2017 Total Bonds Payable through Water Department	4,980,000 2,623,000 1,900,000 665,558	2.25% 3.00% 2.50% 2.75% 5.00%	9/19/2013 10/15/2014 1/24/2015 7/20/2016 9/28/2017	9/19/2050 10/15/2051 11/30/2052 7/31/2054 6/1/2020		3,125,081 4,609,130 2,464,569 1,813,739 330,389 12,342,908	\$	- - - - - -	\$	70,265 86,415 47,842 31,224 330,389 566,135	\$	- - - - -	\$	3,054,816 4,522,715 2,416,727 1,782,515 - 11,776,773
OTHER LOANS PAYABLE State Revolving Fund Loan (CW0) State Revolving Fund Loan (CG1) State Revolving Fund Loan (CG4) State Revolving Fund Loan (CG2) State Revolving Fund Loan (DWF) State Revolving Fund Loan (CW6) State Revolving Fund Loan (SRF) TDOT Utility Relocation Loan Total Loans Payable through Water Department	4,300,000 4,000,000 1,700,000 5,050,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 2,070,465	1.17% 1.17% 1.38% 1.38% 1.12% 1.31% 1.31% 1.85%	2/4/2013 2/4/2013 1/23/2015 1/23/2015 5/10/2016 11/29/2017 11/29/2017 8/22/2005	7/20/2034 3/20/2036 4/20/2037 10/20/2037 12/20/2038 4/20/2039 (1) 12/20/2024	\$	567,761 3,300,609 3,364,754 1,415,401 4,937,044 893,432 518,478 826,552 15,824,031	\$	- - - - 1,918,242 - 1,918,242	\$	34,620 179,430 167,580 68,316 227,820 39,708 - 144,100 861,574	\$	- - - - - - - -	\$	533,141 3,121,179 3,197,174 1,347,085 4,709,224 853,724 2,436,720 682,452 16,880,699
Payable through Sanitation Department OTHER LOANS PAYABLE Bank Installment Note Total Loans Payable through Sanitation Depart	/	2.50%	7/18/2017	7/18/2020	\$ \$	75,845 75,845	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u> \$	69,930 69,930	\$ \$	<u>-</u>	\$ \$	5,915 5,915
Payable through Fayetteville City Schools BONDS PAYABLE General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 Total Bonds Payable through Fayetteville City		2.0%-3.25%	5/1/2013	6/1/2037	\$	4,870,000 4,870,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	225,000 225,000	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$	4,645,000 4,645,000

⁽¹⁾ Total amount approved was \$3,000,000, of which \$563,280 remains available for draws as of June 30, 2020.

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES SCHEDULE OF ELECTRIC UTILITY RATES IN EFFECT CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2020

Resi	den	tial

Customer Charge\$24.40 per monthEnergy Charge7.594 cents per KWHTVA Total Monthly Fuel Cost1.528 cents per KWH

General Services

LESS THAN 50 KW

Customer Charge Usage less than 500 KWH \$35.15 per month
Customer Charge Usage greater than 500 KWH \$40.00 per month
Energy Charge 8.820 cents per KWH
TVA Total Monthly Fuel Cost 1.505 cents per KWH

51 KW TO 1,000 KW

Customer Charge \$225.00 per month First 50 KW Demand Charge \$7.00 per KW Excess over 50 KW \$16.27 per KW **Energy Charge** First 15,000 KWH 6.919 cents per KWH Additional KWH 4.402 cents per KWH TVA Total Monthly Fuel Cost First 15,000 KWH 1.505 cents per KWH Additional KWH 1.479 cents per KWH

1,001 KW TO 5,000 KW

Customer Charge \$450.00 per month
Demand Charge First 1,000 KW \$17.30 per KW
Excess over 1,000 KW \$19.80 per KW

Energy Charge 4.383 cents per KWH.

TVA Total Monthly Fuel Cost 1.479 cents per KWH

Manufacturing Services

5,001 KW TO 15,000 KW

Customer Charge		\$1,850 per delivery point
Demand Charge	Onpeak	\$10.24 per KW
	Maximum	\$2.26 per KW
	Excess over Contract	\$10.24 per KW
Energy Charge	Onpeak	5.779 cents per KWH
	Offpeak first 200 hours	3.279 cents per KWH
	Offpeak next 200 hours	0.310 cents per KWH
	Offpeak additional KWH	0.055 cents per KWH
TVA Total Monthly Fuel Cost		1.237 cents per KWH

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES SCHEDULE OF GAS UTILITY RATES IN EFFECT

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2020

Residential Monthly minimum Per ccf consumed per month	\$	5.00 1.05
General Commercial and Industrial (average usage under 500 ccf per day) Monthly minimum	\$	5.66
Per ccf consumed per month	Ψ	1.10
General Commercial and Industrial Monthly minimum Per ccf consumed per month	\$	5.66 0.990
Housing Authority Monthly minimum Per ccf consumed per month	\$	5.00 0.971
Interruptible Service Per ccf consumed per month	\$	0.326
Firm Industrial Monthly minimum Per ccf consumed per month	\$	100.00 0.476

Note: ccf represents 100 cubic feet.

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES SCHEDULE OF TELECOM RATES IN EFFECT

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

<u>Cable TV Service</u>		
Budget basic	\$	30.87
Basic plus		76.35
Basic digital		88.56
Digital service with DVR only		92.72
Digital service with HD only		88.56
Complete digital package		92.72
Digital Premium Channels		
НВО		17.46
Cinemax		10.95
HBO/Cinemax package		24.00
Showtime/Movie channel/FLIX package		14.95
Encore		7.95
Encore/Starz package		11.95
Additional Cable Equipment Available		
Digital converter w/ remote		7.50
HD box		12.00
HD box with DVR		13.00
Cable card		2.50
Inside wire maintenance		4.00
Internet Services		
75 Mbps	\$	47.49
100 Mbps		67.49
125 Mbps		80.09
Cable modem (may be purchased for \$50.00)		6.50
VOIP Phone Services		
Unlimited service	\$	45.95
Basic service	Ψ	43.95
busic service		10.50
With internet and cable		
Unlimited service		30.95
Basic service		28.95
With internet or cable		
Unlimited service		35.95
Basic service		33.95
Dasic service		33.93

12

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES SCHEDULE OF WATER AND SEWER UTILITY RATES IN EFFECT

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2020

			RESID	FN	ТІАІ	COMMERCIAL							WHO	I FS	AIF		
			Inside City		Outside City		Inside City	ILIC	Outside City		Industrial		<u>Frito Lay</u>		With Contracts		Without Contracts
	Water Rates	ф	10.00	ф	14.00	ф	11.00	ф	15.40	Ф	11.07	ф	11.00	ф	11.07	ф	11 FD
	First 100 cubic feet All over 100 cubic feet*	\$	10.83 4.60	\$	14.08 5.97	\$	11.90	\$	15.48	\$	11.37	\$	11.90	\$	11.27	\$	11.57
	Next 900 cubic feet*						5.08		6.60		4.83		5.08		4.73		5.03
7	All over 1,000 cubic feet*						3.70		4.84		3.65		N/A		3.55		3.85
)	Next 119,000 cubic feet*												4.05				
	All over 120,000 cubic feet*												2.70				
	Wastewater Rates																
	First 100 cubic feet		17.11		19.68		19.49				19.49						
	All over 100 cubic feet*		7.27		8.36		8.28				8.28						

*Per 100 cubic feet

Number of water and wastewater customers at June 30,

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Water	4,679	4,658
Sewer	3,569	3,543

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF SANITATION RATES IN EFFECT

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Residential Per household Per apartment		\$ 14 14
Each additional cart p	urchased is an additional \$10.	
Commercial and Industr	<u>ial</u>	
1 cart	Twice/wk	38
	Once/wk	19
2 carts	Twice/wk	68
	Once/wk	34
3 carts	Twice/wk	98
	Once/wk	49
4 carts	Twice/wk	128
	Once/wk	64
6 carts	Twice/wk	188
	Once/wk	94

SCHEDULE OF NUMBER OF UTILITY CUSTOMERS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	June	e 30,
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Electric	18,639	18,477
Gas	6,440	6,381
Telecom division -Cable	2,347	2,555
Telecom division -Internet	2,820	2,718
Telecom division -Phone	323	321
Water	4,679	4,658
Wastewater	3,569	3,543
Sanitation	2,731	2,720

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2020

	Balance	Taxes			Balance
Year	July 1, 2019	<u>Levied</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Collections	June 30, 2020
2020	\$ -	\$ 2,939,715	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 2,939,715
2019	2,898,443	-	175,101	(2,951,976)	121,568
2018	125,765	-	1,378	(107,780)	19,363
2017	18,788	-	-	(14,370)	4,418
2016	1,554	-	-	(157)	1,397
2015	3,729	-	-	(157)	3,572
2014	3,671	-	-	(191)	3,480
2013	3,484	-	-	-	3,484
2012	2,234	-	-	-	2,234
2011	-	-	-	-	-
	\$ 3,057,668	\$ 2,939,715	\$ 176,479	\$ (3,074,631)	3,099,231
Less allow	(34,847)				
Balance, er	\$ 3,064,384				

All uncollectible real estate taxes for tax years prior to 2019 have been turned over to the Clerk and Master for collection.

DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2020

Mayor - Michael Whisenant Board of Alderman Dorothy Small - Vice Mayor Danny Bryant Donna Hartman Jeff Alder Tonya Allen Rachael Martinez City Administrator - Scott Collins City Attorney - Johnny D. Hill, Jr. City Judge - J. Rhea Thompson, III City Finance Director - Stacy Rozell, CMFO * Director of Schools - Janine Wilson Fayetteville Public Utilities: CEO/ General Manager - Britt Dye Secretary/Treasurer - Glenn Oldham Assistant Manager - Kim Posey * Designated with financial oversight responsibility.

UNCOLLECTED DELINQUENT TAXES FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2020

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the government turned over \$37,000 of 2018 property taxes receivable to the clerk and master in accordance with applicable laws.

PROPERTY TAX RATES AND ASSESSMENTS - LAST TEN YEARS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Tax Year	 Total Assessed Value	 City Property Tax Rate	 Levy
2011	\$ 143,073,864	\$ 1.3195	\$ 1,931,385
2012	142,572,639	1.3195	1,923,360
2013	149,478,875	1.6500	2,512,322
2014	157,275,495	1.6500	2,648,761
2015	157,466,885	1.6500	2,657,546
2016	159,870,174	1.6500	2,637,899
2017	173,706,403	1.6500	2,866,182
2018	171,408,879	1.6500	2,884,704
2019	193,229,552	1.5000	2,898,443
2020	196,076,529	1.5000	2,939,715

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

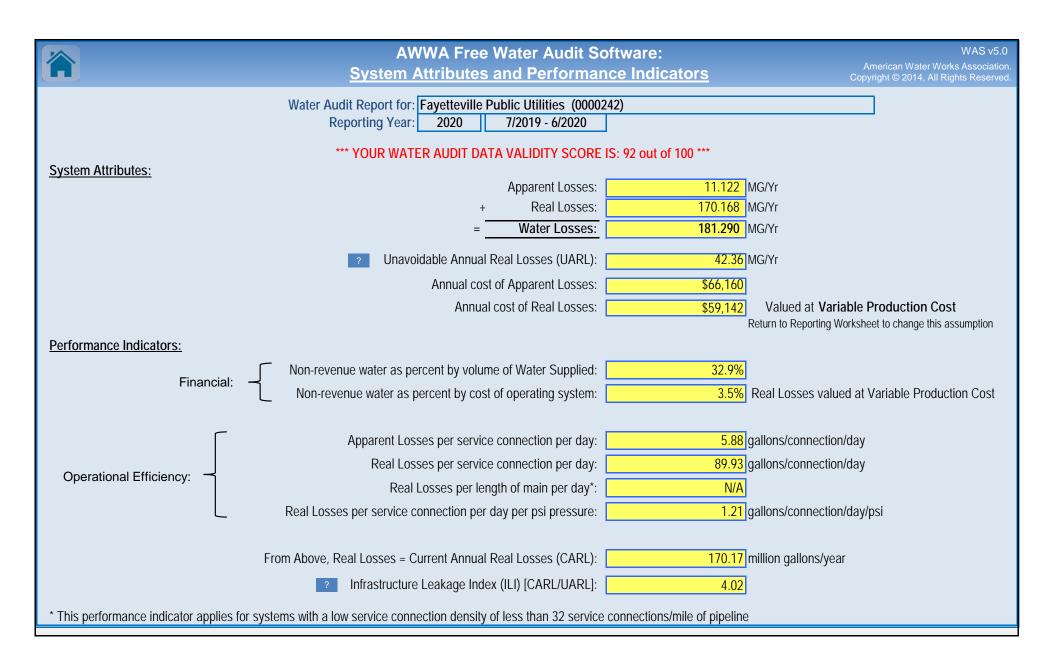
Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor	Program/Cluster Name	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Grant/Project/ Contract /Program <u>Number</u>	0	<u>Expenditures</u>
Federal Awards	II: alassas Dlassas as a				
U.S. Dept of Transportation /	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205	TAP-1 9304(8)	di di	Ф. (11.020
TN Dept of Transportation		20.205	TAI -1 9504(0)	\$ -	\$ 611,929
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cl	uster				611,929
U.S. Department of Justice	Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A		13,194
Total U.S. Department of Justice					13,194
U.S. Dept of Homeland Security / TN Emergency Management Agency Total	Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	4427		8,225 8,225
Total Federal Awards					633,348
State Financial Assistance TN Department of Finance and Administration TN Emergency Management Agency	Camp Blount Direct Appropriation Grant Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	N/A N/A	N/A 4427		223,928 1,371
Total State Awards					225,299
Total Federal & State Awards				<u>\$</u>	\$ 858,647

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

This Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance summarizes the expenditures of the government under programs of the federal and state governments for the year ended June 30, 2020. Separate Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance for Fayetteville Public Utilities and Fayetteville City Schools are included in their separately issued, publicly available financial reports. This schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

	ee Water Audit Soorting Workshe		W American Water Wo Copyright © 2014, All R	
2 Click to access definition Water Audit Report for: Fayetteville	Public Utilities (00002		оорундн ⊕ 2014, 7 ш г.	rigina reacived.
Click to add a comment Reporting Year: 2020 Please enter data in the white cells below. Where available, metered values should be used; if				e
	tered as: MILLION GAI	LONS (US) PER YEAR	ption of the grades	_
To select the correct data grading for each input, determine t the utility meets or exceeds <u>all</u> criteria for that grade			Master Meter and Supply Error Adjustme	ents
WATER SUPPLIED Volume from own sources: + ? 10	,	in column 'E' and 'J' MG/Yr + ?	> Pcnt: Value:	MG/Yr
Water imported: + ? n/a	1	MG/Yr + ?	0 0	MG/Yr
Water exported: + ? 10	120.878	MG/Yr + ?	5 -3.07% © O lenter negative % or value for under-reging	MG/Yr istration
WATER SUPPLIED:	619.561	MG/Yr	Enter positive % or value for over-registr	ration
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION Billed metered: + ? 10	415.433	MG/Yr	Click here: ? for help using option	
Billed unmetered: + ? n/a	1	MG/Yr	buttons below	
Unbilled metered: + ? 10			Pcnt: Value: () () 20.098	MG/Yr
Unbilled Unmetered volume entered is greate	r than the recommended	d default value	<u> </u>	
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION: 2	438.271	MG/Yr	i Use buttons to selec percentage of water supplied	
WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized Consumption)	181.290	MG/Yr	— <u>OR</u> value	
Apparent Losses		1	Pcnt: ▼ Value:	
Unauthorized consumption: Default option selected for unauthorized consumption - a		MG/Yr	0.25% (●) ()	MG/Yr
Customer metering inaccuracies: + ? 8		1	2.00% (•) ()	MG/Yr
Systematic data handling errors: + ?	1.039	MG/Yr	0.25% ((MG/Yr
Default option selected for Systematic data handling a Apparent Losses:	errors - a grading of 5 i		ed	
		1		
Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL)	170.469	MONG		
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses:	170.168	1		
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES:	170.168 181.290	1		<u> </u>
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses:		MG/Yr		_
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER	181.290	MG/Yr		_
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA	181.290 204.128	MG/Yr		- -
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: + ? 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: + ? 9	181.290 204.128	MG/Yr		- -
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: + ? 9	204.128 204.128	MG/Yr		_
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: + ? 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: - ? 9 Service connection density: ?	204.128 204.128	MG/Yr MG/Yr miles conn./mile main (length of service lin	ie, <u>beyond</u> the property	-
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: + 7 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: + 7 9 Service connection density: 7	181.290 204.128 144.2 5,184 36 Yes	MG/Yr miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the	ie, <u>beyond</u> the property e responsibility of the utility)	_
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: + ? 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: 7 Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: + ?	181.290 204.128 144.2 5,184 36 Yes nd a data grading scor	MG/Yr miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the e of 10 has been applied		_
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: + ? 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: + ? 9 Service connection density: ? Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: + ? Average length of customer service line has been set to zero a	181.290 204.128 144.2 5,184 36 Yes nd a data grading scor	MG/Yr miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the e of 10 has been applied		_
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: + 2 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: + 2 9 Service connection density: 2 Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: + 2 Average length of customer service line: + 2 Average operating pressure: + 2 6 COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system: + 2 10	181.290 204.128 144.2 5,184 36 Yes nd a data grading scor 74.5 \$3,811,869	MG/Yr MG/Yr miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi		_
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: + ? 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: > + ? 9 Service connection density: ? Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: + ? Average length of customer service line has been set to zero a Average operating pressure: + ? 6	181.290 204.128 144.2 5,184 36 Yes nd a data grading scor 74.5 \$3,811,869 \$4.45	MG/Yr miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the e of 10 has been applied psi \$/Year \$/100 cubic feet (ccf)	e responsibility of the utility)	
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: + ? 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: + ? 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: + ? 9 Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: + ? Average length of customer service line: + ? 6 COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system: + ? 10 Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): + ? 10	181.290 204.128 144.2 5,184 36 Yes nd a data grading scor 74.5 \$3,811,869 \$4.45	MG/Yr miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi \$/Year \$/100 cubic feet (ccf)		_
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: + ? 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: + ? 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: + ? 9 Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: + ? Average length of customer service line: + ? 6 COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system: + ? 10 Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): + ? 10	181.290 204.128 144.2 5,184 36 Yes nd a data grading scor 74.5 \$3,811,869 \$4.45	MG/Yr miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the e of 10 has been applied psi \$/Year \$/100 cubic feet (ccf)	e responsibility of the utility)	
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Mayor and Aldermen City of Fayetteville Fayetteville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Fayetteville's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2018-001, 2020-001, and 2020-002.

City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's Response to Findings

City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Putman & Hancock

Fayetteville, TN November 18, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2020

Finding 2018-001

Condition and Criteria: We noted the General Fund's "Transfers Out" budget line item had actual expenditures in excess of budgeted expenditures.

Effect: Actual expenditures in excess of budgeted expenditures are in violation of Tennessee Code Annotated 6-56-203.

Auditors' Recommendation: Budgets should be monitored and amended as necessary to reflect authorization of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen to incur expenditures.

Management Response: We concur with the finding. This was an oversight and budgets were not amended as they should have been. Budgets will be amended in the future as required.

Finding 2020-001

Condition and Criteria: We noted that a \$15,923 repair expense for a sewer pump replacement and electrical maintenance was approved without obtaining the minimum of two bids, as required by the purchasing policy.

Effect: This is a violation of state purchasing laws for Cities and Towns, as defined under TCA 6-19-104, and the City's purchasing policy, which stipulates that purchases over \$10,000 require two separate bids and approval before purchasing.

Auditors' Recommendation: Purchasing laws and procedures should always be followed.

Management Response: We concur with this finding and will take all steps necessary to follow all applicable purchasing laws and policies in the future.

Finding 2020-002

Condition and Criteria: We noted that an employee who retired in 2020 received 100% of their accumulated sick leave. Sick leave is to be paid to eligible retiring employees at 50% of the accumulated liability, per the personnel policy.

Effect: This is a violation of the City's policy, which resulted in an overpayment of a benefit to a retiring employee of \$15,852.

Auditors' Recommendation: The City should follow its established policies in the payment of employee benefits.

Management Response: We concur with this finding and will take necessary steps to ensure that future violations of our employee benefit policies do not occur.

City of Fayetteville

Michael Whisenant, Mayor Dorothy Small, Vice Mayor Scott Collins, City Administrator

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Fayetteville, TN 37334

Alderman: Jeff Alder Tonya Allen **Danny Bryant** Donna Hartman Rachael Martinez

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MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The City of Fayetteville, Tennessee respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NONCOMPLIANCE

Finding 2018-001

Condition and Criteria: We noted the General Fund's "Transfers Out" line had actual expenditures in excess of budgeted expenditures.

Recommendations: Budgets should be monitored and amended as necessary to reflect authorization of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen to incur expenditures. Budget amendments must be adopted to authorize increases in spending before spending occurs. No provision is made to permit the City to spend after the fact.

Planned Corrective Action: Budgets will be closely monitored by each department and budget amendments will be introduced as needed.

Finding 2020-001

Condition and Criteria: We noted that a \$15,923 repair expense for a sewer pump replacement and electrical maintenance was approved without obtaining the minimum of two bids, as required by the purchasing policy.

Recommendations: The City should follow State purchasing laws and City procedures.

Planned Corrective Action: The City will ensure that all purchasing laws and procedures are followed in the future.

Finding 2020-002

Condition and Criteria: We noted that an employee who retired in 2020 received 100% of their accumulated sick leave. Sick leave is paid to eligible retiring employees at 50% of the accumulated liability, per the personnel policy.

Recommendations: The City should follow its established policies in the payment of employee benefits.

Planned Corrective Action: The City will ensure that all employee policies are followed in the future.

Responsible Person: Stacy Rozell, Finance Director, is responsible for implementing these corrective actions.

Anticipated Completion Date: Corrective action will be implemented immediately.

Stacy Rozell, Finance Director

November 18, 2020

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Financial Statement Findings

Finding Number	Finding Title	Status
2018-001	Budgets	Repeated

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Not applicable