

**CHARTER REVIEW COMMITTEE MEETING
HAMAMATSU CONFERENCE ROOM
CITY HALL, 291 N. MAIN STREET
PORTERVILLE, CALIFORNIA
SEPTEMBER 11, 2013, 6:00 P.M.**

Call to Order
Roll Call

ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

This is the opportunity to address the Charter Review Committee. Unless additional time is authorized by the Committee, all commentary shall be limited to three minutes.

SCHEDULED MATTERS

- 1. Introductions and Committee Organization**
Re: Selecting a Committee Chair and Vice Chair.

- 2. Scheduling of Meetings**
Re: Determining regular meeting time for Committee meetings.

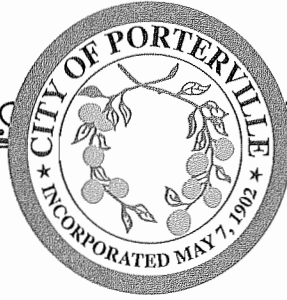
- 3. Review of City Charter**
Re: Review of the City Charter and discussion of potential amendments.

OTHER MATTERS

ADJOURNMENT

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and the California Ralph M. Brown Act, if you need special assistance to participate in this meeting, or to be able to access this agenda and documents in the agenda packet, please contact the Office of City Clerk at (559) 782-7464. Notification 48 hours prior to the meeting will enable the City to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility to this meeting and/or provision of an appropriate alternative format of the agenda and documents in the agenda packet.

Materials related to an item on this Agenda submitted to the Committee after distribution of the Agenda packets are available for public inspection during normal business hours at the Office of City Clerk, 291 North Main Street, Porterville, CA 93257, and on the City's website at www.ci.porterville.ca.us.



September 6, 2013

Respected Members of the Charter Review Committee:

Congratulations on your appointment, and sincerest appreciation and gratitude for generously volunteering of your valuable time and energy to assist the City of Porterville in serving as a Member of the Charter Review Committee. Last convened in 2003, the City Council has tasked the Committee to review the City's Charter in broad scope, with several subjects of particular attention and focus. In addition, the City Attorney has identified several areas in need of amendment to conform with current state law. For your convenience, a copy of the City's Charter and projected review timeline has been enclosed, both of which will also be provided in a binder at the Committee's first meeting for each Member's personal use.

Pursuant to Section 39 of the Charter (*Fiscal Year*), "The fiscal year of the city shall commence on the first day of July of each year, or at such other time as may be fixed by ordinance." With City Council elections currently coinciding with state primary elections in June (Section 5), and an annual budget required to be adopted by the beginning of the fiscal year (Section 51), newly-elected Councils are potentially "inheriting" annual budgets adopted by previously-elected Councils. As such, the subject of changing the beginning of the fiscal year to the first of October has been discussed, similar to the federal fiscal year. The Council has tasked the Committee to review the Charter and consider modifications that could either change the City's fiscal year or the setting and timing of Council elections.

Pursuant to Section 58 of the Charter (*Pensions*), "A system for retirement, disability, death benefit and pension rights for employees and their dependents authorized by this section when established by the council, shall not be terminated without securing the approval of a majority of the electors of the city of Porterville at an election held therefor." With the escalating costs of public employee pensions under the Public Employee Retirement System (PERS), the Council has tasked the Committee to review the Charter and consider modifications that could remove City employees from PERS, including the formula of a ballot initiative of the same.

Pursuant to Section 67 (*Interference With Performance Of Duties Of City Manager; Interference By City Manager In Elections*), "The Council shall deal with the administrative functions of the city through the city manager. The council shall only have direct contact with the directors of the city's departments for the purpose of asking questions." There have been instances when, instead of dealing with administrative functions of the City through the City Manager, Members of Council have attempted to give direction (or orders) to individual City employees. The Charter does not establish any penalties and/or enforcement provisions for violating the Charter in these instances. In March 2013, the Council adopted Ordinance No. 1795 (enclosed), which reinforced that "No City Council member shall give an order or orders to any subordinate of the City under the jurisdiction of the City Manager or other such officers, either publicly or privately." Also, the Ordinance established penalties and enforcement provisions for such violations. The Council has tasked the Committee to review the Charter and consider penalties and enforcement provisions for Council Manic Interference, similar to that adopted by Ordinance.

Pursuant to Section 68 (*Leases of City Property*), "All indentures of lease shall provide that the council may terminate the same at its pleasure and repossess the premises therein described upon three months' notice thereof and upon paying to the lessee the market value of any improvements made or put upon said premises by the lessee." The requirement that leases of City property include a three months' termination clause has proved cumbersome in the past, given the reluctance of individuals or groups to consider the lease of City property with knowledge that the City Council could give three months' notice to vacate. In some cases, the City has agreed to "Licenses" of City property in an attempt to avoid the Charter lease requirements. In a June 2010 local ballot initiative (Measure R), local voters were asked to remove the three months' termination clause from the Charter, which the initiative failed 56.47% (2,303) to 43.53% (1,775). The Council has tasked the Committee to review the Charter and consider modifications to the leasing of City property.

Again, thank you for your time and contributions as Members to the Charter Review Committee, and the City Council and staff look forward to working with you on this important community endeavor.



CHARTER AMENDMENT TIMELINE
FOR
JUNE 3, 2014 ELECTION

DATE	ACTION
June 18, 2013	City Council establishes a nine-member Charter Review Committee charged with a broad review of the City's Charter and approves proposed timeline.
July 16, 2013	City Council determines method of appointment for Committee Members, and authorizes a broad scope of review by the Committee.
August 6, 2013 through August 20, 2013	City Council appoints nine-member Committee.
Sept. 11, 2013 through Nov. 19, 2013	Committee meets and undertakes comprehensive review of Charter Council and prepares recommendations for the Council's consideration.
Nov. 19, 2013	Committee submits written recommendation to City Manager for presentation to City Council at a Special Meeting on November 25, 2013.
Nov. 25, 2013	City Council holds Special Meeting for review and consideration of Charter Review Committee recommendations.
Dec. 3, 2013	City Council makes determination and refers to staff to draft ballot measure language.
Dec. 17, 2013	Council adopts resolution for Calling Election for Ballot Measure.
Feb. 3, 2014	Last Day to Call Election for Ballot Measure (<i>County Recommends Election minus 120 days; last two Council Meeting dates are Jan. 20th and Feb. 3rd</i>)
June 3, 2014	Election Day

ORDINANCE NO. 1795

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE
ADDING SECTIONS 2-6.1 AND 2-6.2 TO CHAPTER 2, ARTICLE I OF
THE PORTERVILLE MUNICIPAL CODE
REGARDING COUNCILMANIC INTERFERENCE WITH ADMINISTRATIVE
FUNCTIONS OF THE CITY

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE DOES ORDAIN AS
FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Code Amendment. Sections 2-6.1 and 2-6.2 are hereby added to Chapter 2, Article I, of the Porterville Municipal Code, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 2
ARTICLE I

Section 2-6.1. Interference with Performance of Duties of City Manager.

- (a) As set forth in Section 67 of the Porterville Municipal Charter, no member of the City Council shall in any manner attempt to influence or coerce the city manager in the making of any appointment or the purchase of supplies in accordance with applicable State and Federal law.
- (b) The City Council shall deal with the administrative functions of the City through the city manager. The City Council shall only have direct contact with the directors of the city's departments for the purpose of asking questions. No City Council member shall give an order or orders to any subordinate of the City under the jurisdiction of the City Manager or other such officers, either publicly or privately.
- (c) Violations of this Section shall be subject to the penalty and enforcement provisions set forth in this Municipal Code, including but not limited to Section 1-9.

Section 2-6.2. Political Activities of Council Members, Administrative Officers, and Employees.

- (a) As set forth (and unless otherwise specified) in Section 67 of the Porterville Municipal Charter, political activities of, and campaign contributions by, the City's legislative officers, administrative officers, and employees shall be governed in accordance with applicable State and Federal law.

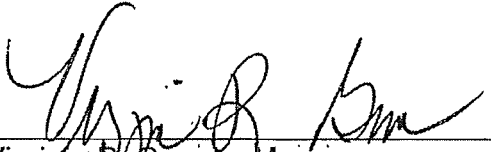
- (b) All City legislative officers, administrative officers, and employees are prohibited from engaging in political activities during working hours.
- (c) All City officers and employees are prohibited from engaging in political activities at their work place. Furthermore, all City officers and employees are prohibited from engaging in political activities on City property, provided this prohibition does not pertain to property that is otherwise open to the public for the purpose of engaging in political activities.
- (d) Violations of the Section shall be subject to the penalty and enforcement provisions set forth in this Municipal Code, including but not limited to Section 1-9, in addition to any applicable State and Federal laws restricting said activities.

Section 3. Severability. Should any provision of this Ordinance, or its application to any person or circumstance, be determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unlawful, unenforceable or otherwise void, that determination shall have no effect on any other provision of this Ordinance or the application of this Ordinance to any other person or circumstance and, to that end, the provisions hereof are severable.

Section 4. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall take effect thirty days after adoption as provided by Porterville Charter Section 12.

Section 5. Certification. The City Clerk shall certify to the passage and adoption of this Ordinance and shall cause the same to be published according to law.

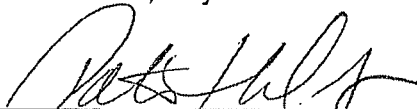
PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED, this 5th day of March, 2013.



Virginia R. Gurrofa, Mayor

ATTEST:

John D. Lollis, City Clerk



By: Patrice Hildreth, Chief Deputy City Clerk

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
 CITY OF PORTERVILLE) (SS)
 COUNTY OF TULARE)

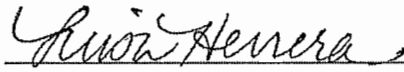
I, JOHN D. LOLLIS, the duly qualified City Clerk of the City of Porterville do hereby certify:

THAT the foregoing ordinance is a true and correct copy of Ordinance No. 1795, passed and adopted by the Council of the City of Porterville at a regular meeting held on the 5th day of March, 2013, that said ordinance has been duly published pursuant to law, and that by the terms and provisions of the Charter of the City of Porterville, said ordinance to become effective April 4, 2013, at which time said ordinance is deemed to be in full force and effect.

THAT said ordinance was introduced by Council and the same was duly passed and adopted by the following vote:

COUNCIL:	WARD	McCRACKEN	GURROLA	SHELTON	HAMILTON
AYES:	X	X	X	X	X
NOES:					
ABSTAIN:					
ABSENT:					

JOHN D. LOLLIS, City Clerk


 By: Luisa Herrera, Deputy City Clerk

PORTERVILLE, CALIFORNIA

CITY CHARTER

Sec. 1. Name Of City; Perpetual Succession.

The municipal corporation now existing and known as the "City Of Porterville" shall remain and continue a body politic and corporate, as at present, in fact and in law, by the name of the "City Of Porterville," and by such name shall have perpetual succession.

Sec. 1.1. City Motto.

"In God We Trust" shall be designated as the official motto of the city of Porterville. (6-24-2008)

Sec. 2. Boundaries.

The boundaries of the city of Porterville shall continue as now established until changed in some manner authorized by law.

Sec. 3. Rights And Liabilities Of Cities; Prior Contracts, Liabilities, Etc., Continued In Effect.

The city of Porterville shall remain vested with and continue to have, hold, and enjoy, all property, rights of property, and rights of action of every nature and description, now pertaining to said municipality, and is hereby declared to be the successor of the same. No right, liability, pending suit or prosecution on behalf of, or against, the city shall be affected by the adoption of this charter. All contracts entered into by the city prior to the taking effect of this charter shall continue in full force and effect.

Sec. 4. General Powers Of City; Official Seal.

The city of Porterville, by and through its council and other officials, shall have and may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate to a municipal corporation and the general welfare of its inhabitants, which are not prohibited by the constitution, and which it would be competent for this charter to set forth particularly or specifically; and the specifications herein of any particular powers shall not be held to be exclusive or any limitation upon this general grant of power. General powers of the city include, but are not limited to, the powers necessary or appropriate to promote the health, welfare and education of its inhabitants. The city shall have and use a common seal and the official seal hereinbefore adopted and now in use by said city shall continue to be the official seal of said city. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 4.1. Intergovernmental Powers.

The city may exercise and perform any of its functions and may participate in the financing thereof, jointly or in cooperation, by agreement or otherwise, with any one or more states or any agency of California, or any governmental jurisdiction or nonprofit corporation thereof, or the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 4.2. Liberal Interpretation.

The powers of the city under this charter shall be construed liberally in favor of the city, and the specific mention of particular powers in the charter shall not be construed as limiting in any way any of the powers granted by this charter. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 5. When Elections To Be Held; Special Elections; Procedure For Elections For Local Improvements Or Levies Of Assessment Or Bonded Indebtedness.

General municipal elections shall be held in said city at the same time as the primary election for state offices for the state of California under and pursuant to the general laws of the state of California governing elections in charter cities, so far as the same may be applicable, and except as herein otherwise provided. All other municipal elections that may be held by authority of this charter or of general law shall be known as special municipal elections, and shall be held, substantially as in this charter provided for general municipal elections; providing, however, that special elections to authorize any municipal or local public improvement, or the levy of assessment therefor, or to create a municipal bonded indebtedness, shall be held in conformity with any general law of the state relative thereto under which any such proceeding is instituted by the council, in case such general law provides for the procedure and manner of holding elections thereunder. (4-6-1971; 4-5-1977; 3-4-2003)

Sec. 6. Initiative, Referendum And Recall.

Ordinances may be initiated, or the referendum exercised on ordinances passed by the council, under and in accordance with the constitution and general laws of the state. Any elective officer may be recalled from office under and pursuant to the provisions of the constitution and general laws, provided that a special election shall be held at the same time as the recall election, in accordance with the constitution and general laws of the state, for the purpose of electing officers to fill the place or places of the officers sought to be recalled. (4-6-1971; 3-4-2003)

Sec. 7. Elective Officers To Be Residents.

In order to be eligible to hold any elective office in the city of Porterville, a person must be a resident and elector therein, and shall have resided in said city for at least thirty days next preceding the filing of their nominating papers, or equivalent declaration or candidacy, and be an elector at the time of said filing. (4-6-1971; 4-5-1977; 3-4-2003)

Sec. 8. Elective Officers.

The elective officers of the city of Porterville shall be five councilmen, who shall be elected from the city at large at a general municipal election therein.

Sec. 9. Legislative Body; Composition; Election; Term; Compensation; Ineligibility For Other City Office; President Of Council; Vice-President; Installation Of Newly Elected Officers; Powers To Be Exercised By Council.

The legislative body of the city shall consist of five persons elected at large, which body shall be known as the council.

The members of the council shall be elected by the qualified voters of the city at a general municipal election to be held in the said city at the same time as the primary election for state offices for the state of California. They shall hold office for the period of four (4) years from and after the Monday next succeeding the day of their election and until their successors are elected, and qualified; provided the respective terms of any council member presently serving or elected at the time of the adoption of this amendment shall be extended one additional year to the even-numbered year following the expiration of their respective terms. (3-4-2003)

The members of the council shall each receive the sum of twenty dollars (\$20.00) for each council meeting actually attended; the mayor shall receive the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each meeting of the council actually attended, provided, however, that the members of the council shall not receive compensation for more than seven meetings in any one calendar month. In addition, the council shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred for authorized city business. (4-6-1971)

The members of the council shall not be eligible to any other office or employment with the city.

The council shall reorganize at its next meeting following each municipal election and shall choose one of their number to serve as president of the council to be known as mayor. At this time the council shall also choose one of their number to serve as vice-president, and he/she shall act as mayor pro tempore in case of the absence, sickness or other disability of the mayor. The mayor and mayor pro tempore shall serve a two year term, but either may be removed at any time by a majority vote of the council. If the council removes the mayor prior to the expiration of his/her term pursuant to this provision, the council shall choose one of their number to serve as mayor until the next organizational meeting. (3-4-2003)

The council shall meet at its usual meeting place on the first Monday after any municipal election, duly canvass the returns and declare the result thereof, and install the newly elected officers, if any.

All powers granted to and vested in the city of Porterville by law or by the provisions of this charter, shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be exercised by the council to be designated the "Council Of The City Of Porterville." The council shall be the governing body of the city and subject to the express limitations of this charter shall be vested with all the powers necessary or convenient for a complete and adequate system of municipal government, consistent with the constitution of the state. (4-6-1937)

Amendment note _ The third paragraph of § 9 was amended April 6, 1971. Formerly said section allowed each council member the sum of \$5.00 for each meeting actually attended, for not more than two meetings in any one month.

Sec. 9.1. Public Participation.

The council shall continue to encourage the organization of and communication with representative neighborhood groups throughout the city to encourage citizen participation, to seek advice and input and to provide information to the public relative to city matters and affairs. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 10. Time And Place Of Council Meetings; Meetings To Be Open To Public; Council To Adopt Rules For Conduct Of Its Own Proceedings.

The council shall provide by ordinance for the time and place of holding its meetings. Special

meetings shall be called in accordance with the provisions of general law. There shall be at least one (1) regular meeting in each month. Any regular meeting may be adjourned to a date and hour certain, and such adjourned meeting shall be a regular meeting for all purposes. (4-6-1971)

Except for special meetings with the legislative bodies of other political subdivisions, or informational meetings held within the community where no action is to be taken, all meetings of the council shall be held in the city hall, unless by reason of fire, flood, or other disaster, or lack of seating capacity, the city hall cannot be used for that purpose, and all meetings shall be open to the public. The council shall adopt rules for conducting its proceedings and may punish its members or other persons present at any meeting for disorderly conduct. (4-2-1963; 3-4-2003)

Amendment note _ The first paragraph of § 10 was amended April 6, 1971, by changing the manner of calling special meetings. Formerly the council provided by ordinance "the manner in which its special meetings may be called." The second paragraph of § 10 was amended March 4, 2003 to allow meeting outside city hall.

Sec. 11. Quorum; Compelling Attendance At Meetings.

A majority of the council shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but a less number may adjourn from time to time and postpone the consideration of or action upon, pending business in like manner. Attendance at meetings of absent members of the council may be compelled in such manner and under such penalties as may be prescribed by ordinance.

Sec. 12. How Council Acts On Legislative Matters; Resolutions; Records Of Votes; Requirement That All Members Vote; How Ordinances Headed; Ordaining Clause; Ordaining Clause Of Ordinances Passed By Initiative; When Ordinances To Be Passed; Publication; Effective Date Of Ordinances; Certain Matters Required To Be Passed By Ordinance; Repeal Of Ordinances; Revision Of Ordinances; Ordinances To Be Signed By Mayor And Attested By Clerk.

The council shall act in legislative matters by ordinance or resolution only. Other action of the council, unless herein otherwise provided, may be taken by resolution, motion, or order.

The ayes and noes shall be taken upon the passage of all ordinances and resolutions and entered upon the record of the proceedings of the council. Upon the request of any member of the council, the ayes and noes shall be taken and recorded upon any vote. All members present at any meeting must vote; provided that no such member of the council shall cast a vote when to do so would be contrary to the applicable provisions of state law, including the laws pertaining to conflict of interest. (3-4-2003)

No ordinance or resolution shall be passed without receiving the affirmative votes of at least three members of the council.

Each ordinance shall be headed by a brief title which shall indicate the purport thereof.

The ordaining clause of all ordinances adopted by the council shall be, "The Council of the City of Porterville do ordain as follows:"

The ordaining clause of all ordinances passed by the vote of the electors of the city, through the exercise of the initiative shall be, "The People of the City of Porterville do ordain as follows:"

No ordinance shall be passed by the council at any time other than at a regular meeting, or until its publication at least once in the official newspaper of the city at least three days before its final passage.

Except an ordinance calling or otherwise relating to an election, no ordinance passed by the council of the city of Porterville, except when otherwise specially required by the laws of the state, and except an ordinance for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety, which contains a declaration of, and the facts constituting its urgency and is passed by a four-fifths ($\frac{4}{5}$) vote of the council, and no ordinance granting a franchise, shall go into effect before thirty (30) days from its final passage.

Except as otherwise provided by general law, or this charter, no action providing for the granting of any franchise, or for the establishing or changing fire zones, or for the imposing of any penalty, shall be taken except by ordinance. (3-8-1983)

No ordinance, or portion thereof, shall be repealed except by ordinance. No ordinance shall be revised, reenacted or amended by reference to its title only; but the ordinance to be revised or reenacted, or the section or sections thereof to be amended, or the new section or sections to be added thereto shall be set forth and adopted according to the method provided in this section for the enactment of ordinances, and such revision, re-enactment, amendment, or addition, shall be made by ordinance only.

All ordinances shall be signed by the mayor and attested by the city clerk.

Sec. 13. Legislative Officers; Administrative Officers; Other Officers And Commissions; Consolidation Of Offices.

The legislative officers of the city of Porterville shall consist of five (5) members of the council, one of whom shall act as mayor. In addition, there shall be the following administrative officers who shall be appointed by the council: a city manager, a city attorney and a city clerk.

The council may, by ordinance provide for such other officers as deemed necessary and the council may further establish by ordinance commissions deemed by it to be necessary or proper to aid in the orderly administration of the city of Porterville.

All members of commissions and legislative committees shall be appointed by the council. The council may appoint members to other boards or committees. Administrative officers may appoint members to temporary administrative committees. (3-4-2003)

The council may, at any time, when in its judgment, the interest of the city so demands, by a four-fifths ($\frac{4}{5}$) vote thereof, consolidate by ordinance two or more city administrative offices and place the same in charge of one such officer. (4-2-1963; 4-6-1971; 3-8-1983)

Sec. 14. Official Bonds; Where Filed.

When in this charter not otherwise prescribed, the council shall determine which officers shall give bonds for the faithful performance of their official duties, and shall fix the amount of said bonds. Such officers before entering upon their official duties, shall execute a bond to the city in the penal sum

required, which bond shall include any other office of which they may be ex-officio incumbent. Said bonds shall be approved by the council, filed with the city clerk, and paid for by the city; provided, however, that the bond of the city clerk when approved as aforesaid shall be filed with the city treasurer. Nothing in this section shall prevent the authorization or furnishing of a blanket bond to assure the honesty or faithful performance of any of its officers or employees. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 15. Oath Of Office.

Every officer and employee of the city, before entering upon the duties of his/her office shall take and subscribe the oath of offices as provided for in the constitution of the state, and shall file the same forthwith with the city clerk. (4-6-1971; 3-4-2003)

Sec. 16. Vacancies In Office; When Offices Declared Vacant.

A vacancy in any legislative office, from whatever cause arising excluding any vacancy created due to a successful recall election, shall be filled by appointment by the council, such appointee to hold office until the next general municipal election, when a successor shall be chosen by the electors for the unexpired term; provided, that if the council fails to agree or for any other reason does not fill such vacancy within thirty days after the same occurs, then such vacancy shall be filled by the mayor; provided, however, that if for any reason the seats of a majority of the council shall become vacant, then the city clerk shall call a special election at once to fill the vacancies for the unexpired terms, and the same shall be conducted substantially in the manner provided for general municipal elections. (3-4-2003)

If any legislative officer of the city shall remove from the city or absent himself/herself therefrom for more than thirty (30) days consecutively without permission of the council, or for said period shall wilfully fail or refuse to perform the duties of his office, though able so to do, or shall fail to qualify, or shall resign, or be convicted of a felony or a crime of moral turpitude, or be adjudged mentally incompetent, his/her office shall thereupon become vacant. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 17. Appointment And Removal Of Officers And Employees; Grounds Of Removal; Hearing Prior To Removal.

Except as may be otherwise in this charter provided, the affirmative vote of three (3) members of the council shall be required for the appointment of or the removal of any administrative officer for cause. "For cause" includes, but is not limited to, refusal to perform the duties of his/her office, being adjudged mentally incompetent, or being convicted of a felony or crime of moral turpitude. The administrative officer is entitled to a hearing before the council on the validity of the grounds providing the basis for removal for cause. (3-8-1983; 3-4-2003)

The council may remove any of its administrative officers at its pleasure, without cause stated or at hearing had, by the affirmative vote of four members cast in favor of such removal, and the determination of the council in such matters shall be final and conclusive. (3-8-1983)

Editor's note _ Prior to its complete restatement by an amendment adopted March 8, 1983, § 17 had been amended February 5, 1935, and April 6, 1971.

Sec. 17-A. Retirement Age For City Employees.

Repealed March 8, 1983.

Sec. 17A. Retirement Age For City Employees Effective April 2, 1975.

Repealed March 8, 1983.

Sec. 18. Compensation Of Appointive Officers And Employees; Limitation As To Least Amount Of Compensation; Fees Abolished.

The council shall fix the compensation of all appointees and employees except officials and members of boards, commissions and committees serving gratuitously. Said compensation shall be fixed, increased or changed by resolution, adopted by a three-fifths ($\frac{3}{5}$) vote of the council. (4-6-1971; 3-4-2003)

The duties or the minimum compensation of any appointive official shall not be so established by the council as to in effect abolish the office.

The salary of any appointive official or employee of the city shall cease forthwith with his/her removal or resignation from office or employment, and he/she shall only be entitled to compensation for that expired proportion of the month or term of service during which he/she shall have performed his/her duties. (3-4-2003)

No officer or employee shall be allowed any fee, perquisite, emolument, or stipend, in addition to, or save as embraced in the salary or compensation fixed for such office by the council, if a council appointee, or the manager if a manager appointee, and all fees received by such officers or employees in connection with his/her official duties shall be paid by him/her into the city treasury, and a written report made of same, provided, however, that rewards which have been publicly offered for the apprehension of criminals may be received by the officer or officers making the apprehension, after deducting therefrom any expense that the city may have sustained in the matter. (2-5-1935; 4-6-1971; 3-4-2003)

Amendment note _ The first and fifth (now fourth) paragraphs of § 18 were amended April 6, 1971. Formerly compensation was fixed, increased or changed by ordinance. The former second paragraph of § 18, which authorized the city manager to fix the compensation of his appointees, was repealed.

Sec. 19. Duties Of The Mayor Generally.

The mayor shall be the executive head of the city. In case of riot, insurrection, extraordinary emergency, or other disaster, he/she shall be responsible for making a public declaration of a state of emergency and shall assume all other responsibilities required of him/her pursuant to the city's disaster plan. (3-4-2003)

In the name and on behalf of the city, he/she shall sign all contracts, deeds, bonds and other legal instruments in which the city is a party. (3-4-2003)

He/she shall represent the city at all ceremonial functions of a social or patriotic character when it is desirable or appropriate to have the city represented officially thereat. (2-5-1935; 3-4-2003)

In the absence of the mayor, for whatever reason, the vice president of the council shall assume the

duties as mayor pro tempore. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 20. City Attorney; Qualification; Duties; Assistant Attorney.

The city attorney shall be an attorney-at-law, admitted to practice as such before the supreme court of the state, and who has been in actual practice therein for at least three years next preceding his/her appointment. All other things being equal, an attorney who has had special training or experience in municipal corporation law shall be appointed to this office if practicable. The city attorney shall be legal advisor of the council, and all other city officials. He/she shall prosecute all violations of city ordinances and shall draft all contracts and other legal documents and instruments, required by the council or the city manager. He/she shall perform such other legal services as the council may direct and shall attend all meetings of the council unless excused therefrom by three members thereof or by the mayor.

When from any cause the city attorney is unable to perform the duties of his/her office, he/she may, with the consent of the council, appoint some other qualified attorney to temporarily act in his/her place and whenever in the judgment of the council, the interests of the city require it, it may employ assistant counsel.

The city attorney shall deliver all books, records, papers, documents and personal property of every description, owned by the city, to his/her successor in office, and the city shall provide a means of safe-guarding the same.

He/she shall possess such other powers, and perform such additional duties, not in conflict with this charter as may be prescribed by ordinance. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 21. City Manager; To Become Resident; Powers And Duties; Bond.

The city manager shall be the administrative head of the city government. The city manager shall establish residency in the city of Porterville within a reasonable period of time within the discretion of the council. His/her powers and duties shall be as follows:

(a) To see that all ordinances are enforced.

(b) To appoint except as otherwise provided in this charter, all heads of departments, subordinate officials and employees, and remove the same, except as otherwise herein provided, and have general supervision and control over the same.

(c) Repealed. (4-6-1971)

(d) To see that all the provisions of all franchises, permits, and privileges granted by the city are fully observed, and report to the council any violation thereof.

(e) To act, as purchasing agent for the city, should he/she be so appointed by the council.

(f) To attend all meetings of the council unless excused therefrom by the council or mayor.

(g) To examine or cause to be examined, without notice, the conduct of any officer or employee of the city.

(h) To keep the council advised as to the needs of the city.

(i) To devote his/her entire time to the interests of the city.

(j), (k) Repealed. (4-6-1971)

(l) Repealed. (3-4-2003)

(m) To possess such other powers and perform such additional duties as are prescribed by this charter, or may be prescribed by ordinance. (2-5-1935)

(n) Repealed. (4-6-1971)

Sec. 22. City Manager Pro Tem.

In case of an illness, scheduled vacation or scheduled absence from the city of the city manager, for a period of up to thirty (30) days, the individual designated as the deputy city manager shall serve as city manager pro tem. In the event that a deputy city manager has not been designated or the deputy city manager is otherwise unable to serve, the city manager shall appoint one of the existing directors of the city departments to serve as city manager pro tem. (3-4-2003)

In the case of any other absence, excluding a vacancy of the city manager position, from the city of the city manager, or his/her temporary disability to act as such, the council shall appoint a city manager pro tem, who shall possess the powers and discharge the duties of the city manager during such absence or disability only; provided, however, that a city manager pro tem shall have no authority to appoint or remove any city department director except with the unanimous formal approval of all of the members of the council. In the event that the city manager position is vacant, the council shall appoint a city manager or acting/interim city manager in accordance with sections 13 and 17 of this charter. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 23. City Clerk; To Be Clerk Of The Council When So Appointed; Duties; To Keep Corporate Seal.

The city clerk shall be clerk of the council when so appointed by the council. (3-4-2003)

It shall be the duty of the city clerk to attend all sessions of the council and keep a full and correct record of the proceedings of each of said bodies. The proceedings of the council shall be kept in a book marked "Minutes of the Council." He/she shall keep a book marked "Ordinances" into which he/she shall copy all city ordinances certifying that each such copy is a full and correct copy of the original ordinance, and stating that the same has been published as required by law. Said record copy, so certified, shall be prima facie evidence of the contents of the ordinance, and of its passage and publication and shall be admissible as such evidence in any court or proceedings. Such record shall not be filed but shall be returned to the custody of the city clerk. He/she shall also keep a book marked "Resolutions," into which he/she shall copy all resolutions passed by the council. Both the books containing ordinances and resolutions, shall be adequately and comprehensively indexed. He/she shall conduct promptly, and keep a systematic record of all correspondence between the council and third parties relating to city business.

He/she shall be the keeper of the corporate seal of the city, and shall affix the same to instruments or writings requiring authentication. He/she shall safely keep all records, documents, ordinances, resolutions, books and such other papers and matters, as may be regularly delivered into his/her custody or required by law or ordinance to be filed with him/her. (4-2-1963; 4-6-1971; 3-4-2003)

Amendment note _ The first paragraph of § 23 was amended April 6, 1971 by the addition of the words "when so appointed by the council." The former fourth paragraph of § 23 relating to the clerk's duties as assessor, was repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 24. Director Of Finance; Payment Of Demands; To Check Annual Tax Roll.

The city manager shall appoint the director of finance of the city, who shall serve as the general accountant of the city. He/she shall receive and preserve in his office all accounts, books, vouchers, documents and papers relating to the accounts of the city, its debts, revenues and other financial affairs. He/she shall keep an account of all moneys paid into and out of the treasury; and keep informed as to the exact condition of the treasury at all times. (4-6-1971)

Every demand upon the treasury, before its approval by the council, must be presented to the director of finance, who shall satisfy himself/herself whether the money is legally due, and its payment authorized by law. If satisfactory, he/she shall draw a warrant upon the treasury for the payment thereof. Every demand approved by the director of finance shall specify on its face the several items composing it, with the amounts and dates thereof. The approval of the council shall not be necessary to draw warrants for the payment of regular salaries of officials and employees of the city, or for payment of any obligation previously authorized by law, or by resolution or order of the council. (4-6-1971)

He/she shall render each month a statement to the council showing the financial condition of the city, and annually a like statement covering all of the financial transactions of the city during the year previous.

After the annual tax roll has been completed, and before it is deposited with the collector, the director of finance shall make a check of the roll correcting any errors that may be found and endorse same with his/her approval. (4-6-1971; 3-4-2003)

Amendment note _ The first, second and fourth paragraphs of § 24 were amended April 6, 1971. Formerly the auditor was the general accountant of the city who performed the duties set out in the section.

Sec. 25. City Treasurer; Appointment; Duties; Bond.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 26. Repealed April 2, 1963.

Sec. 27. Chief Of Police; Duties; Appointment And Removal Of Subordinates; To Make Rules And Regulations.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 28. Fire Chief; Appointment; Duties And Powers.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 29. Collector; Duties.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 30. City Engineer; Powers And Duties.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 31. Office Of Purchasing Agent Authorized; Duties Of Heads Of Offices To Submit Estimates To Agent; Duties Generally; Competitive Bidding; Preference To Local Merchants.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 32. Street Superintendent.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 33. Qualifications Of Health Officer; Duties.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 34. Vacations.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 35. Additional Duties Of Officers.

Besides the duties herein specified, all officers and boards shall perform such other appropriate duties as may be prescribed by ordinance or the general laws.

Sec. 36. Officers And Employees To Continue In Office Until Successor Elected Or Qualified.

Until the election or appointment and induction into office of the officers and employees in this charter provided for, the present officers and employees shall without interruption, continue to perform the duties of their respective offices and employments for the compensation provided by existing ordinance or laws.

Sec. 37. Resignations From Office; Candidates For Office Not Required To Resign From Other Office Prior To Appointment Or Qualification; When Resignation Effective.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 38. Officers And Boards Having Power To Administer Oaths And Issue Subpoenas; Contempt Proceedings.

Repealed March 8, 1983.

Sec. 39. Fiscal Year.

The fiscal year of the city shall commence on the first day of July of each year, or at such other time as may be fixed by ordinance. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 40. Taxation To Conform To General Laws Of The State.

Except as otherwise herein provided the council shall, by ordinance, provide a system for the assessment, equalization, levy, and collection of taxes, which, as nearly as may be, shall conform to the system provided by the general laws of the state; provided, that all sales for delinquent taxes shall be made to the city of Porterville. Should the council fail to fix the tax rate within the time prescribed, then the tax rate of the previous year shall constitute the rate for the current year.

Sec. 41. Board Of Equalization.

Repealed March 4, 2003.

Sec. 42. Annual Tax Levy To Be Affixed.

The council, not later than its second regular meeting in August, shall fix a rate of taxation sufficient to raise the amounts established by council action pursuant to section 44. The council shall notify the county assessor who shall thereupon compute and carry out the amount of tax so levied on each parcel of property contained in the assessment roll for the city. (4-6-1971; 3-4-2003)

Amendment note _ On April 6, 1971, § 42 was amended by changing the meeting date from the first regular meeting in September to the second regular meeting in August.

Sec. 43. Limitation On Tax Levy.

Repealed March 4, 2003.

Sec. 44. Limitation On Special Tax Levies; Enumeration Of Purposes For Which Special Taxes May Be Levied.

The council shall have the power to levy and collect taxes, in addition to the taxes herein or by general law authorized to be levied and collected, sufficient to pay and maintain the sinking fund of the bonded indebtedness of the city; and for the following purposes: (4-6-1971)

(a) For the support and maintenance of the fire department, for fire protection purposes, at the rate of not more than three mills on each dollar of the assessed valuation of the real and personal property within the city; (4-6-1971)

(b) For the acquisition, construction and maintenance, as the case may be, of permanent public improvements, of real property, of public buildings and structures, and of public offices, including equipping and furnishing the same, at the rate of not more than two mills on each dollar thereof;

(c) For the maintenance and support of free public libraries and reading rooms in said city, at the rate

of not more than two mills on each dollar thereof.

(d) For the maintenance and support of free public parks and playgrounds in said city, at the rate of not more than two mills on each dollar thereof;

(e) For music, entertainment, and promotion, at the rate of not more than one mill on each dollar thereof. (2-5-1935; 4-5-1949)

Amendment note _ The first paragraph and subsection (a) of § 44 were amended April 6, 1971. In the first paragraph the words "at not to exceed the following rates" was deleted. In subsection (a), the rate was changed from five mills to three mills and the firemen's relief fund was eliminated as a purpose.

Sec. 45. Taxes And Assessments To Constitute A Lien; Foreclosure.

All taxes and assessments levied, together with any percentages imposed for delinquency and cost of collection, shall constitute liens on the property assessed; every tax upon the personal property shall be a lien upon the real property of the owner thereof. The liens provided for in this section shall attach as of the first Monday in March each year and may be enforced by actions to foreclose such liens in any court of competent jurisdiction, or by a sale of the property affected and the execution and delivery of all necessary certificates and deeds therefor, under such regulations as may be prescribed by ordinance; provided that when real estate is offered for sale for city taxes due thereon the same shall be sold to the city in like case and manner, and with like effect and right of redemption as it may be struck off and sold to the state when offered for sale for county taxes; and the council shall have power to provide by ordinance for the procedure to be followed in such sales to the city and redemption thereafter.

Sec. 46. Disposition Of City Money.

All moneys collected for the city by any officer or department thereof shall be paid into the treasury daily if possible, and at least once each week.

Sec. 47. Application Of Surplus Bond Money.

All moneys derived from the sale of bonds, including premiums and accrued interest, shall be applied to the purposes for which the bonds were voted. After such purposes have been fully completed and paid for, any remaining surplus shall be transferred to the bond and interest redemption fund.

Sec. 48. Payment Of City Money; Expenditures And Indebtedness; Presentation Of Demands; Warrants On Treasury.

No money shall be expended and no indebtedness shall be incurred on behalf of the city, for any purpose, unless and until the same shall have been authorized by ordinance by four-fifths ($\frac{4}{5}$) majority vote of the council; provided that effective January 1, 2004, and following every council election thereafter, the city council may, by a four-fifths ($\frac{4}{5}$) majority vote, adjust the amount of money that may be expended, or the indebtedness that may be incurred, on behalf of the city, without prior specific council authorization. (3-4-2003)

The city council, by ordinance approved by four-fifths ($\frac{4}{5}$) majority vote of the council, shall establish the maximum amount of money to be expended and/or indebtedness incurred on behalf of

the city without first requiring specific council authorization, except as otherwise provided for in this charter; provided further that said maximum amount once established by ordinance shall not be adjusted until after each general council election, commencing with the first such election occurring after January 1, 2004, and then only by a four-fifth ($\frac{4}{5}$) majority vote. (3-4-2003)

All demands against the city shall, before being paid, be presented to and approved by the proper board, commission or officer, as herein provided. Demands for which no appropriation has been made shall be presented to the city manager, provided, that any person dissatisfied with the refusal of the city manager to approve any demand, in whole or in part, may present the same to the council, and the approval of such demand by the council shall have the same effect as its approval by the city manager; and provided further, that if the council shall provide for other boards or commissions, it may make provision for the presentation to and approval by any such board or commission of demands for liabilities incurred by them.

The council may provide for a revolving cash fund as authorized by ordinance by four-fifths ($\frac{4}{5}$) majority vote of the council; provided that effective January 1, 2004, and following every council election thereafter, the city council may, by a four-fifths ($\frac{4}{5}$) majority vote, adjust the revolving cash fund. The amount shall be paid to the city manager, and used by him/her for the payment in cash, of expenditures provided for in the budgets that cannot conveniently be paid otherwise. He or she shall account to the council for all payments by him or her out of said fund when making demand for the replenishment of the same, and at such other times as the council may require, and they shall thereupon be charged against the proper appropriations. (3-4-2003)

All demands approved by the proper board, commission or officer shall be presented to the director of finance, who shall examine the same, and if the amount thereof is legally due and there remains on his books an unexhausted balance or an appropriation against which the same may be charged, he/she shall approve such demand and draw and sign his warrant on the treasurer therefor, payable out of the proper fund. Objections of the director of finance to any demand may be overruled by the council, and the director of finance shall thereupon draw his warrant as directed by the council. Such warrants, when presented to the treasurer, shall be paid by him/her out of the fund therein designated, if there be sufficient money in such fund for that purpose. A warrant not paid for lack of funds shall be registered, and all registered warrants shall be paid in the order of registration when funds are available therefor; all such registered warrants shall bear interest at the rate of six percent (6%) per annum. The director of finance shall draw his/her warrants for payment of municipal or other bonds payable out of the funds in the treasury upon presentation and surrender of the proper bonds or coupons without approval of any body or officer. The council may make further regulations by ordinance regarding the presentation, approval and payment of demands against the city. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 49. Monthly Financial Reports Required.

All officers required by this charter or by ordinance to submit monthly financial reports to the council, shall submit the same in duplicate, and upon their approval by the council, one of each of such duplicate reports shall be posted forthwith in the office of the city clerk in such manner as to be readily accessible to the public, and shall remain so posted until the approval by the council of the next succeeding financial report when the same procedure shall be followed in relation thereto. The council, in addition to such posting, may, in its discretion, cause any of such reports to be published at any time.

Sec. 50. Approving Illegal Claims To Forfeit Office.

Every officer who shall wilfully approve, allow or pay, any demand on the treasury not authorized by law, shall be liable to the city individually and on his/her official bond for the amount of the demand so approved, allowed, or paid, and shall forfeit his/her office and be forever disbarred from holding any position in the service of the city.

Sec. 51. Annual Budget Contents; Publication.

Not later than thirty days before the end of the city's fiscal year, the city manager shall submit to the council an estimate of the expenditures and revenues of the city departments for the ensuing year. This estimate shall be compiled from detailed information obtained from the several departments on uniform blanks to be furnished by the manager. (4-6-1971; 3-4-2003)

Sufficient copies of such estimate shall be prepared and submitted that there may be copies on file in the office of the council for inspection by the public, unless the council shall publish the same in a newspaper.

After duly considering the estimate and making such corrections or modifications thereto as shall seem advisable to it, the council shall by resolution adopt a general budget and such resolution shall operate as an appropriation of funds to the amounts and for the purposes set forth in the budget so adopted. At any meeting after the adoption of the budget, the council, by a vote of three (3) members, may amend or supplement so as to authorize the transfer of unused balances for one purpose to another purpose or to appropriate available revenues not included in the budget. (3-4-2003)

Amendment note _ On April 6, 1971, the first paragraph of § 51, was amended by deleting the second sentence relating to classification of the estimated expenditures.

Sec. 51A. General Reserve Fund; Purposes.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 52. Uniform Accounts And Reports.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 53. Written Investment Policy.

The city manager shall recommend and the city council by resolution shall adopt a policy to govern the investment of all city monies, which policy shall be consistent with applicable state law and shall, at a minimum, provide for the investment of all monies in such a manner as to assure the preservation and safety of principal and the integrity of record keeping; identify the types of allowable investments; and provide for the safekeeping of securities. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 54. Applicability Of General Laws.

All general laws of the state applicable to municipal corporations now or hereafter enacted, and which are not in conflict with the provisions of this charter or the ordinance of the city hereafter enacted shall be applicable to the city. The council may adopt and enforce ordinances which in relation to municipal affairs, shall control as against general laws of the state.

Sec. 55. Repealed April 2, 1963.**Sec. 56. Public Library.**

The free public library of the city of Porterville shall be established, conducted, carried on, managed and operated in accordance with rules, regulations and ordinances passed and adopted by the council of the city of Porterville. (4-7-1959)

Sec. 57. Park Commission; Composition; Term; Powers And Duties; Authority To Accept Donations, Legacies Or Bequests.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 58. Pensions.

The council shall have and is hereby granted full power and authority to establish, regulate, maintain, revise and amend, a retirement, disability, death benefit and pension system, or either or any of them, for its elective and appointive officers and employees of the city of Porterville and their dependents. Authority and power is hereby vested in the city of Porterville, its council, its officers, agents and employees to do and perform any act or exercise any authority granted, permitted or required whereby the city of Porterville may fully participate in a retirement, disability, death benefit and pension system for its employees.

A system for retirement, disability, death benefit and pension rights for employees and their dependents authorized by this section when established by the council, shall not be terminated without securing the approval of a majority of the electors of the city of Porterville at an election held therefor. (4-6-1971)

The city shall levy and collect taxes sufficient to pay all costs and expenses required to be paid by the city of Porterville to enable the city of Porterville to participate in any such retirement, disability, death benefit or pension system established, set up or maintained by, for or on behalf of the city of Porterville and the limitations of section forty-three of the charter of the city of Porterville, with respect to levying and collecting of municipal taxes, shall not apply to any tax authorized by this article. (4-9-1951; 4-10-1961)

Amendment note _ The second paragraph of § 58 was amended April 6, 1971, by eliminating the former first sentence pertaining to employees of the Porterville public library.

Sec. 59. Employment Of Certified Public Accountant To Audit City Books.

The city council shall employ a certified public accountant annually to investigate the accounts and transactions of all city officers and employees having the collection, custody or distribution of public money or property, or the power to approve, allow or audit demands on the city treasury. (2-5-1935; 4-2-1963; 4-6-1971)

Amendment note _ On April 6, 1971, § 59 was amended by the addition of the word "council" following the second word of the section.

Sec. 60. Financial Interests Prohibited.

City officers and employees are prohibited from having a financial interest in any contract, sales or purchases in accordance with applicable state law. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 61. Competitive Bidding For Contract Work For Erection, Improvement And Repair Of Public Buildings, Etc., Where The Amount Is In Excess Of Five Thousand Dollars.

When a required expenditure exceeds five thousand dollars, it shall be contracted for and let to the lowest responsible bidder after notice. (4-6-1971)

As used in this section public project means a project for the erection, improvement and repair of public buildings and works; work in or about streams, embankments, or other work for protection against overflow; street sewer work except maintenance or repair; furnishing supplies or materials for any such project, including maintenance or repair of streets, sewers or water lines.

The council may reject any or all bids presented and may, at its discretion, readvertise for other bids, or, the council may, after rejecting bids, determine and declare by a four-fifths ($\frac{4}{5}$) vote of all of its members that the work in question may be more economically or satisfactorily performed by day labor, or the labor or materials purchased at a lower price in the open market and after the adoption of a resolution to this effect it may proceed to have the same done in the manner stated without further observance of the foregoing provisions of this section.

The notice inviting sealed bids shall set a date for the opening of bids; the first publication shall be at least ten (10) days before the date of the opening of the bids; shall be published at least twice not less than five (5) days apart in the official newspaper selected by the council.

In case of a great public calamity, such as an extraordinary fire, flood, storm, epidemic or other disaster, the council may, by resolution passed by a vote of four-fifths ($\frac{4}{5}$) of its members, determine and declare that the public interest or necessity demands the immediate expenditure of public money to safeguard life, health, or property, and thereupon they may proceed without advertising for bids or receiving the same, to expend, or enter into a contract involving the expenditure of any money required in such emergency, on hand in the city treasury and available for such purpose. (4-10-1961)

Amendment note _ The first paragraph of § 61 was amended April 6, 1971 by increasing the amount from \$2,500.00 to \$5,000.00.

Sec. 62. Public Improvements.

The improvement widening and opening of streets, the planting, care, and maintenance of trees, and the making of any other public improvement may be done and assessments therefor may be levied in conformity with and under the authority conferred by general laws; provided, however, that the council may by ordinance adopt a procedure for the improvement and repair of streets, alleys or other public places, the laying of pipes, or conduits or for the planting, care or maintenance of trees, or for the removal of dirt, rubbish, weeds and other rank growth and materials which may injure or endanger neighboring property or the health or the welfare of inhabitants of the vicinity, from buildings, lots and grounds and the sidewalks opposite thereto and for making and enforcing assessments against property benefitted or affected thereby, or from which such removal is made, for the cost of such improvements or removal and may make such assessments a lien on such property superior to all

other claims or liens thereon, except state, county and municipal taxes, but no such ordinance shall prevent the council from proceeding under general laws for said purposes.

Sec. 63. Franchises; Limitation On Renewals.

Every franchise or privilege to construct, maintain, or operate, any means or method of transportation in or over any street, lane, alley or other public place within the city or to lay pipes or conduits, or erect poles or wires or other structures in or across any such public way or place, for the transmission of gas, electricity, or other commodity, or for the use of public property or places now or hereafter owned by the city, shall be granted under and in pursuance of the general franchises; provided, no new franchise or the renewal of any existing franchises shall be granted except upon the condition that at least two percent of the gross annual receipts derived from the use of such franchise shall be paid to the city. In all cases the applicant for a franchise shall advance the cost of advertising the same.

Every such franchise shall require the grantee thereof to agree to a joint use of its property with others, wherever practicable, and nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting the council from requiring other conditions in granting the same not inconsistent with the constitution and general laws. No franchise or privilege so granted shall be sold, leased, assigned or otherwise alienated, without the express consent of the council given by ordinance and subject to referendum.

Sec. 64. When Franchise Required.

No person, firm, or corporation shall exercise any franchise or privilege, except to the extent he or it may be entitled to do so by the constitution of the state, or of the United States, in, upon, under, over, or along any street, public way, or public place in the city without having first obtained a grant therefor as provided in this charter and by general law.

Sec. 65. Newspaper Advertising And Printing.

The council shall advertise annually for the submission of sealed proposals or bids from newspapers of general circulation in the city, for the publication of all ordinances and other legal notices required to be published. The newspaper to whom such contract is awarded shall be known and designated as the official newspaper. The rates for publishing public notices shall not exceed the customary rates charged for publishing legal notices of a private character. (3-4-2003)

Contracts for legal advertising shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, provided no contract for legal advertising shall be awarded to any newspaper except a daily newspaper of general circulation, as defined by the Government Code. (4-6-1971)

Amendment note _ The first paragraph of § 65 was amended April 6, 1971 by inserting the word "legal" before the word, "advertising"; by substituting "Government Code" in lieu of "Section 4460, of the Political Code." The former third paragraph reading, "Required printed office supplies may be purchased either through bids and contract, or by purchase in the open market," was repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 66. Public Records; Delivery And Safekeeping Of Documents.

The public shall have access to public records kept and maintained by the city in accordance with the law. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 67. Interference With Performance Of Duties Of City Manager; Interference By City Manager In Elections.

No member of the council shall in any manner attempt to influence or coerce the city manager in the making of any appointment or the purchase of supplies in accordance with applicable state and federal law. (3-4-2003)

The council shall deal with the administrative functions of the city through the city manager. The council shall only have direct contact with the directors of the city's departments for the purpose of asking questions. (3-4-2003)

Political activities of and campaign contributions by the city's legislative officers, administrative officers, and employees shall be governed in accordance with applicable state and federal law. All legislative and administrative officers and all city employees are prohibited from engaging in political activities during working hours. City officers and employees are prohibited from engaging in political activities at their work place. Furthermore, city officers and employees are prohibited from engaging in political activities on city property, provided this prohibition does not pertain to property that is otherwise open to the public for the purpose of engaging in political activities. (3-4-2003)

Sec. 68. Leases Of City Property.

In every lease of city property the basic amount of rental shall be fixed by the council.

All indentures of lease shall provide that the council may terminate the same at its pleasure and repossess the premises therein described upon three months' notice thereof and upon paying to the lessee the market value of any improvements made or put upon said premises by the lessee. The market value of such improvements shall be determined by a board of appraisers consisting of one appraiser appointed by the council, and a lessee appraiser appointed by the lessee.

In the event of their failure to agree upon the market value of the improvements within thirty days from and after their appointment, said two appraisers may appoint a third appraiser as a member of said board, and the determination of the majority of said board of appraisers, as to the market value of the improvements, shall be final and conclusive and binding on all concerned. Should the two appraisers appointed by the council and the lessee respectively, fail for forty days from and after their appointment to agree upon the market value of the improvements or to appoint a third appraiser, then upon the petition in writing of either party to any such lease, a judge of the superior court of Tulare County is hereby empowered to appoint the third appraiser upon such board; provided, however, that the council shall not terminate any such lease or repossess any such premises except for a public use and purpose; provided, further, that no lease of city property shall be made for a maximum term of more than fifty years. (4-2-1963; 4-6-1971)

Amendment note _ The second paragraph of § 68 was amended April 6, 1971, by substituting "maximum term" in lieu of "term" in the last proviso clause.

Sec. 69. Inventory Of City Property.

At the time for preparing and submitting the budget, as prescribed by this charter, a complete inventory of all personal property belonging to the city shall be prepared and filed with the city clerk,

and such inventory shall be submitted to the council by the city manager at the time of the submission of the annual budget. Such inventory shall be prepared under the direction of the city manager, and all chief officials and department heads of the city shall be responsible for making and transmitting to the city manager a full and correct inventory of all city personal property in their possession or under their control.

Sec. 70. Equipment.

Repealed April 6, 1971.

Sec. 71. Zoning Authorized.

The council of the city of Porterville shall have the power to establish such zoning systems within the city as may in its judgment be most beneficial, and in such zoning systems may prohibit the erection or maintenance of any class or classes of buildings within certain areas, and may classify, and reclassify the zones established. The council may also prescribe the character of materials and methods of construction of buildings erected within any zone area, and may establish setback lines as it may consider necessary and proper. (4-6-1971)

Sec. 72. Suspension Of Employees From Office And Fines.

Repealed March 8, 1983.

Sec. 73. Natural Or Other Disasters.

The city shall have in place a disaster plan, consistent with county, state and federal policies, to be implemented in the event of an emergency or disaster.