REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN JUNE 30, 2010

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable City Council of the City of Corcoran and Board of Directors of the Corcoran Redevelopment Agency Corcoran, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Corcoran, California (Agency), a component unit of the City of Corcoran, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Agency's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Agency as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2010, on our consideration of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Corcoran's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Redevelopment Agency of the City of Corcoran has not presented a management's discussion and analysis. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that a management's discussion and analysis be presented as supplementary information.

The *budgetary comparison information* on pages 18-19 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Clovis, California

December 22, 2010

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REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities	
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agent - restricted	\$	3,816,793 313,526
Receivables: Taxes Interest Other		73,269 49,635 16,055
Notes Property held for resale		232,370 450,841
Bond issuance costs, net Capital assets: Non-depreciable		296,938 107,501
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		4,603,788
Total assets		9,960,716
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable Deposits Deferred revenue Advances from City of Corcoran		63,372 500 175,838 5,020,512
Noncurrent liabilities: Due in one year: Compensated absences Tax allocation bonds (net of unamortized discounts)		4,192 185,000
Due in more than one year: Tax allocation bonds (net of unamortized discounts)		3,970,000
Total liabilities		9,419,414
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Special revenue funds Debt service funds		556,289 1,659,872 1,771,560
Unrestricted		(3,446,419)
Total net assets	\$	541,302

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Pro	Net		
	_	Charges for	Operating	Capital	Governmental
	Expenses	Services	Grants	Grants	Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS: Governmental activities: General government Community development Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$ 532,607 1,075,506 277,047 \$ 1,885,160	\$ - - - \$ -	\$ - 7,121 - \$ 7,121	\$ - - - \$ -	\$ (532,607) (1,068,385) (277,047) \$ (1,878,039)
	General revenue Taxes: Property taxes Investment earn Rental income Other income	;			\$ 1,278,010 19,278 175,710 1,904
	Total general rev	venues			1,474,902
	Change in net as				(403,137)
	Net assets, July				944,439
	Net assets, June	e 30, 2010			<u>\$ 541,302</u>

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	Special Rev	enue Funds			
	Low and Moderate Income Operations Fund Fund Fund		Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agent - restricted Receivables:	\$ 513,805 -	\$ 1,136,418 -	\$ 615,163 313,526	\$ 1,551,407 -	\$ 3,816,793 313,526
Taxes	-	14,654	58,615	-	73,269
Interest	702	46,500	2,433	-	49,635
Other	14,000	2,055	-	-	16,055
Notes	_	149,294	-	-	149,294
Advances to other funds	-	-	784,795	-	784,795
Property held for resale	_	-	-	450,841	450,841
, ,				· · · · · ·	<u> </u>
Total assets	\$ 528,507	\$1,348,921	\$ 1,774,532	\$ 2,002,248	\$ 5,654,208
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 4,411	\$ 18,332	\$ 2,972	\$ 37,657	\$ 63,372
Deferred revenue	-	194,313	-	-	194,313
Deposits	-	500	-	-	500
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	784,795	784,795
Advances from City of Corcoran				2,088,313	2,088,313
Total liabilities	4,411	213,145	2,972	2,910,765	3,131,293
Fund balances:					
Reserved for:					
Debt service	-	-	313,526	-	313,526
Unreserved, undesignated					
reported in:					
Special revenue funds	524,096	1,135,776	-	-	1,659,872
Debt service funds	-	-	1,458,034	-	1,458,034
Capital project funds				(908,517)	(908,517)
Total fund balances	524,096	1,135,776	1,771,560	(908,517)	2,522,915
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 528,507	\$1,348,921	\$ 1,774,532	\$ 2,002,248	\$ 5,654,208

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	2,522,915
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		4,711,289
Bond issuance costs to be amortized over the life of the debt.		296,938
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, they were not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.		(7,091,391)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.	_	101,551
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	541,302

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Special Rev	enue Funds			
	Operations Fund	Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 255,602	\$ 1,022,408	\$ -	\$ 1,278,010
Use of money and property	171,166	15,008	8,814	-	194,988
Repayment of loans	-	7,121	-	-	7,121
Miscellaneous	-	1,904	<u>-</u> _		1,904
Total revenues	171,166	279,635	1,031,222		1,482,023
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	115,334	-	390,524	-	505,858
Community development	-	385,815	-	543,971	929,786
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	180,000	-	180,000
Interest and fiscal charges			188,734	88,313	277,047
Total expenditures	115,334	385,815	759,258	632,284	1,892,691
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	55,832	(106,180)	271,964	(632,284)	(410,668)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer in to other funds	-	_	_	508,014	508,014
Transfer out to other funds	<u>-</u> _		(508,014)	<u> </u>	(508,014)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(508,014)	508,014	
Net change in fund balances	55,832	(106,180)	(236,050)	(124,270)	(410,668)
Fund balances, July 1, 2009	468,264	1,241,956	2,007,610	(784,247)	2,933,583
Fund balances, June 30, 2010	\$ 524,096	\$ 1,135,776	\$ 1,771,560	\$ (908,517)	\$ 2,522,915

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (410,668)
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government- wide statement and changes in net assets, but it does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(167,640)
Compensated absences expense reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	7,332
Repayment of long-term principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the government-wide statement of net assets.	180,000
Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(12,161)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (403,137)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Corcoran (the Agency) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Redevelopment Agency of the City of Corcoran (Agency) was established by Ordinance No. 286 adopted on February 5, 1973, pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 33000, entitled "Community Redevelopment Law." The Agency did not engage in any activity until fiscal year 1981. The Agency acquired 25 acres of industrially zoned land in September 1980, which it is promoting for sale and/or development. The Agency's Redevelopment Plan was amended on July 15, 1985, by Ordinance No. 414-NS to provide for the addition of certain areas to the original project area. The Board adopted a second amendment to the Agency's Redevelopment Plan on July 8, 1996, by Ordinance No. 516-NS to provide for the addition of 924 acres of urbanized area within and surrounding the City of Corcoran.

Under the Redevelopment Plan, the Agency intends to redevelop, rehabilitate and revitalize the area within the boundaries of the Corcoran Industrial Sector Redevelopment Project to provide additional employment opportunities, and to provide safe, decent, sanitary and affordable housing, including housing for persons with low or moderate income.

The Agency is comprised of all funds under the jurisdiction and control of the Agency Governing Board. The Governing Board is comprised of the City of Corcoran City Council. Because the City of Corcoran's governing council controls the Agency, the Agency is considered a component unit of the City of Corcoran; therefore, the Agency's financial information is blended into the City of Corcoran's Annual Financial Report.

The Agency has no financial or operational relationships with other related agencies, organizations, or functions of government which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, for inclusion as a component unit of the Agency.

Description of Funds

The accounts of the Agency are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual fund based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Agency's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental activities for the Agency. The Agency does not have any business-type activities; therefore, only governmental activities are reported.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (continued)

These basic financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Agency's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Agency gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, including property tax increments, grants, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property tax increment is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

Other revenues, such as grants and similar items, are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources related to grants are depleted.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Assets have been eliminated except those representing balances between the Agency activities and the City, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column.

The statement of activities presents a comparison of direct expenses and program revenues for activities of the Agency. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular program or function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including property tax increment, are presented instead as general revenues.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Agency are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.* Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Agency considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period. The primary revenue sources susceptible to accrual are property tax increment, intergovernmental and grant revenues, investment income, developer contributions, and rent. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Government Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Reconciliation of the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

The fund financial statements provide information about the Agency's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Agency reports the following major governmental funds:

The Operations Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the Agency's rental activities.

The **Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for the 20% of tax increment funds required by state law to be set aside for low and moderate housing needs.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, debt principal and interest.

The **Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for redevelopment activities including acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and Investments

Under the Agency's cash management program, cash in excess of operating requirements is pooled with the purpose of maximizing interest through investment activities, and is deposited in savings accounts or invested in bank certificates of deposit, bank money market accounts and the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). Interest income on pooled investments is allocated on the end of month balance in each fund included in the pools.

Interfund

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "interfund advances receivable/payable" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans).

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Restricted Assets

Assets that are restricted for specified uses by bonded debt requirements, grant provision or other requirements are classified as restricted because they are maintained in separate bank accounts or by fiscal agents, and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or agreements. Liabilities payable from such restricted assets are separately classified on the statement of net assets.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Equity (continued)

Capital Assets

The Agency's assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Agency policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$500. The Agency has chosen not to capitalize infrastructure in place prior to the adoption of GASB 34. Gifts or contributions of capital assets are recorded at fair market value when received. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the following assets:

Buildings	25-40 years
Improvements	5-20 years
Equipment	3-10 years
Vehicles	5-10 years

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements. In accordance with Statement No. 34, the Agency has included the value of all infrastructures since the beginning of the 2002/03.

Personnel Services

The Agency has no employees. Administrative and accounting services are provided by the City personnel. Consequently, the Agency has an obligation to the City for compensated absences and retirement plan contributions.

Net Assets and Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

<u>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</u> – this amount consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net assets</u> – this amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or law or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted net assets</u> – this amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

In the fund financial statements, reserves and designations segregate portions of fund balance that are either not available or have been earmarked for specific purposes. The various reserves and designations are established by actions of the Board and management and can be increased, reduced or eliminated by similar actions.

Encumbrances

The Agency does not use encumbrance accounting.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Equity (continued)

Budgeting

Prior to July 1, the Board of Directors adopts budgets for the governmental fund types of the Agency. Following publication and public hearings, the budgets are legally enacted by resolution. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

These budgets are revised by the Agency's governing board during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. Both the original and final revised budget are presented in the financial statements.

Property Taxes

Revenue is recognized when measurable and available. The assessment, levy and collection of property taxes are the responsibility of the County of Kings (County). The Agency records property taxes as revenue when received from the County, except at fiscal year-end, when property taxes received within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year are "available", and, therefore, recognized as revenue.

Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied based on the assessed value as of January 1, lien date, of the preceding fiscal year. Secured property tax is levied on July 1 and due in two installments, on November 1 and February 1. Collection dates are December 10 and April 10, which are also the delinquent dates. Unsecured property tax is levied on July 1 and due on July 31, and has a collection date of August 31, which is also the delinquent date.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities section of the statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as costs of issuance, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate vacation pay in varying amounts as services are provided. The City limits accumulated vacation to 30 working days for employees and 45 working days for management. All outstanding vacation pay is payable upon termination of employment. This amount is included as a liability in the government-wide financial statements.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue is that for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The Agency typically records deferred revenue related to uncollected outstanding, performing loans and intergovernmental revenues (primarily grants and subventions) received but not yet earned (qualifying expenditures not yet incurred).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Equity (continued)

Low Income Housing

Under requirements of the State of California Health and Safety Code, the Agency is required to set aside 20% of tax increment revenues for use in housing projects benefiting low and moderate income households. At June 30, 2010, the net cumulative unspent low and moderate income housing set-aside funds have been obligated by the Agency and are included in the respective project area Low Income Housing Special Revenue Fund for 20% set-aside.

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Assets

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the Agency's policy is to apply restricted net assets first.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS WITH FISCAL AGENT

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2010, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Credit Quality Ratings	 Carrying Amount	Maturity
Primary government deposits Investments	Not applicable Aaa	\$ 3,816,793 313,526	N/A Less than 12 months
Total cash and cash equivalents		\$ 4,130,319	

The Agency pools its cash and investments with the City. As of June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the Agency's deposits with the City was \$3,816,793.

Refer to the City of Corcoran's Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for disclosures related to cash and investments and related risks disclosure.

Restricted Assets

The restricted cash and cash equivalents represents amounts that are held by a trustee bank and restricted for debt service.

As of June 30, 2010, the restricted cash and cash equivalents amounted to \$313,526.

NOTE 3 – NOTES RECEIVABLE / DEFERRED REVENUE

Notes receivable consisted of the following as of June 30, 2010:

Deferred payment loans receivable under the Community Redevelopment Housing Set-Aside Fund are not required to be paid back until the participating homeowner sells, transfers title to the rehabilitated property, or discontinues residence in the dwelling, at which time, the full amount of the deferred loan is due. Deferred payment loans are "non-performing" loans and are not recorded as receivable or deferred revenue. Such loans totaled \$149,294 as of June 30, 2010.

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

At June 30, 2010, the funds below have made advances that were not expected to be repaid in one year or less.

	Transfers			
	In	Out		
Nonmajor funds:				
Debt service fund	\$ -	\$	508,014	
Capital projects fund	 508,014			
Total	\$ 508,014	\$	508,014	

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the following changes with capital assets occurred.

	Balance July 1, 2009 Increases		Decreases	Balance June 30, 2010
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	<u>\$ 107,501</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 107,501</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	107,501			107,501
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Furniture and equipment	4,592,502 1,666,725 44,301	- - -	- - -	4,592,502 1,666,725 44,301
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,303,528			6,303,528
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Furniture and equipment	(1,327,738) (190,095) (14,267)	(117,561) (41,668) (8,411)	- - -	(1,445,299) (231,763) (22,678)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,532,100)	(167,640)		(1,699,740)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,771,428	(167,640)		4,603,788
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,878,929	\$ (167,640)	\$ -	\$ 4,711,289

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2010, is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2009	Incurred or Issued	Satisfied or Matured	Balance June 30, 2010	Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due in More Than One Year
2004 Tax Allocation Bonds Compensated absences	\$ 4,335,000 11,524	\$ - 2,405	\$ (180,000) (9,737)	\$ 4,155,000 4,192	\$ 185,000 4,192	\$ 3,970,000
Total	\$ 4,346,524	\$ 2,405	\$ (189,737)	\$4,159,192	\$ 189,192	\$3,970,000

Bond Payable

2004 Tax Allocation Bonds

The 2004 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds were issued on November 1, 2004, by the Community Redevelopment Agency to refund the Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 1994 issued by the agency. Bonds authorized and issued have interest ranging from 1.9% to 5.0% and mature December 1, 2034. The future payments are as follows:

2004 Tax Allocation Bonds

Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2011	\$ 185,000	\$ 184,017	\$ 369,017
2012	190,000	177,543	367,543
2013	200,000	170,417	370,417
2014	205,000	162,918	367,918
2015	215,000	154,718	369,718
2016-2020	1,200,000	634,327	1,834,327
2021-2025	1,005,000	350,650	1,355,650
2026-2030	425,000	197,900	622,900
2031-2035	530,000	82,500	612,500
Total	\$4,155,000	\$2,114,990	\$6,269,990

NOTE 7 – DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The Capital Projects Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$908,517.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL OPERATIONS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Use of money and property	\$ 168,000	\$ 168,000	<u>\$ 171,166</u>	\$ 3,166
Total revenues	168,000	168,000	171,166	3,166
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
General government	149,736	149,736	115,334	34,402
Total expenditures	149,736	149,736	115,334	34,402
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	18,264	18,264	55,832	37,568
Fund balances, July 1, 2009	468,264	468,264	468,264	
Fund balances, June 30, 2010	\$ 486,528	\$ 486,528	\$ 524,096	\$ 37,568

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOW AND MODERATE INCOME HOUSING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 230,711	\$ 230,711	\$ 255,602	\$ 24,891
Use of money and property	27,000	27,000	15,008	(11,992)
Repayment of loans	6,000	6,000	7,121	1,121
Miscellaneous		_	1,904	1,904
Total revenues	263,711	263,711	279,635	15,924
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
Community development	496,754	496,754	385,815	110,939
Total expenditures	496,754	496,754	385,815	110,939
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(233,043)	(233,043)	(106,180)	126,863
Fund balances, July 1, 2009	1,241,956	1,241,956	1,241,956	
Fund balances, June 30, 2010	\$ 1,008,913	\$ 1,008,913	\$ 1,135,776	\$ 126,863

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable City Council of the City of Corcoran and Board of Directors Of Corcoran Community Redevelopment Agency Corcoran, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Corcoran (Agency), a component unit of the City of Corcoran, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with

those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Audit Committee, Board of Directors of the Agency, management of the Agency, and the State Controller, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clovis, California

December 22, 2010

Prue Page & Company

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

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SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No items are reportable.

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF CORCORAN SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No items were reportable in the prior year.