AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF

FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year Ended June 30, 2019

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

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CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Mayor and Aldermen City of Fayetteville Fayetteville, Tennessee

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the School General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 11, the pension information on pages 87 through 93 and the OPEB information on pages 94 through 97 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's basic financial statements. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Putman & Hancock, CPAs

Fayetteville, Tennessee December 17, 2019

City of Fayetteville

Michael Whisenant, Mayor Dorothy Small, Vice Mayor Scott Collins, City Administrator

Phone (931) 433-6154 (931) 433-2557 "Where Tradition Meets Tomorrow"

Alderman: Jeff Alder Tonya Allen Danny Bryant Donna Hartman Rachael Martinez

110 Elk Avenue South

Fayetteville, TN 37334

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended June 30, 2019

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's (the City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information that we have furnished in the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longerterm view of the City's finances. For governmental activities, the fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the City using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure.

In the statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we separate the City activities as follows:

Governmental Activities

Most of the City's basic services are reported in this category, including the general government (includes administration, codes enforcement, zoning, and planning), public safety (includes fire, police, and emergency communications), recreation, highways and streets, housing and community development, garage, and education. Property taxes, in lieu payments, sales taxes, alcoholic beverage taxes, franchise fees, state and federal grants, business taxes, and fines finance most of these activities.

Business-Type Activities

The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the costs of certain services it provides. The City's sanitation, natural gas, electric, water and sewer, and telecommunications activities are reported in this category.

REPORT ON THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, or other money. The City's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed shorter-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are explained in reconciliations included in the fund financial statements section.

Proprietary Funds

When the City charges customers for services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the Government –Wide Financial Statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The analysis below focuses on the net position of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

		Governme	ntal	Activities	Business-t	ype	Activities	Total Primary Government				
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	
Current and other assets	\$	29,525,910	\$	19,126,579	\$ 45,889,155	\$	44,919,410	\$	75,415,065	\$	64,045,989	
Capital assets		26,938,585		27,371,439	120,968,487		117,144,053		147,907,072		144,515,492	
Total assets		56,464,495		46,498,018	166,857,642		162,063,463		223,322,137		208,561,481	
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,310,097		2,650,672	519,716		577,415		3,829,813		3,228,087	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		11,717,702		13,520,120	46,160,444		47,052,708		57,878,146		60,572,828	
Other liabilities		1,448,880		1,134,070	7,883,587		7,907,259		9,332,467		9,041,329	
Total liabilities		13,166,582		14,654,190	 54,044,031		54,959,967		67,210,613		69,614,157	
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,858,010		4,298,564	_		-		4,858,010		4,298,564	
Net position												
Net investment in capital assets		18,066,141		18,508,850	77,766,418		73,263,655		95,832,559		91,772,505	
Restricted		12,819,761		3,845,961	3,200,315		3,199,884		16,020,076		7,045,845	
Unrestricted		10,864,098		7,841,125	32,366,594		31,217,372		43,230,692		39,058,497	
Total net position	\$	41,750,000	\$	30,195,936	\$ 113,333,327	\$	107,680,911	\$	155,083,327	\$	137,876,847	
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Net position of the City's governmental activities increased 38.26 percent in the fiscal year 2019. Net position of the City's business-type activities increased 5.25 percent in the fiscal year 2019.

The analysis below focuses on the changes in net position of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

		Governme	ntal /	Activities		Business-ty	уре 1	Activities	Total Primary Government			
		2019		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	
Revenues												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	802,372	\$	843,323	\$	67,072,796	\$	66,060,758	\$ 67,875,168	\$	66,904,081	
Operating grants and contributions		10,964,049		10,485,191		-		-	10,964,049		10,485,191	
Capital grants and contributions		9,220,373		26,429		492,378		485,009	9,712,751		511,438	
General revenues:												
Property taxes		4,135,157		4,195,495		-		-	4,135,157		4,195,495	
Other taxes		6,182,722		5,761,958		-		_	6,182,722		5,761,958	
Other general revenues		237,334		180,725		157,526		145,190	394,860		325,915	
Total revenues		31,542,007		21,493,121	-	67,722,700		66,690,957	99,264,707		88,184,078	
Program Expenses:												
General government		1,155,431		1,128,256		-		-	1,155,431		1,128,256	
Public safety		4,925,772		4,783,159		-		-	4,925,772		4,783,159	
Recreation		826,505		764,531		-		_	826,505		764,531	
Highways and streets		1,729,722		1,664,509		-		-	1,729,722		1,664,509	
Sanitation		-		-		469,019		480,801	469,019		480,801	
Housing and community developme	nt	863,532		899,294		-		-	863,532		899,294	
Garage		162,939		189,848		-		-	162,939		189,848	
Education		13,346,050		12,496,430		-		-	13,346,050		12,496,430	
Debt issuance costs		-		18,955		_		-	-		18,955	
Interest on long-term debt		241,254		265,983				-	241,254		265,983	
Electric, telecom, water and gas		-		-		59,850,111		60,557,804	59,850,111		60,557,804	
Total expenses		23,251,205		22,210,965		60,319,130		61,038,605	83,570,335		83,249,570	
Excess (deficiency) before transfers		8,290,802		(717,844)		7,403,570		5,652,352	15,694,372		4,934,508	
Transfers		1,751,154		1,677,463		(1,751,154)		(1,677,463)			-	
Increase in net position	\$	10,041,956	\$	959,619	\$	5,652,416	\$	3,974,889	\$ 15,694,372	\$	4,934,508	

The City's total revenues increased 12.57 percent from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 to the fiscal year June 30, 2019, while total expenses increased 0.39 percent.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

The following is an analysis of balances in the City's major individual funds.

Governmental Activities

The information below details the costs and net expenditures (expenditures less program revenues) of the City's governmental activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The net costs show the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Total Costs and Net Expenditures By Function

		Total Costs o	f Sei	rvices	Net Costs	rvices	
		2019		2018	2019		2018
General government	\$	1,155,431	\$	1,128,256	\$ 267,870	\$	703,724
Public safety		4,925,772		4,783,159	4,189,067		4,022,264
Recreation		826,505		764,531	746,522		716,715
Highways and street		1,729,722		1,664,509	1,456,295		1,426,272
Housing and community developmen	nt	863,532		899,294	863,532		899,294
Garage		162,939		189,848	162,939		189,848
Education		13,346,050		12,496,430	(5,663,068)		2,612,967
Debt issuance cost		. ~		18,955	-		18,955
Interest on long-term debt		241,254		265,983	 241,254		265,983
Total Net Expenditures	\$	23,251,205	\$	22,210,965	\$ 2,264,411	\$	10,856,022

The information below details general revenues of the City's governmental activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. These revenues are required to cover the net expenditures listed above.

Revenues by Source

	2019	2018
Property taxes	\$ 4,135,157	\$ 4,195,495
In lieu of taxes	509,150	397,088
Sales taxes	3,723,120	3,552,977
Alcoholic beverage taxes	554,834	547,408
Other local taxes	493,041	438,233
Other state taxes	902,577	826,252
Other	115,968	137,576
Unrestricted investment earnings	126,263	29,032
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(4,897)	14,117
Transfers	 1,751,154	1,677,463
Total General Revenues and Transfers	\$ 12,306,367	\$ 11,815,641

Proprietary Funds

The City's major proprietary funds consist of the natural gas, electric, water and sewer, and telecommunications services provided to the residents of Fayetteville and Lincoln County and sanitation services provided to the residents of Fayetteville. The basic financial statements for the major funds are included in this report.

Because the focus on proprietary funds is a cost of service measurement or capital maintenance, we have included these funds in the table on the following page, which demonstrates return on ending assets and return on ending net position.

	Gas	Electric	Water	Telecom	Sanitation	Total
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019						
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Net Position Change in Net Position	\$ 24,131,160 20,503,129 974,642	\$ 85,763,890 66,319,955 3,810,424	\$ 52,542,313 22,680,405 124,521	\$ 4,072,052 3,059,618 774,089	\$ 1,023,654 770,220 (31,260)	\$ 167,533,069 113,333,327 5,652,416
Return on Ending Total Assets Return on Ending Net Position	4.04% 4.75%	4.44% 5.75%	0.24% 0.55%	19.01% 25.30%	-3.05% -4.06%	3.37% 4.99%
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018						
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 22,793,982	\$ 84,643,155	\$ 50,804,341	\$ 3,722,493	\$ 1,055,400	\$ 163,019,371
Net Position Change in Net Position	19,528,487 831,221	62,509,531 2,380,970	22,555,884 102,047	2,285,529 703,020	801,480 (42,369)	107,680,911 3,974,889
Return on Ending Total Assets Return on Ending Net Position	3.65% 4.26%	2.81% 3.81%	0.20% 0.45%	18.89% 30.76%	-4.01% -5.29%	2.44% 3.69%

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2019, the City has \$148 million invested in capital assets (after depreciation) including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, street and sanitation equipment, roads, bridges and other infrastructure, and water, sewer, gas, electric, telecommunication lines and equipment. This represents a net increase of \$3,391,580 or 2.35 percent, over last year.

The following is a summary of capital assets for fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, for governmental and business-type activities.

	Governme	ental A	Activities		Business-t	Activities	Total Primary Government			
	2019		2018		2019		2018	2019		2018
Land	\$ 3,672,030	\$	3,664,266	\$	1,098,495	\$	1,098,495	\$ 4,770,525	\$	4,762,761
Buildings	21,671,099		21,671,099		10,016,536		9,995,333	31,687,635		31,666,432
Improvements other than buildings	2,614,690		2,570,399		-		-	2,614,690		2,570,399
Machinery and equipment	10,070,522		9,590,229		179,503,370		160,363,398	189,573,892		169,953,627
Infrastructure	 6,743,961		6,743,961	_	694,077		675,075	 7,438,038		7,419,036
Total plant and equipment in service	44,772,302		44,239,954		191,312,478		172,132,301	236,084,780		216,372,255
Construction work in progress	 538,275		219,632		4,066,839		15,281,110	 4,605,114		15,500,742
	45,310,577		44,459,586		195,379,317		187,413,411	240,689,894		231,872,997
Less accumulated depreciation	 (18,371,992)		(17,088,147)		(74,410,830)		(70,269,358)	 (92,782,822)		(87,357,505)
	\$ 26,938,585	\$	27,371,439	\$	120,968,487	\$	117,144,053	\$ 147,907,072	\$	144,515,492

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Debt, considered a liability of governmental and business-type activities, decreased in fiscal year 2019 by \$2,583,604.

	Governme	ntal	Activities		Business-	Activities	Total Primary Government			
	2019		2018		2019		2018	2019		2018
Bonds										
General Obligation	\$ 8,269,792	\$	8,730,427	\$	2,590,208	\$	3,569,573	\$ 10,860,000	\$	12,300,000
Revenue	-		-		24,762,518		26,182,125	24,762,518		26,182,125
Deferred amounts	113,744		123,988		333,003		398,462	446,747		522,450
Total Bonds	8,383,536		8,854,415		27,685,729		30,150,160	 36,069,265		39,004,575
Loans								 		
Capital Outlay Note	481,926							481,926		-
Tennessee utility relocation loan	-		-		826,552		968,013	826,552		968,013
Tennessee revolving fund loan	-		-		14,997,479		13,067,583	14,997,479		13,067,583
US Bank sanitation truck loan	-		-		75,845		144,014	75,845		144,014
RUS economic development loan	-		-		65,049		84,105	65,049		84,105
Total Loans	481,926		-		15,964,925		14,263,715	 16,446,851		14,263,715
Postemployment benefit obligation	1,463,099		2,514,896	_	1,574,010		1,472,991	3,037,109		3,987,887
Advances from TVA	-		-		343,317		489,729	343,317		489,729
Compensated absences	653,157		671,951		703,541		676,113	1,356,698		1,348,064
Net pension liability	586,153		1,316,122		-			586,153		1,316,122
Landfill postclosure costs	 149,831		162,736		-		-	149,831		162,736
Totals	\$ 11,717,702	\$	13,520,120	\$	46,271,522	\$	47,052,708	\$ 57,989,224	\$	60,572,828

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the last year, the Board of Mayor and Alderman approved and/or continued several projects. These approvals include major items: such as building and developing a greenway along the Elk River, including Phase I and Phase II of the Fayetteville Greenway Master Plan. Construction on Phase I of the Greenway was initiated during the fiscal year and is expected to be completed on or before February 2020. During Fiscal year 2019, the City continued to move forward on the funded Phase II of the Greenway and made plans to apply for Phase III during the next grant cycle. The Board of Mayor and Aldermen approved to upgrade the vehicle fleet for the Police Department with a budget amendment for a capital outlay note, a three year note to debt service in the amount of \$590,135. However, due to delays with the manufacturer, the vehicles will not be received until after June 30, 2019. In addition, The Board of mayor and Aldermen approved three progressive actions with the implementation of the Downtown Master Plan, a Branding Initiative and a Recreation and Aquatic Center Feasibility Study. Although initiated in FY 2019, the programs will not conclude until 2020. A high priority of the City continues with the development of Camp Blount along the banks of the Elk River.

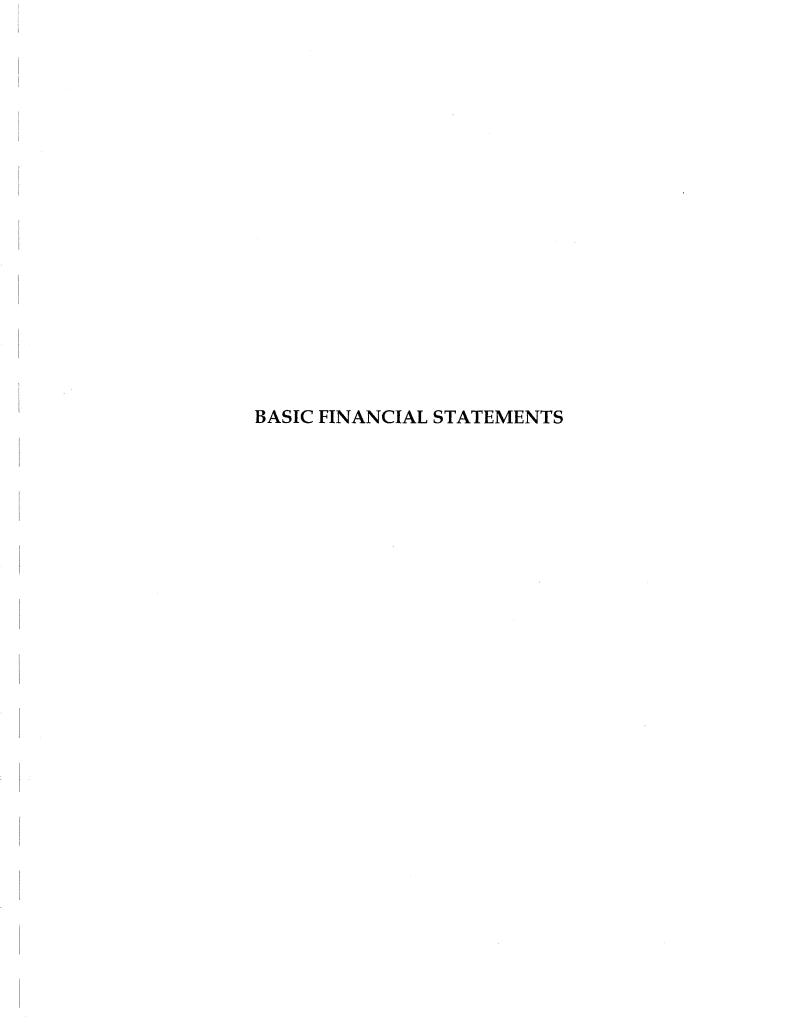
As the City closed fiscal year 2019, the financial condition of the City is solid due to the management approach of the Board of Mayor and Alderman, administration, and the departments. This approach has resulted in a stable tax rate with only three tax increases since 1985.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The 2019 general fund budget was positively impacted by the projected increase in the City's portion of sales tax and a slight increase in property taxes. The City did see a minor increase in expenses in the fiscal year 2019 budget due to pay increases for employees and job reclassification adjustments. Residential and commercial building has continued to increase within the City limits. Personnel benefits, retirement and health insurance costs continue to have slight increases every year. However, with enrollment in the State of Tennessee health insurance program, the increases have been negligible.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Stacy Rozell, Finance Director at 110 South Elk Avenue, Fayetteville, Tennessee, 37334, phone number 931-433-6154, or e-mail stacy.rozell@fayettevilletn.com.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,192,801	\$ 31,571,081	\$ 55,763,882
Receivables	4,471,580	7,154,414	11,625,994
Internal balances	155,697	(155,697)	,,
Inventory	36,965	1,685,007	1,721,972
Prepaid expenses	3,245	1,429,775	1,433,020
Restricted assets	-	3,262,791	3,262,791
Restricted asset - TCRS stabilization reserve trust	27,139	-	27,139
Net pension asset - teacher retirement plan	36,423	~	36,423
Net pension asset - teacher legacy plan	602,060	-	602,060
Other assets	-	941,784	941,784
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		•	
Land	3,672,030	1,098,495	4,770,525
Buildings and improvements	14,852,209	7,487,949	22,340,158
Machinery and equipment	3,726,616	108,308,163	112,034,779
Infrastructure	4,149,455	7,041	4,156,496
Construction in progress	538,275	4,066,839	4,605,114
TOTAL ASSETS	56,464,495	166,857,642	223,322,137
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	783,588	13,060	796,648
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,526,509	-	2,526,509
Excess consideration provided for acquisition	-	123,120	123,120
Deferred charge on refunding		383,536	383,536
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,310,097	519,716	3,829,813
LIABILITIES			·
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,388,890	5,485,699	6,874,589
Accrued interest payable	19,885	47,659	67,544
Unearned revenue	40,105	·	40,105
Deposits	-	2,350,229	2,350,229
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due in one year	879,879	3,822,965	4,702,844
Due in more than one year	10,837,823	42,337,479	53,175,302
TOTAL LIABILITIES	13,166,582	54,044,031	67,210,613
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred revenue - property taxes	2,898,443	-	2,898,443
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,580,357		1,580,357
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	372,228	-	372,228
Deferred credit on refunding	6,982	-	6,982
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,858,010	-	4,858,010
NET POSITION			-
Net investment in capital assets	18,066,141	77,766,418	95,832,559
Restricted for:	10,000,111	77,700,110	70,002,007
Debt service	· .	2,406,217	2,406,217
TCRS stabilization reserve trust	27,139	2,100,217	27,139
Teacher retirement plan pension	36,423	_	36,423
Teacher legacy plan pension	602,060	-	602,060
Improvements and construction	-	794,098	794,098
Drug education and enforcement	73,533	7 7 1,0 20	73,533
Capital projects	417,849		417,849
Education	11,662,757	-	11,662,757
Education			
Unrestricted	10,864,098	32,366,594	43,230,692

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

										Net (Expense	e) Re	evenue and		
				I	PROC		UES							
								-			Gove	ernment		
T (7)	Marie Mari													
Function/ Program		Expenses	_	Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$		\$		\$		\$	500,000	\$	(267,870)	\$	-	\$	(267,870)
Public safety						627,417		-		(4,189,067)		-		(4,189,067
Recreation				79,983		-		-		(746,522)		-		(746,522
Highways and streets		1,729,722		-		239,755		33,672		(1,456,295)		_		(1,456,295)
Housing and community development		863,532		-		-		· -				-		(863,532)
Garage		162,939		_		_		-				_		(162,939)
Education		13,346,050		226,740		10,095,677		8.686.701				_		5,663,068
Interest on long-term debt		241,254		· -		-		-				_		(241,254)
Total governmental activities		23,251,205		802,372		10.964.049		9.220.373				_		(2,264,411)
Business-type activities:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						7,220,070		(2,201,111)				(2,204,411)
Electric		44.645.231		48.958.928		_		338 041				4 651 729		4 651 700
Gas						_				-				4,651,738
Telecom										-				1,235,956
Water and sewer						_				-				773,642
Sanitation						<u>-</u>		00,129		-				506,089
	-						_	400.000		-				78,619
Total Government	•		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	10.064.040	<u>_</u>			(0.064.414)				7,246,044
Total Government	<u> </u>	00,070,000	—	07,873,108	Φ	10,964,049	.	9,/12,/31	_	(2,264,411)		7,246,044		4,981,633
			P	roperty taxes						4,135,157		-		4,135,157
			В	usiness taxes						264,073		-		264,073
			I	n lieu of tax						509,150				509,150
			S	ales taxes						3,723,120		-		3,723,120
			C	ccupancy taxe	s					114,620		-		114,620
			Α	dcoholic bever	age t	taxes				554,834		_		554,834
			F	ranchise taxes	-					113,689		_		113,689
			C	ther local taxe	S					659		_		659
			S	tate shared rev	enue	es				902,577		_		902,577
			C)ther								_		115,968
			(1	Loss) on sale o	f cap	ital assets				-		(144.525)		(149,422)
														428,314
						. 0								-
				Total general	reve	nues and trans	fers							10,712,739
				Change in						10,041,956		5,652,416		15,694,372
			Net	position - begi	nnin	g, as restated				31,708,044		107,680,911		139,388,955
				position - endi		-			\$		\$	113,333,327	\$	155,083,327
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this fir	nancial	statement.		-	•								7	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2019

				School		School		Total Nonmajor	G	Total overnmenta
		General		General		Capital Projects		Funds	_	Funds
Assets:										*
Cash	\$	8,092,452	\$	4,764,222	\$	7,964,107	\$	3,372,020	\$	24,192,801
Investments		· · ·		· · ·				-	-	
Receivables		3,161,808				_		16,902		3,178,710
Due from other funds		164,543		_		_		44,811		209,35
Due from other governments		867,603		405 751		-				
				405,751		-		19,516		1,292,87
Inventory		21,081				-		15,884		36,96
Prepaid expenses		-		3,245		-		-		3,24
Restricted assets - TCRS stabilization reserve trust		-		27,139						27,13
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	12,307,487	\$	5,200,357	\$	7,964,107	\$	3,469,133	\$	28,941,08
iabilities:					_			***************************************		
Accounts payable	\$	130,665	\$	19,134	\$	262,268	\$	21,985	\$	424.05
Other accrued expenses	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	202,200	Ψ	21,703	Ф	434,05
-		118,623		836,215		-		-		954,83
Due to other funds		44,825		-		-		8,832		53,65
Unearned revenue		-		-	_	-		40,105		40,10
TOTAL LIABILITIES		294,113		855,349		262,268		70,922		1,482,65
eferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenue - state and local taxes		331,071		123,135		_		_		454,20
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		3,020,624		120,100				_		
Unavailable revenue - other				-		-		-		3,020,62
		186,494			_	-				186,49
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		3,538,189		123,135	_	-		-		3,661,32
and Balances:										
Vonspendable		01 001								
Inventory and prepayments		21,081		-		-		15,884		36,96
Restricted:										
TCRS stabilization reserve trust		-		27,139		-		**		27,13
Capital projects		-		-		-		926,983		926,983
Education		-		_		7,701,839				7,701,839
Public safety		-		_		_		. 73,533		73,533
Committed:								. 70,000		70,00
Education								90,000		00.00
		-		-		-		80,000		80,000
Assigned:										
Budget reserve		514,091		-		-		-		514,093
Industrial park		-		-		-		1,673		1,673
Capital projects		-		-				1,706,070		1,706,070
Education		-		4,194,734		-		324,380		4,519,114
Debt service		_		_		_		269,688		269,688
Jnassigned		7,940,013		_		_				7,940,013
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		8,475,185		4,221,873		7,701,839		2 200 211		
		0,475,105		4,221,073	_	7,701,639		3,398,211		23,797,108
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS										
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	12,307,487	\$	5,200,357	\$	7,964,107	\$	3,469,133		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the states					caı	tse:				
are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for currer therefore, are deferred in the funds.	nt-p	eriod expendit	ures	and,						26,938,58
OPEB obligation is not due and payable in the current pe resources and deferred inflows of resources related to C recognized as components of healthcare expense in futu	OPE	B will be amor	rtized	and						762,88
amounts are not reported in the fund financial statemen Net pension assets are not current financial resources, net payable in the current period, and deferred outflows of of resources related to pensions will be amortized and r	t per f res reco	ources and de gnized as com	ferrec ipone	l inflows nts of pensio	n					(1,051,73
expense in future years; therefore, pension related amore financial statements. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not du		•								998,48
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.										(9,695,31

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2019

	***************************************						Total		Total
	•		School		School		Nonmajor	G	overnmental
	 General		General		Capital Projects		Funds		Funds
REVENUES									
Taxes									
Property	\$ 2,870,892	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	2,870,892
Business	261,494		_		-	•	_	7	261,494
Wholesale beer	327,717		_		_		_		327,717
Alcoholic beverage	169,961		_		_		_		169,961
Sales	2,646,956		_		_		_		2,646,956
Occupancy	114,620				_		-		114,620
Tax equivalency	509,150						_		•
Licenses and permits	44,582		-		-		=		509,150
Fines	78,731		-		-		20 557		44,582
Franchise fees			-		-		30,557		109,288
	113,343		. 10 700 157		-		2405 556		113,343
Intergovernmental	1,941,194		10,792,157		-		2,185,576		14,918,927
Shared bond proceeds from Lincoln County	-				8,599,216		-		8,599,216
Charges for services and use of property	341,779		79,846		·		150,247		571,872
Private grants and contributions	-		10,000		87,485		-		97,485
Investment earnings	18,103		39,860		65,588		2,712		126,263
Recreation activities	79,983		-		-		-		79,983
Other revenue	 72,638		6,570	_	-		-		79,208
TOTAL REVENUES	 9,591,143		10,928,433		8,752,289		2,369,092		31,640,957
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government	1,053,378		_		_		11,223		1,064,601
Public safety	4,879,753		-		_		12,271		4,892,024
Recreation	710,307		_		_		-		710,307
Highways and streets	1,427,744				-		-		1,427,744
Housing and community development	890,502		_		-		-		890,502
Garage	164,738		-		-		_		164,738
Education	-		11,359,646		_		1,741,709		13,101,355
Debt service			, ,				-,,		
Principal	_		-		220,000		267,844		487,844
Interest	_		-		137,800		115,956		253,756
Capital outlay	-		36,058		692,650		532,784		1,261,492
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 9,126,422		11,395,704		1,050,450		2,681,787		24,254,363
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		_							
OVER EXPENDITURES	464,721		(467,271)		7,701,839		(312,695)		7,386,594
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Transfers in	3 751 154		907.606				1 101 055		A 550 005
	1,751,154		897,626		-		1,104,257		3,753,037
Transfers out	(2,001,883)		~		-		· ·		(2,001,883)
Capital outlay notes issued	_		-		=		509,134		509,134
Insurance proceeds	2,882		-		~		-		2,882
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets									
and surplus equipment	703		5,669		-		-		6,372
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (247,144)		903,295				1,613,391		2,269,542
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	217,577		436,024		7,701,839		1,300,696		9,656,136
Fund balance - beginning	8,257,608		3,785,849		-		2,097,515		14,140,972
Fund balance - ending	\$ 8,475,185	\$	4,221,873	\$	7,701,839	\$	3,398,211	\$	23,797,108
•	 			_		=			

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	 ····
Amounts reported by governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 9,656,136
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(435,654)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.	2,800
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(158,783)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term	
debt and related items.	(9,855)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, pension expense attributable to the current period is derived from the actuarial present value of the projected benefit payments less the amount of the fiduciary plan's net position. This amount is the difference in the treatment of pensions and related items.	1,014,456
Governmental funds report health insurance contributions including any implicit subsidies for retirees (OPEB) as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, OPEB expense attributable to the current period is derived from the actuarial present value of the projected benefit payments. This amount is the difference in the treatment of OPEB and related items.	(59,910)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as	00 = 44
expenditures in governmental funds.	 32,766
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 10,041,956

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2019

ASSETS Current Assets Cash for general use		Fayetteville Public Utilities		Sanitation		
Current Assets Cash for general use		Public		Conitation		
Current Assets Cash for general use		Hilitias		Samanon		
Current Assets Cash for general use		Cunties		Fund		Totals
Current Assets Cash for general use						
Cash for general use						
•	\$	22,907,720	\$	245,110	\$	23,152,830
Accounts receivable	4	6,064,737	Ψ	42,864	Ψ	6,107,601
Other receivables		1,046,813				1,046,813
Due from other funds				14		1,040,013
Inventories		1,685,007		-		1,685,007
Prepaid expenses		1,429,775		_		1,429,775
Total current assets		33,134,052		287,988		33,422,040
Special and Restricted Funds		11,681,042		-		11,681,042
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation		120,232,821		735,666		120,968,487
Other Assets		941,784		-		941,784
TOTAL ASSETS		165,989,699		1,023,654		167,013,353
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Excess consideration provided for acquisition		123,120		_		123,120
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		13,060		_		13,060
Deferred charges on refunding		383,536		-		383,536
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	519,716				519,716
LIABILITIES	_	015,7,15				012,710
Current Liabilities						
Current maturities of long-term debt						
payable from current assets		3,204,237		68,183		3,272,420
Accounts payable		4,641,409		18,188		4,659,597
Due to other funds		13,780		141,931		155,711
Customer deposits		2,350,229		_		2,350,229
Accrued interest		47,659				47,659
Other accrued liabilities		1,246,757		1,141		1,247,898
Total current liabilities		11,504,071		229,443		11,733,514
Other Liabilities						. ,
Advances from TVA		250,306		_		250,306
Long-term debt payable from special funds		128,749		_		128,749
OPEB liabilities, net		1,555,943		_		1,555,943
Compensated absences		265,415		16,329		281,744
Total other liabilities	-	2,200,413		16,329		2,216,742
Long-term debt		40,241,824		7,662		40,249,486
TOTAL LIABILITIES		53,946,308		253,434		54,199,742
NET POSITION		20,7 20,000		200,101		01,177,712
Net investment in capital assets		77,106,597		659,821		77 766 110
Restricted for debt service		2,406,217		007,021		77,766,418
Restricted for operation, maintenance, and asset management		2,406,217 794,098		-		2,406,217
Unrestricted				110 200		794,098
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	32,256,195 112,563,107	\$	110,399 770,220	\$	32,366,594 113,333,327

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2019

			Ent	erprise Funds	
		Fayetteville			
		Public Utilities		Sanitation Funds	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	64,348,352	\$	546,364 \$	64,894,716
Other	Ψ	1,492,589	φ	1,274	1,493,863
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		65,840,941	-	547,638	66,388,579
·	_	00/010/511		017,000	00,000,017
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Cost of utility services		43,377,517		-	43,377,517
Pumping, distribution and collection		5,070,922		375,973	5,446,895
Customer billing and collecting		1,348,048		-	1,348,048
General and administrative		2,142,215		-	2,142,215
Taxes and tax equivalents		516,465		-	516,465
Provision for depreciation		5,354,227		47,265	5,401,492
Other		369,221		42,318	411,539
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		58,178,615		465,556	58,644,171
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		7,662,326		82,082	7,744,408
OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE					
Interest income		301,930		121	302,051
Interest expense		(997,875)		(3,463)	(1,001,338)
Amortization		(11,684)		-	(11,684)
(Loss) on disposition of assets		(144,525)		-	(144,525)
Miscellaneous		22,280		-	22,280
Other Income (Expense) -net	-	(829,874)		(3,342)	(833,216)
Income before contributions and transfers		6,832,452	-	78,740	6,911,192
Capital contributions		492,378		-	492,378
Transfers out	_	(1,641,154)		(110,000)	(1,751,154)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		5,683,676		(31,260)	5,652,416
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		106,879,431		801,480	107,680,911
TOTAL NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	112,563,107	\$	770,220 \$	113,333,327

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2019

			Enter	prise Funds		
		Fayetteville Public Utilities	S	anitation Fund		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers (including other funds)	\$	65,603,635	\$	547,309	\$	66,150,944
Payments to suppliers and others		(47,563,822)		(281,499)	·	(47,845,321)
Payments to employees		(4,470,898)		(69,109)		(4,540,007)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		13,568,915		196,701		13,765,616
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Noncapital borrowings repaid		(19,056)		_		(19,056)
Collections on loans to other organizations		19,056		-		19,056
Transfers (to) from other funds		(1,641,154)		(110,000)		(1,751,154)
NET CASH USED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,641,154)	********	(110,000)		(1,751,154)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIE	ic					
Additions to capital assets, net	33	(9,712,830)				(0.712.920)
Removal costs of capital assets		(452,667)		-		(9,712,830)
Materials salvaged from retirement of capital assets		45,863		-		(452,667)
Proceeds from disposal of assets		3,709		_		45,863
Capital contributions received		496,479		-		3,709 496,479
Long-term borrowings, net		2,497,560		_		2,497,560
Borrowings repaid		(3,108,095)		(68,169)		(3,176,264)
Interest paid, net		(1,005,795)		(3,463)		(1,009,258)
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED		(1,000,750)		(0,±00)		(1,009,230)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(11,235,776)		(71,632)		(11,307,408)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest received		294,755		121		294,876
Other nonoperating income, net		22,281				22,281
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		317,036		121		317,157
INCREASE IN CASH, NET	*****	1,009,021		15,190		1,024,211
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		33,579,741		229,920		33,809,661
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	34,588,762	\$	245,110	\$	34,833,872
					-	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
	æ	7.660.206	ው	90.090	æ	F F 4 4 400
Income from operations	\$	7,662,326	\$	82,082	\$	7,744,408
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to						
net cash provided by operating activities -		E E (1 ((1		47.045		# 000 0 0 (
Depreciation, including amounts capitalized		5,761,661		47,265		5,808,926
Loss on disallowance of plant		338,041		-		338,041
Conservation loans collected - customers		172,276		-		172,276
Conservation advances repaid to TVA Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(177,339)		-		(177,339)
Accounts and other receivables, net		(402.022)		(215)		(400.005)
Inventories		(492,022)		(315)		(492,337)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(34,695) 337,896		-		(34,695)
Accounts payable		(275,353)		3,654		337,896
Accrued employee benefits		87,958		3,034		(271,699)
Customer deposits		113,366		-		87,958 113,366
Due to / from other funds, net		110,000		66,108		66,108
Other current liabilities and compensated absences		74,800		(2,093)		72,707
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	13,568,915	\$	196,701	\$	13,765,616
	4	10,000,710	Ψ	170,701	Ψ	10,700,010

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	Original Budget		Final Budget	 Actual	Fina Fa	ance with I Budget - vorable favorable)
	 Duaget	-	Duaget	 Actual	TOIL	<u>iavorablej</u>
Revenues:						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 3,170,000	\$	2,943,000	\$ 2,870,892	\$	(72,108)
Business	223,000		258,000	261,494		3,494
Wholesale beer	310,000		320,000	327,717		7,717
Alcoholic beverage	144,000		164,000	169,961		5,961
Sales	2,525,000		2,625,000	2,646,956		21,956
Tax equivalency	384,500		515,500	509,150		(6,350)
Occupancy	97,500		107,500	114,620		7,120
Licenses and permits	44,900		44,900	44,582		(318)
Fines	88,100		77,100	<i>78,7</i> 31		1,631
Franchise fees	106,000		116,000	113,343		(2,657)
Intergovernmental						` ,
State sales tax allocation	565,000		605,000	606,339		1,339
State income tax allocation	25,000		25,000	55,272		30,272
State beer tax allocation	3,400		3,400	3,160		(240)
State mixed drink tax allocation	(50)		14,950	17,268		2,318
State gasoline and motor fuel tax	179,047		179,047	179,822		775
State gasoline and motor fuel tax (Gas 1989)	20,664		20,664	20,753		89
State gasoline and motor fuel tax (Gas 3 Cent)	38,289		38,289	38,454		165
State gas and motor fuel tax (Petroleum Special)	14,000		14,000	13,556		(444)
State excise tax allocation	66,359		81,359	77,323		(4,036)
State TVA in-lieu of tax	77,100		80,600	80,898		298
Lincoln County Emergency Communications	592,100		592,100	813,477		221,377
State and federal grants	616,618		454,618	34,872		(419,746)
Charges for services and use of property	313,700		338,700	341,779		3,079
Investment earnings	10,000		16,000	18,103		2,103
Recreation activities	48,000		74,500	79,983		
	45,000		55,300			5,483
Other revenue TOTAL REVENUES	 9,707,227		9,764,527	 72,638 9,591,143		17,338 (173,384)
Expenditures:	 9,707,227		9,704,327	 7,071,140		(1/3,304)
General government						
Salaries	567,174		548,974	539,934		9,040
Supplies	11,300		12,025	12,735		(710)
Utilities	37,560		37,560	46,149		(8,589)
Repairs and maintenance	6,100		8,850	10,410		(1,560)
Health insurance	83,406		75,806	75,975		(169)
Workers compensation	5,525		5,525	2,443		3,082
Payroll taxes	46,633		46,833	44,030		2,803
Employee education	16,815		24,815	19,737		5,078
Professional services	46,656		69,126	64,927		4,199
Travel	27,500		28,800	19,049		9,751
Retirement	51,570		50,570	42,039		8,531
Other insurance	25,159		25,159	28,059		(2,900)
Board and commission	36,510		36,510	36,510		(=,,,,,,)
Other general government	126,680		124,180	111,381		12,799
J	 1,088,588		1,094,733	 1,053,378		41,355

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued)

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final Budget		Actual	Fina Fa	ance with Budget - vorable avorable)
	 	 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Expenditures: (Continued)						
Public safety						
Salaries	\$ 3,079,319	\$ 3,206,419	\$	3,171,234	\$	35,185
Supplies	88,100	69,100		50,220		18,880
Utilities	107,900	107,900		102,505		5,395
Repairs and maintenance	69,900	69,900		60,750		9,150
Health insurance	608,080	623,080		618,950		4,130
Workers compensation	98,500	80,500		74,917		5,583
Payroll taxes	237,874	245,374		242,546		2,828
Employee education	26,600	31,100		27,639		3,461
Travel	17,500	17,500		11,821		5,679
Retirement	303,227	286,427		287,043		(616)
Other insurance	82,375	54,375		73,932		(19,557)
Fuel	80,000	71,000		64,232		6,768
Professional services	4,350	4,350		6,377		(2,027)
Capital outlay	-	-		18,998		(18,998)
Other public safety	94,980	103,980		68,589		35,391
	 4,898,705	4,971,005		4,879,753		91,252
Recreation						
Salaries	304,867	346,867		335,197		11,670
Supplies	48,450	65,450		74,717		(9,267)
Utilities	74,700	74,700		80,918		(6,218)
Repairs and maintenance	25,000	31,000		17,807		13,193
Health insurance	61,146	66,146		66,271		(125)
Workers compensation	9,400	7,400		6,753		647
-	23,605	25,655		24,869		786
Payroll taxes	31,850	31,850		21,001		10,849
Professional services		•		·		=
Travel	1,500	1,500		420		1,080
Retirement	27,523	27,523		25,876		1,647
Other insurance	11,255	11,255		9,301		1,954
Fuel	11,500	11,500		11,534		(34)
Other recreation	 48,175	38,175		35,643		2,532
	678,971	739,021		710,307		28,714

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued)

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fina Fa	ance with l Budget - vorable favorable)
Expenditures: (Continued)								
Highways and streets	ው	(29.070	æ	E(4.670	æ	E46 222	æ	10 440
Salaries	\$	638,970	\$	564,670	\$	546,222	\$	18,448
Supplies		21,600		30,600		28,948		1,652
Utilities		25,000		25,000		23,372		1,628
Repairs and maintenance		40,100		30,100		28,059		2,041
Health insurance		139,524		145,524		142,527		2,997
Workers compensation		21,069		23,069		21,137		1,932
Payroll taxes		49,680		41,680		40,229		1,451
Professional services		14,300		9,300		7,906		1,394
Retirement		63,215		47,215		46,134		1,081
Other insurance		8,805		8,805		10,150		(1,345)
Fuel		49,500		64,500		60,562		3,938
Street lighting		180,000		160,000		157,251		2,749
Paving and resurfacing		700,000		600,000		139,824		460,176
Other highways and streets		103,250		183,750		175,423		8,327
Housing and community development		2,055,013		1,934,213		1,427,744		506,469
Housing and community development		328,940		316,940		317,026	*	(06)
Nonprofit allocations Fuel		300,000		310,940		301,927		(86)
		92,500		92,500		92,500		8,073
Industrial development				155,273				(22.776)
Other housing and community development		189,773 911,213	_	874,713		179,049 890,502		(23,776)
		911,213		0/4,/13		690,302		(15,789)
Garage								
Salaries		113,714		103,514		100,599		2,915
Repairs and maintenance		10,550		10,550		9 <i>,</i> 799		751
Health insurance		23,365		21,365		21,426		(61)
Workers compensation		<i>7,</i> 000		4,000		3,523		477
Payroll taxes		8,861		8,861		7,300		1,561
Retirement		11,293		11,293		9,471		1,822
Supplies		9,700		<i>7,7</i> 00		7,483		217
Fuel		3,500		3,500		2,494		1,006
Other garage		11,820		11,820		2,643		9,177
		199,803	•	182,603		164,738		17,865
Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES		9,832,293	_	9,796,288		9,126,422		669,866
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(125,066)		(31,761)		464,721		496,482

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued)

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	 Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fina Fa	ance with l Budget - vorable favorable)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$ 1,677,400	\$ 1,736,900	\$ 1,751,154	\$	14,254
Transfers out	(1,501,883)	(2,031,427)	(2,001,883)		29,544
Insurance proceeds	5,000	3,000	2,882		(118)
Sale of capital assets	5,000	11,000	703		(10,297)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	185,517	(280,527)	 (247,144)		33,383
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	 60,451	 (312,288)	217,577		529,865
Fund balance - beginning	8,257,608	8,257,608	8,257,608		_
Fund balance - ending	\$ 8,318,059	\$ 7,945,320	\$ 8,475,185	\$	529,865

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SCHOOL GENERAL FUND

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Favorable Infavorable)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental					
Lincoln County	\$ 2,345,580	\$ 2,375,085	\$ 2,377,690	\$	2,605
State of Tennessee	8,436,650	8,400,713	8,410,333		9,620
Federal	4,000	4,000	4,134		134
Charges for services and use of property	82,704	86,204	79,846		(6,358)
Private grants and contributions	-	-	10,000		10,000
Investment earnings	19,000	38,500	39,860		1,360
Other revenue	 4,000	4,000	6,570		2,570
TOTAL REVENUES	 10,891,934	10,908,502	10,928,433		19,931
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction					
Regular instruction program	6,088,784	6,133,088	5,868,831		264,257
Special education program	835,844	835,844	765,178		70,666
Vocational education program	242,297	270 <i>,</i> 797	267,926		2,871
Student body education program	3,000	3,000	2,999		1
Support services					
Attendance	27,225	27,225	23,833		3,392
Health services	165,135	165,135	156,003		9,132
Other student support	241,509	299,116	175,020		124,096
Regular instruction program	558,785	579,701	565,724		13,977
Special education program	73,505	73,505	54,358		19,147
Board of education	218,830	218,830	201,318		17,512
Office of the superintendent	213,060	213,060	206,572		6,488
Office of the principal	1,007,391	1,007,391	990,367		17,024
Fiscal services	193,504	193,504	178,651		14,853
Operation of plant	763,005	763,005	705,977		57,028
Maintenance of plant	229,055	284,115	242,629		41,486
Transportation	209,930	216,662	177,520		39,142
Technology	417,596	361,169	289,216		71,953
Community services	92,049	92,049	75,500		16,549
Early childhood education	444,666	448,494	412,024		36,470
Debt service					
Principal on notes	225,000	92,903	-		92,903
Interest on notes	133,400	133,400	-		133,400
Capital outlay	 130,000	 120,900	 36,058		84,842
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 12,513,570	 12,532,893	 11,395,704		1,137,189
(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	 (1,621,636)	 (1,624,391)	 (467,271)		1,157,120
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	977,627	979,382	897,626		(81,756)
Transfers out	(80,000)	(80,000)	-		80,000
Sale of surplus equipment	 4,600	5,600	 5,669		69
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 902,227	 904,982	 903,295		(1,687)
Net changes in fund balances	(719,409)	(719,409)	 436,024		1,155,433
Fund balance - beginning	 3,785,849	 3,785,849	 3,785,849		-
Fund balance - ending	\$ 3,066,440	\$ 3,066,440	\$ 4,221,873	\$	1,155,433

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee (the "government") have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards. The GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards document these principles. The following is a summary of the government's significant accounting policies:

(A) Reporting entity

The City of Fayetteville, Tennessee is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and a six member board of aldermen. The accompanying financial statements present only the City of Fayetteville. There are no component units for which the government is considered financially accountable to be blended in accordance with GAAP.

(B) Government-wide and fund financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes as well as charges for utilities provided to City departments. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The general school special revenue fund accounts for the financial resources used for general education activities.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(B) Government-wide and fund financial statements (Continued)

The school capital projects fund accounts for the financial resources provided through debt issuance or other sources to be used for capital improvement projects.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Fayetteville Public Utilities (FPU) fund accounts for the activities of the electric, gas, water and sewer, and telecommunications departments.

The sanitation fund accounts for the activities of the general government's garbage collection and disposal.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due to/from other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similar, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

(C) Measurement focus and basis of accounting

1. <u>Economic Resources Measurement Focus and Accrual Basis of Accounting</u>

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flow. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. For the activities of FPU, an accrual is made for unbilled revenue for services from the date of the most recent meter readings to the balance sheet date consistent with costs for utility services.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(C) Measurement focus and basis of accounting (Continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within thirty 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. For expenditure-driven grants, in a departure from the 30 day period defined above, the consideration to defer recognition of revenue is considered in situations where reimbursement is not expected within a reasonable period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

2. Revenues and expenditures/expenses

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Fayetteville Public Utilities are charges to customers for sales and services related to utilities. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

3. Property taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable October 1. Property taxes become delinquent March 1 of the following year.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) Assets, liabilities, net position and fund balances

1. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent all investments that are short term, highly liquid, and readily convertible to a specified cash value. These investments generally have original maturities of three months or less. Cash equivalents include cash in bank and on hand.

2. Receivables and allowance for uncollectible accounts

Receivables consist of taxes receivable including real and personal property, trade receivables, due from other governments and interest receivable. The government provides for an allowance for uncollectible receivables equal to the estimated loss that may be incurred in collection of all receivables. The estimated losses are based on historical collection experience and a review of the current status of the existing receivables.

3. <u>Inventories and prepaid items</u>

Inventories are comprised of materials and supplies and natural gas utility reserves and are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost for materials and supplies are determined substantially by the moving average method of inventory valuation. For the School System inventories are comprised of food items and supplies and are stated at cost, which approximates market, using the first in first out method. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/ expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Restricted assets

Governmental and business-type activities - Certain resources set aside for the repayment of revenue bonds and various reserves are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, unexpended bond and grant funds and retainages due contractors are restricted because their use is restricted by applicable agreements. In addition, the School System has contributed funds to a Stabilization Reserve Trust established by TCRS for the Hybrid pension plan that is classified as a restricted asset.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets used in governmental-type activities are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$25,000 for School System buildings) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) Assets, liabilities, net position and fund equity (Continued)

Certain items of electric plant referred to as special equipment items (meters, transformers, oil circuit reclosers, etc.) are capitalized at the time of purchase along with the related cost of installation. When utility plant is retired or otherwise disposed of in the normal course of business, its capitalized cost and its cost of removal less salvage are charged to the accumulated provision for depreciation.

The costs of maintenance, repairs, and replacements of minor items of property that do not improve or extend the life of the respective assets are charged to expense accounts as incurred.

Capital assets depreciation is recognized using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Classification	Range of Lives
Buildings	20-50 years
Public domain infrastructure	40-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-20 years
Machinery, equipment and other	5-15 years

6. <u>Long-term liabilities</u>

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Debt is recorded net of the applicable premium or discount. Debt issuance costs, other than insurance, are charged to expense in the period incurred. Debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using a method that approximates the interest method. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Compensated absences

The government's general government and FPU's policies regarding leave time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave and sick leave benefits. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if the liability has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

The School System's policies regarding leave time require employees use vacation leave by the end of the fiscal year. Accordingly, there is no liability recorded in the financial statements for compensated absences at June 30, 2019.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) Assets, liabilities, net position and fund equity (Continued)

8. Fund balance policies

Governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in these funds can be spent. These classifications may consist of the following:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – includes amounts that have constraints placed on the use of the resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance passed by the Fayetteville Board of Mayor and Aldermen, the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. For the Fayetteville City Schools committed balances arise pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education in the form of a motion with a majority vote of approval and cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board rescinds or modifies the specified use by taking the same action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. At June 30, 2019, the Fayetteville City School System had committed resources of \$80,000 to establish an operating reserve in the Title Fund.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all special revenue funds. The Fayetteville Board of Mayor and Aldermen has not authorized anyone to make assignments. For the Fayetteville City Schools this intent can be expressed by the Board of Education or through the Board delegating this responsibility to the Director of Schools through the budgetary process.

<u>Unassigned</u> – the residual classification of the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). When this occurs the government will determine the best use of funds based on the specific facts and circumstances at that time. The Fayetteville School System would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend assigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) Assets, liabilities, net position, and fund equity (Continued)

9. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. In the government-wide statement of net position the government has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. The business-type activities contain two of these items, and they are the deferred charge on refunding and the excess consideration provided for acquisition reported in the statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The excess consideration provided for acquisition represents the amount by which the consideration provided for the Ardmore gas operations in a prior year exceeded the acquisition value of the net position acquired. The third and fourth items are the aggregate total of deferred outflows related to PEB which are described in Note 10 and the aggregate total of deferred outflows related to OPEB which are described in Note 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In the government-wide statement of net position the government has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred credit on refunding. A deferred credit on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Second, property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st but will not be available for collection until the taxes are billed in the following fiscal year. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period for which property taxes are billed. The third item is the aggregate total of deferred inflows related to pensions which are described in Note 10. The fourth item is the aggregate total of deferred inflows related to OPEB which are described in Note 11. In the governmental funds the government has one type of item for deferred/unavailable revenue. The governmental funds report deferred/ unavailable revenues from multiple sources: property taxes, state and local taxes, operating grants and certain other amounts. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

10. Net position flow assumption

The government will on occasion fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) Assets, liabilities, net position, and fund equity (Continued)

11. Capitalized interest

For Fayetteville City Schools and the general government, interest cost incurred, net of interest earned, on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets. The School System's net interest cost incurred in the current year totaled \$134,499 of which \$0 was capitalized. The government's net interest cost incurred in the current year totaled \$106,755 of which \$0 was capitalized.

12. New accounting pronouncements

During the year, FPU early implemented GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period (GASBS No. 89). This standard supersedes the guidance on capitalizing interest in GASBS No. 62 and requires enterprise funds and business-type activities to expense interest incurred prior to and during a construction period. GASBS No. 89 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, with earlier implementation encouraged. Changes to conform to the provisions of this statement are applied prospectively; therefore, no adjustments related to prior periods are required.

During the year, the government implemented GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (GASBS No. 88). This standard defines what GASB means by "Debt", and also requires separate disclosures for Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. GASBS No. 88 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Changes to conform to the provisions of this statement are mainly disclosure-related; therefore, no adjustments related to prior periods are required.

13. Estimates

In preparing the government's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

14. Pensions

Public Employee Retirement Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the government's participation in the Public Employee Retirement Plan of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS), and additions to/deductions from the government's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS for the Public Employee Retirement Plan. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employee Retirement Plan of TCRS. Investments are reported at fair value.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) Assets, liabilities, net position, and fund equity (Continued)

Teacher Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan and the Teacher Retirement Plan in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS), and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan and the Teacher Retirement Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA) RS Plan

In accordance with GASB Statement 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plans, , pension expense of the NRECA RS plan is recognized in an amount equal to the required contributions to the pension plan for the reporting period. A liability is recognized in accounts payable for the difference, if any, at the end of the reporting period between contributions required and contributions made.

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(A) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmentwide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net position-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$26,938,585 difference are as follows:

Land	\$ 3,672,030
Construction in progress	538,275
Buildings and improvements	24,285,789
Less: Accumulated depreciation-building and improvements	(9,433,580)
Machinery and equipment	10,070,522
Less: Accumulated depreciation-machinery and equipment	(6,343,906)
Infrastructure	6,743,961
Less: Accumulated depreciation-infrastructure	(2,594,506)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	
	\$ 26,938,585

June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(A) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmentwide statement of net position (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds and loans payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$9,695,317 difference are identified as follows:

Bonds and notes payable	\$ 8,751,718
Add: Issuance premium (to be amortized over life of debt)	113,743
Add: Deferred credit on refunding	6,983
Accrued interest payable	19,885
Compensated absences	653,157
Landfill post closure costs	 149,831
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ 9,695,317

(B) <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues</u>, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." In addition, certain capital outlays not meeting the definition of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These expenditures total \$375,740 in the current year. The details of this \$(435,654) difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 885,752
Depreciation expense	 (1,321,406)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances-	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position	
of governmental activities	\$ (435,654)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position." The details of this \$2,800 difference are as follows:

In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the remaining cost of the capital assets sold.	\$ (5,600)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources	8,400
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balance-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,800

June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(B) <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (Continued)</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$(9,855) difference are as follows:

Principal Kepayment:	
General obligation bond	\$ 460,635
Capital outlay notes	27,209
Capital outlay notes issued	(509,134)
Amortization of debt premiums	 11,435
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balance-	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position	
of governmental activities	\$ (9,855)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$32,766 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ 18 <i>,</i> 794
Landfill postclosure costs	12,905
Accrued interest	 1,067
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances-	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position	
of governmental activities	\$ 32,766

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The government follows the procedures below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to May 1, the City Administrator submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, and other governmental funds including: special revenue funds, debt service, and capital projects funds.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Other Governmental Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

The Fayetteville City School System's original budget and amendments are first adopted by the Board of Education but must be then approved by the City of Fayetteville Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

(A) Deposits and investments

The following is a summary of cash and investments as of June 30, 2019:

General use:

On deposit and on hand		\$ 46,503,997
Negotiable certificates of deposit		200,000
Government sponsored securities		641,634
Restricted and other special funds:		
On deposit-restricted (externally)	\$ 3,262,791	
On deposit-special funds (internally restricted)	 8,418,251	 11,681,042
Total		\$ 59,026,673

A portion of the restricted assets shown on deposit above are maintained in the government's Fayetteville Public Utilities enterprise fund. These assets include amounts which are required to be maintained pursuant to ordinances relating to bond indebtedness (construction, reserve and sinking funds), as well as bond or grant funds restricted for improvement and construction projects and retained amounts due to contractors pursuant to agreement. At June 30, 2019, the following restricted funds were maintained:

Externally restricted:

Bond sinking and debt service reserve funds	\$ 2,406,217
Operation and maintenance reserve	747,098
Asset management reserve	47,000
Improvements and construction funds	62,476
Total	\$ 3,262,791

Special funds totaling \$8,418,251 are designated for specific purposes by FPU. The funds include operating reserves, improvements and construction costs, debt service reserves, and post-retirement health benefits.

<u>Credit risk - investments</u> - This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. State law limits investments by municipalities to federal obligations, certain other federally guaranteed obligations, certificates of deposit, the Local Government Investment Pool and certain other highly rated instruments. The government has not adopted policies to further limit its deposit or investment choices. As of June 30, 2019, the government has invested \$200,000 in negotiable

June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

(A) Deposits and investments (Continued)

certificates of deposits, which are covered by FDIC insurance. As of June 30, 2019, the government has also invested \$641,634 in U.S. treasury obligations and therefore are not considered to have credit risk. Governmental accounting standards require disclosure of credit quality ratings for external investment pools; however, the Local Government Investment Pool is unrated.

<u>Interest rate risk:</u> This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The government's risk is mitigated through the limited maturities of investments and time deposits, if any.

<u>Custodial credit risk – deposits</u> - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2019, certain deposits are held in financial institutions, which are members of the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool (the Pool). The Pool is a multiple financial institution collateral pool in which member financial institutions holding public funds pledge collateral securities. In the event any member financial institution fails, the entire collateral pool becomes available to satisfy the claims of governmental entities

At June 30, 2019, the government's cash consists of deposits in financial institutions with bank balances of \$59,598,951 and carrying amounts of \$59,022,236 plus cash on hand of \$4,437. Of the amounts on deposit, \$56,281,649 is fully insured by the FDIC, the SIPC, or the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool. The remaining \$2,740,587 is collateralized by securities pledged by financial institutions in the name of the government.

<u>Custodial credit risk – investments</u> – In the case of an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The government does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk.

(B) Receivables

Amounts are aggregated into a single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) line for governmental activities. Below is the detail of receivables for the major and nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

Receivables:		<u>General</u>		School <u>General</u>		nmajor <u>rnmental</u>		<u>Total</u>
Taxes - property	\$	3,057,668	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,057,668
Taxes - other	•	54,883	•	_	*	-	*	54,883
Accounts		81,358		-		16,902		98,260
Intergovernmental		867,603		405,751		19,516		1,292,870
Gross receivables	•	4,061,512		405 <i>,7</i> 51		36,418		4,503,681
Less: Allowance for								
Uncollectibles	_	(32,101)						(32,101)
Net total receivables	\$	4,029,411	\$	405,751	\$	36,418	\$	4,471,580

June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

(B) Receivables (Continued)

Revenues of the Fayetteville Public Utilities, an enterprise fund, are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to sales of the current period amounted to \$45,262.

(C) Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, for governmental activities follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,664,266	\$ 7,764	\$ -	\$ 3,672,030
Construction in progress	219,632	339,592	(20,949)	538,275
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,883,898	347,356	(20,949)	4,210,305
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	21,671,099	-	-	21,671,099
Improvements other than buildings	2,570,399	44,291	-	2,614,690
Machinery and equipment	9,590,229	523,454	(43,161)	10,070,522
Infrastructure	6,743,961	-	· -	6,743,961
Total capital assets being depreciated	40,575,688	567,745	(43,161)	41,100,272
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(7,804,195)	(458,044)	-	(8,262,239)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,053,639)	(117,702)	_	(1,171,341)
Machinery and equipment	(5,908,737)	(472,730)	37,561	(6,343,906)
Infrastructure	(2,321,576)	(272,930)		(2,594,506)
Total accumulated depreciation	(17,088,147)	(1,321,406)	37,561	(18,371,992)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	23,487,541	(753,661)	(5,600)	22,728,280
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 27,371,439	\$ (406,305)	\$ (26,549)	\$ 26,938,585

Depreciation expense was charged to government functions / programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 79,203
Public safety	224,358
Recreation	123,595
Highways and streets	342,527
Housing and community development	4,904
Education	546,819
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,321,406

June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

(C) Capital assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, for business-type activities is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,098,495	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,098,495
Construction in progress	15,281,110	8,009,042	(19,223,313)	4,066,839
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	16,379,605	8,009,042	(19,223,313)	5,165,334
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Structures and improvements	9,995,333	21,203	~	10,016,536
Machinery and equipment	160,363,398	20,523,998	(1,384,026)	179,503,370
Infrastructure	675,075	43,859	(24,857)	694,077
Total capital assets being depreciated	171,033,806	20,589,060	(1,408,883)	190,213,983
Less accumulated depreciation for:		-		
Structures and improvements	(2,307,400)	(221,187)	-	(2,528,587)
Machinery and equipment	(67,295,677)	(5,537,185)	1,637,655	(71,195,207)
Infrastructure	(666,281)	(50,552)	29,797	(687,036)
Total accumulated depreciation	(70,269,358)	(5,808,924)	1,667,452	(74,410,830)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	100,764,448	14,780,136	258,569	115,803,153
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 117,144,053	\$22,789,178	<u>\$(18,964,744)</u>	\$120,968,487

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities of the government as follows:

Public utilities	\$ 5,761,659
Sanitation fund	 47,265
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 5,808,924

The amount of \$407,432 of depreciation expense related to transportation equipment is allocated to utility plant and operating expenses based on usage.

Construction commitments

At June 30, 2019, the government's Fayetteville Public Utilities (FPU) enterprise fund had outstanding engineering and construction contract commitments totaling \$1,689,969.

At June 30, 2019, the general government had outstanding engineering and construction contract commitments totaling \$433,106.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

(D) Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All balances are expected to be liquidated within one year. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2019, is as follows:

		Due from										
	Fay	ayetteville Capital										
	I	Public Sanitation Drug Projects					Projects		General			
	<u>L</u>	Itilities		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Due to:												
General fund	\$	13,780	\$	141,931	\$	3,812	\$	5,020	\$	-	\$	164,543
School general fund				-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects fund		=		-		-		-		41,046		41,046
Sanitation fund		-		-		-		-		14		14
Drug fund		-		_						3,765		3,765
	\$	13,780	\$	141,931	\$	3,812	\$	5,020	\$	44,825	\$	209,368

Transfers are used to move receipts for funding of capital projects and to finance various programs accounted for in other funds using unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund in accordance with budgetary authorizations. FPU makes tax equivalent payments to the general fund. The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Transfers In								
						Other			
		General		School	Go	vernmental			
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Ger</u>	<u>neral Func</u>	1	<u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>	
Transfers Out:									
General fund	\$	-	\$	897,626	\$	1,104,257	\$	2,001,883	
School general fund		_		-		-		-	
Other governmental funds						-			
Subtotal - governmental funds	\$	_	\$	897,626	\$	1,104,257	\$	2,001,883	
Fayetteville Public Utilities	\$	1,641,154	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,641,154	
Sanitation fund		110,000	****	-				110,000	
Subtotal - proprietary funds		1,751,154		_				1,751,154	
	\$	1 <i>,</i> 751 <i>,</i> 154	\$	897,626	\$	1,104,257	\$	3,753,037	

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

(A) General Obligation Bonds

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

(A) General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

<u>City of Fayetteville (Government) and Fayetteville Public Utilities (Water and Gas Departments):</u>

Series 2017, \$3,850,000 general obligation bonds, issued September 2017 to advance refund debt totaling \$3,950,000. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates of 5% with final maturity in 2020. (Allocation: Government: \$859,792, FPU Water: \$330,389, FPU Gas \$1,909,819).

\$ 3,100,000

City of Fayetteville (Government):

Series 2013B, \$1,045,000 general obligation bonds, issued October 2013 to finance certain public facility construction and improvements and related costs. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates ranging from 1.00% to 4.5% with final maturity in 2033.

790,000

Series 2014, \$2,000,000 general obligation bonds, issued December 2014 to finance certain construction, improvements and equipping of a law enforcement facility. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 3.5% with final maturity in 2035.

1,750,000

Fayetteville Public Utilities (Telecom Department):

Series 2011, \$2,660,000 general obligation bonds, issued December 2011 to refund revenue bonds totaling \$3,600,000. The bonds are additionally payable from telecom system revenues. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates ranging from 1.00% to 2.00% with final maturity in 2020. The bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

350,000

Fayetteville City Schools (Government):

Series 2013, \$6,140,000 general obligation bonds, issued May 2013 to refund capital outlay notes totaling \$6,000,000 being used to finance school system capital outlay projects. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.25% with final maturity in 2037.

4,870,000 10,860,000

Total general obligation bonds

Ψ 10,000,0

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending Governmental Activities			Business Ty	pe Activities
June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2020	\$ 472,517	\$ 238,620	\$ 987,483	\$ 80,254
2021	514,193	225,508	310,807	41,378
2022	516,215	210,125	323,785	25,838
2023	528,702	199,174	326,298	19,362
2024	535,676	187,975	314,324	12,836
2025-2029	2,247,489	760,750	327,511	6,550
2030-2034	2,345,000	415,412	~	-
2035-2037	1,110,000	68 <i>,</i> 751	-	
Total	\$ 8,269,792	\$ 2,306,315	\$ 2,590,208	\$ 186,218

June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

(B) Revenue Bonds

The government also issues bonds for which the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue and revenue and tax bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Fayetteville Public Utilities (Electric Department):

Series 2009, \$12,525,000 revenue bonds, issued in August 2009 to currently refund debt totaling \$7,050,000, as well as finance the improvements and extensions of the electric distribution system. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 4.125% with final maturity in 2024. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity on or after June 1, 2019, at a redemption price of 100%.

\$ 3,090,000

Series 2016, revenue bonds issued in the original amount of \$9,750,000 in May 2016 to advance refund debt totaling \$9,950,000. The bonds mature serially at annual interest rates of 2% with final maturity in 2028. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity on or after June 1, 2024 at a redemption price of 100%.

9,660,000

Fayetteville Public Utilities (Water Department):

Series 2008, revenue and tax bond (Phase I) in the original amount of \$3,500,000 issued in September 2013 to finance certain costs of the water wastewater system and refinance maturing interim certificates of indebtedness. The bond bears interest at the rate of 2.25% per annum with final maturity in 2050. Prepayments may be made at any time.

3,125,081

Series 2009, revenue and tax bond (Phase II) in the original amount of \$4,980,000 issued in October 2014 to finance certain costs of the water wastewater system and refinance maturing interim certificates of indebtedness. The bond bears interest at the rate of 3.00% per annum with final maturity in 2051. Prepayments may be made at any time.

4,609,130

Series 2009A, revenue and tax bond (Phase III) in the original amount of \$2,623,000 issued in December 2015 to finance certain extensions and improvements to the water and wastewater system and refinance maturing interim certificates of indebtedness. The bond bears interest at the rate of 2.50% per annum with final maturity in 2052. Prepayments may be made at any time.

2,464,568

Series 2015, revenue and tax bond (Phase IV) in the original amount of \$1,900,000 issued in July 2016 to finance certain extensions and improvements to the water and wastewater system and refinance maturing interim certificates of indebtedness. The bond bears interest at the rate of 2.75% per annum with final maturity in 2054. Prepayments may be made at any time.

1,813,739

Total revenue bonds

<u>5 24,762,518</u>

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are on the following page.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

(B) Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Year Ending	Business Type Activities						
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>				
2020	\$ 1,464,873	\$	633,109				
2021	1,522,027		580,356				
2022	1,563,502		538,881				
2023	1,600,153		496,530				
2024	1,651,186		453,610				
2025-2029	7,608,228		1,660,051				
2030-2034	1,619,092		1,145,888				
2035-2039	1,848,864		916,116				
2040-2044	2,111,471		653,509				
2045-2049	2,412,771		352,209				
2050-2054	1,356,276		61,595				
2055	 4,075		9				
Total	\$ 24,762,518	\$	7,491,863				

Certain of the government's bonds require establishment of sinking funds and compliance with various covenants. The government was in compliance with these requirements at June 30, 2019.

(C) Loans

The government has the following loans outstanding at June 30, 2019:

City of Fayetteville (Sanitation Fund)

Installment note agreement, entered into July 18, 2017, to finance the cost of
sanitation equipment. The original term of the loan is 3 years and bears interest
at 2.5%.

\$75,845

City of Fayetteville (General Government)

Capital outlay note agreement, entered into May 2, 2019, to finance the cost of
police cars. The original term of the loan is 3 years and bears interest at 2.8%

481,926

Fayetteville Public Utilities (Water Department)

State of Tennessee Utility Relocation Loan, entered into August 9, 2005, to
finance the cost of certain water department utility lines. The original term of
the loan is 15 years and bears interest at 1.85%.

826,552

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into January 3, 2013, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the water wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from the project completion and bears interest at 1.17%.

3,300,609

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into January 3, 2013, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the water wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion and bears interest at 1.17%.

567,761

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into January 23, 2015, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the water wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion and bears interest at 1.38%.

3,364,754

June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

(C) Loans (Continued)

Fayetteville Public Utilities (Water Department)

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into January 23, 2015, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the water wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion and bears interest at 1.38%.

1,415,401

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into May 10, 2016, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the water system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion and bears interest at 1.12%.

4,937,044

State of Tennessee Revolving Fund Loan Program, entered into November 29, 2017, to finance the cost of certain improvements to the wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion and bears interest at 1.31%.

893,432

RUS Rural Development Loan: FPU entered into a loan agreement on November 30, 2015 with the USDA pursuant to the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 for a Rural Economic Development Loan in the amount of \$133,334 the proceeds of which were passed through to the Lincoln County Health System, the ultimate recipient. The loan bears no interest and is payable monthly for a term of seven years.

65,050

Total Loans

\$ 15,928,374

Debt service requirements to maturity on these loans are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				Business Type Activities			
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principa</u>			<u>Interest</u>	
2020	\$ 151,648	\$	10,844	\$	950,554	\$	189,382	
2021	170,085		7,179		898,131		176,697	
2022	160,193		2,077		903,925		164,970	
2023	-		-		904,673		153,048	
2024	_		-		908,837		141,002	
2025-2029	-		-		3,989,359		548,057	
2030-2034	-		-		4,159,146		299,184	
2035-2039	 -				2,731,823		62,587	
Total	\$ 481,926	\$	20,100	\$	15,446,448	\$	1,734,927	

The debt of each department of FPU is secured by and / or payable from the respective revenues of that department.

Fayetteville Public Utilities (State of Tennessee Revolving Loan Fund) – Non-Amortizing Debt FPU entered into loan agreements on November 29, 2017, with the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation to borrow \$3,000,000. This loan will be used to finance the cost of certain improvements to the wastewater system. The loan will mature 20 years from project completion. The loan bears interest at a rate of 1.31%. FPU has received \$518,478 in advances as of June 30, 2019.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

(D) Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Beginning <u>Balance</u>	A	additions		Reductions		Ending <u>Balance</u>		Due Within ne Year	
Governmental Activities:											
Bonds payable:											
General obligation bonds - fixed rate	\$	8,730,427	\$	-	\$	(460,635)	\$	8,269,792	\$	472,517	
Unamortized bond premium		123,988	_		_	(10,244)		113,744			
Total bonds payable		8,854,415		-		(470,879)		8,383,536		472,517	
Loans payable:											
Capital outlay note				509,135		(27,209)	_	481,926		151,648	
Total loans payable		-		509,135		(27,209)		481,926		151,648	
Landfill postclosure costs		162,736		-		(12,905)		149,831		-	
Postemployment benefit obligation		2,514,896		(960,405)		(91,392)		1,463,099		-	
Net pension liability		1,316,122		(141,148)		(588,821)		586,153		-	
Compensated absences		671,951	_	244,278		(263,072)		653,157		255,714	
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	13,520,120	\$	(348,140)	\$	(1,454,278)	\$	11,717,702	\$	879,879	
										Due	
]	Beginning						Ending	Ţ	Within	
		Balance	<u>A</u>	dditions]	Reductions		<u>Balance</u>	<u>O</u>	ne Year	
Business-type Activities:											
Bonds payable:											
Revenue bonds	\$	26,182,125	\$	-	\$	(1,419,607)	\$	24,762,518	\$1	,464,873	
General obligation bonds		3,569,573		-		(979,365)		2,590,208		987,483	
Unamortized bond premium		398,462			_	(65,459)		333,003			
Total bonds payable		30,150,160		-		(2,464,431)		27,685,729	2	,452,356	
Loans:											
Tennessee Utility Relocation Loan		968,013		-		(141,461)		826,552		144,100	
Tennessee revolving fund program loan		13,067,583		2,497,560		(567,664)		14,997,479		717,474	
US Bank sanitation truck loan		144,014		-		(68,169)		75,845		68,183	
RUS Rural Development Loan		84,105		_		(19,056)		65,049		19,056	
Total loans payable		14,263,715		2,497,560		(796,350)		15,964,925		948,813	
Postemployment benefit obligation		1,472,991		101,019		-		1,574,010		18,067	*
Advances from TVA		489,729		~		(146,412)		343,317		93,011	*
Compensated absences	_	676,113	_	444,672	_	(417,244)		703,541	_	421,796	
Business-type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	47,052,708	\$	3,043,251	\$	(3,824,437)	\$	46,271,522	\$3	,934,043	

^{*} Current portions of these liabilities amounting to \$111,078 are included in accrued expenses on FPU's statement of net position.

(E) Other long-term liability information

From time to time, the government has issued Industrial Development Revenue Bonds (IDRB) to provide assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The government is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. At June 30, 2019, there were two series of IDRB outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable was \$7,685,000. The original issue amounts totaled \$15,615,000.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 - LEASING ACTIVITY

In prior years, the Fayetteville City School System entered into agreements to lease various equipment. Such agreements are, in substance, purchases (capital leases) and are reported as capital lease obligations. The System fulfilled the terms of these obligations in a prior year and has no future payments remaining on these assets.

Leased equipment under capital leases in capital assets at June 30, 2019, includes the following:

Equipment Less:	\$ 19,425
Accumulated	
depreciation	(15,379)
Total	\$ 4,046

Amortization of leased equipment under capital assets is included with depreciation expense. The cost of individual items acquired below the capitalization threshold is not included in capital assets.

The Fayetteville City School System has a license through the Federal Communication Commission (the "FCC") to certain IFTS channels. The System entered into an agreement in the current year to provide IFTS channels capacity to an unrelated third party. The arrangement provides for monthly lease payments of \$2,000. The agreement is for an original duration of ten years with extensions for two additional ten year terms subject to cancellation with three months notice prior to the end of the applicable term.

Future minimum lease payments to be received under the agreement are as follows:

		Future
Year Ending		Minimum
<u>June 30,</u>		<u>Payments</u>
2020	\$	24,000
2021		24,000
2022		24,000
2023		24,000
2024		24,000
		120,000
Thereafter		120,000
Aggregate	\$	240,000
	-	

The Fayetteville City School System is committed under various noncancelable operating leases for computer equipment. Future minimum operating lease commitments are as follows:

	Future					
Year Ending		Minimum				
<u>June 30,</u>		<u>Payments</u>				
2020	\$	50,968				
2021		26,858				
2022		1,547				
	\$	79,373				

Lease expenditures for Fayetteville City Schools for the year ending June 30, 2019 totaled \$43,796.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 - LEASING ACTIVITY (CONTINUED)

FPU is committed under various noncancellable operating leases for office equipment. Future minimum operating lease commitments are as follows:

Year Ending	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2020	\$ 30,762
2021	10,340
2022	6,323
2023	1,974
2024	
	\$ 49,399

Lease expenditures for FPU for the year ending June 30, 2019 totaled \$38,939.

NOTE 7 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

FPU has issued revenue bonds to finance its various departments. The investors in the revenue bonds rely solely on the revenue generated by the individual departments for repayment. Summary financial information for each department is presented below and on the following page.

	<u>Electric</u>	Gas	<u>Telecom</u>	Water
Condensed Statement of Net Position				
Assets				
Current assets	\$ 29,496,359	\$ 2,255,549	\$ 635,175	\$ 746,969
Special funds	2,592,671	3,200,931	232,109	5,655,331
Capital assets	52,457,581	18,489,627	3,178,225	46,107,388
Other assets	878,030	18,140	15,954	29,660
Due from other divisions	1,344,964	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
	86,769,605	23,964,247	4,061,463	52,539,348
Deferred Outflows of Resources	339,249	166,913	10,589	2,965
				•
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	7,630,557	957,040	654,115	2,262,359
Other liabilities	1,378,422	264,623	155,427	401,941
Long term debt	11,779,920	1,701,493	517	26,759,894
Due to other divisions		704,875	202,375	437,714
	20,788,899	3,628,031	1,012,434	29,861,908
Net Position (Deficit)				
Net investment in capital assets	39,822,796	16,521,882	2,838,297	17,923,622
Restricted	1,776,513	-	-	1,423,802
Unrestricted	24,720,646	3,981,247	221,321	3,332,981
	\$ 66,319,955	\$ 20,503,129	\$ 3,059,618	\$ 22,680,405

June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 - SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

	Electric	Gas	Telecom	Water
Condensed Statement of Revenues,				
Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	<u>1</u>			
Operating revenues	\$ 48,958,928	\$ 7,202,815	\$ 4,687,240	\$ 5,676,175
Depreciation expense	2,560,599	557,949	346,799	1,888,880
Other operating expenses	41,691,014	5,370,224	3,601,509	2,845,858
Operating income	4,707,315	1,274,642	738,932	941,437
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):				
Investment income	259,413	16,186	447	25,884
Interest expense	(355,259)	(70,642)	(17,579)	(554,395)
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets	(98,286)	-	-	(46,239)
Other	(38,359)	16,258	1,779	30,918
Contributions/Transfers - net	(664,400)	(261,802)	50,510	(273,084)
Change in net position	3,810,424	974,642	774,089	124,521
Beginning net position	62,509,531	<u>19,528,487</u>	2,285,529	22,555,884
Ending net position	\$ 66,319,955	\$ 20,503,129	\$ 3,059,618	\$ 22,680,405
Condensed Statement of Cash Flows				
Net cash provided (used) by:				
Operating activities	\$ 7,794,276	\$ 1,905,487	\$ 1,118,117	\$ 2,751,035
Noncapital financing activities	(2,044,722)	427,375	(100,308)	76,501
Capital and related financing activitie	(5,052,390)	(1,963,640)	(810,280)	(3,409,466)
Investing activities	237,396	27,793	14,517	<u>37,330</u>
Net increase (decrease)	934,560	397,015	222,046	(544,600)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	22,904,437	4,196,863	265,478	6,212,963
Ending cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 23,838,997</u>	\$ 4,593,878	\$ 487,524	\$ 5,668,363
Operating activities Noncapital financing activities Capital and related financing activitie Investing activities Net increase (decrease) Beginning cash and cash equivalents	(2,044,722) (5,052,390) 237,396 934,560 22,904,437	427,375 (1,963,640) 27,793 397,015 4,196,863	(100,308) (810,280) 14,517 222,046 265,478	76,501 (3,409,466) 37,330 (544,600) 6,212,963

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The government is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The government maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of the above risks of loss. Management believes that the coverage is adequate to preclude any significant uninsured risk exposure to the government. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages. There has not been a significant reduction in insurance coverage in the past fiscal year.

The government has been named as defendant in various civil actions and is defending these actions vigorously. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the legal counsel, resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 9 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The government participates in a number of federally assisted education grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, will not have a material effect upon the government's financial condition.

FPU operates under a power contract with Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) whereby restrictions are placed upon utilization of revenues collected by FPU. Under the terms of this contract, FPU has agreed to the following restrictions:

- (a) Gross revenues from electric operations will be used for (1) current electric system operating expenses, (2) current debt service payments, including sinking fund payments, when due; (3) provision of reasonable reserves for renewals, replacements, and contingencies; and working capital adequate to cover operating expenses for a reasonable number of weeks, and; (4) to pay tax equivalent payments into the government's general funds, within certain guidelines established by TVA, from any revenues then remaining.
- (b) All revenues remaining over and above the requirements stipulated are considered surplus revenues. These revenues may be used for new electric system construction or for the retirement of electric system indebtedness prior to maturity with consideration that resale rates and charges will be reduced from time to time to the lowest practicable levels.

The City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County, Tennessee, operated a landfill as a joint venture for the residents of Lincoln County that was closed in February 1995. The government acts as administrator of the postclosure activities. Based upon the most recent information available for financial assurance provided by the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation, the total remaining closure and postclosure care costs are estimated to be \$299,663 as of June 30, 2019. These costs will be shared equally by the government and Lincoln County, Tennessee. The government's share of this estimated liability is \$149,831 and is included as a liability in the statement of net position. The government's current year share of required funding was \$42,318 and is reported as an expenditure of the Sanitation Fund.

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS

AGGREGATE FOR ALL PLANS

The total of the government's pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2019, for all plans is as follows:

	Pension	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension
	Liabilities (Assets)	of Resources	of Resources	Expense
Public Employee Retirement Plan	\$ 586,153	\$ 1,331,859	\$ 584,227	\$ 277,891
Teacher Legacy Pension Plan	(602,060)) 1,159,345	989,749	(141,900)
Teacher Retirement Plan	(36,423)	35,305	6,381	12,301
TCRS stabilization reserve trust	(27,139)	-	-	-
Fayetteville City Schools 401(k) Plan	-	-	-	62,064
NRECA Retirement Security Plan	-	-	-	1,092,701
NRECA 401(k) Plan		-		73,332
Total for All Plans	\$ (79,469)	\$ 2,526,509	\$ 1,580,357	\$ 1,376,389

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of each of these plans:

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PLAN

Plan Description

Government and Fayetteville City Schools employees (except for teachers) are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reporting-and-Investment-Policies.

Benefits provided

Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 55 and vested. Members vest with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced ten percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the second of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Active employees	115 171
1 7	394

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Contributions for employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5 percent of salary. Fayetteville makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer contributions for Fayetteville were \$588,821 based on a rate of 9.65 percent of covered payroll. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept Fayetteville's state shared taxes if required employer contributions are not remitted. The employer's ADC and member contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

The government's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation

2.5 percent

Salary increases

Graded salary ranges from 8.72 to 3.44 percent based on age, including inflation, averaging 4.00 percent

Investment rate of return

7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses

including inflation

Cost-of-Living Adjustment

2.25 percent

Mortality rates were based on actual experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2016 actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best-estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5 percent. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Long-term Expected	
	Real Rate	Target
Asset Class	of Return	Allocation
U.S equity	5.69%	31%
Developed market international equity	5.29%	14%
Emerging market international equity	6.36%	4%
Private equity and strategic lending	5.79%	20%
U. S. fixed income	2.01%	20%
Real estate	4.32%	10%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the government will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total	Net					
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension				
	Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)				
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)				
Balance June 30, 2017	\$20,628,333	\$ 19,312,211	\$ 1,316,122				
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$ 559,925	\$ -	\$ 559,925				
Interest	1,495,006	-	1,495,006				
Differences between expected			_				
and actual experience	(358,564)		(358,564)				
Changes in assumptions	-		_				
Contributions-employer	-	560,546	(560,546)				
Contributions-employees	-	290,854	(290,854)				
Net investment income	-	1,590,608	(1,590,608)				
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of employee contributions	(1,134,981)	(1,134,981)	-				
Administrative expenses	-	(15,672)	15,672				
Other changes		-					
Net changes	\$ 561,386	\$ 1,291,355	\$ (729,969)				
t							
Balance June 30, 2018	\$21,189,719	\$ 20,603,566	\$ 586,153				

Sensitivity of the net position liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City of Fayetteville calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	Current				
•	1%	Discount	1%		
•	Decrease	ease Rate Incr			
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%		
Fayetteville's net					
pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,273,729	\$ 586,153	\$(1,646,620)		

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

Pension expense

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the government recognized pension expense of \$277,891.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Γ	Deferred	
	Ou	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Re	Resources		esources	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	370,877	\$	506,005	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan					
investments		-		78,222	
Changes in assumptions		372,161		-	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date of June 30, 2018		588,821		N/A	
	\$ 1	,331,859	\$	584,227	

The amount shown above for "Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date of June 30, 2018," will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to net pension liability (asset) in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
June 30,	
2020	\$ 166,460
2021	26,425
2022	(60,046)
2023	85,735
2024	(59,761)
Thereafter	-

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

PAYABLE TO THE PENSION PLAN

At June 30, 2019, the government recorded a payable of \$40,484 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2019.

TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN

Plan description

The Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reporting-and-Investment-Policies.

Teachers employed by Fayetteville City Schools with membership in the TCRS before July 1, 2014 are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Pension Plan closed to new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees.

Beginning July 1, 2014, the Teacher Retirement Plan became effective for teachers employed by Local Education Agencies (LEAs) after June 30, 2014. The Teacher Retirement Plan is a separate cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan.

Benefits provided

Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with five years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive years average compensation and the member's service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 55 if vested. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced ten percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the second of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Teachers contribute 5 percent of salary. The Local Education Agencies (LEAs) make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted. Employer contributions by the government for the year ended June 30, 2019 to the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan were \$515,705 which is 10.46 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

PENSION LIABILITIES (ASSETS), PENSION EXPENSE (NEGATIVE PENSION EXPENSE), AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

Pension liabilities (assets)

At June 30, 2019, the government reported a liability (asset) of \$(602,060) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The government's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the government's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating LEAs. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the government's proportion was 0.171093 percent. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2017, was 0.145281 percent.

Pension expense (negative pension expense)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the government recognized pension expense (negative pension expense) of \$(141,518).

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	Οι				
	R	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	121,697	\$	812,227	
Changes in assumptions		355,580		-	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan					
investments		-		131,033	
Changes in proportion of net pension					
liability (asset)		134,057		46,489	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date of June 30, 2018		548,011		N/A	
	\$:	1,159,345	\$	989,749	
		56			

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Long-term Expected	
	Real Rate	Target
Asset Class	of Return	Allocation
U.S equity	5.69%	31%
Developed market international equity	5.29%	14%
Emerging market international equity	6.36%	4%
Private equity and strategic lending	5.79%	20%
U.S. fixed income	2.01%	20%
Real estate	4.32%	10%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the LEAs will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

Current			
1%	Discount	1%	
Decrease	Rate	Increase	
6.25%	7.25%	8.25%	

Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the net

pension liability (asset) \$ 4,641,060 \$ (602,060) \$(4,940,011)

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report.

PAYABLE TO THE PENSION PLAN

At June 30, 2019, the government recorded a payable of \$127,330 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2019.

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan description

The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reporting-and-Investment-Policies.

Teachers employed by Fayetteville City Schools with membership in TCRS before July 1, 2014 are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Pension Plan closed to new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, the Teacher Retirement Plan became effective for teachers employed by LEAs after June 30, 2014. The Teacher Retirement Plan is a separate cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan.

Benefits provided

Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Teacher Retirement Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive years average compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 60 and vested or pursuant to the rule of 80. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the second of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the Teacher Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLAs, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly or by automatic cost controls set out in law. Teachers contribute 5 percent of salary. The LEAs make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. Per the statutory provisions governing the TCRS, the employer contribution rate cannot be less than 4 percent, except in years when the maximum funded level, as established by the TCRS Board of Trustees, is reached. By law, employer contributions for the Teacher Retirement Plan are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted. Employer contributions by the government for the year ended June 30, 2019 to the Teacher Retirement Plan were \$25,913, which is 1.94 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

PENSION LIABILITIES (ASSETS), PENSION EXPENSE (NEGATIVE PENSION EXPENSE), AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

Pension liabilities (assets)

At June 30, 2019, the government reported a liability (asset) of (\$36,423) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The government's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on Fayetteville City Schools' share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating LEAs. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018 Fayetteville City Schools' proportion was 0.080310 percent. The proportion measured at June 30, 2017 was 0.070453 percent.

Pension expense (negative pension expense)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the government recognized pension expense (negative pension expense) of \$12,301.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Dε	eferred	De	ferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
·	Re	sources	Res	sources
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	2,063	\$	1,451
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan				
investments		-		2,057
Changes in assumptions		1,718		-
Changes in proportion of net pension				
liability (asset)		5,611		2,873
Fayetteville City Schools' contributions				
subsequent to the measurement date of				
June 30, 2018		25,913]	N/A
	\$	35,305	\$	6,381

Employer contributions of \$25,913 reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
June 30,	
2020	\$ (50)
2021	(115)
2022	(408)
2023	130
2024	404
Thereafter	3,051

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	Graded salary ranges from 8.72 to 3.44 percent based on age, including inflation, averaging 4.00 percent
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	2.25 percent 61

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Mortality rates were based on actual experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2016 actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best-estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5 percent. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term Expected	
	Real Rate	Target
Asset Class	of Return	Allocation
U.S equity	5.69%	31%
Developed market international equity	5.29%	14%
Emerging market international equity	6.36%	4%
Private equity and strategic lending	5. <i>7</i> 9%	20%
U. S. fixed income	2.01%	20%
Real estate	4.32%	10%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
Short-term securities		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from all LEAs will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

			(urrent		
		1%	D	iscount		1%
	Decrease 6.25%		Rate 7.25%		Increase 8.25%	
Fayetteville City Schools'						
proportionate share of the net				(0 (400)	ф	((7,406)
pension liability (asset)	\$	5,631	\$	(36,423)	Þ	(67,406)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report.

Payable to the pension plan

At June 30, 2019, the government reported a payable of \$14,330 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2019.

TCRS STABILIZATION TRUST

Legal Provisions. The Fayetteville City Schools is a member of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) Stabilization Reserve Trust. The System has placed funds into the irrevocable trust as authorized by statute under Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA), Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the trust. Funds of trust members are held and invested in the name of the trust for the benefit of each member. Each member's funds are restricted for the payment of retirement benefits of that member's employees. Trust funds are not subject to the claims of general creditors of the School Department.

The trust is authorized to make investments as directed by the TCRS Board of Trustees. The Fayetteville City Schools may not impose any restrictions on investments placed by the trust on their behalf.

Investment Balances. Assets of the TCRS, including the Stabilization Reserve Trust, are invested in the Tennessee Retiree Group Trust (TRGT). The TRGT is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company. The State of Tennessee has not obtained a credit quality rating for the TRGT from a nationally recognized credit ratings agency. The fair value of investment positions in the TRGT is determined daily based on the fair value of the pool's underlying portfolio. Furthermore, TCRS had not obtained or provided any legally binding guarantees to support the value of participant shares during the fiscal year. There are no restrictions on the sale or redemption of shares.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TCRS STABILIZATION TRUST (CONTINUED)

Investments are reported at fair value or amortized which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value. Securities and securities transactions are recorded in the financial statements on a trade-date basis. The fair value of assets of the TRGT held at June 30, 2019, represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Assets held are categorized for fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and give the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; assets or liabilities that have a bid-ask spread price in an inactive dealer market, brokered market and principal-to-principal market; and Level 1 assets or liabilities that are adjusted.
- Level 3 Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable

Investments using the Net Asset Value ("NAV") per share have no readily determinable fair value and have been determined using amortized cost which approximates fair value.

Where inputs used in the measurement of fair value fall into different levels of the hierarchy, fair value of the instrument in its entirety is categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. This assessment requires professional judgement and as such management of the TRGT developed a fair value committee that worked in conjunction with the plan's custodian and investment professionals to make these valuations. All assets held were valued individually and aggregated into classes so to be represented in the table below.

Short-term securities generally include investments in money market-type securities reported at cost plus accrued interest.

Equity and equity derivative securities classified in Level 1 are valued using last reported sales prices quoted in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date. Equity and equity derivative securities classified in Level 2 are securities whose values are derived daily from associated traded securities. Equity securities classified in Level 3 are valued with last trade data having limited trading volume.

US Treasury Bills, Bonds, Notes and Futures classified in Level 1 are valued using last reported sales prices quoted in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date. Debt and debt derivative securities classified in Level 2 are valued using a bid-ask spread price from multiple independent brokers, dealers, or market principals, which are known to be actively involved in the market. Level 3 debt securities are valued using proprietary information, a single pricing source, or other unobservable inputs related to similar assets or liabilities.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TCRS STABILIZATION TRUST (CONTINUED)

Real estate investments classified in Level 3 are valued using the last valuations provided by external investment advisors or independent external appraisers. Generally, all direct real estate investments are appraised by a qualified independent appraiser(s) with the professional designation of Member of the Appraisal Institute ("MAI"), or its equivalent, every three (3) years beginning from the acquisition date of the property. The appraisals are performed using generally accepted valuation approaches applicable to the property type.

Investments in private mutual funds, traditional private equity funds, strategic lending funds and real estate funds that report using GAAP, the fair value, as well as the unfunded commitments, were determined using the prior quarter's NAV, as reported by the fund managers, plus the current cash flows. These assets were then categorized by investment strategy. In instances where the fund investment reported using non-GAAP standards, the investment was valued using the same method, but was classified in Level 3.

At June 30, 2019, the Fayetteville City Schools had the following investments held by the trust on its behalf.

Jenan.					1	Veighted Average Maturity	T.	nturities	,	Fair Value
Investment	7 1					(days)	IVI	iturities		value
Investments at Fair V	alue	2:				BT / A		BT / A	æ	0.412
U.S Equity		1				N/A		N/A	\$	8,413 3,799
Developed Market						N/A		N/A		•
Emerging Market Ir	ıterr	ational	Equi	Ty.		N/A		N/A		1,086
U. S. Fixed Income						N/A		N/A		5,428
Real Estate						N/A		N/A		2,714 271
Short-term Securitie		10 1		ar aras	7	N/A		N/A		2/1
	Investments at Amortized Cost using the NAV: Private Equity and Strategic Lending N/A N/A				N/A		5,428			
Total									-\$	27,139
			Q Pr A Mai	Fair Valu noted rices in active rkets for entical	Sig	nificant Other	Signi			rtized <u>ost</u>
Investment by Fair	Fai	r Value		Assets		nputs	Input			
Value Level		30/2019		evel 1)		evel 2)	(Leve		NAV	
U.S Equity Developed Market	\$	8,413	\$	8,413	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
International Equity Emerging Market		3,799		3,799		-		-		-
International Equity		1,086		1,086		-		-		-
U.S. Fixed Income		5,428		-		5,428		<u>-</u>		-
Real Estate		2,714		-		-		2,714		-
Short-term Securities		271		-		271		-		-
Private Equity and Strategic Lending		5,428		-	****	_		-		5,428
Total	\$	27,139	\$	13,298	\$	5,699	\$	2,714	\$	5,428

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

TCRS STABILIZATION TRUST (CONTINUED)

Risks and Uncertainties. The trust's investments include various types of investment funds, which in turn invest in any combination of stock, bonds and other investments exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and market risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported for trust investments.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Fayetteville City Schools does not have the ability to limit trust investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Fayetteville City Schools does not have the ability to limit the credit ratings of individual investments made by the trust.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the county's investment in a single issuer. Fayetteville City Schools places no limit on the amount the county may invest in one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the county will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Pursuant to the trust agreement, investments are held in the name of the trust for the benefit of the Fayetteville City Schools to pay retirement benefits of the System's employees.

For further information concerning the System's investments with the TCRS Stabilization Reserve Trust, audited financial statements of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System may be obtained at https://comptroller.tn.gov/content/dam/cot/sa/advanced-search/disclaimer/2019/ag18092.pdf

Payable to the stabilization trust

At June 30, 2019, Fayetteville City Schools reported a payable of \$4,314 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the trust required at the year ended June 30, 2019.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS 401(K) PLAN

Fayetteville City Schools also has a defined contribution plan (administered by Great West Financial), under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, covering all teachers of the system.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Great West 401(k) pension plan are established and may be amended by the TCRS Board. Under the Plan, the System contributes 5% to the accounts of teachers hired after July 1, 2014; these contributions are not subject to any matching employee contribution. These teachers are automatically enrolled in the plan with a 2% employee deferral and an opt-out feature through which they may make no contributions. In addition, teachers who participate in the Legacy Plan of TCRS have the option to make contributions to this defined contribution plan with no system matching contributions. After-tax Roth 401K employee contributions are permitted by the Plan up to limits imposed by the Internal Revenue Code. Employee contributions to the Plan totaled \$8,098 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The System recognized pension expense under the defined contribution plan of \$62,064 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS 401(K) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions, and earnings on those contributions. As a result, there are no forfeitures to be recognized in pension expense.

At June 30, 2019, Fayetteville City Schools reported a payable of \$11,883 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2019.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS DEFERRED COMPENSATION

Fayetteville City Schools offers its employees a deferred compensation plan established pursuant to IRC Section 403(b) and administered by TSA Consulting Group. All costs of administering and funding this program are the responsibility of plan participants. The Section 403(b) plan assets remain the property of the contributing employees and are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. IRC Section 403(b) establishes participation, contribution, and withdrawal provisions for the plan. Employee contributions to the Plan totaled \$48,082 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City offers optional deferred compensation plans to its employees created in accordance with Sections 457 and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. These plans are available to all employees on a voluntary basis and allows participants to defer a portion of their current income until future years to shelter such funds and earnings from federal taxation until withdrawal. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

Both the Section 457 plan and the 401(k) plan are administered through the State of Tennessee. The City does not provide for a matching employer contribution and does not perform the investing function and has no fiduciary accountability for the plan. Thus, plan assets and any related liabilities to plan participants have been excluded from the City's financial statements. Employee contributions to the 457 plan totaled \$9,899 and employee contributions to the 401(k) plan totaled \$1,000 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NRECA RETIREMENT SECURITY PLAN

Plan description

Substantially all employees of FPU are participants in the National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA) Retirement Security (RS) Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan qualified under section 401 and tax-exempt under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The RS Plan meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 68 and the additional characteristics described in paragraph 2 of GASB Statement 78 in that it (a) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (b) is used to provide defined benefit pensions to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (c) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). NRECA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing to the Retirement Safety & Insurance Department, National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 4301 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia 22203-1860 or by calling (703) 907-5500.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSION AND BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

NRECA RETIREMENT SECURITY PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

NRECA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's high five-year average salary, years of service and benefit rate of 1.7%. Members become eligible to retire at the age of 62. A reduced retirement benefit is available to vested members at age 55. Disability benefits are available to active members who become totally disabled. Members become vested after five years of service. Benefit terms are established and may be amended by the NRECA Board. At June 30, 2019, FPU had 97 employees covered by the RS plan.

Contributions

Contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the NRECA Board. The RS plan does not require member contributions. FPU is required to contribute an actuarially determined normal cost annually and a past service adjustment cost which provides for crediting retirement benefits for past service on a uniform basis for all participants. FPU's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 19.54% of annual payroll. All members age 21 years and older with one year of completed service are eligible to participate.

FPU's required contribution based on the payroll of eligible participants for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$1,092,701.

NRECA 401(K) PLAN

FPU also has a defined contribution plan (administered by National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA)), under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, covering all eligible employees who have completed six months of service.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the NRECA 401(k) pension plan are established and may be amended by the NRECA Board. Under the Plan, FPU matches employee contributions of 1.25% of the employees' base pay. The employee must contribute 1.25% of their base pay in order to receive FPU's matching contribution. After-tax Roth 401K employee contributions are permitted by the Plan up to limits imposed by the Internal Revenue Code. Employee contributions to the Plan totaled \$271,165 for the year ended June 30, 2019. FPU recognized pension expense under the defined contribution plan of \$73,332 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions, and earnings on those contributions. As a result, there are no forfeitures to be recognized in pension expense.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The government maintains two separate single-employer and two state-administered agent multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plans. The plans cover the employees of Fayetteville Public Utilities, the City of Fayetteville, and the Fayetteville City Schools.

A summary of each of these plans is shown on the next page:

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES OPEB

Plan Description

The System administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which provides postemployment healthcare benefits for employees that retire from service who have attained the age of 62 years with a minimum of ten years service with the System or who have thirty years in the retirement plan. The System pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers for the shorter of three years or until the retiree qualifies for Medicare coverage. Also, the System's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the System's group rates. The Board of Public Utilities may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits provided

The System pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits provided to qualified retirees under a plan that can be amended by the Board of Public Utilities. Dependent coverage may be purchased by the retiree at their cost. The System has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	3
Active plan members	<u>109</u>
	112

Total OPEB Liability

The System's total OPEB liability of \$1,574,010 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases
3.00% per annum

Healthcare cost trend rates
Retirees' share of benefitrelated costs

Medical: 8.0% to grade uniformly to 5.0% over a 10 year period
Retirees are not required to make any contributions to the postretirement benefit. Spouses are required to make annual contributions of \$5,650.

Contributions are assumed to increase at the health care cost trend rate.

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index as of June 30, 2018.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale MP2014.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES OPEB (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability (expressed in thousands)

Balance at 6/30/18	\$ 1,472.991
Service cost	53.617
Interest	47.402
Benefit payments	 -
Net changes	 101.019
Balance at 6/30/19	\$ 1,574.010

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the System, as well as what the System's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.23 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.23 percent) than the current discount rate (expressed in thousands):

	1 % Decrease		Disco	ount Rate	1% Increase		
		2.23%		3.23%	4.23%		
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,604.471	\$	1,574.010	\$ 1,430.692		

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the System, as well as what the System's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (7 percent decreasing to 4 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9 percent decreasing to 6 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (expressed in thousands):

			He	ealthcare Cost			
		1 % Decrease	1% Increase				
	7% decreasing to $4%$		8% d	ecreasing to 5%	9% decreasing to 6%		
		over 10 years	over 10 years		over 10 years		
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,387.144	\$	1,574.010	\$ 1,660.816		

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the System recognized OPEB expense of \$101,019.

	D	Deferred		Deferred		
	Ou	Outflows of		Inflows of		
	Resources Reso		ources			
Contributions subsequent to the measurement						
date of June 30, 2018 (expressed in thousands)	\$	13.060	\$			
	\$	13.060	\$	_		

Contributions of \$13,060 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from System contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE - GENERAL GOVERNMENT OPEB

The City of Fayetteville closed its previous OPEB plan in the current year and enrolled in the State of Tennessee plan as described below.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT OPEB PLAN

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE OPEB PLAN

Plan description

Employees of the government are provided with pre-65 retiree health insurance benefits through the Local Government OPEB Plan (LGOP) administered by the Tennessee Department of Finance and Administration. This plan is considered to be a multiple-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). However, for accounting purposes, this plan will be treated as a single-employer plan. All eligible pre-65 retired employees and disability participants of local governments, who choose coverage, participate in the LGOP.

Benefits provided

The State offers the LGOP to provide health insurance coverage to eligible pre-65 retirees and disabled participants of local governments. Insurance coverage is the only postemployment benefit provided to retirees. An insurance committee created in accordance with TCA 8-27-701 establishes and amends the benefit terms of the LGOP. All members have the option of choosing between the premier preferred provider organization (PPO), standard PPO, limited PPO or the wellness healthsavings consumer-driven health plan (CDHP) for healthcare benefits. Retired plan members, of the LGOP, receives the same plan benefits as active employees, at a blended premium rate that considers the cost of all participants. This creates an implicit subsidy for retirees. Participating employers determine their own policy related to direct subsidies provided for the retiree premiums. The government pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits provided to qualified retirees under the plan. The LGOP is funded on a pay-asyou-go basis and there are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At July 1, 2018, the following employees of the government were covered by the benefit terms of the LGOP:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	3
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	98
Total	101

An insurance committee, created in accordance with TCA 8-27-701, establishes the required payments to the LGOP by member employers and employees through the blended premiums established for active and retired employees. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the government paid \$35,969 to the LGOP for OPEB benefits as they became due.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

GENERAL GOVERNMENT OPEB (CONTINUED)

Total OPEB Liability

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation

2.25% Graded salary ranges from 3.44 to 8.72 percent based on age, including Salary increases

inflation, averaging 4 percent

6.75% for 2019, decreasing annually over a 32 year period to an ultimate Healthcare cost trend rates

rate of 3.81%

Retirees' share of benefit-

provided to qualified retirees under the plan related costs

The government pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits

Unless noted otherwise, the actuarial demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuations were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2017 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). These assumptions were developed by TCRS based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience. Mortality tables are used to measure the probabilities of participants dying before and after retirement. The mortality rates employed in this valuation are taken from the RP-2014 Healthy Participant Mortality Table for Annuitants for non-disabled post-retirement mortality, with mortality improvement projected to all future years using Scale MP-2016. Post-retirement tables are Blue Collar and adjusted with a 2% load for males and a -3% load for females. Mortality rates for impaired lives are the same as those used by TCRS and are taken from a gender distinct table published in the IRS Ruling 96-7 for disabled lives with a 10% load.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.62 percent. This rate reflects the interest rate derived from yields on 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds, prevailing on the measurement date, with an average rating of AA/Aa as shown on the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA index.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability LGOP - (expressed in thousands)

EGOT - (expressed at 2000)	Lia	OPEB bility (a)
Total OPEB liability - beginning balance	\$	
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		-
Interest		-
Changes of benefit terms	_	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		759.296
Change in assumptions	(1	107.467)
Benefit payments		
Net changes	6	551.829
Total OPEB liability - ending balance	\$ 6	551.829
72		

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

GENERAL GOVERNMENT OPEB (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.62% as of June 30, 2018. This change in assumption decreased the total OPEB liability. It was also decided to change the status of the LGOP from a closed plan to one that is open to all eligible employees regardless of initial hire date. This change in status will increase the OPEB liability. Other changes in assumptions include adjustments to initial per capita costs and slight changes to the near term health trend rates.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability related to the LGOP, as well as what the government's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate (expressed in thousands):

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.62%)	(3.62%)	(4.62%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 703.810	\$ 651.829	\$ 602.737

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability related to the LGOP, as well as what the government's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate (expressed in thousands):

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease (5.75% decreasing to	Rates (6.75% decreasing to	1% Increase (7.75% decreasing to
	2.81%)	3.81%)	4.81%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 575.459	\$ 651.829	\$ 741.931

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

OPEB expense

For the fiscal year ended June, 30, 2019, the government recognized OPEB expense of \$69,343.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the fiscal year ended June, 30, 2019, the government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits in the LGOP from the following sources:

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

GENERAL GOVERNMENT OPEB (CONTINUED)

LGOP - (expressed in thousands)	Deferred Outflows of resources	Deferred Inflows of resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 678.520	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	-	96.034
Employer payments subsequent to the measurement date	35.969	-
Total	\$ 714.489	\$ 96.034

The amounts shown above for "Employer payments subsequent to the measurement date" will be recognized as a reduction to total OPEB liability in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

LGOP - (expressed in thousands)

For the year en	ded June 30:
-----------------	--------------

if effacts justice out	(0.042
2020	\$ 69.343
2021	69.343
2022	69.343
2023	69.343
2024	69.343
2024	
Thereafter	235.771

In the table above, positive amounts will increase OPEB expense while negative amounts will decrease OPEB expense.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB

CLOSED TEACHER GROUP OPEB PLAN (TGOP)

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE OPEB PLAN

Plan description

Employees of Fayetteville City Schools, who were hired prior to July 1, 2015, are provided with pre-65 retiree health insurance benefits through the closed Teacher Group OPEB Plan (TGOP) administered by the Tennessee Department of Finance and Administration. This plan is considered to be a multipleemployer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). However, for accounting purposes, this plan will be treated as a single-employer plan. All eligible pre-65 retired teachers, support staff and disability participants of local education agencies, who choose coverage, participate in the TGOP. This plan is closed to the employees of all participating employers that were hired on or after July 1, 2015.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

The State offers the TGOP to provide health insurance coverage to eligible pre-65 retired teachers, support staff and disabled participants of local education agencies. Insurance coverage is the only postemployment benefit provided to retirees. An insurance committee created in accordance with TCA 8-27-301 establishes and amends the benefit terms of the TGOP. All members have the option of choosing between the premier preferred provider organization (PPO), standard PPO, limited PPO or the wellness healthsavings consumer-driven health plan (CDHP) for healthcare benefits. Retired plan members, of the TGOP, receives the same plan benefits as active employees, at a blended premium rate that considers the cost of all participants. This creates an implicit subsidy for retirees. Participating employers determine their own policy related to direct subsidies provided for the retiree premiums. Fayetteville City Schools does not directly subsidize and are only subject to the implicit subsidy. The state, as a governmental nonemployer contributing entity, provides a direct subsidy for eligible retirees premiums, based on years of service. Therefore, retirees with 30 or more years of service will receive 45%; 20 but less than 30 years, 35%; and less than 20 years, 20% of the scheduled premium. No subsidy is provided for enrollees of the healthsavings CDHP. The TGOP is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and there are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At July 1, 2018, the following employees of Fayetteville City Schools was covered by the benefit terms of the TGOP:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	7
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	-
payments	160
Active employees	167

An insurance committee, created in accordance with TCA 8-27-301, establishes the required payments to the TGOP by member employers and employees through the blended premiums established for active and retired employees. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs are allocated to plan participants. Employers contribute towards employee costs based on their own developed policies. During the current reporting period, the Fayetteville City Schools paid \$40,929 to the TGOP for OPEB benefits as they came due.

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

Actuarial assumptions

The collective total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

75

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

Inflation

2.25%

Salary increases

Graded salary ranges from 3.44 to 8.72 percent based on age, including inflation,

averaging 4 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates

6.75% for 2019, decreasing annually to an

ultimate rate of 3.85% for 2050 and later

costs

Retiree's share of benefit-related Members are required to make monthly contributions in order to maintain their coverage. For the purpose of this Valuation a weighted average has been used with weights derived from the current distribution of members among plans

offered.

Unless noted otherwise, the actuarial demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuations were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2017 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). These assumptions were developed by TCRS based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience. Mortality tables are used to measure the probabilities of participants dying before and after retirement. The mortality rates employed in this valuation are taken from the RP-2014 Healthy Participant Mortality Table for Annuitants for non-disabled post-retirement mortality, with mortality improvement projected to all future years using Scale MP-2016. Post-retirement tables are Blue Collar and adjusted with a 2% load for males and a -3% load for females. Mortality rates for impaired lives are the same as those used by TCRS and are taken from a gender distinct table published in the IRS Ruling 96-7 for disabled lives with a 10% load.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.56 percent. This rate reflects the interest rate derived from yields on 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds, prevailing on the measurement date, with an average rating of AA/Aa as shown on the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA index.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS (CONTINUED)

CHANGES IN COLLECTIVE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

TGOP - (expressed in thousands)	C	Total DPEB ability (a)
Total OPEB liability - beginning balance	_\$_	1,572
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest		86 57
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience		- (401) 28
Change in assumptions Benefit payments Net changes		(91) (321)
Total OPEB liability - ending balance	<u>\$</u>	1,252
Nonemployer contributing entities proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability	\$	440
Employer's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability	\$	811
Employer's proportion of the collective total OPEB liability		64.82%

The System has a special funding situation related to benefits paid by the State of Tennessee for its eligible retired employees participating in the TGOP. The System's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability was based on a projection of the employers long-term share of benefit payments to the OPEB plan relative to the projected share of benefit payments of all participating employers and nonemployer contributing entities, actuarially determined. The proportion changed 1.04% from the prior measurement date. The System recognized \$34,874 in revenue for subsidies provided by nonemployer contributing entities for benefits paid by the TGOP for Fayetteville City Schools' retirees.

Changes in assumptions

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.62% as of June 30, 2018. This change in assumption decreased the total OPEB liability.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability related to the TGOP, as well as what the proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.62%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.62%) than the current discount rate.

(expressed in thousands)

(expressed in thousands)	1% Decrea (2.62%)		Discount R (3.62%)		1% Increa (4.62%		
Proportionate share of collective total OPEB liability	\$	870	\$	811	\$	756	

Sensitivity of proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability related to the TGOP, as well as what the proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75% decreasing to 2.85%) or 1percentage-point higher (7.75% decreasing to 4.85%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate. (expressed in thousands)

	1% Decrea (5.75% decrea 2.85%)	ise sing to	Healthcare Trend Ra (6.75% decrea 3.85%)	tes sing to (1% Incres 7.75% decres 4.85%	sing to
Proportionate share of collective total OPEB liability	\$	723	\$	811	\$	917
02 == ,			ANTD	DEFER	DED INELO	WS OF

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

OPEB expense

For the fiscal year ended June, 30, 2019, Fayetteville City Schools recognized OPEB expense of \$102,340.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the fiscal year ended June, 30, 2019, Fayetteville City Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits in the TGOP from the following sources (expressed in thousands):

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

ATETTEVIBLE CALLS	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of resources	
	resources	<u> resources</u>	
Differences between actual and expected experience Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between	\$ - 17	\$ 236 40	
amounts paid as benefits came due and proportionate share certain amounts paid by the employer and nonemployer contributors as the benefits came due.	11	-	
Employer payments subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$ 69	\$ 276	

The amounts shown on the previous page for "Employer payments subsequent to the measurement date" will be included as a reduction to total OPEB liability in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

TGOP - (expressed in thousands)

For the year ended June 30:	¢	(25.2)
2019	\$	
2020		(25.2) (25.2)
2021		
2022		(25.2) (25.2)
2023		(23.2)
Thereafter		(122.1)

In the table above, positive amounts will increase OPEB expense while negative amounts will decrease OPEB expense.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

CLOSED TENNESSEE PLAN (TNP)

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE OPEB PLAN

Plan description

Employees of Fayetteville City Schools, who were hired prior to July 1, 2015, are provided with post-65 retiree health insurance benefits through the closed Tennessee Plan (TNP) administered by the Tennessee Department of Finance and Administration. This plan is considered to be multiple-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). However, for accounting purposes, this plan will be treated as a single-employer plan. All eligible post-65 retired teachers and disability participants of local education agencies, who choose coverage, participate in the TNP. The TNP also includes eligible retirees of the state, certain component units of the state, and certain local governmental entities. This plan is closed to the employees of all participating employers that were hired on or after July 1, 2015.

Benefits provided

The state offers the TNP to help fill most of the coverage gaps created by Medicare for eligible post-65 retired teachers and disabled participants of local education agencies. Insurance coverage is the only postemployment benefit provided to retirees. The TN plan does not include pharmacy. In accordance with TCA 8-27-209, benefits of the TNP are established and amended by cooperation of insurance committees created by TCA 8-27-201, 8-27-301 and 8-27-701. Retirees and disabled employees of the state, component units, local education agencies, and certain local governments who have reached the age of 65, are Medicare eligible and also receives a benefit from the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System may participate in this plan. All plan members receive the same plan benefits at the same premium rates. Participating employers determine their own policy related to subsidizing the retiree premiums. Fayetteville City Schools does not directly subsidize and are only subject to the implicit subsidy. The state, as a governmental nonemployer contributing entity contributes to the premiums of eligible retirees of local education agencies based on years of service. Therefore, retirees with 30 years of service receive \$50 per month; 20 but less than 30 years, \$37.50; and 15 but less than 20 years, \$25. The TNP is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and there are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At July 1, 2018, the following employees of Fayetteville City Schools were covered by the benefit terms of the TNP:

Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving	
benefit payments	11
Active employees	102
Active employees	138

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

In accordance with TCA 8-27-209, the state insurance committees established by TCAs 8-27-201, 8-27-301 and 8-27-701 determine the required payments to the plan by member employers and employees. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs are allocated to plan participants. Employers contribute towards employee costs based on their own developed policies. During the current reporting period, the Fayetteville City Schools did not make any payments to the TNP for OPEB benefits as they came due.

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

Actuarial assumptions

The collective total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation

2.25%

Salary increases

Graded salary ranges from 3.44 to 8.72 percent based on age, including inflation,

averaging 4 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates

The premium subsidies provided to retirees

in the Tennessee Plan are assumed to remain unchanged for the entire projection, therefore trend rates are not applicable.

Unless noted otherwise, the actuarial demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuations were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2017 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). These assumptions were developed by TCRS based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience. Mortality tables are used to measure the probabilities of participants dying before and after retirement. The mortality rates employed in this valuation are taken from the RP-2014 Healthy Participant Mortality Table for Annuitants for non-disabled post-retirement mortality, with mortality improvement projected to all future years using Scale MP-2016. Post-retirement tables are Blue Collar and adjusted with a 2% load for males and a -3% load for females. Mortality rates for impaired lives are the same as those used by TCRS and are taken from a gender distinct table published in the IRS Ruling 96-7 for disabled lives with a 10% load.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.62 percent. This rate reflects the interest rate derived from yields on 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds, prevailing on the measurement date, with an average rating of AA/Aa as shown on the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA index.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS OPEB (CONTINUED)

CHANGES IN COLLECTIVE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

TNP - (expressed in thousands)

TNP - (expressed in thousands)		
(* 1	Т	'otal
	С	PEB
	Lia	bility
		(a)
Total OPEB liability - beginning balance	\$	341
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		7
Interest		12
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(48)
Change in assumptions		(2)
Benefit payments		(13)
Net changes		(45)
Total OPEB liability - ending balance	\$	297
The second secon		
Nonemployer contributing entities proportionate	\$	297
share of the collective total OPEB liability	Ψ	297
Employer's proportionate share of the collective total		
OPEB liability	\$	_
Employer's proportion of the collective total OPEB		0.00%

The Fayetteville City Schools has a special funding situation related to benefits paid by the State of Tennessee for its eligible retired employees participating in the TNP. Fayetteville City Schools' proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability was based on a projection of the employers long-term share of benefits paid through the OPEB plan relative to the projected share of benefit payments of all participating employers and nonemployer contributing entities, actuarially determined. The Fayetteville City Schools' proportion of 0% did not change from the prior measurement date. Fayetteville City Schools recognized \$10,202 in revenue for support provided by nonemployer contributing entities for benefits paid to the TNP for Fayetteville City Schools' retired employees.

Changes in assumptions

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.62% as of June 30, 2018. This change in assumption decreased the total OPEB liability.

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

OPEB expense

For the fiscal year ended June, 30, 2019, Fayetteville City Schools recognized OPEB expense of \$10,202.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - STATE STREET AID FUNDS

The government was granted permission by the State of Tennessee in prior years to combine the municipal street aid fund with the general fund. State street revenue for the year ended June 30, 2019, related to these funds is shown below.

Intergovernmental revenue Gasoline and motor fuel tax City street and transportation	\$ 239,029 13,556
Total	\$ 252,585

NOTE 13 - RELATED PARTIES

One board of education member is employed by a financial institution with which the Fayetteville City Schools transacts business on an arm's length basis.

NOTE 14 - NONEXCHANGE TRANSACTION

The government receives shared revenue from the State of Tennessee for a tax the state assesses on the earnings of certain financial institutions. The government is required to recognize receivables and deferred revenues as the banks earn the income. However, the banks file at different times of the year, and it is difficult to follow state statutes' guidance concerning what time period is being filed on. Therefore, the receivable and deferred revenue at June 30, 2019, are not reasonably estimable and are not included in these financial statements. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the government received \$77,323 from the State of Tennessee for this shared revenue.

The government participates with Lincoln County, Tennessee in joint venture arrangements to provide air travel, library services, industrial development and landfill services for Lincoln County and Fayetteville, Tennessee. The organizations collect additional revenues from user fees, state grants and donations. Summary financial information for these organizations is shown below.

The Fayetteville-Lincoln County Public Library is a joint venture of the City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County and is operated by an appointed board. The board comprises seven members, with one member each selected by the City of Fayetteville and the Lincoln County Commission, and other members selected by the existing board of directors subject to the approval of the city and county. The City of Fayetteville has control over budgeting and financing of the joint venture only to the extent of representation by appointed board members. The City of Fayetteville contributed \$111,250 to the operations of the library during the year ended June 30, 2019.

The Fayetteville-Lincoln County Regional Airport Authority is jointly owned by the City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County and is governed by a five-member board. Two members are appointed by the City of Fayetteville, two by the Lincoln County Commission, and one is jointly appointed by the other four board members. The airport is operated through a lease with a private vendor. The City of Fayetteville contributed \$69,866 to the operations of the airport during the year ended June 30, 2019.

The City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County operated a landfill as a joint venture, as described further in Note 9. The operation/closure of the landfill is under the oversight of the Joint City/County Solid Waste Committee, which includes eight members, four each appointed by the city and county.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 15 - JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

The Industrial Development Board of the City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County is a joint venture of the City of Fayetteville and Lincoln County and is operated by an appointed board. The board comprises seven members. Three members each are appointed by the city and county. The seventh member's appointment is alternated between the city and county every six years. The City of Fayetteville has control over budgeting and financing the joint venture only to the extent of representation of the board members it appoints. The City of Fayetteville contributed \$92,500 to the operations of the Industrial Development Board during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Additional financial information for these organizations may be obtained by contacting the following:

Fayetteville Lincoln County Airport 37 Airport Road Fayetteville, TN 37334

Fayetteville Lincoln County Public Library 306 Elk Avenue North Fayetteville, TN 37334

Fayetteville Lincoln Industrial Development Board 16 Franke Blvd. Fayetteville, TN 37334

The Fayetteville City Schools participates in the Volunteer State Cooperative (VOLCO), which represents a cost-sharing arrangement. The cooperative was established through a contractual agreement between the Boards of Education of Bedford County, Coffee County, Dickson County, Fayetteville City, Hickman County, Houston County, Humphreys County, Lincoln County, Lewis County, Manchester City, Marshall County, Perry County, Stewart County, and Wayne County. The cooperative was authorized through Chapter 49 of Tennessee Code Annotated. The cooperative was established to obtain lower prices for food supplies, materials, equipment, and services by combining the purchasing requirements of each member's school food service systems. The cooperative has contracted with a coordinating district (Dickson County School Department) and a service provider to provide these services. The cooperative is governed by a Representative Committee, comprising one representative from each of the member districts; and an Executive Council, consisting of the chair, vice chair, secretary, treasurer, and a member-at-large from the Representative Committee.

Complete financial statements for the Volunteer State Cooperative can be obtained from its administrative office at Volunteer State Cooperative, 220 McLemore Street, Dickson, TN 37055.

The System also participates in the Clinch-Powell Educational Cooperative (CPEC) to provide cooperative purchasing services through a program known as The Interlocal Purchasing System (TIPS) Program. The purpose of the TIPS Program is to obtain substantial savings for participating education cooperatives, public schools and institutions of higher learning, and government agencies through volume purchasing.

The System also participates in the National Purchasing Cooperative to facilitate compliance with state procurement requirements, to identify qualified vendors of commodities, goods and services, to relieve the burdens of the governmental purchasing function, and to realize the various potential economies, including administrative cost savings, for Cooperative Members.

June 30, 2019

NOTE 16 - PLEDGED REVENUES

FPU has pledged the respective revenues of each division to secure certain revenue bonds as described in Note 5. The current year revenues, debt service, and future pledge commitment are as follows:

Department Electric Gas Telecom Water & Wastewater	Operating <u>Revenues</u> \$ 48,958,928 7,202,815 4,687,240 5,676,175	Pri Inte <u>Rev</u>	rrent Year ncipal and rest Paid on enue Bonds 1,547,637 370,889 357,865 1,829,798	Percent of Current <u>Revenue</u> 3.2% 5.1% 7.6% 32.2%	b. Prin	maining Pledge ased on future cipal and Interest Requirements 14,242,548 2,072,517 357,000 35,916,572	Commitment Period through Fiscal Year 2028 2025 2020 2055
water & wastewater	\$ 66,525,158	\$	4,106,189	<u>6.2%</u>	\$	52,588,637	

NOTE 17 - SOLAR POWER GENERATION

Certain customers of FPU's electric department have installed solar panels at their homes or businesses. The power generated flows through separate "generation" meters. These customers are given credit against their normal monthly electric bills for the solar generated power which is included in "cost of utility services" on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. For the year ended June 30, 2019, credits resulting from solar power generation totaled \$1,424,599. In instances where solar generation actually exceeds normal electric usage, the customer is paid the difference. At June 30, 2019, the liability for such amounts due to customers was \$282,052 which is included in accounts payable on the statement of net position. FPU is credited on its wholesale power cost by TVA for the solar generated power.

NOTE 18 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

Employees of Fayetteville City Schools participate in various state administered group insurance plans including the Teacher Group Plan and the Tennessee Plan. The State of Tennessee makes contributions on-behalf of Fayetteville City School retiree participants. For the year ended June 30, 2019 these contributions totaled \$13,918 to the Tennessee Plan and \$27,940 to the Teacher Group Plan which are reflected in the financial statements as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

NOTE 19 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT FOR CHANGE IN OPEB PLAN

The City of Fayetteville closed its previous OPEB plan in the current year and enrolled with the State of Tennessee for this employee benefit. Since the prior plan closed with no further obligation to employees, it was necessary to remove the prior recorded liability. The cumulative effect of this change has been reported as a restatement of beginning net position as shown on the next page:

June 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT FOR CHANGE IN OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

	1000	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Net position June 30, 2018 as previously reported	\$	30,195,936
Change in OPEB Plans: Reverse existing OPEB liability		1,512,108
Net position June 30, 2018, restated	\$	31,708,044

NOTE 20 - SHARED BOND PROCEEDS

In the prior year, the Lincoln County Commission approved a \$32.2 million bond issue for the Lincoln County Board of Education. Under state law (Tennessee Code Annotated § 49-3-1003), \$8,599,216 of this was shared with Fayetteville City Schools. These funds are restricted for capital projects and accordingly, the Fayetteville City Schools has included the funds in the Capital Projects Fund and reflected them as shared bond proceeds from Lincoln County in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The City of Fayetteville has reported these funds in the Statement of Net Position as restricted for education.

NOTE 21 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to year-end, FPU's electric department issued Series 2019 revenue bonds in the amount of \$3,116,000 to advance refund \$3,090,000 of Series 2009 revenue bonds and to pay \$26,000 of issuance costs. The refunding was undertaken to reduce future debt service of FPU by approximately \$114,122 resulting in net present value benefits of approximately \$109,260.

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES

SCHEDULE OF SYSTEM CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,092,701 \$	1,004,858 \$	961,403 \$	909,076 \$	886,106 \$	802,092 \$	795,514 \$	1,064,897 \$	1,270,135 \$	851,556
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,092,701)	(1,004,858)	(961,403)	(909,076)	(886,106)	(802,092)	(795,514)	(1,064,897)	(1,270,135)	(851,556)
	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Optional contribution prepayment	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	2,477,617 \$	- \$	- \$	-

Notes to Schedule

During fiscal year 2013, the System elected to participate in NRECA's RS Plan prepayment option. This option allowed participating members to prepay contributions in exchange for lower future RS Plan billing rates.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN OF TCRS

Last Fiscal Year ending June 30,

 113cm Tem ent				***************************************				
2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$ 409,344 1,289,974	\$	406,371 1,330,008	\$	448,740 1,343,918	\$	485,992 1,397,207	\$	559,925 1,495,006
(61,339) -		(480,678) - (4.150,170)		(73,505) - (1,066,048)		556,317 558,241 (1.025,719)		(358,564 - (1,134,981
\$ (1,043,255) 594,724 17,311,937 17,906,661	\$	96,529 17,906,661 18,003,190	\$	653,105 18,003,190 18,656,295	\$	1,972,038 18,656,295 20,628,333	\$	561,386 20,628,333 21,189,719
\$ 480,331 243,467 2,478,367 (1,043,255) (6,306)	\$	483,255 250,391 524,049 (1,159,172) (7,832)	\$	520,882 270,532 455,674 (1,066,048) (12,647)	\$	546,808 324,370 1,974,307 (1,025,719) (13,845)	\$	560,546 290,854 1,590,608 (1,134,98) (15,67)
\$ 2,152,604 15,068,588 17,221,192	\$	90,691 17,221,192 17,311,883	\$	194,407 17,311,883 17,506,290	\$	1,805,921 17,506,290 19,312,211	\$	1,291,35 19,312,2 20,603,5
\$ 685,469	\$	691,307	\$	1,150,005	\$	1,316,122	\$	586,1
96.17%		96.16%		93.84%		93.62%		97.2
\$ 4,866,570	\$	5,007,817	\$	5,397,739	\$	5,666,405	\$	5,808,7
14.09%		13.80%		21.31%		23.23%		10.0
\$ \$	\$ 409,344 1,289,974 (61,339) (1,043,255) 594,724 17,311,937 \$ 17,906,661 \$ 480,331 243,467 2,478,367 (1,043,255) (6,306) 	\$ 409,344 \$ 1,289,974	2014 2015 \$ 409,344 \$ 406,371 1,289,974 1,330,008 (61,339) (480,678) (1,043,255) (1,159,172) 594,724 96,529 17,311,937 17,906,661 \$ 17,906,661 \$ 18,003,190 \$ 480,331 \$ 483,255 243,467 250,391 2,478,367 524,049 (1,043,255) (1,159,172) (6,306) (7,832) 2,152,604 15,068,588 17,221,192 \$ 17,221,192 \$ 17,311,883 \$ 685,469 \$ 691,307 96.17% 96.16% \$ 4,866,570 \$ 5,007,817	2014 2015 \$ 409,344 \$ 406,371 \$ 1,289,974 \$ 1,330,008 \$ (61,339) \$ (480,678) \$ (1,043,255) \$ (1,159,172) \$ 96,529 \$ 17,311,937 \$ 17,906,661 \$ 18,003,190 \$ \$ \$ 17,906,661 \$ 18,003,190 \$ \$ \$ \$ 480,331 \$ 483,255 \$ 243,467 \$ 250,391 \$ 2,478,367 \$ 524,049 \$ (1,043,255) \$ (1,159,172) \$ (6,306) \$ (7,832) \$ \$ \$ 2,152,604 \$ 15,068,588 \$ 17,221,192 \$ 17,311,883 \$ \$ \$ 17,221,192 \$ 17,311,883 \$ \$ \$ \$ 685,469 \$ 691,307 \$ \$ \$ \$ 96.16% \$ 4,866,570 \$ 5,007,817 \$ \$ \$ \$ 4,866,570 \$ 5,007,817 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 4,866,570 \$ 5,007,817 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2014 2015 2016 \$ 409,344 \$ 406,371 \$ 448,740 1,289,974 1,330,008 1,343,918 1,343,918 (61,339) (480,678) (73,505) (1,066,048) 594,724 96,529 653,105 17,311,937 17,906,661 18,003,190 \$ 18,003,190 \$ 18,656,295 \$ 480,331 \$ 483,255 \$ 520,882 243,467 250,391 270,532 2,478,367 524,049 455,674 (1,043,255) (1,159,172) (1,066,048) (6,306) (7,832) (12,647) 2,152,604 90,691 194,407 15,068,588 17,221,192 17,311,883 \$ 17,506,290 \$ 685,469 \$ 691,307 \$ 1,150,005 \$ 96.16% 93.84% \$ 4,866,570 \$ 5,007,817 \$ 5,397,739	2014 2015 2016 \$ 409,344 \$ 406,371 \$ 448,740 \$ 1,289,974 1,330,008 1,343,918	2014 2015 2016 2017 \$ 409,344 \$ 406,371 \$ 448,740 \$ 485,992 \$ 1,289,974 \$ 1,330,008 \$ 1,343,918 \$ 1,397,207 \$ (61,339) \$ (480,678) \$ (73,505) \$ 556,317 \$ (61,339) \$ (480,678) \$ (73,505) \$ 558,241 \$ (1,043,255) \$ (1,159,172) \$ (1,066,048) \$ (1,025,719) \$ 594,724 \$ 96,529 \$ 653,105 \$ 1,972,038 \$ 17,311,937 \$ 17,906,661 \$ 18,003,190 \$ 18,656,295 \$ 17,906,661 \$ 18,003,190 \$ 18,656,295 \$ 20,628,333 \$ 480,331 \$ 483,255 \$ 520,882 \$ 546,808 \$ 243,467 \$ 250,391 \$ 270,532 \$ 324,370 \$ (1,043,255) \$ (1,159,172) \$ (1,066,048) \$ (1,025,719) \$ (6,306) \$ (7,832) \$ (1,2647) \$ (1,3845) \$ 2,152,604 \$ 90,691 \$ 194,407 \$ 1,805,921 \$ 17,221,192 \$ 17,311,883 \$ 17,506,290 \$ 19,312,211 \$ 685,469 \$ 691,307	2014 2015 2016 2017 \$ 409,344 \$ 406,371 \$ 448,740 \$ 485,992 \$ 1,289,974 \$ 1,330,008 1,343,918 1,397,207 \$ 1,289,974 \$ 1,397,207 \$ 1,343,918 1,397,207 \$ 1,397,207 \$ 1,343,918 1,397,207 \$ 1,397,207 \$ 1,397,207 \$ 1,307,207 \$ 1,307,207 \$ 1,307,207 \$ 1,225,719 \$ 1,225,719 \$ 1,225,719 \$ 1,972,038 \$ 1,972,038 \$ 1,972,038 \$ 1,972,038 \$ 1,972,038 \$ 1,972,038 \$ 1,791,033 \$ 1,972,038

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions. In 2017, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from changes to the inflation rate, investment rate of return, cost-of-living adjustment, salary growth and mortality improvements.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN OF TCRS

Last Fiscal Year ending June 30,

					2016	2017	2018		2019	
	 2014	2015		2016		 2017	 2010	-01/		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 480,331	\$	483,255	\$	520,882	\$ 546,808	\$ 560,546	\$	588,821	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	480,331		483,255		520,882	546,808	560,546		588,821	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$ 	\$ -	\$	-	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,866,570	\$	5,007,817	\$	5,397,739	\$ 5,666,405	\$ 5,808,757	\$	6,101,772	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.87%		9.65%		9.65%	9.65%	9.65%		9.65%	

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates for fiscal year 2019 were calculated based on the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Entry Age Normal Actuarial cost method

Level dollar, closed (not to exceed 20 years) Amortization method

Varies by Year Remaining amortization period

10-year smoothed within a 20 percent corridor to market value Asset valuation

2.50 percent Inflation

Graded salary ranges from 8.72 to 3.44 percent based on age, Salary increases

including inflation, averaging 4.00 percent

7.25 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation Investment rate of return Pattern of retirement determined by experience study Retirement age Mortality

Customized table based on actual experience including an

adjustment for some anticipated improvement

2.25 percent Cost of living adjustments

Changes of assumptions:

In 2017, the following assumptions were changed: decreased inflation rate from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent; decreased the investment rate of return from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent; decreased the cost-of-living adjustment from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent; decreased salary growth graded ranges from an average of 4.25 percent to an average of 4.00 percent; and modified mortality assumptions.

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CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN FOR TCRS

Fiscal Year ended June 30, *

	2014		2015		2016		2017		 2018
Fayetteville City Schools's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Fayetteville City Schools's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(24,618) 0.151502%	\$	64,059 0.156381%	\$	949,405 0.151918%	\$	(47,533) 0.145281%	\$ (602,060) 0.171093%
Fayetteville City Schools's covered-employee payroll Fayetteville City Schools's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,946,429	\$	5,854,119	\$	5,483,952	\$	5,139,817	\$ 5,991,092
(asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		-0.41% 100.08%		1.09% 99.81%		17.31% 97.14%		-0.92% 100.14%	-10.05% 101.49%

^{*} The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

TEACHER LEGACY PLAN OF TCRS

Fiscal Year ended June 30,

	2014	2015		2016		2017		 2018	2019	
Contractually required	\$ 528,043	\$	529,211	\$	495,749	\$	464,260	\$ 543,992	\$	515,705
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	528,043		529,211		495,749		464,260	543,992		515,705
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$	~
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,946,429	\$	5,854,119	\$	5,483,952	\$	5,139,817	\$ 5,991,092	\$	4,921,795
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.88%		9.04%		9.04%		9.04%	9.08%		10.46%

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN OF TCRS

Fiscal Year ended June 30, *

	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018
Fayetteville City Schools's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Fayetteville City Schools's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 0.106705% (4,293)	\$ 0.125359% (13,050)	\$ 0.070453% (18,588)	\$ 0.080310% (36,423)
Fayetteville City Schools's covered payroll	\$ 221,703	\$ 551,590	\$ 458,224	\$ 701,808
Fayetteville City Schools's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	-1.94% 127.46%	-2.37% 121.88%	-4.06% 126.81%	-5.19% 126.97%

^{*} The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN OF TCRS

Fiscal Year ending June 30,

	 2015	 2016		2017	 2018	2019		
Contractually required	\$ 222	\$ 13,807	\$	18,497	\$ 11,445	\$	24,306	
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	8,868	22,063		18,497	28,072		24,306	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (8,646)	\$ (8,256)	\$	-	\$ (16,627)	\$	-	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 221,703	\$ 551,590	\$	458,224	\$ 701,808	\$	1,182,574	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	4.00%	4.00%		4.00%	4.00%		1.94%	

In FY 2019, the System placed the actuarially determined contribution rate (1.94%) of covered payroll into the pension plan and placed 2.06% of covered payroll into the Pension Stabilization Reserve Trust.

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SYSTEM'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30,

(dollar amounts in thousands)

•	2018	<u>2019</u>
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost Interest Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 51.064 46.089 (10.412) 86.741 1,386.250 1,472.991	\$ 53.617 47.402 - 101.019 1,472.991 1,574.010
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,786.362	\$ 5,959.953
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	25.5%	26.4%

Notes to Schedule

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASBS No. 75, paragraph 4.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS' PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF COLLECTIVE OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(dollar amounts in thousands)

TGOP		2018		2019
Total OPEB liability		00	ው	86
Service cost	\$	93 48	\$	57
Interest		40		-
Changes of benefit terms		-		(401)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(76)		28
Changes of assumptions		(87)		(91)
Benefit payments	\$	(22)	\$	(321)
Net change in total OPEB liability	Ф	` '	Ψ	1,572
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,594	_	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	1,572	\$	1,251
Nonemployer contributing entities proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability	\$	569	\$	440
Employer's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability	\$	1,003	\$	811
Covered-employee payroll	\$	7,145	\$	6,072
Employer's proportionate share of collective total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		14.04%	,)	13.36%

Notes to Schedule

There are no assets accumulating, in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, related to this OPEB plan.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

This schedule is intended to display ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FAYETTEVILLE CITY SCHOOLS' PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF COLLECTIVE OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(dollar amounts in thousands)

<u>TNP</u>				
	<u>2</u> (<u>018</u>	4	<u> 2019</u>
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$	8	\$	7
Interest		11		12
Changes of benefit terms		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(48)
Changes of assumptions		(32)		(2)
Benefit payments		(13)		(13)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(26)	\$	(44)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		367		341
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	341	\$	297
Nonemployer contributing entities proportionate share				
of the collective total OPEB liability	\$	341	\$	297
Employer's proportionate share of the collective total				
OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	_
01 22 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	·			
Covered-employee payroll	N/A		N/A	
Employer's proportionate share of collective total				
OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee				
payroll		0.00%		0.00%

Notes to Schedule

There are no assets accumulating, in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, related to this OPEB plan.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

This schedule is intended to display ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE GOVERNMENT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30,

(dollar amounts in thousands)

<u>LGOP</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending Covered-employee payroll	\$ 87.041 56.756 - (25.471) 118.326 1,393.782 1,512.108 3,960.051	\$ 759.296 (107.467) - 651.829 - 651.829 3,919.620
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	38.2%	16.6%

^{*} The City of Fayetteville closed its previous plan in the current year, with no further obligation to employees under the previous plan.

Notes to Schedule

There are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, related to this OPEB plan.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

This schedule is intended to display ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

- School Title Fund
- School Cafeteria Fund
- Drug Fund

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the receipt of special assessments and the associated repayment of debt.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

- Industrial Park Fund
- CDBG Fund
- UDAG Fund
- Internal Capital Projects

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2019

				(Special Reve	enue	Funds				
			School Title		School Cafeteria		Drug		Total Special Revenue		Debt Service Fund
Assets:											
Cash in bank		\$	61,189	\$	323,128	\$	73,773	\$	458,090	\$	778,822
Accounts receivable			_*		2,502		-		2,502		-
Due from other funds			-		-		3,765		3,765		-
Due from other governme	ents		19,516		-		-		19,516		-
Inventory			- .		15,884				15,884		-
y	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	80,705	\$	341,514	\$	77,538	\$	499,757	\$	778,822
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable		\$	-	\$	1,250	\$	193	\$	1,443	\$	-
Due to other funds			-		-		3,812		3,812		-
Unearned revenues			705		_		-		705		
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	•	705		1,250	. —	4,005	- —	5,960		-
Fund Balances:									47.004		
Nonspendable - inventory	7		-		15,884		-		15,884		-
Restricted:									50 500		
Public safety			-		-		73,533		73,533		-
Capital projects			-		-		-		-		509,134
Committed									00.000		
Education			80,000		-		-		80,000		-
Assigned									204 222		
Education			-		324,380		-		324,380		260.699
Debt service			-		-		70 F00		402 707	- —	269,688
	L FUND BALANCES		80,000		340,264		73,533		493,797		778,822
TOTA	L LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	80 <i>,</i> 705	\$	341,514	\$	77,538	\$	499,757	\$	778,822

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2019

				(Сар	ital Projects	Fu	nds				
												Total
								Internal		Total		Nonmajor
	Inc	lustrial						Capital		Capital	Go	vernmental
		Park		CDBG		UDAG		Projects		Projects		Funds
Assets:					_		Φ.	4 545 507	æ	0 105 100	ď	3,372,020
Cash in bank	\$	1,673	\$	10,469	\$	407,380	\$	1,715,586	\$	2,135,108	\$	•
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		14,400		14,400		16,902
Due from other funds		-		-		-		41,046		41,046		44,811
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-		19,516
Inventory							_		_		ф.	15,884
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,673	\$	10,469	\$	407,380	<u>\$</u>	1,771,032	<u>\$</u>	2,190,554	\$	3,469,133
Liabilities:	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$	20,542	\$	20,542	\$	21,985
Accounts payable	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ψ		Ψ	5,020	Ψ	5,020	•	8,832
Due to other funds		-		-		_		39,400		39,400		40,105
Unearned revenues							-	64,962		64,962		70,922
TOTAL LIABILITIES								01,702				
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable - inventory		-		-		-		-		-		15,884
Restricted												
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		73,533
Capital projects		-		10,469		407,380		-		417,849		417,849
Committed												
Education		-		-		-		-		-		80,000
Assigned												
Education		-				-		-		-		324,380
Debt service		_		-		-		-		-		778,822
Industrial park		1,673		-		-		-		1,673		1,673
Capital projects		_		-				1,706,070		1,706,070		1,706,070
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,673		10,469		407,380		1,706,070		2,125,592		3,398,211
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND									_		٠	0.460.100
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,673	_ \$	10,469	\$	407,380	\$ ==	1,771,032	<u> </u>	2,190,554	<u> </u>	3,469,133

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

For the year ended June 30, 2019

					Special Reve	enue	e Funds				
			School Title		School Cafeteria		Drug		Total Special Revenue		Debt Service Fund
Revenues:		\$	1,001,174	\$	684,402	\$	-	\$	1,685,576	\$	-
Intergovernmental		Ψ	-	•	150,247		-		150,247		-
Charges for services			_		133		33		166		207
Investment earnings			_		_		30,557		30,557		-
Fines and confiscations	TOTAL REVENUES		1,001,174	_	834,782	_	30,590		1,866,546		207
Expenditures:											
Current:											3,460
General government			-		-		12,271		12,271		3,400
Public safety					- -		12,2/1		1,741,709		_
Education			1,001,174		740,535		-		1,741,707		
Debt Service:											267,844
Principal			-		-		-				115,956
Interest			-		-		-		-		110,700
Debt issuance costs			-		21.5700		-		31,798		_
Capital outlay		_	<u>-</u>		31,798		12,271	-	1,785,778		387,260
ר	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,001,174		772,333		12,2/1		1,765,776		301,200
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					62,449		18,319		80,768		(387,053)
over expenditures				_	02,119			-			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			_		_		-		-		509,134
Capital outlay notes issued			_		-		-		_		-
Payment to refunded debt escro	w ageni		_		_		-		-		-
Premiums on debt issued			_		_		-		-		354,257
Transfers in			_		-		_		-		-
Transfers out TOTAL OTHER FINAN	NCING SOURCES (USES)		-				_		-		863,391
TOTALOTTERTENT	(envestigation (envestigation)										477.000
Net change in fund balances			-		62,449)	18,319		80,768		476,338
Fund balances - July 1, 2018			80,000		277,815	;	55,214		413,029		302,484
Fund balances - June 30, 2019		\$	80,000		340,264		73,533	\$	493,797	·	778,822

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

For the year ended June 30, 2019

			Ca	apital Projec	ts Funds		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Total
					Internal	Total	Other
	Indus	trial			Capital	Capital	Governmental
Revenues:	Par	:k	CDBG_	UDAG	Projects	Projects	Funds
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 2,185,576
Shared bond proceeds from Lincoln County		-	-		-	-	-
Private grants and contributions		-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services		-	-	-	-	-	150,247
Investment earnings		-	8	204	2,127	2,339	2,712
Fines and forfeitures		-	-	-		`-	30,557
TOTAL REVENUES		_	8	204	502,127	502,339	2,369,092
			•				
Expenditures:							
Current:			5 5 5 6		_	7,763	11,223
General government		-	7,763	-	-	7,703	12,271
Public safety		-	-	-	-		1,741,709
Education		-	-	-	-	_	1,741,707
Debt service:							267,844
Principal		-	-	-	-	•	115,956
Interest		-	-	-	- -	500,986	
Capital outlay				<u> </u>	500,986		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			7,763		500,986	506,749	2,001,707
The state of a state of the sta							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			(7,755)	204	1,141	(6,410	(312,695)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Capital outlay notes issued		-	-	-			- 509,134
Transfers in		-	-	-	750,000	750,000) 1,104,257
Transfers out		~	-			-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			-		750,000	750,000	1,613,391
Net change in fund balances		-	(7,755)	204	751,141	743,590	1,300,696
Fund balances - July 1, 2018		1,673	18,224	407,176	954,929	1,382,00	2,097,515
Fund balances - June 30, 2019	\$	1,673	5 10,469	\$ 407,380	\$ 1,706,070	\$ 2,125,59	2 \$ 3,398,211

SCHOOL TITLE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Varianc Final Bu Favor (Unfavo	idget - able
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental:							•	
Title programs	\$	553,875	5	529,685 \$	9	529,685	\$	-
Vocational education programs		20,332		19,961		19,961		-
Summer reading program		42,000		8,156		8,156		-
Gear up program		93,000		102,996		102,996		-
Special education programs		397,160		340,376		340,376		-
Total Revenues		1,106,367		1,001,174		1,001,174		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular instruction program						404 700		
Salaries and benefits		522,089		494,732		494,732		-
Contracted services		-		2,188		2,188		-
Supplies		5 <i>7,7</i> 00		48,964		48,964		-
Equipment		9,730		9,499		9,499		-
Other		1,336		714		714		-
Special education program								
Salaries and benefits		220,195		217,280		217,280		-
Equipment		14,234		20,709		20,709		-
Supplies		33,823		22,327		22,327		-
Vocational education program								
Supplies		6,023		6,023		6,023		-
Equipment		3,000		7,636		7,636		-
Support services:		•						
Regular instruction program								
Salaries and benefits		39,245		35,396		35,396		•
Travel		948		312		312		
Supplies		2,000		1,238		1,238		
In service		33,300		25,563		25,563		
Special education program								
Contracted services		73,809		49,097		49,097		
Equipment		28,000		6,408		6,408		
In service		16,000		12,923		12,923		
Supplies		969		969		969		
Other		5,000		5,000		5,000		
Other Student Support								
Travel		1 7, 356		18,798		18,798		
Supplies		3,000		2,433		2,433		
In service		12,303		7,302		7,302		
		•						
Transportation		6,307		5,117		5,117		
Salaries and benefits Other		-,		546		546		
	-	1,106,367	_	1,001,174		1,001,174		
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	-	_	-	_	_		
Net Change in Fund Balance		· -		-		-		
Fund Balances - beginning		80,000		80,000	_	80,000		
Fund Balances - ending	-	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	

SCHOOL CAFETERIA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Budget A	Amoı	ınts_		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - avorable
	Original		<u>Final</u>	ن .	Amounts	<u>(U1</u>	<u>nfavorable)</u>
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental		_		ħ	404 000	æ	(40,001)
National school lunch program	\$ •	\$	474,000	Þ	_ ,	\$	(49,901)
School breakfast program	187,000		194,000		193,728		(272)
After school snacks	-		4,000		3,381		(619)
USDA commodities	56,251		56,251		56,251		(4.057)
Other	8,000		8,000		6,943		(1,057)
Charges for services	204,500		204,500		150,247		(54,253)
Investment earnings	100		100		133		33
Total Revenues	940,851		940,851		834,782		(106,069)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Salaries and benefits	415,100		415,100		330,383		84,717
Repairs and maintenance	9,000		9,100		9,095		5
Travel	4,000		4,300		4,283		17
Contracted services	8,000		13,000		10,640		2,360
Food and preparation supplies	461,251		455,551		382,254		73,297
Supplies	1,200		1,500		1,420		80
Other	3,000		3,000		2,460		540
Capital outlay	40,000		40,000		31,798		8,202
Total Expenditures	941,551		941,551		772,333		169,218
France (Deficiency) of Powonuos							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(700)		(700)		62,449		63,149
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of capital assets	700		700		-		(700)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 700		700		-		(700)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-		62,449		62,449
Fund Balance - beginning	 277,815		277,815		277,815		-
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 277,815	\$	277,815	\$	340,264	\$	62,449

DRUG SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Amo	ounts		Actual	Fina	iance with il Budget - ivorable
	<u>Original</u>	-	<u>Final</u>		Amounts	<u>(Un</u>	favorable)
REVENUES							
Investment earnings	\$ 15	\$	15	\$	33	\$	18
Fines	20,000		20,000		22,284		2,284
Confiscations	6,000		6,000		8,273		2,273
Total Revenues	 20,015		20,015		30,590		4,575
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Operating							
Salaries	12,500		12,500		8,185		4,315
Education and training	500		500		250		250
Travel	5,000		5,000		806		4,194
Supplies	5,900		5,900		901		4,999
Contractual	3,000		3,000				3,000
Telephone	1,800		1,800		1,207		593
Professional services	1,000		1,000		872		128
Equipment	16,572		16,572		-		16,572
Other drug fund	 2,000		2,000		50		1,950
Total Expenditures	 48,272		48,272		12,271		36,001
Net Change in Fund Balance	(28,257)		(28,257))	18,319		40,576
Fund Balance - beginning	 55,214		55,214		55,214	_	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 26,957	\$	26,957	<u>\$</u>	73,533	\$	40,576

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year ended June 30, 2019

		Budget Original	Amounts <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES						
Investment earnings	\$		\$ 90		207	\$ 117
Total Revenues	_	90	90		207	117
EXPENDITURES						
Current: Operating - agent fees		4,000	4,000		3,460	540
Debt Service:		241,000	267,814		267,844	(30)
Principal		112,152	117,882		115,956	1,926
Interest		112,102	117,002		-	, -
Debt issuance costs Total Expenditures		357,152	389,696		387,260	2,436
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(357,062)	(389,606	5)	(387,053)	2,553
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Capital outlay notes issued			509,135	;	509,135	
Transfers in		357,000	386,54	Į	354,257	(32,287)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		357,000	895,679	-	863,392	(32,287)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(62)	506,07	3	476,339	(29,734)
Fund Balance - beginning		302,484	302,48	<u> </u>	302,484	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	302,422	\$ 808,55	7 <u></u> \$	5 778,823	\$ (29,734)

INDUSTRIAL PARK CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	<u>Budget</u> Original	Amo	<u>unts</u> <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES		ф		ው		\$ -
Investment earnings	\$ 	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		Ψ
Total Revenues	 -					
EXPENDITURES Current: Contribution to IDB	-		_		_	
Total Expenditures	 				_	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-		· -	-
Fund Balance - beginning	 1,673		1,673		1,673	-
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,673	\$	1,673	\$	1,673	\$ -

CDBG CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

		Budget 1 Original	Amo	unts <u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts	Fina Fa	iance with al Budget - avorable <u>favorable)</u>
REVENUES		-10	ф	10	ው	8	\$	(2)
Investment earnings	\$	10	\$	10	\$	8	Φ	(2)
Total Revenues		10		10		- 0		(2)
EXPENDITURES Current: Operating Total Expenditures		10,500 10,500		10,500 10,500		7,763 7,763		2,737 2,737
Net Change in Fund Balance	WT0.	(10,490)		(10,490)		(7,755)		2,735
Fund Balance - beginning		18,224		18,224	_	18,224		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	7,734	\$	7,734	\$	10,469	\$	2,735

UDAG CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

		Budget . Original	Amo	<u>unts</u> <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Favorable Infavorable)
REVENUES								
Investment earnings	\$	100	\$	100	\$	204	\$	104
Total Revenues		100		100		204		104
EXPENDITURES Current: Operating		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Total Expenditures		1,000		1,000		_		1,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(900)		(900)		204		1,104
Fund Balance - beginning	10.1	407,176		407,176		407,176		-
Fund Balance - ending	\$	406,276	\$	406,276	<u>\$</u>	407,380	\$	1,104

INTERNAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

		Budget . Original	Amo	<u>unts</u> Final		Actual Amounts	F	ariance with inal Budget - Favorable Unfavorable)
REVENUES Investment earnings Intergovernmental	\$	250 15,000	\$	250 500,000	\$	2,127 500,000	\$	1,877 -
Total Revenues		15,250		500,250	_	502,127		1,877
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Total Expenditures	_	455,555 455,555		465,555 465,555		500,986 500,986		(35,431)
(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(440,305)		34,695		1,141		(33,554)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in Total Other Financing Sources		200,000		750,000 750,000		750,000 750,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(240,305)		784,695		751,141		(33,554)
Fund Balance - beginning	,	954,929		954,929		954,929		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	714,624	\$	1,739,624	\$	1,706,070	\$	(33,554)

SCHOOL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

		<u>Budget</u> <u>Original</u>	Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fin F	riance with al Budget - avorable <u>nfavorable)</u>
REVENUES Shared bond proceeds from Lincoln County Private grants and contributions Investment earnings Total Revenues	\$	8,599,216 - 100,000 8,699,216	\$	8,599,216 - 100,000 8,699,216	\$ 8,599,216 87,485 65,588 8,752,289	\$	87,485 (34,412) 53,073
EXPENDITURES Current: Debt service: Principal on bonds Interest on bonds Capital outlay Total Expenditures		220,000 137,800 8,341,416 8,699,216		220,000 137,800 8,341,416 8,699,216	 220,000 137,800 692,650 1,050,450		7,648,766 7,648,766
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - beginning		-		-	7,701,839 -		7,701,839
Fund Balance - ending	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	_	\$ 7,701,839	\$	7,701,839

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SCHEDULE OF COMBINED LONG-TERM DEBT, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

								I	ayetteville								
			Sanitat	ion —	Electric Depar	tment	(Gas Departr	nent	,	lelecom Depa		Water & Sewer Dep		22-1-1	Total	
	General	Dalat	Capital Out		Total For All			Series 201	17		Series 201		Total For All I		Total Principal	Interest	Total *
		Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Pri	ncipal	Interest		rincipal	Interest	Principal (f)	Interest 522,907 \$		1,152,209 \$	5,179,285
	Principal				1,249,056 \$	314,987	\$ 3	307,094 \$	56,734	\$	350,000 \$	7,000 \$		487,654	3,415,243	1,031,118	4,446,361
2020 \$	624,165	232,687	5,921	12	1,299,056	269,387		310,807	41,378		-	-	1,115,181	469,464	3,467,620	941,891	4,409,51
2021	684,278	232,067	3,921		1,334,056	234,387	;	323,785	25,838		-	-	1,133,371	450,891	3,359,826	868,114	4,227,94
2022	676,408		•	-	1,352,882	198,687	:	326,298	19,362		-	-	1,151,944		3,410,023	795,423	4,205,44
2023	528,702	199,174	-	-	1,390,000	161,800		314,324	12,836		-	-	1,170,023	432,812	3,475,632	720,104	4,195,7
2024	535,676	187,975	~	-	1,490,000	123,800		327,511	6,550		-	-	1,110,632	413,116	2,988,635	653,664	3,642,29
2025	547,489	176,638	-	-	1,530,000	94,000		-	-		-	-	1,048,635	396,027	3,045,613	594,748	3,640,3
2026	410,000	163,637	-	-	1,565,000	63,400		_	-		-	-	1,065,613	379,048	3,117,197	535,402	3,652,5
2027	415,000	152,300	-		1,605,000	32,100		-	_		-	-	1,082,197	362,465		471,490	2,017,0
2028	430,000	140,837	-	-	1,000,000	-		-	-		-	-	1,100,510	344,152	1,545,510	439,579	2,008,0
2029	445,000	127,338	-	-	_	_		-	-		-	-	1,118,470	326,192	1,568,470	406,883	2,013,6
2030	450,000	113,387	-	-				-				-	1,136,767	307,895	1,606,767	373,779	2,008,5
2031	470,000	98,988	-	-	-	_		_			-	-	1,154,795	289,867	1,634,795		2,000,5
2032	480,000	83,912	-	-	-	_		_			_	-	1,174,410	270,252	1,674,410	338,165	1,940,
2033	500,000	67,913	-	-	-	-		_		-	-	-	1,193,796	250,866	1,638,796	302,078	
2034	445,000	51,212	-	-	-	-				_	_	-	1,175,737	231,310	1,625,737	267,723	1,893,
2035	450,000	36,413	-	-	-	-		-		_	_	_	1,137,045	212,258	1,462,045	233,708	1,695,
2036	325,000	21,450	-		-	-		-			_	_	957,526	193,506	1,292,526	204,394	1,496,
2037	335,000	10,888	-	-	-	-		-		-	_	-	737,710	177,691	737,710	177,691	915,
2038	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-		_	572,669	163,938	572,669	163,938	736,
2039	_	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	_	_	399,861	153,135	399,861	153,135	552,
2040	_	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	_	411,050	141,946	411,050	141,946	552,
2041	_	-		-	-			-		-	-	_	422,130	130,866	422,130	130,866	552,
2041		_		-	-	-		-		-	-	-	433,514	119,482	433,514	119,482	552,
	-	_		-	-	-		-		-	-		444,916	108,080	444,916	108,080	552,
2043	-		_	_ `	-	-		_		-	-	-	457,214	95,782	457,214	95,782	552,
2044	-	-	_	-	-			-		-	-	-	469,558	83,438	469,558	83,438	552
2045	-	•		_	-		-	-		-	-	-	482,238	70,758	482,238	70,758	552
2046	-	•		_	_	,	-	-		-	-	-	•	57,882	495,114	57,882	552
2047	-	•			_		-	-		-	-	-	495,114	44,349	508,647	44,349	552
2048	-	•	-		_		-	-		-	-	-	508,647	30,597	522,399	30,597	552
2049				-	_		-	-		-	-	-	522,399		408,326	17,653	425
2050	-				-		_	-		-	-	-	408,326	17,653	•	8,311	232
2051	-			-	-		_	_		-	-	-	224,195	8,311	224,195	3,732	125
2052	-			-	-		_	_		-	-	-	121,947	3,732	121,947	1,302	80
2053	-			-	-		_	-		_	-	-	79,409	1,302	79,409	1,502	4
2054	-			-	~		_	_		_	-		4,075	9	4,075		
2055	_		- <u>-</u>		\$ 12,815,050	\$ 1,492,54	- - -	1,909,819	\$ 162,69	70 d	350,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 27,648,461 \$	7,749,633	\$ 51,550,893 \$	11,739,423	\$ 63,290

Excludes FPU non-amortizing debt

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

		G	ener	al		Ger	nera	al		Gene	eral			Gene	eral	l		Gen	eral					
	Year	Obliga	tion	Bonds		Obligati	on i	Bonds		Obligatio	n B	onds		Obligatio	n B	onds		Capital	Out	lay		Total G	ene	<u>ral</u>
	Ending	Ser	ies 2	013		Series	20	13 B		Series	201	4		Series	201	<u>17</u>		Note	201	<u>9</u>		<u>Total</u>		Total
_	June 30,	Principal		Interest		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		<u>Interest</u>
	2020	\$ 225,00	\$	133,400	\$	45,000	\$	30,223	\$	85,000	\$	49,800	\$	117,517	\$	25,197	\$	151,648	\$	10,844	\$	624,165	\$	249,464
	2021	225,00)	128,900		50,000		29,187		90,000		48,100		149,193		19,321		170,085		7,179		684,278		232,687
	2022	230,00)	124,400		50,000		27,563		90,000		46,300		146,215		11,862		160,193		2,077		676,408		212,202
	2023	235,00)	119,800		50,000		25,937		95,000		44,500		148,702		8,937		-		-		528,702		199,174
	2024	240,00)	115,100		50,000		24,312		95,000		42,600		150,676		5,963		-		-		535,676		187,975
1 1 1	2025	245,00)	110,300		55,000		22,688		100,000		40,700		147,489		2,950		-		-		547,489		176,638
_	2026	250,00)	104,787		55,000		20,900		105,000		37,950		-		-		-		-		410,000		163,637
	2027	255,00)	98,538		55,000		18,700		105,000		35,062		-		-		-		-		415,000		152,300
	2028	260,00		92,162		60,000		16,500		110,000		32,175		-		-		-		-		430,000		140,837
	2029	270,00		84,363		60,000		14,100		115,000		28,875		-		-		-		-		445,000		127,338
	2030	275,00		76,262		60,000		11,700		115,000		25,425		-		_		-		-		450,000		113,387
	2031	285,00		68,013		65,000		9,000		120,000		21,975		-		-		-		_		470,000		98,988
	2032	290,00		59,462		65,000		6,075		125,000		18,375		-		-		-		-		480,000		83,912
	2033	300,00		50,763		70,000		3,150		130,000		14,000		_		_		-		-		500,000		67,913
	2034	310,00		41,762		, 0,000		-		135,000		9,450		•		-		-		-		445,000		51,212
	2035	315,00		31,688		_		_		135,000		4,725		_		_		-		-		450,000		36,413
	2036	325,00		21,450		_		_		-				_		-		_		_		325,000		21,450
		335,00		10,888				_		_		_		_		_		-		_		335,000		10,888
	2037					700,000		260.025	- -	1,750,000	\$	500,012	- - \$	859,792	<u> </u>	74,230	\$	481,926	\$	20,100	- -		\$	2,326,415
		\$ 4,870,00	0 \$	1,472,038	<u> </u>	790,000	<u>\$</u>	260,035	\$	1,750,000	Φ	300,012	-	039,792	==	7-1,200	Ψ	101,720	-	23,100	= =	0,, 01,, 10	-	

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS - ELECTRIC

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year									RUS Rural	Ec	onomic		<u>Total I</u>	dec	<u>:tric</u>
Ending	Series	s 20	09		Series	s 20)16	D	evelopment	Lo	an (LCHS)		Total		Total
June 30,	Principal		<u>Interest</u>]	Principal		<u>Interest</u>]	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	:	Principal		<u>Interest</u>
2020	\$ 1,200,000	\$	121,787	\$	30,000	\$	193,200	\$	19,056	\$	-	\$	1,249,056	\$	314,987
2021	470,000		76,787		810,000		192,600		19,056		-		1,299,056		269,387
2022	470,000		57,987		845,000		176,400		19,056		_		1,334,056		234,387
2023	470,000		39,187		875,000		159,500		7,882		-		1,352,882		198,687
2024	480,000		19,800		910,000		142,000		-		-		1,390,000		161,800
2025	-		-		1,490,000		123,800		-		· _		1,490,000		123,800
2026	_		-		1,530,000		94,000		-		-		1,530,000		94,000
2027	_		_		1,565,000		63,400		-		-		1,565,000		63,400
2028	_		_		1,605,000		32,100		-				1,605,000		32,100
	\$ 3,090,000	\$	315,548	\$	9,660,000	\$	1,177,000	\$	65,050	\$	_	\$	12,815,050	\$	1,492,548

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS - WATER CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year	RUS I	Phase	١		RUS Ph	ase	≘ II		RUS PI	nase	· III		RUS Ph	ase	· IV
Ending	Serie				Series				Series	20	13		Series	20	15
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>
	\$ 70,074	\$	69,786	\$	86,038	\$	137,474	\$	47,674	\$	61,238	\$	+-,	\$	49,624
2021	71,858	•	68,002		89,032		134,480		49,047		59,865		32,090		48,622
2022	73,491		66,368		91,740		131,772		50,287		58,625		32,984		47,729
2023	75,162		64,698		94,530		128,982		51,559		57,353		33,902		46,810
2024	76,698		63,162		97,059		126,453		52,709		56,203		34,720		45,992
2025	78,615		61,245		100,357		123,155		54,196		54,716		35,813		44,899
2026	80,402		59,458		103,410		120,102		55,566		53,346		36,811		43,901
2027	82,229		57,630		106,555		116,957		56,971		51,941		37,836		42,876
2028	83,946		55,914		109,484		114,028		58,274		50,638		38 <i>,</i> 775		41,937
2029	86,007		53,853		113,126		110,386		59,886		49,026		39,969		40,743
2030	87,963		51,897		116,567		106,945		61,400		47,512		41,082		39,630
2031	89,962		49,898		120,112		103,400		62,953		45,959		42,226		38,486
2032	91,877		47,983		123,492		100,020		64,424		44,488		43,300		37,412
2033	94,096		45,764		127,522		95,990		66,174		42,738		44,608		36,104
2034	96,235		43,625		131,400		92,112		67,848		41,064		45,851		34,861
2035	98,423		41,437		135,397		88,115		69,563		39,349		47,127		33,585
2036	100,554		39,306		139,286		84,226		71,220		37,692		48,352		32,360
2037	102,946		36,914		143,752		79,760		73,123		35,789		49,787		30,925
2038	105,287		34,573		148,124		75,388		74,973		33,939		51,173		29,539
2039	107,680		32,180		152,630		70,882		76,869		32,043		52,598		28,114
2040	110,048		29,812		157,092		66,420		78,731		30,181		53,990		26,722
2041	112,630		27,230		162,050		61,462		80,803		28,109		55 , 567		25,145
2042	115,190		24,670		166,979		56,533		82,847		26,065		57,114		23,598
2043	117,809		22,051		172,058		51,454		84,942		23,970		58,705		22,007
2044	120,435		19,425		177,166		46,346		87,031		21,881		60,284		20,428
2045	123,225		16,635		182,680		40,832		89,291		19,621		62,018		18,694
2046	126,027		13,833		188,236		35,276		91,549		17,363		63,746		16,966
2047	128,892		10,968		193,961		29,551		93,864		15,048		65,521		15,191
2048	131,801		8,059		199,799		23,713		96,204		12,708		67,310		13,402
2049	134,818		5,042		205,938		17,574		98,671		10,241		69,220		11,492
2050	137,883		1,977		212,202		11,310		101,166		7,746		71,148		9,564
2051	12,817		26		218,656		4,856		103,724		5,188		73,129		7,583
2052	_		-		42,701		181		106,342		2,570		<i>7</i> 5,152		5,560
2053	-		-		-		~		44,688		279		<i>77,</i> 259		3,453
2054	_		-		-				-		-		79,409		1,302
2055	-		-		<u> </u>	_					**	_	4,075	_	9
	\$ 3,125,080	\$	1,223,421	4	4,609,131	\$	2,586,135	: =	\$ 2,464,569	\$	1,174,494	<u> </u>	1,813,739	<u>\$</u>	1,015,265

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS - WATER (CONTINUED) CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

						D 17	Ctata Bassalwin a F	and Loan
Year	State Revolvin	g Fund Loan	State Revolvin	g Fund Loan	State Revolving	Fund Loan	State Revolving F CG2 2015-	unu Loan 251
Ending	CW0 20	13-315	CG1 201		CG4 201			
June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	Interest	<u>Principal</u> \$ 68,316	Interest \$ 19,104
2020	\$ 34,620	\$ 6,456	Ψ =,	\$ 37,656	\$ 167,580	\$ 45,372	,	18,156
2021	35,028	6,048	181,542	35,544	169,908	43,044	69,264	17,196
2022	35,436	5,640	183,678	33,408	172,260	40,692	70,224	16,212
2023	35,856	5,220	185,838	31,248	174,660	38,292	71,208	15,228
2024	36,276	4,800	188,022	29,064	177,084	35,868	72,192	
2025	36,696	4,380	190,230	26,856	179,544	33,408	73,188	14,232
2026	37,128	3,948	192,474	24,612	182,028	30,924	74,208	13,212
2027	37,572	3,504	194 <i>,</i> 730	22,356	184,560	28,392	75,240	12,180
2028	38,016	3,060	197,022	20,064	187,128	25,824	76,284	11,136
2029	38,460	2,616	199,338	17 <i>,</i> 748	189,720	23,232	77,352	10,068
2030	38,916	2,160	201,690	15,396	192,360	20,592	78,420	9,000
2031	39,372	1,704	204,066	13,020		17,928	79,512	7,908
2032	39,828	1,248	206,466	10,620	197, 7 36	15,216	80,616	6,804
2033	40,308	768	208,890	8,196	200,484	12,468	81,732	5,688
2034	40,788	288	211,350	5,736		9,684	82,872	4,548
2035	3,461	-	213,834	3,252		6,864	84,024	3,396
2036	5,202	_	162,009	794	208,956	3,996	85,188	2,232
2037	_	_	-	-	176,366	1,118	86,364	1,056
2038	_	_	-	_	-	-	29,197	76
2039	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
2040	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
2040	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
2041	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
2042	_	_	_	-		-		-
2043	_	_	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-
2044	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
2045	_	_	_	_		-	-	-
	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-
2047	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	1 -
2048	-		_	-	_	-	-	-
2049	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
2050	-	~	_		_	_	-	-
2051	-	-	_	_	-	-	=	-
2052 2053	-	-	-	-				
2000	e E67.761	\$ 51,84	s 3,300,609	\$ 335,57	0 \$ 3,364,754	4 \$ 432,914	\$ 1,415,401	\$ 187,432
	\$ 567,761	φ 51,64	=	- 223,01	<u> </u>	_		

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS - WATER (CONTINUED) CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Year Endina		State Revolvi			State			und Loan								Total V	Wate	
Ending		DWF 2	2U16-	-	.	CW6 2	018-4			Serie	s 20		TDOT Utilit	y Re		Total		Total
June 30,	ф	Principal		Interest	Princ			Interest		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	Principal		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>
2020 2021	\$	227,820 230,388	\$	54,132 51,564	\$	39,708	\$	11,472	\$	330,389	\$	16,520	\$ 144,100	\$	14,073	\$ 1,426,837	\$	522,907
2021		232,980		48,972		40,236		10,944		-		-	146,788		11,385	1,115,181		487,654
2022						40,764		10,416		-		-	149,527		8,646	1,133,371		469,464
2023		235,608 238,260		46,344		41,304		9,876		-		-	152,317		5,856	1,151,944		450,891
2024				43,692		41,844		9,336		-		-	155,159		3,014	1,170,023		432,812
2025		240,936		41,016		42,396		8,784		-		-	78,661		425	1,110,632		413,116
		243,648		38,304		42,960		8,220		-		-	-		-	1,048,635		396,027
2027		246,396		35,556		43,524		7,656		-		-	-		-	1,065,613		379,048
2028		249,168		32,784		44,100		7,080		-		-	-		-	1,082,197		362,465
2029		251,976		29,976		44,676		6,504		-		-	-			1,100,510		344,152
2030		254,808		27,144		45,264		5,916		=		_	-		-	1,118,470		326,192
2031		257,676		24,276		45,864		5,316		-		-	-		_	1,136,767		307,895
2032		260,580		21,372		46,476		4,704		_		-	-		-	1,154,795		289,867
2033		263,508		18,444		47,088		4,092		-		-	-		-	1,174,410		270,252
2034		266,484		15,468		47,700		3,480		-		-	-		-	1,193,796		250,866
2035		269,484		12,468		48,336		2,844		-		-	-		_	1,175,737		231,310
2036		272,508		9,444		48,972		2,208		-		-	-		-	1,137,045		212,258
2037		275,580		6,372		49,608		1,572		-		-	-		-	957,526		193,506
2038		278,688		3,264		50,268		912	•	-		-	-		_	737,710		177,691
2039		140,548		462		42,344		257		-		-	-		-	572,669		163,938
2040		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		_	399,861		153,135
2041		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	411,050		141,946
2042		-		-		~		-		-		-			-	422,130		130,866
2043		-		-				-		-		-	_		-	433,514		119,482
2044		-		-		-		~		-		_	-		_	444,916		108,080
2045		_		-		-		~		-		_	-		~	457,214		95,782
2046		-		~		-		-				_	-		_	469,558		83,438
2047		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		_	482,238		70,758
2048		-		-		-		-		-		_	-		_	495,114		57,882
2049		-		-		-		-		-		_	-		_	508,647		44,349
2050		-		~		-		-		-		-	-		_	522,399		30,597
2051		-		-		_				-		_	_		_	408,326		17,653
2052		-		-		-		_		-		_	-		_	224,195		8,311
2053		-		-		-		_		_		_	_		-	121,947		3,732
2054		-		-		~		-		_		_	_		-	79,409		1,302
2055		=		-		_		_		_		_			_	4,075		1,302
	<u>s</u>	4,937,044	\$	561,054	\$ 8	393,432	\$	121,589	\$	330,389	\$	16,520	\$ 826,552	\$	43,399	 27,648,461	_	

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT BY INDIVIDUAL ISSUE

Description of Indebtedness	Origin Amou of Iss	nt	Interest Rate	Date of Issue	Last Maturity Date		utstanding 7/1/2018		Issued During Period	N	id and/or Matured During Period	Du	nded ring riod		itstanding /30/2019
Payable through General Government															
BONDS PAYABLE General Obligation, Series 2013B General Obligation, Series 2014 General Obligation, Series 2017 Total Bonds Payable through General Government	2,00 97	5,000 0,000 75,427	1.0% to 4.5% 2.0% to 3.5% 2.0% to 5.0%	10/1/2013 12/1/2014 9/28/2017	6/1/2033 6/1/2035 6/1/2025	\$ <u>\$</u>	830,000 1,835,000 975,427 3,640,427	\$	- - - -	\$	40,000 85,000 115,635 240,635	\$ 	-	\$	790,000 1,750,000 859,792 3,399,792
OTHER LOANS PAYABLE Bank Capital Outlay Note Total Loans Payable through General Governm	•	9,135	2.80%	5/2/2019	5/2/2022	<u>\$</u> \$		<u>\$</u> \$	509,135 509,135	<u>\$</u>	27,209 27,209	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	481,926 481,926
Payable through Electric Department															
BONDS PAYABLE Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 Total Bonds Payable through Electric Departm	9,7	25,000 50,000	3.0% to 4.125% 2.00%	8/28/2009 5/27/2016	6/1/2024 6/1/2028	\$ 	4,250,000 9,690,000 13,940,000	\$	<u>-</u> .	\$	1,160,000 30,000 1,190,000	\$	-	\$ <u>\$</u>	3,090,000 9,660,000 12,750,000
OTHER LOANS PAYABLE USDA Rural Economic Development Loan Total Loans Payable through Electric Departm	•	33,334	0.00%	11/30/2015	12/8/2022	<u>\$</u>	84,106 84,106	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	19,056 19,056	\$ \$	-	\$	65,050 65,050
Payable through Gas Department BONDS PAYABLE General Obligation, Series 2017 Total Bonds Payable through Gas Department	\$ 2,2	09,015	2.0% to 5.0%	9/28/2017	6/1/2025	\$ \$	2,209,015 2,209,015	<u>\$</u>		\$ \$	299,196 299,196	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	1,909,819 1,909,819
Payable through Telecom Department BONDS PAYABLE General Obligation, Series 2011 Total Bonds Payable through Telecom Departs	-,-	00,000	1.0% to 2.0%	12/20/2011	4/1/2020	<u>\$</u> \$	695,000 695,000	\$ \$	- -	<u>\$</u>	345,000 345,000	<u>\$</u> \$		<u>\$</u> \$	350,000 350,000

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT BY INDIVIDUAL ISSUE (CONTINUED)

Description of Indebtedness	Original Amount of Issue	Interest Rate	Date of Issue	Last Maturity Date		tanding /2018	Issued During Period	N I	d and/or Iatured During Period	Dι	unded uring eriod		utstanding /30/2019
Payable through Water Department													
BONDS PAYABLE USDA Revenue & Tax Bond Series 2008 USDA Revenue & Tax Bond Series 2009 USDA Revenue & Tax Bond Series 2009A USDA Revenue & Tax Bond Series 2015 General Obligation, Series 2017 Total Bonds Payable through Water Departm	\$ 3,500,000 4,980,000 2,623,000 1,900,000 665,558 ent	2.25% 3.00% 2.50% 2.75% 5.00%	9/19/2013 10/15/2014 1/24/2015 7/20/2016 9/28/2017	9/19/2050 10/15/2051 11/30/2052 7/31/2054 6/1/2020		3,193,784 4,692,994 2,511,230 1,844,117 665,558 2,907,683	 	\$	68,703 83,864 46,661 30,378 335,169 564,775	\$	- - - - -	\$	3,125,081 4,609,130 2,464,569 1,813,739 330,389 12,342,908
OTHER LOANS PAYABLE State Revolving Fund Loan (CW0) State Revolving Fund Loan (CG1) State Revolving Fund Loan (CG4) State Revolving Fund Loan (CG2) State Revolving Fund Loan (DWF) State Revolving Fund Loan (CW6) State Revolving Fund Loan (SRF) TDOT Utility Relocation Loan Total Loans Payable through Water Departm	\$ 972,360 4,300,000 4,000,000 1,700,000 5,050,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 2,070,465 ent	1.17% 1.17% 1.38% 1.38% 1.12% 1.31% 1.31% 1.85%	2/4/2013 2/4/2013 1/23/2015 1/23/2015 5/10/2016 11/29/2017 11/29/2017 8/22/2005	7/20/2034 3/20/2036 4/20/2037 10/20/2037 12/20/2038 4/20/2039 (1) 12/20/2024		601,973 3,477,951 3,530,030 1,393,342 3,990,399 73,888 - 968,012 14,035,595	\$ 93,369 1,059,601 826,112 518,478 - 2,497,560	\$	34,212 177,342 165,276 71,310 112,956 6,568 - 141,460 709,124	\$		\$	567,761 3,300,609 3,364,754 1,415,401 4,937,044 893,432 518,478 826,552 15,824,031
Payable through Sanitation Department OTHER LOANS PAYABLE Bank Installment Note Total Loans Payable through Sanitation Department	\$ 205,000 artment	2.50%	7/18/2017	7/18/2020	\$\$	144,014 144,014	\$ 	\$ \$	68,169 68,169	\$ \$		<u>\$</u>	75,845 75,845
Payable through Fayetteville City Schools BONDS PAYABLE General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 Total Bonds Payable through Fayetteville City		2.0%-3.25%	5/1/2013	6/1/1937	\$	5,090,000 5,090,000	\$ -	<u> </u>	220,000 220,000	<u> </u>	-	<u>\$</u>	4,870,000 4,870,000

⁽¹⁾ Total amount approved was \$3,000,000, of which \$2,481,522 remains available for draws as of June 30, 2019.

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES SCHEDULE OF ELECTRIC UTILITY RATES IN EFFECT CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2019

Residential

Customer Charge **Energy Charge**

TVA Total Monthly Fuel Cost

\$23.40 per month

7.654 cents per KWH

1.871 cents per KWH

General Services

LESS THAN 50 KW

Customer Charge Customer Charge

Energy Charge

TVA Total Monthly Fuel Cost

Usage less than 500 KWH

Usage greater than 500 KWH

\$35.15 per month \$39.00 per month 8.836 cents per KWH

1.842 cents per KWH

51 KW TO 1,000 KW

Customer Charge

Demand Charge

First 50 KW

\$225.00 per month \$5.00 per KW

Energy Charge

Excess over 50 KW First 15,000 KWH

\$16.24 per KW 7.589 cents per KWH 4.391 cents per KWH

TVA Total Monthly Fuel Cost

Additional KWH First 15,000 KWH

1.842 cents per KWH

Additional KWH

1.810 cents per KWH

1,001 KW TO 5,000 KW

Customer Charge

Demand Charge

First 1,000 KW

Excess over 1,000 KW

\$450.00 per month

\$17.26 per KW \$19.76 per KW

Energy Charge

TVA Total Monthly Fuel Cost

4.374 cents per KWH. 1.810 cents per KWH

Manufacturing Services

5,001 KW TO 15,000 KW

Customer Charge

Demand Charge

Onpeak

\$1,850 per delivery point \$10.24 per KW

Maximum **Excess over Contract** \$2.26 per KW \$10.24 per KW

Energy Charge

Onpeak

5.779 cents per KWH

Offpeak first 200 hours Offpeak next 200 hours 3.279 cents per KWH 0.310 cents per KWH

Offpeak additional KWH

0.055 cents per KWH 1.671 cents per KWH

TVA Total Monthly Fuel Cost

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES SCHEDULE OF GAS UTILITY RATES IN EFFECT

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2019

Residential Monthly minimum Per ccf consumed per month	\$ 5.00 1.05
General Commercial and Industrial (average usage under 500 ccf per day) Monthly minimum Per ccf consumed per month	\$ 5.66 1.10
General Commercial and Industrial Monthly minimum Per ccf consumed per month	\$ 5.66 0.990
Housing Authority Monthly minimum Per ccf consumed per month	\$ 5.00 0.971
Interruptible Service Per ccf consumed per month	\$ 0.417
<u>Firm Industrial</u> Monthly minimum Per ccf consumed per month	\$ 100.00 0.567

Note: ccf represents 100 cubic feet.

FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES SCHEDULE OF TELECOM RATES IN EFFECT

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Cable TV Service	\$	30.87
Budget basic		68.00
Basic plus		80.62
Basic digital		87.09
Digital service with DVR only		82.72
Digital service with HD only		88.18
Complete digital package		
Digital Premium Channels		17.46
НВО		17.46
Cinemax		10.95 24.00
HBO/Cinemax package		24.00 14.95
Showtime/Movie channel/FLIX package		7.95
Encore		11.95
Encore/Starz package		22
Additional Cable Equipment Available		7.50
Digital converter w/ remote		7.50 12.00
HD box		13.00
HD box with DVR		2.50
Cable card		4.00
Inside wire maintenance		2,00
Internet Services		
50 Meg	\$	47.49
75 Meg		67.49
100 Meg		80.09
Cable modem (may be purchased for \$50.00)		6.50
VOIP Phone Services	\$	45.95
Unlimited service	Ψ	43.95
Basic service		10.70
With internet and cable		20.05
Unlimited service		30.95
Basic service		28.95
With internet or cable		35.95
Unlimited service		33.95
Basic service		

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FAYETTEVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES SCHEDULE OF WATER AND SEWER UTILITY RATES IN EFFECT

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2019

	_	RESID Inside <u>City</u>	 TAL Outside City	 COMM Inside <u>City</u>	<u>IER</u>	CIAL Outside City	Ī	ndustrial	Frito Lay	WHO With ontracts	 ALE Without Contracts
Water Rates First 100 cubic feet All over 100 cubic feet*	\$	10.03 4.26	\$ 13.04 5.53	\$ 11.02	\$	14.33	\$	10.53	\$ 11.02	\$ 10.43	\$ 10.73
Next 900 cubic feet* All over 1,000 cubic feet* Next 119,000 cubic feet* All over 120,000 cubic feet*				4.70 3.43		6.11 4.48		4.47 3.38	4.70 N/A 3.75 2.50	4.37 3.28	4.67 3.58
Wastewater Rates First 100 cubic feet All over 100 cubic feet*		15.84 6.73	18.22 7.74	18.05 7.67				18.05 7.67			

Number of water and wastewater customers at June 30,

*Per 100 cubic feet

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Water	4,658	4,635
Sewer	3,543	3,531

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF SANITATION RATES IN EFFECT

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Residential Per household Per apartment		\$ 14 14
Each additional cart purchas	ed is an additional \$10.	
Commercial and Industrial 1 cart	Twice/wk Once/wk	38 19
2 carts	Twice/wk Once/wk	68 34
3 carts	Twice/wk Once/wk	98 49
4 carts	Twice/wk Once/wk	128 64
6 carts	Twice/wk Once/wk	188 94

SCHEDULE OF NUMBER OF UTILITY CUSTOMERS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

	June 3 <u>2019</u>	50, <u>2018</u>
Electric Gas Telecom division -Cable Telecom division -Internet Telecom division -Phone Water Wastewater Sanitation	18,477 6,381 2,555 2,718 321 4,658 3,543 2,720	18,369 6,353 2,742 2,606 297 4,635 3,531 2,699

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2019

Year 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012	\$ Balance <u>July 1, 2018</u> 2,884,704 133,134 14,589 5,266 3,883 3,484 2,533	\$ Taxes <u>Levied</u> 2,898,443	\$ Adjustments - (4,778) 1,191 - - - -	\$ Collections - (2,754,161) (115,537) (13,035) (1,537) (212) - (299)	\$ Balance June 30, 2019 2,898,443 125,765 18,788 1,554 3,729 3,671 3,484 2,234
2011	2,533 -	-	-	(299) -	2,234 -
2010	\$ 3,047,593	\$ 2,898,443	\$ (3,587)	\$ (2,884,781)	 3,057,668
	or uncollectible year, net of allow				\$ (32,101) 3,025,567

All uncollectible real estate taxes for tax years prior to 2018 have been turned over to the Clerk and Master for collection.

DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2019

Mayor - Michael Whisenant, beginning November 27, 2018 (Jon Law, through November 27, 2018)

Board of Alderman

Dorothy Small - Vice Mayor

Danny Bryant

Gwen Shelton, through October 2018

Anna Catherine Osteen, through November 27, 2018

Violet Harry, through November 27, 2018

Michael Whisenant, through November 27, 2018

Donna Hartman, beginning November 27, 2018

Jeff Alder, beginning November 27, 2018

Tonya Allen, beginning November 27, 2018

Rachael Martinez, beginning November 27, 2018

City Administrator - Scott Collins

City Attorney - Johnny D. Hill, Jr.

City Judge - J. Rhea Thompson, III

City Finance Director - Stacy Rozell, CMFO *

Director of Schools - Janine Wilson

Fayetteville Public Utilities:

CEO/ General Manager - Britt Dye

Secretary/Treasurer - Glenn Oldham

Assistant Manager - Kim Posey

^{*} Designated with financial oversight responsibility.

UNCOLLECTED DELINQUENT TAXES FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the government turned	d over \$50,934 of 2017 property taxes receivable to the
clerk and master in accordance with applicable laws.	

PROPERTY TAX RATES AND ASSESSMENTS - LAST TEN YEARS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

Tax Year	Total Assessed Value	 City Property Tax Rate	 Levy
2010	\$ 143,917,096	\$ 1.3195	\$ 1,933,399
2011	143,073,864	1.3195	1,931,385
2012	142,572,639	1.3195	1,923,360
2013	149,478,875	1.6500	2,512,322
2014	157,275,495	1.6500	2,648,761
2015	157,466,885	1.6500	2,657,546
2016	159,870,174	1.6500	2,637,899
2017	173,706,403	1.6500	2,866,182
2018	171,408,879	1.6500	2,884,704
2019	193,229,552	1.5000	2,898,443

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

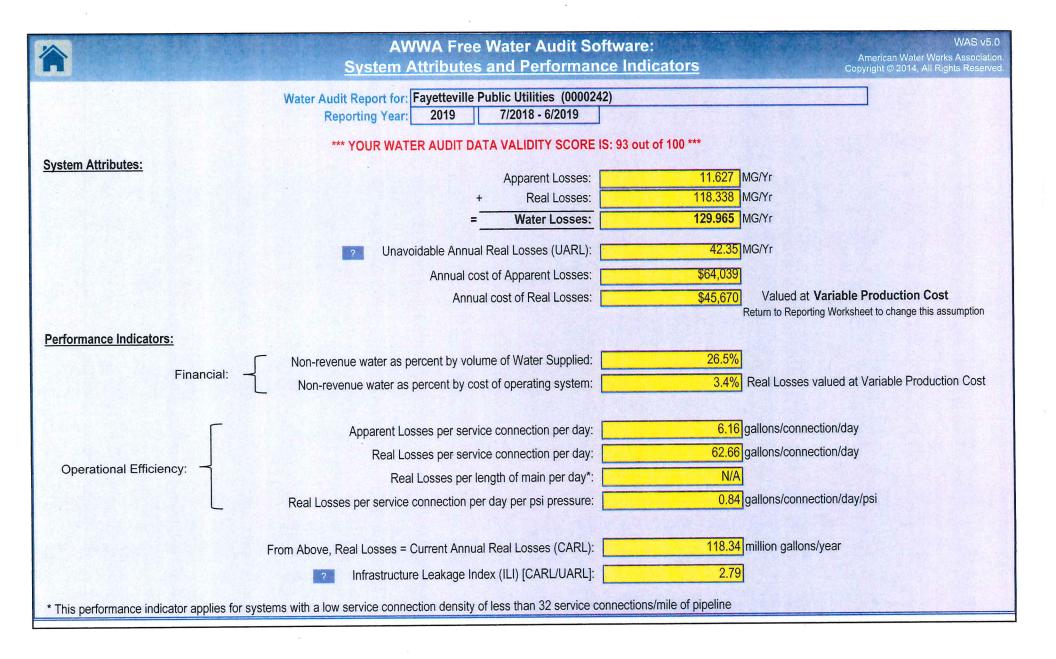
Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor	Program/Cluster Name	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Grant/Project/ Contract /Program <u>Number</u>	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
<u>Federal Awards</u> U.S. Dept of Transportation /	Highway Planning and				
TN Dept of Transportation Total Highway Planning and Construction Clu	Construction Cluster	20.205	STP-M-3316(10)	<u></u>	\$ 30,944 30,944
Total Federal Awards				-	30,944
State Financial Assistance None					_
Total State Awards					·
Total Federal & State Awards				\$ -	\$ 30,944

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

This Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance summarizes the expenditures of the government under programs of the federal and state governments for the year ended June 30, 2019. Separate Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance for Fayetteville Public Utilities and Fayetteville City Schools are included in their separately issued, publicly available financial reports. This schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

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Click to access definition	Water Audit Report for:								
Click to add a comment	Reporting Year:	2019	7/2018 - 6/2019						
ease enter data in the white cells t	pelow. Where available, metered values shou ent (n/a or 1-10) using the drop-down list to th	ld be used; if met	ered values are unavailal	ole please estimate a va	alue. Indicate you	ur confidenc grades	e in the	accuracy of I	he
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To sele	ct the correct data grading for each input	determine the l	highest grade where				0	- A.II	
	the utility meets or exceeds all criteria for		d all grades below it. Enter grading i	n column 'E' and '.l'		Meter and cnt:	Supply	y Error Adju Value:	stments
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THE STATE OF								OR value	
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	Unauthorized consumption: option selected for unauthorized con-	cumption - 2 or	1.484		L	0.23%			JWO
Default	Customer metering inaccuracies:					I G			MG/
		11 6 15	9.052	MG/Yr		2.00%			IVIOI
	Systematic data handling errors:	+ ?	1.091			2.00% © 0.25% ©			2700F1
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INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION

PUTMAN & HANCOCK

Certified Public Accountants

219 East College Street P.O. Box 722 Fayetteville, Tennessee 37334 (931) 433-1040 Fax (931) 433-9290 www.putmanandhancock.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Mayor and Aldermen City of Fayetteville Fayetteville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Fayetteville's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2018-001.

City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's Response to Findings

City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Fayetteville, Tennessee's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Putman & Hancock

Fayetteville, TN December 17, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, TENNESSEE

June 30, 2019

Finding 2018-001

Condition and Criteria: We noted the City's Housing and Community Development function had actual expenditures in excess of budgeted expenditures.

Effect: Actual expenditures in excess of budgeted expenditures are in violation of Tennessee Code Annotated 7-86-120.

Auditors' Recommendation: Budgets should be monitored and amended as necessary to reflect authorization of the Board to incur expenditures.

Management Response: We concur with the finding. Due to turnover in staff, budgets were not amended as they should have been. Budgets will be amended in the future as required.

City of Fayetteville

Michael Whisenant, Mayor Dorothy Small, Vice Mayor Scott Collins, City Administrator

Phone (931) 433-6154 (931) 433-2557

110 Elk Avenue South



"Where Tradition Meets Tomorrow" Fayetteville, TN 37334

Alderman: Jeff Alder Tonya Allen Danny Bryant Donna Hartman Rachael Martinez

www.fayettevilletn.com

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

The City of Fayetteville, Tennessee respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NONCOMPLIANCE

Finding 2018-001

Condition and Criteria: We noted the City's Housing and Community Development function had actual expenditures in excess of budgeted expenditures.

Recommendations: Budgets should be monitored and amended as necessary to reflect authorization of the Board to incur expenditures. Budget amendments must be adopted to authorize increases in spending before spending occurs. No provision is made to permit the City to spend after the fact.

Planned Corrective Action: Budgets will be closely monitored by each department and budget amendments will be introduced as needed.

Responsible Person: Stacy Rozell, Finance Director

Anticipated Completion Date: Corrective action is currently in place.

Stacy Rozell, Finance Director

December 17, 2019

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Financial Statement Findings

Finding Number		Finding Title	Status
2018-001	Budgets		Repeated
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Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Not applicable