

That Settles It!

Pumps bring the river water to its first stop in the treatment process. Find out what happens here as you solve the puzzle to complete the paragraph below.

Directions: Find where each number and letter cross on the grid below. Fill in each blank with the letter listed on the grid. For example, A8 is the letter D and F2 is the letter M.

Pumps move the water into two huge underground

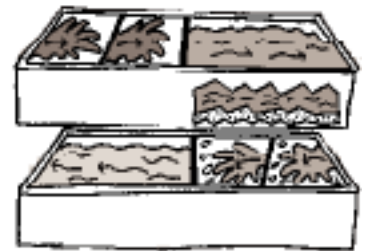
 P
B6 H8 H4 F7 H4 A8 E7 F2 H4 E3 H1 B4 H1 E7 E5 E3

 D6 B4 F7 E7 E3 F7 . Each tank will hold four

 F2 E7 B2 B2 E7 E5 E3 gallons of water! There,

something called

 B6 E5 C7 A8 H4 H8 H4 A8



 B4 A1 H1 E7 C5 B4 H1 H4 A8 is added
A1 B4 H8 D6 E5 E3

to get rid of B6 H4 F7 H1 E7 A1 E7 A8 H4 F7 and bad

 E5 A8 E5 H8 F7 and H1 B4 F7 H1 H4 F7 . A brownish substance

called E1 H4 H8 H8 E7 A1 is

also added to make all the dirt particles in the water A1 B2 C1 F2 B6 together and

fall to the bottom of the tanks where they can be F7 A1 H8 B4 B6 H4 A8 away.

8	D	X		J				R
7			W		I	S		
6	P			B				Y
5	Q		V		O	H		
4		A	K					E
3				G	N		Z	
2		L				M		
1	C		U		F			T
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H



DEWEY™ Facts:

- Wetlands are good at soaking up pollutants like fertilizers and pesticides so they don't get into our rivers and streams.
- Ladybugs can be natural "pesticides." They eat bugs that are harmful to crops, such as aphids, rootworms, and weevils.